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THE

Rife, Race, and Royalty

OF THE

Kingdom of God

IN THE

Soul of MAN.

OPENED

In several Sermons upon Matthew 18.3.

AS ALSO

The Loveliness & Love of Christ

Set forth

In several other Sermons upon Psal. 45. v. 1, 2.
Together with

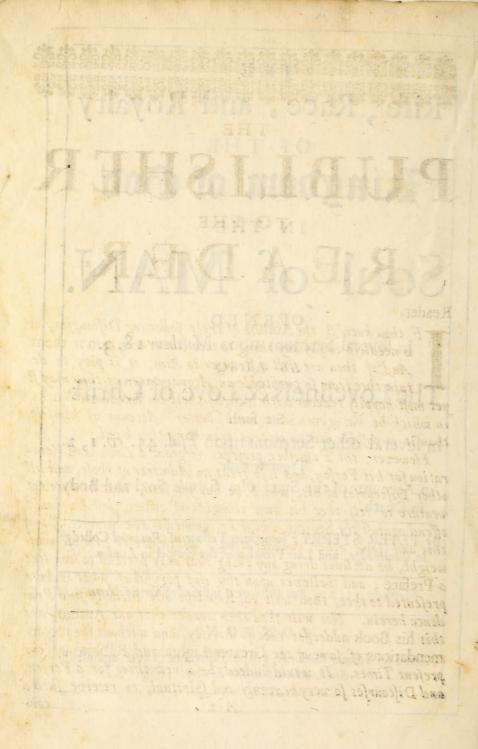
An Account of the State of a Saint's Soul and Body in Death.

By PETER STERRY, sometimes Fellow of Emanuel Colledge in Cambridge, and Late Preacher of the Gospel in London.

Matthew 11. 19. But Wijdom is justified of her Children.

LONDON,

Printed for Thomas Cockerill, at the Three Leggs over against the Stocks-Market in the Poultry. 1683.



A HANGE HANG

THE

PUBLISHER

READER.

Reader,

If thou knew'st the Author of these following Discourses, it is needless to say any thing to thee concerning him or them. And if thou art still a stranger to him, it is pity to detain thee from so prositable an Acquaintance as thou may'st yet most happily redeem with him, by these his Excellent Works in which he has given us a much better Account of himself,

than it is possible now to receive from any other hand.

However, the Publisher professes so great a Love and Veneration for his Person, and is so great an Admirer of these, and all
other Discourses of his, which he has yet seen, that he dare not
wenture to tell thee his own thoughts of either, less he should
offend against the Spring, whilst he commends the Stream. Upon
this and some other considerations, which are to him of much
weight, he declines doing any thing that may pretend to look like
a Preface; and believes upon thy due perusal of what is here
presented to thee, thou wilt easily justifie his Modesty and Prudence herein. Nor wilt thou then wonder that our Author, and
this his Book addresses thee so directly, and without the recommendations of some of the Greater Lights and Rabbies of our
present Times. It would indeed be a new thing for a Person,
and Discourses so very heavenly and spiritual, to receive such a

complement; and especially in an Age which has all along discovered such a watchful jealousie over, and opposition to all the encreases and growths of Truth above the pitch and stature of Opinions and Principles commonly received among us. An Age, which instead of forgetting those things which are behind, and reaching forth unto those things which are before, as the Apostle speaks, Phil. 3. 13. has taken up its rest and satisfaction in prelent measures and attainments, making them the Rule, the Law. the Test, and the Standard to all the further discoveries and breakings forth of God in the midst of us. It has still been the Lot of the Divinest Births, and Appearances of God in this lower World, to be most solitary and neglected as to an outward pomp and attendance. They are reserved for the Glory and Triumph of another day. We read indeed of a Ruler, who came to Christ by night, being drawn by the fame of his Miracles; and of the Multitude following him for the Loaves: but upon that most spiritual Sermon of our Saviour's in the 6th chap. of John, the Text tells us, Many of the Disciples went back, and walked no more with him: And that the Twelve were themselves so stagger'd, that our Lord saies unto them, Will ye also go away?

Leaving then our Author, and his Book among those excellent and best things, which have alwaies stood a one in this World, and been contented so to do; I now apply my self to the proper service of these Lines, which is to acquaint thee, that these Discourses are possibumous, and not designed for the Press, when they were first Preached; but are now made publick, to answer the importunities of particular Friends, and the requiring of a more universal Charity, that so much Goodness should be com-

municative.

This is the reason, why in the diligent perusal of this Book, thouwilt find an omission of some few. Heads of Discourse as to the particular enlargement upon them, both in the Sermons upon Matth. 18. and those upon the 45th Psaka: As also why neither of those Discourses are compleatly finished: Those few particular Heads being forgotten by our Author in his Original Copy, which

is here exactly observed; and he by his death prevented bringing of either Discourse to their desired and designed perfection.

I must also acquaint thee, that the State of a Saint's Soul and Body in death, which makes the last part of this Book, was intended by our Author, as an Introduction only to several Sermons. which he afterwards Preached upon that Argument, from those two Scriptures, 1 Thef. 4 14. and Heb. 2. 14, 15. in which he dispatch'd the several Heads enumerated in the beginning, as also those which are wanting at the end of that Discourse, belonging to the first consolation and joy of death to a Saint; which Sermons, to the Reader's great satisfaction had been here published as the Author's finishing strokes to his excellent representation of Death, had they not proved his own Funeral Discourses; for before he could give us a Copy of them, or correct one, which was imperfectly taken from his mouth, he died; confirming to us his Belief of what he had deliver'd upon that Subject, by his hastening to the highest proof thereof, which is enjoyment. However, it is judg'd worth the Reader's while, to make what our Author defign d for the beginning of several other Discourses, to be the conclusion of these, it being so sweet a strain in his Dying Song, and so admirable an expression of his Victory and Triumph over the King of Terrors.

I must also tell thee, that some few Errata's have escaped the Press, which the more intelligent may rectifie as they read; although for the sake of the more ordinary Readers they are careully corrected in the end of the Book. 'Tis hoped the Reader will not think it one, that these Discourses are Printed in no bigger a Letter, and that we have left him no fairer a Margent, because we have herein consulted his Purse, and taken care he should buy as little waste Paper as was possible in the purchase of this Book. Nor will the understanding Reader complain it wants the Ornament of a large empty Margent, or the oftentation of one filed with Learned Quotations, whilft in the reading of it, he will find our Author has given him throughout his Book all manner of Humane, and Divine learning, after the best fort; Well digested, and converted into an excellent habit, strength, and activity of mind. And

And now Reader, I have only some few requests to present to

thee for thy own fake, rather then our Authours.

First, It is probable thou maist here meet with some things which not onely from the manner of the expression, but chiefly from the matter of them, may be difficult, and hard to be understood. My request here is, Thou would'st take great care not to Judge and condemn what thou art not able first to hear and understand, lest by thy rash Censures thou should'st blindly rush upon the hiding of power, which the Prophet Habakkuk speaking of Christ in the Spirit, tells us, Chap. 3. ver. 4. is in his hand. That is, " In the spiritual discoveries " of Christ, which are as hands of light, by which he puts forth bimself, and taks hold of the World. As our Author some where expresses himself upon those words. Who among us is yet able to comprehend all the distinct ages and growths of good minds: To understand the various Improvements, measures and attainments, the several capacities, languages and operations, which are peculiar to those ages and growths ? It is impossible for us to set the bounds to Spiritual things; To stint that Spirit in our selves or others which is a fountain of Divine Light and Life in all regenerated Souls, continually sending forth new streams, and running along with a fresh succession of Waters without any stop or limit. We are too proud to understand the condescentions, too low to take the height, too shallow to fathom the depth, too narrow to measure the breadth, too short to reach the length of the Divine truth and goodness, and the various communications of themselves to us. We cannot assign the highest or the lowest state of Saints, whilst they are here below. We cannot say all ahove this is fancy, whimfie, dream, and delution; all below that, is common, carnal, formal and superstitious. As we ought not then to despise, and contemn that which is below; So let us not censure and condemn that which is above us. Blessed be Godall Good Souls in the midst of their greatest distances from one another here below do all meet in the Divine Comprehension above. We are all enfolded in the Divine Arms, we are all encircled in the Divine Love. That has breadth, and length, and depth, and height

height enough to reach, and hold as all. And if we cannot yet receive and embrace each other in our several ages, growths measures. and attainments, it is because we have little, low, dark, narrow and contracted bearts, feel but little of the love of Christ, and are no more fill'dwiththat Spirit which is the spring, the center, the circle, the band to all good Spirits in heaven, and on Earth. There is as great a difference in the statures of Souls, as of bodies; In the growths of Christians, as of men and all other things. St. John, Joh. 12. &c. distinguishes these growths into little Children, Young men, Fathers, twice together; That we might take the more distinct notice of them. Our Author was in the highest of these ranks; Was indeed one of the tallest among his Brethren, whether we consider the height of his own spiritual discoveries and enjoyments, or the depth of his condescentions to the lowest and least of them. For the true stature of any thing cannot be exactly taken without measuring from both ends. That is not truly tall or great which feems to stand high, and look big, but that which reaches furthest, which is most extensive, comprehending and Universal. Our Author was indeed a true Father in Christ, and so esteemed by all who knew him For his own great understanding, and experience in Divine things, for the excellency of his Ministery, whereby he did in Jesus Christ thorow the Gospel beget and edifie many; As also for the great tenderness, and Father like bowels which throughout his whole Ministry, and in all his other converses, he delighted to be still expressing towards all the weak and little ones. Nor was his skill herein less considerable than his Naturalness. This Character thou wilt find eminently due to him as thou perufest these discourses, in which he is still careful to provide Milk for the Babes, whilst he sets stronger Meat before the men; Those who are Spiritual, and by being so, are able spiritually to discern spiritual things, to compare them with themselves, and to feed on them not only as they are brought down to us in fleshly Images, and resemblances; But as they express and manifest themselves in us in their own spiritual forms and glories. Sure I am if thou art truly come within the compass of the lowest of those growths before mentioned

ed, if thou art become so much as a little Child in Christ, if thou hast but that genuine instinct, and naturalness of Soul towards God and all Divine things, which is essential to, and inseparable from the New birth in its most infant state, if thou hast but the least degree of a Spiritual mind, any spiritual sense and savour, there are a great many things in this Book which thy Soul must of necessity understand, each to, rellish, and acknowledge to be exceeding good. Let then the goodness of whit thou dost understand, encourage thy Charity to think that which is above thy reach, may be better; At least let it prevail with thy reason not to judge, sentence, and condemn it.

It is every where esteemed an high and difficult Office to be a Judge in the Affairs of this lower World. The Wisdom of our Nation has provided (as a Noble Author observes) that so great a Work should not depend upon One Person, every Court of Judicature baving a certain number of Judges or Assistants belonging to it. Nor can a Judge depute his Authority to another, it being an Office and Work of greatest Confidence, Trust and Skill, and therefore personal and inherent And with what wariness and caution do the Rules of all our Courts direct their own proceed ing to a Judgment in every little case here below. It is certainly a much higher and harder work to be a Judge in the matters of another World, in things not obvious to Sense, and transcendent to Reason, in things above all the natural Principles of Wisdom or Truth in any creature. The Jews speak of it as one of the first things delivered by God to Moses, by him to Joshua, and so down to all their Elders and Wife men in all Ages, To be flow in judging. St. Paul cautions us, 1 Cor. 4. 5. To judge nothing before the time, until the Lord come. To pass a Judgment, to pronounce a Sentence upon Persons and Principles in spiritual matters, is in its own nature, and in the consequences thereof, the greatest, the weightiest act our Souls can put forth; and therefore not to be hastily executed; nor indeed at all, without his prefence, from whom all the Authority, Power and Capacity of Spiritual Judgment is derived. God has committed all this Judgment in a more especial manner to Jesus Christ, and there can be

no true, right, authentick, valid, and final Judgment, without him, and where he is not present. He has no where so deputed this Office and Work to any Person or Company of persons, as to alienate the dignity and glory of it from himself. And whether he dispence it immediately or mediately, he cannot be excluded. It is his Presence, and Power, the Appearances of Christ, and the manifestations of his Spirit, which do give to any Society of men the Distinction and Authority of a Church; to every Church or Person, the right, the ability of Spiritual Judgment. No man, no Church has here any other Spiritual Power and Capacity, befides that of Christ, and his Spirit in them. And how rich, full and Sufficient Soever the several Churches of Christ may at this day esteem themselves to be without him; yet sure I am, there is nothing more speaks the absence of Christ, and his spirit; And their poverty, emptiness, and weakness, then that hasty, rash, sleight. partial, blind, and bold judging and censuring one another which every where abounds in the present Christian Churches: Whilst in some of them, the greatest acts of spiritual judgment that can be done on Earth, (as a great man long since complained,) are made to lackey up and down for Fees, and become the most ordinary process that is. And in others which pretend to be more refin'd, to attend upon outward forms, inward Opinions, our own parties, interests, and passions. As if instead of judging nothing before the time, until the Lord comes; The Spirit of man would so determine every thing, that no knot should be left for him to unty, nothing remain for him to judge. But blessed be God the causeless curse shall not come. All the judgments which are fondly and proudly made in mans day shall be cancell'd in the day of Christ. Your Brethren (as God speaks by the evangelical Prophet to those that tremble at his Word) That hated you, that cast you out for my name sake, said, Let the Lord be glori-fied: But he shall appear to your joy, and they shall be ashamed.

Be perswaded then to do as God has done: Leave all judgment to the Son, to his manner and measure of appearing in thee. Wait still for his coming who is to set judgment in the b 2

Earth, to bring it forth in thy Spirit. Be first able to law. Thou art full of Power by the Spirit of the Lord, and of Judgment, before thou takest upon thee to declare unto the Brethren i beir transgressions, mistakes, follies, and errours. Do not venture to step into the Throne of Judicature, till be, whose place it is, lead thee up, left thou find thy felf ere thou art aware, in the Chair of Scorners, instead of the Seat of Judgment, Judge nothing till Christ comes, left thou shouldest then be judged by bim, as an evil doer, and a busie body. 'Tis true, the Spiritual Man is faid to judge all things. But that Word, that State, that Work, do all of them import a distinct and critical discerning of things: such must thine be of all things before they can be right. ly judg'd by thee. Thou mayest indeed speak evil of what thou knowest not, but thou canst not fairly judge it, till thou doest thoroughly understand it. As a spiri ual man read these tollowing Discourses, and as such give thy judgment of them. Remember still, that every Truth is not spoken at once to every good man. nor any Truth opened to him in its full glory at the first fight; but as Luther speaks, we are enlightened by Beam after Beam. It is faid of some things our Saviour did, and which were done unto him. Joh. 12 That his Disciples understood them not at the first, but when Christ was glorified, when he took away his field: ly presence, and came in more spirit, then they were acquainted with them. What I do, fays Christ to Peter, Joh. 13, 7, thou knowest not now, but thou shalt know hereaster. And in Joh. 16.12, 13. He tells his Disciples, he had yet many things to fay unto them, but they could not bear them then; howbeit, when the Spirit of Truth was come, he should guide them into all Truth. When St. Paul was a little beforehand caught up into the World to come, the Text Says, 2 Cor. 12. 4. that he heard unspeakable words, which it is not lawful for a man to utter: that could not, that might not be spoken. Such things as would no dult have offended the best men then alive, if he had declared them. Good Souls have their several Orbs and Sphears of Spiritual Light and Life; all below are comprehended by them above, and lie in their Bosoms; but the lesser Circle can by no means

means contain the greater. A Soul got no further than the first Heavens, cannot hear, cannot receive the discoveries and enjoyments of one in the third. If a Truth be very raised and spiritual, it is not the first Beam of Christ himself can shew us that Truth: And if I by my glimmering light shall go about to examine and judge things spoken in a clearer day, I shall be subject to many mistakes, and in great darger of rejecting the Truth, because I do not understand it. In my Father's house, faies Christ, are many Mansions. 'Tw true of his house of grace here below; as well as that of glory above. Let every Christian then say of his present state and measure, This is my prefent Heaven, my present Mansion; here my God is plea-sed to meet me, thus he dispenseth himself to me; here I will wait, until I am called up higher; and if another comes and speaks things beyond my present understanding and experience, I will judge no man's Light, Life and Liberty in the Lord; being constant to this, that as Christ in the flesh came to his own, and his own received him not; so also may Christ in the Spirit. Instead then of judging and censuring what thou doest not get understand, be faithful to that which thou already knowest; answer thy present light with a suitable life, so shalt thou grow up, not only into all the Discoveries, Truths and Mysteries which are in this, and all other spiritual Fooks, but into him also in all things who is thy Head. Hast thou received any one ray, any one glimple of Spiritual Light into thy Soul, watch it, cherish it, walk according to the direction and instinct of it; and this Beam shall quickly, swiftly grow up into aglorious day in thy spirit. For, the path of the Just is as the Thining Light that Thineth more and more unto the perfect day.

Secondly; It is possible thou mayest here meet with some sew things very different from some of thy beloved Sentiments; for our Author intended in these Discourses, to tell thee his own thoughts, not to guess at thine. My Requests in this case, are such as these; not to make thy self overwise; not to think thou knowest any thing; not to abound in thy own sense; not to lay too much weight upon thy own suggestion, nor too little

upon thy Brother's; not to overvalue thy own Notions and Opinions, nor to undervalue his; not to forget that modesty and sobriety of mind which every good man ought still to preserve towards himself; nor that moderation, sorbearance, indulgence, allowance and respect which not only charity, but reason and interest oblige thee alwaies to express towards all good men that differ from thee. For we all stand in need of, and have a right to such a tender behaviour from one another. To impress a little such Requests as these upon thy mind, let me briefly offer to thy larger thoughts upon them, these sew Considerations.

1. It is possible for us then to have wrong Notions and Opinions of Spiritual Truth, when we think we have the rightest. How easily do we mistake an Object, and the true colour of it, when we see it through a dyed and colour'd Medium? The Staff that is streight in the Air, seems crooked when it is seen under Water, through the grossness and inconstancy of that Element. Such are all our views, our reports of Divine Truths, whilft we take in, and give forth the Copies of them through the thick, colour'd, and spotted Glass of our Natural Understanding. Thou confessest thy self to bee a poor fallible creature; thou bemoanest daily thy Ignorance before the Lord, and beggest of him that thou mayest understand thy own Errours: Be not then too hasty in charging thy Brother with false Notions, whilst thou thy self art not exempted from mistakes: Do not think thy self an Infallible Judge of his Errours, whilft thou art but a Fallible Discerner of Truth for thy felf.

2. It is impossible for us to have clear Notions and Opinions of Spiritual Truth, whilft we are in this dark and distant World. - We now see but through a Glass darkly. We are in a consused state. We can better make a shift to puzzle and perplex the Notions of another, than we know how to disintangle and extricate our own. The Sun appears not to us in his true brightness and glory, but as a red bunning sire, when we see him in the mornings and evenings through those earthly vipours and mists which interpose. Such Fogs are still gathering between the God of Truth and our Understandings, whilest they dwell below. We are as yet

but

but like the blind man in the Gospel, who upon the first touching of his Eyes, saw Men like Trees. How fond and obstinate should we think that man, who going forth in the twilight, when it is impossible clearly to discover and distinguish any thing, is however very consident he sees, and reports all things aright? All our Notions of Spiritual Truths here below, are at best but as a Twilight, in which Light and Darkness meet. How unreasonable is it whilst thy own Light is shaded with so much Darkness, to think there is no mixture of Light in thy Brother's Dark-

ness?

2. It is impossible for us to have full and comprehensive Notions and Opinions of Spiritual Truth, whilst we are in this se-parated and divided state. Our knowledge here below is not only dark (as was said before) but partial. St. Paul with excellent reason puts these two together, I Cor. 13. 12. We now see through a Glass darkly; we know but in part; or, in division. It is indeed the partiality of our knowledge, which causes and en. creases the darkness and difficulty of it, and turns it into a Riddle. That will be plain, easie, and pleasant to us, when we come at once to see the whole body of Divine Truth; when we shall in one view behold the entire frame, and universal barmony of it; the connexion, proportion, consent and sympathy of one Truth with another, and of each Truth with every Truth; which being now seen alone, puzzles, perplexes, intangles, and labyrinths us. Spiritual Truths are now Ænigma's to us, because we know but in part, in division. All our Notions and Opinions here can be but broken things, but little pieces of Truth. We are all running away with scattered bits and scraps of Spiritual Truth; every one fondly calling his own share the entire Purchase: But we know not how to put things together. Some are zealous for one; others for another part of Divine Truth; whilst we contend for one, we are apt to let go another; whilst we are seeking after one, we lose another: We continually mistake one another, and the Truth in each other, through our partial discovery of things: We have so much light, so much knowledge, as through the darkness and ignorance mingled with it, and prevailing over it, serves

us to wrangle, dispute, and quarrel with our Brethren; but not enough to receive and comprehend them. We have indeed a Notion of the Indivisibility of Truth, and are sure of it in the Theory, but we know not how to make it out in our practice. It is true, that is not Truth which cannot dwell with any, with every Truth; but all Truth is not yet thus reconciled in the head of any Good man on Earth, although it be so in every Good man's heart; he is in love with all Truth, but has not yet found out all its Alliances, the whole compass and circle of it. Truth is one in it self, but it is broken into I know not how many pieces as it is in us; and those pieces through the darkness mixt with them in our spirits, fighting one against another. The next state will give us a clear and comprehensive view of things; all the divisions of Truths and of Spirits, will then be at an end. Those Truths, those Spirits shall then be reconciled, and run into the Embraces of one another, that seem now to stand at the greatest distance and defiance: Then the Darkness shall no more predominate over the Light, nor employ it thus unnaturally to contend against it self; but the Light running together from all parts, and every where mingling with it self, shall swallow up all the Darkness. But we have now only a glimmering prospect of this happiness. It is impossible to attain here to a full view of the whole face of Truth, which is great and glorious as God. All our present Notions and Opinions are too narrow, too contracted to take in those innumerable Raies and Beams of Divine Truth. which are every where scattered and dispersed among all the Children of Light. Thou hast but one little part of it in all thy Notions and Opinions; thy Brother has another part in his. Instead of undervaluing his share, it becomes us much better to acknowledge the shortness of our own; and to say of God (with Job upon another occasion not much different) Job 26. 14 Lo, these are parts of his waies, but how little a portion is heard of him!

4. The same Spiritual Truth may communicate it self to us in various, disserent, and contrary Notions and Opinions. The whole state of things all along throughout the Christian World, is a sufficient proof of this matter. It is somewhere well observed by

our Author to this purpose, as they say in Philosophy, The Esfences, and kinds of things, are unmoveable, and ever the fame: However there be an infiniteness of uncertainty and change in the Individuals by the variety and change of outward accidents: So if you compare one good man with all other good men in all ages, you will every where find the same New Nature, the fame inward favour and rellish, the same Divine Principle and God-like life in them all; Whilft the inward forms of truth and goodness upon their understandings, and the outward expressions of them in their conversations, and practices, do exceedingly vary and differ, from the different degrees and waies of their light within and their educations, and customs without. The Apostle tells us, Rom. 14. One Christian believeth that he may eat all things: Another who is weak eateth herbs. Let not him that eateth despise him that eateth not; And let not him which eateth not, judge him which eateth: For God hath received him. One man esteemeth one day above another: Another esteem. eth every day alike. Let every man be fully affured in his own mind. He that regardeth the day, regardeth it unto the Lord; And he that regardeth not the day, to the Lord he doth not regard it. He that eateth, eateth to the Lord, for he giveth God thanks; And he that eateth not, to the Lord he eateth not, and giveth God thanks. Both these are different, and contrary in their Notions, Opinions, and practices; And yet in that difference, and contrariety, do both serve the same Lord, and are accepted by him, They both in their several opinions, Notions, and practices, have the same apprehensions of the glory of God, the same reference and regard to it, the same aim and intention of Soul to make themselves a Spiritual sacrifice to him. Nor does this hold only in the lesser matters of Religion, but in the greater also. Besides that Babel and confusion of languages, that variety and contrariety of opinions which are in the Christian World, about things of a lower consideration; What disputes. what controverses, what contradictions, do we see at this day among good men concerning the most substantial, and vital truths of the Gospel? How even among the best Christians themselves, are Come

some of the greatest points of Christianity, darkened and perplexed with Clouds of disputes, with diversity, and uncertainty of opinions, with different and contrary explications? What Principle of Christianity (how clearly and expressly soever it has been revealed to us in the letter of the Scriptures) has been univerfally received and explained alike by all good men? Do we not every where fee thefevery Persons, who have (as we have reason to judge) entertained the same Divine Truths in the inward power, life, and Spirit of them, do yet discourse, interpret, and preach them in Notions, Opinions, and Forms, very different and contrary to one another? To we not every where see good men puzling, and confounding each other with their own explanations of those very things, in the life and power of which they are all agreed? Have we not upon this accompt seen some of the best of men such strans gers to, and so jealous of one another, that they have been unable to bear one another. Look abroad, lay afide all thy prejudice, fondness, and partiality; And then tell me if thou dost not every where meet with the same ingenuity, modelly, humility, and meekness of Soul; The same desire and diligence in the search after truth; the same goodness, holiness of heart and life; The same Love to God, and his waies; the same fincerity, and integrity, the same purity of intention, aim and end; in persons that appear to thee, and to one another, of very different, and contrary minds. and practices, in matters of Religion. Their Souls are vitally quickened, and informed, their conversations beautified, and adorned, with the same Spiritual truths; Which by their explications of them, they seem not to understand, yea to contradict.

I have some where read a story of a blind man who could distinguish and judge of all metals, or pretious stones, by weighing them in his hand. I am perswaded if we had learnt thus to judge of Spiritual things, not by the beauty of some outward form and appearance, or an agreeableness to our own Notions and Opinions; But by the weight of an inward Principle, and the Power of a Divine life; We should discover a most harmonious agreement in the Essential and radical Principles of Divine truth and goodness, a-

mong those who seem most of all to oppose one another, in their Notions, and Opinions. If we did but know how to get into, to open, and interpret each others Souls; How to weigh not only words, and phrases, but Spirits, as God is said to do, Prov. 16. 2. We should quickly find, that we differ more in words, then in thoughts, and

in the Notions of things, then in the things themselves.

Our Spiritual wisdom, holiness, strength, and happiness, do not lye in our Notions, and Opinions of Spiritual truth, but in the truth itself. St. Paul excellently distinguishes, and explains this matter, 2 Cor. 4.6,7. Where speaking of the light of the knowledge of the Glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ, he tells us, we have this treasure in Earthen Vessels, that the excellency of the power may be of God, and not of us. That Spiritual truth which is the shining forth of the glory of God in the Person of Christ, the first, the supream, the universal truth, is the heaven-ly treasure; The several Notions, and forms in our understandings, by which this truth appears to us, are but a part of the Earthen Vessel which holds this treasure. How weak is it, to lay the weight of such a treasure, upon such a Vessel, subject to so many frailties, flaws, and cracks? How unworthy is it, to ascribe the excellency of that power to our selves, which belongs wholly to God? Sure I am, it is not the Vessel that makes us rich, but the treasure which is in the Vessel. Thus again, The same Apostle Speaking of the same thing in another expression, tells us, I Cor. 4.20. The Kingdom of God is not in word, but in power. This Kingdom confilts not in the excellency of our notions and apprehensions, of our words, and expressions concerning Spiritual things; But in the inward Vertue, Vigour, Life, Power, and Spirit that is in the Nature of them, to change the whole man into one image of glory with themselves. Spiritual knowledge is not a notional, verbal, and talking; but a real, living, and practical thing. Divine truth is better understood, as it opens and unfolds it felf in the holy, and heavenly mind, and life of a good man, then by all the Systems of Divinity, and good Books in the World.

Thy Brother has (it may be) several Notions and opinions of Spiritual Truth, very different from thine; But he is really fance 2

Stiffed through the same truth; He has purified his Soul in obeying the truth through the Spirit. He is become a living Edition of the truth it is written in his heart, it thines forth in his life. he has so learned the truth, that he knows it as it is in Jesus; although he cannot yet receive is, as it is in thee, nor thy notions and representations of it. His Soul, his life, is dyed, coloured and figured with it; the truth is transforming his whole being into one beautiful and bleffed image with, framing, fallioning. his whole manaccording to, itself. This must needs be a better proof that he is truly one with thee in the same truth, then the highest complement he can pay to thy own notions and Opinions concerning it, can possibly be; Holiness is the Character, and seal of the Spirit of Truth. The refult of this consideration is plainly this, The twe should not lay too great a stress upon our own notions and O inions, nor despise our Brothers; That we should make the image of God, and not our own likeness, the reason, rule, and measure of our Brotherly Love; Observing still in all our Christian converses, that excellent League which our Saviour himself has established. He that is not against us, is with us. Whilst we fee the same truth vitally influencing, and quickening the Souls and spreading itself throughout the lives of good men of different and contrary sentiments, let us no longer judge another by his comprimifing with our own sense of things, but his agreement with us in the substance, power, efficacy, and Spirit of the truth.

Thus the primitive Christians judged, before the iniquity of the times, and a worldly interest corrupted the simplicity, and quenched the sirst and purer warmths of Religion. No man was then censured for his Opinion, that lived well, although there were very strange notions then commenced. So much and so justly did those better ages of Christianity, prefer a God like life, to the rightest notions and Opinions. Nor did they want the highest Example, Authority, and Reason in this matter, God himself having told them, and us. He is no respecter of Persons, but in every Nation, he that search him, and worketh righteousness is accepted with him, Act. 10.34. And again, Rom. 14.17. The Kingdom of God is not meat and Drink, but righteousness.

ousness and peace, and joy in the Holy Ghost, and he that in these things serveth Christ, is acceptable to God, and approved of men: That is, shall be justified in the day of all Divine, and humane Principles. Whatever his outward form, or inward Opinion be; Whe her he eat, or eat not; Keep a day, or keep it

not; So it be to the Lord, to Charity, and to Ædific ition.

5. All the truest and best notions, and Opinions we can have of Spiritual truth here below, are to be done away, when we arrive at that state above, So the Apostle expressly tells us, I Cor. 13.9. 10. We know in parr, and we Prophely in part. But when that which is perfect is come, then that which is in part shall be done away. We shall then lose all our present Notions and Opinions of Spiritual things, not in a blackness of Darkness and Death, violently breaking in upon, and overspreading them; But in the brightness of an unmixt, and eternal light arising upon, and comprehending them in i self. They shall all be blotted out, not as water quenches the fire; But after such a manner as the Beams of the Sun do put it out, by drawing up the finer, and more flery parts into themselves. They shall be put out, not as a Candle is by the Extinguisher; But as the darknesses, and shadows of the night are (wallowed up by the light of the morning: Or rather, as the several colours of light in the first dawning of the day, are afterwards drunk up into the pure and perfect light of the encreasing day. It is yet but a morning light with the most enlight. ned Souls here on Earth. In the first breaking of the day, the Light (you know) appears to us in a variety of colours, one after another; Till at last as the day comes on, all those colours are changed into an unstained and pure light. Such are the discoveries of Spiritual things to our understandings, whilst our true day is yet but Springing. All our Notions and Opinions of them are as so many colours of light, growing clearer and clearer, unto a Noon day brightness. Now all these colours vanish; New all our mistaken, dark, mixt, short; and disproportioned notions and apprehensions, break up into a light which has nothing of privation, mixture, imperfection, or shadow init. But till then it is impossible forus, to have fuch Notions & Opinions of Spiritual truth as can admit of no change,

or emprovement. We are here in a growing & travelling state. And whill we are so, motion is better then rest. We can now no more stint, and fix our sense of things, then we can hinder and stop our own growth; Or keep day out of the World, when the Sun arises. It is not here, our reproach, but our praise, to be still changing our minds, to be fill transformed in the renewing of them, that we may prove what the good and acceptable will of God is. To change for emprovement, to alter our minds for the better, is not our inconstancy, but our virtue. This is only to change, as all things do, when they encrease; nothing speaks us more rooted, fixt, and established, then such a change. Thou art not (it may be) of the same mind, at this instant, thouwert in, a few daies past, neither dost thou know what mind thou shalt have to morrow. The spirit of man changes Opinion every moment; And what one reason brings in this hour, a stronger may carry out the next. Nor will the good Spirit (if thou art indeed acted, and informed by it) suffer thee to rest in thy present light, and much less in thy remaining darkness. Thou art not yet so knowing, so good as thou shouldst be, if thou canst be satisfied with thy self, and thy present Notions of things. Art thou not waiting for Christ to touch thine Eyes a second time? Dost thou not pray for his Spirit to lead thee into all truth? Can'st thou be contented to lose they share in the riches of that glory, thou art yet a stranger to? Thou thinkest (it may be) that thou understandest all mysteries, and hast all knowledge, but still all thou canst attain to here below, is but a little part of what is get to come; And will be done away, when that which is perfect appears. Why then dost thou lay so great a weight upon those Notions and Opinions, which thou hadst not the other day, which thou mayst lose to morrow, and which are finally to be swallowed up? Why should an obscure, dark, intricate, curious, unnecessary, uncertain, and fading Notion and Opinion, be imployed to the prejudice of that Charity that shall never fail? All our Notions and Opinions are changeable, temporary, transient, and perishing things; They pass away, and confute themselves, whilst we are contending for them. but Love is a latting, permanent, and Eternal Duty, and perfection. This shall remain, when all our Notions and Opinions of one fort and another, shall for ever cease to be; Shall either sink down into their first darkness out of which they sprung; Or rise up into, and happily lose themselves in their

Original Light.

6. Let us seriously consider how mischievous the want of that moderation, Iam pleading for, has all along been to Christians and to Christianity it self. What depths of inward filthinesses have the differences and animolities of good men about Opinions, discovered in them, and drawn forth from them? What floods of outward miseries have they brought upon them? It is this has given such a scope, and power to our lusts, to our pride, ambition, covetousness, anger, wrath, bitterness of Spirit and revenge, as has been more wounding to Religion, then the malice of all the wicked men in the World can possibly be. It is this has set us to rake into the Infirmities, Weaknesses, and Miscarriages of our mistaken Brother; And whilst men have been thus employed, what beaps of dirt, and folly have they poured out of their own Spirits, to the greater scandal of themselves, and their profession? It is this, has for several ages delivered up the Christian World to dis. order, bloud, and desolation. It is this, has rendred a great part of it unhabitable to a man that afferts the just liberty of his mind. It is this has made Christians (who should be the best of men) much worse to each other, than wild Bears and Beasts of prey, for they devour not one another of the same kind. It is this has raised so many suspitions, jealouses, fears, heart burnings, evil surmises, mutual provocations to wrath, and thoughts of revenge, and ruine, among our selves, that we are almost become an easy prey to our common enemies; And if we should escape them, are in danger to be confumed one of another. We have laid the stress, and weight of our Religion upon Notions, Opinions, outward modes and forms, and some of those subservient only to a secular interest, and reasons of state, and not upon the truth and substance it self, which is Jesus Christ, and his Spirit. For this reason the Righteous God seems to have given up the whole frame of Nature to consussion and destruction, and to be drowning the face of the Earth in bloud.

St. Paul, 2 Thefl. 2. 1. puts these two together: The coming of our Lord Jesus Christ; and, our gathering together to him. And we often read in the Scripture of his coming with all his Saints. Lines are at their greatest distance in the circumference: the nearer they come to their center, the nearer still they are to one another. As we are drawnforth from all those things which we have set up in the room of Christ, and are made to unite in his Person alone, so shall we also draw near to, and be at peace with one another. It is he alone who is our King of Righteousness, and Prince of Peace, the true Shiloe. Unto him shall the gathering of the People be, and unto each other in him. Nothing more proves him to be so far off from us, as our being somiserably scattered, divided, and driven away from one another, When he shall again return, and appear to us inhis own Person, when we shall for his fake cast away all our Idols, and unanimously running into his Bosom, cry out with an universal shout, None but Christ, he alone is that eternal image it self of all truth, and goodness, which we have been every where seeking, our center and rest for ever: When we shall no more place our wisdom, righteousness, sanstification, and redemption, our Religion in those forms and Opinions, which are but the outsides, and dresses of it, and must pass away with the sashion of this World; Which are but the leaves and husks that shall fall to the ground; But in him who is that Truth, Life, Power, and Substance which endures for ever. Then shall a peace which is to encrease without end, bless the World; All our Swords shall then be beaten into Plow shares, our spears turned into pruning-hooks, and nothing be left to hurt, and destroy in Gods holy Mountain.

A mutual forbearance, indulgence, allowance, and kindness among all honest hearts of different perswasions, and practices, has not only thy own interest, but the concern of all thy Brethren, and the welfare of the whole Christian World after the highest manner contained in it. For it is the safety, stability, security, strength, and subsistence of a good interest, and of all good men, in the midst of a very unkind, angry and wicked World; Whose rage doth not terminate in the extirpation of any one particular

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fest, or party of good men, but would by degrees, and as fast as it can, blot out goodness itself. St. Paul with admirable reason joins these two together, Eph.4.2, 3. Our walking with all lowliness and meekness, with long suffering, forbearing one another in love; And, our endeavouring to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace. It is most plainfrom this Scripture, That the unity of the Church of God, is not an agreement in inward O pinions and outward forms; But an Unity of Spirit; an Unity in that Spirit, which is the common Soul of the Church, the specificating form, the constituting and conserving Principle of all true Christianity. We are not united to Christ, and to one another, by the same Opinions, and Forms; but by one and the same Spirit, nor can any Opinions and Forms divide us from Christ, (and therefore ought not to separate us from each other) if they have not in their own nature an enmity to the heavenly image of Christ, which is Spirituality; Or to the natural image of him which is morality. It is again expresly told us in the connexion of this Scipture. That the way to preserve this Unity of the Spirit in the Body of Christ, is by walking towards one another with all lowliness and meekness, with long-suffering, forbearing one another in love; And not by a proud, haughty, impatient, peevish and angry, imposing of our own Notions, and modes of Religion upon them. This may indeed be a miltaken piece of humone policy to serve our own Worldly interest upon Christianity; but I am very sure, there is nothing of the true Spirit of Christ in this temper, nor of a right endeavouring to keep the Unity of his Spirit in such a proceeding.

How clear is it again from this Scripture, That the bond of peace has its strength, and root, not in an Unity of knowledge and uniformity of worship, but in the Unity of a Divine Spirit; As the sympathy, and Union of all the members in the body as

rise from, and is preserved by the Unity of the Soul.

Whilst there is as great a difference in the Original make of Souls as of faces; in the complexions of minds, as of bodies; whilst the variety of humane understandings is so great; Whilst we are under the power of different tempers, educations, and inte-

rests, several measures and degrees of light; Whilst there is im. perfection in our flate, negligence in our searchings after truth; & an envious one alwaies ready to fow Tares; It is unreasonable to expect a proportion, and analogy of Notions and Opinions among good men. Whilst we are thus circumstanced, there will be some o. therwise minded; Nor do I know any remedy in such a case, but a mutaal forbearance, till God cleares up the matter of difference. This forbearance cannot be more our Duty, then it is our interest, and necessiity; for it is our preservation in the midst of powerful lusts within, and potent Enemies without. If all good men could but make a shift to tollerate one another, this wicked World must be bound to endure them all. Could they but hold together and love one another; No forreign violence could break them. Goodness is strenger then Evil; and therefore the good thus united, and in an Alfociation; Must be too powerful for the Evil, with all its Plots, Conspiracies, and Force. What a root of milchiefs have the Divisions of good men been in all ages to themselves. From hence we may derive all the Evi's we feel, and those also we fear. When the sheep push, and run heads against one another, the Shepheard Saies, we shall have foul weather. He have already seen the truth of this observation, and I am affraid must feel it once again. Tis easy to presage a florm when so much ill weather appeares in the Spirits, faces, and athions of men. God grant it may prove but a fform, for from the animolities that are yet between good men, and an implacableness of Spirit which is started among us, we have cause to fear a Deluge.

These Reader, are some sew General considerations to impress a little upon thy mind, that moderation which is thy Duty, and every good mans Right, how different soever his Notions, and Opinions may be from thine. I might now add some others, which more particularly relate to our excellent Author, but I have already too much exceeded the bounds of my own intentions, and thy patience; nor would I willingly depart from the Modesty of my first Resolution, which was to do nothing in this service, that might pretend to pass for a Preface to these sollowing Discourses. I therefore

therefore leave the Book itself to open to thee its own unspeakable worth, as thou readest it. And I perswade my self, when thou hast duly perused it, and well observed those excellent rules by which our Author governs himself throughout these discourses; That admirable temper, and Spirit; That pleasant, and powerful tendency to holiness, and spirituality, that is every where to be found in them? Whatever thy thoughts may be concerning some of his sentiments, thou must needs have a great love for his memory.

There is not in the universal Nature of things a more intimate Sympathy, then that of Iruth, and Goodness; they are really one; They are for ever inseparable: They differ only as the seal and the stamp; Goodness being but the Impression of

Truth.

This consideration (I must confess) has so far prevailed with me, that I cannot defend my self from thinking, there must be something of truth in all our Author has here delivered to us,

whilft I find there is so much goodness in it all.

And now Reader, according to custom, I should spend a great deal more of thy time in a long Apology, for baving already taken up so much of it. But in my Opinion to excuse this matter, is at once to abuse my self, and thee. For it was in my power not to have given thee all this trouble, if for the sake at least of some Readers; I had not judged it reasonable so to do; and if thou thinkest otherwise, it is still in thy power to escape as much of it as thou pleasest. I chuse rather to take my leave of thee with this serious Request to the, That thou wouldst read these Heavenly Discourfes with the sime Divine Love which first brought them forth from the fountain of all Loves, It is not by the fagacity of our own Natural understandings, but by being rooted and grounded in Love that we come to comprehend Spiritual truths. That this Love may abound in thee yet more and more in knowledge, and in all judgment, or fense, that thou mayst approve things that are excellent, Is the hearty prayer of

Thy Well wisher and Servant

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MAT. XVIII. 3.

Except ye be converted, and become as little Children, ye cannot enter into the Kingdom of Heaven.

N the First Verse, the Disciples of our Lord measuring the State of Things above, by the Principles of Reason, and the Fashion of this World; make this Inquiry; Who should be Greatest in the Kingdom of God; as if Ambition must follow us into Heaven, there also to make a Hell. Our Savior would undeceive those, whom He lov'd, by answering not so much to their Proposals, as their Principles. Therefore He gives them a full Description of the Christian Mystery, which is exprest in the words of my

Text: Except ye be Converted, and become as little Children, ye cannot enter into the Kingdom of Heaven.

> This Description hath Three Parts. A Rife to a Kingdom.

The Race towards it.

The Royalty it elf.

1. The Rife to the Kingdom lyes in these words: Except ye be converted: The Greek word fignifies a Turn or Change from the present Principles, and Forms of things to another vertue and view.

2. The Race to the Kingdom is thus set forth: and become as little Children: Diminutives are figns of Affection, Delight, and Dependence; as that; One of

those little Ones, that believeth on Me: Mar. 18.6.

3. The Royalty itself, is magnificently described: Ye cannot enter into the Kingdom of Heaven. The Kingdom of Heaven hath a Twofold Signification. Sometimes it is generally taken for both States of Grace and Glory: one being the Inchoation; the other the Consummation: Man in one, being as a King Elect: in the other a King Crown'd. Sometimes it hath a particular sense, and points out one peculiar State of Liberty, and Spiritual Glory; as Rom. 14.17. The Kingdom of God consisteth not in Meats and Drinks: but in Righteouines, Peace, and foy in the Holy Ghost. So again, 2 Pet. 1.8, 11. If these things be in you, and abound, a large entrance shall be made for you into the Kingdom of Heaven. The Reason of the Expression in both senses is; because God is both the King of Believers, and their Kingdom, either in Fleshly Types, or in his own Spiritual Appearance. B

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These three Parts thus opened, afford us three Doctrines for our Discourse.

Doct. 1. The first Rise to true Religion is a Conversion or Change.

Doct. 2. The second Course of things in Christianity, is a Childhood or Sonship. Doct. 3. The third Degree in Christianity is, an entrance into the Kingdom of Heaven, or the Royalty begun.

Doct. 1. The first Rise to true Religion, is a Conversion or Change. This is

the first Doctrine; and I begin with it.

David's language makes it good, Pfa. 51. 13. Then will I teach transgreffours thy ways, and sinners shall be converted unto thee. He that will pass from the dismal Depths of sin and Woe, to those Heights of Strength, Holiness and Sweetness in God, must make his first Motion a Conversion, a Change from a Descent to an Ascent; from going Outward to the Circle, to go Inward towards the Center of things, which comprehends and casts forth all the Circles.

The Explication of the Point will be its fullest Confirmation. I will open it

in three Parts.

1. The Change. 2. The Circumstances. 3. The Cause of this Change. Part 1. The Change. There are two States to be considered in this Part.

1. The State of Man before this Change.

2. The State, to which this Change is made.

1. State. That of Man before this Change. Man before his Conversion walks in a threefold Image.

I. The Image of Nature. 2. The Image of the Devil. 3. The Image of Divine

Wrath.

1. Image of Nature. St. Paul tells us, 1 Cor. 15.49. As we have born the Image of the Earthy, we shall also bear the Image of the Heavenly Man. Earth and Heaven are here opposed, not as Men and Angels, Visible and Invisible things; but as the State of things in the Creature, and in Christ. So it appears manifestly by the Context of that place, that the first Adam, the Earthly Man, the first Creation, Nature in the Visible and Invisible things of it, are all the same thing, and One Image. Into this Image Man is born of his Natural Parents. In this he lives Naturally.

This Image hath three things in it.

1. 'Tis a Representation. 2.'Tis a Meer Representation. 3.'Tis a Mint One

1. The Image of Nature is a Representation. The Earthly Man is an Image of God, as well as the Heavenly. St. Paul teacheth us, Rom. 5.14. in the latter part of it, that the first Adam is a figure of him, who is to come; that is, Jesus Christ. Whatever Rich workings, and various forms are in him, who is the Wildom of God. Whatever Depth of Life. Heighth of Activity, Store of Virtues are in him, who is the Power of God: Whatever ravishing Beauties are in him, who is the Brightness of the Father's Glory: Whatever endless Sweetnesses of Love, Loveliness, mutual Relations are in him, who is the first, the Only begotten

begotten of the Father; All these are figured out, and represented to us in the

Earthly Image. This is the first thing.

2. The Image of Nature is a Meer Representation: It hath a show of things, but not the very things themselves. We read Psal. 39. 5. Man at his best Estate is altogether vanity. Take the first Man at his Best; as he was crown'd with the whole Quire of Angels when they were the first and freshest Rayes of Divinity among the Creatures; as he was cloath'd with the heavenly Bodies, Sun, Moen and Stars, while yet they were the near and transparent Images of Angels living in them; as he hath spread about his Feet, all the Delicacies of Air, Earth and Sea, when they were Pure and Chrystalline, Restections of the heavenly Bodies: The first Man in this State was a meer Phantome, a fleeting Fancy, a Bubble, Vanity quite thorow, and so he vanisht in his Fall.

Gen. 1. 27. God made Man in his own Image, Psal. 39.6. Surely Man walketh in a vain show. Those two expressions; Image, vain Show, are both the same in Hebrew, Tselem. If you translate the same word in Genesis, as it is translated in the Psalm, you will then read thus; God made Man in a vain

show of himself.

Obj. But you may object thus against this; If God be Omnipresent, and fill All, how can any thing be a Representation of him, without him? He is at the bottom of the Sea, in the shades of Death and Hell, Psal. 139. 8, 9, 10. Can any thing be a meer Show, when he who is All, is every where, and fills each

Show of things.

Ans. "Tis true, as Euthydemus the Heathen taught of old; All things are in each thing: Or as St. Paul fince him hath Preacht upon clearer grounds: God is a Fulness filling all in All, Eph. 1. 23. But this also is true, that All things are in each thing according to the Manner of that in which they are. God is as truly in the Froward, as in the Gentle Spirit. But we learn the Differences of his Presence from David, Psal. 18. 26. With the Pure thou wilt shew thy self Pure; with the Froward theu wilt shew thy self Froward.

God is not only on Mount Sion, but on Mount Sinai; yet so, that on Mount Sinai he is a flame of fire; on Mount Sion a calm and clear Light. So God is in Himself, and in the Creature: In Himself he is Himself; the Eternal Rock and Substance of things. He is in the Creature, only as his own Shadow.

This is the Infiniteness and Unsearchableness of God. He comprehends the thinnest Shadows in Himself, and makes them there Substantial. Again, he casts Himself into every Shadow or Show, and Himself there becomes but shadowy. Thus he is All in All. Thus much for the second thing in the Natural Image.

3. The Image of Nature is a Mixt Representation. The Making of the World was divided into so many Parts, as Days; each Day had its Night; a Morning and an Evening made the Day. This was to significe that the Funda-

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mental Constitution of this frame of things, was laid in a commixture of Light and Darkness. These two mutually catch and enfold one another.

The Light discovers God: The Darkness obscures that Discovery; so that seeing, we do not see. The Light pleaseth us; the Darkness perplexeth those pleasures; so that this Life is as a Shady Valley, as a Shadow of Life and Death, Heaven and Hell both in one. The Light invites and allures us to those Immortal Seats above, pointing out a shining Path to them. The Darkness affrights us, and drives us back, casting a mist of Doubt upon those beautiful Beings, pre-

fenting it felf between them and us, as a Dreadful Gulf to be pass'd,

Nature is by this means an Image of the Perfections, which are beyond Nature; but an Imperfect one. God speaks it, Ifa. 55.9. As the Heavens are higher than the Earth; so are my wates higher than your wates, and my thoughts than your thoughts. The wates of God are the unchang'd workings of Glory, perpetually casting it self into all Changes in the Divine Nature. The Thoughts of God are the deepest Rosts, the most spatious Expansion and Putting forth, the fixt and glorious Platforms or Figures of things, in the Godhead. The Wates and Thoughts of Man, are the figurings of things in Nature, or according to the Forms of Nature. This is a certain Rule: The first thing in every kind is the Original and Substance; all second things are Images of that. The first thoughts and wates are those in God. The Wates of Nature, the Thoughts in Man, are second to those, and so Images of them; but with as vast a Difference, as the Distance is between Heaven and Earth. Thus Imperfect and Mixt is Nature, yet an Image of Divine Perfections and Purity.

We have now taken a view of the first Image, in which Man walks be-

fore his Change.

Use 1. Excitation. The first Use is to awaken in us a Sense of our State, as we are Men. This would very advantagiously direct, sweeten, assist our Conversion. Let us then to this end consider these four Questions.

1. What we are. 3. Whence we come.

2. Where we are. 4. How we came hither.

Quest. 1. What are we? David answers for us, Psal. 39. 6. Surely Man walketh in a vain show, and disquieteth himself in vain. Man is a Shadowy Show. Descend O Man! into thine own Being: Enter into the secretest Retirement of thine own Spirit; there sit, look round about thee and say, Can I comprehend my self? Can I tell into what form my will would grow up? or into what shapes I shall pass after this moment, while I live, or when I am dead? If I cannot tell this, then sure I am not my own Original.

Vain Main! why dost thou exalt thy self by Pride, as if thou wert something, seeing thou art not the Beauty, but the Face in the Glass; too slight a thing for thy self to take held of; too weak a thing to reflect upon it self?

Foolish Man! What dost thou, feeding upon thy Spirit such a numerous flock

flock of Cares, Contrivances, Confidences, Plots and Passions? Hast thou no sense of this, that, it is not in Man, that walks, to guide his own steps? There is some Eternal thing above thy reach, past thy understanding, which fashions thee, and carries thee on in its own Image.

Look upward then, and say, O thou hidden and supreme Substance! which bast cast me, as thy Shadow, upon this Earth; comprehend me. O thou supreme Pattern! which hast sent me forth to pass therow this world in thy Image;

Guide me.

Q. 2. Where are we? I shall give a twofold Answer to this Question.

Ans. I. We are in a world of Images. This world is a Type of God, infomuch that some Heathens call'd the world, the Great God. Solomon saith, Wifdom lifts up her voice, and cryes in the corner of every street. Wisdom is the Brightness of Eternal Beauties; the Streets are the Outward Forms, on which all the Creatures walk forth; the Corner or Head of the Street is the Power or Principle in these Forms thorow which, as by several Tongues of Fire, the Forms above sparkle and proclaim themselves. Their sound, saith St. Paul, is gone forth into the whole Earth.

Canst thou sleep, be slothful or sad here? Hear and see. O Man! thou art in this world, as at a Show. A Noise of Diving Glories descending thorow the Clouds: Apparitions of heavenly Essences, or Excellencies coming forth shadowed; these fill the empty space. A Repetition of Bleffed Sounds; a Reflection of Holy Images falling from above; This is the World in which thou livest.

Dost thou not feel Desire awakened in thee? Hast thou not a secret sense of high Joys infus'd into thy Soul? then spread thy Spirit thorow this world; take it into thy Spirit, as the Noise of a Harmony sounding from far. Take in thy self, as a Part of this Noise. Pass thorow this world, as a Throng of Apparitions, thy felf being One among the rest. Ascend now with these; for if thou flide downward, thou sinkest out of them into a waste Desert: But if thou be carried upward in them, they will still grow sweeter, brighter, and fuller to thee, till they bring thee to their first Fountain, where thou and they toge-

ther shall drink, and be wrapt up into an Immortal Fulness.

Thus this Shallow world will have a Depth in it, still to content thee, and still to carry thee on farther; while it shall still have a Relative Delight, and a Representative Beauty. Jesus Christ is brought in speaking after this manner, Isa. 8. 18. I and the Children which thou hast given me, are for signs and wonders. So let my Soul say to my God. Highest Beauty! Greatest Love! I and this World, into which then hast brought me, are for signs of thee, so to move wender and delight.O! that I might be in the midst of them; that they might be unto me, as figures only of thee, subsisting only in thee. So these slight things would have a Divine Fulnes; for even they would be thy Pleasures, thy Glories, O God! as in a figure.

An (. 2.

Ans. 2. We are in a World of Meer Images. The multitude of Creatures is often in Scripture compar'd to Waters; for as Water they receive the Images of heavenly things without the Substance into their thin passing streams. Look then on These, and immediately cast thy Eye upward to the Substances which shine fixt above, and shed these Glimpses of themselves. O Men! why do you cast your selves so ardently on the Faces of Beauty in these unstable Waters? You can embrace Nothing; you can meet Nothing to sustain you. You sink

and perish in the midst of these wavy Sun-shines.

The first Creation is often call'd a Sea. The Sea is unfruitful; nothing can take Root in the floods; untam'd, devouring all things. We are launcht forth upon this Sea of Appearances, in this Vessel, the Body, not to Dwell or Grow upon it, much less to Throw our selves into it; but to Glide swiftly over the Face of it, to a firm Land of Bliss. But, alas! what throngs of people are there on every side casting themselves with a furious Delight into this Gulf, where every Wave is a Grave, when it once receives thee? Most, the Wifest, linger and dally on this rolling, roaring Deep, till their Vessel worn out, or split upon some Rock, they be swallowed up in the midst of the Floods, and never reach the wished Shoar of Immortality.

Angels fignific Messengers. 'The Best things of this world are Invitations only, Messengers sent forth to call the Guests: They cannot Feast us: They have not for us. All cry Wisdom; That which we show, and you seek, is not in us. I am not He. We are not The Life, Beauty, foy, but a Voice crying in the Wilderness, in a vast Emptiness. Come, taste and see how good the Lord is;

what (atisfactory sweetnesses are in the Godhead.

foseph sent Asses laden with provisions, and Waggons, to bring his Father Jacob with his Family into Agypt. Our Younger Brother, the New Man, the Lord Jesus, hath sent forth the Contents of this Life, as Waggons and Asses, to bring the Old Man out of the Flesh, into the Bosom of the Father, the Palace of Eternity, there to rejoyce for ever with our Brethren, all the Children of the Great King. How soolish a thing is it for us to mistake the Waggon for the Court, which is only the Convoy? How brutish a thing is it to forget the Glories of our Father's House, that we may run, feed, lie down with the Asses?

Q. 3. Whence came we? Whence are Shadows cast? from their Substances. Whence do Images slow? from their Original. From an Immutable Substance, from an Eternal Original are we then come forth into this world. Then shall we never have Rest, till we Return thither again. Our first Seed will be most Inward with us, and Inseparable from us; it will travel with us thorow all lorms shill working in us, still wearing out, and casting offall Forms, in which it stimens with us, until it bring us back into it self, and become our only Clarking, our only Content.

Magar was flying from the face of her Mistress Sarah; but she meets an Angel

Angel that sweetly sends her back thither, where God would provide for here Sarah is the Divine Form in the Spirit; Hagar, this Fleshly Being, the Bondwoman. This Earthly Nature is unable to bear the frowns and severity of her Heavenly Mistress; she flies from her Face, her Appearances, which oppress the Flesh with their Glory. But the bright Images of this Beauty, as Angels, meet the Natural Man in the way of his flight, in the Principles of Nature. By the flashes and breakings forth of these, Man is persuaded to return, and submit himself to the supreme Beauty, his Mistress and Parent; so only shall he have provisions of Joy and Rest from his wandrings.

Our Saviour takes a sweet farewel of the Earth in this language, Joh. 16. v. 28. I came forth from the Father into the world; again I leave the world, and go to the Father. Happy is that Soul, that after all her weary steps thorow the world, to seek Content, now tyred, thinks of Returning to her Father, her first Husband; and breaths forth such sights as these towards him: O my God! Thy Fulness is the womb, out of which I was brought forth into this world: Thy Sweetness is the Bosom, in which I must eternally rest. How long shall I linger

bere? O when shall I once leave this world, and come again to thee?

Q. 4. How came we hither? Thorow a Darkness. You shall in the first of Genesis see, that Darkness is the Ground of this Creation, and all Light-Colours are laid upon that Ground. Darkness is the Bound between God and the Creature, thorow which all things pass out of one into the other.

This Darkness holds forth to us the Light of a Twofold Rule.

Rule 1. Let us not think to know eternal things by the Light of this World, or any Creature. When we come into this life, we come well drencht, drawn thorow a Sea of Darkness. There is no more any Remembrance of former things. We know not where we were, when God haid the Foundations of the Earth; or, what we were before that, when all our Bones were first written by God, in his Book; when first those Eternal Forms, which were to frame and sustain every shape or state, into which we should pass, were brought forth in the Divine Wisdom.

We are of Testerday, and know nothing. We are started up into this Life thorow a Darkness behind us, which lies upon all things which are beyond this Image before us, and swallows up this into it self, as it passeth along. Vaine Man would be wise, though he be born, as the wild Asses Colt. Why should Man undertake to bring forth from himself the Beauties of Wisdom, when he comes upon the face of the Earth out of the same Darkness with the Asses Colt,

as void, as that, of all Eternal Images?

Rule 2. Care not to cloath your felves with the Contents of this World, all which you must put off, so soon as you touch the Brim of this Darkness, into which you must return. Care not for the Cares or Sorrows of this Lite. Those waters of Forgetfulness, into which we must all descend, will wash them all

away. Imagine this Life, as an Island, surrounded with a Sea of Darkness; beyond which lies the main Land of Eternity. Blessed is he, that can raise himself to such a Pitch, as to look off this Island, beyond that Darkness, to the utmost bound of things. He sees his way before, and behind him. What shall trouble him, on this Twig of Life, on which he is like a Bird but now alighted from a far Region, from whence again he shall immediately take his Flight?

Thou cam'st through a darkness hither, but Yesterday when thou wer't born. Why then shouldst thou not more readily, and cheerfully return thorough the

fame darkness back again to those everlatting Hills?

Let us then ever be in Tune to sing, that sadly sweet Song of Far-seeing, and so much-suffering, Job, Job. 1. 21. Naked came I out of my Mother's womb; Naked shall I return thither again. The Lord giveth, and the Lord taketh. Blessed be the name of the Lo d. Naked camest thou, my Soul, thorough a Darkness into this World, strip't of all the Glories above. Naked must thou return again out of this World, quite strip't of all the Glories; and Griess here. The Lord gives thee forth thorough this Darkness into this Life: the Lord takes thee in thorough the Darkness out of this Life to Himself. Blessed is the Name of the Lord. Rest thou in the Blessed and Glorious Workings of the High God, while thou art in that Darkness. Thou shalt suddenly be passed beyond it; where thou shalt in an open Light enjoy the Hidden workings there; where thou shall see the Highest Beatitudes and Glories, Eye to Eye, Heart in Heart; They and Thou, being made One Life, One Spirit, and without Partition or Vail.

Use 2. The endearment of the Lord Fesus to us. If this Face of Nature, which now presents it self to us, have such Beauties, Greatnesses, Varieties; as ravith us from all sense of our selves, our present safety, our souls, our God; from the Love and Delight, which from them slow into our Spirits: what Sights, what Things above Words are there then in Fesus Christ? what Ravishments would surprize us, and snatch us out of Flesh, if we saw Him? For Nature and this World is but the Earthly, Inferiour, Impersect Image of God, and of the Person of Christ, which is the Heavenly, and Supream Image.

Now we under-value and neglect the sweetnesses of our Saviour for this World's joyes. But if we saw Him, we should much more despite, Ten thousand Worlds, ten thousand times heightned in Glory; as a heap of Dunghills,

in Comparison of Him.

Our Blindness, our Blindness clips the wings of Desire, clogs the Spirit of Delight in us. O Jesus ! cast thou but one Glimpse of thy self into our souls, and we shall run from all things after thee, sly beyond all things towards Thee. How Dark and cold things are these Shadows to him, that hath seen the Light of Beauty in thy Person, and selt the warm Life of Love in Thine Embraces? Shew thy self to me, and set many Worlds, many Deaths more between

[9]

me and thy self; my Spirit shall shoot it self, like an Arrow, thorow them all into thine Arms. A Look of thine, can Translate me; as Enoch, or Eliah, of old.

I have thus Finish'd the First Image, in which man lives before his Conver-

sion; The Image of Nature.

2. Image of the Devil. The State of man before his Change is in a Three-fold Image. The First was that of Nature; the Second, this of the Devil, which we now are to take a view of. But what can we see or say of this; Who can draw a Picture of, or describe Darkness, and Confusion?

The Power of Darkness, and Division, prevailing over the Powers of Light, and Love, in the Creature; This is the Devil. If you will pourtray a Devil;

Darkness must be the Ground, Division, the Work upon it.

There are then two Powers, as two Parts in this Image.

1. Power, of Darkness. 2. Power, of Division.

1. Power of Darkness. This is the Form, and Division the Figure of this Black Spirit. Darkness is made his Character; The Power of Darkness his Princely Title: Colos. 1. 13. Who hath delivered us out of the Power of Darkness into the Kingdom of his Dear Son. It is read thus in Greek: out of the Principality of Darkness, into the Kingdom of the Son of his Love, The Devil, as the Prince of Darkness, which implies Division, is opposed to Jesus Christ, the King of Love, which is unity, and lives only in Light.

Again: Ephes. 6. 12. We fight against the Rulers of the Darkness of this World. You may thus translate it more to the words: against the World-comprehending Powers of the Darkness of this State. As God is One and Many, by a grateful Distinction in the Unity, so is the Devil, One and Many by a grating Di-

vision without Unity: many Powers of Darkness in one Power.

The Devil in this Darkness lies, as a Stain upon the Beauties of the whole Creation; defacing the Image, dimming the Glory of God in them. He lies, as a Cloud upon all the Contents of the Creature; spreading a melancholy Shade over them, infusing a Poyson of Fears, Falshoods, Deceits, Mistakes, Dangers, Death into them. He is a Prison, and a Chain Shutting up, holding down the Spirits of men, when they would break forth, and raise themselves into that Light of Divinity, which faintly glimmers in this Darkness. Such is the First Part of the Image, the Power of Darkness.

2. Power of Division. The Name, Devil, comes from the Greek Word, Didood. which fignifies most properly one, that casts in Principles, or Seeds of Division. So he is described by our Saviour, in the Parable: The Envious man, the Enemy hath sown Tares. Our Lord with a Divine depth defines this Spirit in those words: A Kingdom divided against it self cannot stand. Whatever stands, must be founded upon a Unity. The Devil is a divided Kingdom,

a Duality, a Ruinous Thing.

This Power of Division divides itself into a Seven-fold Power, which is known by these Names.

1. Self-love. 2. Lust. 3. Covetousness. 4. Printe. 5. Envy. 6. Passion. 7. Enmity, or Despair.

t. Power, Self-love. I John 4. 8. God is Love: Love in the Abstract; Love Absolute, Unlimited, Infinite, a Universal Sweetness. The Devil is Self-love; a particular Being cutting off itself from the rest of things; from Him, who is the Great, I am; in whom all things have their Being. These are the Circlings of the Serpent, by which he folds, and wraps up himself in himself.

This Serpent, before he spake to the Woman, tempted himself with this glittering language. Es. 14. 14. I will be like the most High. The first word in this aspiring speech is that, which first made him a Devil of an Angel: I: The establishing of a Proper Interest divided from the general Interest of things in the God-head. This Self-love is the Hurned head; into which he then sprouted forth; the Cloven Foot, in which he ended; when he first with-drew himself from the all-comprehending Unity, into a Circle, and Center of his own.

2. Power, Lust. This is a prægnancy to multiply himself; to bring forth himself in strange, and diverse forms; upon strange and diverse Images. God is One, Gal. 3. 20. God brings forth himself in One Image, Jesus Christ is his Only-begotten Son: Joh. 1. 14. God brings forth all things by this One Image, and in it: Coloss. 1. 16. In him were all things Created. The Devil is contrary to God in all this. He is that Son of God, which broken, and deform'd by his Fall from the First Unity; goes sull of monstrous Lustafter the Daughters of Men, dark, divided, stelly Images of the Creature. With these he mingles himself; so he brings forth himself and them into Gyantly shapes, and in a Brood of Gyants. Gyants, in Hebrew, signifie, Dead, Distracted, Prodigious Forms, as appearing from the shades below; or faln, and sunk thither.

Our Saviour calls this Spirit of Lust: Joh. 8. 45. The Father of Lyes: because he begets himself upon all things in base, spurious, and various Shapes. Solomon represents the Image of the Devil in Flesh, and this World, by a Whorish Woman; because she lusts after, and wanders thorow all the diversity of

divided Forms in the Devil.

3. Power, Covetousness. Pro. 30. 16. There are two things, that never say, enough: the Grave, and the Barren Womb. This Invisible Power is a Womb of Darkness, which takes in all things; but brings forth nothing. So the Darkness is never enlightned, but ever increased, made deeper and more devouring. This Spirit is the Invisible Grave, which draws all things into it. But then it crumbles them into Dust; it divides them from themselves. So the Principle of Division is sharpned, not satisfied: fretted to a greater wideness, not fill?d.

This is the Serpent feeding upon Dust; ever encompassing the Earth. This

is the Bottomless Pit.

4. Power, Pride. 'The Devil under this property is call'd Is. 14. 12. Lucifer, the Son of the Morning. He saith, v. 13. I will exalt my Throne above

the Stars of God. His ambition is to shine alone; and as he riseth to put out all other Lights by the Malignity of his appearance. He goes on: v. 13. I will sit upon the Mount of the Congregation, in the sides of the North. The appearance of our Lord Jesus in the double slame of Terror and Triumph: Consuming, and Crowning; is from the North: Eack, 1. 4. The Mount of the Congregation is Mount Sion, where the General Assembly, and Church or Congregation of the First-born are, Hebr, 12. 22, 23. This is the Mount lifted up above every Mountain: The Spirit exalted above every Spirit.

The Devil would feat himself upon this Mount in the place of Jesus Christ; to be, as he is, the Onely One. Yet he would have it with this difference; to be the top of the Mount, while the great Congregation sit, as the Clouds, under his Feet: to be a consuming Fire to all others; a Crowning Glory, only to him-

self.

God is the Heavenly Hierusalem, where all things are Fellow-citizens. The Devil is that Babel, which saith; I set alone as a Queen, Revel. 18. She thinks her self never Great, till she have swallowed up all her Companions; never Great enough, till she be Great alone. This is the difference between Pride,

and Plenty.

5. Power, Envy. This Power is a Reflection of Darkness and Division upon it felf, from the Sense of Beauty and Unity else-where. It is Mystically described, Revel. 20. 1. An Angel came down from Heaven with a Chain in one hand, a Key in the other, v. 2. He took hold of the Dragon, the old Serpent, and bound him up in the Bottomless Pit. Divine Wisdom is that Chain which reacheth from the Top of Heaven to the Center of the Earth; where at both ends, it meets, and is fastned in God. The several Ranks of things, the distinct Orders of Causes and effects are the Links of this Chain mutually enwrapping each other. The Key is a Divine Light, and Spiritual Power, which sastneth, or looseth, draws up, or lets down; waves this Chain, and every Link of it, at pleasure. The Angel represents our Lord Fesus.

When he brings forth this Glory from God to men; He by it takes such hold of that Power of envy in the Devil; that he makes him to sink himself deeper, lock himself up fast, into the Bottomless Pit, into his own dark and di-

viding Principle.

6. Power, Passion. Passion is a Rage kindled, and heightned by Resistance. It is said of the Devil, He hath great wrath, because he hath a short time, Revel. 12. 12. He is in that Chapter set before us, as a Dragon. A Dragon hath his upper part winged, like a Bird, that slies in the air: his lower parts Snaky, like a Serpent crawling on the Earth. So is Passion, partly rais'd to its own pitch, and height, there breathing slames, and sparkling sury: partly kept down, laid low in the Dust by opposition.

The Devil in this Power is, as Fire shut up in close matter, Earth, or Iron; where it burns with a Fierce and dismal Rednes. C 2 7. Power

7. Power, Enmity, or Despair. God is Eternal Life: The Devil is Eternal Death and Ruine: Apollyon, Abaddon: Revel. 9. 11. The Mystery of God is a Fellowship, Ephes. 3.9. The Mystery of the Devil is a Desolation: Es. 66.24.

Jesus Christ is a Brasen Serpent, listed up; a Glorious, Eternal Principle of Distinction, dividing between the nearest Forms, bringing each one forth to a naked Discovery in its own Property; and all in his own Divine Light. The Devil is a Fiery Serpent below on the Earth; a Dark, Furious Principle of Division, separating all Forms of things, setting each apart in its full Power, in the midst of his Hellish Flames.

These are the Seven Heads of that monstrous Half of the Devil's Image,

the Power of Division.

The Man in the Gospel posses'd by the Devil was a shadow of the Devil in this Twofold Shape of Darkness and Division. He was ever among the Tombs, tearing and rending his own sless. So this Distracted Spirit dwels in himself, as in a Living Tomb, into which he labours to draw all other things. He is perpetually dividing, and Tearing all things, but most of all himself.

Qu. I cannot pass from this Image, till I enquire how Man was brought forth in it. Our Saviour fully sets forth the Truth, and manner of this in one

word: Ye are of your Father the Devil, Joh. 8. 44.

We read in the Third of Genesis, of Two Seeds: The Seed of the Woman, who was the Image given by God to Man, out of himself, through Man; in which Image Man was to enjoy, and bring forth himself: The Seed of the Serpent. When God had brought forth Man from a Divine Seed into a beautiful, and bleffed Image: the Serpent sows his dark, and dividing seed in this Fair Field. He brings forth man the second time from this poysonous Seed into his own Image, in which he captivates the Image of God. Thus the Son of God is become the Son of the Devil.

The Spirit of lies and murthers by the Forbidden Tree, as by his own Image, begets the Woman into the Form of sin, and death: through the Woman

he begets Man in the same Principle and State.

Thus we see Man before his Conversion in the Image of the Devil.

3. Image of Divine Wrath. This is God in a Twofold appearance:

1. Fire.

2. Smoak.

1. Appearance, Fire. Who shall dwell with Everlasting Burnings: Est. 33. 14. The Nature of Fire is to work upon Confused things, to Separate them in their Distinctions; to gather them together in their Affinities. So the Fire in a Stick, makes the Fiery part to take its way by it self; while the Airy part vapours into Smoke; the Earthy falls down-ward into Dust; the Water weeps out at the ends of the Stick.

The Forms of things in Flesh lie hudled, and imprison'd one in another. God comes down upon the Creature in his Wrath, as in a Fire; to Consume that

dark

dark Band of Confusion, that Bar of division, the Flesh; to Dispose all things into their several Varieties; to Collect all things into their proper Unities, both

the Vailing, and the Vailed Forms.

2. Appearance, Smoak. So the Wrath of God is describ'd: Psal. 18. 8. A Smoak went up out of his Nostrils. Fuel by Smoak passeth into a Flame: the Flame again works itself into a Smoak, and so vanisheth. God, as a Smoak darkens the Glory of the Creature, and so draws it into the Fire. Again he carries it out of the Fire into a fine cloud of white Smoak, which disappears to appear again in the God-head. Thus the Smoak is God's clothing, as he goes into the Fire, as he comes out of it; both Ascending, and Descending. Yet withal the Smoak, and the Fire are mingled too.

Man stands Naturally in this Image of Wrath, as in his deepest Root, next the God-head in its naked being. Out of this he Springs, into this he Sinks. So St. Paul signifies, Ephes. 2. 3. And were by Nature the Children of Wrath, as well as others. We are the Children of this Three-fold Image; Nature;

Devil; Wrath; Subordinately.

God comes forth in an Image of Wrath. This brings forth Devils. These wrap themselves up in the Natural Seed, which first brings forth the Natural Image, then thorow that breaks forth into a Devil, out of which it grows up into a Form of Divine Anger. So the most Radical Principle puts forth itself last into appearance; as the Rational life in Man.

Thus much of the Three Images.

Application.

Use. Admonition. Let us take heed of Sin, for its Father's sake the Devil; and for its own. This Admonition will make its way into your Spirits; if from that, which hath been said, you seriously consider Two Things.

1. The Nature of the Devil. 2. The Nature of Sin.

1. The Nature of the Devil. Behold in this, as in a Glass, Four unlovely Spectacles:

Solitude.
 Horrour.
 Ugliness.

1. Spectacle, Solitude. As a high and dreadful Cliff upon some dangerous Shoar: such a Solitude is the Devil I, saith he will be like the most High: as high as he; but with this difference: God is above all, and in all: The Devil would be above all, and without all: God is such a Height, as is all in all: The Devil would be all alone: God is alone, but so, as that he is One with all Things: The Devil would be alone, but as a Precipice broken off from all things.

As the Mouth of a Burning Mountain, which wasts all things round about it, and makes the neighbouring Circuit a wide Desolation: such a Solitude is the Devil, Revel. 12. He is represented, as a Dragon ready to devour the Manchild, so soon, as he is born. As a Dragon in his lonely Den, the Country a Wilderness all about: So is this Fiery Spirit eager to consume all appearances of Life, and God upon their first discovery.

As the Night, which entombs all things in it felf, and makes the richest variety of Shapes, but one Lonely shade: such a Solitude is the Devil.

Confider this, all ye who cleave to the Noise, Glories, Pleasures of this world, and leave your God, least you should be Melancholy: See, and tremble to see into what a Melancholy Shade, what a solitude your souls pass, when you die.

2. Spectacle, Horrour. Imagine a world, where over your head instead of a Sky, black, pitchy Clouds perpetually roul, not suffering any Glimpse of Light, or Day ever to appear: under your feet, instead of Land, or Sea, a vast, amazing depth, which no where by nothing bounds your sight, or thought: round about you, a Desolate Darkness, presenting near, and at furthest distance, all those Forms, which are bred in the womb of darkness, and carry an astonishing darkness with them to the Senses, and Spirits of Men; like apparitions, Lightnings, Shrieks, dying Groans, roaring Tempests, Howling of wild Beasts; to a man alone in a Forrest at Midnight. Such a world of Horrours is this Evil Spirit. Therefore he is set forth by the Outward Darkness, where the Worm dies not: a Darkness without Light or Limit, in which all gnawing Forms of Horrour live. Let him, that hates not that world of Curses, love this world of Vanities, For the Vanities of one are the Porch to the Vexations of the other.

3. Spectacle, Torture. Every Wound is a Division. What are Fears, Pains, Griefs, Death? Separations of Desires from their Delights, Faculties from their Objects, Principles from their Act, End, Perfection; in a word, Things from Themselves. All Deaths and Tortures then are in the Devil, at their heighth, in their fullest Power. For he is the Principle, and Power of Division.

The Life of this Mighty Creature is a Two-edged, Flaming Sword in the midst of itself. Each Act, and Motion of life is the Brandishing of this Sword, Cutting and Burning in every Part, and point of life with ten thousand Anguishes.

4. Spectacle, Ugliness. Deformity is Darkness with a Disproportion. Darkness in harmony with Light makes a Beauty. So the Evening and the Morning make a Day. So the Night, and sleep are the shade of an Angel's wing, drop-

ping sweet sleep, and rest on Men.

Proportion is a Kind, and Image of Unity. Disproportion is a Division without any form of Unity. Where this Division, and Darkness first meet, there is the Center of Ugliness, the Fountain of ugly things. This is the Babel, where Zimm and Ijim dwell, Unclean Birds; Forms dry without any beautiful Water; desolate, no pleasant plant of Life, putting forth it self there; irksome, and hateful, being surrounded with a rude Darkness, like rocky, uncouth Islands in a Tempestuous Sea; or Screech-Owles in a Melancholy Night.

These are the Four Spectacles of dread, & death, in the Nature of the Devil: Salunde, Herrour: Torture, and Ugliness. Now make up these Four into One, let that One be a Living Spirit of greatest Activity, and Capacity: This

is the Devil, the Bottomless Pit of Things; the Unpassable Gulf, which divides

Heaven from Hell. This is the Father of Sin, and Sinners.

Now before you commit a Sin, propound this Question to your selves: Can I eternally wander in a Darkness, where I shall never meet Companion or Comfort? Can I make everlasting Clouds my Canopy? Can I lie under these at Rest? Can I sleep sweetly over an unknown, roaring Deep? Can I imbrace Fire, feed on Poysons, drink down 'Tortures, like Water? Can I make those hateful Shapes, at which, when they appear, the stoutest men grow sliff with horrour, and feel their hair to stand on end upon their heads? Can I make these ghastly, dismal things my Play-fellows?

If you can do all this, then go, fin freely. But if these be Terrours above Man, to bear : take heed, and start at a Lust, more than you would at a Ghost, for these are but weak Types of those Tormenting Truths, which Sinners must try below. For, as God makes Heaven; so the Devil is the Hell, into him do

all polluted Souls descend; they dwell, not only with, but in Him.

Obj. Why should any doubt, whether there be a Devil. But alass! who believes him to be any thing besides a Scar-crow; except Children, or weak and

Superstitious Spirits?

Answ. Yet, you that thus reason, ask those Principles, that govern you: Do not Sense and Reason shew, that all things have their Roots, out of which they rise? Are there not such things, as Follies, Filths, and Furies spread through the World? Are they not, if not the All, yet the Greatest part of the world? Can these be, and no Spring be, in which they are United, and at their Height? This Spring is this Spirit, which we call the Devil. This is that untam'd Sea, of which Job speaks. Job. 7.12. Am I a Sea, or Whale, that thou thus breakest me?

What pity then is it to see Millions of men go with merry dalliance down the streams of sleshly delights; and at the same time to see that Cloudy Sea of Horrours, into which they are within a few moments delivered by these streams?

If every thing make hast to its own Principle, and Element; Fire to the upper Circle; Earth to its Center below: If it be Natural for every Plant to bring forth its own Seed: then sure, it cannot be, but that each guilty Soul should sink downward to the Element of Woe, and Horrours, the Center of Darkness: then sure, every Sin must at last bring forth a Devil.

You that love your lusts, more than your God, learn from your Bodies, the state determin'd upon your Souls. Your Bodies are Dust, and to Dust they must return. Your defiled Spirits are of their Father the Devil, and to him they must again go, when they leave this World. This is the first consideration to

preserve us from Sin: The Nature of the Devil.

2. The Nature of Sin. We read no where of Mary Magdalen, that she was Posses's d according to the common acceptation of that word. We read, that she was a Simmer, eminently, absolutely, without restraint, as if she, who is

1:415-

said to have been an Hostes, had been an Inne to all Sins. Yet she is thus describ'd: Mark. 16. 9. Mary Magdalen, out of whom he had cast Seven Devils. All Sins are rankt under Seven Heads. These are the Seven Powers of Evil, in the Devil; which are, as so many Devils there. These are the Unclean Spirits, which go forth from the Mouth of the Dragon into the breasts of all the Sons and Daughters of Adam. Fly then from a Sin; for 'tis a Devil. Fly from the sweetest Temptations. They may look like Angels: but they are the Devil's Angels, the most immediate Emanations or Images from that foul Principle.

Qu. But you will say; What is Sin? How shall I know it? That I may sly from it.

Ans. You may know it by the Image, it bears. Whatever you meet with
like a Devil any where, that's a Sin. Wherever you see the Cloven Foot of
Division, or the Horned head of Darkness; sly, and cry: an Apparition from

Hell.

Take then Two Rules, which measure out every Sin.

Rule 1. Every choice of an Act or Object, that draws you down, out of the Light of God; is Sin. In the Light of God, we worship and love the Supream Beauty; we possess the most perfect, and purest Pleasures; we grow up into the Divine Image, which continually appears to us; we have all our Faculties still'd, enlarg'd to a Freedom, an Infiniteness. When we leave this Light, we fall down before Idols, empty Shows of Beauty; so we become Idolaters, and Adulterers; we mingle our selves with mixt Pleasures, Dark Delights; so we pollute our selves: we are transform'd into every base, inferiour Image, with which we converse: Our Souls are imprison'd in low, and narrow Objects, where they beat themselves against the walls of their Prison into perpetual vexations.

Such are the Loves, Lust, Ambitions, Entertainments of this World. The Love of the World is Enmity with the Father: Ja. 4. 4. He that casts his eye down upon the Earth, must necessarily take it off from Heaven. He that sets his Face, as if he would go into the Embraces of Vanity; must have his back upon the Eternal Glory.

Rule 2. The Divided enjoyment of any particular Image apart from the Image of God; is Sin. God is one. The Image of God is that, in which all things are United. He that takes any Piece out of this Image, he breaks the

Unity, he makes a Wound, to let in Death, and Ruine.

This makes Fleshly Lusts, Sins. Man and woman are each to other, the Image of God, which is One. When therefore they rest not in the bosom of One A-

nother, they commit the Sin of the Devil, in a Type.

St. Jude makes the Lustful Sin of Sodom an exemplar Copy of the Sin of Angels: Jude 6.7. The Angels kept not their first state, but left their own habitation, &c. Even as Sodom and Gomorrah, in like manner, giving themselves

over to Fornication, and going after strange (divers, erees Flesh, &c. The Sin of Devils was a Spiritual Whoredom, in which they dissolved the Unity of the Divine Image, and fell into a Diversity of divided Images, as into a deep Pit.

Both are join'd together in Solomon. At once he multiplyed Wives, and Idols. A Converse with the Creatures in Diverse Princ iples and Images is, as the Familiarity of a Man with many Women. Fleshly Lust is the proper Image, and Fruitfulness of the Devil, by which he brings forth himself into this Visible World most Naturally, and therefore most Potently, most Plentifully.

Obi. But you will fay; may we not enjoy the delights of the Creature,

which is an Inferiour Image?

Ans. Yes, as a Man may have a Conversation with many Women, so that he break not the Marriage-Union. Thy Fountain must be thine own. All delights abroad must be, as Streams of this Fountain, not divided Springs. All other Images must be onely Reflections of this One, & concentred in it.

Please thy self to the full with every Content. Only let it be no Cleud to cut off: but a Christal to take in the Divine Glory, that this may shine, and

flame in them.

Use 2. Consolation. Wretched Man! What wilt thou do? Hell is sown in thy Nature. This is the Paradise, which is planted in thee; all manner of loathsom, bitter, venemous deadly Plants. The Sap of these is the Life of thy Spirit: the Fruit of these the Food of thy Life. What shall deliver thee? Shall Time? No: As Nature puts forth itself in thee, so these Trees of baleful Woe grow up. What shall reskue thee from them? Shall Death? No: When thou puttest off this Natural Image, thou must then be transform'd into these Invisible Plants, to be everlastingly inclosed in them, to have one Root, one Stock, one Sap, one Fruit for ever with them, that is, with Devils.

Is there then no Help? There is. behold, God descends to be thy Saviour.

He comes by a Two-fold Step, and brings Salvation into thy Bosom.

1. Step. God comes into our Nature, as the Root of each fingle Person. Here he becomes our Jesus, making himself a New Seed. Out of this Seed he brings forth a New Image of Divinity, by which he breaks thorow the Image of the Devil, and Nature, brings forth Man out of them, brings them into subjection to this growing Beauty. As the Fuel is dissolved into Smoak, and the Smoak again breaks up into Flame: So the Image of the Devil riseth up out of the Image of Nature, shaking that to Dust, as it riseth: The Image of God again, sprouts forth in the midst of the Devils Image, First spoiling, then Triumphing over, and in both.

2. Step. God thorow Nature, as the Root, grows up into fingle Persons, as the Branches. Then, as the shades of Night siie away before the Ascending Day; so, as this Divine Seed our Jesus sends forth itself in an Image of Beauty

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thorow our Souls; the Image of Darkness and Death links down into its own

Place, and Principle.

Love this Jesus then. You will love Him, when He shall do this. And He that shall do it, will do it. He is the Root and Branch. He is a Root, which holds every other Root of Pollution and Perplexity, &c. He will grow up thorow them the Last of All. He is the Branch, that is imprison'd in every other Branch of Death, and Hell, which will at last spread forth itself over All; if thou wait for it. As the Head of the Devil is Enmity and Despair: so the Lord Jesus is an Eternal Root of Hope, and Love.

State, That to which the Change is made in our Conversion. This is Three-fold.
 The Inward State in Nature.
 The Spiritual State, in Christ.

3. The Divine State, in God.

1. The Inward State, in Nature. The Change is for the most part, at first, a Conversion, or Introversion into this State. This needs a Three-fold Explication.

I. Explication. The Inward State, in Nature as it is in itself. Man is naturally the Off-spring of God, Act. 17. 28. We are all his Off-spring. God hath an Inward Glory, and Outward Cloathing. The Scripture speaks of both these, Hebr. 1. It saith of One, v. 8. Thy Throne, O God, is for ever, and ever. It saith of the Other, v. 10. Thou hast laid the Foundations of the Earth: the Heavens are the Work of thine hands, v. 12. Thou foldest them up, as a Garment, and they are changed. God over-spread his Outward Cloathing with his Inward Glory. he possessed both his Person, and his Vesture in One Fountain of Life.

So both become to him One Life and Beauty.

Man is in Nature the Olf-Spring, and Resemblance of God. So Man also in his Natural State is composed of a Twofold Image, the one Inward, the other Outward; the one the Image of God in Man, the other of the Creature. While man stood in Innocency, he abode in the Inward Image, as his Center: in that he Comprehended, and Commanded the Image of the Creature. The Image of God was Eden, the Fountain of pleasures within, from thence a River went forth watering the Image of the Creature, and making that a Paradise. All things were Trees in this Paradise, good for food, and pleasant to the Eye: Trees of perpetual Youth, Beauty, Pleasure to Man, Man was scated in this Inward Image, as on his Throne, from which he commanded, and changed all the Creatures into divers Shapes of Delight, at pleasure. This is the First Explication.

2. Explication: The Departure of Man out of this Inward State. When Man fell, he went forth from his Inward Glory, into the Outward Image, this is fignified, Gen. 3. by the Woman yielding her felf over to the Will of the Serpent: and the Man giving himself up to the Will of the Woman. So it was true of Man, what is said of the Devils, Jude 6. He left his First Estate, and his Proper Habitation. Now he lived wholly in the Out-forms of things which

he broke off from the *Inward Image*, and so made them all an *Image* of Vanity, Darkness, and Death; keeping the Image of God *imprisoned* in this Outward Image, which suffered it not to put forth itself, or appear.

St. Paul expresset this Departure, as the Root of all Sin, Rom. 1. 18. All wickedness is there sum'd up in this: Detaining the Truth of God in Unrighteousness. That is, keeping down the Image of God, and True Glory, in a cor-

rupt, and false Image.

3. Explication. The return of Man into this Image, Man hunting, and hunted thorow the exteriour face of things, finds neither his defired Prey, nor Rest. Poor Man! oppressed with cares and forrows, he sinks down by a sad Retirement to the bottom of his own Spirit. There he happily falls into the bosom of the Divine Image, which lay buried under the Ruines of his Soul. Here he catcheth some Glimpses of Immortal beauty, some Tasts of a high delight, some sense of a true Rest. Now he loaths the Empty, Tedious, Tormenting Follies of this Outer World.

David experimented this in himself, Psal. 16. 7. My Reins instruct me in the Night-season. When a Night of nature, or melancholy takes away these sensual forms of things from us, or makes them a Torture to us: then this Hidden Image from the retired Principles of Nature, from the secret of our souls, puts up itself before us, draws us down into itself, makes its own Impressions upon us; Impressions which have another manner of Light, Strength, Sweetness in

them

Now the Soul cries out in the language of Cain, to a sweeter purpose: How have I been a Fugitive, and a Vagabond upon the Earth, while I have been driven out from thy Face, and Presence, and thou beautiful Image of things! Come, lock me up inthine Embraces, that I may never go forth more into that Outward Court of things, which is troden down by the Feet of Lusts, and Confusions. Or if I must go forth again; O that I might carry thee forth with me, as my Brother, that suckt the breasts of my Mother-Nature. I would kis thee, and I should not be despised. I would enjoy perpetual pleasures in thee; and no shame, but strength, and glory should rest upon me.

This is the First Change into the Inward State, in Nature.

2. The Spiritual State, in Christ. The Change to this State we are to confider in Three Parts.

1. The Preparation in Man. 2. The Spiritual State. 3. The Passage of Man into it.

1. Part. The Preparation in Man to this Spiritual State. Man pursued by Griefs from without, retired into the Inward Image, the Recess of Nature, as David into his Cave, meeteth with a fresh, unexpected view of Beauties here. Now he is refresh't, now he comes to himself. Now he begins to raise himself, and say, as Samuel did, when the eldest Son of Fesse was presented to him:

D 2 Behold

Behold the Annointed of God is before me. Surely this is no other, than the Gate

of Heaven.

But after a little Tryal, Man finds this to be, but a Natural Image of God, an Earthly Paradise only, which so soon as it puts forth is ready so soon to disappear again. He finds it too weak to raise itself clearly from the bottom of those Waters of Vanity, Sin and Trouble, which have over-slown, and over-whelm'd it. He perceives it too slight to satisfie him.' Tis an Intimation of true joys, rather than the Joys themselves. 'Tis a fair Invitation, no full Entertainment.

Mans joys and hopes here prove to him like the Seed fown in Rocky Ground; which springs up suddenly, but suddenly withers, when once the Sun, the

Tempting Glories, or Scorching Furies of this World beat upon it.

Now the Soul is, as Mary Magdalen at the Grave of her Saviour; She looks into her Heart for this Image but finds that gone, and her heart, as an empty Grave. Then she cries; O my God; who hath taken these Comforts away? I thought, that these should have delivered me, and dwelt for ever with me. But wipe away thy Tears, distressed Soul. As Jesus carryed away his Natural body from Mary, to bring it again a Spiritual body: So thy God hath withdrawn this Natural Image of divine joyes in thy Spirit; but he will restore, and bring it into thy soul again a Spiritual Image.

St. Paul gives thee this Consolation, Rom. 8. 3, 4. What the Law could not do, being weak thorow the flesh. &c. That the Righteousness of the Law might be fulfill din us, who walk not after the flesh, but after the Spirit. The weakness of Natures Inward Image prepares the Spirit of Man for the Spiritual State of

things.

2. Part: The Spiritual State itself. The Prophet represents this in a Promise. Joel 2. 28. I will pour forth my Spirit upon all Flesh. Three things are here to be explained.

1. The Spirit. 2. Flesh. 3. Effusion, or Pouring forth of Spirit upon Flesh.

1. The Spirit is the Unity of things: Ephel. 4. 3. The Unity of the Spirit. Unity is appropriated to the Spirit. This Spirit is the most High God. For he is the First, Supream, only Unity: Gal. 3. 20. God is One. God, eminently, and exclusively, is One. This Spirit, the Unity is the Fountain, and Life of Things. All sorts of Life, all Beauty every where are Images of this Self-comprehending, Al-comprehending Unity. This is the Spirit.

2. Flesh. Flesh, and Spirit differ, as Unity, and Division; or which is the same, as Life, and Death: Rom. 8. 6. To be Carnally-minded is Death: to be Spiritually-minded is Life, and Peace. Life is the Unity of Things, in which they

Contain themselves. Death is the Division of Things from themselves.

Flesh is all Divided Forms of things in the Creature according, to the language of the Scripture. The Scripture in this sense reckons Angels, and Souls of Men, as Fleshly things. Though Angels are the most United Things, the

First Unities, or Springs in the Creature; and so Spirits. Yet they compared

with God are Compounded, and Divided Things, and fo fleshly.

St. Peter thus sums up under the name of Flesh, all things, that have a Principle of Division in them, by which they are cut off from their own Beauty or Being; by which they fade, and fall away. This is Flesh.

3. The Effusion, or Pouring forth of the Spirit upon Flesh. This fignifies

Three things.

1. The Spirit nakedly sustaining the Creature, as its Immediate Root, and Principle. So the Spirit is a Spring pouring itself forth into Flesh, as it's Channel.

2. The Spirit filling the Fleshly form with its Waters, with its clear and fresh

Streams, the workings of its own Life.

3. The Spirit planting its own Image upon each Created Image; clothing and

overflowing it with its own Appearances.

Thus St. Paul expresset the Effusions, the Overstowings of the Spirit, Rom. 8. 6. To be Spiritually-minded is Life, and Peace. To be Spiritually-minded is to see Things, as they are in their Spiritual State. In this State all things have a Twosold Representation.

1. Represent Life, true Life, without any mixture of Death. Every Sight here is Life. For all things are seen; as growing up out of this Life-Principle, the Spirit; and Themselves, as Powers of this Life displaying themselves, and

working in themselves.

2. Represent Peace. This is the Efficacy of that Life, in the Harmony of an

Inward Sweetness, an Outward Beauty.

Thus this Spiritual State brings forth to Light again in itself, the Inward Image of God, in Nature, For it shews all Fleshly Forms, being yet Fleshly, and yet Harmonious Images of the Supream Unity, or Beauty. But it brings forth this Natural Image with this Twofold Advantage. 1. It formerly grew upon a Natural Principle, and so was subject to Decay. Now it is rooted in this Immortal Spirit, and so becomes Immortal. 2. It was in Nature an Image only Now it is an Image, and a Glass. It doth not only Represent the Glories of the Spirit by an empty Show: but it sets them before you as Present in their proper substances, and so shining thorow it.

Thus we have gone thorow the Second Part in this Head; and feen the Spiri-

tual State in itself.

3. Part: The Passage of Man into this Spiritual State. When the Soul is taught by her Experience, and her God; that the Secret Delights of the Natural Image are for a Repast only, not a Repose; that in the strength of these; as Eliah's food, brought by Angels, she is to travel thorow a Wilderness, the Ruines of Nature, with all its Principles, and Images; till she comes to the Mount of God: Then she takes up a resolution; to stay no longer in this Field of Swine with the Swine; but to make hast to her Fathers House, where every

11 271 76

When God hath secretly instructed the Soul thus to resolve, he as a tender-hearted Father meets her in the beginning of these resolutions, falls upon her neck, and kisseth her. God shews himself in the Soul, gives her sweet Testimonies of his Love, carries her further off from the Outward Image, carries her thorow the most retired Principles of Nature beyond, and above them, into this Spiritual Principle, and State, which is the Spirit of Christ; where God and the Creature are United; where the Spirit is, as Water; the Flesh as a flourishing Earth standing in that Water, and out of it; being continually fed, con-

As facob at the fight of the Waggons, which came from Joseph; so this Soul now revives, she begins to be her self, and to live again, as after a long Trance, or Death. She looks about, and sees her self at home, she perceives her self in that Spirit; in which she came forth from God; in which she sees the Face of God again; by which she is affured to be carryed on to the full and eternal

enjoyment of her God, and Father.

tinually made Fruitful, and Beautiful by it.

Now, saith the Soul; I have enough; I have not only seen the Face of my God; but He hath made me to see His Seeds also; the Face of each Object, as the Face of an Angel of God. Now let me die; that I entirely in my Body, and whole Soul may be call'd home from my Banishment into this remote part of Things, the Out-side of Nature. Now let me die in Peace, with this Spiritual Image in my Embraces, this Sense of Joys, and Glories in my Heart. Let me ever abide here, O my God! never to go firth more from this Inner Chamber of the Great King into the Tumultuous street of my senses, or sensual Reason. O that this Spiritual State so full of ravishing Sights, which like the Sheet full of all living Creatures before Peter, is now let down out of Heaven into my Soul; O! that it might never be drawn up again; until it take me also up with it into Heaven.

I have finisht the Second State of our Change at our Conversion: The Spiri-

tual State, in Christ, I pass to the Third,

3. The Divine State of things, in God. As Christ is the way to God. So the Divine State is the Spiritual State made Perfect. The Soul having been a while taught in the Bosom of Christ, begins to grow up to a fuller sense of God, in a more naked, abstracted, absolute, and comprehensive manner. Now she begins to put off all, that ever she put on, that God may be her only Clothing. She begins to think it not enough to live and walk in the Spirit of God; except she be One Spirit with Christ, and God. She perceives some dark glimpse of that, which is meant, I Cor. 13. 12. To Know, as we are Known; that is, in patria, at home in God, Comprehensively, by being Comprehended in God, and so Comprehending him again.

The Soul in the glimmering Light of this State brought forth in her Flesh, as a small Candle in a dark Lanthorn, or faint twinklings of a Star in a Cloud;

the Soul rudely descries a difference between making the Creature the Glass, thorow which we see God, and having the Godhead for the Glass, placing itself next our Eye, and discovering all the Creatures in itself, this the Soul climbs up towards, this makes her long for Heaven, that she may enjoy this

Beatifical Vision clearly, uncas'd of Flesh.

The imperfectest Beginnings, and rudest Hints of this State in the Soul are to the other State; as Honey, and Wine, to Milk. They melt the Spirit of Man to a Transcendent Sweetness, and heighten it to a Triumphant Strength. As Jesus Christ saith of God out of the Psalmist, Psal. 82. 16. He saith of those to whom the word of God came: I have said: Ye are Gods. Joh. 10. 35. So saith the Soul to all things, as she looks upon them in this Divine State. Ye are God-like Appearances, rising up out of God, and abiding in him.

Saul cries, 1 Sam. 28. 13. I fee Gods ascending up out of the Earth. But this Soul in this Divine Principle sees God Himself with the whole Troop of the Sons of God, God-like Forms ascending out of every Point of the Earth,

and the lowest parts of things.

Use. Conviction. Consider with thy self after this manner, Am I Chang'd? If I be not, I stand in the Circle of Vanity, Darkness, and Woe. I am gone forth from my Center, outward, into a Waste Wilderness, whither no clear Line of Light, or Life stretcheth itself; where are no Sparks of peace, or joy, which are not scattered into wild Distractions, torn in pieces and devoured by Consusion.

Am I still wandering in this World? I am already upon the very Brink, and Precipice of Things. Whither do I wander? Whither shall I fall, when I die? Is there yet any thing beyond this World, further from God, and Good-

ness, besides the Place of Devils.

There are Four Discoveries of a Chang'd, or Unchang'd State.

1. Discovery. Have I seen a Resurrection in my self. Our Conversion is made the same thing with the Resurrection of our Saviour, Coloss. 3. 1. If ye berisen with Christ. When Jesus rose again, He returned to that Glory, which He had with God, before he was in Flesh. His Resurrection was a Return not to that Life, which he had in the World; this was part of his Death: but to that Life, which he had before This among Earthly Men. So when we Turn to God, we Return truly to our selves. We perceive our Selves now to be our Selves, and all below this, to have been a Shadow of us, or a Disguise upon us.

The Conversion of Man is call'd an Awakening, Ephes. 5. 14. Awake thou, that sleepest: stand up from the Dead. My God is a Light, in which all Things are seen ever, as they were from the Beginning. My Jesus is a Life, in which all things are the same Yesterday, before the World, as they shall be to Morrow, and for ever. My Soul! Art thou awakened into the Light, the Life of thy God, thy Jesus? If thou art, what seest thou? Thou scelt thy true, and

Substantial.

fubstantial Being, thy proper Person appearing; thou seest all things in their first Principle, in their right state; thou seest every Inseriour Person, which thou hast been cloth'd with, and each Lower State of Things, in which thou hast acted any Part, as Dreams of a sleeping Man in the Night, out of which he awakens the same, that he was, when first he lay down, and they vanish, as Airy Images.

The Gospel declares the Mystery, that was hid in God from the beginning of the World, Ephes. 3. 9. It you have not beheld present things, things to come, Heaven, Glory, your future State; as it was in the Mystery of God from Eternity: you are still buried under the Ruines of this Consused World, beneath which

that Miftery lies hid.

2. Discovery. Can I tell the Difference between Flesh, and Spirit? A Converted, and a Regenerate Condition are thus distinguish by Walking in Flesh, or Spirit, Rom. 8. 4. The Eye guides the Feet. How can I walk after One, and not the Other, if I know not, how One differs from the Other. The Light shined in Darkness, but the Darkness comprehended it not. The Flesh is the Darkness, which understands neither the Spirit, nor itself, The Spirit is the Light, in which

both are understood, and discern'd.

Say thus to thy Heart: My Heart! Canst thou tell a way to possessall Things in one point, in a Unity of Life? Hast thou lookt on all Things at once, and seen them in a Harmony of Beauty? Hast thou taken in the Tunes and Motions of all Things Created and Uncreated in a Concent of Pleasures? Didst thou ever yet descry a glorious Eternity in each winged Moment of Time; a Bright Infinitency in the narrow points of every dark Object? Then thou knowest what the Spirit means, that Spire-top of Things, whither all ascend harmoniously, where they meet, and sit together recellected, and concentred in an Unsathom'd Depth of Glorious Life. From hence thou lookest down, and seestall Flesh, as a heap of Single Dusts; Dark, though falling from the midst of a bright Flame; Devided, though laid together.

He that knows no Spirit, but that which breaths thorow Flesh, and feeds on the Air. He that understands the highest Spirit, but as a Fleshly Fancy exalted; is yet Flesh, condemn'd like Nebucchadnezzar to graze on the fading Field of Flesh, till he know, this Flesh to be that Darkness, which covers all Truth; and the most high Spiris, to be the only Light, which discovers all

things, and itself.

3. Discovery. Have I seen a Night upon this World? One Day passeth not away for another to succeed, except a Night come between. My soul is not yet born again out of the Light of this World into the Day of Christ, if she hath not gone thorow a Night, a Night of Eternal Darkness upon all Earthly Contents. Thou canst not look down upon Fleshly Things with a Delight, from the Torone of Christ; except thou hast lookt upon them, as a Prospect of Horrour; from the Cross of Christ.

Jesus Christ threatens Jezabel, and her Companions, to throw her into a Bed, and great Tribulation: Revel. 2. 22. He never comes into the Bed of Eternal Repose with Jesus Christ, as his Spouse; that hath not been in a Bed of afflictions, and Flames, with his Jezabel the Flesh.

4. Discovery. Have I tasted the Sweetness of a Life within, in my own Spirit? Hast thou not made a Retreat into thine own Depths? Hast thou not seen the Beauties, that shine in this Glass? Then art thou far from the Depths of the Divine Spirit, and the Glories that disclose themselves in that Glass."

Solomon tells us, Prov. 20. 27. That the Spirit of Man is the Candle of the Lord in his Bowels: if the Spirit of Man within be but a Candle; what then is this Sensual State without? Neither Life, nor Death; nor Light, nor Darkness: but Shadows of Life, and Death between both. But who can think he hath receiv'd the Beams of the Sun, when yet he hath not seen a Candles Light?

We read of a Strumpet, Prov. 7. 11, 12. That her Feet abide not in the house; but she loves to be abroad. While the Feet, the Affections of our Souls are ever gadding and our eyes gazing in the broad ways of Sense; while they love not to dwell in the Habitation of their own Spirits: they make themselves

Strumpets to every unclean Spirit.

I have ended the First Head of this Doctrine, the Conversion, or Change it self. I am now to pass to the Second, the Circumstances of this Change.

2. Part: The Circumstances of the Change. These are Two.

1. Circumstance: A Universal Motion in all the Passions.

2. Circumstance: A General Alteration in Practice.

1. Crounstance: A Universal Motion in all the Passions. These are moved at the time of our Conversion, for the most part, in this Threefold Order.

 1. Order.
 2. Order.
 3. Order.

 1. Grief.
 1. Hope.
 1. Love.

 2. Shame.
 2. Defire.
 2. Hatred.

 3. Fear.
 3. Rage.

1. Order of Passions in our Change.

up all men after me. This he spake, signifying, by what Death he should die. The Explication of the Exaltation, the lifting up, the drawing up, is Death. The Lord fisus was lifted up to Glory by Death. He draws up all men to himself, and Immortality, by Death. Grief is the Souls Death. God by this for the most part begins to draw us up, out of Sin, and Flesh to himself, and eternal joys.

Grief naturally is the Sense of some Great, and Present Evil oppressing the Soul. Grief Spiritually is the Sense of some Great, and Present Evil oppressing

the Soul, and pressing it thorow itself into the lap of the Godhead.

Psal. 119. 67. David communicates his Experience: Before I was af-E flitted, flisted, I went aftray: but now I keep thy Commandments. The word afflisted fignifies to be brought low, or down. When the Soul gone forth into the midst of the Creatures is arrived at the utmost point of one Contrary, then it begins to return towards the other: as the Sun first turns itself towards us again at Midnight. The utmost Point of a worldly life in Sin, and Vanity, is Grief, or Torment taking away all our Rest. The Soul hurried hither by the Torrent of her lusts, here begins to look, and move towards God. So the Grave of our joys, our Grief becomes a Womb bringing us forth to a Spiritual life.

Pfal. 40. 2. David speaks of God, and himself: He hath drawn me up out of the Horrible Pit, and Dirty Clay. This world hath a Root of Darkness, which bears for a Flower the Images of Light. When the Spirit of Man lives upon, and makes itself One with these Imaginary Pleasures; they quickly sade: So both together sink down into their Root, where they are swallowed up in a melancholy darkness. Here the Vanities, which before were Light, now grow heavy, weighing down the Soul. Here all her former Contents meet her again, as Parts, and Powers of this Darkness. That, which was before beautiful Clay, soft Clay, easie to any Impression of Desire, is now stiff, and dirty Clay, holding the feet of the Soul sast in the bottom of this Horrible Pit.

Now God takes hold of us thus low, thus lost, and draws us upward. So

our Change begins in Grief.

2. Passion: Shame. Est. 6. 11, 12, 13. Shame ariseth from a Mixt sense of Light, and Darkness; Good, and Evil; Beauty, and Deformity. It is a mixt Passion of Grief, Anger, Fear. As when the Light, and Day first fink into Night, and Darkness in the Evening; or first ascend out of these in the Morning, the Sky looks red: So the Soul blusheth in the midst of her Sins, and is askamed, when God first dawnes upon her, and begins to draw near to her.

Ezek. 43. 10. Son of man, shew them the House that they may be ashamed of all their Iniquities, and let them measure the Pattern. Shame is a Reflection of foul, and hateful Deformities, made upon our Spirits by the Light of Beauty, Goodness, God shining forth upon them. Shame is the Divine Glory glowing thorow our Darkness, and Filth; before yet it is broken forth into a clear Flame to scatter, and consume them.

God saith to Fesus Christ, of man: Son, go and shew thy self to him, as the Image, in which he was made, in which he should have lived. So let him be assumed of that dark, narrow, vile, brutish Image, in which he walks. Let him

take measure by Thee, as his Original and Pattern.

3. Passion: Fear. As Grief awakens Shame, so Shame rowseth Fear out of its Den. Psal. 119. 120. David cries out: My Flesh trembleth because of Thee: I am asraid of thy Judgments. Fear is the Commotion of the Soul, upon the sense of some approaching Evil. As the Sea trembles before a Storm: So at

the fign of God's breaking forth upon the Soul, the fleshly part trembles, and shakes before its fall.

The Man himself is afraid of the Judgments of God; the ways of God with the Creature. The Devils at the Presence of Christ seared two Things:

1. A Banishment from off the Face of the Earth.

2. A Confinement to the Lower-most parts of the Earth. Such now is the Fear of a Man, less the should be call'd off from his Carnal Contents, and cast down into the Straitness, and Horrour of his Carnal Principles.

He discourseth with himself thus: Must not I, who have lived in Flesh, now be separated from all the delights of Flesh, and be shut up in the Darkness of it? Must I not abide there, till I have pass d thorow the Fire, and endur'd the Consumption of all that which is Corruptible in me? The longer I live in the Flesh, will not

the Fire be the stronger?

Thus Fear becomes a Spur in the side of the Spirit to increase her speed out of the World, to God. This is the First Order of Passions: Grief, Shame, Fear.

2. Order of Passions.

I hope: It is the mercies of the Lord, that we are not consumed. Hope is the Springing of the Soul towards good, or God, first dawning upon it, and dispensing Himself to it. Fereny, was all before wrapt up in Sorrows, Despairs, Death: Now one single Beam of Hope, and that a small one, glimmers in his Soul: It is the mercies of the Lord, that we are not consumed. Yet this lights him into

fresh Fields of Contemplations, and Consolations in God.

There is Mercy with thee, that thou mayst be feared: saith the Scripture to God. When Fear affrights the fainting Soul from God: Hope invites it to entertain that Fear. Fear saith: The Presence of God will take away thy Natural Strength, and Joy. Hope answers: I shall find a better Strength, and Joy in God. Fear goes on: The Glory of God will be, as a Fire in thee. Hope replies: This Fire will be a Glory to me. Fear still urgeth: Canst thou by down with Everlisting Burnings? Hope concludes: I shall have everlasting Arms beneath me. So the Soul casts her self into these Arms to be carried, whithersoever they will bear her.

2. Passion: Desire. 2 Sam. 7. 27. David thus conveys his Desires to God: Because thou O Lord, hast revealed it to thy Servant concerning his House: therefore hath he found in his heart to pray this prayer. Hope is the Conception of Blessedness. Desire is the Teeming, the Breeding, Bearing, and Growing hig with it, till it be brought forth. The Vestal Virgins first kindled their Spark by a Beam: then they from that Spark kept a continual Flame upon their Altar. So the Revelation of God in Man is the Foundation of Hope: Hope the Fountain of Desires, which grow into great Streams, and so pour forth themselves into their Sea, into God again.

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The Defires of a New Convert, when once they are kindled, increase suddenly to a mighty Flame. For they are proportion'd by Two things: The Good, at which he aims: The Evil, from which he slies. Defires here are the Attractions of the highest Good, the most high God: backed by the Impressions of the greatest Evils, Sin, Death, Devils. As one draws; the Other drive. The Soul sees God before her opening a World of new Hopes, and Delights. She sees Lusts and Furies behind her, labouring to overtake her, and hold her back from those fresh Glories, which are now in her eye. This makes her Desires, as swift feet, as strong Wings to her.

Now the newly-converted Spirit begins to discover her self by continual, violent Breathings, and cries towards Heaven: How long Lerd? Now she speaks in Davids tune, and tone Psal. 84. 2. My soul longeth, yea even fainteth for the Courts of the Lord: my Heart, and my Flesh cry out for the Living God. Grones are now the constant beatings of the Heart; Longings and Faintings become the Language of all parts inward, and outward: Longings after.

Faintings for, the Life of God, the Living God.

3. Passion: Rage. 2 Corin. 7. 11. The Corinthians had slept secure in a foul Sin. They now awakened by St. Paul, give those Testimonies of their Change, which he reckons up in this place: What vehement Desire: yea, what Zeal? yea, what Revenge? As a Flood soaming, and roaring, when it is streightned: or swelling, and over-bearing all, when it is stopt in its Course: So are

Anger, or Rage, Defires multiplied, and growing Mighty by Relistance.

There are Three, that relift the Soul in her Conversion: the Flesh, the World, the Devil. The Flesh lusteth against the Spirit: Gal. 5. 17. The Inclinations of the Flesh cross, and quench the Motions of the Spirit. The World insuscent a poyson of Desires and Delights into the Heart, which kill Heavenly Loves, which insect the Heart with hatred, and enmity against God and his Glory, fames 4.4. The Friendship of the World is enmity with God. The Devil is like a Lyon, seeking whom he may devour. 1 Pet. 5.8. He would draw down our Souls into himself out of the Arms of our Saviour.

The World works upon us thorow the Flesh in our selves. For this is the Property, and the Birth of the World in us, John 8. 23. To are of the World: The that is they that are Fleshly. The Devil prevaileth upon us by the World. This is the Body with which he cloaths himself, when he comes, he is Prince of

this World. This world is his Power.

As God, Christ, and a Saint are all united in the Spiritual part of a Christian: So the Devil, the World, the Flesh are all in one, in the Natural part. These the Soul at her Conversion now understands to be, the Enemies of her Hope, the Tyrants over her joy, the Rubs in the way of her Desires. She riseth to a brave heat of Rage, and height of Revenge against these. Thus she vents her Rage, thus she takes Revenge. By faltning her own Flesh to the Cross of

her Lord, She Crucifies Spoils, Triumphs over, them all. Gal. 6. 14. I Glory faith Paul, in the Cross of Christ, by which the World is crucified to me, and I to the World.

Nothing now is so sweet, nothing so Glorious to this Soul, as the Cross of her Jesus. By this the revengeth her self upon her Spiritual Enemy, as they trea-

ted her Lord, her Life; that is with Scorn, and Despight.

First she puts them to open Shame. She uncloaths them of all their fair Appearances. In the face of Heaven, in the eye of her Sun, her God, she displays them naked in their ugly monstrous Shapes; in their loathsom, and hateful Uncleannesses.

Then the nais them by a constant force to their Pains, and Sufferance; till

they languish to Death.

I have gone thorow the Second Order of Passions: Hope, Desire, Rage.

3. Order of Passions.

1. Passion: Love. Love is a Conjunction with, a Complacency in Goodness, God. Gal. 2. 20. I am, saith St. Paul, Crucified with Christ, and now I live, yet not I, but Christ liveth in me, &c. The Holy Soul having struggled thorow the Streights of Grief, and Shame; thosow the Crossides of Hope, and Fear; having wrestled with the Principles of Nature, the Principalities, and Powers of this world; Fleshly Honours, and heights: now comes to tast the Freedom, and Sweetness of life; which is Love; now she knows what 'tis to Live indeed, to live in the Embraces, and mutual Twinings of the Lord Jesus. Now she hath no Life, but his Love: now her Love hath no Object, but His Life.

By this time our Convert is grown up out of a Servile, to a Spoule-like temper: like her in the Canticles: She grows Sick of Love. Her Love to God consumes her strength, wasts her Life, dispossession only. She is shong, only

when he is present. She is happy when he is pleased.

A man in this State breaths nothing, but Affection to God. He cries continually, as David doth: Pfal. 18.1. I love Thee. The word fignifies: I love thee dearly, tenderly, inwardly: I twift thy love upon my inwardeft, and tenderest

bowels, O my Fefus.

2. Passion: Hatred. Psel. 139.22. I hate them, that hate thee with a perfect Hatred. Hatred is the Life of Contrariety, Casting out from itself, yet Comprehending in it self, as in a Chain, Conquering to it self, its Contrary. God promiseth Christ thus much: Psal. 110.1, Sit thou at my right hand, till I make thine enemies thy Foot-stool. We hold our Foot-stool near us, but under us. We hold it down, yet we hold up, and raise our selves by it.

There is a Twofold Hatred.

I. Hatred before Love. 2. Hatred from Love.

Hatred before Love is weak, and imperfect, relishing much, of felf love, Darkness, and Hell.

Hatred

Hured from Love is Perfect, it springs from the Heart of sweetness, it sub-

ordinates itself to it, it ends in it. The Life of this Hatred is Love.

As the foul at her first Conversion is strong in Love, so is the sweet in her Hatred. She hates perfectly like a God, not a Devil, every thing, which brings not the Loveliness of her Saviour along with it, as a Pass-port: She turns away her face from it, she sets her feet upon it: not suffering it to rise up against the Life of the Lord Jesus within her: forcing it to serve his Glory.

So much for the Third Order of Passions, Love, Hatred. So much for the First Circumstance in our Conversion: The Universal Motion in our Passions.

2. Circumstance: A General Alteration in Practice. This Alteration is Twofold:

I. A Manifest withdrawing from all Companies, and Contents, that draw the Soul outward, or downward.

2. An eminent Delight in all Persons, and Paths, that draw the Spirit inward,

or upmard.

David expresseth both these in himself: Psal. 16. My delight is in the Excellent of the Earth. As for them, that go after other Gods, I will not make mention of their Name.

1. Ue: For Discovery. Religion is no empty Name, but a Real Thing. Two

Things make a Reality in the Soul.

1. The Object. 2. The Inward Affections.

I. The Object. As the Woman is to the Man his Image, his Glory in the Image: So is the Soul to her Object. If she espouse her self to the Lying Vanities of this World, she makes her self one with them, both Vanity, and a Lye. If she cleave to the Rock of Ages, the Rock of the Godhead, growing to that, growing up out of that, she becomes a Living Stone, a Rock of Eternity in her self.

This is the First Motion in Religion, the winding of the Soul about the utmost point of the Creature, and turning in towards God again. This is the Discriminating, Dividing Temper; between Religious and unregenerate Perfons; the Teuching of the Soul with God, as the Needle is touch't with the Load-stone; when it may have various agitations, yet it feels the Impressions of God in the midst of all: when it can never establish, or quiet itself in any posture, save then only, when it is pointed on God. My Soul bath said to the Lord, thou art my Portion: Lamen. 3.

Psal. 16.8. I have set the Lord always before me: He is at my Right hand: I shall not be moved. God is our Assistant there, where he is our Object: at our Hand, if he be in our Eye. This is the Life and Essence of Religion; the exaltation of God in our Spirits, as our Chief Object, to which, and by which we are di-

rected.

Examine thy felf, by this. If the world be all to thee, and God a Fancy: then art thou like that world, a Fancy, and a Bubble. If God be all to thee,

and the world a Dream: then thou hast Strength, Life, and Substance. For thou art one with him, who is the Life, Strength, Substance, Being of all things.

Is thy Heart, as a Hearth, on which Thorns only blaze? Are the workings of thy Spirit like thin, and fine Smoak, flight and vanishing? Can then there be any Religion, where there is no Reality? He is the Religious man who graspes Substance; who digs thorow all things, till he meets with a sure Foundation; who hath taken hold of something Solid, Satisfactory, Everlasting at which his Soul stops, on which she stays her self. I hate them, saith David, that look to lying Vanities: but my trust is in the Lord.

There is a Three-fold Sense of things, which makes a Religious man Real: 1. Sense, of this World's sorrows. 2. Sense, of Divine Wrath.

Sense, of Divine Love.

1. Sense, of this World's sorrows. No man is in the Spirit of Christ, who hath not been at the Cross, in the Grave of Christ, and there seen the end of all this world's Glories. Who beholds things in the Eternal Light? He, that hath first seen this world in a Fire, out of which it falls into blackness of Darkness? By the Cross of Christ, the World is crucified to me; saith St. Paul. I come to kindle a Fire in the World, faith our Saviour, and what will I, if it be already Kindled.

They that go down into the Deep, see the Wonders of the Lord: saith the Pfalmilt. Whoever is gone up to Heights of Grace, hath gone down into the

Deep of the First Creation, and seen Wonders of Darkness there.

Fonab tells us of himself: fon. 2,6. I went down to the bettom of the Mantains, the bars of the Earth were about me for over. Hast thou descended with thy Saviour to the Bottom of this Creation, hast thou seen about thee those everlasting Bars of Darkness, which bear up, and bound this Creation? Then shew us the effect, which Solomon mentions in Ecclesiastes: A sad Counterance makes a good Heart. As Darkness contracts the Eye, unites the Fancy, and makes it strong: So a sad Face of things makes the Spirit gather up itself into

itself, live serious, and Recollected.

Sense, of Divine Wrath. We, saith St. Paul, knowing the Terrours of the Lord, persuade men: 2 Cor. 5. 11, If we know God, we know his Terrours, and what the Power of his Wrath is; can we not then persuade our selves to be serious? Have you seen the Treasures of wrath laid up with God for those that harden their Hearts in Sloth, and Sense, to an insensibleness of Spiritual, and Eternal things? Have you heard those seven-times-seven fold increases of Fury upon those, who go on in Vanity; and yet fay, it shall not be so, it shall be well with them? Cannot these things make you Real, and Sober?

If still vanity be your Life, your Food, your Joy; if still Lightness be your Air, and Shadows the Game, which you hunt with your Reason, and Senses; then fear, lest you have seen Shadows only of these Objects, lest your Religion 3. Sunles

too be vain.

3. Sense of Divine Love. The Scripture saith in one place to good men: The Joy of the Lord shall be your Strength. Such as the Neurishment of our Spirit is, such will its Constitution, and our Conversation be. It our Food, our Joy be Divine, and we eat the Bread of Angels, our Lives will be Divine, and our Faces shine with Angelical Beams. If our Delights be Vanity, and we seed on wind; our Spirits, and Conversation will be windy.

The same Solomon, that said of Mirth, what dost thou? And of Laughter, it is Madness: Eccles. 2. 2. He saith Prov. 3. The ways of Wisdom are ways of Peace, and all her Paths are pleasantness. Spiritual Pleasures are Serious ones, as Grave, as Wisdom itself: for they are her Walks. The Love of Christ constrains us: saith St. Paul, 2 Cor. 5. The Love of Christ holds in, binds up, and unites

the Spirit, not fuffering it to pour forth itself loosely.

That Liberty, which is Daughter to Divine Love, what a Stranger is it to Licentiousness? Those Sweetnesses, which flow from God and his Glories, how do they look down upon, and despite Empty Mirths, and mad Laughters? A Bride, made a Woman of a Cat, and set among the Guests in the bridal Chambear, on a sudden runs after a Mouse which stir'd in a Corner of the Room. If thy Soul be still ready to sly at every vanity, which is at any time started in the eye of it: thou maist be cloth'd with the Form of a Heavenly Bride; but sure thou hast still a Brutish Spirit.

Thus you see, how the Object of a Religious man makes him Real. The Second

Reality in Religion is that of Inward Affections.

2. The Inward Affections. My Son, faith Wisdom in the Proverbs, give me thy Heart. Perhaps you give to God your Feet to carry you to Sermons; you give him your Hands to work, or fight for him; you give him your Tengue to discourse of Him: but have you given him your Heart? Doth that cleave to him, long and pant after him, sigh for him, live only in Him? Davidsaith to God: Pfil 51. Thou lovest Uprightness in the Inward parts. The more Inward any thing is, the more Upright it is. Are thy frequentest Groans such, as thou dost not express, thou can't not express; such, as thy Spirit only feels, God's Spirit only hears?

It is the Counsel of our Lord Jesus: Pray to thy Father in Secret, end He shall reward thee openly. The most Secret things are the most Serious. Dost thou commune with thine own Heart upon thy Bed about the things of God, and Eternity? Do the workings and Labourings of thy Soul after thy Saviour

hold thine eyes waking, while others are ileeping?

Solomen tells us: The Heart knoweth its own Sorrow, and a stranger intermeddies not with its fors. Bleffed is he who hath a sense of a Sorrow for Sin, and the absence of God, which his own Heart only is conscious to. Bleffed is he, who lives on hidden Manna, who hath his Bosom still warmed with a secret Flame of Divine Love, and Joy, to which all others are Strangers.

Man

Man hath, as St. Paul teacheth, a Spirit, a Soul, a Body. So hath Religion. God the Eternal Object and Spring of our Religion is the Spirit: our Inward Affections are the Soul; our outward Actions, the Body. Outward Actions most glorious, if they go alone, make but a Dead Religion, are a Body without a Soul. Inward Affections without God make but a Brutish Religion, a Soul in a Body without the Immortal Spirit. I now conclude this Application.

2. Use: For Direction, I will divide this into a Threefold Direction.

1. Direction. Entertain mournful Tempers as Angels; Improve them as Treafures. When Fonah was in the bottom of the Sea, and belly of the Fish, his Soul fainting within him; then he remembred the Lord; Jonah 2. 7. As Pearls are found at the bottom of the Sea: so, frequently do the Beauties of the Lord Jesus disclose themselves to us in the depths of Grief, when we are funk below the waters of this world, and are swallowed up into a Spirit of Darkness. It is St. James's advice, Jam. 1 4. Let Patience have its perfett work, and it shall make you perfect. As one Element stretcht to the utmost pasfeth into another, Water into Air, Air into Fire : as a Cloud big, and swelling dissolves it self upon the Earth : so thy Griefs, if thou wait calmly upon them, as they swell, and grow, will at length dissolve themselves into God. As Snow and Frost cherish the Seed in the ground: so do biting and binding Sorrows both kill the weeds of Vanity, and ripen the Seed of Divinity in Man. I can no more want Sorrows for my Soul, than the Husband-man can want Winter fealons for his Corn fields. As natural Melancholy draws the Soul deeply into her felf, and her Divinest Principles; whence she issues forth again, with the most great and glorious Lights: so do sad things work upon a holy Spirit finking her thorow her felf into the Depths of the Godhead, out of which she riseth renewed to a fresh Spring of Life and Joy.

2. Direction. Look stedsastly to the end of all Flesh. In every Pleasure, Strength, Glory, see the Worm, and the Fire which is bred in all steshly things, the one never to go out, the other never to die till Flesh be no more. The belly for meats, and meat for the belly; but God shall destroy them both; and I will be in bondage to neither, saith St. Paul. If thou engage thy Soul in any earthly Content, thou puttest thy self into a Prison, whence you must come by Death, or where Death will find you. Why should I put on that, which I must keep on with lasting vexations, or put off with present Pains? The world and my senses were made one for another. The Devil hath desiled, and disordered both: God distracts, and will destroy both: The Joy of my Life, and my Life shall de-

pend on neither.

3. Direction. Preserve Hope towards God ever alive in thy self, Hos. 2. 15. We read of the Door of Hope. Hope is the Door of Happiness. This admits us into the Godhead. He that suffers Hope to sink under Despair in his Spirit, locks and bars up the Door of Heaven against himself. Prov. 13. 12.

defired makes the heart sick. But Hope cut off kills the Heart, and makes it lie dead in Sin, and Flesh. He will lay his mouth in the Dust, if there may be Hope, Give a man Hope, and you cast the Seed of a New Soul, of God into him. What? saith one, May I, the vilest of men, the lowest of creatures, hope to be pardoned? Nay more, to be loved? to be made partaker of a Divine Spirit, and Glory? May I thus lost, hope this? Then will I fear, worship, serve God, do, suffer any thing for him, or from him; I will lay my mouth in the Dust at his feet, if I may have Hope. Hope declares the most right, and most sweet thoughts of God. It sets the Soul in the rightest and sweetest frame towards God. He exalts God, and gives him the highest Glory, that dares at worst, to hope for the best things from him. He that praiseth me, he homoureth me, saith God, Psal. 50. There are Two Grounds for Hope, which never fail.

1. God is night hee, Acts 15. Thou hast thy Being in him. Thou wer't made by Jesus Christ, thou subsistest in him, as in thy Root. Thou art the work of his hand; the Son of his Handmaid, Nature. Thy Natural Being is a putting forth, a manifestation of Christ. Wait alwaies in Hope, for his highest, and divinest manifestations, which come after this. Thine eyes shall see

them, if thou let not go thy Hope, but wait confidently to the end.

2. God is Infinite. He is All: All that thou canst think or wish. For thou couldst not think, or wish any thing if it were not first in him. He is beyond thy Distresses or Desires. Hope then ever in this God, who is already in thee, who is Infinite, whose Power is above all thy Pressures, whose Love is above his own Wrath. Christ is called our Hope: Christ in you the Hope of Glory: to signific, that Hope is the Son of God, and his Image growing in us; that Hope should have no Ground, but Christ; and then be as its Ground; Immortal, Infinite. Thus much for the Second Part in this Point of Conversion; The Circumstances. There is yet remaining the Third Part; the Causes of this Change.

3. Part. The Cause of our Change or Conversion. This is manifold. Some Causes are essential, some only Occasional. Some remote, some near. Yet all are as Links in a Chain, one depending on another. St. Paul scatters all these Causes within the compass of a few verses; I Tim. 2. I. I will therefore that prayers be made for all men. 3. For God will have all to be saved, and come to she knowledge of the Truth. 4. For there is one God, and one Mediator, the man Christ Jesus. 5. Who hath given himself a ransom for all to be revealed in due time. All the Causes of our Conversion are in these words comprehended un-

der Five Heads.

1. Cause: The Relation of God to Man.

2. Cause: The Mediation of Festes Christ.

3. Cause: The Manifestation of the Truth. 4. Cause: The Ministry of Man to Man.

5. Cause: The Manages of Providence.

1. Cause: The Relation of God to Man. 1 Tim. 2.5. There is one God. All Mankind, all creatures are gathered up into one point of Life, which is Love, the Unity of Life, in God. There is one God, the Father of all, Ephes. 4.6.

God is a Father in Fulness, in Sweetness.

1. God is a Father in Fulness, Luk. 20.38. Our Saviour speaks thus of God: He is not the God of the Dead, but of the Living. For all live to God: πάντα, All things live to God. After the same manner, with the same force you may reason thus: God is not the God of the Dead, but the living; of the unclean, but the pure; of the imperfect, but the perfect; of the milerable, but the happy; of the fading, but the eternal. For all things are living, pure, perfect, happy, eternal, to God. So all things have pure, happy, eternal lives in God. These are the Original and Radical Lives; the First, the Fairest Seeds of all things

in the Divine Nature. Thus God is All. This is the Fulness of God.

2. God is a Father in Sweetness. God is Love, I Joh. 4. 16. God is Love in the Fountain. As waters in their Spring, so is Love in God. It makes him flow into creatures, it makes him flow forth in Love upon the creatures; and still he pursues, he chaseth one Love with another in a Stream, till all return to their Original. Thus, as St. Paul speaketh, Rom. 11. 36. All things are from him, thorow him, and to him. From him, as the Fountain of Love; thorow him, as the Stream of Love; to him, as the Sea of Love. All Cattel are mine upon a thousand hills, saith God, Psal. 50. 10. As a Father looks upon his Children, as his own, as Images, parts of himself, himself multiplied: So is God a Father in Sweetness.

These two, the Fulness, the Sweetness of God, as a Father, are the First Ground of Hope, and Root of Happiness to the creature. The Fulness is that which we call the All-sufficiency of God; the Sweetness is that which we call Free Grace. These are the Two Pillars in the Temple of Glory: Booz (strength) Jakin, (He will prepare.) The Fulness of God is one, Sweetness the other.

2. Cause: The Mediation of Jesus Christ: There is one Mediator, the Man Jesus Christ, 1 Tim. 2.5. Our Lord Jesus is Mediator two waies: He is

1. A Divine Head to the Soul. 2. A Divine Seed in the Soul.

1. Our Lord Jesus is a Divine Head to the Soul, I Cor. II. 3. The Head of every man is Christ. This is the difference between God, and Christ; God contains eternally all the creatures in one Nature and Person in himself. God is One. Jesus Christ comprehends the creature in one Person, not Nature, together with himself. Therefore as in one place he is said to be the Head of Man, I Cor. II. 3. So in another place he is called the Man, I Tim. 2. 5.

Our Bleffed Saviour is God uniting the different Natures of God, and the Creature in One Person, and that his Own Person. From this Person he communicates the Being of the creature, and streams forth immediately into it, in a different Nature and Person. In this Person he holds the creature in its proper and distinct Being, by being annext and united to himself. Thus the Lord

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is a Head to Man. And as the Head puts a beauty upon the whole Body, so doth Jesus Christ upon the whole Creation, by making himself a Head to it.

2. Our Lord Jesus is a Divine Seed in the Scul. He is called the Seed: Gen. 3.16.19. till the Seed came: He is the Seed of the Woman, Gen. 3.15. But what Woman is this? He is the Seed of the Earthly Woman, Eve. For he lies hid in her, as in a Womb. He groweth up out of her in the Virgin Mary, clothing himself with her Flesh. But there is another Woman besides this, which is a Mother, and hath her Seed; a heavenly Mother of a heavenly Seed. St. Paul makes mention of her, Gal. 4.26. The Hierusalem above is free, which is the Mother of us all. Jesus Christ is a Seed. God is the Father, this heavenly Woman is the Mother, the Spiritual State of the creature. He derives himself from both these. He unites both these in himself. So he lies in the earthly Woman, the stelly Image, and becomes her Seed in the second place; a Seed thrice over, bearing her, abiding in her, bringing her forththe second time.

As every creature hath this Seed in it, so it hath lying hid in it the Eternal-Beauty of the Divine Nature, the Immortal Beauty of the Spiritual Creature, which both are wrapt up together, in this Seed, to grow up together out of

it in their Season. Thus our Saviour is a Divine Seed in the Soul.

These two, Christ the Head of Man, the Seed in Man expound that of St. Paul, Ephes. 1. 4. He hath elected us in him. We are elected in Christ by a double meaning:

1. We are made the Desire, and Delight of God, in Christ, as in our

Head.

2. We are design'd to be saved by Christ, as the Seed of Grace and Glory.

3. Cause: The manifestation of the Truth, 1 Tim. 2.3. God will have all to be saved, and come to the knowledge of the Truth. As in Hebrew, so in the Greek of the New Testament, and hath various significations. Sometimes it shews a Cause, sometimes an Instrument, sometimes a Means, or Way; so fob. 17.3. This is eternal Life, to know thee the only true God, and (that is, in, or by) him, whom thou hast sent Jesus Christ. So 'tis here: God will have all men to be saved, and come (that is, by coming) to the knowledge of the Truth. The manifestation of the Truth is One Cause of our Conversion to Holiness and Happiness.

But what is Truth? faid Pilate to Christ. Christ had often said of himself; I am the Truth. We read of him, Rev. 1.5. that he is the Faithful Witness. And he is said to reveal the Father: No man knows who the Son is, but the Father. No man knows who the Father is, but the Son, and he to whom the Son.

will reveal him.

The First Truth in General and Particular, is the Life of God, and the Life of the Creature in God. Jesus Christ is Truth, as he is a True Discovery of this Truth. He reveals the Father, that is, he opens the bosom of God; he manifests the Life of God, as it enfolds the Life of the Creature in it self; he manifests

fests the Life of the Creature, as it abides in the Life of God, and grows upon the same Root with it. This is Truth, But what is the Manifestation of this Truth in Man? No man can come unto me, except the Father draw him, faith Jefus Christ, Joh. 6. 44 To come to the Truth; to have the Truth manifested in us are both the same thing. The Coming is not Natural, nor the Manifestation Moral; both are Supernatural and Spiritual; the Drawing of the Father. A Seed hath a Power or Principle, which fent it forth, abides in it, and works thorow it. It hath also an Image, which grows up out of it." Jesus Christ is the Seed in the Soul of Man; the Father is the Power; the Son is the Image in this Seed.

When a Corn is cast into the ground, a Power goes forth from it into the Earth round about, which attracts, and draws it; which unites, and incorporates it with the Seed, which fends it forth again in the Form of that Plant. first in the Herb, then in the Blade, last in the Ear. So the Father thorow fe-(us Christ diffuseth himself into the whole Soul, draws it into Christ, who lies there as a Seed, makes it One with him, who brings it forth again into his own Form and Fruit. St. James faith, Jam. 1.18. Of his own Will begat be us by

the Word of Truth. The Word is the Seed of Truth, Christ Fesus in us.

The Will of God is composed of those two forementioned; A Supream Fulnels, a Soveraign Sweetnels: These powerfully and pleasantly stir up the Godhead to bring forth the creatures, and to bring forth it self in the creatures: These delightfully and effectually move God to propagate himself endlesly and infinitely. These hears of love, the delights of fruitfulness are the inward and only Motives which put on our heavenly Father to quicken his Seed in us, to make it grow up by degrees, till it hath perfectly brought forth it self into its own form and fulness.

Thus St. Paul tells us, Gal. 1. 16. It pleased the Father to reveal his Son in him. As the Sun draws up the Plants out of their Roots, and discovers them to the open Air; fo the Father reveals and discloseth Jesus Christ in the Soul.

4. Cause: The Ministry of Man to Man; Heb. 1. 14. We read that Angels are made Ministring Spirits for the good of those that are to inherit Salvation. So it pleaseth God often to make men as Angels, to minister Spiritual things to their Brethren.

It is one of the Mysteries of Godliness, 1 Tim. 3.16. God manifested in the Flesh, justified in the Spirit. The great God is pleased by the Fleshly waies of man's doing, speaking, writing reading, living, to express and convey himself.

A Learned man admires it, as having a Height of Wonder in it, that so low, so narrow, so dark, dead, divided things, as words, and letters should carry into our Souls the highest Images of the divinest Life, Truth, and Glory. This is the Infiniteness of the Godhead, which brings forth itself in the greatest Variety of Shapes, yet still keeps the Unity, preserves it self entire, and full in every one. Thus the Divine Nature imprints it self upon the thoughts of Earthly / Earthly man, as scattered Dust, and by the Motions of this Dust in words implants it self by one Man upon the Soul of another.

There is a Three-fold Ministry of Man by which God works in the Conver-

fion of men:

1. Elevation of the heart in Prayer to God. 2. Exhortation by words to men.

3. Example of life before men.

1. Elevation of the heart in Prayer to God formen. St. Paul describes Prayer, Rom. 8.27. God heareth His Spirit, for it makes intercessions in us, according to his will. Prayer is the Conception of the Soul, when it hath taken in from Heaven the Spirit in the Form of some Divine Blessing: Then it grows big with this Blessing; it travels with it; it labours to raise it self into God, that by the elearness of his Light, by the fulness of his Life, it may bring it forth to perfection. A Spiritual man is like Abraham, who had in himself that Seed, in which all the Nations of the Earth were to be blessed. He hath conceived with a Seed of Blessedness to all Creatures. Therefore as Paul travelled in birth with the Galatians, till Christ was formed in them: so doth a good man travel in birth by Prayer, having many Pangs, and Throws in the Spirit, till this Blessedness be formed in each Soul.

St. Paul tells the Corinthians, 1 Cor. 3. 22. All things are yours, &c. A Heavenly Spirit is an Universal Father; it looks upon all Creatures, as its own Off-spring, or Bowels. As Job sacrificed constantly for his Children, while they were feasting in their course: So is this Spirit praying for the Souls of men, while they are playing away themselves in Vanity. This is the First Ministry.

2. Exhortation by words to men. David promiseth, and prophesieth, Psal. 51. 13. I will teach transgressiurs thy ways, and Sinners shall be converted unto thee. Before in the former verse he had prayed; Restore thy soy, and establish thy free Spirit in me. Then he adds; I will teach transgressiurs thy ways, (the ways of thy Love and Wisdom with man) Sinners shall be converted unto thee, that is, by the report of thy sweet Contrivances upon me, and Compassions towards me. When the Heart seels the Waters of Divine Life and Joy bubling up warm from the bosom of the Godhead, then the Tangue becomes the Pen of a ready Writer, labouring to imprint the Form of the same Life and Joys upon other hearts also.

If you will have me weep when you speak, weep your self, you that speak, said a Wise man. When a man utters those heavenly Loves, Truths, Delights of Jesus Christ, in which his own Soul lies melting and bathing her self, while he reports them: Then he often hath his Tongue made the Quill of the Godhead, by which he toucheth other Souls, and makes the same Musick upon

them.

David calls his Tongue, his Giry, because by it he displayed that Glory of God, which was treasured up in his heart, to the view of many Hearts.

St. Paul tells us, that God hath chosen the Foolishness of Preaching to make it His Power unto Salvation. God sends down the highest Glory into inferiour Forms, in which they descend by degrees; then in the lowest they become a Seed, out of which they grow and rise again by degrees to their first Height. So the Divinity puts its self into our Saviour, then into our Hearts, then into our Tongues, so into Words hovering in the Air, thus low it is become. Now by Words, as a Seed it is cast into the Ear of another, so it passeth into the Heart, where it springeth up into the Fairness of Christ, and from that into the Ful-

nels of God.

3. Example of Life before Men. St. Paul tells the Saints! Philip. 2. 15. They should be blameless, and harmless, in the midst of a crooked generation, in which they shine, as Lights. When one Candle is lighted, we light many by that. When God hath kindled the Life of his Glory in one man's Heart, he often enlightens many by the Flame of that spread thorow his Conversation. Philosophers tell us; that, every thing hath Beams, by which it manifests, and multiplies itself. Sure nothing hath so piercing, so plentiful Beams, as the Divine Nature. When this is brought forth in any Spirit, it cannot but manifest itself by beautiful Beams of Love, and Holiness; as it manifests, so it often multiplies itself upon other Spirits.

When thou art Converted, saith Christ to Peter strengthen thy Brethren. It is the Perfection of Life to bring forth its Like. When a man is himself made partaker of the life of God: The Perfection of this life displays itself with such gower, and luster thorow the whole man; that it many times draws strangers,

first into the Love, then into the Likeness of it.

5. Cause: Manages of Providence, These are often Moral Helps to Man, Outward Hints, which God is pleased to make, and take for the Inward, and Spiritual work of our Conversion. But as they say of Stars: they do not operate, but indicate only; not produce, but point out effects, and events in Earthly things: So outward Providences, when they are most, are Concurrencies only, not Causes in a proper sense: not Living Hands to do any thing in the Truth of this Change; but as Hands in a Margin, to declare sometimes, what God is doing.

These Workings of Providence, by Natural effects in our Bodies; civil accidents in our Life; Moral Impressions on our Hearts are as the motion of the Waters, when the Angel descended into the Pool, which motion accompanied, but contributed nothing to the Healing Vertue. It is not of him, that wills, nor

of him, that runs; but of God, that hath mercy.

Sometimes God brings forth this Change; when the Waters of outward Providence are quite calm; as when the Apostles were called from their Nets; Matthew from the Custom; Gideon from the Flail; Elisha from the Plow.

Sometimes God spreadeth this healing, and enlivening vertue thorow the Soul, when the Waters of the Natural man work high a contrary way; as

when Saul was chang'd into Paul, he was then surprized with the Love, and

appearance of Jesus Christ, when he was persecuting him.

Yet it pleaseth our Father very often to manage, and forelay outward things so; that he takes hold of them, as occasions, or opportunities to make his way into our Souls.

There are Two things in outward Providence, which God especially makes use of to this purpose:

1. Natural Affections. 2. Temporal Afflictions.

r. Natural Affections. As we season Vessels for the Liquor, with which we mean to fill them; and as the Threshers of old had the Staff for the more tender Corn, and the Wheel for the Harder: So God made John the Evangelist of a gentle Heart, seasoned with still, but strong affections; like a River, that runs quiet, but swift and deep. This John Jesus Christ takes into his bosom, makes him his Lute, on which he sounds forth his softest, sweetest Loves, Beauty, Delights: So he lives, so he dies.

St. Peter was naturally more of the Rock, and Flint; sharp, hard, and fiery, Jesus Christ brings the Wheel over him, and breaks him sorely, while he first for swears his Saviour near his Cross; then afterwards is forc'd to follow his Saviour to

the Cross.

St. Paul had a vigorous, profound Spirit by Nature, and Education; Jesus Christ slashes upon hima with Glory from Heaven; fills him with the deep, and high Discoveries of Divine Glory; makes him to fill the world with the loud reports of them; as the Trumpet of Christ.

Our Lord found some of his Apostles Fishing. He takes hold of them by this, which was their Employment, and Enjoyment; their Inclination, Education:

Come, faith he, follow me, and I will make you Fishers of Men.

One Man is caught and carried by sensual Beauties, and Pleasures: Jesus Christ covers the Golden Hook of His Love, and Spirit with a Bait of Beauty, and Pleasure to take this Man: come, saith Christ, and follow me. I am fairer than the Sons of Men. I have a Beauty beyond that of any Creature. I am the Brightness of the Eternal Glory; the Lively Image of the Invisibile God. I am the Light and Life of all Loveliness in all the Creatures, They, when they shine sweetest, are but shadows to me, shadows of me. I am all Pleasant altogether; all Pleasantnesses, and Delights together. As Jesus Christ whispers this to the Soul, he lets fall upon it a Glimpse, a Touch, a Tast of Himself, which makes all this Real. So he ravisheth the Soul of this Man from the midst of his Vanities, Sensualities, Lusts, into his own Embraces, by the strength of a higher, though purer Delight.

Another man is Rational, and Philosophical, led, by inclination, and study to trace the hidden ways of Nature, to search the first Springs, and continued course of Things. The Lord Jesus works Himself into the Reason, and specu-

lation of this Man: Come, saith our Saviour, and follow me. I am the Wisdom of God, by which the whole Creation was contrived, came forth, and is carried on. I am the beginning, the way, the end of all things. Time draws out its Line, and runs its Race, in me. Eternity comprehends itself, in its Center, and Circle, in me. All the Treasures of Knowledge are in my Love. You shall see all Mysteries, all Forms, and Motions of God, and the Creature, bare and naked in my Light. As He speaks this, He opens something of Himself upon the Soul, which gives it a Glance of this Light, and Sight. Now He, that sat before at Gamaliels feet, like Paul, sets his feet upon the head of all that learning, and sits with Mary, at the feet of Christ. Now Jesus Christ is the Reason of his Reason, and the only Reason to it. Now Jesus Christ is all his Philosophy, and Study. Thus God makes use of Natural Affections.

2. Temporal Afflictions. You have a Platform of Gods working by these, from the mouth of Elihu: Job. 33. 19. He is chastned with pain upon his bed, the multitude of his bones with strong pain. The place of a mans Rest, and Pleasure, is made the place of his Torment. All the several Principles, and Strengths of Life are several Springs, Seats, and Strengths of Pain, and Misery,

20. v. His Life abhorreth Bread, and his Soul dainty Meat. The Nourishment of Life is tedious, and becomes a Burthen. The most pleasant Entertainments, the sweetest delicacies of Nature, and the Creature are now loath'd.

21. v. His Flesh is consumed away, that it cannot be seen, his bones that were not seen, stick out. All the cloathings, all the Beauties of his Being wither, and wear away. Those Forms in which he walked, disappear. The Foundations, the lowest Principles of being in him, are discovered, and left naked; like the Sea without waters, a Deep having no Face, but that of Darkness; an Earth, void, and without Form.

22. v. His Soul draweth near unto the Grave; and his Life to the Destroyers. The Life of the Spirit in the Body is now sinking into a Silent Darkness. The Life of the Spirit in itself is almost swallowed up into those Spirits, which are the Principles of a dark, a dying Life; or a living Darkness, and Death.

23. v. If there be a Messenger with him, an Interpreter, one among a Thoufand, to shew to man his Uprightness. Now in this Evening-close of life, and joy; in this rushing approach of a dreadful, eternal Night; Jesus Christ steps forth, as a Messenger, an Interpreter between God, and Man. He opens upon him his own Beauty, the mans own, proper, and true Beauty; which was his own, in Eternity.

24. v. Then he is gracious to him, and faith: Deliver him from going into the Pit. I have found a Ransom. Then the Father smiles upon the Soul. Then He gives a command in the Ears of the Soul to all the Invisible Ministers of Darkness, and Death; to let him go: To all the Spirits of Life, and Light; to take charge of him, to hold him in their Arms, that his Life come not into the Prison of Spirits.

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25. v.

25. v. His Flesh shall be fresher than a Childs; he shall return to the days of his Youth. He shall be translated into the Kingdom of Christ, into that Paradise of God, out of which he came. There he shall flourish with a Flesh more beautiful, more heavenly, than that of Adam in Innocency. There he shall see those Youthful Days, which were before this World.

Thus God takes hold of Temporal Afflictions, in them to convert us to Eter-

nal Affections, and Objects.

1. Use. Instruction. See how absolute, and universal thy dependence is on thy God for Happiness. His Fulness is the only Treasury, in which every minute of thy Life, every moment of thy Grief, or Joy is laid up. My times saith David, are at the Right hand of the most High Psal. 31. 15. His Sweetness is the only Port, or Gate, by which this Fulness issues forth on thee, and brings thee home to its own Place. These Two are the Mine, and Mint of thy Natural, and Spiritual Life.

Jesus Christ is the Way of both these. A man can receive nothing from God, can never come to God; but therow Jesus Christ. Thus nothing comes to us, or from us; nothing comes to pass round about us; which is not first pass'd through a Double Strainer, the Heart of the Father, and of Christ.

Not a Sparrow falls to the Ground; much less a Soul, without both these our Heavenly Father, and Saviour. Not a Hair falls from our Heads; much less a Thought from our Hearts without this Divine Pair. The Father works, and I work: Saith Christ. Everything of Man, and the Creature is distilled, or Alropt thorow this Double Heaven of the Father, and Christ.

We have our Being in these Two. Nothing then can be without them. We live in these Two. Our Life then, and each article of it, is Their Life in us. We move in Them. Each Motion then would be none, if it did not run upon this greater, and less Wheel We lie still when they move not

this greater, and less Wheel. We lie still, when they move not.

Thus, thou knowest, O God, that it is not in him, that walks, to order his

own steps, Jere. 10. 23.

What then shall we cast our selves into a Gulf of Ryot, or sensual Pleasures; because we cannot resist His Will, nor rule our own? Unhappy he, on whose mind the Almighty God stamps this Image of His Will in the Wrathful, and Dark Part of it? Yet he also shall go, as it is written of him, upon the Heart of God, but in Fiery Letters. God hath made all things for Himself, even the

wicked for the Day of Wrath: Prov. 16. 4.

But how can we abide in the Dark, or bitter Part of things; in Flesh, and Sin: If we know, that the Will of God is the Rule of all things, and an Instante Light, Love, Goodness, the Rule of this Will? He, that saith, he hath seen God, and walks in Darkness, lies, and the Truth is not in him: I John 1. 6. He that saith, he sees the Will of God to act all things, and yet is himself acted by a Contrary Will, checks and contradicts himself, while he speaks, and acts.

How can we, that are dead to sin, live any longer in it? Rom. 6. 2. If the Divine Fulness and Sweetness have discovered themselves to us; they have overshadowed us; darkning by an Eternal Death the Light of our own Life in Vanity, and Flesh. They have drunk up our Spirits into themselves, and insused their Spirit into us. Thus they themselves are become the Death and Resurrection of Christ in us; that we live no longer, but Christ liveth in us, and the Father in Christ.

Obj. But you will say, If I be wicked, what can I do? I have no power upon my own Spirit, but am over ruled by a Power above me, which commands All. Must I then still sin, still be forlorn without any hope, or help in my self? Must I sit down with Despair, and make that my only comfort to

hope for no comfort?

Ans. No, No! Let this be not my Despair, but my surest Hope, and sweetest; that I am no more in my own power, who am a foolish, weak, inconstant Creature; but form'd fashion'd, commanded, managed entirely by Him, who is the Greatest and Best of all things.

Let me draw from this Consideration, these holy, and happy Resolu-

tions.

1. I will resign my self to my God. I will give up the rudder of my Spirit to him, who alone guides it, and guides it by a Sweetness unclouded, a Wis-

dom unquestioned, a Power uncheck't.

2. I will repose my self in my God. What the bad King said soolishly, I desire ever to say upon a holy and divine Principle: This also is of the Lord: Therefore will I wait upon him. 2 Kings ch. 6. v. last. He hath a Glory in this; He will make this a Glory to me, if I wait stedsastly to the end. For he doth this, who doth all, and doth all well; who hath no Principle, but Love; no act, but Power; no end, but Glory.

I have finish'd the First Part of my Text, which was, The Rise to the Kingdom. I have concluded the Doctrine, which was propounded from that

Part: The first Rise to Religion, is a Change, or Conversion.

Part 2. The Race to the Kingdom: and become as little Children.

These Words afford this Second Doctrine.

Doctr. 2. The second Step in Religion is to a state of Childhood. Read Gal. 4. 1. The Heir, while he is a child, differeth not from a Servant, though he be Lord of all. We have here a Child, a Regenerate person, one born a Son of God, made a Saint; yet at first, nothing differing from a Servant, coming afterwards in the second place, to the quality of a Son and Heir.

The Person of a man, in the Non-age, till Reason, which is the Principle of a man, puts forth itself in him, is but as a Flant, or at best a Brute, a sensitive Creature. So that Soul which hath the Seed of the Divine Nature

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fown in it, until that Seed be grown up, is as a Servant, not as a Son. These are the Two states in Religion:

I. A Servile State. 2. A Son-like State.

As St. Paul saith in another case: First is that which is Natural, then that which is Spiritual: so it is true in this: First is the Servile State in Religion, then the Son-like. So we read, Gal. 4. 7. Now are ye no more Scrvams, but Sons.

Thus the Son-like State is the second step, or Remove in Religion.

But it will be necessary for me to open the Servile State first, that the Servile may be the better understood.

1. State, Servile. This State hath Four Signs.

Sign: Fear.
 Sign: Forms.
 Sign: Forms.
 Sign: Solicitude.

1. Sign: Fear. A Saint in a Servile State serves God chiefly from a Princi-

ple of Fear.

Rom. 8. 15. Ye have not received the Spirit of Bondage again to fear. St. Paul doth not speak here of a Sinful State in Nature, but of a Servile State in Grace. This will appear clearly, if you compare this place with the fourth Chapter of the Epiftle to the Galatians. You shall see in both Places, the Twefold State of a Servant, and a Son in Religion described alike, almost in the same terms. Rom. 8. 15. Te have not received the Spirit of Bondage again. Galat. 4. 1. The Heir, while a Child, differeth nothing from a Servant. v. 3. Ye were in bondage to worldly Elements. v. 7. Now are ye no longer Servants. Rom. 8. 15, 17. But the Spirit of Adoption, whereby ye cry Abba Father. Now are ye Sons, if Sons, then Heirs. Galat. 4. 6. He bath sent forth the Spirit of his Son into our Hearts, whereby we cry, Abba Father. 7. Sons and Heirs &c.

Thus the Spirit of Bondage is a Spirit sent forth from God in the ministry of the Law. Therefore the Apostle saith, Ye have not received the Spirit of Bondage. This Spirit begets men to God, but it is in a Servile-State, by, and to Fear. Fear is the Seed and Fruit of this Spirit; So a man by it becomes a Son to God, but by the Bond-woman. So he is partly a Son, partly a Servant; or rather a Son in the State of a Servant.

But I must further explain this Fear by,

1. The Distinction of Fear. 2. The Object.

1. The Distinction of Fear. There is a Twofold Fear.

1. Fear, Slavish. 2. Fear, Filial.

1. Fear, Slavish. This Fear comes before Love, and is cast out, when Love comes: 1 John. 4. 18. Perfect Love casteth out Fear. But what Fear is this? That, which is Slavish. So it is added: Fear hath Torment. A Slavish Fear is to the Heart, as Fire is to Gold, Gold is wrought by the Fire to a softness

softness, and sitness, to receive the King's Image: then it is taken out of the Fire. So th's Fear subdues the Heart to a yielding temper, to receive the Im-

pressions, and Image of God in Love. Then it is cast out.

2. Fear, Filial. This follows after Love, flows from it, is as sweet, and desirable, as Love itself. The Scripture saith in one Place: Who would not fear thee? This Fear is a Plyantness of the Soul to God, yielding to him, from a near sense of his Greatness, and Goodness, both in one. It is like the Bowing of some Flowers towards the Sun, being toucht with his Influences, and Beams.

Revel. 14.6. An Angel in the midst of Heaven preacheth the Everlasting Gospel. What is the Everlasting Gospel? The glad Tidings of Eternal Love in God to the Creature. This Angel at the seventh v. cries aloud: Fear God. This Fear answers Love, and Ecchos to it in the Heart: Love saith: God is thine. Fear saith: I will no more be mine own. Love saith: God will come down into thee, and sill thee, Fear saith: I will sink down out of myself, and give way to God.

The Filial Fear is proper to the Son-like State. It is the Slavish Fear, which

is the Sign of that Servile State of which we now speak.

A Son-like State hath Love for its Eldest Child; Fear for its Youngest. A Servile State hath Fear for its First-born: Love here is a Younger Brother.

In the Son Fear is the Motion of Love. In the Servant it is the Motive to

Love.

The Servant is the Son of the Bond-woman. The Son is born of the Free-woman. The Soul in a Servile State of Religion ascends out of Flesh towards God. So Fear is First, and Love riseth out of Fear, as Fire out of Smoak. The Soul in a Son-like state descends, comes down from God, as a Bride ready trim'd. So L ve is First, and brings forth Fear, as a pure Flame breaths from it a fine Air.

This is the Distinction of Fear. This the Sign of a Servile State, a Slavish Fear.

2. The Object of Fear. This is exprest by the Holy Ghost: Heb. 2. 15 Those, that were held in bondage, by the Fear of Death. The Jews were under the Law, in a Servile State, under a Slavish Fear. This Fear had Death in its Eye, for its Object. Death hash two things in it, Loss, and Pain; Loss of Life, with all the Sweets, and Comforts of Life: Pain in the Labours, and Pangs at the parting of Soul, and Body,

Thus a Slavish Fear hath a Twofold Object :

1: Object, Loss. 2. Object, Pain.

1. Object, Loss. A Christian in a Servile State fears the Loss of God, more than God. The Fear of God makes a man sink out of himself into God. Fear of Loss of him makes a man apt to sink into himself in Despair. A Servile Christian fears the loss of Gods Favour, more than the loss of God: the loss of the Fruits of his Favour, which are Peace within, Prosperity without; more than the loss of his Favour.

2. Object: Pain. A Spiritual, Son-like Saint fears the Departures of God, the loss of Divine Enjoyments, more then all Pains or Tortures. But the Servant in Religion is not any thing so much sensible of the loss of all the joys in Heaven; as he is struck with, trembles at the pains of Hell.

John the Baptist was a Figure of the Servile State. He presset his Exhortation with such Reasons, as these: The Axe is laid to the Root of the Tree. Save

your selves from that wrath, which is to come.

Fesus Christ was the Head, and Figure of the Son-like State. He moveth by other Arguments: The Kingdom of God is at hand. Light is come into the World. Come to me, and have life in abundance.

I have done with the First, and most apparent Sign of a Servile State: Fear.

2. Sign: Dependencies. A Servile Christian seeks God chiesly by outward Assistances. Gal. 3.24. The Law was a School-master to bring us to Christ. A School-master ties Children to their set Times, Rules, Exercises; till they can speak a Language, judge of Truth, converse with wisdom naturally, from inward, and free Principles. So the Law, which is the Mistris, under whom we are in bondage, teacheth us, to seek Communion with God at peculiar Times: The Forming of our Spirits according to God, by particular Rules: The Deriving of Truths, Strengths Comforts from God, by several Performances. This is our way of Life, till the Seed of Life be come up in us, which makes Divine Love, as our Pulse: Faith, our Breath: Holiness, our Constitution.

Galat. 3. 23. We were kept under the Law, that up unto the Faith, that should be revealed. A Legal Christian having a perpetual Alarm of Fears within him, entrencheth himself strongly in Promises and Threatnings, Ordinances and Duties in the outward Letter, as a Wall, or Mount of Earth. He plants a Guard about his Spirit, of Resolutions, Vows, and such like Fleshly obligations. He takes care for a constant supply of Provision from without, from the Gifts.

and Parts of men, for a maintenance of these Forces.

Angels, saith Christ, Marry not, nor are given in Marriage. Angels are ever strong, ever seasted, yet have no Meals: They are always refresh't, and at rest, yet have no season for Sleep: They marry not to any thing without themselves, yet they multiply themselves, their Images, and Fruits to Eternity. Earthly man must have his Meals, and Sleeps in their appointed time, or else he dies. He must joyn himself in marriage to another without himself, or else he remains barren. Such is a Christian under the Law, if he have not his Duties, Ordinances, Rules, and Retirements, to which he is true, and constant; he falls down into Dust and Deadness; or runs out into Lust, and Profaness. Therefore saith St. Paul, we were shut up.

A Saint is now like an Ivy, which cannot bear itself up, or bring forth fruit upon its own Root, or Stock; but must twine about some outward Prop; else

it is on the ground, and withers.

I defer the other Two Signs, that I may now divert my self to some Application of these.

1. Use. Exhortation. This is Double:

1. Exhorta. Serve God from a Principle of Fear, till you know why to ferve him, from the Freedom of a Natural Life.

2. Exhorta. Serve God by outward Rules, till you know how to serve Him,

by the Regulation of an Inward Light.

I. Exhorta. Serve God from a Principle of Fear, till you know why to serve Him from the Freedom of a Natural Life. We read, 2 Pet. I. 4. of a Divine Nature. Nothing is so skilful, sweet, strong, lasting, as that which is Natural: as the Sun shines, God is kind, a man truly Spiritual is holy, and heavenly. But where is that man among the whole race of men, who loves God, lives in God, as his Element, lives to God, as his Joy, and Glory; and all this, because it is his Nature?

Are not these the times of which our Saviour spake, when he said: Shall the Son of Man find Faith upon the Earth? In what heart can we find such a Faith, such a Union between God, and Man, as that these Two shall have but one Life; that the Man may say, as Saint Paul did: Now Christ liveth in me?

In this universal Dis-appearance of the Divine Nature, it were happy, if men would serve God from the Force of Fear, when they cannot do it from a natural Freedom: If men would be wrought by an awe to a Compliance with God, while yet they have no Complacency in him.

O that men would fear, if they cannot love that Omni-present, Omni-po-

tent God, in whom we all live, by whom we breath!

I shall urge this Exhortation by Four Persuasives.

1: Persuasive. Fear the Loss of the Divine Presence here on Earth. Job expresses a great sense of this, Job. 29. He sight out his complaints: v. 2. O that it were with me, as in the days of old, when God preserved me! v. 3. When his Candle shined upon my Head, when by his Light I walked thorow Darkness. The Candle is the Image of God in Nature, which burns in the Seven-sold Candlestick of the Angelical Nature. This Glory rested upon the Spirit of Job's Natural Man, as a Light upon his Head, leading him thorow the Darkness of his Fleshly Being. v. 4. As I was in the days of my Youth, when the Secret of God was upon my Tabernacle. The Secret of God is the Invisible Glory of the Divine Image among the Angels, which before he expressed by the Candle. The Angels seem to be the Secret. For they are the Chambers, the Pavilions of God. God was in the midst of them in the Dark at Mount Sinai. The Tabernacle is the Body, or outward Man.

To this place agrees that in the Pfalm. Psal. 34. 7. The Angel of the Lord pitcheth his Camp round about them, that fear him. The Angel of the Lord, or the Angel the Lord, is the Divine Image in Nature, and the Law. The Camps

the Host, or Armies of Angels. In the Gospel, instead of this Image is Josus Christ; instead of Angels in their Natural Glory, are Angels in a Spiritual State, residing upon the Head, the Spirit; the Tabernacle, the visible Frame, the

Bodily Being of a Saint.

V. 5. When the Almighty was yet with me: When my Children were yet about me. Fob in his first days was a Type of man in Innocency. The Presence of the Almighty in the Angelical Nature on the top of his Spirit was, as the Head of his Being. The Angelical Lives putting themselves forth in the rest of bodily things, as Souls to them, were as the Children, Images, and Dependencies of the Soul of Man. But at the Fall, the Almighty withdrew from man: These Lives were drawn in from the rest of the Creatures.

V. 6. When I washt my steps in Butter; When the Rock poured me out Rivers of Oil. The steps of fob were his wayes below in the visible part of things; which were wash'd with the Peace and Plenty of Inferiour Contents, raised from these Inferiour Creatures, as Butter, Rivers of Oyl. The Spirit of Angelical, Divine Life, among invisible, Superiour Glories did flow forth abundantly

upon him, from that Rock, which was the Almighty.

These Words of Job afford us a Twofold Principle of Policy for Natural things.

1. Principle. The Divine Presence is the spring of all Earthly Comforts.
2. Principle. The Removal of this Presence is the Root of all Bitterness in this

Life.

1. Principle. The Divine Presence is the spring of all earthly Comforts. Tell me, O Man! what hath kept thee thy Peace, and Plenty, all thy Dayes, Months, and Years? Thy God hath preserved thee. When thou hast been in a doubtful, difficult, dangerous State of things; what then hath pointed out a clear and shining path to thee in that darkness? When thou hast had trouble in thine Affairs, calamities in thy Person, consusion in thy Soul; what then hath sent forth a Beam of Comfort, and Council through thy Spirit, to light thee out of all these; The Candle of God hath been upon thy head: God hath look'd sweetly forth from the top of thy Spirit, through the Principles of Nature, and this hath been thy Light. When thou hast wash'd thy Feet as thou hast wask'd, in smooth, soft, slowing streams of Peace, and Plenty: when thou hast seen thy Children playing about thee, like lively Lambs in pleasant Pastures; while thou hast been as their Sheepherd, feeding thy Spirit from invisible Spirits, and then feeding their Spirit from thine; who gave thee all these? The secret of the Almighty was with thee.

2. Principle. The Removal of the Divine Presence is the Root of all Bitterness in this Life. When God withdraws, he draws in all his Bessings, as the Sun often goes in, and gives up the Sky, and Day to dark Clouds. What wilt that do, when like wretched Saul, The Philistines are upon thee, and God

hath forfaken thee? When Perplexity shall take hold of thy Spirit, when there shall be no Counsel or Comfort left, because God hath forsaken thee? What then can all thy Pleasures or Honours do? Will they not be as miserable Comforters, as the Witch of Endor to Saul; presenting thee with Devils under God-like forms; ill-boding, foretelling thy death and Ruine?

When our dear Saviour was on the Cross, he did not cry out, O my Disciples! why do ye fly from me, or deny me? O ye fews, my Brethren! why do ye wound so bloodily my Feet, Hands, and Head? No, but he cries out; My

God, my God, why hast thou for saken me; This broke his heart.

David complains in Pfal. 30. 7. Thou hast made my Mountain strong; but thou didst turn away thy face, and I was troubled. Place a man in a Wilderness of Horrours, in a Sea of Flames, let the Secret of God be with him, and he will fear, he will feel no Evil. Plant a man on a Mountain, where he may not only with Christ see, but possess all the Delights and Glories of this World; let God be gone, and you may call them all Ichabed; where's the Glory? Where's the Delight? The whole Mountain will moulder into Melancholy, and crumble away into Griefs.

O! Fear to estrange this God from you by a neglect of him, on whose Presence all your present Joyes depend. Fear to put out his Light in your Souls, by your Lusts: fear to chase away by your hardnesses and Rebellions, that God; who, when he removes his Glory from off any Person, or Place;

gives up all to ruine, and leaves a Hell behind him.

This is the first Persuasive.

2. Persuasive. Fear the US of Divine Enjoyments after Death. Is there any thing, any where, more moving, more sull of sweetness, than the language of the Apostle: 1 Thes. 4. 18. Then we shall be for ever with the Lord. Comfort ye one another with these words.

I will present your Spirits with the force of this place, in three short Propo-

stions.

1. Proposition. There is a Lord over all; a supream Principle, or Power, which makes, maintains, manages all the Creatures; a Spirit of Strength and Wisdom, which governs the affairs of the whole World. Thus St. Paul speaks, 1. Cor. 8. 6. To us there is one God, the Father, of whom are All; one

Lord Fefus, by whom are All.

2. Proposition. This Lord is the best of all things. As he is over, so he is above all. I Cor. 2. 8. St. Paul calls him, the Lord of Glory. The Heathers teach us, that the God of the Sun, is the God of Musick; because he tempers with his Beams, and tunes all the visible world. This Lord, our Lord is the God of Light, Beauty, Musick, the God of all Sweetnesses, Glories, Blessednesses. For he tunes both the visible, and invisible World, to a happy Harmony.

H

3. Proposition. All good Spirits are the Friends; all evil Spirits the Enemies of this Lord. Each pure, lightsome, peaceful Spirit comes from this Jesus, and goes to him again, when it goes off the Stage of this Earth; as a Beam darted from his Glory, and drawn up to him again. Each dark, unclean, disorderly Spirit is cut off, and cast out from him. One is every where in Scripture stiled, His Child, His Brother: The other is thus spoken to by him;

Depart from me, ye cursed.

Now what joy is it, when a man in all the troubles of Life, can comfort himself with these words, and say: This Life will quickly end; then shall I be ever with the Lord, my Lord, the Lord of Bl. sedan, St. Who can express the Peace and Pleasure of that Soul within, which lies upon its Death-bed, and in the last moment of its abode in the World, comforts itself with these words, Now I must be uncloathed of all Being, or Appearance among men on Earth for ever: But it is, that I may be for ever in the naked Embraces of the Eternal Spirit of Life, and Beauty. I go from hence for ever, but I go to be for ever with the Lord.

I had fainted faith David, if I had not be ped to fee the Goodness of the Lord in the land of the Living. Who can tell those fainting fits in the middle of highest Pleasures, those bitter, Soul-turning Quaulmes in fullest Glories; which those men have, that have no hope to see the Goodness of the Lord after this Life? Many pangs, many pangs of remorie, and anguith, pangs far beyond the pangs of a natural Death, hath that dying Soul, which hath no hope to see

with God after Death.

Fear then this Loss so great, so irreparable. Fear to be prophane, like Esau; to sell your Birth-right for a Mess of Pottage, to sell your hopes of Heaven for a short Satisfaction to your sensual Appetite.

3. Persuasive. Fear, what God can do. What cannot he do to make you miscrable, who is the God of the Spirits of all Flesh? He can let forth Five

Spirits upon you:

1. Spirit of Diseases.
2. Spirit of Melancholy.
3. Spirit of Melancholy.
4. Spirit of Ruine.
5. His own Spirit.

1. Spirit of Diseases. God can send a Spirit of Diseases into thy Body, to strike thee with Worms, with some soul and sharp sickness, till thou dye a loath'd, and horrid Death. Thus he did to King Herad in the Acts. Can all thy Physicians then cure thee?

2. Spirit of Folly and Falshood. God can send into thy Breast a Lying Spirit, that shall carry the on to soolish Counsels, that thou mayst perish. Thus he did with King Abab. Can thy Wisdom foresee, or prevent this?

3. Spirit of Melancholy. God can let forth upon thee a Spirit, that shall sit upon thy Brain and Heart like a black Cloud, distilling poyson upon both. This shall be thy inseparable Companion at Table, and Bed; in society, in solitude; to rex thee perpetually. This shall make thy sweetest Delights, thy dearest Rela-

Relations a Burthen and a disease to thee. This shall make thy surest Strengths, and firmest aids a matter tof continual Suspicion, and mortal Jealousy to thee. Thus he did with King Saul. What delights or businesses can now divert thee?

4. Spirit, of Ruine. God can let upon thee, as upon Job, a Spirit, like a devouring Sea, or Storm. This shall take away from thee, thy whole Estate; from thy Children, their Life; from thy Wife, and wisest Friends, their Assection, and Tenderness. This will fill thy Skin with Noysomness; thy veins with Fire; thy Bones with Pains; thy Head with black vapours. This shall take away all rest from thy Sleeps, filling them with affirighting Dreams; all peace from thy waking hours, filling them with Tumult, and Sorrow; till Life become more hateful to thee, than the most hateful Death. I chose Strangling, rather than Life; saith Job, Chap. 7. 15. What can help, or comfort thee, at such a time as this? When an evil Spirit over-whelms all the Creatures to a man; what can the Creatures do?

5. Spirit of God. I cannot express, I tremble to think this; God can make his own Spirit a stream of Fire and Brimstone in thy Spirit, Is. 30.33. The breath (the Spirit) of the Lord, a stream of Brimstone. God can himself be an everlasting Burning upon thy Immortal part. Who can lie down with everlasting

Burnings? Can all thy Tears, or Pleasures quench these Burnings?

Well might Moses cry out: Psal. 90. 11. Who knows the Power of his Wrath. According to thy Fear, so is thy Wrath. You may read the latter Clause thus: As is thy Wrath, so should the Fear of thee be. There is an unsearchableness, an Incomprehensibleness in the Wrath of God. No Creature can take it in, but is swallowed up by it.

Let men fear God, according to his Wrath. Let men fear to make him their Enemy, or if they do, let them meet so potent an Enemy betimes, while he is yet on the way, that they may cast themselves at his Feet, with Submission, Repen-

tance; Fears, and Tears.

If you harden your Heart by Insensibleness, or sensuality, he can multiply the Stroak of Sorrow upon thy Heart seven times, seven times more, still seven times, nay seventy times seven, endlessy, till thy Heart be ground to the smallest Dust, and so lie under his Feet.

If thy Soul be as high, rough, untractable, as a Whale, or Sea: He can

tame, and calm thee by Griefs.

If thy Soul were a Leviathan, arm'd with impenetrable Scales over-looking every lofty thing: God can make his Sword, which is his Spirit, to approach thee: he can put his Hook into thy Nostrils, draw thee forth out of thy swelling Seas of Lust, and Pride, lay thee Panting, and Languishing upon the dry Shore before him.

Thus ends the Third Persuasive.

4. Persuasive. Fear what God will certainly do, to punish, and purge Sinners.
H 2

I Cor. 3. 13. The Fire shall try every man's work. Mark. 9. 49. Every one shall be salted with Fire. That, which is the highest Principle, the Supreamest Power in every kind, will subdue all other Powers, and Parts of things to itself. So it is said of Christ: Philip. 3. 21. According to that working, whereby he is able even to subdue all things to himself.

If this Principle of power meet with any thing fuitable to itself, it cherisheth, and heightens that till it be perfectly like, perfectly one with itself. Thus every

Sacrifice is seasoned with the Salt of Divinity.

But where it meets with a Contrariety, it conflicts, and contests with it, making the Conflict as fierce, and lasting; as the Contrariety; till it have consu-

med it. Thus every man shall be Salted with Fire.

Thus is Fire among the Elements. Thus is God among the Creatures, as a Fire Salting every man's Person, trying every man's Work. If he meet with any holy work, he rests upon it in the Secret of his Glory, as a Fountain of Beauty, and Blessings. If he meet with any pure, and sweet Spirit, like himself; he closeth with it, in all manner of gentleness, and softness, as Two Flames embrace one another.

But where he meets with opposition he rageth. He burns upon dark, unclean, untrastable Hearts, as Fine in the Iron-works; till he hath poured them

forth into the Temper, and Mold of his Spirit, and Image.

Take heed then of feeding upon fleshly Pleasures without Fear, as St. Jude speaks. O men, and women, what do you, while you live upon the World.

and in Sin?

As the Woman faid of her self in the story of the Kings, I King. 17. 12. Lam gathering sticks to bake a Cake for me and my Son, that we may eat it, and die. This is your posture. You are every where wandring, and busied to gather the Greatnesses and Pleasures of this world, that you may feed with these your Fleshly part fat, and strong, as a Sacrifice, that the Fire of Divine wrath may come down upon you, and devour you.

I shall conclude this whole use thus: If there be a God, which hath brought forth all the Sweet, and good things, which are before us here, which now move Desire, or Delight in us: sure this God is Almighty, and can yet heighten this Goodness, this Sweetness, to an Instituteness, as well, as an Endlessness from then for a Drop to lose the Sea for a Tast, the Feast; thy share in such Delights,

for the short temptation of a Darling-Sin.

If there be a God which hath contrived, and fent abroad all the Evils, which now afflict, affright, amaze mortal men: fure this God is this way too Almighty, and can extend these Sufferings, till there be no Bound to them in our sense, no end of them in our Eye. Fear then to dare this God by your Dalliances in Fleshly vanities.

If there be a God, who is pure, just, true, sweet, meek: sure he loves such things

things as these, and hates the contrary: sure he will set himself against all proud, impure, salse, siery Ways, and Spirits; till he have conseuded them, or consumed these things in them: Fear then to be found before the Eyesof this God without the Righteousness, and Spirit of your Saviour as a Garment salt, and close girt to you. Fear to be seen by him in your Nakedness. For his Eyes are a bright and hot Flame, which will discover thy Shame, and burn thy Flesh, as the Whore's in the Revelation, with Fire.

I have spoken of Two Signs of a Servile State in Religion: Fear; and De-

pendencies. There Remain Two more: Forms; Solicitude.

3. Sign: Forms. There are Two Sorts of Forms, which the Holy Ghost mentions, in the Scripture:

1. Eternal Forms. 2. Temporary Forms.

1. Eternal Forms. Philip. 2. 6. Jesus Christ is said to be In the Form of God, in west and in that Form He thought it no Robbery to be equal with God.

This Form is the Substance itself, Spirit, and Truth. This is the Effential Form, which is no Skadow, but One with the Substance; no Appearance Separable from Truth, but that Appearance, which is Truth; no Letter or Out-

fide, but One Spirit with the Spirit, having Life in itself.

St. Paul speaks of this Form: Rom. 12. 2. Be ye transformed in the Removing of your Mind: Metaluscuse Again: Rom. 8. 29. He hath predestinated us to be conformed to the Image of his Son: Superpose This is an Inward, and Spiritual Form. It is the Evangelical Form, which is seen by Evangelical Eyes; which is felt, as well as seen; being Iower, as well as Form: 1 John 1. 2.

2. Temperary Forms. The Apostle speaks of these Forms: 1 Cor. 7. 31. The Fashien of this World passeth away. St. Paul useth the Word Exima, which signifies the Outward Figure, and Shape in Bodily Things, which is a meer Accident, varying often, while the Substance remains the same, not reaching to the Spirit, but Inhering in the Outward Body, and Perishing with it.

He makes use of the same word: Rom. 12. 2. Be not ye Confirmed to the World: \Sugmuzi'(& And this is opposed to Merzungeride but be ye Transformed.

Temporary Forms are Empty Figures; Accidental Out-fide Shapes. But Di-

vine Forms are Substantial, Spiritual, Essential.

We speak now of such Forms, as these, under the Law; which are not the Life, and Power of God; but may be without these, and yet as Fair in themselves.

The Scripture makes use of this Word, Form, in this Sense frequently: Rom. 2. 21. St. Paul saith of the Jew, who is One Outwardly, not Inwardly, as he concludes in the last Verse of that Chapter; that he hath a Form of Knowledge; Mopgood. The Word is Elegant, and seems to fignify a Form not Natural, springing forth from the Life, or Substance; but a Form Affectate, Artificially made.

2 Tim

2 Tim. 3. 5. St. Paul speaks of the same thing, and useth the same Word: Having a Form of Godliness: Misson: but denying the Power of it.

Thus much for the Explication, and Justineation of the Word: Forms; as

they are a Sign of Legality.

The Thing, which I understand by Forms, is the Image of God, and Godliness taken in, or held forth according to the Principles, and Appearances of This Creation.

St. Paul saith: Galat. 4. v. 3. When we were Children, we were in Bondage under the Elements of the World. v. 4. But when the Fulness of Time came, God sent forth His Son. v. 9. After that ye have known God, or rather are known of God, (or, are made to know by God) how turn ye again to weak and Beggerly Elements, to which ye desire again to be in Bondage.

Mark, what Oppositions the Apostle maketh.

1. Opposition: Between the Elements of the World: and the Son sent forth. When Jesus Christ the Heavenly Image of God is revealed in our Spirits, then we are free from that Slavery of Spelling the Name of God out of the Elements of this Creation. We no more go to the Agyptians for their Learning; that is, to the Principles of Nature for the knowledge of God.

2. Opposition: Between the Knowing of God, so as being known, or made to know by God, and the Elements of the World. We know God by Divine Principles, when we know him by an Immediate Union with Him, which gives us the Naked Appearance of God in our Spirits, by the Mutual Comprehen-

fion of our Spirits in that Appearance, and Spirit.

Till we thus know God, we know Him not. We have no Image, but Shadows only of Him. We know Him by Worldly Principles, which are Dark, and Beggerly.

The Scripture often links together these, as in a Chain: The Law, the Let-

ter, the Flesh, Man, the World, the Outward Man, the Few, Forms.

Rem. 2. 28. 29. You have a Jew, Outwardly, in the Letter, Outward in the Flesh, whose Praise is of Men.

Rom. 8. 3. The Law is weak thorow the Flesh.

2 Cor. 3. 6. 7. There are Coupled; The Letter, which kills: and the Ministration of Death engraven in Stone.

Gal. 4. 3. 5. Those that are under the Elements of the World, are the same

with those, that are under the Law.

Rem. 2. 17. There is a few resting in the Law: v. 18. He is instructed out of the Law, and approves the things, that are Excellent: v. 20. He hath a Form of knowledge, and of Truth in the Law.

All these, and the Particular Sign of a Servile State now in hand, which is Forms, will be clearly understood by the Opening of Three of the Fore-mentio-

ned Terms.

1. The Flesh. 2. The Spirit. 3. The Law.

1. The Flesh. Flesh, and Spirit; Carnal, and Spiritual are opposed, as Time, and Eternity; the First, and the Second Creation. All the Empty, and Temporary Things of this World are Flesh. Joh. 6. 63. 1 Pet. 1. 24. Joh. 17.2. Sometimes Flesh is taken for the Corrupt State of Things: as Jude 23. The

Garment spotted with the Flesh.

Sometimes it is taken for the Visible Part of Natural Things: as 2 Cor. 7. 1. All Filthiness of Flesh and Spirit. In the Former place Flesh was the Filth, that defiled the Garment of Nature. Here it is Natures upper, and Outward Gar-

ment, which is in danger of being defiled.

Thirdly, Flesh is taken for the whole Frame of Nature in the Visible, and Invisible Part of it. So Mat. 26. 41. The Spirit is willing, but the Flesh is weak. The Spirit there is the Spiritual; the Flesh the Natural Man. So Luke 3. 6. All Flesh shall see the Salvation of the Lord. This place is cited from Es. 40.5. The Glory of the Lord shall be revealed, and all Flesh shall see it together. Compare this with 1 Tim. 3. 16. God manifest in the Flesh, justified in the Spirit, seen of Angels. Angels are Part of that Flesh, which sees the Glory of God, and hath it revealed in them.

Lastly, Flesh is taken for Created Nature, both Body, and Spirit; as it is spiritualized. Jesus Christ spake in this sense: John 6. 55. My slesh is meat indeed. He expounds himself afterwards: v. 63. It is the Spirit, that quickeneth; the Flesh profiteth nothing. Our Saviour means thus much: The Creature in me, as it is a meer Creature, is uncapable of so near an Union with you, or so great a wertue in itself, as to be the food, or Conveyance of Eternal Life to you. But as it is become a New Creature, and is made One in Person, and Spirit with the Divine Nature: So you may feed upon it after a Spiritual manner, and be nourished up by it to Eternal Life. For so the Lord adds; The Words that I speak, are Spirit and Life. So we read of the Fleshly Tables of the Heart.

But the Common Acceptation of Flesh, when it is opposed to Spiritual Things, and joyned with the Law, is the Third: that is, the first Creation, or

this World.

This is manifest from the seventh of the Epistle to the Romans. v. 2. The Woman is bound by the Law to her Husband, while he liveth; saith St. Paul v. 4. Ye are dead to the Law by the Body of Christ, that ye may be married to another, even to him who is raised from the Dead. He goes on, v. 5. When we were in the Flesh, the Motions of Sin, which were by the Law. Then, v. 6. But now we are delivered from the Law, that being dead, wherein we were held.

The Principles and Frame of Nature in the Invisible Powers, and visible Parts of it are our *Husband* by the first Creation. For we were made subject to Angels in that State, as in the New Creation we are to Jesus Christ. And

we were made by Nature a little Lower than Angels, in the next degree of Inferiority to them: as the Woman to the Man. This is plain by comparing those Two Places: Pfal. 8. 5. Thou hast made him (that is, man) a little lower than the Angels: Heb. 2. 5. Unto Angels he hath not put in subjection the World, which is to come: But unto Jesus Christ, That is implyed in the Place.

The Law is the Law of the Husband. Now the Law was administred by Angels, the Ministring Spirits, which are Principalities. and Powers of this

Creation, as the Vice-Gerents of God.

Now St. Paul faith; that by the Body of Christ that Husband died, which held us in Subjection to the Law. The whole Frame of Nature was shaken by the Death of Christ, and must fall by the Power of it.

Then St. Faul adds, that we were subject to the Law while we were in the

Flesh.

All these things make it plain, that by the Flesh he understands the State of Nature in its highest Principles, and utmost Extent.

Thus much for the First Term, Flesh.

2. Letter. This is the Image of God in Flesh. Letter and Spirit are opposed by St. Paul, as Old, and New: Rom. 7. 4. And he teacheth us, that by the Death of the Flesh in the Body of Christ, we are freed from our Service to God in the Oldness of the Letter.

St. Paul opposeth Spirit, and Letter, as Inward and Outward. He calleth

that the Letter, which is Outward in the Flesh: Rom. 2. 28, 29.

The Spirit is Jesus Christ, as He is the Heavenly Image of God within in the Heart of God; 2. Cor. 3. 15. This is that which is Inward, under the Vail of Flesh.

The Letter is the Image of God in the outward Man, as it is drawn forth from, and discovered in the Principles of the first Creation, which is the

Vail.

3. The Law. This is the State of the Soul, while she lives in the Letter, and hath Communion with God only by the Letter.

St. Paul thus describes a Legal State: Gal. 4. 3. When we were Children,

(rhomos, Infants) we were in Bondage under the Elements of the World.

While we are under the Law, we are Infants, we have neither the Ear, nor the Heart, nor the Mouth of the Spirit, and the Spiritual man, in our Souls. We are Uncapable of Taking in, or making out God in his own Divine Image, according to Spiritual Principles, or the Elements of the New Creation. Therefore we are in Bondage to Natural Principles, and Reasonings.

We are bound up within the Compass of this Creation, as in a Prison. We are unskill'd in, unacquainted with any Principles, or Appearances of things; besides those of this Creation. We compare Spiritual Things by these Things

of Nature. We hear God with the Ear, we speak of him with the Tongue, of this Creation, We receive, and cherish such Notions of God, as are agreeable with this Frame.

The Manifestations of God, which spring from Spiritual Principles, from the Face of God himself, are Barbarians to us, while we are under the Law.

To the Law of Nature, to the Testimony of Reason, to the Elements of this World; whatsoever speaketh not according to these, whatsoever casteth off, or doth not cloth its Speakings with these Forms, though it be the Spirit Himself; hath no Light in it to our Understandings, while we are under the Law.

These Elements, or Forms in which we are tied up, while we are under the Law, are,

Weak.
 Dark.
 Beggarly.
 Old.

to come. They have not the Substance. They cannot give us the Good Things Themselves.

Forms set the Picture of our Beloved before our Eyes; but they cannot lay the Person Himself in our Arms. They are but a Letter from our Husband.

They have not the Spirit of our Husband in them.

2. Forms in the knowledge of God are Dark Things. They can give us

no clear, or certain Discoveries.

The greatest Light of Communion or Comfort, that can come, while we are shut up in Forms, is but like a Spark from a Flint at Midnight. It hath much Doubt, Diffidence, and Fear mingled with it.

3. Forms are Beggerly Things. They cannot lay open before us the Unsear-

chable Riches of Christ.

Jesus Christ is Rich in Glory. He can fill all Appearances. He can bring forth Innumerable Appearances. He hath Glory above all appearances, which the Creature is capable of. He can bring forth more Glory into thy Heart, than can be made out in thy Heart itself by any Appearance, The Power of Glory which thy Spirit feels, shall be above the Appearance, which it sees, 1 Corin. 14. 14. Ephel. 3. 19.

How poor then, and Beggarly must that Spirit be in the knowledge of the Glory of God, which is shut up in any one Form, in any one Sort, or Degree

of Manifestations?

While thou canst not part with any Particular Form of Appearance while thy Spirit is not indifferent, and universal, extending itself to all Forms in the Manifestation of God: while thou art not above the Forms of this World: Thou wilt be but a Beggar in thy Divine Discoveries or Enjoyments.

He must be above, the Letter, in the Spirit; above and out of all Created Images,

Images in the Light of Life itself, that will attain to those Riches of assurance of a full understanding in the Mystery of God, and Christ, which St. Paul speaks

of : Coloss. 2. 2.

4. Forms are Old. God hath blafted all Forms and Ways of his Appearing by the Principles, and Elements of the Creature. If they have had any Beauty, yet now they are Blear-eyed. If they have been Fruitful, yet now they are become a Barren Womb, which is as the Grave.

The Cross of Christ, and the Glory of his Appearance in the Spirit have taken away the Life, and Glory of all Manifestations, or Administrations in

the Flesh.

They are Old, Withered, Decayed, and Dying. The more our Saviour shines out in the Glory of his Father, the more will they Droop till they drop

quite into the Duft,

4. Sign: Solicitude. Rest, and want of Rest are the distinguishing Notes of a Legal, or Evangelical State. His Rest shall be Glorious; saith the Prophet of the Lord Jesus in the Times of the Gospel, Esa. 11.10. Come to messaith our Saviour to those under the Law, You that labour, and are heavy laden, and I will give you Rest, Mat. 11.28.

A Legal Spirit hath a Four-fold Solicitude.

Solicitude, for Acceptance of the Person.
 Solicitude, for Affiance in Perplexities.

3. Solicitude, for Light in the way.

4. Solicitude, for Life in the work of Grace.

the Seed of God, Jesus Christ is not yet come up, nor revealed within her. She state therefore trembling in the Dark, sometimes Confident, that it is a Seed of Love; sometimes as Peremptory, that it is a Seed of Wrath, which lies hid in her. So she is perplexed, and anxious in herself.

St. Paul teacheth us, Coloss. 2. 2. that Affurance ariseth from the Acknow-

ledgment of God in the Mystery even of the Father, and of Christ.

The Mystery of the Gospel lies hid under the Law, the Heavenly Image is covered, and kept out of Sight by the Earthly. All this while a Saint is apt to be looking down into himself, and to judge of Love, or Hatred, by those Appearances, which he finds of either in himself. But still he finds those Appearances Mixt, Unconstant, Doubtful. So he is ever tost from one thing to another with much Unstableness, and Unquietness.

If he look up to God, he sees Him in a Cloud, thorow the Principles of the Creature, in which he judgeth of God after the manner of Man; and so one while he believes him to be a Sweet Friend; another while, an Irreconcileable

Enemy.

But he that is truly Evangelical, looks upward still, like Stephen. He sees with

the Eye of his Spirit Heaven, that Divine Image, and State of things, opened to him. He seeth the Father, and fesus Christ standing at the Right Hand of the Father, and himself in the Arms of Jesus Christ, as Lazarus was seen lying in Abraham's Bosom.

This Discovery of the Mystery of God above, gives him a full Affurance

concerning the Acceptance of his Person in the Beloved One.

2. Solicitude, for Affiance in Perplexities. The Temper of a Legal Spirit in this Point is fitly express'd, Plal. 116. 10. 11. I was greatly afflicted, I said in

my haft: All men are Lyars.

While our Comforts depend upon the Forms of our Saviour's Appearing to us, either Inwardly, or Outwardly: we are, as cast off, and at a Loss upon every Change. When a Temptation, or unexpected Trouble ariseth, we are like a Ship in a Storm, that hath lost its Anchor. We are carried away with the vio-

lence of the Tempest.

Then we cry: All our Signs for Good have deceived us. All the Marks of Divine Love, which men have given us, all the Encouragements, and Comforts, with which they have carried us on: All the Manifestations, and Workings, which we discovered, as Grounds of Assurance, in our own Hearts; All these have deceived us. Good God whom, or what shall we trust? What shall we do, that we may have rest in the Time of Trouble?

This is the uncertainty of his Comforts, who is under the Law, who hath not all his Comforts, and Confidence wrapt up in One Spirit with Jesus Christ, who is the Same, without Change, in the midst of all Changes; Yesterday, and to Day. It is this alone, which can make us sweetly to Rejeyce in our Insirmi-

ties, and Tribulations.

3. Solicitude: for Light in the way. While the Law is our School-master, the Letter is our Way, and Guide. The Letter hath a Twofold Inconvenience in it.

First, the Way of the Letter is cut out into great Diversity of Paths. It is full of Windings, and Turnings. It hath manifold Rites, and Observations in it.

Secondly, the Letter itself is Old, and Dim. So the Directions, which it gives

us are very Dark, and uncertain to us.

These Two Inconveniences make us perpetually full of Disputes, and Doubts in our selves, every step, that we take, whether we be in a right way, or no.

We never can be delivered from this Solicitude, till we be brought into the High, and Plain way of the Spirit, in which the wayfaring Man, though a Fool, cannot erre.

4. Solicitude: For Life in the Work of Grace, Rom. 8. 3. The Law being weak thorow the Flesh, Heb. 7. 16. Fesus Christ is made a Priest, not after the Law of a County of the Law of the La

the Law of a Carnal Command; but after the Power of an Endless Life.

The Life of Grace under the Law is very Weak. For the way of its Working is by Flesh'y Principles. It is so conveyed thorow them, as if it were wrought out of them altogether.

I 2

In this State the Soul eats the Bread of Life, with the Sweat of her Brows. She is fain to till an Earth full of Bryars, and Thorns. She carries on the Working of Grace with much Difficulty for the present, and Anxiety for the Future. For the Life of Grace is weak, and it puts forth itself after the Way of the Life of Reason, by Parts, Affections, Passions, Resolution, Industry. This way of Working by these Powers naturally carrieth along with it much Care, and Vexation. Whereas under the Gospel the New Earth bringeth forth the Fruit of the Spirit of its own accord, according to the several Seasons, and Growths of it. And this is done, while the Husbandman sleepeth, while the Spirit lies sweetly at Rest in the Bosom of her Saviour without any Care, or Toil.

The Life of Grace in the Law, is as Water drawn up out of a Deep Well by Buckets-full at a time. But in the Gospel it is a Living Fountain springing up Freely, Plentifully, Uncessantly.

So much for the Signs of a Servile, or Legal State in Religion.

I will conclude this Head with one Use of Consolation.

Application.

Use. Consolation. You, who feel not your selves carried up into the Glory of God by the Spirit, as upon the Wing of an Eagle; but are creeping towards Heaven, like Worms upon the Ground: you have great *Priviledges* belonging to you, and a great Portion of Comfort.

Your Priviledges, in which you that are under the Law, may Glory, and

take Comfort, are these:

You have an Adoption, or Son-ship; a Protection; a Presence of Glory; a Peculiar Worship; a Pledge, and Type, you may have a Precious Seed in you.

1. Priviledge: Adoption, or Son-ship. Rom. 9. 4. You are the Israelites in the Letter, or Flesh, to whom pertaineth the Adoption. God is your Father in a more especial way, than to the Rest of Men, in a nearer Relation, than that of Creation. You are Sons, though by the Bond-woman. You are begotten again of God into a New Image of Himself: though this Image be in the Flesh, and of the Flesh, as the Mother.

2. Priviledge: Protection. God was with all his Thousands of Angels on Mount Sinai in the midst of the Fire, and Thick Darkness. This was an Allegory, and signified thy Heart with its Fears and Agonies under the Law; in the midst of which God, and His Angels dwell, as a Defence over thee. The Law was added because of Transgressions: to Protect thee from the Power of

the Devil in thy Lusts, and Corruptions.

31 Priviledge: the Presence of Glory. This is reckoned up, Rom. 9. 4. The Glory. The Glory is some Manifestation above the Work of Nature, sent forth from God, and having God present in it, conversing with us by it. Such was the Pillar in the Wilderness; such the Smoak in the Temple; the Appearearance at the Oracle.

Thou also who fearest God, and workest Righteousiness, though under the Law; yet hast a Glorious Work of God upon thy Heart, a Divine Appearance of God in thy Spirit, a near Presence of God with it; by which thou hast Access to Him, and Communion with him.

· We read of those that are near, and those, that are far off. Thou in the State of Nature wast far off from God. Now being brought under the Law, thou art near to Him. When thou shalt be brought up into the Light of the

Gospel, thou wilt see thy self in Him.

4. Priviledge: Peculiar Worship. The Covenants; the giving of the Law; The Service of God pertained to the Israelites: Rom. 9. 3. Thou art an Israelite, a Kinsman of Christ, and all the Saints, nay a Brother according to the Flesh: if thou hast the Work of the Law upon thy Heart. The Covenant, nay both Covenants, in the Letter, in the Outward Dispensation, and Administration belong to thee. Thou hast a Right to all the Ordinances, and to every Instituted Service of God. The Promises in the Proposal of them concern thee in the First Place.

Go then to the Sacraments; Pray; Read the Word; Hearken to the Promises; whatever thy Troubles, or Terrours be. These are appointed for thee to keep, to Comfort, to carry thee on, till Christ be revealed in thee.

5. Priviledge: The Pledge, and Type of Spiritual and Eternal things, Rom.

9. 4. The I'romises; The Fathers; Christ according to the Flesh.

When thou feelest the Bondage of the Law to lie heaviest upon thee, thou hast this to comfort thy self with: All the Saints of old, in whose Loyns, the Life, and Heirs of all Grace, and Glory lay; lived in this State, and were subject to the Law, even until death: Jesus Christ Himself was born of Legal Parents, and made under the Law.

Besides; The Law is a Fleshly Image of all the Joys of the Gospel, and the Spirit, and Heaven. The Law holds them forth all, not in the Type, or

Image only; but in the Prophecy of them, as being certainly to come.

Moses, and the Prophets go together, and Moses himself is One of the Chief

of the Prophets.

As Christ according to the Flesh was an Israelite, so the Law is the Beauty, and Glory of Christ in the Flesh, testifying of itself, and its own coming in

the Spirit.

Sit down then under thy Fig-tree, under the Shadow of the Law, with good Nathaniel, till thy Vine be grown up. There look on Him, who feeth thee. Behold that Glory, which looks forth in the Law, as in a FleihlyImage of itself. Feed thy self with the Expectations of his Shining out, whom this Image propheties of to thee. When he discovers himself, thou shalt know, that He was in Covenant, and Communion with thee, even when thou wert under the Fig-tree.

6. Privi-

6. Priviledge: You may have a Precious Seed in you. While you are Legal you are in Bondage to many Fears, and Terrours: You weep, for you fay; you can discover nothing of Christ in you. It is true the Seed is not come up yet; but it may be Sown. You come not Rejoycing, and bearing your Sheafs with you: yet you may be those, who go forth weeping, and carrying your Precious Seed with you.

When Darkness would drive you to Despair, then take to your selves the words of St. Paul, Gal. 3. 23. Before Faith (that is, the Revelation of Christ in my Flesh) I am kept under the Law, under Terrours, and Rigours; Shut up in Darkness and Fear, from all Comforts, or Considence unto the Faith, (that Appearance of Christ) which shall be revealed; but now is hid, as a Seed only

in me.

Though thou canst not yet with good old Simeon, sing over Jesus Christin thine Arms, a Song of Peace, and Rest to the Soul: yet thou may the with Mary have him in the Womb. This Burthen, which thou bearest, and goest with so heavily, may be the Burthen of the Lord, the Immortal Word in thee.

These Pangs, which thou feelest may be, not to the Death of thy Soul, but the Birth of a Son, a Saviour, whose coming forth shall make thee to forget all thy Sorrows, and Rejoyce; because a Son is born unto thee, by which Birth

thou art no more a Servant, but a Son.

I have now done speaking of the Servile, and come to the Son-like State in Religion.

2. The Son-like State. This is known by a Four-fold Property.

Love.
 Life.
 Resignation.

1. Property: Love. I shall shew this in two places of Scripture.

1. Scripture: Galat. 4. 6. Because se are Sons, he hath sent forth the Spirit of his Son into your hearts, crying, Abba, Father. St. Paul in these words toucheth four Things, which will much open this Point, and this Particular.

I. The Sonship of a Saint. 3. The Discovery of it.

2. The Concealment of this Sonship 4. The Effect of this Discovery.

1. The Sonship of a Saint. This is the Union of a Saint in one Spirit with him, who is the only begotten Son of the Father, Jesus Christ. It is the Fellowship of the Person of a Saint in one Life, one Image with the Person of his blessed Saviour. The Apostle unites these two: our teing Sons; and our having the Spirit of his Son. And that which St. Paul in this place calls The Spirit of His Son: he calls the Spirit of Adoption, Rom. 8. 15. That Spirit, which is the Spirit of all the Sons of God.

2. The Concealment of this Sonship. The coming of the Spirit into our Souls doth not make us Sons, but manifests us to be such. We are First Sons, and then the Spirit of his Son is sent forth into our Spirits. So we read plainly: Because

ye are Sons, he hath sent forth the Spirit of his Son into your Hearts. While we live in fin and flavery, we are in truth Sons, though we be, as Princes in disguise. Yet ever God retains in himself, the Root, and Image of our Persons, as of Sons.

So our State of Sonship is twice bid: once in the Secret of divine Glory:

again under the Shadow of our Flesh.

3. The Discovery of this Sonship. This is by the sending of the Spirit into our Hearts. This Spirit is manifold. Ephel. 4. 3. Keeping the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace. Where the Unity is kept by a Bond, there a Multiplicity is

clearly fignified.

I Cor. 12. 13. We are all baptized by one Spirit into one Body. Christ and his Saints are there spoken of. All these together are one Body of Divinity, and Glory. Each particular Saint is a Member of this Glory, a Son, or Child of this Divinity. Each one hath the same Spirit, which comprehends all the Perfons of our Saviour, and his Brethren.

God in his own time fends down this Spirit upon every one of his Sons. When it comes, it discovereth in itself, thy Saviours Person, and thine, in one

Light, Life, and Form; in one Relation to God, as being both Sons.

The Spirit shining forth in thy Spirit, shews itself at once, One with God, and One with Thee. So it becomes both the Witness, and the Evidence of thy

Relation to God, as of a Son to a Father.

Therefore St. Paul teacheth us: Rom. 8. 16. The Spirit beareth witness with our Spirits, that we are the Sons of God. The Spirit is the Brightness of the Godhead; which, as it descends into our bosons, opens the Godhead to us, there discovers us to our selves. as we were Eternally comprehended in that Root, as we grow up out of it, as we abide, and flourish in it.

This Spirit being immediately united to God, immediately united to our

Spirits, is an immediate Testimony of our Sonship.

4, The Effect of this Discovery. He hath sent forth the Spirit of his Son into our Hearts, crying; Abba, Father. The natural Effect of our Sonship made manifest in us is a natural Affection to our Father. While we are in the State of Nature we know not whence we come, nor whither we go, when once we have received the Spirit of Sons, we then see God to be the Father, who did bear us in his Loyns from Eternity, who brought us forth into this World; who can never forget us, though a Woman should forget her only Child; who hath ever Bowels of a Father, care, tenderness, sweetness towards us; who cannot always hold, but He must discover himself to us.

When a Saint feels these Workings of the Spirit of God in his own Spirit, then his Bowels turn within him, then he melts, then he casts himself into the

Embraces of his God, and cries; My Father: Abba, Father.

Thus God gives a Check to our Lusts, changing them into a divine Love, by Discovery.

This

This is the First place of Scripture.

2. Scripture. I Joh. 4. 16. 17. He that dwells in Love, dwells in God, and God dwells in him. For God is Love. In this is Love made perfect, that we may have Boldness before him in the day of Judgment. Because, as He is, so are we in this World.

Two things are taught us in these words:

1. The Relation between God, and a Saint in an Evangelical State.

2. The Affection of such a Saint towards God.

1. The Relation between God, and a Saint in an Evangelical State. The Relation between a Father, and a Son in Nature hath three Parts.

1. Part. The Nature of the Father is in the Person of the Son. It is one in both, as the Sap, and Seminal Power is the same thorow the whole Tree.

2. Part. The Person of the Son subsists in the Nature of the Father; as

the Body of the Tree in the Root.

3. Part. The Person of the Father propagates and multiplies itself in the Person of the Son; as the Body of a Tree runs out into Branches.

Such a Relation with so many Parts is there between God, and a Saint, as

between Father and Son.

of his Being, the Fulness of his Person. Thus St. John saith: We dwell in God; not in the Fleshly Image of God, as a Servile Christian; but in the Spiri-

tual Image, the naked Bosom of the Godhead.

2. Part. The Person of a Saint is in the Divine Nature, as in his Root, in his Element, in his proper Principle; as that, which comprehends him, communicates itself to him, sustains him, slows in upon him, shows itself in all things, possessed, acts him entirely. Thus saith St. John: We dwell in God: that is, as a Worldly Spirit dwells in the Spirit of this World.

3. Part. God propagates himself in a Saint. Both are one Life, one Spirit multiplying itself into various Forms: Both unitedly, and in One, pass thorow all Forms. So St. John again teacheth: As He is, so are we in this World.

This is the Relation between God, and a Saint in an Evangelical State, as

that between a Father and a Son.

2. The Affection of a Son-like Saint towards God. To dwell in God, and dwell in Love: to have God, and to have Love dwelling in us, are both One thing. For God is Love.

God is an Infinite Sweetness, which is both Fountain, and Sea in one: a Fountain sending forth many Streams, many Sons: a Sea drawing all into its own

Bosom again by a Natural course.

He then that is a Son of God is a Son of Love: Love of that first Love, coming forth from it, and returning thither, whence it first came.

This Son-like or Filial Love hath Two Characters.

1. Character: The Degree. 2. Character: The Extent.

1. Character: The Degree of Love. Love in a Son-like Saint rifeth to a Confidence, a Boldness in the presence of God, even then, when he puts on the most terrible Appearance in the day of Judgment.

The Ground of this Boldness in a Filial love is Three-fold.

I. Reason. A Saint, that is, a Son, knows, and feels God to be Love.

2. Reason. He knows himself to be in this Love, to be One with God in

his Heavenly Glory.

3. Reason. He knows this Love to be in him, God to be one with him in his worldly Disguise: We have boldness; because as he is, so are we in this World. All these Three Reasons are wrapt up in this One Clause.

As he is in the World; Love itself: so are we with Him, sensible of Him. As He is in the World, and at once above the World, in Glory: so are we in

Him.

As he is in the World, clothing his Divine Substance with Fleshly Appearances: so are we, because he is in us. This is the first Character of a Filial Love.

2. Character: Extent of Love. A Saint, that is a Son, hath not a particular Love to God, or any Object. He is, as his Father is, Love in its full Latitude. He dwells in Love. Love is the Air, in which he breaths, in which he receives all Shapes of things, in which he communicates himself to them.

A Son of God is like his Father in Two Things:

I. He is a beautiful Light shining upon all things equally, stamping its

own bright Form upon them, so beholding them.

2. He is a Cloud of Sweetness, like gentle and soft Rain falling upon every thing, till it have sweetned it by degrees to the same height; and enjoying it in that Sweetness:

Exhortation. Make God your only Mark, and Aim. What is it, which you feek for? Love? God is Love. What is it, which makes every Action, or fuffering fweet? This, if Love be the beginning. What gives you Rest in every End of things? Love. Then seek God above all things. Make him the Beginning, and the End of your way. So you shall have a sweet Rest in all. For He

is Love.

How strange is that perversences, which is in the Nature of man! When man was first made, he was placed in a Garden, where he had liberty to eat of all the Trees, excepting one Tree only, which bare all manner of Curses for Fruit, the Forbidden Tree. Yet then man eats of this one Tree, and lets the rest alone. Now all the Trees in the same Garden, which are all Creatures in the World, have wo, and death growing upon them. There is one Tree only in the midst of the Garden bringing forth Glory, and Immortality. This Tree is God. Now man will feed plentifully on all the other Trees; but will not touch this Tree of Life.

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We all have Notions in our heads, and Expressions upon our Tongues concerning God; that, if we speak of Wisdom, He is Wise; if we speak of Strength, He hath power; if we speak of Glory, He is beautiful; if we speak of Joy, and Delights, He is sweet. But oh that there were such Hearts in us to set up this God in our Spirits for the supream Wisdom, Power, Beauty, Sweetness!

I will divide this Exhortation into Three.

1. Exhortation. Seek the Knowledge of God. As our Saviour once spake passionately over the Jews: O Hierosalem, Hierusalem, if thou hadst known the things of thy peace! In like passion doth my Spirit breath forth this over you, that now read it: O Man! O Woman! If thou knowest the One thing of thy Peace, the Knowledge of thy God. This is the Chief, the only thing, the Allthings of thy Peace. For when thou knowest him, thou knowest Love in truth, the Life of Love; and this is Eternal Life. John 17. 4. This is Eternal Life to know thee.

Press the knowledge of God upon thy Spirit by these Motives.

1. Motive: The Knowledge of God is the Inlet of all Grace, and Comfort, Rom. 10. 14. How shall they believe in him, of whom they have not heard? If Faith be the mother, and nurse of a Spiritual Life; the knowledge of God is the Father, and the Food of Faith, and of that. If Faith be the Fountain, that sends forth the Streams of Divine Strengths, and Consolations; the Knowledge of God is the Sea that supplies this Spring.

Rom. 10. 17. Faith cometh by Hearing, and Hearing by the Word of God. The Word of God is the Image of God, which is Jesus Christ. This Word re-

presents itself Three ways: Eternally: Internally: Externally.

1. Eternally the Word of God represents itself to Glorified Spirits. That Knowledge of God, which is begotten upon the Spirit by this Representation is call'd Seeing. For it is a Representation in a clear Light, as before a man, as face to face. I Tim. 3. last, Seen of Angels.

2. Internally to men on Earth by the Principles of Natural Reason, or by

Supernatural Principles from the Spirit, or from the Written Word.

3. Externally by the outward Creatures, by the Senses, and Objects of Sense. These two last ways of Representation are call'd; Hearing or Report. For they are Representations of God conveyed thorow the darkness of our Natures, as a Voice speaking from behind us, from behind the wall of our Flesh.

When God is pleased thus to give his Word, to put forth a Discovery of him-felf thorow our dark Principles, as by the Hearing of the Ear, in our Souls; then God, in all that he appears to be, appears to be Leve. This Sense of God thus impress upon the Heart, unites it to God, makes it to believe him, trust it-felf to him, repose itself on him, rest in him, leave its desires, and hopes with him; that as He lives, so this Heart may live; as he works, and carries on his own Desire, so he may work on this Heart, and advance the Happiness of it. Thus Faith corneth by Hearing.

Hear then what Nature without you, speaks aloud of God: that He is good, true, just, full and free. Listen to that report, which is made of God by all your Senses, by all the things of Sense, in the several Languages of their Beauty, Power, Plenty, Pleasure, Variety.

Listen to the inbred voice of your own Reason. Hear the clear report, which that makes of God; that there must be One, the First, and so the Best of all; above All, in All, gathering up all into himself; the Beginning, and the End of

All.

Listen to Supernatural Principles. If you cannot hear, or understand the language of the Spirit; yet hearken to the sound of the Written Word, which cries in your Ears: God gave his Love, and Glory to man, before he gave a Being to the World. When man had made himself Miserable, God gave Himself to misery, and death for man: God all along quite thorow Time to Eternity carries on this work of making himself wonderful in man, and Man a wonder of Blessedness in Him.

He that stops not his Ears against these sweet Reports of such a God, a God of Love, cannot but be charmed by them. A man that hears this, will believe, he will at least cast himself on God, and say: Whither-ever thou goest, carry me with thee: Where ever thou stayest, be thou my Rest. To thee only, O my God; to thee entirely, O my Love, do I trust my self. This is the first Motive to the

knowledge of God.

2. Motive: The Knowledge of God emproves, and exalts the Soul. Psal. 90. 14. I, saith God, will set him up on high, because he hath known my name. None can tell, but they, who have tasted, what a Divine Height, what a Height of Divine Strength, and sweetness there is in the Knowledge of God. I will set him on high: the word in Hebrew signifies: I will seat him in a strong Castle situate on a high Rock. Such a Castle is the Knowledge of God for Air, Prospect, and Strength. As a man grows in the Knowledge of God; he feels himself listed up into a Divine air, in which purity, peace, pleasure, Angels breath; he perceives himself walled in with an assured safety, and rest, which nothing can reach, nothing can shake.

The Knowledge of God opens a man's Eyes, to see Fields of Glory, and Rivers of Pleasure, in the midst of which he is every where; together with Horses of Fire, and Chariots of Fire, which continually plant themselves be-

tween him, and every Enemy.

3. Motive: The Knowledge of God preserves a man from Evil. Gal. 4. 9. After that ye have Known God, or rather are known of him, how come ye to turn back to those weak, and beggarly Principles, to which ye desire to be in bondage.

These Beggarly Principles are the Principles of this world, in which we lye by nature, as in a Prison, in a House of Bondage, where Sin binds us, Shame.

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covers us, Death feeds upon us. What shall deliver us from this Prison, this

Slavery? The Knowledge of God will do it, and that alone can do it.

When God puts forth his own Image in us, he then owns us, and makes us to know, and own him. Thus we know, and are known by this Image of God living in our Spirits. As the Serpent of Moses devoured the Serpents of the Magicians: So this Image of God in our Spirits swallows up all the Images and Shapes of this inchanting World, which are as Serpents tempting, and stinging us, casting forth the Poyson of Sin, and death upon us. This Image presents us with Heavenly Forms; plants us in itself; cloths us with itself; so furnisheth us with Treasure, and Armour. Now having thus known God, and the sweet Freedom of his Love; how can we desire, or bear to be again in bondage to our former Vanities.

4. Motive: the Discovery of God shews us, all, that our hearts cau wish to see. Psal. 37. 4. You have this Counsel given you: Delight thy self in the Lord, and he shall give thee thy hearts desire. Acquaint thy self with the Lord,

and he shall shew thee thy hearts desire, in shewing thee himself.

What is God? Efa. 57. 15. He is the High and Holy One, that inhabits Eternity. What then shalt thou see in the Discovery of God? Thou shalt see Excellency, and Joy at their Height, and fixt there, unchangeable, Eternal, as Eternity itself; without any Change, which is the cause of all Loss, and Death; without any Shadow of Change, which makes all Fear and Melancholy.

What is God? See by Jesus Christ, who is the Image of God. You read of him: Ephel. 1. 10. God hath gathered up all things into One, in Him. What then shalt thou see in the Appearance of God? Thou shalt see all those Forms of things, which affrighted, and opprest thee in Shapes as Delightful, as Delight itself. For thou shalt see all things in One, in Christ. Thou shalt see all Varieties of things in One Beauty, as the various Mixtures of that with itself, or Multiplications in itself. Thou shalt see thy self immortal in a State of full Glory: according to that, which St. Paul speaks: 2 Tim. 1. 9. The Grace, which was given us in Christ, before the World was. Thou shalt see those dear Relations. those sweet Contents, which thou hast lost, and over which thou bitterly mournest, breaking thine Heart; or which thou fearest to lose, and so livest ever trembling in this Fear: Thou shalt see all these living together in one Blessedness; present before thee in one view, never to die, never to be lost, when once thou feest God in thy Soul. For all things live to God. Thy dead Joys are still living in him; Death itself, which kill'd them, and threatens thee, lives a lovely life there.

What is God? God is Love. What then shalt thou see, when thou seest God? Thou shalt see a pure, unmixt, absolute, unconfin'd Love. Thou shalt see all things having their Being in Love, because they have their Being in God. Thou shalt see all things animated by a Life of Love, inspired by a Spirit of Love:

because God is the Quickning Spirit of all. O Sweet Sight! To see every thing quickned by Love, and so made perfectly Loving; every thing clothed with Love, and so made perfectly Lovely. This he sees, that sees God made manifest to him.

Now, as the Woman said of our Saviour: Behold a man, that hath told me all, that ever was in my heart: may not we say this of the Knowledge of God: Behold a Light, in which you shall see all, that ever was in your heart to hope,

with or imagine?

Is not this the Wisdom, which is sweeter than Honey? Richer than Pearl? Better for traffick than fine Gold? Even the Knowledge of God, in the opening of which, all delights flow forth, all Beauties sparkle, all wares of Blesledness offer themselves, and press in upon your Spirits. Seek then the Knowledge of God in the first, and last place, in all places, for it is in the place of all things.

This is the first Exhortation.

2. Exhortation: Let nothing keep you at a distance from God? Where can you be so well, as in the Bosom of Him, who loves you? Nay, who is Love?

Nay who is Love to you if you will receive Him? For he is all Love.

Whatever departs from God, departs from Love, and goes towards Wrath, Enmity, Hatred, take heed how you trust your self to anything, that tempts you from God, whatever it pretends: It cannot come from Love, or bring Love with it. It is an Enemy, and seeks to betray you by winning you from your sweetest Strength. The Blossom of a Vanity, or Sin may be fair to the Eye. But Hatred is the Root, and will be the Fruit.

Every thing of Love is of God, and carries the heart to God. Hatred, faith Solomon breeds strife. Canst thou look for Peace, I say not, Pleasure, in that

Temptation, which draws thee down from Love into Hatred.

3. Exhortation: Walk worthy of God; If you be His Sons, you are Sons of Love; a Love which is untainted with Particular respects; a Love, which is Invincible by any unsuitableness, or opposition, a Divine Love. Cherish such a Love in your selves, shew it to others.

Let your Love be your Selves, as it is in God, that you may as foon cease to be, as cease to Love. Let Love appear, wherever you appear like your Selves. Let your Love be as Universal, as your Conversation. Let it be your Nature.

Let your Love be like Aarons Ointment poured forth upon the Head of things, the Godhead, and running down thorow all the Creatures, to the very

lowest Skirts, the least of Things.

Be you Love, as God is. Love exalteth not itself. For it dwelleth with all things as One, in One. Love thinketh no Evil. For it looketh upon all things thorow One, and judgeth of them, as they appear in that One. Love is not angry. For Union is its Life, and all its Streams are sent forth from that sweet Spring. Love is not sufficious. For it makes itself One with All, and gathers

up all into One Principle with itself. Love workether ill. For it possesseth, converseth with, enjoys each several thing in One. So every thing to Love is Love's Self. Thus God is Love. Thus be you, if you be Sons of God. This is

to be Perfect, as your heavenly Father is.

2. Property: Life, Heb. 7. 16. Who, (that is, Christ) was not made according to the Law of a carnal command, but the power of an Endless Life. A Comparison is made in this Scripture between the Priesthood of Aaron, and our blessed Saviour. Aaron was a Priest of the first Covenant, the Law: The Lord Jesus was the Priest of the New Covenant, the Gospel. He that lives under the Priesthood of the One, is a Servant. He that lives under the Priesthood of the Other, is a Son.

We have a Threefold Opposition between these Two States, the Servile, and

the Son-like.

The First Opposition is between Law and Life. A Law is something imposed, a Compact, a Treaty between Two. Life is something Inbred. A Principle, a Spring, a Unity.

The Second Opposition is between a Law-command, and a Life-power, A Command works by violence, and force, from without, uncertainly: A Power

of Life works kindly, constantly, inwardly, and sweetly.

The Third Opposition is between Time, and Eternity. The Law of a Carnal Command, a carnal, or Fleshly Command decays, and dies, it begins, and ends in Time, as every thing of Flesh doth. But the Gospel is the Power of an Endless life.

He, that lives, as a Servant under the Law, lives in Fleshly Principles, which are frail, false, and fading. The impressions, which he hath of goodness are made by terrour, and work unkindly. They are like Images in water, dark; ever vanishing, if they be not maintained by outward objects, Ordinances,

Duties, Sermons, Books, Men.

He, that lives, as a Son, under the Gospel, lives in a Divine Principle, is naturally good. If you ask, why this man is good against the stream of all earthly things, which are evil. It is his Nature to be so. For he is made partaker of the Divine Nature, 2 Pet. 1. 4. If you ask, how he comes to love imitate, grow up into an unseen Glory, the Eternal Spirit. It is his Life to do so. As every Plant hath its proper Life, by which it is formed, and grows. So to this man his God, his Jesus is his Life. You may wonder, that a Son of God should continually flow forth into Spiritual Discourses; continually bath himself, in high, hidden, heavenly Joys; continually be mastering Lusts, and Passions, in defoight of Temptations without, and within him; continually maintain a Lowiz, and Lovely temper in this froward world. But all this is no wonder, for he is carried on by the Power of an Endless (indissoluble, invincible) life.

This is the Second Property of a Son-like State.

3. Property: Spirituality, 1 Corin. 3. 1. I could not speak to you, as unto Spiritual, but as unto Carnal, Babes in Christ. Galat. 4. 1. The Heir, while he is a Child, differs nothing at all from a Servant, though he be Lord of all. These two places laid together shew, that a Babe in Christ, and Servant in religion are both the samething; as also, that a Servant and a Son are distinguished by their Spirituality, and Carnality. He is a Son, that is Spiritual.

St. Paul giveth Two Descriptions of Spirituality in this Chapter to the Corin-

thians.

1. Description: Spirituality feeds itself on Meat, not on Milk. v. 2. I could not feed you with Meat, but with Milk. A Spiritual Person feeds, and lives on Divine things; not only, as they are represented in Fleshly Types, and Images;

but as they are presented in their own Shape, and Figures.

Our Saviour complains of Nicodemus: John 3. 12. If I have spoken to you of Earthly things, and you receive them not: how would you understand them, if I should speak of Heavenly. If now you do not understand me, when I speak of Heavenly things in an Earthly manner, by resemblances taken from below: how would you take in, or bear Heavenly things express'd in their own language,

set before you in their own form, and Glories.

The Heathens have a Fable of Semele, a Lady, who had the chief God for her Lover. She desired that she might see him in the Form, and Majesty of a God. She had her desire, and dyed, opprest by the weight of Glory. In like manner, if you should shew the mysteries of God, and the Gospel to low, and legal Spirits by their own Light, without the Shadowings of Fleshly Similitudes, and Parables; you would undo their Religion, confound their understandings, drive them to despair, deadness, or profaneness.

This is the First Description of Spirituality.

2. Description: Spirituality keeps the Unity of things, 1 Cor. 3. 7. While there are divisions among you, are you not carnal? Every thing is Carnal, which

makes Division; that alone is Spiritual which maintains the Unity.

over all the Fowl, Fish, and Beasts. Man was the Harmony, and Unity of this lower World. He knits up into one Frame of Life, and Beauty the divers Natures of all the several Creatures. Thus he was the Image of God. This First, Earthly man was the Type only of the Second, the Spiritual man.

Colofs. 2. 18. Many are blamed, not so much for looking into the Nature of Angels, as for not looking upon them by a right Light, in a right Posture: Not holding the Head: Not beholding the various glories of Angels in the Di-

vine Unity of Christ's Person.

A Spiritual man takes not away the Differences of things, he allows, owns them in their utmost variety, latitude, and distance. But he tunes them, and attones them, 1 Cor. 12.23, 25. St. Paul makes the Body of man a Figure

of

of this truth. There are many Members. The greater Comelines is put upon the more uncomely parts. So there is no schism in the Body. Thus the Son of God knows, that there are divers Parts of things: the pleasant, and the painful Part: the dark, and the light Part: the comely, and the uncomely, He knows also, that the highest Pleasures are put upon the most painful Part: that the eternal light rests upon the greatest darkness, that the most uncomely Things are cloathed with a divine Comeliness, as the Death of Christ. So there is no Schism in the Body of things to him. He makes, or finds a Unity every where.

St. Paul sets out Spirituality at large: 1. Cor. 2. 10, 11. No man knows the things of a man, save the Spirit of man. No man knows the things of God, but the Spirit of God. The Spirit searcheth out the deep things of God. A Saint, while he is Carnal, knows those things only, which lie within the Compass of a humane Spirit: and divine things only so far as they are shadowed out in the Spirit of man. But he that is Spiritual, knows all things, the things of God, as they shine out in the Spirit of God. He sees the great Deep of the Godhead discovered in the Spirit; and all things, as forms floating upon this Deep, as the waters of this Abys.

This is an eminent difference between a Carnal, and Spiritual Christian. A Carnal Christian sees Heavenly things only, as Images stamp'd upon an earthly Substance, represented in an earthly Principle. A Spiritual Christian sees earth-

ly things, as Images in a Heavenly Substance, and Principle.

1, Cor. 2. 13. Spiritual things are spiritually discerned: Comparing spiritual things with spiritual. A Servile Saint is in the Fleshly Principle, as in his own Place. He therefore measures every thing by Fleshly Grounds, and Objects. He receives each thing, as it is proportion d to sleshly Appearances, and Notions; or prompted by sheshly Apprehensions, and Impressions. A Son-like Saint is in the Spirit, as in his Element. He therefore receives things according to the Suggestions and Insusions of the Spirit: he compares them with the Appearances, and Workings of the Spirit: so he tryes, and judges them.

This is the Third I roperty of a Son-like Saint, Spirituality.

4. Property: Resignation. The Son of God practiseth this Resignation in Three Cases: in

1. Hants. 2. Woes. 3. Works.

1. Resignation in Wants. Matth 6.31, 32. Our Saviour takes off his Disciples from a Scheitude concerning Worldly Supplies, by putting them in mind of the Relation between their God, and them: After all these things the Heathen take care: Tour Heavenly Father knows, that you have need of these things. A Son-like Christian, thus disputes it in himself: The little Child plays freely before his Father. He takes no thought, what he shall eat at Supper, what he shall put on to morrow. He leaves all that to his Father to provide. I also will cast off all care from me upon my Father. He knows what is necessary for the main-

tenance of my Being, of the Beauty, Comfort of my Being, every moment. Let those be troubled with these anxieties, who know no God, or know not that God to be their Father. It is my Fathers Pleasure to take care of me. It shall be my only care to please him. If I be careful for any outward thing, my care shall be not a Solicitude for my self, but Obedience to Him. Yet the care of this also shall be upon him. For if my Father cloath the Flowers, and my Flesh, will he not much more cloath my Soul: if He feed the Birds, and my Body, will He not much more feed my immortal Part with food convenient for it.

2. Resignation: in Woes. When our dear Lord saw a black Sea of Horrours ready to break upon him, when he heard the Tempest of Divine wrath now roar about him: in the midst of all this he maintains a Calm upon his Spirit by a Resignation of himself, and all things to his Father: Father, not my

Will, but Thine be done.

There is nothing so natural, as for a Child to run to the lap of its Parents in extremities, and to have a Confidence in them. It is as natural for a Child of God in pains, or griefs to cast itself into the arms of God, and there to breath forth its forrows after such a manner as this: My God, thou art my Father; thou bast a greater share in me, than I have in my self. I was thine, before I was mine own. Thou gavest my Being to me, and me to my self. O how great is thy Dearness towards me thine own! How great is thy Delight in me! Thou art far nearer to me, than my Self to my Self. I have my Being not in my Self, but in Thee. I am the Branch, thou art the Sap, the Spirit that runs thorow this Branch, and quickens it. How much more quick, more deep, more full a Sense hast thou, my God, of all my Sufferings, than I can have? Thou canst do all things. Thou hast Strength, I have none. Thou knowest all things. Thou hast Wisdom, I have none. I then give over my whole Being unto thee. Bear me, as thou dost always, in thine Arms, and carry me, whither thou wilt. Comprehend me, as One with Thee. Let me be Thine, be Thou mine; and do, what thou wilt with me. I can fall no lower than thou fallest with me. When I am at lowest, I shall have thy Power, and Wifdom beneath me. As thou rifeft, thou shalt raife me together with thy self by These. Application.

Use. 1. A Conviction of the Evil in Sin. Can I think, and not think, that I have a Being? Can I think that I have a Being, and not think, that I have it from God, the Fountain of Being? Can I think, that I have my Being from Him, and not think of Him, as my Father? Can I think of Him, as of a Father, and oppose my Will to His Will, and cherish in my Breast an Enmity against him?

This I do, as often as I Sin. Is there any thing so Unnatural, as Sin?

I will press this Dissuasion from Sin by a Two-fold Aggravation of the Evil in it.

1. Aggravation. There is no Obligation like to that of a Child to its Father. A Mans Wife is his Glory, 1 Corin. 11. 8. But it is the Glory of an I. Image

Image. For the Man is the Head of the Woman, who is of the Man. But the Father is the First, the Fountain Glory of the Child, its Head. For the Child is of the Father.

God is the Father of us all, our Head, our Glory. Do we then refuse to be guided by him? Do we chuse our Shame instead of him? Can we cut our selves off from him, to unite our selves to vanity, and make our Lusts our Head?

A Man should love his Wise, as his own Body; saith St. Paul: Ephes. 5. 28. A Man's Wife, is as Himself. But a Father is more. The Lord Fesus said: It is more Blessed to give, than to receive. The Child is to honour, to love its Father above itself as a greater, a more Blessed Thing; as that which gives itself to itself.

Our God is our Father. How unnatural then, is it to prefer our Self; nay the Brutish, the sensual part of our selves, nay the Disorders of that part before Him? The Apostle sitly joyned these Two: Lowers of Pleasure more than

Lovers of God: without natural Affection.

2. Aggravation: There is no juch Father, as God is. God is twice our Father: once by Nature: another time by Grace. When we Sin against him, we are his Enemies four times over. 1. We deface his Image in our Natural man. 2. We obscure, and oppose his Heavenly Image. 3. We grieve the Spirit of His Grace. 4. We crucishe his Son. Shall we be less than Men to him, because he is more than a Friend to us? Shall we be worse than Single Enemies to him, because he is better than a Single Father to us?

O Let us take heed, how we refuse the Commands of our God, as a Father; lest we receive not from him the Comforts of a Father in our Confusions, and Desolations, when we shall most need them; lest we be not received by Him into the Bosom of a Father, when Death shall take away all other Resuges.

Use. 2. Exhortation; Consolation to the Children of God. Maintain the Affections, and Obedience of Children towards God. Have the Considence, and Comfort of Children in God. Remember this always, that God is your Father. It was this, that carryed on Fesus Christ with so much Integrity, and Industry, thorow Life, thorow Death: John 17 4. Father, I have finished the Work, which thou gavest me to do. It was this comforted Fesus Christ in the Darkest Night of Affliction, when he was forsaken by all his followers, and Friends: John 16. 24. Yet I am not alone, for my Father is with me.

Would you have Oyl for the Wheels of your Spirit to make it run swiftly, smoothly, and sweetly thorow the hardest, and roughest Employments? Say this over often to your Spirits: This is the Work of my Father. Would you have Oyl for the Lamp of your Hearts, to make it burn with a bright, and chearful Fiame in the greatest Trouble: Say this over often to your Hearts: This is the

Will of my Father.

Enforce this double Ue upon thy felf by Three Considerations.

1. Consider. God is by Nature more than a Natural Father to thee. Thou hast thy Being not only of, but in Him. In Him we live, and move, and have

our Being: Acts 17. 28.

Can then thy God forget thee, or thou neglect Him, while thou art in his Power, his Presence, his Arms, his Bosom? There thou art ever. Canst thou lie in his Embraces, grow up out of his Heart, and see him frown at Sin, and yet Sin, and yet not melt under his Frown? Can he hold thee in his Spirit, as one Spirit with him, and hear thee groan, and feel thy heart beat, and yet not melt over thee?

2. Consider. God is by nature many Fathers to thee: The Continuation of thy Being is a continued Creation. For it flows forth from God fresh every moment. So many moments as there are in thy life; so many times over is thy God thy Father. Gen. 2. 7. God breathed into Man the Breath of life, and he became a Living Soul. The issuing forth of our Life, and Being from God is

compared to Breathing. 'Tis as perpetual.

Can God cast off all affection, and care for me, in the same moment, in which He brings me forth? Or can I in that very moment, in which I receive my Being from Him, rob Him of it, pollute it, turn it against Him. This I do every moment in which I sin. For but now came I torth from God; that Appearance, which fill'd the last minute, being vanisht, and giving way to this. A Mother forgets her Sorrows so soon, as a Man-child is born into the World. Sure then God cannot forget his Delights in me, his Loves to me, so soon as He hath brought me out from Himself into this world: and this he doth freshly each minute of Time.

3. Consider. God is my Father, a sweeter, and nearer way, than by Nature; by Grace too. The relation of a Father is the Top of all Sweetness, and Nearness in Nature. But as much as Heaven is above the Earth; Time above Eternity; God above the Creature: so much is a Father by Grace sweeter, and

nearer than a Father by Nature.

If a Natural Father plant his Image, and place his Affection, his Care upon his Son: shall not thy Heavenly Father much more love thee, make thee like Himself, make all Provisions of life, and joy for thee? It is the rule of God, He that provides not for his Family (in Nature) hath denyed the Faith, and is worse than an Insidel. Can Himself then ever deny Himself so far, as to prove unfaithful, or unnatural towards his Family of Grace, his own Children that way? He will certainly take all care of them with all tenderness.

He that blasphemed, or disobeyed his Parents under the Law, was to die. What deaths then is he worthy of, who doth not think sweetly, speak sweetly

of, obey chearfally this Father of his Spirit?

Use. 3. Direction. If you would attain to the State of Sons, and know God, as your Father: feed well upon this Four-fold Meditation.

L 2

1. Medi-

1. Medita. I lay Eternally in the Fulness of the God-Head, as in the Loyns of my Father. Ephcs. 1. 5. Having predestinated us to the Adoption of Chil-

dren by Jesus Christ to Himself, according to the Pleasure of His Will.

When God had his First and most retired thoughts before the World; then was I in his thoughts, as a Son of Delights, all lovely, without a spot. When no other thing yet was, when no Creature was yet made, when God lived alone in the highest, and purest Joys of his own Nature; then in the midst of all those Joys was I in the Fulness of the Divine Nature presented to him, as an Image of Himself springing up in him, to be sent forth into this world, again to grow up out of this world into that Eternal Image of His Pleasure, and Will. Thus was I Predestinated a Son.

2. Medita. God hath made me his Son a second time by Purchase. He hath given his Son, his Beloved, his Only Son for me, that I might be his Son, 2 Cor. 5. 21. He was made Sin for us; that we might be made the Righteousness of God in Him. God hath given the Body of his Son to reproaches, and pains; his Soul to Guilt, and Horrours; His Person in both parts to Death; his Name to Infamy. Thus he was made Sin for us. And all this that we might be made the Righteousness of God, Images of his full Beauty, Sons of his highest Glory, in Him, as He is, who is the Substantial Image, the Essential Son.

As the Seed is by Nature placed lowest in the Earth, at the bottom of the Plant, that by the Dissolution of itself, it may bring forth its kind: So was the Son of God laid below, at the bottom of the Creature, in the depth of Darkness; that by his Dissolution he might resolve himself into us, and as by an

Exchange bring forth his Son-ship in our Persons.

3. Medita. God hath made me his Son yet once more by Design. He hath joyned me in Affinity with his only-begotten Son. Marriage on Earth is a Type of that True Marriage between my Saviour, and my Spirit, Ephes. 5.30.

He hath joyned me with Him in Consanguinity, Heb. 2. 12. He that San-

Stiffes, (which is Jesus) and they that are Sanstified are both of One.

He hath made me One with his Eternal Son Mystically. The Mystical Union is a Mysterious one, hidden, Divine, the highest Union, such as is among Divine things; not to be resembled by any thing among the Creatures, not to be comprehended by any mere Creature. I in them, and they in me; that all may

be made perfect in One, John 17. 21. 23.

4. Medita. God bath made me his Son finally by Generation, I Pet. I. 3. He hath begotten us again to a lively hope by the Resurrection from the dead. As the Eternal Spirit lay like a Seed in the dead body of our Lord Jesus, which putting forth itself, brought forth Eternal Life, and Glory in it: So God the Father sends forth the same Spirit into our Spirits by which the Divine Life, and Image of His Glorished Son spring up in us, making us also Sons to Him in the same manner.

Th.18

Thus if you would lead Son-like lives with God, consider him as your Father. There is no Earthly Relation, or Form, which more sets out the Spiritual, Evangelical, Eternal Union between God, and Man, than this of a Father. Trace it, apply it from the beginning to the end, and it will lead you into all the Mysteries of Eternity. Only remember these two Cautions. 1. Take away all the Impersection, which this Relation hath in the Creature. 2. Add to it all Persection, that it is capable of, or can be imagined. So apply it to God, and a Saint. For the Brightest Beauty in Nature, is but a Shadow of Spiritual Glories.

I have finish't the SecondPart of my Text, which is the Race to the Kingdom.

3. Part. The Royalty, or Kingly State itself: Enter into the Kingdom of God.

Doct. 3. The Third Doctrine from this Third Part is this: The Third,

and last State in Christianity is a State of Royalty, or a Kingly State.

This Kingly State is described by St. Paul, Rom. 14. 17. The Kingdom of

God is Righteeusness, Peace, and Foy in the Holy Ghost.

The Kingly State or Royalty of a Saint hath Four Properties.

1. Righteousness.
2. Peace.
3. Foy.
4. The Holy Ghost.

1. Property. Righteousness. This is the Conformity of a Saint to God, as to his Rule, Genes. 17. 1. Walk thou before me, and be perfect: Saith God to Abraham. To be Perfect, and to be Righteous are the same thing. Set thy God, the Supream Glory, continually in thine Eye, as thy Pattern, and thine Aim: So shalt thou be perfectly Righteous.

I will endeavour further to unfold the Nature of this Righteousness by two

Illustrations, and one Distinction.

1. Illustr. Then a thing is truly Right, when it answereth to its Idea, that is, to its First Principle, and Pattern in God. God himself in the Fulness of his

Person is the Principle, and Pattern of Man.

Righteousness is the Image of God in Man. Coless. 3. 10. The New man, which is the Righteous man, and the Righteousness of man is said to be Created in Knowledge, after the Image of Him, who hath created Him. There is a Twofold Image of God, one Earthly: the other Heavenly: The Earthly Image of God in Man, is the Righteousness of Nature: The Heavenly Image is the Righteousness of the Spirit, or in the Spirit.

2. Illustr. Then a thing is truly Right, when it answereth its End in God. God is the End of all things: Prov. 16. 4. God made all things for Himself. The End of Man is the Possession, and Fruition of God as his only Portion of Being, Beauty, Blessedness, Psal. 16. 5. The Lord is my Portion, Sauth my Soul.

This then is the Righteousness of man, his Union, and Communion with God, to live in Him, by Him, with Him, to Him. For this reason is Christ said to be made of God Righteousness, and Sanstification to us, I Cor. I. 30. Because

in the Person of Christ it is, that God and Man are made One, one Love, one Life, one Likeness.

Distinct. There are two forts of Righteousness.

1. Imputed. 2. Inherent.

I. Righteousness imputed. You may read of this: Philip. 3.9. That I may be found in Him, not having mine own righteousness, which is of the Law, but that which is of God, by Fesus Christ. There is a Righteousness of the First, and of the Second Adam. That of the First Adam, is our own, the Righteousness of the Law. It riseth out of the Earth, it is but a Shadow, at best, the Gilding of an Earthen Vessel, a Reslection upon a Brick Wall. That of the Second Adam comes down from Heaven, is of God, is the true Gold, the sure, substantial, everlasting Righteousness.

As when a Cloud is placed in that part of the Sky, on which the Sun shoots forth his Beams, the Cloud is over-spread by those Beams, and made Glorious in their Glories: So are there four Things in this Imputed Righteousness.

The Person of Christ, as the Sky, or Heaven.
 The God-head, as the Sun shining in this Sky.

3. The Cloud, poor man drawn up from the Earth into the bosom of his

Saviour, by his Union with Him.

4. The Glory of the God-Head falling upon him, encompassing, and clothing his whole Person in Jesus Christ. This is that Righteousness, which is of

God by Fefus Cirift.

the members rejoyce together with it. When a Crown is set upon the Head of a King, it puts a Royalty, and Majesty upon his whole Person. The Head of Man is Christ, the Head of Christ is God. The Glory of the God-Head in Christ is the Crown upon the Head of the Heavenly man; this puts a Royal Beauty of Holiness, the Majesty of that Divine Righteousness upon every mystical member upon each Soul, how mean soever, that is united to Jesus Christ in one Spirit thorow believing.

The Beauty of the God-head shining thorow the Humane Nature of Christ, thorow his active and passive Obedience, thorow his Wounds, and so falling upon that Soul, which hath cast herself into the Arms of her Saviour: this is

the Imputed Righteousness of man.

Take this Caution concerning this Righteousness. It is said to be imputed, not because it is not truly Ours, and in us: but because it is not Primarily Ours,

tu: by our Union with another Person.

The Colours in the Rain-bow are said to be Apparent, not Real; because the Rain-bow is not their Spring, though it be their Seat; but they are reflected from the Sun shining on the watry Cloud. So this Righteousnels is said to be arranted to us, because it is First scated in Jesus Christ, and then respected from

Him

Him on us. Yet it is a true Righteousness, it is truly, immediately on our Persons, in our Persons, as Jesus Christ is.

It is therefore said to be imputed, because it is not ours Primitively, but Confequently; because Christ is ours; yet not as Absent from us, but Present in us,

posses dby us.

2. Rightecusness Inherent, 2 Cor. 3. last. We all as in a Glass beholding the Glory of the Lord, are Translated into the likeness of the same Image from glory to glory, as by the Lord the Spirit. The Lord Jesus at once enters into a Two-fold Relation to man: one of a Sunshining all over him: the other of a Root growing up in him. We see his Glory in our selves, as in a Glass, we bring the face of Glory with us. We have the Glory in our selves, and are our selves the Glass. There is the Sun shining, which beautifies, and justifies a St. We grow up into that Image, by the Lord, the Spirit of that Glory, planting itself in us. There is the Root growing, which purishes, and santifies us.

Our Saviour, when he discovers Himself, appears at once, without us, and within us. Without us he riseth upon us, as a Light of Loveliness. Es. 60. 1. Rise out of the Dust, and shine, for thy Light is come, the glory of the Lord is risen upon thee. Within us He riseth, as a Light of Life, Galat. 1. 16. When it

pleased the Father to reveal his Son within me.

This is our Righteousness, Imputed, and Inherent.

This Righteousness is the Crown, Robe, Scepter of Royalty in the Kingdom of God.

1. The Crown. So St. Paul stiles it, 2 Tim. 4. 8. Henceforth is laid up for me a Crown of Righteousness, which God, the righteous Judge shall give me in that day. The Righteousness, the Glory of God resting on Man, is that Crown, which both entitles him to, and enstates him in the Kingdom of God.

As a King ever possesseth his Crown, though he wear it only on high days, at solemn meetings of the people: so a Christian may have this Crown, though laid up, while he is on Earth. But he doth not appear with it openly, till that

great day, the Resurrection, when the whole world shall meet.

2. The Robe. The Righteousness of God, and Man is the Imperial Robe, which both, as Kings, are cloth'd with, Es. 61. 10 He hath covered me with a Robe of Righteousness, as a Bridegroom decketh himself with Ornaments. Behold, a Royal, and a Brides Robe! It is Righteousness which puts upon the Spirit the beauty of a Bridegroom; the Majesty of a King. That Soul, which shines forth in Righteousness makes itself a King not by Right only, but Choice too; by Love, as well as Law.

Pfal. 45. 4. 5. In thy Majesty ride prosperously, because of Truth, Meekness, and Righteousness, &c. Thine Arrows stick in the hearts of thine Enemies, the people fall under thee. This was sung of the Lord Fesus; Righteousness with American with so sweet a Majesty, that he pierc'd the Hearts of His Enemies with American with American Struck and Struc

rows of Love. Such a King is every Spirit, which is Brother to this Jesus. Righteousness sits upon him, and shines from him, as a Garment of Light, Truth, and Wildom; it shews, as wrought into a Harmony of Courage, Justice, Temperance; it sparkles with Tempers of Goodness, Gentleness, Meekness, Humility. These things, like Arrows, wound the stubborness Hearts with a Liking, and a Love; that a man's bitterest Enemies bow to him.

3. The Scepter. Psal. 45. 6. It is said to our Saviour: The Scepter of thy Kingdom is a Righteous Scepter. Righteousness is the Scepter of Strength in the Kingdom of Christ, by which all things are swayed, and governed, Psal. 16.7. If a mans ways please the Lord, his Enemies shall be at peace with him. Holiness, or Righteousness is such a Harmony, such a Musick between God and

Man, as all things hear, and obey.

They that make use of hellish Charms, make the Picture of a Person in Wax, and as they work the Wax by the Fire, so they work upon the Person. Goodness hath a Heavenly Charm in it. For a Righteous man hath in himself the Heavenly Image of God, which is the First, and radical Image of all things. By this Image, he hath a power upon all things.

Thus Righteou, ness is the Crown, Robe, Scepter in the Kingdom of God.

cloath you with the highest Honour, Worth, Strength of Kings; if it crown you with the Glory of God, if it carry you up to the Life of God: then what doth Sin? Sin by the Rule of Contraries puts upon you the Baseness, Badness, Weakness of Slaves; Sin wraps you up in the Shape, sows in you the Seeds of Devils.

Let us then look on Sin in this Five-fold View: As it puts on us. 1. Weak-nels. 2. Badnels. 3. Basenels of Slaves. 4. Shapes of Devils. 5. As it plants in

us Seeds of Devils.

1. Sin puts upon us the Weakness of Slaves. Gen. 49. 3. 4. Reuben, thou art my First born, the Beginning of my Strength, Excellency of power. O Man! O my Soul! consider what thou wert in thy Beginning. A Divine Flame shot forth from an Angels Bosom into this lump of Clay, not to abide imprisoned in it, but to feed upon it, as fuel, so to return, and make its way upward, making all things that result, its prey, and nourishment, What is it, that hath thus enteebled, and cool'd thee, and chang'd thee from Fire into Water? Sin hath done this. Now thou lyest spread upon the Earth, swayed by every weak Breath, or Spirit, that blows upon thee; unable to contain thy self; casting thy self into the Figure, and Shape of every Object, on which thou touchest. Thy Sin hath thus weakned thee.

Man was the Reuben of God, the First-born in the first Creation, the Excellency of Dignity, and Power; the Head of Strength. He was the Chief Image of the Divine Nature, made to be the Spouse, and Queen of the God-

Head, the Onely One of her Mother. The Rest of the Creatures were to be, as Concubines only, particular, inferiour Images of God, The Soul foolishly for-sakes the Bosom of her God, to throw herself into the Embraces of these Concubines; so she desileth herself, and them; so she dishonoureth her King, and Husband in both; so pours forth her self loosely upon the Ground as spilt Water.

2. Sin puts a Badness into men. It puts into us a Three-fold Badness; of Folly,

Filth, Fury.

1. Sin fills us with folly. Sin so far befools thee, O vain Man, as to despise, deny Blessedness, Beauty, Eternity there, where they are, in God, the First, the Fountain, the Substance of all Beings: and to seek them there, where they are

not, in Fleshly, shadowy, fleeting Trifles.

This is that Folly, the Head-Spring of all Sin, which St. Paul complains of, Rom. 1. 21. They became vain in their Imaginations, their foolish Heart being darkned. This was the Folly, The Eternal Substance, and Fulness was darkned and disappeared in their Spirits, which brought forth instead thereof empty Images. So St. Paul explains it at the 23. v. Changing the glory of the Incorruptible God into an Image made like to Corruptible Man, and Birds &c.

What degree of Folly is this, to refuse to acknowledge, or own the true God, who is Eternal Life: and to make each painted, perishing Vanity a God to us, while we make it the Object, and Spring of our Hopes, and Happines?

But thus it is most just, that they to whom the true God, is but as an Idol, an empty name; to them each Idol, each empty Appearance should be their

God. This is the First Badness in Sin, Folly.

2. Sinfills a Man with Filth. Carnality, and Corruption fignify both the same thing in Scripture. To be Spiritual is to be Holy; to be Fleshly, Sinsul, To be Carnally minded, (that is, to be Fleshly-minded) is Death: but to be

Spiritually minded is Life, and Peace: Rom. 8. 6.

Is there any thing more foul than this; for a Soul, which was made, as a Spirit, for Spiritual Joys, and Glories; so to mingle itself with Flesh, as to see, receive, rellish nothing but by Senses of Flesh; so to drown itself in Flesh, as to be uncapable of conversing with, taking context in any, but Fleshly objects? This is the State of a Sinful Soul: Thus is the over-spread with Flesh,

as one great Spot.

The Interpreters of the Proverbs teach us, that the Young Man there, is the Soul, which is naturally Immortal, ever young, ever flourishing: the Matron, the chast Spouse, that woes this Young Man, Divine Wisdom, the Heavenly Image of the Divine Nature: The Strumpet this Worldly Image of things. O say now, when thou Sinnest; Alass! How do I dishonour, and defile my self? I, who should, who might live chastly, constantly, sweetly with the Eternal Image of Glory, my God, my Spouse, mine own: I pour forth my self into the lap of Strangers

gers, of Unconstant, Whorish, Flattering, Fading Beauties in Flesh. O Filth! O Shame! That Spirit, that should tread upon the Stars, ride upon the Angels, rejoyce with God everlastingly; that Soul labours and sweats in Dust, and Death, as a Slave; rowls in the Mire of Flesh, like a Beast; rakes in

the unfavory finks of all various Lusts, as an unclean Spirit.

3. Sin fills a man with Fury. Solomon in his Proverbs tells us of One, that throws about Fire-brands and Swords, and Jaith, Am I not in jeft? Prov. 26. 18. 19. This is Solomon's Fool, which is a Sinner. Can it be, that any should make Ruines, and Reproaches their Delight, nay their Devotion too? Jonah said once. He did well to be angry even unto Death. Can it be, that any should cherish a Rage to the Death, Destruction of Men, Kingdoms, and Souls; and then think such a Rage, Religion; such a Fury, Zeal; and that these things they ought to do? Can it be that any should draw Tears, and blood from others, from Millions, from such as do them no harm; and then say, With such Sacrifices God is well pleased; that God, who is Love?

O take heed of Sin, it blows up in a mans Breast, the Fire of Hell; it strangely corrupts Nature itself consumes all good Nature in Man. There is no Notion so common, no Principle so plain in the minds of men, which it will not darken, and deprave. It will make you believe that Hellish Passions, are Heavenly Motions; and that there is Fury, and Fire in the Bosom of Sweetness itself, of God.

This is the Second Evil in Sin, Filth.

3. Sin puts upon a man the Baseness of a Slave. Prov. 28. 1. The wicked sleeth, when none pursues. Sin makes a man the veriest Coward in the World, the object of the greatest Pity and Scorn. When thou hast committed a sin, how art thou asham'd to see the light, to look up in the Eyes of God or any man, to behold thine own Face in a Glass? How dost thou start at every Motion, tremble at thine own Shadow, sly from the Resection of thy self in the thoughts of another? How dost thou wish to be transported into some Wilderness, where thou might'st be a Stranger to all things, and especially to thy self?

Gen. 4. 14. Cain complains: I am driven from thy Face, and from the Face of the Earth; a Fugitive and a vagabond shall I be in the Earth. Behold the weight of Shame, with which Sin oppresseth a Guilty Soul. Who would buy all the pleasures, and profits of Sin at such a rate, as this? To be driven by Shame from the Face of God, and every Creature? To be hunted by the wretched Sense of Guilt, as a Deer with the Arrow sticking in his side? To run restless thorow all Companies, and Conditions, as a Fugitive, and Vagabond in them all?

Gen. 3. 7. It is said of our first Parents, when they had eaten the forbidden Fruit, their eyes were opened, and they saw, that they were naked, and now they were ashamed. Do you ask, what is Sin? There is an inseparable Peace, and Pleasure goes along with every good deed: There is an unavoidable sting

of Shame, and Horrour in the tail of every evil Ast. He that doth evil, hath his Eyes immediately opened by that, which he feels in himself; and now he knows what he hath done.

What is that, which when you have done it, takes away your sweet Peace, and Rest from you? which makes you wish for a thick Darkness to fall upon you, that may hide you from every eye? This is Sin, hate it, and fly from it.

This is the Third Evil in Sin.

4. Sin wraps up a man in the Shape of a Devil. Man being in Honour continues not, but becomes like the Beast, that perisheth. What doth the Body of a Man now differ from that of a Beast, more than the Body of one Beast differs from that of another? Nay the Bodies of many Brute Creatures excel it in Beauty, Strength, Vertue, Sense.

What hath thus chang'd Man, and put upon his Body the form of a Beast? Sin hath done it. But if we could see the Soul of man, as plainly, as we see his Body; we should see that far more like to Devils, than this is to Beasts. The Evil Powers, and Spirits might well say of Man, when he had sun'd; He is be-

come as one of us.

What reason hath man to abhor this Poysonous, this Potent Evil, which transforms him into this monstrous Shape, that he appears, as a *Beast* among

the Beasts, in his Body; as a Devil among the Devils, in his Soul?

5. Sin plants the Seeds of Devils in Man. Daniel teacheth us in his Prophefy, that the Messiah should come to take away Sin, and Iniquity. Dan. 9.24. We read in the Promise, Gen. 3. That there should be Enmity between the Seed of the Woman, and the Seed of the Serpent. The Seed of the Woman is the Messias: Then the Seed of the Serpent must be Sin. Each Sin is the Seed of a Devil in us, which as it grows up, becomes a perfect Devil. A Lying Spirit entred into Ahab's Prophets, and possess them when they became Lyars.

Happy were we, if as often, as we feel motions to Lust, Covetousness, Fal-shood, Ambition in us; we would then say: Now a Lustful, Covetous, False, Ambitious Devil enters into me; if I yield to him, he will carry me away into the Waters, and Fires, of Confusion, and Torment, he will be still growing

into me, till I become one Devil with him.

2. Property: Peace. This is the Second Property in the Kingdom of God,

that is, in the Royal State of a Saint on Earth.

The name of Peace in the three Learned Languages fignifieth Three things: a Coffiction: a Combination: a Perfection; a Coffiction from trouble: a Combination, or league with all things: Perfection of excellency, and joy to give Rest.

There is a Three-fold Peace.

I. Natural: the Peace of the Elements in the great World, and the little World of Man's Body.

2. Civil: the Peace of men among themselves in their outward Converfation.

Al. 2. Religious:

Religious: this is the Peace of the Soul in relation to God. This Religious Peace is Two-fold.

Rational: that which is built upon the Principle of Reason.

Spiritual: that which is forung from a Divine Light. This is the union of mans Spirit with the Spirit of God, which is the Band of peace.

It is a Spiritual Peace, which I now speak of: This hath Two Parts.

Part : Silence. 2. Part: Satisfaction. He, (that is, God) makes me to lye down in green pastures, and leads me by

still waters.

1. Part: Silence. Psal. 23. 2. In this Psalm God is brought in, as a Shepherd; the Soul as a Sheep. In this ver/e Three Things are put together.

1. The Prosperity of the Soul. 2. The Repose of the Soul. 3. The

Stilness of all things about the Soul.

I. The Prosperity of the Soul is express'd by green pastures. The Lord Jesus makes the Soul to feed on the green Pastures of the Fresh, and Flourithing discoveries of his Person, and Excellencies. That this is the Souls Pasture appears by that place of Scripture, John 6. 57. As the living Father hath fent me; and I live by the Father: So he that eateth me, shall live by me. As the Father is the Pasture-ground of the Son, on which he feeds, and out of which he is taken into this World, to be made a Sacrifice: So the Pasture-ground of the Soul is Felus Christ.

2. The Repose of the Soul is signified: He makes me to bye down in green pastures. Jesus Christ, as a Shepherd makes the Soul to lay herself down to geft with security in the midst of his appearances springing up round about her.

The Stilness and Silence of all things about the Soul is set down: He

leads me by still Waters.

Waters are often used by the Scriptures to represent the nature of Spirits, John 7. 38. 39. He that believeth on me, as the Scripture faith, out of his belly shall flow Rivers of living waters. This he spake of the Holy Ghost, which they, that

beleive in him, foould receive.

The Scripture maketh two resemblances between Waters, and Spirits. 1. As the Springs of water nourish the Earth, and make it fruitful: So every fleshly thing hath a Spirit, which sends forth its streams upon it, to refresh it. Pfal 46. 4. There is a River, that makes glad the City of our God. The Holy Spirit is the River, that maintains, and renews the life, and appearances of God in the Flesh, which make the City of God on Earth. 2. The Second Resemblance is this, 2 Pet. 3. 5. We read of the Earth Ganding in the Water, and out of the Water. In like manner we learn, Heb. 11. 3. that the things which are seen, were not made of things, that do appear. Some read it thus: the things which are seen, were made of things, that do not appear

As the Earth stands in the Water, and out of the Water: So every Visible The

Thing stands in a Spirit, and stands up out of a Spirit.

The Tumultuous workings, and agitations of these Spirits in us are the cause of all unquietness in our Spirits. But when Jesus Christ leads forth our Souls into the Fields of his Excellencies, and gives us of his Love: He calms all; so that every Spirit by which we pass along, as by a River side, is still, and silent.

The Peace of the Soul dependeth upon the Silencing of a Three-fold Spirit

in her.

1. The Spirit of Wrath from God. 2. The Spirit of the Devil. 3. Her

own Spirit.

1. The Spirit of Wrath from God must be silenc'd in us, that we may have peace, fere. 25. 30. You may read of this Spirit of Wrath. The Lord shall roar from above, and send forth his voice from his holy habitation: He shall roar upon his habitation, and cry aloud, as they that press the Grapes, against all the In-

habitants of the Earth.

The terrours, and troubles of the Soul do not always come from, or by some Secundary cause; but sometimes they come immediately from God Himself. God comes forth into the Soul, like a Lyon: He sends forth his voice quite thorow the Soul, as the roaring of an enraged Lyon: He presseth, and squeezeth the Souls with his own weight, with a cry of Wrath; as Grapes are troden. This may be the case of any Soul, even the most Holy Habitation of the Lord, while she is the Inhabitant of an Earthly body.

What shall the Soul now do, that is in this case? To what Creature shall she call to help her against the mighty God? What course will you take to find rest to this Soul? No creature, no course can give any rest, till it please God to change Himself from a roaring Lyon, to a still, and quiet Lamb in the Soul. He can make this change in a moment, and by this change make the Soul, though she were but just before, as a dreadful Forest to herself, now to become a safe, and silent Fold, that she may lye down quietly, and take her rest.

See, what Fob complains of, and what he prays for, Fob 10. 16. Thou huntest me, as a fierce Lyon: Thou shewest thy self marvellous upon me: v. 17. Thou renewest thy witnesses against me: Changes, and War are upon me. v. 20.

Cease, and let me alone, that I may take a little comfort.

Oft-times God pursues a Soul fiercely, and swiftly, as if she were some great, and mighty creature. He hunts her from thought to thought, from place to place, from creature to creature; not suffering her to take her breath. He reneweth his Witnesses against her; He maketh her guilt, her miseries, her fears, his wrath, eternal horrours to appear continually before her in fresh, and new Shapes, as witnesses against her. So he makes himself marvellous upon her in those various, and heart-shaking Forms of darkness, with which he clothes shimself in the midst of her. He brings Changes: He suffers her not to abide in any temper or state, but toseth and changeth the whole appearance of things to her; till she be quite lost in consusion, and amazement.

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And poor Soul, whither shall she go? What shall she do, that she may have ease, that she may have some comfort, though never so little? She can have no ease, no comfort at all, till Gods time be come, till his will be, to cease, and take his plague away from her, and silence the Spirit of his wrath within her. All that the Soul can do in the mean time is; and that by his Strength alone, to wait, and cry: Cease thou from me, O God. There is a Time to break in pieces: and a Time to bind up, that which is broken.

Obj. But some one may say: How can God trouble or disquiet a Soul, immediately, and by Himself, Fury is not in Him, Es. 24. 4. There is no Principle of Evil or Torment in the Person of God. There is no Spirit of anguish, or vexation in the Divine nature. We read of him, Psal. 16. 11. In thy presence is fulness of joy. When God brings forth his own presence into the Soul;

he brings along with it all peace, and pleasantness, a Fulness of Foy.

Ans. You must distinguish upon the Appearances, and the Person of God. Distinct. You must distinguish upon the Appearances of God. God puts forth Humself immediately two ways, either in his own Appearance, or in a strange

Appearance.

1. First, God puts forth Himself immediately, sometimes in his own Appearance: and then he ever makes peace. This Apppearance of God calms, quiets, and sweetens all in the Soul, Es. 4. 5. Upon all the Glory shall be a Defence. The Presence of God in his proper Glory, the naked Face of God looking forth in the Soul is a Defence from trouble, and terrour. This is the Holy Mount, on which nothing can hurt, or spoil. This Discovery of God is a Light, which hath no darkness in it, no trembling, or fear,

Therefore, when the Holy Ghest had said, Psal. 16. 11. In thy presence is the subness of say: He adds for explication: At thy right hand are pleasures for evermore. The presence of God at the right hand of his own proper Sweet-ness, and Giory; which is his Strength: this is ever accompanied in the Soul,

with a Fums of Joy, and everlasting pleasures.

2. Second's, Good can put forth Humself immediately in a strange Appearance, without the interpolal of any Created Substance between God, and that Appearance; between that appearance, and the Soul, Joh. 20. 15. Jesus Christ appeared to Mary, and conversed immediately with her in the likeness of a Crardiner, which made her weep for fear, that the had lost her Saviour, who was

hi under this strange Shape; which drew forth her tears.

So God can set his own Person, and presence in our Souls in the Shape of a Stranger, of an Enemy, of a devouring Tempest, of a burning Fire, Psal. 18.

11. It is written of God: He maketh Darkness his Secret place: and thick Cluds of the Sky his pavilien. God can make Darkness in thy Soul His Secret place, out of which he shoots his invenomed arrows into thy heart. He can make this k Cluds upon thy Soul, his Pavilien, from whence he will make

war upon thee. Thus we must distinguish upon the Appearances of God. 2. Distinct. Secondly, we must distinguish upon the Person of God, as He

is in Himself; and as He is in Fesus Christ.

1. First, God as He is in Himself is One, One rest, and blessedness in every State? Thus God is All in All, all that sweetness, peace, joy in every Appea-

rance, which he is in any Appearance.

It is said in fob of the Earth, as it was in its first State: No stranger passed thorow it. So it is true of the God-Head in its first State, in its simplicity; that there is no Strange Appearance there. This Throne of God wherever it is set up, is a Circle; and every hand is the Right Hand there, every Shape, in which God puts forth Himself is Love.

2. Secondly, God, as He is in Jesus Christ, hath his Right, and his Left Hand; his Sweet, and Strange Appearances; Light, and Darkness; Love, and Wrath: Revel. 6. 16. They cry to the Rocks, and the Mountains to fall upon them, to

bide them from the wrath of the Lamb.

Jesus Christ witnesseth: John 5. 22. The Father judgeth no man, but hath committed all judgment to the Son. This distinguishing, and dividing Judgment, by which God puts forth Himself in Love upon some, in Wrath upon others, is not exercised by the Father, that is, by God, as He is in Himself; but by the Son, that is, by God, as He is in Jesus Christ.

This is the Kingdom of God, the shining forth of the God-Head from the right hand of the Lord Jesus, in its own proper Glory, calming, and clearing up all in the Soul; scattering, like Clouds, those strange Appearances of Dark-

ness, and Terrour, into which God had before put himself.

This is Christ shewing us the Father, discovering God in his First Light, as

He is the Fountain of Love, where there is neither Fear, nor Torment.

Use. 1. For Tryal. By this we may try our selves, whether we be in the Kingdom of God, or no. The Kingdom of God is Peace. If you be truly in Peace, you are of a truth in the Kingdom of God.

I will enlarge this Tryal by Three Instances, which are the Glory, the Grace,

the Bleffing of God.

1. Glory: First the Glory of God, and the Peace of God ever go together, Luk. 2. :4. In the Angels Song these two are united: Glory to God on high, Peace on Earth. Jesus Christ, when he came down from Heaven, and was incarnate: Angels in their Praises, and Prayers at the Incarnation, joyn these two, Spiritual Glory, and Spiritual Peace, as undivided in their Life, and Death, in their absence, and presence.

The Soul, that is without Peace, is indeed without in that Darkness, which is without; whither nothing of the Glory of God comes, whence no Glory is given to God. If thou can't live without Peace; thou livest in a true Hell, where there is nothing of the Light of the Glory of God; nor any desire of it.

If thou hadst any taste or glympse of the Glory of God in thy Soul; thou wouldst feel a sweet peace within thee, with thy God, with thy self, and with

all things.

The Glory of God is a Healing, a Uniting, a Perfecting thing: it makes all perfect in One, Mal. 4. 2. A Sun of Righteousness shall arise with healing in his Wings. The Sun-shine of Glory falling from the Face of God upon the Soul in any degree, sweetly and soundly closeth up wounds, maketh up breaches, and divisions in the Spirit. The Wings of the Sun are his Beams. Each touch of any one Beam of the Glory of God upon the Soul, carries a healing, lenifying, appealing vertue.

2. Grace. Secondly the Grace, and the Peace of God ever go together. St. Paul, when he prays for the Saints at the beginning of all his Epifles, joyns thefe Two: Grace, and peace from God our Father, and from our Lord Jesus Christ. So much of the Grace of God, as goes forth into the Soul; so much of Peace

goes along with it. Where there is no Peace, there is no Grace.

There is a Two-fold Grace of God, the Love of God towards the Soul; the

Loveliness, or Image of God in the Soul.

1. Where there is nothing of Peace, there is nothing of the Grace of God, that is, of the Love of God, yet appearing to that Soul. Where the Love of God is poured forth, it is an overflowing Sweetness, 1 Corin. 13. 5. Charity thinketh no ill. This Charity, which is said in the same Chapter to be perfect, to remain for ever, can be no other, than the Love of God let down from Heaven into the Soul, and revealed there, gathering the Soul up into itself, to dwell in this Love.

The Soul, that dwells in this Love, thinks no evil of God, of itself, of any thing: but is at peace with all, hath sweet thoughts of all. For the Love of God is its Eye, by which it sees, and its Heart by which it thinks. It sees God, itself, and all things by the Light of this Love: it thinks of all things by the Strength of this Love.

2. Where there is nothing of *Peace*, there is nothing of the *Grace* of God, that is of the *lovelines* of God, of the Beauty of Holiness in that Soul. So much of *Peace*, so much of *Holiness*, and Spirituality: So much of Distraction,

and Disquiet, so much of Corruption, and Carnality.

Where things begin to descend, there begins Flesh, and Division. As things descend, and go lower, so these things increase. Where things begin to ascend, there begins Spirit, Spirituality, Unity, and Peace. The more we ascend, and

go upward, the more we increase in these.

3. Blessing. Thirdly, the Blessing, and the Peace of God ever go together, Prov. 15. 17. Better is a Dinner of Herbs with Love, than a stalled Ox with batred. Love is the Womb of Peace, and Hatred is the Mother of Unquietres; as appears by that place, Prov. 10. 12. Hatred stirreth up strife: but Love covereth a multitude of Sins.

Didst thou live at the highest rate of all content in thine outward man, and hadst no peace in thy Soul; thou couldst have nothing blest to thee. All thy delicacies would have a bitterness on thy palate, and a venom in thy bowels, that will never suffer thee to have a true joy in any thing, which thou enjoyest.

Hadst thou but a Dinner of Herbs the lowest fare, such as the Cattel may have together with thee; and hadst Spiritual peace with it: these Herbs would have such a blessing in them, that they would be, as the food of Paradise was to man, when he had Herbs, and all Green things given him for meat.

If thine inward man had a stalled Ox, those Oxen, which Wisdom slays, Prov. 9. 2. prepared for it; the strongest notions, the highest Mysteries set before thine understanding: if thou hadst not the peace of God in these, these could be no Blessing; thy Soul with them would not thrive, it would be but as Pharoah's lean Kine, that devoured the fat ones, and were still, as lean: All thy notions, and Mysteries would be but a tinkling noise, an empty scand vanishing without any prosit, or lasting pleasure.

But Herbs, the lowest administrations, the darkest discoveries of Christ together with peace, is a Feast of fat things, and Wine upon the Lees, which though it have not so clear manifestations, yet may have, as sweet, and strong consolations.

Obj. But now some good Soul may cry out: Alas! this shuts me quite out of the Kingdom of God: by this I have nothing of the Glory of God, or of His Grace in me, or of his Blessing going along with me, for I have no peace. My Tears are my Drink, Day, and Night.

Ans. Thou art no good Judge in this cause. For thou mayst be deceived two ways, and this is the Two-fold Answer, which thou art to make to thine

own Soul.

1. The Kingdom, and the Peace of God may both be grown up to a good degree in thee, though thou discern them not.

2. The Kingdom, and the Peace of God may be fown, though they be not

grown up in thy Soul.

Ans. 1. First, the Kingdom, and the Peace of God may be grown up to a

good degree in thy Soul, though thou discern them not.

Mar. 4. 27. The Kingdom of God is compared to Corn, which while a man Sleeps and Rises, Night and Day, Springs and Grows up, he knows not how. The Image and Peace of the Lord Jesus may be springing, and well sprung up in thy Spirit, while thou seepest in the Darkness of some Temptation, and hast no sense at all of this Spring, and Growth, though it be continual, and flourishing within thee. This is hard to believe, or understand, how it should be. Yet thus the Lord tells thee, that his Kingdom, which is Peace puts forth itself in the Ground of thine Heart, and prospers, and grows a tall plant there, while thou hast no sense of it, but sleepess; though thou knowest not how.

Our Saviour distinguisheth this growth of the Kingdom of God in the Soul into a Three-fold State: v. 28. The Earth bringeth forth fruit of herself; First.

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the blade; then the Ear; after that the full Corn in the Ear. The Earth is the Lord Jesus in his Earthly, or Fleshly Image; as he is the Ground out of which we all Spring forth in our First State, or Image. He in us of Humself sends forth and shoots up his Kingdom naturally in our Souls, as Trees set or planted in Hum.

The full Corn in the Ear; the Ear; the Blade signify a Three-fold Evan-

gelical State of a Saint on Earth, in the Body.

The First is the Royal, or Kingly State, of which I am now speaking. The other Two are distinct degrees of the State of Sonship, or Child hood, as it is different from the State of a Servant, which hath the Kingdom of God only Sown,

not yet grown up in him.

I. First, the full Corn in the Ear. This is the Royal State, in which the Mysteries of the Gospel are displaid, the Spiritual Person of the Lord Jesus in all his Proportions is form'd, and puts forth himself in the Soul with a fulness, a fulness of Spiritual Light, Peace, Strength, and joy. Yet all this clearness, and fulness is under a vail, in the Husk still of Flesh It is the full Corn in the Ear, not thresh't out by Death, and winnow'd by a Resurrection; but still standing in this World.

Thou mayst have this State in thee, and yet not see the Corn for the Husk: but mistake, and missinterpret Christ in thee; because thou seest the Flesh still; and seelest thy self shaken with Winds, and beaten with Storms, as being still in the open Field of this world.

2. The Second State is the Ear. Thou mayst have the Blessing, Grace, and Glory of the Lord Jesus running up in thy Spirit to a good height, with great store of Sap: thou mayst be now near to a kind of perfection in Spirituality.

Yet all this may be in a form of Darkness, Emptiness, and Confusion.

Take heed of judging the State, in which thou art; the power, and vertue in thee, by the appearance. For so doing thou mayst call Light, Darkness; because it shines in the Dark. Be not like a foolish Husbandman, that should look upon his Corn in the Field, when it were new Eared, and should complain, that all his hopes were cast away; that he had Straw or Grass, instead of Wheat; because he was seen not the Corn formed in the Firm

cause he yet sees not the Corn formed in the Ear.

3. The Third State is the Blade. Do not deny the Kingdom of God with the Peace thereof to be come up in thee; because thou canst not discern it. It may be truly come up in thee; but perhaps 'tis yet in the Blade, in tender, weak, low appearances; hardly shewing itself above the Clods of the plowed Earth, the trouble of thy broken heart; hardly distinguish't from weeds, the workings of the Flesh in thee.

Now take this Three-fold Caution.

1. Caut. First, take heed of over-seeing or undervaluing the full Corn, because it is still in the Ear or Husk. Do not cast away from your self the Praise of Christ, and Joy of Spirit, which belong to a strong, and reigning Christian

because you have Strong, and raging Temptations, as being still in the Flesh.

2. Caut. Secondly: Refuse not to acknowledge Jesus Christ in the Ear; because you have not yet the full Corn.

3. Caut. Thirdly: Deny not Jesus Christ to have appeared in you; be-

cause he is as yet only in the Blade or tender Herb.

Thus I have discours'd upon the First Answer to a Doubting Soul.

Ans. 2. The Second Answer is this: The Kingdom, and Peace of God may be sown, though they be not grown up in thy Soul. You must distinguish between

the Devil's Madmen, and God's Mourners.

- 1. The Devil's Madmen are such, as throw abroad Swords, and Fire-brands in the midst of their own Spirits, and say; Are we not in fest? They toss Vanity up and down in their Souls, and Lives; they brandish, and blaze their Pride, Passion, and Lusts. 'These are their Peace, and Kingdom; their Pleasures, and Glories. But they have no sense of the Peace of God, and his Kingdom. They understand not how they drive these far from their Souls, and kindle the Fire of Hell-torments in their Hearts, while they roul themselves in carnal security, and Fleshly Pleasures. Against these this use is directed, and the Terrours of God are discovered.
- 2. But Secondly, there are God's Mourners, holy Souls, which can take no Joy in any Worldly thing, because they have no sense of the Peace of God in their Spirits. These good Hearts are cloth'd with a Garment of Heaviness; but that Garment is as a vail only upon the Beauty of Jesus Christ, which is of a Truth in their Hearts, though as yet it be hid from their Eyes. And therefore their Eyes are full of Tears, they go on weeping; but they carry their precious Seed with them in the Secret of their Souls.

These are Gods Mourners, and these are to apply to themselves, that sweet Promise, Es. 57. 18. I have seen his ways, I will heal him; I will lead him also, and I will restore Peace to him, and to his Mourners, the verse before was: For the iniquities of his Covetousness I was Wroth with him, and smote him: I hid me, and was Wroth, and he went on frowardly in the way of his Heart.

How absolute, how sweet, how full is this Promise? What objection canst thou make against thy self, which the Lord doth not here punctually answer?

- 1. Object. Thou sayest: I have been very sinful, and still continue so. Mercies, Judgments do me no good; but make me more wanton, or more froward in an evil way. Ans. Hark, the Lord tells thee, that he knows all this, He hath seen thy ways, the Evil of thy ways, and every Aggravation of the Evil in them: yet he saith: I will heal thee. He undertakes to be Himself thy Physician.
- 2. Object. But then cryest out: I am Sick-with my Lusts; I am wounded with miseries, I am broken with horrours. And I have no Strength to recover my self out of any of these. Ans. But the Lord Jesus saith: I will heal thee of all these Evils, of thy Sins, thy Sorrows, and thy Fears. I will do it for thee, by mine own Right Hand, and for mine own Sake.

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 3. Obj.

3. Obj. Still thou objectest against thinc own Mercies, and complainest; that thou knowest not Jesus Christ, nor the way to Him: Or if thou didst; thou hast neither Will, nor Power to come to him, that thou mayst be healed by Him. Ans. But what saith the Lord to thee? I will lead thee also: I will first come to thee, I will stretch out my Hand towards thee, and take hold of thy Spirit, I will draw thee towards my self, I will direct thee in the right Paths of my Love, I will bear thee up in the way, that thou shalt

not fall in it, nor fall from it.

4. Obj. But thy Melancholy, Dark, and Sullen thoughts still abound in thee, and suffer thee to have no Peace. These fill thee with Fears, and Tremblings, that thou canst not take comfort in any thing. Ans. But God will restore comfort to thee, and to thy Mourners. He will bring again, that Comfort, which thou hadst once in thy Spirit, which thou hadst in Paradise. It is now but laid aside, hid, sown in thee. God will bring it forth to Light, and set it before thee, and make it to grow up out of thine own Spirit, in the sight of thy Spirit, and in the sight of all thy Mourners; all those melancholy thoughts,

which now fill thee with so much heaviness.

I will restore Comfort: Saith God. The Comsort, the Joy, for the want of which thou Mournest, is thine already, it was thine Eternally, it was the Grace given to thee before all times in Jesus Christ, as St. Paul speaks to Timothy. But as the Trees were first in the Creation, and then the Seed, and then again the Trees are restored to themselves out of their Seed. So thy Comsorts have been hid in thine Heart, in which they lye in their proper Seed, and out of which God will make them to grow up, and so restore them to thee, and thee to thy Spiritual, and Heavenly self.

Thus much for the Second Answer: The Peace, and the Kingdom of God

may be fown though they be not grown up in thee.

So I have done with the First Spirit to be silene'd in the Soul that she may

have Peace; which is the Spirit of Wrath from God.

2. The Spirit of the Devil. This is the Second Spirit to be silenced in the Soul for her Spiritual Peace. Read those Verses, Psal. 46. 2. 3. Therefore we will not fear, though the Earth be removed: and though the Mountains be carryed into the midst of the Sea. Though the Waters thereof roar, and the Mountains shake with the swelling thereof. Selah. In the verse following you read of a River, whose streams refresh the City of God. This River is clearly the Spirit of God. This Sea then, which troubles the Earth, must be the Spirit of the Devil, the Natural Power of Darkness in the Creature, which, while it kept its own place, and order, had a Beauty in it; but forsaking its own habitation, as St. Jude speaketh, it brings Confusion.

You may confirm that sense of the Sea in this place, by comparing Two,

or Three places of Scripture more, one with another.

Gen. 1. 2. That Darkness, out of which the Light; and Strength of the

Creature was first raised, is express'd by a Sea: Darkness was upon the Face

of the Deep, and the Spirit of God moved upon the Face of the Waters.

Revel. 20. 3. The Angel casts the Devil into the Bottomless Pit. The Word here, which is translated Bottomless Pit, & Boooss answers in Greek, to that in Hebrew, Tehôm; which is expounded, the Deep, in that First of Genesis. And the Sea is frequently called by this Name thorough the Scriptures; Tehom; Asvosos; The Deep. The Devil was cast down into the great Deep of his own Darkness, and shut up there.

Revel. 21. I saw a new Heaven, and a new Earth, and there was no more Sea. The Spirit of the Devil, and the Power of Darkness was now shut up in itself, and no more troubled the Peace and Beauty of the Creature. Though there was still Night, and Day; Darkness, and Light; yet there was no more Sea, the Darkness, was as a sweet Calm Stream refreshing the Earth, and ming-

led with the Light of Lite.

This Sea of Darkness, and confusion lies at the bottom of the Spirit of every man naturally. It encompasses the us on every side. This often opens itself upon us, and the Mountains of all our Strength, Joy or Glory are swallowed up in the midst of it.

When the Waters of this Sea, evil Spirits roar upon our Souls; they fill

them with Fear, amazement, and Horrour.

The Sea is accounted the Cause of Earth-quakes. The Earth in a Man, all the Foundations of his Life, and Joy are violently shaken in him, when this Sea swells beneath them.

What Peace, what Establishment can there be to the Soul, while this Power of Darkness rageth? As the World shall have no Peace, till it be bound up in its own Deep, so neither can the Soul.

This is the Second Spirit to be silenced.

3. The Spirit of a Man in Himself. Before the Soul can have Peace, her

own Spirit must be silent in the midst of her.

Psal. 4. 4. We have this advice given us: Commune with your own Heart upon your Bed, and be still. This seems to be a Contradiction Commune, and be still. But the Selah added, points out a more hidden sense.

Here are Two Terms in this Scripture, which have a various Sense: Heart, and

Bed.

1. Heart. Commune with your Hearts. What is the Heart? The Heart is the Inward Principle, the Life-Principle.

1. The Heart is the Inward Principle. So you read of the Heart of the Sea,

Exod. 15. 8. and the Heart of the Earth, Mat. 12. 40.

Mark 7. 18. Whatsoever thing cometh from without, defileth not the Man. v. 19. Because it entreth not into thy Heart, but into thy Belly; and passeth into the Draughts. v. 21. From within, from the Heart of men proceed Evilthoughts, Adulteries, &c.

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The Meats, which we take in from without, reach the Body in all the parts of it; and they reach the Soul, as it lives in the Body, working upon it, and making changes in it. Both these then are the Belly, the Outward Man, which is maintained from an Outward Principle, and passet away into the Dust, and Darkness.

But the Heart is more Inward, and Immutable. It is that, which abides in the Invisible part of things, and is that Hidden Spring, the Principle both of

Soul, and Body.

This Heart in the Natural Man is the Spirit of Man, in the Spirit of the Devil, or in the Spirit of Divine Wrath; or rather in both. So from the Heart come evil thoughts. So St. John saith, I John. 3. 20. If our Hearts condemn 45, God is greater than our Hearts and knoweth all things. But if our Hearts condemn us not, then have we confidence before God. Every man hath in him a Principle more Inward, than the Spirit of the Devil, which is the Spirit of God, as it comes forth into his Spirit, and gives his Spirit, a Created Invisible, Immortal Being in itself among Angels.

This is that Heart of man, with which he is to commune, this is the Seat of fullification, or Condemnation: The Spirit of Man, as it lives above in the Spirit of God, according to his Wrath, or his Love: Or the Spirit of God, as it be-

comes the Principle of Nature, a Principle in the Spirit of Man.

If this Heart condemn us; that is, the Spirit of God, as it is the Principle of our Spirits: God is greater than our Hearts: that is, the Spirit of God, as it is in stifelf, above our Spirits, hath a greater Fulness of Majesty, and Light in itself, where it is, as the Light in the Sun; when as in our Spirits, it is, but as the Light in the Star. If therefore it testifie Wrath to us in this relation, in which it is, but as a Glance; it shall more fully testify wrath against us in that State in which it is the Full Glory. As it is a Principle in our Spirits it opens itself truly, but imperfectly: in a right Sense; but in a part only of its own Sense. But as it is in stelf, it knows all things; it opens itself to the utmost of its own sense, and eternal purpose.

A man should neither comfort, nor condemn himself from the language of his own Spirit, as it lives in the Outward Soul, or Body, and speaks of its own.

This Spirit should be silent, and still.

But we are to commune with the Divine Principle in us, with our Spirits, as they dwell within, in the Spirit of God. For so the Spirit of God, and our Spirits, are twisted in One, make One Heart, testify One thing, and that truly, whether it be for Life, or for Death; from Wrath or from Love.

For the Spirit of God, and of Man in this Principle, are an Image of the

Spirit of God, as it is absolute, and supream in the God-Head.

But there is a Heart, within this Heart. This Heart is a Principle of Life or Death, Love or Wrath. There is within this a Heart, which is the Life-Princiciale, and the Love-Principle.

2. The

2. The Heart is the Life-Principle. Prov. 4. 23. Keep thy Heart with all Diligence: for out of it are the Issues of Life. What is this Heart, which we are to keep; when we are to deny our selves? We are to keep it, not with Caution to preserve our selves from it; but with Considence, to preserve our selves by it.

This place of Scripture is like that before it, Prov. 4.13. Where Solomon speak-

ing of Wildom, or Instruction, saith: Keep ber, for she is thy Life.

Jesus Christ, as he is in the Spirit, is our Life-Principle, Colos. 3. 4. When

Christ, who is our Life shall appear.

He is the Treasure of our Hearts, and our truest Heart. For from Him, as He is in the Spirituality of his own Person, are the Issues, the Out-goings, of our Life, Mat. 6. 21. Where your Treasure is, there will your Hearts be also. Our Treasure, and our Hearts are both with Jesus Christ in Heaven, Colos. 3. 1.

The Heart, is the Treasury of all good things. A good man out of the good Treasury of his Heart bringeth forth good things, Mat. 12. 35. Jesus Christ is this Heart, which hath the Treasure in it. For in him are all the Treasures of

Wisdom, and Knowledge bid, Colos. 2. 3.

Jesus Christ is the Heart, as he is the Head of Man, I Corin. 11. 3. The

Head of every Man is Christ: The Head of Christ is God.

The Lord Jesus, as he is the Heavenly Man, is the most proper Head, and Heart of 'man: the First Principle before all others, the most inward Principle lying within, and beneath all other Principles; the Life-Principle.

Thus we see, what the Heart is.

I. Jesus Christ, as He puts forth Himself in the Natural Spirit of Man, to

be the Principle of Nature either, in a Power of Wrath, or Love.

2. Jesus Christ, as He is in his own Heavenly Spirit, and Person, comprehending the Life, Persection, and Blessedness of Man in Himself, as in a Divine Root, or Treasury.

2. The Bed. This is the Second thing, of which we are to feek the meaning. We read of a Bed of Tribulation, Revel. 2. 22. This Bed is a Spirit of Dark-

ness, Weakness, Woe, and Torment.

We read of a Bed in Tribulation, which God prepares for those, whom he loves, Psal. 41. 3. Thou wilt make all his Bed in his Sickness, or, Thou wilt turn it, the Inside of Peace, Love, and Glory, for the Outside of Pain, and Trouble: or thou wilt change it from a Bed of Languishings, into a Bed of Rest, or a Bed of Love.

We read of Beds of Joy, and Glory, Psal. 149. 5. Let the Saints be joyful

in Glory, let them Sing aloud on their Beds.

In the Canticles there is mention made of the Bed of Christ, and His Spouse: Can. 1. 16. Our bed is Green. There is also Solomons Bed, who was a Type of the Heavenly Bridegroom, Cant. 3. 7. Behold his Bed, which is Solomons, threescore valiant men are about it, of the valiant men of Israel.

This Bed is the Spirit of the Lord Jesus, which shines forth, and buds with

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[96]

Sweetness, and Beauty, which goes forth in the midst of the Angels, cloathing itself with those Mighty, and Glorious Spirits. 'This Spirit draws the Soul forth from the Tumults of the Flesh, takes her off from her own Strength, and casts her upon itself, as upon a Bed of Rest.

By this time we see, what the Holy Ghost means by the Heart, and the Bed. Let us now return to that place of that Psalmist, for the opening of which we have brought in all these Scriptures, Psal. 4. 4. Commune with your own Heart upon your Bed, and be still: that is, discourse not with your Spirit, as it lives in this Body, upon these Outward Appearances. For so it is one with the Strange Woman, it is a Strange Heart: it is a Fountain, that makes itself common, and defiles itself; it is not your own Fountain alone, your own Heart; but a wandring, salse, lying Heart.

Retire your self into your Chamber, in which the Candle of the Lord shines; that is, into your Spirit, as it hath the Spirit of God, for the Spring of Natural Light, and Life in it. Here wait quietly, and silently for the openings of the

Spirit of God in the secret Voice of Nature within you.

But, stay not here, Silence this Spirit too, draw your self yet more inward, into the Spirit of the Lord Jesus, as He is the Inward Man, within, the more

inward than, the secretest Retirements of the Natural Spirit.

Here cast thy self upon thy Bed in thy Heart, and commune with thy Heart upon thy Bed. This is thy Bed, and thy Heart both in one. Here lay thy self at Rest, upon this Spirit, which is the Comforter; advise with this Spirit, which is the only Counsellor, the Spirit of Truth. So be thou still, let thine own Spirit, the Spirit of this World, and Nature in thee be silent.

He that thus hearkens in Silence, what the Lord will say, shall certainly hear

him speak Peace to his Saints.

The Spirit of God in thy Natural Man may speak of Wrath to thee; and God will confirm that voice of Wrath in the Spirit of thy Natural Man. And so here thou canst find no Bed to comfort thee. But go a little beyond thy Natural Man, and thou shalt meet with the Spirit of God, as it is in its own Freedom, and Fulness in the Lord Jesus Here is a Bed ready prepared for thee. Now silence thine own Spirit for ever; and hear no more, what the Spirit in thine own Spirit speaks; but, what this Spirit speaks, as it is here, in Jesus Christ; and this Spirit will certainly make thee to hear the voice of Joy, and Gladness. Thus the Lord giveth his Beloved Rest: not in themselves, but in Himself.

I have now finished the First Part of Spiritual Peace, which is Silence; the Silencing of a Three-fold Spirit; the Spirit of Wrath from God; the Spirit of

the Devil; the Spirit of Man.

2. Part: Satisfaction. The Second Part of Spiritual Peace is Satisfaction. This confilts in Two Things.

A Sweet League with all things.
 A Satisfactory Rest in this League.

1. A Sweet League with all things. 'There can be no Satisfaction, where there is any thing wanting, and not made up; or any thing Crooked, and not made straight: as Solomon speaks, Eccl. 1. 15. 'There is no Satisfaction,

where there is Division, or Contention.

Jobs Friends promiseth this Satisfaction to Job, Job 5. 23. Thou shalt be in League with the Stones of the Field, and the Beasts of the Field shall be at Peace with thee. v. 24. And thou shalt know, that thy Tabernacle shall be in Peace. Behold a League with all things below thee, Beasts, and Stones: Principles, and Appearances of Life descending are the Beasts: The Stones are the Principles and Appearances of Darkness descended to the lowest, the Dead Images of things. Behold a League here with all things above thee; thy Tabernacle shall be in Peace. The Powers above thee are thy Tabernacle: The Angels are thy Tabernacle, God is thy Tabernacle. Thou shalt dwell peaceably in these. These shall be in Peace, not in stormy or fiery Appearances upon thee.

Behold a League with all Times, with Eternity: Thou shalt know, that thy Tabernacle shall be in Peace. Thou shalt not fear, what is to come; because all Times to come shall be in Covenant with thee. Whatever Times come to others, still thy Tabernacle, thy Angel, thy God shall be peace upon thee; and

this thou shalt know, before hand.

This is that League with all things, which Jobs Friend promiseth to him, without which there can be no Satisfaction or Peace.

Quest. But you will perhaps ask me, how this League is made.

Ans. I answer, that it is made by living in the Spirit of Jesus Christ. This Spirit in you is this League or Covenant. For the Spirit is the Unity, and hath the Band of Peace in itself, Ephes. 4. 3.

The Lord, who is the Spirit, is call'd, the God of the Spirits of all Flesh, Num. 16. 12. and 27. 16. This place agrees with that, Luk. 20. 38. God is the

God of the Living, not of the Dead, for all things live to Him.

As our Saviour said; that Little Children had their Angels, which beheld the Face of God in Heaven: So it is most true, that each Fleshly Appearance hath its Spirit in which it lives with, and to God. Every Beast, or Stone hath its Angel, in which it is comprehended after a living manner, and by which it is governed. Every Angel hath its Spirit in Jesus Christ, in which itself is again comprehended after a Divine manner, and by which it is entirely managed.

Thus the Spirits of all things are in the Spirit of Jesus Christ. The Spirit of every Creature, which is the Scepter, that sways it, the Law-giver to it, is in the hand of the Spirit of Christ, and goes forth from between his Feet.

If then thou wouldst be in League with all things, and at Peace with them: be thou One Spirit with Jesus Christ; so all Things, and Times shall be One Spirit with thee; and this Unity of Spirit is the Bond of Peace.

To be Spiritually-minded is Life, and Peace, Rom. 8. 6 If thou wouldst live comfortably, take heed of dwelling in the Fleshly Tabernacle, in the Fleshly Sa-

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vour, and rellish of things. Let thy understanding, and Soul abide in the Spirit of God. So thou shalt converse always, every where with lively, and lovely Objects. All things round about thee, within thee, without thee, shall have Life, and a Harmony, a Tuneableness with themselves, and with thy Spirit, a Peace-fulness in their Life. All things shall have an Angelical Life and Sweetness to thee as they have to the Elect Angels. All things shall have a Divine Life and Sweetness to thee, as they have to God.

This is the First thing, in which Satisfaction confists, a Sweet League with

all things.

2. A Satisfactory Rest in this League. This is the Second Thing, in which

the Satisfaction of Spiritual Peace consists.

Es. 14. 3. And it shall come to pass in that day; the Lord shall give thee Rest from thy Sorrow, and from thy Fear, and from thy hard Bondage, wherein thou

wast made to serve.

Poor Soul! while thou livest in the Darkness of Fleshly things, thou hast Sorrow breaking thee by the Oppression of present Evils, thou hast Fear pursuing thee with the expectation of more Evils yet to come, thou hast thyDesires carried forth uncessantly, and violently toward those Objects which cannot satisfy, but divide, disappoint, and distract them, making them to labour under a hard Bondage, to work in the Fire, and feed on the Wind.

But when the Day of the Lord, the Day of the Spirit comes; then the Soul is in Covenant with all things; she hath all Evils subdued to her, so her Passionate part is Satisfied, and calm; she hath all good things freely to enjoy, so her Defires are at rest in the bosom of their proper Objects; thus the whole Soul hath Peace, all her Faculties acquiesce in their several Perfections, all her Powers move

with a full Complacency in their several Operations.

Thus that is made good which is prophesied in another place, Es. 32. 17. The work of Righteousness shall be Peace and the Effect of Righteousness, Quietness, and Assurance for ever. When thou hast the Lord Jesus in the Spirit, then thou hast Righteousness brought forth to victory in thee. For all things are then gathered up into One Body, or Fulness of Divine Glory in thy Soul. Now thou hast Peace with Quietness, and Assurance for ever. This is the Satisfactory Rest, when no Fassion hath any thing, to disturb it, no Desire wants any thing to distract it. But all is quiet in the Soul for present, and assured to Eternity. This God distraventes he brings us into his Kingdom, which is the Unity of the Spirit.

Thus much for the Second Property of the Kingdom of God, which is Peace

in he Two Paris of it, Silence, and Satisfaction.

Application.

1. Direction. If you would have Peace, understand, and distinguish the Grounds of your trouble. As they are Three, so you shall know them have all ways of working.

The Spirit of Wrath from God hath its way of Working in

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the Soul peculiar to itself. It makes present Impressions of Trouble, and Terrour. But it doth it with an Absoluteness, an Arbitrariness, laying no Premises,

drawing no Conclusions.

This was the great Dispute between Job, and his Friends. Job complained that God set a Watch over him; a Spirit of trouble, that should suffer him to take no Rest, no way, on no side: that He scar'd him with Visions, and frighted him with Dreams; God appointed a Spirit over him, which fill'd him sleeping and waking with dreadful Appearances, Job. 7. 12. 14.

Jobs Friends charge him to have Iniquity in his Hand, Job 11. 14. And Hypocrify in his Heart, Job 8. 13. otherwise say they: Thou shouldst have prosper'd still; thy hopes should not thus have perished. So they laid Premises to

the Wrath of God, which fell upon 70b.

On the other side fob maintains; the Vanity of this Life, where all things fall alike to all: the Absoluteness of God, who deals alike with all at Pleasure: the Sughtness, and Shadowiness of Man in this Fleshly State, where God alike sweeps away the Lives, and Glories of all sorts of men, as Shadows: The Excellency of Afflictions in the Saints: the Propriety of this State of things, which is properly subject to the Principalities, and Powers of Darkness, fob 9. 22. 23. 24. He destroyeth the Perfect, and the Wicked. None therefore can say, that any Susferings are a Sign of a Reprobate Man, or of Hatred in God. If the Scourge slay suddenly, he will laugh at the Tryal of the Innocent. God will laugh at the miseries of a Good man, as being, but a Melancholy Dream, when the Man is assept, which wakes him, and he finds himself well in Glory. The Earth is given into the Hand of the Wicked, and hath covered the face of the Judges of it. It is improper to expect any thing right in this State, which is the Season for Darkness, and the time of the Reign of those Spirits which are the Powers of Darkness, under whom the good Angels are vailed, and imprisoned.

Thus fob shews his Friends how they plead deceitfully for God. And Job hath this Testimony given him by God, that his Friends had not spoken right

things of God, as he had done.

Fob would grant, that he had sinn'd. But the Lord could forgive him all his Sins, and he knew His Redeemer liv'd, his Record was on High. He would never grant that his Sufferings were any Argument of his Sinfulness, or want

of Sincerity in him.

Feremy complains, Lamen. 3. 6. He hath set me in dark places, as they that be dead of old. The Spirit of Wrath from God can make itself a Prison of Darkness to thee, depriving thee of all the Sweet, Comfortable, Lightsom Appearances of things; leaving thee only Shady, Frightful, Empty, Melancholy Shapes hovering about thee, as they that are Dead. This Spirit can keep thee in this Darkness, that thou shalt find no way out of it, by Friends, Ordinances, Prayers, Endeavours of thy Spirit within thee. This Spirit can bind thee salt up in itself, sit heavy upon thee, sink thee still lower, as a Chain. So he goes

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on complaining, v. 7. He hath hedg'd me about; he hath made my Chain heavy. But the Spirit of Wrath from God never draws forth any uncomfortable Conclusions for Eternity. No when such thoughts as these arise: I am cast away for ever: I shall be eternally damn'd in Hell. These thoughts are not from the Spirit of God, but from some other Spirit. And so feremy brings them in. v. 18. I said; my Hope, and my Strength is perished from the Lord. It is not: He, the Lord said, though he were in His Wrath: but, I said.

Thus we see, how we may know, when the Spirit of Wrath from God is the

Ground of our Inward Trouble.

There is a Four-fold Remedy against this Trouble.

1. Remedy: Resignation. Say in the midst of this Darkness, and Fear: It is the Lord, let him do, whatsower pleaseth him. I am in His arms, these are His ways with me. Can the same Fountain bring forth Bitter, and Sweet Waters? Be not deceived, be not disturbed O my Soul, but leave thy self with God, as a Faithful Creator; let him make, what He will of thee. The Word of the Lord, every Appearance, in which God comes forth unto thee, as good. Fear not to receive him, and to sit down, though it be in Darkness: for then thou sittest under his Shadow. Only neither take from, nor add to his Words, or Appearan-

ces in thee; by the Suggestions of any other Spirit.

2. Remedy: Retirement. Withdraw from the Fleshly Man, together with this Pillar of Clouds and Fire; which sits upon that. Draw thy Spirit up to the Unchangeable Spirit of Glory, and the State of thy Spiritual Man in that Glory. So did fob: My Record is on High. Appeal from that Testimony, or Discovery, which God gives of Himself below in thy Earthly Man; to that Testimony, or Discovery, which God gives of thee, above, in the Simplicity, and Nakedness of His Divine Nature. So did Paul: Of such a man I will boost; a man caught up into the Third Heavens, into Paradule. Though thou canst see nothing but anger, and frowns in the Face of Jesus Christ, as thou seest that in thy Flesh below: yet thou mayst see Joys and Glories in thy self, as thou seest thy Person in the Heavenly Person of the Lord Jesus above.

3. Remedy: Prayer. Cry to God continually for Two Things: First, that He would take his Hand off from you. No means, or Power can remove your Trouble, till the Hand of God be removed. "Tis that, holds down your Eyes, that you cannot see the Light of Comfort. No art, or force, can remove the Hand of God, till Himself please to do it: The Second is, that He would

turn unto thee.

4. Remedy: Waiting. Submit, and Wait. I waited patiently for the Lord, and he inclined unto me: Saith David. Give the Lord leave first to sit down Himself, and Feast on his own Will, and thy Comforts; while thou waitest, and ministrest all thy Peace, and Strength to Him; then will God say to thee: Sit thou down, and Feast upon thy Will in mine, upon thy Joys together with mine.

So much for the Discovery, and Remedies of the First Ground of Inward Trouble.

2. Ground: The Spirit of the Devil, when he is the cause of Trouble, manifests himself by his Lying Arts; and Murthering Aims. He increases thy Feelings by Fears, and thy Darkness by false Reasonings. He would teach thee, to argue against thy self from the present Anger of the Lord towards thee that he eternally hates thee. He would teach thee to dispute against thy self; that no Sufferings are like unto thine, and therefore never any Sinner like unto thee. What clear Falshoods are these, when God plainly affirms in his word: that All things come alike to all, and no man can know either Love, or Hatred by any thing under the Sun?

The Devil is ever drawing Inferences of Despair from Desertions, prompting thee to such Language, as this in thy Spirit: This Evil is from the Lord; why

should I wait any louger upon him? There is no hope for me in God.

Thus the Devil is known by Lies leading to Despair, which leads to Death, and Destruction.

There is one Remedy against this Ground of Trouble besides those mentioned before, and that is this: Resist the Devil, and he will fly from you.

Beat back his Suggestions, by stopping your Ears against them. Answer him, that he is the Accuser of the Father, and the Brethren one to another. When he puts into you Dark thoughts of God; Despairing thoughts towards God; that he is a Lyar, and a Murtherer. But God is Light, and there is no Darkness in Him: God is Love, and Fury is not in Him. All these Fears are thy weakness, and thy Low Estate, in which thou sufferest with Jesus Christ.

3. Property. The Third Property in the Kingdom of God is Joy. St. Paul in 1 Thes. 2.19, 20. joyns these Two, Joy, and a Crown: Ye are my Joy, and

my Crown.

Spiritual Joy hath Three Parts.

1. The Exaltation of the Soul. 2. The Enlargement. 3. The Activity of the Soul in God.

1. Part: The Exaltation of the Soul in God is Two-fold.

1, There is a Spiritual Exaltation of the Soul over her Spiritual Enemies.
2. Chron. 20.27, It is said of Jehoshaphat, and all Israel, that, they returned to ferusalem with joy. For God had made them to rejoyce over all their Enemies. This is a Figure of the Souls Joy over her Spiritual Enemies; when Jesus Christ brings her, as a Conqueror into the Spirit, which is the Ferusalem above.

This Exaltation, and Joy is described in the Person of our Lord Jesus: Colos. 2. 15. He spoyled Principalities and Powers, making a shew of them openly triumphing over them. Thus is her Royal State, set above the Principalities of Hell, the Fowers of Darkness; Corruptions, Temptations, Death, and Devils. She sees them set under her Feet, that is, beneath her lowest Appearance; She sees them spoyled of all power to hurt, and glory to tempt her. She shews them, and makes them manifest in the Light of God. She Triumphs over them, exalts herself, and rejoyceth over them; raising a Joy, and a Praise to herself, and her Saviour out of them.

This is the First Exaltation of the Soul in her Spiritual Foy.

2. The Second is the Exaltation of the Soul to the Spiritual State of Jesus Christ. This is set forth in a Parable, by our Lord Jesus: Mat. 25, 23. The Lord saith to him that had emproved, and multiplyed his Talents: Well done, thou good, and Faithful Servant; thou hast been Faithful in a few things, I will make thee ruler over many: enter theu into the Joy of thy Lord. Here is a Rule, and a Joy: the Kingdom, and the Joy of the Lord. To both these the Soul is at once exalted with her Lord.

This Parable is worth our stay upon it for a while. The Opening of it will

add much Light to this Particular of Spiritual Joy. A Christian bath a Two-fild State on Earth.

1. State of fad En. ployment. 2. State of sweet Enjoyment.

1. A Christian hath a State of sad Employment in a Two-feld Season; while he is a Servant; and while he is a Sen, before he is yet past the growth of a

Young Man.

1. Scason. The First Season of a Christians sad Employment is, while he is a Servant. He then lives under Legal Administrations, which are the Manifestations of God in the Earthly Image. These are the Two Talents, with which the Soul is now to Trade. When Adam was driven out of Paradise, he was to till the Ground, and to ear his Bread in the Sweat of his Brows. So a Saint in this Season is put to dig into the Earthly Image, and to feed upon the Bread

of Heaven in the toil, and labour of his Natural Principles.

2. Season. The other Season of a Saints sad Employment is, when he is a Son, but not yet grown up out of the Age of a Young Man, to that of a Father, or a King. Now he hath in his Soul the Evangelical Appearances of God, and Jesus Christ. But he hath them after a Fleshly manner, and in a Fleshly way. These Appearances are the Five Talents. The Lord Jesus, while he was in the Flesh, had not, where to lay his Head. So it is with the Soul in this Sueson. She hath not yet attained to her State of Rest She is not yet come to ler sweet Enjoyments. As her Savieur, so she hath a Baptism to be baptized with, and she is firaightned, till in be over. She is in difficulty, pain, and travel, till these Talents be multiplyed. Then comes the sweet Enjoyment, which is the Second State of a Christian on Earth.

2. A Christian hath his State of fweet Enjoyment, when the Talons are multiplyed. But what is the multiplying of the Talents? What is the calling of them into the Bank to receive them again with increase? Our Swiour teacheth us, what all this means by another, a plainer Parable, John 12, 24. If the

Corn dye not, it abides alone. But if it dye; it brings forth much fruit.

The FI-fuly Appearances of Christ are the Talents un-multiplyed, the Corn abiding alone. While they so continue, they are solitary, melancholy, bearing little fruit of Glory to God, or Joy to the Soul. But then the Soul casts these Talents into the Bank, then she sows this Corn, when she resigns them to God,

when

when the crucifies them, and dies to them by the power of the Death of the

Lord Jesus in her.

Now the Soul hath them within her rising again in the Spirit, after a Spiritual manner. Now she receives them again with an increase of Holiness, Peace,

and Joy.

Now the Lord Jesus saith to the Soul: Well done, good, and faithful Servant; thou hast been faithful in a few things, in poor, lew, and dark manifestations. Thou hast submitted them to my will, and yielded them up to the power of my Death. I therefore will make thee ruler over many. Thou shalt no more be subject to low, and single Appearances. Thou shalt reign in the power, plenty, and variety of more Glorious Manifestations. Enter thou into those high, and Spiritual Discoveries of God, in which thy Lord and Saviour new enjoys Himself. So the Kingdom, and Joy of the Lord shall be thy Kingdom, and Joy.

Application.

Use. I. Examination. There is nothing of more concernment to us, than to distinguish, and discern aright our foys. Sensual, and carnal foys are apt to make us sensual, and stelly, ignorant, and brutish, as the Beasts. Delusive foys make our Souls, as Devils in the form of Angels of Light. Spiritual foys, when they are truly such, make us most like to God.

The Delights of Nature, and sense are indifferent things, lawful, if they be lawfully used. They are therefore to be taken with much moderation, and caution, as the Wine, that St. Paul speaks of to Timothy: Drink not alwaies Water:

but drink a little Wine for thy healths (ake.

Delusions, and faite Raptures of Spirit are a sweet Poyson, which are taken in greedily, and kill so much the more speedily. The Soul is naked, open, free, simple in her joys, she mingles herself inwardly, and deeply with the Spirit of her joys: As Herod offered to the half of his Kingdom to Herodias, when she pleased him, with dancing before him.

It is then a thing of great moment to understand the nature of our Joys that we may know, when to admit, and to reject them; How, and to what

height, to cherish, or check them;

I will propound Four Tryals of our Joy.

1. Tryal The First Tryal is this. Spiritual Joys ever spring from a Spiritual sense of the Love of God towards us. Rom. 5. St. Paul speaks of his Joy. v. 5. Rejoycing in the hope of the Glory of God. He goes on discoursing of the growth strength effects of this Joy. Then v. 5. He shews you the Ground of his Joy: The Love of God is shed abroad in our hearts by the Holy Ghost that he hath given us

Spiritual Joys can give an account, and a reason of themselves. There are Three things, which go so make up the Reason of Spiritual Joy, when it is Right.

1. The Love of God, not any Loveline's of our own, or the Sweetness of any Creature,

2. The

2. The Discovery of this Love in an open, manifest way, with a Fulness,

and Clearness; like a Liquor that is poured forth, and spread abroad.

3. The Holy Ghost making this Discovery, and evidencing it by his own presence, and power in the Soul. This is the Reason, which Spiritual Rejoycings, and Gloryings give of themselves: The Love of God shed abroad in our Hearts, by the Holy Ghost, which he hath given us.

Are your Joys ignorant, sudden, and violent, such, as spring from no ap-

pearing cause, and can give no account of themselves?

Whence do your Joys arise from a Sense of the Love of God, or from a

Reflection upon your Selves, upon any thing, of, or in the Creature?

Whence have you your Sense of the Love of God? Is it wrought upon you by Fancy, by the strength, and frequency of Imagination; or by the Persuasions of your own Souls; or by the Reasonings of your own Hearts consulting with themselves, and with the Letter of the Scriptures, without the Holy Ghost; by any of the Words, or ways of mans Wisdom, or Power, without you or within you?

If your Foys be such, as these, you have reason to suspect, and sear them, least they be from the Father of Lies, and not from the Father of Lights; from

the Fountain of bitterness, and enmity, not of sweetness, and Love.

2. Tryal. The Second Tryal of your Joy is the Effect of it. Spiritual

Joys increase Spiritual Strength in the Soul as they increase themselves.

Nehem. 8. 10. Go your ways, saith Nehemiah to the People, Eat the Fat, and Drink the Sweet, and send pertions to them, for whom nothing is prepared. For this day is holy to the Lord. Be ye not sorry: for the foy of the Lord is your Strength. Thus the Lord fesus speaks to the Soul in the Ministry of the Gospel: Go your ways, Feed upon the Fat of my Glory, Drink the Sweet of my Love. Send forth Portions, and Manifestations of this Glory, and Love to them, who have nothing of it yet prepared, and set forth in their own Spirits. This day is holy to me; in it you are to live altogether to me, and in the Light of my Appearances. Then let not your Hearts be heavy, nor your countenances sad, For my for shall not weaken, or betray you. My for shall be a Preservative against Corruptions, a Strength against Temptation, the Power of a new life carrying you up on high into further Communican with God, and Conformity to him.

There is a Threefold joy that takes to itself often the name of being Spiri-

tual.

1. A fly flowing from our natural temper, and Complexion, from sparklings of Blood, or Fiashings of melancholy is many times mistaken for a Spiritual Joy. But this Joy dissolves, it makes the Soul airy, light, and loose: it ex-

poseth the Soul to Vanity, and Sin.

2. A fight forth by an Evil Spirit of Delusion carries the Appearance of a Spiritual Joy. This fivells the Soul, makes it vain-glorious, confident, some in itself. In this State the Soul easily falls into Temptation, easily falls in the Temptation.

3. Spiritual Spi

3. Spiritual Joy truly so called. This Knits the Union between Christ and the Soul more close, and strong: It gathers up the Soul more fully into the Spirit of the Lord Jesus.

St. John saith: He that dwells in Love, dwells in God. It is as true: He that

dwells in Spiritual Joys, dwells of a Truth in the Lord Jesus.

Vanity, Lust, Passion, Pride come to the Soul in other Joys, and find her sittest for them. But, when they come to the Soul in her Spiritual Joy, so far, as she is in that Joy, they find nothing in her, nothing to comply with them.

This is the Second Tryal.

3. Tryal. The Third Tryal of Spiritual Joy is the Quality of it. Spiritual Joy is a Glorious Joy, I Pet. 1. 8. You Rejoyce with Joy Glorious, and unspeakable. Spiritual Joy hath a Spiritual Glory resting upon it, and puts a Spiritual Glory upon the Spirit, and Person of that man, in whom it is.

Spiritual Joy ariseth from a sight of the Glory of God. Therefore it hol-

deth forth the Image of this Glory in the Spirit, and in all its workings.

Try your Joys by this: What of the Glory of God? What of the Mysteries of the Gospel? What of the Heavenly Man? What of the Spiritual manifestations of the Lord Jesus have you seen, or known? St. James saith, that; Faith is dead without works, that is, without the life, and power of God working in you. So Joy without the Spiritual Discoveries of God in it, is carnal, dead and empty.

Tell me not, that your Heart is full of Joy. But unfold to me those Discoveries, those Shinings out of God, which you have met with in your Spirits.

So shew me your Joy.

Obj. But you will say perhaps: I see a Glory, but it is unexpressible, and you are uncapable of it.

Ans. I answer to that Four Things.

1. A Spiritual Glory cannot be exprest by any inferiour Principle, or Power, by any abilities of the Natural man. But it can express itself. As it can be, so it can be manifested in the Soul. Spiritual things give a Subsistance to themselves in the Natural man: So they can give an Expression to themselves there.

Rom. 10. 8. The Word is nighthee in thy Heart, and in thy Mouth. v. 10. With the Heart man believeth unto Righteoujness, with the Mouth man confesseb unto Salvation. The Life of Christ, who is the Glory of God, hath a Mouth

as well as a Heart in the Soul of man.

The Glory of God unites itself to the Spirit, and Principle of man, for the adopting of him, and entituling of him to Heaven; for his Justification. It puts forth itself by the Mouth, thorow the whole Image of the man, for the

Change, and Transfiguration of that; for his Glorification.

Ans. 2. Secondly; it is true, that the Glory of God in the Soul cannot express itself, in its own Form, thorow the natural man. But it can express itself by Earthly Images, by Types, and Figures; so as to convince even Carnal Hearts.

P

Jesus

Jesus Christ so shewed forth the Glory of his Father, while he lived in Flesh, that the very Officers which came to apprehend him, confessed, and said: Never man spake like this man: John 7. 46. He spake to their sense, as having Authority; Existing. He put forth thorow his Flesh, Declarations, of that Power of Light, and Divine Glory, which dwelt in him, beyond all that any other

Spirit, or Principle could send forth.

Ans. 3. Thirdly, though a Spiritual Glory cannot evidence, or testifie itself to Natural men, yet it may to such as are Spiritual. As Face answers Face in a Glass, so doth the Heart of man: Saith Solomon. Prov. 27. 19. So doth the Spiritual Heart of man. There is a Propertion between Spiritual men, and Spiritual things. The Glory of God in one Heart stews itself to the Glory of God in another Heart, thorow the Natural man, as a Face shews itself to itself in a Glass.

He that hath an Ear to hear, let him hear, what the Spirit saith to the Churches, Revel. 2. 7. A Spiritual man hath an Ear in his Heart by which he can hear, and take in thorow the outward Ear, the things spoken by the Spirit,

even as they are inwardly spoken by the Spirit in its own Language.

The Spirit of the Prophets is subject to the Prophets, saith St. Paul, I Corin. 14. 32. Spiritual men can judge of the Workings, the Appearances, the Joys, the Glories of the Spirit in another man; as Rational men can judge of Reason.

Ans. 4. Spiritual foy is as unexpressible, as Spiritual Glory. You may hold forth, as much of one, as of the other. If you can declare nothing of either distinctly, and clearly; then both are at the best, but confused and uncertain

in your Souls.

Spiritual Love, and Spiritual Foy have both this Property; they fet the Heart on work, to be ever enditing a good matter, sweet matter, touching the King, the Glory of the Lord Jesus. They make the Tongue of a man like the Pen of a ready writer, Pfal. 45. 1. sweetly, swiftly, forming, and warbling forth distinct Expressions of the Divine Glory.

Thus much for the Third Tryal.

4. Tryal. The Fourth Tryal of Spiritual Joy is this: Spiritual Jey is above the Natural man, I Pet. I. 8. Joy Glorius, and Unspeakable. I Cor. 2. 9. The Eye sees not; the Ear hears not; the Heart takes not in the Spiritual Joys of a Christian. Sense, Fancy, Reason, all the Faculties, and Powers of the Rational man are too low to reach, too narrow to receive these Joys.

Obj. If it be thus, how can any man have these Foys, or have any sense of

of them, while he is on the Earth?

Ans. I answer to that by Two places of Scripture. I. The First place of Scripture is, 2 Corin. 4 7. We have this Treasure in Earthly Vessels, that the Excellency of the Power may be of God, and not of us. The Spiritual man postesseth the Treasure of Spiritual Joys in itself. But the Natural man holdeth in itself this foy; because it holdeth the Spiritual man in itself, as the Water of

life

life in a Vessel. So the Excellency of the Power, which takes in Spiritual Joy, is of the Spiritual man, though it be in the Natural man, who is united with

the Spiritual man in One Person.

2. The Second Place of Scripture is, 2 Cor. 4. last. We as in a Glass be-bolding the Glory of the Lord, &c. The Natural man is the Glass, the Spiritual man is the living Face. As a living Face makes an Image of itself in a Glass, and then sees, enjoys itself in that Image. So the Spiritual man makes an Image of its Joys in the Natural man; and hath a living, substantial Enjoyment of them that way: while the Natural man holds the Image only. After the same manner the Soul in the Body contemplates, enjoys itself, and all immaterial things, in the imagination only, which is a Material Glass.

Examine your Joys; do they admit a Stranger, the outward man into their Fellowship, to intermeddle with them? Do they flow alike thorow the Regenerate, and the Unregenerate part, as upon a Level? I would then question, though

I would not condemn them.

Those Spiritual Joys have the greatest Doubtfulness, and Danger in them, which make the greatest Impressions, Motions, and Discoveries of themselves in the Natural man.

St. Paul speaketh of the Spirits putting up from the Heart of a Saint, Unexpressible Groans, Rom. 8. Those Griefs, and Joys are most likely to come from the Spirit, which make the least Sound, Noise, or Alteration in the Fleshly part.

I have done with this Use of Examination.

Use. 2. Conviction. Do not think Religion, or Holiness a Melanchely thing. Do not fear to be Religious, as if then you must part with all your Delights, and put your self into the perpetual Desert of a solitary, sad sour Conversation. Holiness, and Religion have their own foy, and will take none of yours.

I Tim. 6. 6. Godliness is great gain with Contentment. Let me commend

Holiness to you in Three Particulars.

I. Particular. The First Particular is this: Holiness is a Kingdom in itself: It is Godliness, evotions, the Right way of taking in, and holding forth the Majesty of God.

Holiness, is the Uniting of the Soul, by a vital, and conjugal Union to God, who is the Lord of All, who is All in All. Thy Maker is thy Husband. Es. 54.5.

Religion is a Discovery in the Soul, of God, as the Eternal Spirit, the Quickning Spirit; as bringing forth Himself, as working his own works, as suffilling his Joy, as setting up his Kingdom in the Soul. He hath shined into our Hearts the Glory of the Knowledge of God, 2 Corin. 4. 6.

Religion is a Drawing of the Soul up to God, into the Glory of God: as the Sheet, which St. Peter faw, was drawn up into Heaven. Brethren, partakers

of the Heavenly Call, Heb. 3. 1.

Can this be a Melanoboly thing, where there is so much of Heaven, so much

of the Love, Life, Glory of God himself? Can there want Content, where there is a Kingdom, the Kingdom of God? Or Delights, where the Immortal

King Jesus Christ keeps his Court?

Why shouldst thou think it strange, when all things in Nature are united to their Head, and in that have their Perfection; that thy Soul should be re-united to her God, and partake of his Fulness, and there possess a Fulness of Joy? Thou art our Father: Say they in the Prophet, I will return to my Father; saith the Prodigal Son, Luke 15. 18.

This is the First Particular.

2. Particular: Godlines, or true Religion is Gain. It is so, far from making you loosers in any point; that it gives you your own again with Usury and Increase. It will not divorce your Spirit from any of your Joys; but it will make the Marriage-bed of your Delights, Honourable, and Undefiled: Green, and Flourishing.

There is a double Gain of Joy in Holiness.

1. There is a Gainful Change made upon your Joys, when you come to be truly Religious. Your former Joys are transfigured like the Garments of Jesus Christ. They are changed from a Vile to a Glorious State, from a Corruptible to an Immortal State.

2. There is a Gainful Addition made to your Joys, by being Holy. Holine's brings in upon your Spirits higher, greater, and more Heavenly Joys, such as

you were never acquainted with before.

Godliness hath the Promises of this Life, and that, which is to come, I Tim. 4. 8. Gen. 49. 26. Facob blesseth his Son Foseph after this manner: The Almighty shall bless thee with the Blessings of Heaven above, and with the Blessings of the Deep, that lieth under. v. 27. He adds: The Blessings of thy Father hath prevailed above the Blessings of my Progenitors. Come, taste, and see, what Sweetness, what a Blessing there is in being Holy. The Blessing of a Holy and Spiritual Principle in your Hearts will prevail above the Blessings, and Joys of all your Natural, and Worldly Principles. You shall have the Delights of Heaven above, and the Delights that are in the Deep of Nature which lies below.

All these you shall enjoy, while you are on Earth; 'tis true indeed you shall enjoy them in the Promises, which is, as a Spring in the Earth; which is by the Life of Faith as under a vail of Contradiction; in a hidden way; but a

fweet, fure, substantial way.

Do not thou Doubt, but that God can make Abrahams dead Body a Father to an Isaac; even thee in this Earthly State, which is dark, and dead to possess, as thine own all mirth of Angels, men; all the Precious things of the Sun, and Moon, the Creature, and the Creator, if thou put thy trust in him.

Do not fear to give up, and Sacrifice thy Isaac, thy Natural Joys to thy God, by devoting thy felf to Him in a Religious way. It shall be no loss or Death

to thy Joys. He shall give thee thy Isaae, thy Joys again, in the Figure, and

Fellowship, as a Seed of Eternal Joys.

3. Particular: Religion gives you for with Contentment; with Assurance, and Rest. When you come to God, and have your Joys in him, you are at home, at your End, in your Center: So all the Workings, Desires, Inclinations of your Soul are satisfied, they acquiesce, and are still.

God is your Beginning, and your End: When you live to him, he gives you affurance in your foys, he feals them to you; because he is the Beginning, the first of all. He gives you Rest in your Joys, that you care for, you are capable of nothing more; because he is the End, the close, the fulness of all.

Happy, and Blessed is he, to whom the Kingdom of God is come: God giveth that man foy, and no trouble; no Stain, no Shame, no Sting with it.

Happy, and Bleffed is he, who hath share in this Foy, for to him the Bitter-

ness of Death, and every evil is already past.

2. Part: Enlargement. The Enlargement of the Soulin God is the Second Part of Spiritual Joy. This is fitly exprest by the Prophet. Esa. 52. 9. Break forth into Joy, Sing together, ye wast places of Jerusalem: For the Lord hath comforted his people, he hath redeemed Jerusalem. The Lord first Redeems the Soul, delivers her from the State of Servitude, and Subjection; then she breaks forth into Joy.

Natural Joy is the Dilatation, or Enlargement of the Heart. Spiritual Joy is the Dilatation, or Enlargement of the Holy Spirit in man. When the Divine Principle in the Soul breaks out of the Darkness of our Nature, when it breaks forth from the Bonds of Flesh into its own Liberty, and Freedom: this

is the Kingdom of God, and the Joy thereof in the Soul.

You have this foy of the Kingdom fitly, and fully described in a Parable, by our Lord Jesus: Mat. 13. 44. The Kingdom of Heaven is like unto a Treasure hid in a Field: the which, when a man hath found, he hideth, and for foy thereof goeth, and selleth all that he hath, and buyeth that Field. The opening of this Parable will tend very much to the Explaining of this Particular, of which I am now speaking.

There are Five Things to be opened in the Parable. 1. The Field. 2. The Treasure in the Field. 3. The Concealment of this Treasure. 4. The

Discovery of the Treasure. 5. The Purchase of the Field.

1. The Field. This is the First Thing. The Kingdom of God is like unto a Treasure hid in a Field. What should this Field be? Can it be any other thing, than the Natural Image of God in Man? This is that in which the Heavenly Image lies hid, as the Substance in the Shadow, as the Child in the Mother, as the Seed in the Field. This is that, which is not quite hid, but is quite lost in us; and to be recovered, and re-purchased by an Exchange of our Selves, and all that we have.

As the Sea in the Creation expresses the Darkness of the Creature: So the

Earth represents the Contrary Principle of Light, and Beauty in the Creature, which stands up out of that Darkness: He hath founded it upon, (or above) the Waters: Psal. 24. 2. God hath given to the Earth, Principle of Strength, and Eminency, by which it appears out of, and above the Darkness, Therefore the Psalmist adds in the same place: He, (that is, God) hath established it, (that is, prepared, adorned, and fixed it, he hath put a Beauty and Strength into it) above the Floods, (that is, all Dark, confused, and wandring Principles.) Then he goes on v. 3. Who shall go up into the Holy Hill? (that is, out of the Waters of the Darkness of the Creature, which now have over-slown all, into this Hill, this Habitable Earth, which is above the Waters; the Principle of Beauty in the Creature, as it is in its Flower.) This is the Earth, of which Christ speaks in a Parable, Mark 4. 28. The Earth of its own accords fends forth the Fruit.

The Field now is the Natural Image of God springing up out of the Principle of Light in the Creature, and clothing that with itself; as a Field doth the Earth. This Field in its Flourishing State was the Garden of Eden, or Paradise, which Paradise, though outwardly, and in the letter, it was a real Garden yet was it also, and principally Inward, and in the Spirit, the Natural Image of God shining forth with a peculiar Glory upon the Beauty of the Creature.

It is very observable, that Adam, when he fell, was cast out of the Garden, out of Paradise only: Gen. 3. 23. Therefore the Lord Godsent him forth from the Garden of Eden. But Cain, when he had killed his Brother, was cast off from the Face of the Earth. For so he complains, Gen. 4. 14. Behold I am driven away from the Face of the Earth, and from thy Face shall I be hid.

There is the Earth, the Face of the Earth, the Field, which is the Natural Image of God; the Garden, which is the Glory of the Field, the Face of God

in this Image.

Man fallen from God in Adam is banished out of the Garden. He hath lost the pleasant, and glorious Appearances of God in him, by the Natural Image. Yet he hath the Field lest in him still, the Natural Image itself: which though it be beset, over-grown, shut up with Bryers, and Thorns from the Earth, corruptions, cares, miseries from the Image of the Creature; yet it assorbs us some low, weak Strength, and Sweetness for man to feed upon. So you shall read, Gen. 3. 18. Bryars, and Thorns shall it bring forth to thee, (that is, the Ground) and thou shalt eat the Herb of the Field. Though thou, O man sees no more the Trees of the Garden, the high Appearances of God in the Glory of his Image; yet thou shalt have the Herb of the Field still less thee.

Man, like-Cain falling into the depth of Sin, murthering in Abel, the Image of God remaining in him, hath a Darkness brought upon him, which takes away from him, all the Discoveries of God, with every thing of the Beauty, and Sweetness of his Image. He also hath withdrawn from him all the Comfort, Chearfulness, Vigour, and Life of the Light-Principle in the Creature.

Though

Though that Light-Principle remains still in him, yet he is restless in it, and as a Stranger to it, rejected by it. Thus he is driven from the Face of the Earth, he is hid from the Face of God, he is a Vagabond in the Earth.

We see now, what the Field is.

2. The Treasure. This is the Second Thing in the Parable, the Treasure hid in the Field. This is Fesus Christ, Eph. 3. 8. Paul saith of himself, that he was to make known among the Gentiles, the Unsearchable Riches of Christ. Jesus Christ is the Treasure of Unsearchable Riches.

The Lord is the Seed, in which all the Vertue, or Powers of God, or the Creature lie wrapt up. He is the Root, which bears the variety of all Divine,

and Humane Excellencies.

Coloss. 1. 29. It pleased the Father, that all Fulness should dwell in him: namely, in Jesus Christ, as in its Principle.

Coloss. 2. 9. All the Fulness of the God-Head dwelleth in him Bodily : that

is, fully, flourishingly, that forth into all its distinct Branches, and Fruits.

This Fefus the Treasure of Heaven lies hid in the Natural Image of God in Man, as the Seed lies hid in the Field, or as the Plant lies hid in its Seed, or as the New Creation lies hid in the First Creation. So St. Paul tells us, the Mystery of the Gospel was hid from the Beginning of the World, Ephes. 3. 9.

Jesus Christ is called the Seed of the Woman in this sense. As Fesus Christ is to God, his Image, in which he beholds himself: So the Woman was to be to the Man, who was made in the Image of God. She was to be, as that Image of God, drawn forth from Man, set continually before the Man, that he might bring forth Children in that Image.

Gen. 2. 23. It is said : Adam called her name Woman, because she was taken out of Man. Woman in Hebrew is Ishab, Which is the Name of God, and the Name of Man, joyned in one, to fignify, that the Woman was as the Image

of God in Nature, sprung forth from Man, and united to him.

Jesus Christ is the Seed of this Woman, the Natural Image of God in the

Creature. This is the Treasure in this Field, as in a Womb.

3. Concealment. The Third Thing is the Concealment of this Treasure. There is a great deal of difference between the State of Innocency in Nature; and the State of Grace in Christ. The First Adam had only the Natural Image of God appearing and flourishing in him. But a Saint under the Gospel hath the Lord Jefus revealed in him, who is the Super-natural, and Heavenly Image, which lay undiscovered in the Perfection of Nature, and did not as yet put forth itself thorow that Inferiour Appearance of God in the first Creation.

The Scripture tells us of Two Paradises: an Earthly, and a Heavenly Para-

dife.

The Glory of Nature before the Fall, was but an Earthly Paradife, Gen. 2. 9. God planted a Garden Eastward in Eden. And out of the Ground the Lord God made to grow every Plant, that was pleasant, &c. Here you have a Paradife made to grow up out of the Earth. The The Glory of the Gospel in Christ, to which a Saint is to be advanced is a Heavenly Paradise, 2 Cor. 12. 2. I knew a man, saith St. Paul, caught up into the Third Heavens. v. 4. caught up into Paradise. Here you have a Para-

dise in, or above the Third Heavens.

We read, that the most Holy place was not yet opened while the First Tabernacle stood: Heb. 9.8. The way into the most Holy place was not yet made manifest, while the First Tabernacle was standing. So the Heavenly Paradise was not discovered, while the Earthly Paradise flourished in the Creature, but there was a vail between them. Jesus Christ lay hid in the Image of the Earthly man.

Thus the Treasure was bid in the Field, before the Fall of Man.

But by the Fall, the Field itself was lost. The Natural Image of God withdrew, and disappeared in all the Glory of it, when man sinned. So far, as it remained; it remains captived, imprisoned by the Devil, under Darkness, Lusts, monstrous Images, Rom. 1. 23. Sinful men are said to change the Glory of the incorruptible God (in the Natural Image) into the Image of a Corruptible Man, of four-footed Beasts, &c. The Fall of Man brought in this Corruptible Image in which Man, and all the Creatures now are, which detains the Image of God, as a Prisoner in itself.

Thus now the Treasure is doubly hid, in the Field, and in the Bryars, which

over-grow, and hide the Field itself.

4. Discovery: Which, when a man finds, faith Christ.

When Jesus Christ was to come in the Flesh, he sent John Baptist to prepare his way. This Preparation was to be made by a restoring of the Divine Image in Nature, which is the First Restitution of all things, that was to be made by Eliab; and this Eliah was John the Baptist. He was also to point out Jesus Christ; to shew how he was figured out in that First Image, and now ready to break forth thorow this Image.

So, when the Season comes in the Soul, Jesus Christ, the Eternal Image puts up the Natural Image of God in the Soul; and puts forth himself thorow it: as the Seed of Corn first comes up in the tender Blade, like a low Herb, an ordi-

nary Grass before it comes forth into the shape of Corn.

So the Redemption, and the Discovery begins in the Soul, which makes way

for the Foy of the Kingdom of God.

5. The Purchase. He hides it, and goes with joy. and sells all that he hath, and buys this Field. Here the Purchase of the Field for the Treasures sake is ex-

prest. About this the Soul goes with Joy.

But what means this Second Concealment? This Hiding of the Treasure again, after that it is once found? This Hiding of it is, the laying it up in a Mans Heart: The hiding of it in a Mans inward Spirit; and the hiding of a mans self in it, according to his Inward Spirit. A man now draws this Treasure of Glory out of that Fleshly Darkness, under which it lay, into his inward I rinciple; and withdraws his inward Principle out of the Flesh, and the Lusts of it into this Treasure.

Then a Man for the love of this Treasure, and in the Strength of it, sells all that he hath, casts away his Corruptions, the Creatures, his own Being, as they are his own, as he hath them in himself, that he may have his own Being, and all the Creatures, in the Natural Image of God; and that Image, in Jesus Christ: And this the Soul doth with Joy. For this is that Enlargement, that Liberty, which is the Kingdom of God, and the Foy thereof in the Soul.

Now the First Image of God is brought out of its Prison; now Jesus Christ is brought out of his hidden, streightned State to Freedom in the Soul. Now those Discoveries of God, which lay shut up in Jesus Christ, as in a Seed, thrust forth themselves into Liberty in the Spirit of Man. The Spirit of a man is brought forth from the darkness, narrowness of Lusts, and the Flesh, into the Liberty of these divine Appearances, into the Spirit of the Lord Jesus, where the Spirit of man is in a Depth, Height, Breadth, Length, without any Limit, or Confinement. This Liberty is the Divine for of the Spirit.

I will conclude this Particular with that place of Scripture, Psal. 96. 12. Let the Field be joyful, and all that is therein: then shall all the Trees of the

Wood Rejoyce.

This Pfalm is a Irophely of the State, and times of the Gospel, as appears by the First Verse, which calls this Psalm a New Song. This is the Name, by which the Gospel is frequently expressed in Scripture. The Sense then of this

Psalm is chiefly Spiritual.

In the Verse before this Twelsth Verse we read thus. v. 11. Let the Heavens rejoyce, and let the Earth be glad, let the Sea roar with the fulness thereof. The Natural Image of God, as it is above the Creature, and the Head of the Creature, is the Heavens: The Earth, the Light-part: the Sea, the Dark part; which both make One Creature, as Earth, and Sea make One Globe. Then sollows. v. 12. Let the Field rejoyce. The Field is the Image of God, as it grows up out of the Creature, and is the Life of that.

While a man is in a Sinful State, the Field languisheth; the Vertues, and Excellencies of God are withdrawn, and hid in it. But when a man is New born, then this Field rejoyceth, and breaks forth into Singing. The Discoveries of God grow up high, full, and thick, as Trees of the Wood, and Sing together in the Soul; which is now at Liberty, and in Foy, in the midst of them; as in

her Paradise restored.

Application.

Use. 1. Information. That which hath been spoken on this Particular instructs us in Three Things of very great Concernment.

1. Instr. What Man is. 2. Instr. What a Sinner. 3. Instr. What

a Saint.

1. Instr. What Man is. That, which makes a Man, is the Natural Image of God. First is, that which is Natural, then that which is Spiritual, 1 Corin. 15. 46.

Three

Three Things go to make up the Being of a Man. To be a Man is,

1. To be the Image of another. 2. To be the Image of God. 3. To

be the Image only, and no more.

1. To be a Man, is to be the Image of another. Gen. 1. 26. God made Man in an Image, in a Likeness. He that is a Man is to have no Principle, Form, Activity, Appearance of his own. But in all he is to answer the Principle, Forms, Actings, Appearances of another, in that manner, of which Solomon speaks, Prov. 27. 19. As in the Water, Face answers Face: so is the Heart of Man. Man in this Creation is the Face in the Water, which answers to another Face above the Water.

All Creatures are Representations. Man, the chief Creature is the chief Representation. The Philosopher called Man, Low munitary a Creature made for

Imitation; to hold forth something before, and above himself.

St. Paul calls the First Adam a Figure or Type: Rom. 5. 14. St. Paul in one place tells the Corinthians, that he transferred things to himself, and to Apollos, as in a Type, or Figure, for their fakes. Man is to possess his Being, and all things, that appertain to it, as in a Figure, as a Type of some higher thing.

With what Humility, and Peace? In what Silence, and Satisfaction would Man live, if he did but know himself; that he walkt in a Figure; that his whole Being, and Life is altogether a Figure of something above him, some-

thing to come, which is to be revealed in him?

What would become of all our Pride, Plots, Passions; if we knew; that Man is as the Reflection of the Light of the Sun from a Glass upon a wall. That reflection, that Light upon the wall danceth, and trembleth, as the Glass moveth, from which it is cast? The Sun is God: the Light Fesus Christ: the Glass, the Angelical Nature: the Reflection, or Light on the Wall, the Earthly Man.

This is the First Thing in the Being of a Man.

2. To be a Man, is to be the Image of God, Gen. 1. 26. God made man in his own Image, and Likeness, Rom. 5. 14. The First Man was the Figure

of him, who was to come: that is, of Jesus Christ.

Man is the Supream, and Universal Image of God in the First Creation; as Jesus Christ is in the Second, Eccles. 6. 10. That which bath been, it is named already, that it is man: and he may not contend with him, who is mightier than he. Man is all in this First Creation which is that, which hath been already, and is now faded, passing away, but this Man must yield to Jesus Christ, who is coming, and bringing with him a New Creation.

So far thou art a Man, as thou comprehendest, sustainest, subduest, possessed enjoyest all Images of things among the Creatures, in thy self, as the Universal

Image; and thy felf, as an Image, in the Appearance of God.

He indeed is a Man, and lives, as the Image of God, who lives at a Height above the Creatures, in himself; and at a Height above himself, in God.

That.

That, by which we see a Building, a Wood, a large Prospect, or the Body of Heaven, is a very little thing, and lies in a little compass in the Apple of the Eye, as one with it. But it shews not the Eye, to the Eye; nor itself to the Eye; but only those things, which it represents. Man is the great Representative of God. He ceasest to be a Man, so far, as he sees any thing, besides himself, in the Creatures; and any thing besides God, in himself.

As God in Divine things: so Man, as the Image of God in Natural things, is to be All in All. This is the Natural Righteousness, and Perfection of Man,

thus to stand in the Image of God.

This is the Second Thing.

3. To be a Man, is to be the Image only, and no more. David saith, Pfal. 39.
6. Man walks in a wain show: an empty Image. And least you should think, that this is spoken of Man only since his Fall: when man was first made in a State of Perfection, Gen. 1. 26. it is said, that God made man in his own Image, and Likeness: the very same word is used there by Moses, which is used here by David: TSELEM. The Word signifies a Dying Shadow.

Man is only a Shadow of God without the Substance: a Shadowy Image, not a Substantial one: an Image, which subsits by the Substance, and hath the

Likeness of it: but possesseth not the Substance with the Life in itself.

The Difference between Man, as he was created at first, and the Lord Jesus, is expressed by St. Paul, I Corin. 15. 49. As we have born the Image of the Earthly, so shall we bear the Image of the Heavenly also. Man is an Earthly Image: Jesus Christ is the Heavenly Image of God.

Earth is an Image of Heaven in a baser Substance, or Kind. Man is an Image of God in a Principle of Darkness, which hides, and vails the Substance. Jesus Christ is a Perfect Image, which holds forth the Substance clearly, and is

One with it.

Thus Man at his best Estate is altogether Vanity, as David speaks.

So we have seen, what Man is: by which we see, from whence we are fallen: How little of Man there is left in Man. When Man was perfect, Humility, Submission, Obedience was the Perfection of man, as being an Image only. What little reason then hath empty, wretched man now for Pride, Vainglory, Considence, Self-love?

I have done with the First Instruction.

2. Instr. What a Sinner is. A Sinner un-mans himself. He puts himself out of the Image of God into some low, inseriour Image of a Creature. God complains of sinful men, Psal. 4. 2. How long will ye turn my Glory into Shame? Man is the Glory of God, Saith St. Paul; that is, the Image of God. Man by by Sin exchangeth this Glorious Image for some base Image among the Creatures, which becomes an Idol, and a Reproach, when it is not held in the Image of God, as in its Head. Thus Man turns the Glory of God into Shame.

O! That we did understand, how Glorious an Image Man is by his Crea-

Q 2

tion;

tion; what a change Sin hath made in him! We should then hate Sin to purpose, and tremble at every Act of it.

A Sinner is. \ 2. The Ape of a Man, and not a Man.

A Sinner is. \{ 2. A Monster.

3. A Devil.

1. A Sinner is the Ape of a Man, and not a Man: He is a Beast in the Likeness of a Man: or the Image of Man shut up, and imprisoned in a Bru-

tish Principle, and Image.

Pfal. 49. 12. Man being in Honour continueth not, but becomes like the Beaft. that perisheth. By each act of Lust, Passion, any inordinate Inclination toward any Created Appearance, thou un-clothest thy self of the Image of God, which is thine Honour, and clothest thy self with a Particular Image, which, if it be without Life, is a Stock, or a Stone, if it have Life is a Beast. So, whil'st thou livest in it, thou art but the Ape of a Man, and a true Beast; putting on contempt, fcorn, and Death; instead of Honour, and Immortality.

A Sinner is a Monster. When thou sinnest, thou confoundest the Excellent Image in thee with a base Image, so thou makest thy self a Monster.

Gen. 6. 2. The Sons of God faw the Daughters of men, and took Wives of them. Then at the fourth v. we read; that there were Gyants upon the Earth in those days. Give me leave to make an Allegory, or an Allusion of this Story, which you please.

The Divine Image is the Man, the Son of God: All the Inferiour Images of the Creatures descend from this, depend on this, are the Secon-

dary, and weaker Births of it. So they are the Daughters of Men.

While the Image of God in Man holds the lower Images of things in a Subjection, and subordination to itself, as Daughters to their Father: all things

then are in their Order, and Beauty.

But when the Son of God, the Supream Image, which is Man, looks down, and dotes upon the Inferiour Images the Daughters of Men; when it marries, and mingles itself with them, then confusion comes in : then this Beautiful-Image, Man, becomes a Monster, and brings forth Monsters.

Now Gyants are born: Man comes forth in a greatness, and force resembling the Image of God in Man, but is in the true Form, and Principle of a Beaft. The Divine Image is fallen, imprisoned, dead in the midst of all this Greatness.

Thus of a truth Sin is the highest Incest, the most unnatural confusion, the

true Engendring of Monsters.

3. A Sinner makes himself a Devil. A man by Sin withdraws the Creature from the Image of God: sets it up in its own Principle, and Image: so

maintains it in the place of, and against the Image of God.

Rom. 1. 25. St. Paul sets forth the Nature of Sin after this manner . who changed the Truth of God into a Lie, serving the Creature more than the Creator, subois bleffed for ever. See here the nature of the Devil discovered in a Sinner.

When

When thou fatherest any Sin, thou by that Act makest thy self the Father

of Idolatry, Lies, and Murther.

1. Thou makest thy self by Sin the Father of Idolatries: Thou settest up the Creature above the Creator, and servest that, more than thou dost him; Sacrificing thy Heart, thy Love, and thy Life to it.

2. Thou makest thy self by Sin the Father of Lies: thou settest up the Creature; as if it were something of, and in itself; when as it is meerly no-

thing, fave as it is in the Image of God.

3. Thou makest thy self by Sin the Father of Murthers: Thou killest, and destroyest the Image of God; which is the First Murther, and the Fountain of all Murthers. Thou changest the Truth of God into a Lie. Thou makest away that Image of God, which is the Truth, and Life of all the Creatures; by setting up instead of it those things, which as they are in themselves, without that Image, are not only Vanity, but a Lie too.

He knows very little of the Nature of Man, of the Creature, of God; who knows not Sin to be the most ridiculous Apistiness, that he may despise it: the most horrid Monstrousness, that he may bate it: the highest Devilishness, that

he may tremble at it, and fly from it.

So much for the Second Instruction, which shews us, what a Sinner is.

3. Instr. What a Saint is. Then a Man begins to be a Saint, when the Natural Image of God begins to be restored in him with advantage; with the advantage of the Super-natural Image bringing it forth again from itself, and itself in it, together with it.

The Kingdom of God brings forth itself, and the Kingdom of Nature a Second time in itself. Behold, I make all things new, Saith Jesus Christ, when he

appears in the Soul.

The Second Adam revives, and restores the First Adam, in us; but as in its own Spirit, and Bosom; that so the Earthly Man may become Heavenly, and Immortal.

I will conclude this use with Consolation to Two Sorts of Mourners, Gods Mourners.

1. Confolation. You who have loft the Innocency of your Natures in Sin, and Guilt; be you comforted in the knowledge of this: The Righteousness of God, the Eternal Image of Glory shall break forth in your Souls, and bring forth the First Image of Beauty, your Natural Innocency again upon you; with an Increase of Glory.

It is the Lord that justifies, who shall condemn: Saith St. Paul, Rom. 8. 34. Who, or what Guilt shall condemn thee, or be able to sink for ever the Innocency, and Beauty of thy Nature; though it now have lain long buried under thy Lusts? The Lord, the Lord himself shall come, and this Beauty of

thine shall come with him, and thou shall see it again with Joy.

2. Consolation. You, who have lost the Chearfulness of your Spirits, and

the sweet Picasantness of your Natural tempers in Melancholy, and Terrours, comfort your selves in the knowledge of this. The Spring of Joys, the Eternal Spirit, the Spirit of our Lord Jesus shall open itself within you; and shall send forth from itself the ancient streams of your first Peace, and joys; of your natural chearfulness. Your natural Spirits shall once more dance, and sing together in this Spirit.

All your Springs are in this Heavenly Image: the Springs of your first Innocency, Beauty, Peace, Pleasantness. All shall open themselves again upon you from the Bosom of this Image, at the Appearance of it, never to be shut more, And this Heavenly Image shall certainly appear in you. Only do you wait

with Hope, and Patience for the appointed Season.

Do notmourn at the Death of any natural Beauty, or Content, as without Hope ever to see it again; the Hour comes apace, and perhaps now is, in which thy dead Innocency, and Joys shall hear the Voice of the Son of Man, Jesus

Christ in thee, and live again by him.

Do not doubt, but believe. The Earth shall hear the Heaven. The Earthly Image of Life, Paradise, and Heaven in thee shall be awakened again in thy Spirit by the manifestation of thy Saviour in thee. Thine Eyes shall see thy Redeemer; and he shall stand the last upon the Earth. Thine Eyes shall certainly see Jesus Christ, when he shall redeem the Earthly Man in thee with all its Excellency, and Sweetness from these Powers of Sin, Fear, Death, and Hell, which have carried it captive. And thou shalt see this Jesus the Heaven of God, the Heavenly Image, last of all standing, and appearing in thy Earth, thy

Earthly Man, thy first Image.

Be of good chear, faint not. Death shall not prevent this Blessedness. Thou shalt live, when God shall do all this; thine Eyes shall behold it, and thou shalt taste of it, and feed upon it. For God hath undertaken it, and he will bring it to pass. Behold I make all things new; saith He, who is the first, and the last. Believe, and wait: for these words are True, and Holy. Revel. 21.5, 6. And he that sate upon the Torene said: Behold I will make all things new. And he said, Write, (write upon your Hearts this Sentence, behold, I the Lord make all things new.) For these words are True, and Holy. And he said unto me; it is dene: (This is the Finishing of all things, the ending of the Mystery) I am Alpha, and Omega, the Beginning, and the End: I will give unto him, that is a thirst, of the Fountain of the Water of Life Freely, that is, without any thing of Suitableness to it, or Satisfaction for it, without any Condition, or Confinement.

2. Part: The Activity of the Soul in God. This is the Third, and last Part

of Dirine Joy.

The Plalmist expresses by Shouting, and Singing: Psal 65. 13. The Passures are clothed with Flocks; (the Appearances of God are Green, and Flourishing, they bring forth, maintain, and put forth themselves into nume-

rous Flocks of Saints:) the Valleys also are covered with Corn; (The lowest State of things in the Flesh, and the Natural Man are cloathed with Jesus Christ, and grow up into him, who is the Bread, and Beauty of Eternal life.) they Shout for foy, they also Sing. This is Spiritual Musick, the working of Spiritual Musick, the wor

tual foy, to Shout, and to Sing.

We read of a Two-fold Song, which Spiritual Persons sing, Revel. 15. 3. They Sing the Song of Moses, and of the Lamb. The Song of Moses is the Law; the Song of the Lamb, the Gospel. When the Children of Israel had passed thorow the Red Sea, and saw their Enemies lie dead on the Shore: then they Sung the Song of Moses, who drew them out of those Waters, according to the Signification of his Name.

When the Soul hath escaped out of the Sea of Blood mingled with Fire, which is the Dissolution of her Natural Principles in Troubles, and Terrours by the Baptism of the Spirit; when shee sees her Spiritual Enemies slain on the Dry Land of Christs Spiritual Appearance: then she Sings the Song of the Lamb, who was dead, but is alive, and lives for ever; the Song of Peace.

Singing naturally, with the outward voice, is the highest, and fullest Activity of the Natural Spirits. So Singing Spiritually, and with the Inward Man

is the highest Activity of the Spirit in our Spiritual Part.

This Spiritual Musick, or Singing, which is the working of the Wine of Spiritual Joy in the Soul, consists of Three Things.

. The Heightning of the Soul towards God.

2. The Tuning of the Soul to God.

3. The Exercise, or Entertainment of the Soul upon God, and with God.

I. The Heightning of the Soul towards God. This is one Piece of that Acti-

vity of Spiritual Foy, which is the true Musick of the Soul.

In that place cited before, Psal. 65. 13. Singing, and Shouting are put together, I Thessal. 4. 16. The Lord Jesus is said to descend from Heaven with a Shout. This Shout is the Awakening, and the Elevation of the Soul, or Body towards the highest State of things, by the Powerful breakings forth of the Glory of God upon them.

Pfal. 57. 7. David had said: I will Sing, and give Praise. Then he calls upon himself, v. 8. Awake up my Glory, awake my Psaltery, and Harp: I

my (elf will awake right early.

Some say, Davids Glory was his Tongue: but then sure it was such a Tongue of Fire, as sat upon the Heads of the Apostles, a Tongue of Spiritual Manifestations, and Heavenly Glory, like a Flame, enlightning, and heating both at once.

Man is the Glory of God; saith St. Paul, I Corin. 11. 7. The Spiritual Man is the true, and Spiritual Glory of God. The Natural Man is but a Shadowy Glory.

David calls upon his Glory to awake; as distinct from himself; and then he saith: I shall awake; like that of St. Paul, Galat. 2. 20. Ilive not, but Christ

in me: there is the Glory awakening itself: and the Life, that I live, is by the

Faith of the Son of God: there is himself awakened in that Glory.

Then the Soul sings, when the Life of Jesus Christ, which is her Glory, awakens itself in her, and awakens her together with itself, into the Light of God, to a Contemplation of, and fixing upon his Beauties. Now the Soul is above her ordinary Pitch, as Waking is above Sleeping. Now she sits above herself, upon the top of her Spiritual Principles, as a Bird upon the Top-branch of a Tree, Singing in the Sun-shine, the highest Light of Divine Discoveries.

This is the First thing in this Activity, or Spiritual Musick.

2. The Tuning of the Soul to God. In that fore-mentioned Psalm, Psal. 57. David speaks of awakening three distinct Lives: His Glory: His Psaltery, and Harp: Himself. The Glory is fesus Christ in the Soul. Self is the Soul. The Psaltery and Harp those Heavenly Principles, and Powers, which as Ministring Spirits, go forth from Jesus Christ into the Soul, suiting, sitting, and tuning the Soul to her Saviour.

Revel. 15. 2. St. John saw the Saints, that had gotten the victory over the Beast, stand upon a Sea of Glass mingled with Fire, and the Harps of God in their

hands. Then in the next verse they Sing.

The Sea is this Creation, especially the Invisible, the Angelical Part of it. In this State it is a dark, troubled, foaming Sea. But in the Kingdom of Christ it shall be a Sea of Glass, a Chrystalline Sea, clear, calm, fresh taking in, and holding forth the Lord Jesus, the Image, and Face of God, as a Glass, as a pleasant Stream. The Fire, with which it shall be mingled, shall be the Spirit of God, and of Glory resting upon the Creature.

The Saints standing upon this Sea, shall have the Harps of God in their hands. Angels are the Trumpets of God. This State of the Saints, which is here described, is their Angelical State, when they shall be like the Angels. These Harps of God then are Angelical Tempers, and Principles, which Jesus Christ brings forth, and puts into the Soul, as Harps into their Hands, by which they are tu-

ned, and fitted, made ready for Him, to fing to Him.

Thus the Soul is tuned to God, being put into a Spiritual, and Heavenly Temper, like an Angel beholding the Face of God, and in a readiness to Sing forth, to Sing aloud his Glory.

Colofs. 3. 16. St. Paul speaks of Spiritual Songs, which they were to Sing with Grace in their Hearts. This is that, which David calls his Harp. This is the Harp of God in the hands of the Saints, the Grace of God in their Hearts.

This is the Tuning of the Soul to Christ, the Receiving of Grace for Grace from Christ, the winding up of Grace in the Heart to a pitch of Conformity, and Communion with Jesus Christ, like the Tuning of two voices, or Instruments one to another; that so Christ and the Soul may make Musick each to other, and have their foy fulfilled in one another.

So much for the Second Thing.

3. The Exercise, and Entertainment of the Soul upon God, and with God. This is the Third thing in the Souls Singing for Foy.

David faith in one place: I will Sing of thy Righteousness: and in another:

I will Sing of thy Power.

The Spiritual Joy, and Musick of a Saint is to fly abroad among the Excellencies of the Divine Nature: to enlarge, and act his Spirit to the Height upon the Beauties, and Brightnesses in the Face of God; the Uprightness, Truth, Persection in the Heart of God; the Freedom, Fulness, Fruitfulness, Infiniteness, in the Spirit, and Life of God.

David hath often expressions to this purpose: Invill Sing to thee: I will Sing to the Lord. So St. Paul speaks: Making melody to God. The Holy Soul Sings

of God, to God.

Spiritual foy is the Free letting forth of the Spirit with God, concerning God. It is often the Work, and Delight of a Holy Soul to open her mouth wide, to take in to the utmost, the contemplation of God, the communications of his Greatness, Fulness, Sweetness, Glory: and then, when she is fullest, to pour forth herself again into the Ear, and Bosom of her God.

You may see this in the Psalmist, Psalm 45. 1. My Heart is endising a good matter. I speak of the things touching the King. My Tongue is as the pen of

a ready writer.

The Heart was here full. A Spring of Heavenly Sweetness had opened itself in it. It bubled, and boyled up apace. It enlarged itself into a Flood of matter. But all was touching the King, the Beauty, the Glory, the Graciousness, the Pleasantness, the Love, the Power of Jesus Christ. And the Heart full of this Blessed matter, empties itself again as fully upon Jesus Christ. My Tengue is as the Pen of a ready Writer.

I have now shewn you the Third Part of Spiritual Foy, which is the Acti-

vity of the Soul in God.

U.e. I. For Instruction. Spiritual Joy is no Secure, Slothful, Carnal thing

1. Spiritual foy is no Secure thing. It hath the least, and the greatest Security in it. It suffers a man to be least of all secure in himself, or in any Creature: that he may be most secure in God

ture; that he may be most secure in God.

True Foy confiss in the Heightning of the Soul towards God. The Soul, that is acquainted with this Joy, hath a Fear, and Trembling upon her, while she is among the Creatures, though she be in the Fulness of them. She can rest nowhere, till she get up above them all, and come to God.

God makes a Gracious Promise to a good Man, Isal. 91. 14. I will see him on high, because he hath known my name. The word signifies the setting of a man in a Strong Castle situate on a High Rock. The God-Head is the Rock, the Messah, or the Humanity of Jesus Christ, is the Castle upon this Rock.

A Holy Soul is in Safety, and may be in very great Security; but not in her felf, nor in the World. Her Safety, and Security lies in being carried upward.

R

and set on high, in being encompassed with Jesus Christ, and God, as with a

Tower of Defence.

The Soul both her high Rock, and her Strong Castle of Spiritual Joy, and Triumph; not in the knowledge of any thing here below, not in any Earthly acquaintance; but in the knowledge of God. I will set him on High, because be bath known me.

If we be in the Light, as God is Light; then is our Joy full; and the confolations of the Lord Jesus cleanse our Hearts from all Clouds of Griefs,

and Fears.

This is the First Instruction.

2. Spiritual foy is no Sluggish Thing. It is the Enlargement, and Activity of the Soul.

I went by the Field of the Sluggard, faith Solomon, and I faw it over-grown with Thorns. Thy Spirit is thy Field. If thou be not plowing it up with the Cross of Christ; and fowing it with the Seeds of Grace, Glory, and Immortality by the Life of Christ; and waiting for, and gathering, and feeding upon the Appearances of these in thee; thou art this Sluggard, and canst expect nothing but Thorns.

That Soul which is not Spiritually active in Christ, will be miserably passive

in Cares, and Confusions,

Divine Joy is the Highest, and most Harmonious Activity of the Soul upon the highest Excellencies of the Best, and most Blesseu Object, which is Jesus Christ.

While the Husband-man fleepeth, Tares are Sown. If Jesus Christ be asleep in the Ship, the Winds toss it, and the Waves fill it. A sleepy, or sluggish temper of Spirit breeds Fears, Cares, and all Sorts of Troubles.

Awaken the Lord Jesus in thy Spirit, and be thy self awake in his Spirit, if

thou wouldst have Peace, and Joy.

3. Spiritual Joy is no Carnal, or Fleshly Thing. This is the Third Instruction. The Joy of the Spirit is the Exercise, and Entertainment of the Soul on God.

Mark the Temper, and Spirit of St. John, 1 John 1. 3. That, which we have seen, and heard, declare we unto you, that ye also may have Fellowship with us; and truly our Fellowship is with the Father, and with the Son Jesus Christ. v. 4. And these things write we unto you, that your Joy may be full. v. 5. This then is the Message, which we have heard of him, and declare unto you, that God is Light, and in him there is no Darkness at all.

Spiritual for springs from seeing Spiritual Objects, and hearing Spiritual Mysteries The Eye is not satisfied with seeing, nor the Ear with hearing: Saith Solomen, Eccl. 1. 8. The Natural Eye, and Ear can convey no Satisfaction to us. For they are but a Dream. The Sight, and hearing of the Things of the

Life can give no Satisfaction; for they are but a Shadow.

A Full Joy, Joy, and fulness both together come by a Spiritual way of seeing, and hearing the Things of Eternal Life.
You

You may have a flight, empty, vanishing Joy by Fellowship with the Pleafures, and Glories of the Flesh.

But if you will have a full, and folid Joy, which may endure for ever, your

Fellow hip must be with the Father, and the Son Fesus Christ.

Bring before your Spirits the Excellencies, and Delights of the whole World. Let all the Creatures fend into your Souls from the best Hand, Messages of their Loveliness and Loves. You for all this can have no true Joy, no compleat Joy in any of these things. For all the Creatures have in their highest Sweetnesses, and Glories a Darkness, which will beget Doubts, Fears, and Distractions in you.

Would you have Joy? Seek it in the Declaration and Discovery of God, who is Light, and hath no Darkness in him. Seek it in the Contemplations of God

by his own Light.

So long thou shalt have Peace, and Joy, as thou turnest away thy Spirit from the Lying Vanities of the Creature; and takest in, and livest upon Messages of

God, which are brought in upon thee by God himself.

Behold the Face of God, and thy Heart shall live in Pleasures. For in his Face is the Fulness of Joy, with all manner of Pleasantnesses, without any uncomfortable Dash, or Mixture of Darkness. But, while thine Eye looks upon the Sparklings, or Appearances of any Creature, thine Heart shall never be without the biting of the Serpent.

So much for the First Use.

Use 2. Exhortation. Press forward toward the High Calling of this

Royal, and Foyful State in Religion.

Your Fears, Doubts, and Servile Tempers in your Religion arise from a want of Growth. Forget that, which you have already attained, and follow hard after Jesus Christ. There is before you a State of Peace, Pleasure, and Persection in a kind.

Travel on thorow this vale of Tears, in which you now are, from Strength to Strength; till you come to see the God of Gods, on Mount Sien, in this State of Royalty, and Joy.

But you may now ask me Two Questions.

Quest. 1. Whether is this Royal and Joyful State of Holiness attainable in this Life? May we enter into the Kingdom of Heaven, before we go out of this Body? Doth not St. Paul say; that Ilesh, and Blood cannot inherit the Kingdom of Heaven? I Corin. 15. 50.

My Answer to this Question is Fear-fold.

1. Answ. So far, as we are risen with Christ, while we are on Earth; So far we are entred into the Kingdom of Heaven, before we are out of the Body.

St. Paul speaks to the Colossians, as being Risen with Jesus Christ, Col. 3. 1. If ye then be Risen with Christ, seek those things, which are above, where Christ sitteth on the Right Hand of God.

2. Anjw. We may in this Life attain to a State of Royalty, and Joy Com-

paratively. We may come to that Degree of Liberty, Power, Peace, and Pleasure in Holines; which may be a Resurrection into the Kingdom of God, and Heaven, compared with lower Degrees of Grace, thorow which we pass.

St. Paul speaks to the Galatians: But now after that ye have known God, or rather are known of God, how turn ye again to the weak, and beggerly Elements, whereunto ye desire again to be in Bondage? Galat. 4. 9. Here you have described a Two fold State of Grace on Earth. The First is in these words: After that ye have known God, or rather are known of God. This knowledge of God is in the Spirit, and Truth. There the Apostle expressed it rather, by a being known of God; or, as some interpret it, a being made to know by God. The sense is the same, which is this: The coming in of God after a Spiritual manner, and making himself in the Spirit One with our Spirits; so that God in the Power of his Spirit is the Frinciple by which we know: and God in the Appearance of his Spirit is the Object which we know.

Now we know God, not an Earthly Figure only of God. Now we are known of God. For we are taken up into the Light, and Spirit of God. Now we are made to know by God. For it is God, who both knows, and is known in us. It

is the Light, and Spirit of God, in, and by which we know.

The Second State described is in these words: How turn ye again to weak, and beggerly Elements? The Principles of this Creation are these Elements, which are weak, because they cannot hold forth God to us, but in a very uncertain way, full of Fear, and Doubt. They are Beggerly, because they can convey to us very little of the Riches, Fulness, Greatness, Grace, Glory of God.

When we first come to the knowledge of God, for the most part we know him after this manner, by the Rudiments of the Flesh, the Elements of this World. And so long we are in Bondage, carried on by Fear, and Hope, in a Servile way: seeing very little Glory, enjoying very little Freedom in our Religion.

You that are in this Condition, whose Fears are your Food, whose Tears are your Drink, by Day and Night: Up, and be travelling forward thorow this Shadowy Vale, you may come to such a State of Holiness even here in this Life, as will be a Heaven compared with this Wilderness, in which now you wander. When you shall attain to a Spiritual understanding of Things, you will think your selves come forth from a Prison-house, is which before, like Samson, you were made to Grind, with your Eyes out; into a Palace, where you sat, and reign like Kings, in a Divine Light, Liberty, and Joy.

Thus we may, while we live here, attain to a State of Royalty Comparatively, in respect to the former State of our Spirits, in an Inferiour Degree of

Holiness.

3. Answ. We may enjoy the Kingdom of Heaven on Earth in the First-

fruits of it.

Rom. 8. 23. St. Paul saith in the name of those Saints, that were as he was: Not only they, (that is, the Creature) but we also, who have the First fruits

fruits of the Spirit, even we our selves, groan in our selves, waiting for the Adoption, that is, the Redemption of our Bodies.

The First-fruits of the Spirit is the Kingdom of God in the First-fruits. For the Kingdom of God is in the Holy Ghost. And where the Spirit of the Lord is,

there is Liberty.

These First-fraits are not from that Life, which the Soul hath in the Body. For in that Life she greans for the Adoption. But they are from that Life, which she hath above the Body in her Spirit, of which she hath some Glympses, Reflections, and Fore-tasts, as she is in the Body. And these are her First-fruits.

'The Body is, as yet, Un-redeemed from a Double Darkness, that of the Flesh, and that of the Devil. The Soul, as she lives in the Body, hath her Communion with God in the Elements of One, in the Enmity of the Other; as kept

under by a kard Master, and opposed by a cruel Enemy both at once.

4. Answ. We may on Earth enter into the Kingdom of Heaven, and the

Foy of our Lord, by Faith.

2. Corin. 5. 6, 7. We are alwaies Confident, knowing, that, while we are at home in the Body, we are absent from the Lord. For we walk not by Sight, but by Faith.

St. Paul plainly fignifies; that our Presence in the Body necessarily imports, and carries along with it an Absence from the Lord Jesus. But this is in respect

to the Presence of Vision, and Sight; not of Faith.

While we are in the Body, we may have that Presence of the Lord by Faith,

which we shall have by Sight, when we are out of the Body.

This Body is an Image, which bears a Representation of the Divine Body, or Image of 'Things in the Spirit; but together with a Darkness hiding that Di-

vine Image, which is Christ, and a Contrariety opposing it.

The Lord Fesus by his Spirit shews forth himself in this Bodily Life to us, so that we see him in the Fleshly Image, as in a Glass; under a Fleshly Vail, as in the Dark; thorow the Contrariety of the Fleshly Appearance, as in a Riddle. Yet we see Him, we enjoy his true Appearance in the midst of all these Difficulties. And while we see him, we see all these Difficulties reconciled, and subdued in Him; we our selves live in Him. Thus we enter into the Kingdom, and Joy of Heaven by Faith, even while we are in the Fleshly Body to Sight.

When we dye, then the Fleshly Body, and Image is swallowed up in Eternal Darkness. Our Souls then come Home to Jesus Christ; they enjoy the Heavenly Appearance of Things in its own Likeness, Face to Face, by Sight; no more by Faith: no more in a Glass, or in a Riddle; because the Fleshly Body is taken away: but yet in the Dark still; not with a Perfect Clearness, or Fulness; though with a Nearness, and Likeness; until the Body be re-assumed out of that Darkness, as a Divine Body. Then, as in Christ, so in us, the Fulness of the God-Head shall dwell Bodily, in its own Body, which is our Body risen again out of Flesh, and Nature into the Spirit.

Till

Till then we have the Fulness of the God-Head dwelling in us in a Contrary Body, before Death: We have have it dwelling in us without a Body, like an Appearance, or Apparition, like a Soul without a Body, in Death.

I will attempt to make the Answer to this Question more plain, and perfect

by a Two fold Distinction.

1. Distinct. The Spiritual Man hath a Three-fold State.

1. The Spiritual Man at first lies hid under the Natural Man, as Seed under the Ground. So St. Paul speaks of it, Gal. 3. 19. Wherefore then served the Law, it was added because of Transgressions, till the Seed should come, to whom the Promise was made: and it was ordained by Angels in the hand of a Mediator.

While a Man lives under the Law, the Seed of Promise is not yet come, that is, the Spiritual Man, which is One with Christ, and so the Promised Seed is not come up, or put forth in the Soul. But it lies hid under the Ministry of Angels, which restrain Sin by inward Impressions, and outward Dispensations of the Good, or Evil Things of this World: and it lies hid under a Mediator, which is the Earthly Image of God, according to this Creation, in which God stands as a Mediator, between Man, and Himself in the Spiritual Image, which is the Heavenly Person of Jesus Christ. God in this Earthly Image Heightens, and Suppresset Sin, by his Divided Appearances of Mercy, and Wrath; by his Divided Administrations of Allurement, and Terror; Reward and Punishment.

Thus God as a Mediator stands between Man, and the Person of Christ; hiding that Person, together with the Spiritual Man, which is in Christ from Man. And so God converseth with Man, at this Distance, after this manner, till the Seed come, in which God and Man are no more Two, but One Spirit in Jesus Christ.

This is the First State of the Spiritual Man.

2. Secondly, the Spiritual Man breaks forth thorow the Natural Man, appears in it, and together with it, Gal. 2. 20. I live, yet not I, but Christ liveth in me; and the life, which I live, is by the Faith of the Son of God, &c.

Christ, and the Spiritual Man are joyned together by an inseparable Union. When these break forth in a Man yet clothed with Flesh; they draw the Person of a Man, to have his Life in themselves, as in his proper Principle. They shew forth themselves to him, as that Appearance, and Image of Things in which he is to dwell. The Principles of Nature are now as a Death to a Man, so far, as he abides in them. The Fleshly Image of Things, is a Prison, or an Inchantment, or a Whorish Woman to him. He loaths the Embraces of it, though he cannot quite shake it off. A Saint now labours to crucify, and cast off both these. Yet while he is shut up in them, he comforts himself in, he casts himself upon the Spiritual Man; and the Life of Christ, which dwell in These together with him, and look forth therew these, as thorow the Lattices upon him,

3. The Third State of the Spiritual Man, is that, in which he is Absolute,

free from the Bonds of the Flesh, no more Comprehended by but Comprehending the Natural Man in himself.

St. Paul speaks of this State, 2 Corin. 5. 2. In this we groan earnestly, de-

firing to be cloathed upon with our House, which is from Heaven.

As Jesus Christ is at the same time, Blessed, and Glorious in Heaven; yet withal living in thy Flesh, who art a Member of Him, and suffering with thee: So thy Spiritual Man, even while it is streightned here below in thy Natural Liste, is at Liberty above in Heaven in Jesus Christ.

This Man at once comes down from Above in its full Glory upon thee; and breaks forth from Below, from out of thy Fleshly Life to a full Liberty. And this is the House, which comes down from Heaven, to cloath thee, that thou

mayst not be naked.

But this House from Heaven doth not cloath thee, till thy Earthly Tabernacle be dissolved in Death; as appears by the first verse of that Chapter cited next before, 2 Corin. 5. 1. When our Earthly Tabernacle is dissolved, we have a

House not made with Hands, Eternal in the Heavens.

These are the Three States of the Spiritual Man. The First of these is the Legal State of a Christian. The Second, is the Evangelical State before Death. The Third is the Angelical State, that State to which we cannot come, but by Death, or a Change instead of Death, when, as Jesus Christ speaketh, We shall be as the Angels in Heaven.

Thus much we have spoken of the First Distinction.

2. Distinct. The Second Distinction is upon the Spiritual Man in the Evangelical State; or upon an Evangelical Christian in this Life. He also hath Three

Distinct Growths.

St. John speaks of all Three in One Place, 1 John 2. 12. I write to you Little Children, because your Sins are forgiven for his Names sake. v. 13. I write unto you Fathers, because you have known Him, who is from the Beginning. I write unto you Young Men, because ye have overcome the Wicked One. I write unto you little Children, because ye have known the Father. v. 14. I have written unto you Fathers, because ye have known Him, that is from the Beginning. I have written unto you Young Men, because ye are strong, and the Word of God abideth in you, and ye have overcome the Wicked One.

The Apostle doubles his mention of all Three Growths, for Certainty, and Efficacy; that we may take the more Clear, and Distinct notice of it, He placeth the Two Extreams, the Children, and Fathers, First. Then he puts the Middle-State in the Last Place; because that is the more Remarkable, and Aslive in the World. The Children are not yet grown up to the Consist. The Fathers are past the Brunt, and violence of it. For the same Reason in his Repetition he adds something, when he speaks of the Young Men to encourage them.

Now let us speak a word or two particularly of Each of these Growths.

2. The First Growth of an Evangelical Christian is his Child-bood. The Spiri-

tual Man, when it first begins to pur forth itself in us, suits itself much to our Natural Capacities, puts itself into Fleshly Forms, and Appearances, as into Swathing Bands. Yet it submits and subordinates all these Appearances, to the Spiritual Appearance itself in the highest, and most grown State. It Owns That: It Depends upon That: It Directs its Growth to That. Thus it is a Little Child, and Knows the Father.

2. Secondly an Evangelical Christian comes to be a Young Man. This is then, when thou comest to distinguish between the Fleshly, and the Spiritual

Appearances of the Spiritual Man, or of Jesus Christin thee.

When a Saint grows strong in Spiritual Appearances, when he begins to abide firm in them; then he sets himself against the Fleshly Appearances; be-

cause the Devil hath his Chiefest Strength, and Seat in them.

And now thou hast overcome the Wicked One, when once thou hast discovered, and discerned the Fleshly Appearances from the Spiritual Life itself. When thou labourest to crucify the One, as fast, as it Grows up; that thou mayst live more abundantly in the Other: thou hast now taken from the Devil his most Frincipal Power, and Engine. He is now falling apace, like Lightning from Heaven, in thy Soul.

This is thy Growth, when thou art come to be a Young Man in Christ.

3. Thou art a Father in the Gospel. when thou knowest Him, who was from the Beginning. This is the End, and Perfection of the Gospel in thy Heart, to bring forth that Mistery of God, which was hid from the Foundation of the World: to Discover God in thee, as he is the First, and the Last; the Beginning and the End; the Almighty; the All-comprehending; the same resterday, to Day, and for ever.

When thou knowest God, as He was from the Beginning; thou knowest him, as the Fulness, Gathering up all things into One Glory in Himself; thou knowest him, as the Functain, sending forth all things from himself; thou knowest him, as a Father, living in all things, as his own Out-goings, and loving all things for his own sake.

When thou knowest God after this manner, thou knowest thy self, as thou wert in God from the Beginning. This Appearance of God, and of thy self, which was from the Beginning, being brought forth in thee, changes thee into their own Likeness. So thou becomest like God, a Father, Possessing the Fulness of all. Frowing forth into all, Enjoying thy self sweetly in, and thorow all.

But this is to be remembred all along, that thou hast this Dycovery of God, and Conformity to God in this High State, not Absolutely, or Nakedly: but thou hast it vailed under the Darkness of the Fiesh, and mingled with the Frailies

of it.

This is the Highest Degree of the Evangelical State on Earth. But it falls short of the Angelical State after Death. It is next to it, the Image, and the First-fruits of it.

'This

This is the Answer to the First Question: How far one may enter into the King-dom of God on Earth?

Quest. 2. How may we attain to this State of Spiritual Joy, which is the

Kingdom of God?

Ans. My way of answering to this Question shall be by Shewing you those Mistakes, which keep very many Saints very long from this Joy; and then by endeavouring to remove those Mistakes.

These Mistakes are Principally Three:

- 1. Mistake: That Spiritual foy is indeed the Delight, but not the Duty of a Saint.
- 2. Mistake: That we are to take the Rise of our foy from a Reslection upon something in our selves.

3. Mistake: That Spiritual Darkness, Desertions and Griefs cannot stand to-

gether with Spiritual foys.

I will begin with the First of these Mistakes.

1. Mistake: That Spiritual foy may be the Delight, but is not the Duty of a Christian. This is a Secret Principle, which works very often in the most Upright Hearts: That This foy is rather the Prerogative of a grown Saint; than a Precept from God to every Child of his: that it is, a Reward for great Services, and Progresses in the Way of Christ; but not a Work Enjoyned, and Expected by Christ.

I will propound to you Five Rules for the taking away of this mistake.

1. Rule: The Command in Scripture.

2. Rule: The Inseparableness of Knowledge, and Joy in Spiritual Things.

3. Rule: The Inseparableness of Faith, and Joy. 4. Rule: The Inseparableness of Love, and Joy.

5. Rule: The Inseparableness of Purity, or Holiness, and Joy.

1. Rule: The Command in Scripture. I could give very many Instances in the plain Letter of the Scriptures, where All without any Note of Distinction are commanded to Rejoyce.

I will satisfy my self with the mention of that One Place: Philip. 4. 4.

Rejoyce in the Lord alway: I say again, Rejoyce.

See how the Apostle Doubles the Command, and speaks it with a vehemency, and tells you plainly, that it is his Command, and Charge to you from the Lord. Isay again, Rejoyce. He speaks, as if he knew, how apt we were to Mistake in this Point, and think Spiritual Joy were no Precept from God, or Duty in us.

The Apostle extends the Command to all Persons, and all Times: Rejoyce alwaies. No Person is excused, no Condition is exempted from this Delightful

Duty of Rejoycing.

St. Paul clearly implies the Reason, why the Command is so unlimited, in that word: In the Lord. Can any Condition be so Sad, as to take away thy foy in Jesus Christ? Is there any Affliction in which thou hast a Greater Cause of Sorrow, than thou hast of Mirth in thy Saviour?

Hath not He Comforts for every Season? Cures for every Sore? Cannot He make thy Affliction itself matter of Glorious Joy; and turn thy Covering of Sack-cloth into a Garment of Praise?

There is no Person, which is not a Proper Subject for foy, as he is in Jesus Christ. There is no Condition, which is not a Proper Object of foy, if it be

seen in Christ.

This is the First Rule.

2. Rule: The Inseparableness of Knowledge, and Joy in Spiritual Things. Thou knowless no more Spiritually, than thou Rejoycest. Spiritual Knowledge, and Spiritual Joy are born together, grow together, sleep together, wake together in the Soul of Man.

Thou art no longer in the Light of the Lord, than thou art in the Joy of

the Lord.

Prov. 3.17 Her ways are ways of Pleasantness; all her Paths are Peace. Solomon speaks of Wisdom, and understanding. This Place hath a Two-fold Sense: First, all the Ways of God, as He goes forth in them by fesus Christ, who is the Wisdom of God, are Peace, that is, a Sweet, Agreeable Harmony in themselves, and with the Soul of Man. They are Pleasantness, that is, a Sparkling forth with Good, and Satisfaction to every Faculty, or Desire.

Secondly: The Ways, and out-goings of Wildom in thy Soul carry Peace, and Pleasure along with them. If the Light of God shine upon any Thing in thy Spirit, it will put a foy upon that Thing. So far as thou feest Things in the Light, and Method of God, as he goes forth in them; thou canst not but have

Peace, and Pleasure.

All Want of Foy proceeds from Ignorance, or a Fleshly understanding, which is Darkness, and not Light; or a Perwerted Knowledge.

So far as thou half a Right understanding, a Spiritual Knowledge of God, thy

felf, or this Creation, thou canst not but have Fox.

1. First, if thou hast a Spiritual Knowledge of God, thou wilt be fill'd with Joy. If thou knowest God in the Spirit, thou knowest Him in Glory. For the Spirit of God, and of Glory are both One, 1 Pet. 4. 14.

When thou knowest God Spiritually, thou knowest Him, as He knoweth Himself. For God is a Spirit, John 4. So thou hast the same Object of Joy, thou hast before thee the same Image to Rejorce in, as God himself hath.

When thou comest to a Spiritual knowledge of God, thou standest in a Light, in which thou seest all Things, as Horses of Fire, and Chariots of Fire, of this

Fire, which is God in Glory.

If thou knowest any thing of God Spiritually, thou knowest God, to Bring forth All, to Fill All, to Be All: Thou seest all Things, as Light in His Light, Living in His Life, Spirits in This Spirit.

Canst thou want foy, when thou meetest with every thing in God, the

Fruit of God, Full of God, One Spirit with God to thee?

2. Se-

Secondly, if thou know thy felf Spiritually, thou can't not want for.

A Spiritual Knowledge of thy felf holds thee forth to thy felf, as One Spirit with Fesus Christ. Thou seest thy self there, where thou seest Christ. Thou seest Fefus Christ there, where thou seeft thy self. He that is joyned to the Lord, is one Spirit with Him, I Corin. 6. 17.

Dost thou in any Sufferings know, that Fesus Christ and Thou make but One

Spirit in those Sufferings; and canst thou forbear to Rejoyce in them?

Canst thou think of no Glory or Blessedness in Heaven itself, but thou knowest, that Fesus Christ, and Thou make but One Spirit in that Glory; and canst

thou chuse, but Joy in it?

Hast thou this Knowledge, that thy Saviour and thy self run along thorow all Things. Twisted into One Spirit, undivided in Light, and Darkness, from the Beginning to the End of Things? and hast thou not Joy in all Things?

A Spiritual Knowledge of thy self teacheth thee to look upon thy self, as

made in the Image, and Likeness of Christ.

Jesus Christ saith of Himself, John 3. 13. No man hath ascended up into Heaven, but He, that came down from Heaven, even the Son of Man, that is in Heaven.

Jesus Christ had One Part of Himself above in Heaven, at the same time,

that the Other Part of Him was below on Earth.

As Jesus Christ unites God, and the Creature in his own Person; his Face being as the Sun shining in the Highest Glory, when his Feet are in the Furnace, the Fire and Fading State of the lowest Things: So the Soul of Manin her Natural State unites the Heaven, and the Earth, the Invisible, and the Visible Part of this Creation.

Thy Soul in her Top, and Supream Part, which is her Truest self, and substance, lives ever Invisibly, and Immortally among the Angels. She in the mean time subsists here below among these Fleeting Shadows, only in her Lower

Part, in which she is, but as a Shadow of herself.

He that knows this, hath this Foy alwaies, that the Inconstancies, and Tumults of this Life wet but his Feet, trouble his Dreams only: His Better Part, his Waking Part, His Life is Constant above these Floods in the Company of Spirits. Death catcheth thy Shadow, and no more of thee. Thy true felf is above the Region, and Reach of Death, Immortal, as the Angels.

But behold! A Greater Cause of Joy! Thy Soul in her Spiritual State hath a fuller Resemblance of her Saviour. That Life, which thy Soul hath at the

Top of this Creation, is yet but a Dream, a Show, the Feet only.

Psal. 17. 15. Ishall be satisfied, when I awake with thy Likeness: Saith David. The Soul in this Creation is fallen into a Sleep, she hath her Sleeping Part only here; and her Life at Highest even in the Angelical State of it, is but a Dream.

The Life, the Truth, the Waking, and Chief Part, the Head of thy Soul is above Angels with Christ in God. Fohn John 13. 9, 10. Peter Saidto Christ: Not my Feet only, but my Hands, and my Head. Jesus Saith unto him, He that is washed, needeth not save to wash his

Feet, but is clean every whit.

All of thee, that comes within the Compass of this Creation, thy Immortal, as well, as thy Mortal Part, all is but thy Feet. For all that needs Washing. Thy Head, and thy Hands are above Nature, in a Spiritual, and Supernatural Glory, ever un-troubled, un-spotted, the same Yesterday, to Day, and for ever, like Christ.

Dost thou thus Spiritually discern thy self? Thou canst not then but rejoice in the midst of all Changes, and Confusions. For thou seest thy Life, thy True Being; thou seest thy self awake; in an Unchangeable State, with all Con-

tents round about thee, as Christ in God.

3. Thirdly: If thou know this World Spiritually, thou canst not want Jey. When we look upon this World after a Spiritual manner we see it, as a Show. Man walks in a vain Show, Pfal. 39. 6. What Pain have all the Miseries of this World to Him, that looks on them, as an Empty Show, without any Subfrance of Evil? Nay, what Peace, or what Fleasure do they afford thee, when they are, as a Tempest in a Picture, or a Battel in a Story?

A Spiritual Eye perceives this World in all the Pieces, and Particularities of it, to be an Image of Heavenly Glories, Rom. 1. 20. The Invisible things of Him are clearly seen by the Things, that are made: Even His Eternal Power, and

God-Head.

The Mind of Man naturally rejoyceth to see a Resemblance of any thing, especially of Excellent Things, especially of Things Beloved. Thou canst not carry a Spiritual understanding with thee thorow the World; but thou wilt rejoyce over all the Works of God in the World, when thou seest thy God, with his Beauties, and Blessednesses Imaged forth, and brought to thy mind by them all.

If there be any Thing, which is most Dark to thee; thou wilt say of that: Yet here is something of my God pictured out, though I know not, what of Him it is.

This World is a Principal Part of the Mystery of God. When the Seventh Trumpet shall sound, then shall the Mystery of God be finished, Revel. 10 7.

This World is indeed a Deep of Darkness, yet it hath the Wonders of God in it. They that go down into the Deep see the Wonders of the Lord, I fal. 107.24.

The Soul sports itself, and plays with the Miserablest Things of the World, when she perceives herself to be in them, as in the midst of the Mistery of God, and among his Wonders.

I have done with the Second Rule, by which you fee, that your Spiritual

Knowledge, and Foy go Hand in Hand.

3. Rule: Faith, and Joy are ever in an Equal Degree, and Activity. St. Paul prays for the Romans, Rom. 15. 13. Now the God of Hope fill you with all Peace, and Joy in Believing.

Faith, Peace, and Joy are Companions of equal Stature, and Favour in the

Heavenly

Heavenly Life. Faith and Joy are like the Sun, and Light. Joy is the Daughter of Faith, but ever as old, and strong, as the Mother.

There are Three Joyful Things in Believing.

1. A Joyful Prospect. 2. A Joyful Possession. 3. A Joyful Purchase.

1. A foyful Prospect. Faith is the Evidence of Things not seen: Heb. 11.

1. Faith sets Heaven, with all its Angels, Spirits, Joys, Glory, Christ, and God, whatsoever is Excellent, and Invisible, in thine Eye. Faith discovers all these Things to thee, with a Conviction, and Demonstration of their Reality.

He that believes, hath presented to the Sight of his Mind, that Frame of Things, in which God lives; and that not as a Show, or Apparition, but in a

Substantial manner.

The Angel of the Lord pitcheth his Camp round about those that fear him: Pfal. 34. 7. This Camp hath in it all the Powers of the Angelical, and Divine Nature. These continually encamp about a Saint, and encompass him in the midst of themselves. But they are Invisible, and Faith is their Evidence, the Discovery of them to thee, in their Truth.

When Jesus Christ had his Sufferings upon him, he had a foy before Him, Heb. 12. 2. So much of Faith, as thou hast in thee, so much of foy thou

hast continually before thee.

Faith, when thou art in a Dungeon gives thee such a Prospect into Heaven, and the God-Head; as reflects a Foy, and a Divinity upon the Dungeon itself.

2. Secondly Faith gives thee a foyful Possession. A Wise man among the Heathen tells us, that there are Three ways of being united to God; by Knowledge; by Love; by Faith. But, saith he, this Faith is no Empty Image, or Thin Persuasion; but a Substantial Incorporation of the Things themselves with the Soul.

So faith the Holy Ghost, Heb. 11. 1. Faith is the Presence Uniosus the

Subsistence of Things Hoped for.

Can you have, what you Hope for, and not have Joy? Do you Hope for Heaven, for Jesus Christ, for Freedom from Sin, and Troubles? Do you Hope for Joy? So much Faith, as you have, so much Joy you have, so much you have already of all that, which you Hope for.

Dost thou say; thou hast Faith, and by Faith the Presence of thy Saviour, the Possession of Glory, and yet hast thou no foy? Say not, thou Believest; but

shew me thy Faith by thy Joy.

He, that believes, cannot but have foy in Believing; no more, than he that

walks in the Light of the Sun, can be without its Heat.

3. Thirdly, there is in Faith a foyful Purchase. The Life, that I live, saith St. Paul, is by the Faith of the Son of God, who loved me, and gave himself for me, Galat. 2. 20.

Faith makes an Exchange between Christ, and a Saint. If thou believest, the Lord Jesus hath given Himself for thee. Christ stands in thy Stead. And thou standest in the Stead of Christ.

Christ

Christ fills thy Room, in the Flesh, the world, and all Sufferings. He bears

the Place of thy Person in them.

Thou fillest the Room of Christ, and bearest the Person of Christ in all these. Can such an Exchange, as this be without its foy, when Christ stands for thee in Sorrows, under the Guilt, and Instrmity of them: when thou standest for Christ in the Mystery of Them?

This Purchase, or Exchange is made in Glory too. The Lord Jesus is set in thy place in Heaven, as Thou being the Principle, and he the Deputy. I go to pre-

pare a Place for you, saith the Lord to his Disciples, John 14. 3.

Thou shalt be taken up into Christs Place there; Where I am, there ye shall

be also, John 14. 3.

My Beloved is Mine, and I am His: saith the Spouse in the Canticles. Is not this abundant matter of Joy at all Times to thee? That Glory, which Jesus Christ hath now in Heaven, is Thine, as it is His. That Glory, which thou shalt have hereafter shall be Christ's together with Thine.

Thou hast no Misery; Fesus Christ hath no Glory alone.

This is the Purchase, or Exchange of Faith.

4. Rule: So much Spiritual Love, as there is in any Soul: so much Spiritual Joy is there also, I Pet. 1. 8. Whom having not seen, ye Love: then it follows a little after: Ye Rejoyce with Joy unspeakable.

There is a Two-fold Love;

1. A Love of Benevolence. 2. A Love of Complacency.

I. A Love of Benevolence. If thou hast this Love to Jesus Christ, thou wilt Rejoyce to accomplish His Will, to Glorify Him in thy Self, to make thy Self a Sacrifice in any Kind to his Good Pleasure: even, as He offered Himself up in the Flesh to the Father.

2. A Love of Complacency. Is thy Saviour thy Delight? Is He to Thee, as He is to the Father? Is He thy Beloved, in whom thy Soul refts? Then is thy for the same, in the midst of all Changes, while thy fesus remains Unchangeable.

If Jesus Christ be Altogether all Pleasantnesses, all Lovelinesses to Thee, as the Speuse expresses them to her self in the Song of Songs: then, thou canst want no fey, though thou be in want of all things; while thou hast Jesus Christ.

This is the Fourth Rule.

5. Rule: Foy, and Purity are ever in the Soul in a like Degree Holiness, and Happiness are both One Thing in God, and the Soul. Each is an Elevation above all Inferiour, and Corrupting, or Corruptible Things: and an Habitation in the Supream Good.

It is said of God in the Prophet Esay, that He inhabiteth Eternity; that is,

Himfelf, Ifa. 57. 15.

It is said by the Saints to God in the Psal. 90. 1. Thou hast been our Dweling place from One Generation to another.

Pure Religion, and Undefiled before God, and the Father is; to keep Himfelf UnspotUnspotted from the World, fames 1. 27. The World is Pitch. For it lies in a Principle of Darkness, and Blackness. Where it Touches, it Spots.

He only keeps himself Pure, who keeps himself Untoucht by the World;

Un-affected with it.

So long, as your Purity is Un-stain'd: Your Pleasure will be Un-troubled. For Troubles are below, in the Changeable State of Things. But a Holy Soul dwells

on High, in Him, who hath no Shadow of Change.

thy Heart, that it fink not into the World: Hold off thy Heart, that it fettle not on the World; and thou at once shalt preserve thy self from Sin and Sorrow.

Abide in Jesus Christ, Act thy self perpetually from, and upon Jesus Christ; so shall the Purity, and the Pleasures flow continually like a Mighty River,

which is both Clear, and Calm.

I have now finish't that, which I had to say in the Removal of the First Mistake, which hinders the Soul from attaining to a State of Spiritual Joy.

2. Mistake: That we are to take a Rise of our foy from a Reflection upon something in our selves. We are generally apt to think, that we are to look into our selves for the Ground of our foy; and that we are to measure our foy by

that, which we find in our selves.

Go to most Christians, when you perceive them full of Foy, and ask of them a Reason of their Joy: you shall hear them telling you, that they have Examined their Hearts, and find a Love to God, to the Children of God, a Trust in God, an unseigned Desire to Please God, an Universal Indeavour to keep all the Commandments of God, an Uprightness before God, a true Sorrow for Sin, a Detestation of it, a full Purpose to forsake all Sin, with many other Goodly

Things in Themselves.

Go to other Christians, who put out the Flame of Life in their Hearts by their Sighs, and dim their Eyes with their Tears: Ask them, why they have no more Joy in their Lives; you shall have some such Answer, as this from them: Alass! What Joy can there be in my Life? God with-holds His Grace from me, and I can find no Abatement of Corruption, no Life of Holiness in my Soul. I have strong Temptations, mighty Lusts, and no Power to withstand them. I cannot Trust in God, or Believe in Jesus Christ, I find no Prost in the Ordinances, I take no Pleasure at all in Spiritual Things.

Obj. But you will say; may I not rejoyce, when I discover the Workings of Grace in my Heart? Is it not a just Cause of Grief, when I feel my Heart hard-

ned from the Love, and Fear of God?

Ans. There is a Right, and a Wrong Way of Rejoycing and Grieving in these

Things. The Mistake lies here in not Distinguishing between these Ways.

Pfal. 3. 7. David rejoyc'd that the Lord by his Favour had made his Mountain so strong. But this Mirth was quickly turn'd into Mourning. It would not have been so, if David instead of Rejoycing in the Mountain made strong by

the

the Favour of the Lord, had Rejoyc'd in the Lord, and his Favour, which made that Mountain strong.

Or rather, if instead of that Favour of the Lord he had made the Lord of

that Favour his Foy.

Psal. 77. Asaph abandoned all Foy, and gave himself over to Grief, for Gods With-drawings from him in the Sensible Conveyances of His Grace to his

Soul. v. 2. 3. oc.

But he repents himself of Measuring his foy, or Grief, by this Standard; and finds a Cause of Joy above these Troubles. v. 10. I said; This is mine Infirmity, but I will remember the Years of the Right Hand of the most High.

I shall speak of Spiritual Mourning, when I come to the next Mistake.

In the mean time I will give you Two Rules for the Removing of the Mistake in this Point of Grounding our Joys.

The Two Rules are Thefe.

1. Rule: Make God, as He is in Himself, the Object of your foy, without

any Consideration of your selves at all.

2. Rule: Take the Rise of your foy from fesus Christ, not, as He Communicates Himself to you: but, as He Comprehends you in Himself.

I will begin with the First Rule.

1. Rule: Make God, as He is in Himself, the Object of your Joy; without any Consideration of your selves at all.

When St. Paul commands Joy, he confines us to the Person of God, for the

Matter of our Joy. Philip. 3. 1. Finally, Brethren, Rejoyce in the Lord.

The Person of the Lord hath Space, and Room, and Entertainment enough for thy Joys in their largest Extent. Thou needst not wander besides the Tents of any Creature, within thee, or without thee.

Do but still Pitch thy Thoughts upon this Mark, and thou shalt have Plenty of Joy. He that makes God, as He is Alone, the Matter of his Rejoycing; will

find Abundant matter of Joy in every Season.

You have David's Example in this kind, Pfal. 118. 14. The Lord is my Strength; and Song; He is become my Salvation. The Lord is then Strong in you, and for you, when you receive Him in the Simplicity of His Nature, unmixt with anything of the Creature.

God is weakned, and straitned, when He is Compounded with any other thing. You bring Him out of Himself, and below Himself, when you joyn Him.

with any thing besides Himself.

It is said of Jesus Christ in the Gospel; that in One Place He could do no Great Work, because of Their Unbelief.

Faith is the Emptying, and Filling Grace. It Empties the Soul of itself, and

the Creature. It Fills the Soul with God.

While we abide in *Unbelief*, that is, in any Thing of our Own, or the Creatures; we weaken God in us, we bind Him, and make Him un-able: He can do no Great Work in us.

We

We have God in Power, when we have Him in Purity; we have Him in Purity, when we have Him in the Simplicity, and Nakedness of his own Person.

Thus the Lord is thy Strength. And thus must He be thy Song, the Subject of thy Foy. When thou fingest of God alone, then art thou strong, and hast strong Foys.

The Lord is thy Salvation. So far, as thou goest out of thy self, and the World; so far, as thou entrest into God, thou entrest into Salvation, Joy, and

Heaven itself.

I will back this Rule with some Particular Motives.

1. Motive: Look to God in the Nakedness of His own Person, and you shall

see Light, without any Darkness.

John 8. 12. Jejus Christ saith of Himself: I am the Light of the World, He that followeth me, shall not walk in Darkness, but shall have the Light of Life. Our Saviour is the Light, that points, and chalks out our way to us, He is the Star that goes before us, and stands over the God-Head, as the House, in which He, and We must find our Rest, and dwell for Ever.

Follow Christ. Which way goes Christ? He goes by the Cross, and thorow Death. He descends to the Lowermost Darkness, Then He ascends thorow all things, till He comes above All. He goes up above the Highest Heavens, into God.

Go you after the Lord Jesses. Tread in the Steps of this Shepherd of the Flock. Go by the Cross, the Death, and the lowest Darkness. Carry every thing of the Creature with thee, this Way into These. Then rise up out of All, pass thorow All, till thou come beyond All unto the High, and Holy Habitation of the God-Head,

If thy Heart be in this Treasure of the Divine Nature, if thine Eye be upon it, and thy Way be towards it: thy Way itself shall be a Light of Truth, and Joy without any Darkness.

Pfal. 104. 2. Who coverest thy self with Light, as with a Garment, and

stretchest out the Heavens like a Curtain.

Every Thing of the Creature is a Covering upon God, even the Brightest, the most Beautiful Piece of the Creature; the Light itself.

The Highest, and most Glorious Things, the Heavens themselves, are Cur-

tains drawn before the Lord, Hiding, and Darkning Him to us.

You must break thorow the Light of Angels, the Highest Heavens, the Divinest Excellencies of this Creation, into the Open Face of the God-Head; if you will have the true Light of Peace, and Joy in your Spirits.

While you fit under any Thing Created, you fit under a Cloud, in the Dark: you can never be free from Fears, Doubts, Uncertainties, and Unsatisfactions.

This is the First Motive.

2. Motive. Set your Heart, and Thoughts on God in the Simplicity of His own Nature; and you shall sit down under Love, without any Mixture of Wrath. Esa. 27. 4. The Lord saith of Himself: Fury is not in me; who would

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set the Bryars, and Thorns against me in Battel? I would go through them, I would burn them together. God, as He is in the Singleness of His own Person, and Nature, hath nothing of Wrath in Him, but all Sweetness, Love, and Blessedness.

God in Himself is Light, and Love. He is a Fire, a Principle of Wrath, only as He is in the Fleshly Creature, Straitned, Imprisoned, and Resisted by the

Darkness of the Flesh.

If you hold up any Created Strength or Excellency before God; you set Bryars, and Thorns against Him, upon which God Kindles in his Wrath, as a

Consuming Fire.

v. 12. If any Man build upon this Foundation, Gold, Silver, Precious Stones, Hay, Stubble; then faith He. v. 13. Every Mans work shall be made manifest; it shall be revealed by Fire.

Let thy God be laid in thy Heart, as the Foundation of thy Joy. He is a Living Rock, a Living Corner-Stone. If thou resign thy self to Him, and rest on Him: He will grow up unto a Building of Pleasure, and Glory in thee. Living Precious Stones of all Joys, and Beauties, will spring up out of Him.

But take thou heed of laying on any Thing, thy self, upon this Rock. For whatever it be, though it be not Hay, and Stubble only, but Gold, and Precious Stones; though it should be the Immortal Excellencies of Angels, the Glory of the First Image in Nature, the Beauties of the Earthly Paradise: This Rock of the God-Head will be, as an Irresistible Fire at the Bottom of them, breaking forth upon them, and Devouring them.

Then thine own Person may be saved, because it is Rooted in the Rock, and hath the Foundation of the Lord in it, which abides Sure. But this will be, as by Fire. Thou must pass thorow the Fire, in which thou shalt leave all thy foys behind thee, which have been thy Super-structures, and Additionals upon the Foundation. Thy Person alone shall escape naked out of the Fire, having nothing left, but the naked Foundation, or the Rock, for a Clothing to it.

St. John saith: He, that dwells in love, dwells in God. So far, as you dwell in any thing of the Creature, you dwell under the Vail, in the Fire, under the Law, under an Administration of Wrath, and Death: you cannot be free

from Trouble, and Torment; Death will feed upon you.

Dwell Nakedly in God, and you dwell Entirely in Love. Let a Naked God dwell in you, and as you take in a Naked God, you take in Naked Love into your Souls.

Thus much for the Second Motive.

3. Motive: Close with God in the Abstractedness of his own Being, as he is unclothed of all the Creatures; and you close with Eternal Life itself, where there is no more any Death.

See how David Rejoyceth: Psal. 18. 46. The Lord lives, and Blessed be my Rock. David look'd off from all other Things, and turned his Eyes upon the

Lord

[139]

Lord alone. In the Lord he sees Life, and this is his Life. He considers nothing Transitory, or Moveable. His Rock is alone in all his Thoughts. He Blesseth his Rock. He triumpheth in the Blessedness of his Rock. And this is his Blessedness.

Follow Davids Example, and thy Heart shall live, while there is Life in God, Say; my Friends, and my Body may die; my Graces, and my Comforts may wither, but the Lord lives. I may be miserable, the whole World may be miserable round about me; but Blessed be my Rock: The proof of the proof o

in the midst of Death, and Blessedness in a Heap of Miseries.

The Lord lives Truly: all other Things below Him, are Dead, and have only a Shadow of life. The Lord lives Eternally: He hath no End of Days, no Change of Life, or Shadow of Change. The Lord lives Universally: He lives in all Things, He comprehends all Lives in Himself, He gives a Life to all Things in Himself: All Things live to God, Luk. 20.38.

If thou look to, or for anything below, or besides God, thou shalt certainly find it in the Region of the Shadow of Death; and Death seeding upon it with his Iron Teeth of Divisions, Distractions, Cares, Changes, and Griefs.

Look into the Book of this World, and thou shalt find it a Book of Death, where thou shalt see every thing Dead, or Dying, Betraying thee to Death, and

Amazing thee with the Fear of Death.

Look into thine own Heart, and thou shalt find that, a Book of Death, and Hell, fill'd with Darkness, Guilt, Fear, Torment. The best things there, thy Graces are written with Black, and Bloody Letters, in much Obscurity, hard to be discerned; in much Impurity, having little Life of Comfort in them.

But if thou wilt look into the Person, and Nature of God, thou shalt see the Book of Life opened to thee. God is that Book of Life, in which thou shalt see thy Self and all Things Written with the Beams of the Light of Life. Here thou shalt neither read, nor hear no more sad Stories of Death. Thou shalt see Death itself Shining in the Light of Life.

God is a Bright, and the Last Darkness. The Darkness of Death itself is swallowed up into Life, and Immortality in Him. O Death I will be thy Death.

Live only to God, and upon God; Consider nothing but Him only. So shall thy foy alwaies be as Life from the Dead, as the foy of Harvest, I mean that Heavenly Harvest, the Resurrection.

4. Motive: Pitch thy Spirit upon the Single Person of God; so thou shalt fall

into an Infiniteness of Satisfaction.

This is the Advice of David, Pla'm 37. 4. Delight thy self in the Lord, and he shall give thee thy Hearts Desire. The Desires of man are Infiniteness budding forth from its Seed in the Soul. These Desires are ever in Motion, and Restless, till they put forth into Insiniteness itself. All the Creatures are too Strait, and Narrow for them. They are Unquiet, while they are contained within the Compass of any Creature; because every Creature is Finite.

They beat against the sides of it, till they break thorow it into the Innsiniteness of God.

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Make Make God thy Delight; and there is nothing which thou canst think of, or wish for, but thou shalt have it in him. In God thou shalt meet with thy Self, in any State, or Form, in all States or Forms, which thou canst defire, at once. In God thou shalt meet with whatever thou hast Enjoyed, and wouldst fain Enjoy again, with whatever Enjoyment thou hast fallen short of, and longest for.

If there be Loss, Shame, Grief, or Evil, which thou wouldst fain have abolished, and to be as if it never had been. If thou wouldst have any Time past brought back again; any Good, or Content, which hath been defac'd, or stained, renew'd; thou shalt have this Abolishment of what thou wilt, this Restitution of what thou wilt, in God. For He will give thee thy Hearts Desires.

God is All, if he be Alone. As He is in Himself, He is Institute. If you add any Thing to Him, or take Him cloath'd with any thing of the Creature; you

make Him Finite, and so loose Him quite.

It is a Joy from the Creature, which is a Confined Joy. If thy Joy be purely from God; if it be from an Un-compounded Cause, it will be an Un-confined Joy.

Search then, if thy Griefs encrease, as thou appliest Spiritual Comforts to them; thou then dost but take something of God, as a New piece of Cloth; and sowest that to the Old Garment of the Flesh, and Creature in thee; so the Rent becomes worse. For if thou think to patch up that which is Thine, or the Creatures, with that, which is Gods; He will tear more of it away and leave thee still more Broken, and Naked.

Let thy Heart go out of all Things into God, make Him thy Delight Alone,

and He will give thee All thy Defires.

These are are the Motives to persuade you to the First Rule, to make God

in the Singleness of his own Person, your Joy.

Obj. But now some one may say: Shall we so give our selves to look up to God in Contemplation, as never to look down upon our own Conversation? Shall we consider God only, and take no Care of our Selves? Shall we satisfy our Selves to think, that God is most Holy, and most Excellent, though we in the mean time be never so Sinful, and Vile? Is not this like Him, who gazed upon the Stars, and fell into the Ditch?

Ans. While we thus Object, we err, not knowing the Power of God, nor the Way of the Spirit of Man. And this is my Two-fold Answer: the First,

from the Power of God; the Second, from the Spirit of Man.

1. Ans. From the Power of God. The Light of God is the Light of Life, as fesus Christ calls it. It is no Dead Light, it works, Transplanting the Soul into the same Principle, Transforming the Soul into the same Image with itself.

As the Beams of the Sun have a Heat, and Influence going along with their Light: so have the Appearances of God to the Soul, a Fire in them, which baptizeth it.

The Discoveries of God carry the Spirit of God along with them, by which those Excellencies of God are, and Ast, wheresoever they Appear, according

to the Manner, and Measure of their Appearance, 2 Cor. 3. 18. Beholding the Glory of the Lord, we are changed into the Likeness of the same Image, even

as by the Working of the Same Spirit.

To know thee, is Eternal Life; saith Fesus Christ to his Father, John 17. 3. Spiritual Changes are made in Spiritual Contemplations. The Knowledge of God is the Life of God in the Soul, which first brings forth itself in the Flower, and then in the Fruit.

It was said under the Law; No man can see God, and live: that is in, or to himfelf. But the Gospel saith: No man can see me, and lie dead in Sin, or Flesh, I John 2. 4. He that saith, I know Him, and keepeth not his Commandments, is a Liar.

Look unto me, and be ye saved; faith God in the Prophet, Isa. 45. 22. Sanstification, and Salvation, Holiness, and Joy come down upon us when

we look up to God

2. Ans. From the Spirit of Man. What is it Draws Man on to any Course? Is it not some Image set up before the Eyes of His mind? What is it, which Drives the Soul swiftly forward in any way? Is it not the Delight, which it

feels and enjoys?

if thine Eye be Single, thy whole Body shall be full of Light. Such as the Image is, Which is in the Eye, such is the whole Man. If the Eye takes in One, Pure, Simple Image of Him, who is One, who alone is Good; then is the Eye Single: for it becomes One with this Image: Then is the whole Body Light. For every Member is formed, and moved according to that Image.

But if the Eye be Evil, taking in the Double, the Divided Image of any Creature; then the whole Body is Dark; it is Uncertain, Confused, Distracted in all

its Members, and Motions.

This is the Misery of Men, that their Light is Darkness. They have no other Images of Things before their Eyes, no Appearances of God in their Understandings, beside those of this World, and the Creature. This fills their Life with all manner of Disorder.

It were Happy for us, that we were always in the Contemplations of God, that we had Him alone in all our Thoughts: so should the Eye of our Soul be Single, and we should be ever carryed on towards that Single, Supream Good, according to Him, as Children of Light.

The Eye, wherever it is; is the Highest Image, and Representative; the Immediate Production, Habitation, and Inlet of the Superious Principle, or Power.

As the Appearance is in the Eye; so are the Actings and Out-goings thorow the whole Body.

The same Word in Hebrew signifies the Eye, and a Fountain.

The Eye, and the Heart are the same Thing in Spirituals; having only this different Notion; the Heart is as the Principle in the Image; the Eye as the Image in the Principle: the Heart as the Unity in the Variety; the Eye, as the Variety in

the Unity: the Heart, as the Father in the Son; the Eye, as the Son, which hath the Father in the Trinity.

But to return, thus you see, that it is the Image, which we have in our Minds,

which draws us to Good, or Evil.

2. It is Delight, which drives us. This is the Oyl to the Wheels of our Soul.

The Foy of the Lord is your Strength.

Where your Treasure, there will your Hearts be: saith our Blessed Lord, Mat., 6. 21. That is a Mans Treasure, in which he hath Joy. O that we had less Joy in the Creatures, and more in the Creator: then would our Treasure, and Hearts be in Heaven!

Cant. 1. 3. The Spouse saith to Jesus Christ: Thy Name is as an Ointment poured forth: therefore do the Virgins love thee. See the Kindly, the Spiritual

Way of the Lord, with that Soul which he espouseth to Himself.

1. He poureth forth his Name, the Discovery of his Person, and Excellencies in the Soul. He filleth the Eye of the Soul, the understanding of Man with the Contemplation of His Riches, and Glories.

2. This Name thus poured out becomes as an Ointment in the Soul. It perfumes the Spirit. It spreads a Strong, Delicate Sweetness, and Delight thorow the

Heart, and Affections.

3. This Perfume of Delight makes the Soul in Love with Jesus Christ, makes her full of Longings after him, of Breathings, and Cries to be taken up into Communion with Him, and made more Conformable to Him.

Thus, as the Contemplations of God draw the Soul, so a Complacency, and

Joy in God drive her on to Believe, Love, Obey.

And this is according to the Natural Way of the Spirit of Man. The Object informs the Understanding, the Understanding moves the Will, and Affections, these put the Whole Man into Action.

O then fear not any Danger in Delighting your selves in the Excellencies of God, as he is Naked in himself. If you be not Good, this Joy will make you

Such. If you be Good, this Foy will make you Better.

So much for this Objection; and the First Rule for the Removal of the Second Mistake, by which we are apt to look into our Selves for the Ground of our Joy.

2. Rule: Take the Rise of your Joy from Jesus Christ; not, as he Commu-

nicates Himself to you; but, as he Comprehends you in Himself.

St. Paul expresset this Distinction, and Rule in the Life, in his own Example, 2 Corin. 12. 2. He tells us of a Man in Christ, caught up to the Third Heaven. v. 3. Such a Man Paul knew. v. 4. This Man heard Un-utterable Words in Paradise. v. 5, Of such a One, saith St. Paul, I will glory.

Three Distinct Persons are mentioned in this Discourse. Yet all these Three

prove One.

1. First, here is the Person of Christ, as it is in the Third Heaven. The First Heaven is the Starry Heaven: For so we read: He called the Firmament Hea-

ven, Gen. 1. 8. The nature of Angels makes the Second Heaven. So we read, Gen. 21. 17. The Angel of God called to Hagar out of Heaven, and they are called The Angels of Heaven. The Third Heaven seems to be the Natural Image, and Presence of God, as he is the head of Angels. This is called The face of God, Psal. 42. 2. Mat. 18. 10.

In this Heavenly appearance was Paradise, the flourishing State of all the Creatures in the Divine Image. This Image was withdrawn at the fall, and not brought forth again in its own naked Appearance till Jesus Christ brought it forth to Light, after a Spiritual manner, in His own Person, by His Re-

furrestion from the Dead.

2. Secondly, here is the Person of St. Paul, as it is wholly Spiritual, in Union with the Person of Christ; Comprehended in One Spirit; Ascending, and

Caught up into One Glory, with him.

3. Thirdly, Here is the Person of St. Paul, as it is a Mixt Person, partly Spiritual, partly Natural. This Man, as he was spiritual, had a fellowship with the Man in Glory, knew him, did bear that Image, and Impression of those Words which were spoken, and those Glories, which were seen in Paradise. But as he was Natural, so he could not Utter those Heavenly Words, nor Understand that State, whether it were the Last Resurrection to the Glory of the Body; or the sirst Entrance, and Abode of the Soul naked in Glory, at Death.

Of such an one I will Glory, saith St. Paul: v. 5. that is of the Heavenly Man, the Man of Paradise, that is, of the Natural Man, as it is caught up into the Spiritual Man; of the Spiritual Man, as it is Comprehended in Christ, and together with Him caught up into Paradise.

Thou mayest Joy, and Glory in that Man, that Self only, which is above a Man, above thy self. which is compleat in Christ, as Christ is compleat in

the Glory of God.

Of Such a One I will Glory, saith St. Paul: that is, of that Man, whose Resemblance, and Likeness I saw, and was taken up, and transfigured into

it, when I had that Revelation fourteen years ago.

But of my self, saith he, I will not boast. He calls himself, the Man in that Mixt State, in which he now was on Earth, having the Power of Christ made manifest in his Weakness.

This Rule hath two Parts in it. One is Negative, the Other is Affirma-

tive.

1. Part, The First is the Negative Part of this Rule, which is This: Take not the Rise of your foy from Jesus Christ, as he communicates Himself to you on Earth.

The Communications of Christ to us in the Natural Man, are,

1. Uncertain. 3. Unsatisfactory.

2. Impersect. 4. Un-safe for an Object of Joy.
1. First,

1. First, The Communications of Christ in our Natural Manare Uncertain. They are like the Shining of the Sun upon the Earth, which is ever and anon cut off by a Cloud comi g between the Earth, and the Sun. So Sins, Temptations, Desertions make the Breakings forth of Christ upon Us Fleeting, and Changeable.

fesius Christ complains of his Fathers for saking Him. Neither is there any Member of Christ that lives in the Body, which doth not often find cause to

grieve for the Withdrawings of Jesus Christ.

The Pfalms are the Discovery, and History of a Holy Soul in her whole Course, and in all her Tempers. How often have ye there Sad mention made of

Gods hiding his Face.

If thou take thy for no higher, than from the Puttings forth of Christ in thee, thou wilt be very Wavering, and Unconstant in all thy Comforts. Thou canst have no Sure, or Setled for this way. Thou wilt be able to bear no Tryal, when thou shalt be carried thorow the Waters of Darkness, and Desolation, thorow the Fires of Terrour, and burning Tribulation. The Strength of thy Joy will be Small, and thou wilt faint in the Day of Adversity.

2. Secondly, The Communications of Christ in our Flesh are Imperfect.

They are Imperfect Two ways.

1. In Degree. 2. By Mixture.

I. In Degree. All our Graces are thus Imperfect, while we are in This World. I count not my Self to have apprehended; saith St. Paul Phil 3.13. I press towards the Mark. v. 14.

While you look upon your Graces for Comfort, you can never have a Full for, because you have no Grace, which doth not in Many Degrees fall short of the Mark in Jesus Christ, the Glory of God, to which ye are called.

He that takes his for from the Manifestations of Christ in his Flesh, is like him, that feeds upon Unripe Fruit, which hath a Sowrness in the Taste, and a Waterishness in the Nourishment. So will this Man have a Bitterness, and Weakness in his Dearest Comforts.

2. By Mixture. This is a Second Way in which the Graces of Christ are

Impersect in us.

Rom. 7. 21. St. Paul complains: I find a Law, that when I would do Good, Evil is present with me. How many sad Throws have we, how near are we brought to Despair full many a Time, when we go to derive our Joys, from what we can discover of Jesus Christ in us? If we pitch our Thoughts upon Faith, Love, Obedience, Humility, Heavenly-Mindedness; we find these only, as Weak Inclinations in us: We would do good; But then Evil is present with us. At the same time like Satan in the midst of the Sons of God, Unbelief, Lust, Hatred, Pride, Worldliness appear together with our Graces, and so mingled with them, that it becomes very difficult to determine, which is the Son, that is to abide in the heart; and which the Servans, that is to be cast out; which is the

True, Predominant Principle in the Soul, and which is a Temporary Appearance only. Who can tell, which are from the proper Will of the Soul, as the Children of the Husband; which are from Violence, as begotten by a Ravisher?

This Mixture in thee will make that Joy, which depends upon any Thing in

thy self, a Mixt Thing of Hope, and Fear; of Pain, and Pleasure.

Thy Life will be like an April day; which hath far more Showers than Sunshines in it. Thou wilt far oftner with Paul cry; O wretched Man! than say

with him; I bleß God: Rom. 7. 24.

As the Hand, that gathers a Rose in the midst of Thorns: so will thy Heart be, while it gathers its Joys from the Beauty of Christ growing up in itself. If it do reach any Sweetness, it will have with it many a sharp, and Bloody Scratch from its Corruptions, as from Thorns.

3. Thirdly, The Puttings forth of Christ in us are Unsatisfactory. This One thing I do, saith the Apostle, forgetting those things which are behind; I reach forward towards that which is before. What is that? Observe, the next verse will tell us: The Mark of the price of the High Calling of God in Jesus Christ.

That which is come forth of Christ into thy Natural Man; that is now Behind thee. That which is Before thee is, the Person, Possession, and Life of Jesus Christ in the Spirit, and Glory of God. The Unity of this Spirit, the Fellowship of this Glory, as it is in the Person of Christ: this is That Mark which is Before us.

All that, which is in our Persons, while we are in Flesh, is Behind us, and to be forgotten by us. It hath a Darknesh, a Shadowynesh, an Emptinesh, a Transitorinesh from the Flesh, in which it is inclosed. So it cannot stay with us, or satisfie us. It cannot hold us. It vanisheth, it passeth behind us, and is to be forgotten by us.

Our best Things, while we are in this vile Body, are a Heavenly Treasure in an Earthen Vessel, as St. Paul speaks. They are Pure, and Sweet, as they flow from the Spirit of Christ, but as they are in our Spirits, they tast of the Vessel, they receive an Unsavourines, or Unsatisfactorines from their Communion with

our Earth, and Flesh.

The Grace of Christ in thee, is like a Beam, which is at once in the Bosom of the Sun, and in the Bosom of the Earth. That End of the Beam which is to the Sun, is pure, and perfect Light: But that which is towards the Earth, is Dim, full of Motes, and Dust. The Shinings forth of Christ in thee, have such a double Relation, to Christ, and to thee. As they are Christ's, and in Union with him, they are Light, and Life in Christ, without any Emptiness or Mixture. But as they are Thine, and have their Being in thy Heart, they are like Gold in the Mine, partaking very much of the Earth, in the midst of which they lie.

The Power of Christ magnifies it self in thy Weakness: as the Apostle speaketh of Himself. The Life of Christ in thy Spirit, is Wine ming'ed with Water. If thou take it in itself, and in Christ, it is the Power of Christ. But if you look

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upon it, as it is in your Spirit, it is Wine and Water, Power in Weakness. On Christ's part it is Magnified, but on thy part it is Weak, and can afford thee

but a Weak, Unlatisfying Joy.

4. Fourthly, and Lastly, The Communications of Christ in us become Unlafe, when we build our Joys upon Them. St. Paul is ever very careful in this One Main Point; when he rejoyceth at any time in the Grace of God, to fet aside his own Person, and to set up that Grace in the Person of Christ. I thank God thoron Fefus Christ my Lord: Rom. 7. 1. What ever matter of Rejoycing, or Thankfulness a holy Soul finds, it still finds, and acknowledges it to have all its Vertue, Sufficiency, and Safety from, and in the Person of Jelus Christ. Therefore doth it draw all through that Person out of its own Person, lest it should think of it self above what is meet.

Look to Jesus Christ the Beginner, and Finisher of thy Faith, and Joy. For God hath appointed Him, as the Mediator, in whose Person alone every Thing is made truly Acceptable unto God, and Man: He alone must be thy Beloved, in whom thou must be well-pleased. Thou must be well-pleased and Joy'd with every Grace, onely in Him, as Theu, and It meet in him. Otherwise thou art in danger of Spiritual Adultery, and Idolatry, by which thou wilt grieve thy

Husband the Lord Jesus, and rob thy self of his blessed Presence.

This is a Way by which thy Soul often falls on a sudden from High Enjoy-

ments into a Dark, and Desclate Condition.

When the Lord Jesus fills thee with the Warmth, and fruitfulness of his Embraces, first thou lookest upon the Fruits of Christ in thy Soul, and art exceedingly taken with the Beauty, and Sweetness of these. Now thy Heart, and thine Eye begin to go a whoring from thy Heavenly Spoule, when they begin to look off from his Person, though it be upon something sent forth from Him. Secondly, thou then reflectest upon thy self with Delight, to see thy self so adorned, so strengthened. Thou thinkest thy self Rich, and Safe. So ere thou art aware, thy Soul makes her felf like that Whore, which faid, I fit like a Queen, and shall see no forrow. Thirdly, Thy Saviour now grows Fealous, He turns away his Face, He withdraws his Graces, the Testimonies of his Presence from thee, He leaves thee to the Power of Temptations, and Lusts. This he doth, that thou mayst learn not to Exalt thy self by his Gefts, nor His Gifts in thy Self; but Both in him, whose Person is the Life of Both, and ought to be the Only Objest of all thy Love, and Foy.

Thus the Apostle had the Buffetings of Satan, and a Sting in his Heart, that he might not be exalted by his Revelations, but his Saviour, and he only in his

Saviour.

Take heed then of looking upon the most Glorieus Graces of Christ in your own Person. But keep your Eye unmoved on the Person of your Savieur, and look upon Both, your Self, and your Graces in that true Glaß, and perfect Image.

So I pass from the Negative to the Affirmative Part of this Rule.

2. Part, Take the Rise of your Joy from Jesus Christ, as He comprehends

you in Himself.

It is necessary for me here to make plain this Rule, by Propounding, and Answering Three Questions, which perhaps most of your Spirits will be ready to ask in themselves.

1. Question. First you may ask me, What I mean by Jesus Christ.

Answer. I shall answer so far only, as I apprehend most pertinent to the Point in hand.

My Answer to this Question shall be Six-fold.

1. Answer. Our Lord Jesus is a Spirit, 2. Corin. 4. The Lord is that Spirit. A Spirit hath a Three-fold Power.

1. A Penetrating. 2. A Receiving. 3. A Uniting Power.

1. Power, Penetrating. When Fesus Christ was made Spiritual by his Resurrection, He could pass thorow the Door, when it was shut, and present himself

in the midst of the Room, and the Disciples on a sudden.

All Bodily Substances are forc'd to remain one without another. They touch and joyn only by their Out-fides. They cannot mingle, but by Breaking themselves into little pieces. So the Golden Calf was stampt to Powder, that it might mix itself with the Waters.

But this is the Excellent Nature of Spirits, that they can be a whole Army of them in One Spirit, or in the Body of any Creature, passing into the very Essence, or Being of it, most Inwardly, most Universally; and yet neither Divide, nor Stretch it.

The Lord was in this manner present with His Ten Thousand Thousands of His Angels on Mount Sinai, which was a Bodily Substance, that might be

touched.

So the Lord, and all the Angels, and all the Spirits of Just men; the General Assembly of all Glorious Spirits meet on Mount Sion, which is a Spirit, that cannot be toucht with hands.

The Person of thy Saviour is such a Spiritual Substance. He can come into thy Closet, thy Bosom, thy Heart. He can dwell in the same Body, in the same Soul with thee, in the most Inward Parts, in every Part of Both; and yet take up no more Room.

The Word, which is Christ, is within thee, even in thy Heart, and in thy Mouth; in the most Inward, and most Outward Part. All of Man, and every Creature is either Heart, or Mouth; an Indrawing, or an Out-driving Power; the Inward Principle, or the Out-ward Appearance.

Our Saviour divides the whole Man into Heart and Mouth, when He tells us; that Nothing, which enters into the Mouth, defiles a Man; but that which

comes forth from the Heart.

Fesus Christ is a Spirit in thy Heart, and in thy Mouth. He pierceth to the Bottom of the most Secret Principle of Life, and Being in thee. He is as Inu 2 over the Bredth, and Length of that Body, that Appearance, in which thou walkest. He makes it His Clothing, as it is Thine.

This is the First Fower of a Spirit.

2. Power, Receiving. A Spirit receives other Things into self, as Inwardly, as Entirely, as It conveys itself into Them.

We read of the Depths of Satan, Rev. 2. 24. of the Deep Things of God,

I Cor. 2. 10.

We read of a Pit for the Devil, which can be no other than a Spirit of

Darkness, and Wrath in himself or in God: Rev. 20. 3.

We read of Chambers for the Saints: Es. 26. of a House, and Mansiums for them above; which can be no other than Spirits of Grace, and Glory in God.

A Spirit hath an Opening, and a Depth in itself, into which it can receive all things without any Breach in it self.

An Evil Spirit hath its Pit, into which it taketh in, and swalloweth up,

whatever it taketh hold of.

A Good Spirit hath its Chambers, and Mansfuns, its Retreats, and Abodes in

it self, for what Guests it pleaseth to admit, or draw in.

Abide in me, saith Jesus Christ to his Disciples, Joh. 15. 4. As every Thing may be a Temple to a Spirit. Your Bodies are the Temples of the Holy Ghost: 1 Cor. 6. 19. As a Saint is the Temple of Christ; So a Spirit may be a Temple to any Thing: So the Lord Jesus is a Temple, into which the Saints may at all times enter, and have Communion with God. Destroy this Temple, and in three days I will build it again. This he spoke of his Body, John 2.21.

The Body of Christ was a Temple shut up with a Vail before it, while it was Natural. But when it was made Spiritual by the Resurrection; it was the most Holy place set open for thee to come into it, and never to go out more:

Heb. 9. 1, 3, 8.

Flesh is a mere Shadow, which can only touch upon Things, but can take in Nothing. A Spirit is the Life, and hath a Depth in it, for which it is compared to Water.

This is the Second Power of a Spirit.

3. Power, Uniting. 'The Spirit is the Band of Unity.' Tis true of every Spirit, so far as it hath the Nature of a Spirit in it. Bodies in Flesh, are Divided, and Broken things, being held together only so far, as they are Bound up in One Spirit. Bodies in Flesh converse with all things at a Distance, in a Divided Manner. Our Saviour is said to take away the Wall of Partition in his own Flesh, when he crucified the Flesh in himself, for Himself, and the whole World, Eph. 2. 14.

A Spirit is Uncapable of Division, being One in it self, and making all things

One with it, which it takes in, or converses with.

Spirits

Spirits are compared to Flames: Heb. 1. As Flames they lick up into themselves, and Incorporate (as it were) with themselves, whatever they light upon,

or work upon.

So the Power which caught up Eliah was represented by a Chariot of Fire. It was, as a Chariot, because it took him into it self. It was a Fire, because it took him up into the Fellowship of One Life, Glory, and Spirit with it self.

This is the First Answer to that Question, which asketh, What we understand

by the Person of Christ, when we speak of his comprehending us.

2. Answer: Christ is the Highest Spirit. He is Lord of all. We read 2 Cor.4. the last words thus; the Spirit of the Lord. It is in Greek, the Spirit the Lord. Fesus Christ is the supreme Spirit, that Spirit, which is Lord of All.

The Majesty of our Saviour's Person consists in this, that he is that Spirit which hath the most Absolute Power over all Spirits, Persons, and Things;

together with the most comprehensive Greatness.

A Spirit is like a Prospect, the Higher it is, the more Commanding, and Com-

prehensive it is.

3. Answer. Christ is the Brightest Spirit. He is the Brightness of the Father's Glory: Heb. 1. 2. 'Απαύμασμα, the Out-shining.

All the Effusion of Beams from the Godhead, is through the Person of Christ.

All the Beams meet within the Compass of that Person.

We before cited a Place of Scripture, which calls the Spirit, A Band of Unity. The Lord Fesus is that Spirit, in which all the Goings forth of the Godhead are united, as a Knot of Beams, a Band, a Bundle of Divine Irradiations, or

Manifestations.

This Blessed Person, and Spirit is the Highest, the clearest Light, which as a Garden-bed, discloseth, and exposeth all things to view, in the most natural, naked, and distinct manner. This is the Word, which being spoken, all things are express. Heb. 4. 12, 13. The Word of God is lively: All things are naked and bare before him, with whom we have to do.

4. Answer. The Person of Christ is the First, and Fountain-Spirit. The Se-

cond Adam is a Quickning Spirit, a Life-giving, or Life-making Spirit.

All Spirits, Persons, and Things, that have Life, or are from Life: they are in this Spirit, as Waters in their Fountain. They are in Him Primarily, and Eminently. They are in Him, more truly, than they are in themselves. For they derive that, which they are in themselves, from Him.

5. Answer. Christ is the Image of God: Col. 1. 15. He is the Image of the

Invisible God.

But you may say, that every thing is an Image of God one way or another: It is true; for St. Faul saith, that the Invisible things of God, are made manifest by the things that are made. Rom. 1.20.

Therefore the meaning of St. Paul in that other place is, that He is

the Image, the Full Image, the Proper, the Perfect Image of God.

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All the Wirkings, and Manifestations of God are in this Blessed Spirit; and hat according to their several States, with their Proper Distinctions: Otherwise the Image were Impersect.

All the Discoveries of God are in this Person, as One with it. For all make

One Image, and that a Spiritual Image.

Thus this Image is, as it were a Body to the God-Head. All the Vertues, Operations, and Appearances of God are contained in fefus Christ, as One Body. Yet every One hath his own Distinct Place, Power, Form, Astivity, Enjoyment; as Diverse Members. The Fulness of the God-Head dwelleth in Him Bodily, Colos.

. Answer. Fesus Christ is the Head-Spirit. God bath made Him the Head

of All, Ephes. 1. 22.

Our Saviour is the Universal Spirit, that takes in all, and unites all in Himself. It pleasest the Father, that all Fulness should dwell in Hom, Coloss. 1. 19.

He is a l'articular Spirit, distinct from all. For God bath goven Him a Name above every Name which is named in this world, and that which is to come, Ephes. 1. 21. Thus He is the Head.

Thus our Saviour becomes a Person, that both Represents, and Presents all in Himself: that both Persects all in Himself, and Himself bears the Imper-

fections, Sufferings in, and for all.

I have now answered the First Question, what I understand by Jesus Christ: not according to the Exactness, or Latitude of the Question, but so far, as tends to my present purpose, and the making plain of the Second Question, which follows.

2. Question: How we are said to be Comprehended in Fesus Christ.

I shall indeavour to open the Nature of this, which is one of the most Principal, Spiritual, Profitable, Comfortable, and yet Difficult Points in all our Divinity. I shall proceed in the opening of it by a Three-fold Step, which shall be a Three-fold Answer to the Question.

The Lord Fefus comprehends us Spiritually, Mystically, Eternally.

I. Answer. The Lord Fesus comprehends us Spiritually.

Our Bleffed Saviour, as a Spirit, comprehends us in Himself, 1 Cor. 15. 45. The last Adam was made a Quickning Spirit. Fesus Christ is the Second Adam, a Universal Person, comprehending the Second Creation, in His Spiritual Person, in the Spirituality of His Nature. He is the Heavenly Adam, a Collection of all the Saints, as He is a Spirit.

Jesus Christ comprehends us by the Spirit, 1 Cor. 12. 13. By one Spirit we are all Baptized into one Body. Christ, and we live both in One Spirit, so we are Both bound up in One. It is the Unity of the Spirit, Epbes. 4. 4. The Spirit is Christs Radically, and Primitively, by drawing us down, and Baptizing

us into this Spirit, Jesus Christ comprehends us.

The Lord Jesus comprehends thee, as then art a Spirit. He that is joyned to the Lord is One Spirit, I Corin. 6. 17.

Our Saviour, and Husband comprehends us Inwardly, Powerfully, Fully: no as Bodies, Waters, Flames, but as Spirits comprehend one another, nay as One Spirit, as the Highest Spirit comprehends itself.

Christ comprehends thee, as Spirit of His Spirit, as a Spirit in His Spirit, as

One Spirit, as the Self-Image of Himself.

2. Answer: The Lord Fesus comprehends us Mystically. The Mystical-ness lies in Three Things, in the Glory, or Diviness of the Union; in the Near-

nels of it; in the Distinctness preserved together with the Oneness.

We are comprehended in Christ Mystically, because Incomprehensibly. The Love of Christ passeth Knowledge, Ephes. 3. 19. That Love, which is an Assection only, and loves by Impression, and united by Imagination; such a Love may be taken in by Knowledge only, which is a Notion, the taking of a Pisture the Catching of a Shadow. Such a Love may be known by the Understanding, which is a Faculty, an Accident.

But the Love of Christ is above Affections, and Impressions. It is a Naked Comprehension of Substances, and Spirits, in a Unity of Substance and Spirit. So it passets knowledge, not being to be represented by any Image, or Notion; nor to be conceived by any Faculty; but to be Felt, and Enjoyed only, after an

Immediate, and unconceivable manner.

We are comprehended in Christ Mystically, because with an Appearance of Contrariety.

We are One Spirit, and One Body in Christ. The Body of Christ in the Uni-

ty of it is a Spirit. The Spirit of Christ in the Variety of it, is a Body.

We are comprehended in Christ, as Members in the Body. Each Saint hath his Distinct Person, Place, Power, Appearance: I say Distinct both from the Person of Christ, as the Head, and from all the other Saints, as Particular Members.

Yet again each Member is One Man with Christ, possessing the Fulness of God, and of the whole Body, being in itself conformed to the Image of Christ.

3. Answer: The Third and Last Answer to this Question is, that we are Comprehended in Christ Eternally, 2 Tim. 1. 9. Who hath saved us, and called us, &c. according to his own Purpose, and Grace, which was given us in Christ, before the World began. v. 10. But is now made manifest by the Appearance of Jesus Christ.

Three Things lie clear in these words.

1. First, Thy Person was in Christ from Eternity. Thou hadst a Capacity, and a Subsistence in thy Saviour, before the World began. For thou wert then in Him, as a Subject, on which the Father setled his Purpose, and confer'd his Grace: The words of the Apostle are: Grace given us.

2. Secondly, Thy Person with all manner of Grace and Glory, was in Christ before all Times, as it is or shall be in any Time. For One is the Measure of the Other. That Eternal State in Christ is the Pattern of the State of Grace.

after

afterwards, according to That, is This exactly fashioned, who hath called and faved us according to, &c.

3. Thirdly, That State of our Persons comprehended in Christ is Un-

changeable.

When Jesus Christ appears to us, or in us as we are in Flesh; then is that Grace put upon our Persons in Christ made Manisest. The Discovery is now of that, which in Truth was before. The Manisestation is here below, but the Substance abides still above.

The Manifestation in thy Flesh is as the Appearance of Christ upon thy Flesh, subject to Change. But as is the Person of Christ in the Glory of God,

so is thy Person of Christ comprehended in Christ, Unchangeable.

Let us now pass from the Second Question to the Third.

We have feen in some measure, what it is to be Comprehended in Christ.Let us now proceed to enquire; how we shall know our selves to be Comprehended in Him. There is indeed Unspeakable, and Unchangeable matter of Joy for those that are so Comprehended; but how shall any Particular Soul be assured of this concerning herself?

3. Question: How shall I know my self to be comprehended in Christ? Answer. Art thou comprehended in the Wisdom, or Image of God? Then thou art comprehended in Christ. For he is the Wisdom of God in its Latitude,

and the Image of God in Large.

Hast thou any place in the Fulness of God, or any part in the Fulness of the Creature? Then hast thou a Mansion, and Habitation in the Lord Jesus. For it hath pleased the Father, that all Fulness, (both of God, and the Creature,) should dwell in Him, Coloss. 1. 19.

Obj. But you may object, and lay; It is true, all things, that have a Being, or Subsistency, have it in Christ: For all things subsisted in Him, Coloss. 1.17.

But there are Two ways of being in Christ: One, as He is Head of the First Creation. So Plants, and Brute Creatures have their Being, Motion, and Life in Him, as well as Men, or Angels. What Happiness, or Joy can I have in this?

Another Way of being in Christ is, as He is Head of the Second Creation; the

First-born from the Dead.

The Lord Jesus in this State comprehends the Spirits of men in Himself with a very great Contrariety; some in Love; others in Wrath. So we read that there were Sheep set on his Right Hand; and Goats on His Left, Mat. 25.

What comfort can I have in the Lord Jesus, till I know on which Hand I stand? What shall discover to me, whether I be comprehended in his Love, or

his Wrath?

Ans. I entreat thee to understand, and lay up this, which I shall now say, carefully in thine Heart. It is a Preparation to the Answer to this Objection which thou hast made, and the only way of Satisfaction.

It is this: The Left Hand of Jesus Christ is his Weakness; his State, and Appearance under a vail of Flesh, as he bears the Image of the Creature upon Himself.

For this Reason, the Works of Wrath are the Strange Works of Christ, and God, Es. 28. 21. This Expression, His Strange Work, signifies; a work with which he is not acquainted in His own Person, and Nature; a Work, which is traceuth to Him, in which the Height of his Skill, and Power delight not to put forth themselves; a work in which he is descended out of his own Form into some inferiour Form of the Creature, and so become a Stranger to Himself.

The Right Hand of Christ is the Person, or Spirit of Christ in its sull Power, and Glory: as Christ is at the Right Hand of God, that is, in Immediate,

and Personal union with the Father,

When the Love of Christ is fignified by his Right Hand, the meaning is that Love belongs to Christ in the Propriety of His Person. Therefore St. John Saith: God is Love, 1 John 4. 16.

Now the Answer to the Objection follows clearly from these Premises, if they

be clearly understood.

You shall know, that you are comprehended in the Love of the Lord Jesus, if you look within the Vail, beyond the Creature; to the End, to Jesus Christ in the Simplicity of his own Person, as he is the Beginning, and the End of all the Works of God, 2 Corin. 3. 13.

It is only the Discovery of the naked Person of Christ in you, which can

discover your Persons naked in the Love of Christ.

2 Corin. 4. 6. God hath shined into our Hearts, the Light of the Knowledge of the Glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ. You cannot see the Glory of God in his Eternal Love to your Persons, but by the Shining out of God from the Naked Face, or Person of Jesus Christ within your Hearts.

I John 5. 10. He that believes h on the Son of God, hath the Witness in Himself; because He hath the Son of God in Himself, who is the only True,

and Faithful Witness.

While you look at any thing below Christ, whether without or within your selves; while you look at any thing o or in Christ, besides bimself; while you look upon Christ in any Relation, Capacity, or Consideration; and not in the Singleness of his own heavenly and Divine Person: you will sit under a Cloud, though light may be sown for you.

He that followeth me, shall not walk in Darkness, but shall have the Light of Life, John 8. 12. You can have Light in your Eye, no longer, than your

Eye is upon the Person of Christ. Every other way is Darkness

Then do this: Take off the Eye of your Souls from all Outward Things, Turn it Inward into the Secret of your own Spirits. There lay afide all Appearances of your Self, or any Creature, which would draw your Eye to it;

X

154]

as a Glittering Cloud at best, or a Shining Vail. So wait, till Jesus Christ sets his own Person before your Spirits in the Light of God. When you see him, you shall in the same Light see your Selves in Him, and together with Him, in Love.

Now for ever after make your felf, your Graces, but Glasses to see the Face of Christ in; and Christ will be a Glass in which you shall see your own Face in the Love, and Glory of God.

Obj. Still you may urge, and say: But how, and when shall I have this

Appearance of Jesus Christ to me?

Ans. 1. St. Paul tells thee how Jesus Christ shall appear to thee: 2 Corin. 4. 6. God, who hath made Light to shine out of Darkness, hath shined into our Hearts.

As Light shined out of Darkness, so shall Jesus Christ appear in thine heart out of the midst of Ignorance, Unbelief, Lusts, and all manner of Contrariety. Thy Evil shall no more hinder his Discoveries, than Darkness can the shining of the Light. His breakings forth no more depend upon, or are affished by thy Spirit, than the spreading of the Light through the Air depends upon the Air.

As Light was brought forth upon the Waters, when there was no Light, by the Moving or Hatching of the Spirit of God, and by the Word of God: So shall God upon thy Spirit, as easily, as soon, as a Word is spoken; bring forth in thy Spirit the Sight of Christ, where there was no Sight at all of him.

Thus you see How the Lord Jesus shall be discovered in thee. But still thou

cryest, How long Lord? When shall this be?

I answer thee to that also; that it shall be in the Fulness of thy Time. As the World hath its sulness of Time, so hath a particular Soul for the bringing forth of Christ in it.

God hath several works upon thy Soul, various Forms to bring thee thorow, and to bring forth himself in before thee. When these are full, then will he last of all come forth to thee in his Last and sull Appearance, which is the Manifestation of the Lord Jesus.

God hath his Ordinance with the Sun and Moon, which run their Race from one end of the Sky unto the other. These at length enlighten every part

of the Earth in its Season, as they come to it in their Course.

The Ordinance and Covenant of God is, as sure with Jesus Christ, who is the Day-star and Day-light of thy Spirit. He hath his Goings forth decree'd and set Him from Eternity. Wait thou for him, as the Watch-men watch for the Morning. For thou shalt so certainly see his Appearance in thy Soul.

The Vision of Christ is for an appointed Time. It is like the Birth of Isaac, who was the Type. It hath its Set time. In its Set time it shall

not fail.

Go thy ways then, be at Rest, have this assurance in thy self, that thou shalt stand up in the Light of Christ, in thy Lot.

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[155]

Cantic. 6. 13. You have a Song in Parts; Christ and his Angels answering one another, or the Spirit of Man answering it self. Return O Shulamite, that we may see thee. What will ye see in the Shulamite? As it were the Company of two Armies; Invisible Things, and Visible; Divine, and Humane; God and the Creature united in a Holy Soul.

Hitherto I have persuaded you to see nothing besides the Single Person of God, and Christ, if you would have true Joy. Now you may say to me, what shall we see in the Single Person of God and Christ to give us true Joy?

I think it therefore necessary for me to point out to you the Several Springs of Joy for all Seasons in the Person of God, and Christ, before I leave this Subject, that so my discourse upon it may be more full, and Satisfactory to the Soul.

There are various Springs in the Person of God, which but look't upon by any Spirit in any Condition, would certainly bubble up a Sweet Delight into that Spirit.

I will indeavour to lead you to these Springs.

There are Five distinct Springs of Joy in the Person of Christ, or God.

1. Love. 2. Beauty. 3. Power. 4. Wildom. 5. Glory.

1. Spring, Love, Psal. 63. 3. David confesseth to God: Thy Loving Kindness is better than Life.

Solomon saith: A living Dog is better than a dead Lyon. Life is the best of

all Created Things. Yet the Love of God is better than Life.

Instead of Better, you may read Sweeter. Did you ever tast a Sweetness in Life? In your own Life? Or in the Life of any Thing, that was dearest to you? The Love of God can make this Sweetness none at all, overcoming it with a greater Sweetness in itself.

The Love of God can Sweeten the Loss of your own Life, or the Life of

those in whom you have most Delight; because it is itself far Sweeter.

Waters are Sweetest in their Fountain. The Love of God is the Fountain of

Life. All Lives derive themselves, as Streams from this Head.

Hath Life ever been Sweet to you? Come to the Love of God, and you shall tast the Sweetness in a Sweeter manner, in its Fountain.

The Love of God hath a Six-fold Sweetness in it.

A Pardoning.
 A Healing.
 A Chearing.
 A Crowning.

3. A Clearing. 6. A Conquering Sweetness.

1. There is in the Love of God a Pardoning Sweetness. David melts out

this, Pfal. 103. 3. Who pardoneth all thine Iniquities.

O hear this, you, who with Mary Magdalen, have a full number of Sins in you, and those ripened into so many Devils: Though your Iniquities be, as a Mountain reaching up to Heaven; the Love of God hath a Sea of Sweetness in it, which can swallow up this Mountain, that nothing of it shall ever appear any more.

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2. There

2. There is a Healing Sweetness in the Love of God. David adds this in the

former place, Pfal. 103. 3. Who bealeth all thy Difeales.

The Woman, who had many years been afflicted with a Bloody Issue, and had spent all on Physitians, was cured by one Touch of the Hem of Christs Garment. Here is Comfort for you, who have old Sins, or Sorrows, like Sores running continually upon you, and can find no help or ease. The Love of Christ can cure you in a Moment with one Touch onely of its Sweetness upon your Spirits.

3. The Love of Christ hath a Clearing Sweetness, 1 John 5. 20. The Son of God is come, and hath given us an understanding, by which we may know

Him, who is true.

What fob said of himself, is true of the Love of Christ: It is Eyes to the Blind.

The Psalmist makes a Sweet Conjunction of Tasting, and Seeing, Fsal. 34 8.

Otast and see, that the Lord is gracious.

I Sam. 14. 2. Fonathan said, See, I pray how mine Eyes have been Enlightned, because I tasted a little of this honey. Do but tast this honey, the Sweetness of the Love of Christ, and see how the Eyes of your minds will be Enlightned, to a Discovery of Spiritual and Heavenly Things.

4. The Love of God hath a Chearing Sweetness, the Heavenly Spouse saith to

her Saviour, Thy Love is better than It inc, Cant. 1. 2.

It is the Advice of Solomon's Mother, Frow. 31 6,7. Give strong drink to him that is ready to scrish; and wine to those that be of a heavy heart. Let him drink, and forget his Powerty, and remember his Misery no more.

The Sweetness of our Saviour's Love, is the True Wine, the New Wine, as He is the True Vine. This is strong drink, of a strength to ravish and transport the

Soul out of, and above her felf.

Give this drink to that Spirit which is dropping into Hell or Despair. Give this spiritual wine to him that hath a heart heavy with guilt, wrath and terrours. Let him drink freely. One draught of this Sweetness shall make him forget his guilt, and remember his fears no more.

The fifth Sweetness in the Love of Christ, is a Crowning Sweetness, Pja. 103. v. 4. God, saith David to his soul, crowneth thee with loving kindnesses and ten-

der mercies.

The Love of God casts its Sweetness all round about thee, that thou canst

turn thy self no way, but thou meetest with this Sweetness.

Jesus Christ encompasseth thee with a Ring of Sweetness, as a Garland of Roses encompasseth the Head. Nothing can come at thy Person, but it must come thorow this Sweetness, and so be Sweetned by it.

St. Fohn calls Jesus Christ, Revel. 1. 5, 6. Him that loved us, &c. and

made us Kings, and Priests to God his Father.

The Love of Christ Crowns us Kings: Kings to God, not Imaginary, but

True Kings; not Puppet-Kings in the Play of this Life, but Real Kings; not Kings to shadows, for the Dream of Time, but Kings for Eternity, to God; Kings, as God and Christ, whose Kingdom is not in this world, but in heavenly places, and in the Power of an Endless Life.

6. A Conquering Sweetness. This is the last. Of this St. John testifies concerning Christ; Joh. 13.1. Having loved his own, he loved them to the end. The Love of Christ hath a conquering and triumphant Sweetness indeed; for it bring all things, Sin, Misery, Flesh, Time, the World, Death, to an end, but hath itself no end.

Fear not lest thy corruptions or evil should outwear thy Saviour's Love. No; It is made of a durable and everlasting Sweetness, which will outlast all

things besides it self, or subdue them to itself.

Here you may change the Riddle, and fing; Out of sweetness comes strength, and out of the heavenly meat of our Spirits comes forth the Eater, that devours

all other things, and makes them its meat.

Eph.3.19. St. Paul faith of the Love of Christ, that it passeth knowledge. This is a Conquering Sweetness, which conquers all our faculties, our largest, even our Understanding itself.

The Understanding is the Gate of the Soul; according to the capacity of this,

so is the capacity of the Will and Affections of the whole Soul of Man.

The Love of Christ is too strong, too great for them all.

All the Powers of Man are here overcome: They cannot take it in. Let them then cast themselves into this depth of Sweetness, and say, Because we cannot take thee into us, do then take us into thee.

2. Spring; Beauty. This is the second ground of foy in the Person of God,

His Beauty.

David speaks of this, Pfa. 27.4. One thirg have I defired of the Lord, that will I feek after, that I may dwell in the House of the Lord all the daies of my life, to behold the Beauty of the Lord, and to enquire in his Temple.

Three things are remarkable in these words concerning the Beauty of the Di-

vine Nature.

1. David was a King, a King in the East, where the Pomp and Glory of Courts excelled that of these Western parts of the world, as much as Courts here outshine the Countrey. Yet David could have for ever left his Court for the Temple, and the Glories of that, for a fight of those Beauties which are in the face of God.

2. David was a Husband, and a Father; he was tweet enough in both Relations, an Affectionate Husband, a Tender Father: Yet David could have been content never to have feen Wife or Children more, so he might have feen continually the Beauty of God.

3. The Soul of man hath a Seminal Infiniteness, by which her desires grow endlessly. She therefore is delighted most with those things, which least bound her, which still draw forth fresh desires by opening fresh delights. The

The Spirit of Man loves that best, which makes the utmost Satisfaction an

Engagement upon a farther pursuit.

Such is the Beauty of God. David prays, that he may be in the Temple to behold it, and to be fearthing still. The Loveliness of the God-Head actuates that Seminal Infiniteness in the Soul, giving her the sweetest rest by suffering her never to rest from fresh Enquiries in her fullest Discoveries.

There are Two things in the Beauty of God, which will make thee glad at

all times, if thou turn thine Eye towards them.

1. The Beauty of God drowns all other Beauties, Luk. 5. 39. Our Saviour tells us: No man having drunk old Wine straightway desireth new, for he saith the old is better. If thou once drink the old Wine of Eternal Beauties in the face of Jesus Christ, thou canst not miss or desire the new Wine of any Creature-Loveliness, while the relish of that Beauty is upon thy Spirit: For thou wilt say; The Loveliness of my Saviour is far lovelier, and all other Loveliness is not lovely, compared with this, which so much excels it.

2. The Beauty of God draws all other Beauties into itself.

Elihu saith, fob 34. 14, 15. If he set his heart upon man, if he gather unto himself his Spirit, and his Breath: All Flesh shall perish together, and man shall turn again to dust.

All Creatures are moulded out of Darkness as out of Dust. 'The Beauty of each Creature is a Spirit or Blast from God shining upon this darkness, which

makes the different Flesh of all kinds.

As the Sun-beams put out the fire, by drawing up the finer fiery parts into themselves; So God sets his face on man, draws in the Spirit of Loveliness to that face of Loveliness in himself. Then the fleshly form sades, and the Dust remains alone.

Keep thine Eye upon this Loveliness in the Person of thy Saviour. So thou shalt never mourn for the loss of any lovely thing, which was, as the Light of thine Eyes to thee: For thou shalt meet with every lovely thing, with every relish of Beauty in this Beauty, as a man meets with the taste of the Sugar in the Wine into which it was melted, and dissolv'd.

3. Spring: Power. No man can ever want Matter of Rejoycing in any

Case, that understands and considers the Power of God.

Our Saviour said to the Sadduces, that denied the Resurrection: Ye err not knowing the Scriptures and the Power of God. If you err and exceed in Grief at any time, it is, because ye know not the Power of God: For if ye did ye would see there the Resurrection, and Immortality of all your Desires, Hopes, and Joys.

When our Saviour was entring into the blackest Cloud of sufferings, that ever came upon any Creature; He comforted himself in the Power of God.

Mark 14. 36. Abba Father, all things are possible to thee.

With this he comforts his Disciples in that great matter of their Salvation:

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Matth. 19. 26. With men this is Impossible, but with God all things are Possible.

The Power of God can do Three Things.

1. It can change One contrary into Another, and make them to Embrace each other.

2. It can call back time that is past.

3. It can give a Being to Things, that have been, and have ceased to be any more.

1. The Power of God can change One contrary into Another, and make them both to Embrace each other. Pfal. 139. 11, 12. If I say, the Darkness shall cover me, even the Night shall be light about me. When thy Soul saith, the Darkness of this Affliction will over-whelm me, and quite swallow me up: then can the Power of God make that Night of Affliction to be a Light of

Comfort, and Joy round about thee.

Yea, the Darkness hideth not from thee, saith David to God, but the Night shineth as the Day. No Darkness, no Mid-night of Sorrow can hide, or lock up itself, or a Soul from the Power and Glory of God. These will dwell together with the deepest darkness, and the blackest night. These can make themselves One with them, and so make them to shine equal with the cheerfullest day of Prosperity.

The Power of God can pierce into the thickest Cloud of Grief. It can bring in thither all the Love, Excellency, Delight of the God-Head. It can make the Darkness of Grief a bright Light to discover all these, and lay them open to

the view of your Spirits.

David goeth on: The Derkness and the Light are both alike to thee. O Wonderful Union of Contraries! O Unsearchable Power! O Powerful Matter of universal Joy!

God is the onely Truth, and the Measure of Truth, Darkness, and Light

are both alike to him, who is the first, and last.

As Light holds forth Darkness, and makes Manifest all Excellencies in itself: So Darkness holds forth Light, and is a manifestation of all Glories, an Image

of all Images of Beauty and Pleasure before God.

Light hath its own proper Appearance, and is seen by God in its own diffinct Shape, as it is in itself. Yet in the seeing of it all Things are seen. So doth Darkness appear before God in its darkest and rightest Form; and all Lights of Comforts, Holiness, Truth appear together with it in the same Appearance.

Bleffed are they that abide in God, or are like to God: For no Darkness hideth any foy from them, not the Darkness of Death itself. The Grave shines to them, as Heaven, and shews the same Spirit, Life, and Glory to their eyes.

This is the work of the *Power* of God, which makes Light from above, and darkness from below to meet, and kiss; and like the Man, and the Woman to bear One Image, to become One Light.

Fesus

Jesus Christ Mark 14.35. prayed to his Father, That if it were possible that hour might pass from him. At the 36th verse he tells his Father, that All things were possible to him. Then it was possible to the Father, that That hour should pass away from him. And so his trayer was absolutely for it.

Other Seriptures tell us, that God alwaies heard his Son, and denyed him no

thing; and that he was heard in that which he feared.

Then it follows, that That Dreadful Hour did pass away from Jesus Christ, though it did not pass away. This was the Comfort of Christ, that Power of God, which could reconcile two, which were contradictions; that the sad Hour should pass away, in not passing away.

2. Secondly, The Power of God can call back Time that is past, and make it to be present again. Heb. 13.8. You read of fesus, the same yesterday, to day and for ever. The Lord fesus is the Fulness, the Image, and the shining out of the

God-Head.

They are the Puttings forth, and Discoveries of Jesus Christ, which make all Times, Ages and States. Jesus Christ hath to day the same Powers and Appearances in himself, which being sent forth made yesterday. They are only drawn in. If then he please to day, to put forth the same Appearances to thee, or pull thee into them; he can make yesterday present to day.

When he shall open himself fully to thee from the Beginning to the End; then he will make the Sun to stand still over thy head; he will make all Times past to stand forth, as at the first, and to stand still before thee eternally. For

he is the same yesterday, to day, and for ever.

Rev. 20. 12. We read, that at the Resurrection, the Books were opened. Time is as a Book, which Life opens, and Death shuts. Daies and years passing, are as the turning over of the Leaves of this Book. Whatever God doth, he doth it for ever, saith Solomon in Ecclesiastes Whatever is written in this Book, is never to be blotted out, but remains there to be read to eternity. If any Leaf, or Line were pleasant to thee, and thou mournest, because it is turn'd over, and pass; God can at his pleasure turn that leaf or line back to thee again.

3. The Power of God can make things which have been, and which have ceased to be, to be again. It is a sweet, spiritual, and deep discourse that, which is between the Lord and Martha, concerning Lazarus; John 11.23. Jesus saith unto her, Thy Brether shall rise again. V. 24. Martha saith unto him; I know that he shall rise again in the Resurrection at the last day. V. 25. Jesus said unto her,

I am the Resurrection, and the Life.

Jefus Christ is the Power, the Treasury of God, from which all things are

brought forth, in which they are laid up again, and ever to be found.

The Person of Christ is the Life, and the Resurrection; while things are, they are in him, as in their Root. When they are no more in themselves, they are still in him, as in a Repository. They return into him, as the beauty of dying Flowers into their Root, to come forth again at Spring, in a better manner.

The

The Person of the Lord Jesus is the Life. This world is but as the shadowy Image in the Glass, or Water. All things have their truest, and standing Life in him.

The Lord Jesus is the Resurrestion. For when he discovers himself to us, then

we fee all things again in a full, high, immortal manner.

Hast thou lost any comfort by Death, or any other change in this world; do but look with a Spiritual Eye upon the Spiritual Person of thy Dear Saviour, there thou shalt see thy comforts still living. For he is the Life. Nay, thou shalt see them living immortally, never to dye more. For he is the Resurrection.

Thou shalt see them, and enjoy them substantially, satisfactorily, without fear of losing them. For that which thou seest in him is not a Shadowy Image,

but the Life it self.

4. Spring; Wisdom. The Wisdom of God rightly understood is a Fountain of Peace and Pleasures, which will flow perpetually into the heart of man.

Two Scriptures testifie of this Wisdom.

I Scripture, Eph. I. 1 I. This Scripture speaketh of God, who worketh all things after the counsel of his own will.

These words hold forth four things:

1. A Workman. 2. The Latitude of his Workings. 3. The Pattern. 4. The

Original of that Pattern.

I. The Workman. This is God, who worketh. The chief Agent, the Mafter-wheel in all Motions is the God-Head. Learned Men say, that if the Heavens should stand still, all Things here below would be immediately at a stand, as in the Agyptian Darkness. It is most true of the Trinity, which moves, and makes, and works all things by the Movings of that Life, which it hath in itself.

If the Trinity should stop in the course of its mutual Communion, and Enjoyments: This stop would be a Spoke set in the Wheel of the Creation; nothing could stir any more.

2. The Latitude of his Workings. God worketh all Things.

God worketh all Things Collectively in the General and whole Sum.

God worketh all things Distributively, in Particulars. The Earth is the Lords Work, and the Fulness thereof, Psal. 24. 1. There is no time, nor any minute, or moment of Time, which is not fashioned, and carried on by God. My times are in thine Hand: Saith the Psalmist, Psal. 31. 15. There is no Affair nor the the least Circumstance of any Affair, be it good, or evil, which is not the Work, and the gift of God. Shall we receive Good, and not Evil from the Hand of God; saith Job, Job 2. 10.

God rides upon the Circuit of the Heavens, Psal. 68. 4. So he is the Uni-

versal Cause of Things.

God also fills All in All, Ephes. 1. 23. So He descends into the Lowest Relations, the narrowest Compass, and becomes every where the most Particular Cause of every Thing.

Y

God

God saith of the Tree in the Prophet for the Clusters sake: Spare it, there is a Blessing in it. So mayst thou say of any Thing, whatever it be, great or small, for which thou mournest, or frettest: Spare thy self: There is a Blessing, for there is a God in this Thing.

God is not only a Concurrent cause, working his Part, and leaving to other Causes their Parts apart. But he is a Comprehensive Cause, uniting all in himself and spreading himself thorowall, I Corin. 8. 6. There is One God who wor-

keth all in alt.

Wherever there is any Agent that works: God works all in that Agent. Wherever there is any Form of working: God works all in that Form.

Wherever there is any Subject to be wrought upon, or to receive the work:

God works all in that Subject.

Wherever there is any Effect to be wrought: God works all in that Effect. Not an Angel, or Bird flies, or falls: not a Thought, a Hair, a Dust moves; but as he moves in it, and moves it.

3. The Pattern of these Workings. God worketh all Things according

to Counsel. Counsel, and Wisdom are both the same Thing.

This is the Glory of God, and the Happiness of the Creature, that nothing comes to pass, which is not the Work of God; and nothing is wrought by God, which is not a Work of Wildom. Philosophers, and the Scriptures agree in setting forth the excellent Nature of Wildom by a Two-fold Description of it.

1. Description. Wisdom is Knowledge with a Head. Knowledge is the Image of Things. The Golden Head of this Image is the Heavenly Image of

God in the Person of our Lord Jesus.

Colos. 2. 18. 19. St. Paul calls the Study of the Nature of Angels, not Wisdom, but Folly, and Vanity; a vain Puffing up of the Fleshly Mind, why? Is not this a High, and Excellent Knowledge? Yes. But now it was vanity, not Wisdom; a vain Swelling, not a Substantial Fulness, and Greatness of Spirit in those, of whom the Apostle speaks, Because they held not the Head.

God then, who works all things in Counsel, and true Wisdom, holds the Head in all His Workings: that is, whatever he brings forth, He brings it forth in the Divine Appearance of his Son; he brings forth the Divine

Appearance of his Son upon it, as the Head.

Wisdom saith of God, and herself, Prov. 1.27,29, 30. When he prepared the Heavens, I was there, when He appointed the Foundations of the Earth: Then I

was by Him, as his Delight.

This may be as truly spoken of every Passage of thy Life, of the least Accident, that concerns thy Person. For the same God in the same Wisdom hath wrought these; that prepared the Heavens, and laid the Foundation of the Earth.

Thou mayst with as great Assurance hear (in every Thing of Grief or Joy, which thou meetest with in Flesh, or Spirit) the Glorious Person of thy Beloved Saviour speaking to thee after this manner: God hath prepared this for thee, and

I am

I am here. This hath the Father appointed for thee; and now am I with thee, to be thy Delight, brought up, and growing up before thee, together with this, and

every other Appearance.

You look upon things vainly, with a Fleshly mind, after a heedless manner, if you see not the Brightness, and Delight of the God-Head in the Person of Christ, as a Crown of Rejoycing upon every Providence. You deface the work of God, you look not upon it, as he hath wrought it, Holding the Head if you see not the Face of Christ in every Act, or Accident, as in a Glass.

God in this Sense hath made Christ his Only Begotten Son; in that he brings forth nothing but Discoveries of Jesus Christ. For he is the Head of all Things;

and this is the Wildom of God, the Holding of this Head in all.

This is the First Description of Wisdom.

2. Description: Wisdom is the Fulness of Things, Jesus Christ is the Wif-

dom of God, and the Fulness of all Things, Colos. 1. 19.

Wisdom is that Contrivance, that Harmony of Things, that casts the whole Fulness of Things into each Thing. As Members in the Body, amongst whom the Joy of all pertains to every one; and the Grief of each One to all: So are all the Parts of that work, which is wrought in Wisdom. Wisdom is a Spirit, that conveys the Life, Power, and Sense of all into each Particular; that all may rejoyce, and mourn together every where.

As in a good Picture, all the Proportions of the whole Face meet, and concenter as it were, in each Line, Point, or Touch; giving you from thence a Cast of the Beauty of the whole: So hath God prepared, and appointed all his Works in Wisdom, like an Excellent Picture; that the Fulness of the Whole, and the Beauty of all Parts may shew forth themselves from every Part.

Is there any thing so dark, so low, as that the Wildom of God reacheth not to it, and shines not in it? If the Wildom of God be there, then is there the

Center, the Concurrency, the Union of all Things, of all Glory.

If the Wisdom of God shine there, then is there a Spiritual Light opening all Divine Beautics, making that Thing, the Gate of the Creation, of Paradise, Heaven, and the Divine Nature. This is that Trassique of Wisdom, which makes the Merchandise of it, better than that of Silver, Gold, or Pearl.

4. The Original of that Pattern. God works all things according to the Counsel of his will. The Will of God is the Frinciple, and Original of his Wisdom. The Will of God is the highest Rule, Rest, and Rejoycing of all manner of

Goodness.

The Phanix is said to spring out of a Nest of all manner of Spices laid together, and fired by the Sun, the Will of God is such a Flaming Nest of all Beauties, and Sweetnesses at their Height. Out of this will the Wildom of God springs forth into every Act of Providence, being Beautiful, and Precious in it.

The Will of God is the highest Reason of all things. What if God willing to shew the Riches of his Grace? What if God willing to shew the Power of his Wrath?

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The

The Will in a Spirit is as the Sea to a River. All its workings flow out of

it, and into it. It is its Spring, and Fulnefs.

Shall not thy Will rest, and rejoyce in that, which is the Will of God; that is the Highest Reason; the fullest Rest, and Blessedness of the Divine Nature?

The Will of God, out of which God himself drinks all his Delights, in which

he bathes himself: this Will is the Eternal Fountain.

The Wisdom of God is a Large, and Broad River poured forth from this Fountain. Every Creature, each Passage of things in the Creature, is the Water of this River. Shall it not be Sweet to thee? Canst thou not drink of this Water of the River of God, sent forth from his own Fountain with Delight?

2. Scripture; Deut. 32. 4. Moses sings of God: He is the Rock: His work

is perfect: All his ways are Judgment.

The Work of God is Perfect in the whole. For all the ways of God in his

work in Particular, are in Judgment, that is, in exact Wisdom.

This place affords us Three comfortable Observations concerning the ways, and works of God.

1. Observation: Nothing comes to pass, but that which is best.

2. Observation: Nothing falls out but in the best Time.

3. Nothing is brought about, but in the best manner.

The former place of Scripture taught us, that all things are the Work of God. This teacheth us, that his work is Perfect, and all the ways of it Exact, according to the best fudgment of things, and the rightest rules of Wisdom, which are the Weights in the Ballance of our Judgment.

1. Observation: Nothing comes to pass, but that, which is best. David saith:

It was good for me, that I was afflicted: P(al. 119. 71.

Goodness is made up of all Perfections. Evil, by any one Defect. Affliction had not been good for David, if it had not been Best fill it had kept out any thing,

that might have been better for him, it had been an Evil to him.

Rom. 8. All things work together for the good of those that love God. Where all things work together for good, there all things are like Stones in an Arch, in which every Stone is absolutely necessary. If you pull any one out of its place, the whole Arch falls. Where many things fall into Conspiracy, or Harmony for good, there the Stops, and Shakes make the Musick, as well, as the Stroaks, and Sounds; there every thing is Best. For the Alteration of any thing alters the Harmony. If all things work together for good, than each Particular thing with all the Circumstances, and Defects of it.

2. Observation: Nothing falls out, but in the best time. Eccles. 3. 11. We learn, that God hath made every thing Beautiful in its Season. Every thing is brought forth by God in the Season of its beauty, so that you may say; This

Time, and this Thing were fitted one for another from Eterniny.

The Jews fay; that Souls were match't, and pair'd in Heaven: and that Marriages prove happy on Earth, when they were first made in Heaven; when a Soul

a Soul meets with its first Mate. God hath from Eternity match't every Thing to its Time. And every Thing meets fully with the same Time on Earth. So it proves a Lovely, and Glorious Marriage.

Psal. 1. 3. A good man is compared to a Tree, that brings forth his Fruit in its Season. The good God doth so, much more. He brings forth all the Fruits of his Providence, whether they be Bitter, or Sweet, in their proper Season;

in that Seafon, in which they have a true, and full Beauty.

Good and Evil never befal us, but in their own Season, when they are Natural, kindly, and Beautiful. If a good should happen to thee in the Time of an Evil, or an Evil in the Time of a Good, it were like the Stars seen at Noon and the Sun at midnight; which would be a matter of Terrour, and assonishment to Mankind; arguing Disorder in Nature, and presaging Confusions to the world.

3. Observation: Nothing is brought about, but in the best manner. The Jews witnessed of Christ, that he had done all things well; not only good for the

Matter, but also well for the Manner.

There are Three Things, which commend a Piamond. 1. The Goodness of the Stone. 2. The well-setting. 3. The well-cutting of it. Every Providence of God towards thee is such a Diamond. It is Best in itself. It is well-set, in the best Season, and State of Things. It is well-cut, all the Circumstances are ordered, and polish't with the best skill, like Points of the Diamond, to

sparkle forth most Sweetness, and Beauty.

All His ways are Judgment. Every way of God, in each Circumstance of every work is scan'd, and judg'd, and so disposed in the most Judicious manner. Not a Mote, or a Hair in any business falls casually, or lies neglected, but is weighed in Judgment, and ordered with the highest skill, and care. Never then repine more or say; if it had not been This, or Then, or Thus, I could have born it. For now thou sinness against the Wisdom of God, which hath ordered, and appointed all these Three; This, Then, and Thus: So that This was Best; Then it was most Beautiful; and Thus it was the greatest Blessing.

I will conclude this Particular, with that of Solomon in the Proverbs, Prov. 3. 17. All the ways of wisdom are Peace, and all her Paths are Pleasantness

This is true Two ways.

First, all the goings forth of Wisdom in thy Spirit are Peaceful, and Pleafant. If Wisdom enlighten thy way, and lead thee forth into all things by the Beams of her Discoveries, as the Path of thy Spirit: then all the Out-goings of thy soul into Things, and all the Appearances of 'Things to thy Soul, will be like a Sweet Tune, or Pleasant Dance.

Secondly, all the goings forth of God in his Wisdom are Paths of Peace, and Pleasantness. No providences would be a Labyrinth or Wilderness to a man, to bring him to a loss; if he travelled thorow them with that Thread of Light, with which God went forth into them. Do but go by the Foot-steps of God,

and track his Wisdom in the world; and you shall walk continually in a Smooth and quiet Path, in a Path of Rest, and Joy even thorow the Darkest Thickets

I have spoken of the Fourth Spring of Joy in God, His Wildom. Now let

us pass to the next.

5. Spring: The Glory of God. Psal. 8. 1. David breaks forth into Admiration, O Lord, our Lord, how excellent is thy Name in all the Earth! Who

hast set thy Glory above the Heavens.

Divines distinguish the Glory of God into Essential, and Manifestative. The Essential Glory of God is that which shines Eternally in the Person, and Nature of God. This Beauty is the God-Head's Self in the Image, which is Jesus Christ. But I am not now to speak of this. For I spake of this Glory before

in the Second Spring, the Beauty of God.

The Manifest ative Glory of God is that, which he holds forth to us in the Creature. David speaks of the Essential Glory of God, when he saith, that God hath set his Glory above the Heavens. No creature can bring forth, or bear the Essential Glory of God. It is above the highest, the most heavenly creature, in respect to its Excellency, or Capacity. David speaks of the Manifest ative Glory of God in those words: How excelient is thy Name in all the Earth! The Name is the Image of God, the Appearance or Manifestation of his Glory. This Name of God is in All the Earth, in the lowest part, or state of the creature, and every thing of it. The Name of God is Excellent, to Admiration, in all the Earth. What a Foundation is this to build Joy upon in every condition? Thou canst not be so low in the Earth, but thou may est read the Name of God, and see his Glory in thy lowest state.

Look then upon thy greatest Loss, or Cross, and say, My God, how excellent is thy Name in This also? The Death of my friend, mine own grief shall be precious in mine eyes, because they are the manifestations of thy Glory. I will call nothing dark, bitter, or base, in which theu writest thy Name, and hast thy Beauty

Chining forth with an excellency.

I have now finished my Answer to the second Mistake, which contains Directions, how to look upon the single Person of God, and Christ; what to look upon in That Person, which will fill us with Joy in every condition. Now I am arrived at the Third Mistake, which hinders the Soul from attaining to a state

of Spiritual Joy.

3 Mistake: That Spiritual Grief and Joy are inconsistent, and cannot stand together. You shall perceive this, as a Principle laid down in the hearts of many Christians by the Reply which they will make, when they are pressed to Joy as a Grace, and to continual Delight, as a Duty. Woe is me, saith one, how can I have any Joy, who have so many corruptions, and sins to mourn for continually? Alas! saith another, should I rejoyce, or take any delight, who am still called to mourning and heaviness by private Assistances, or publick Calamities? I answer all these, that they err, not understanding aright the Scriptures,

Scriptures, and the Power of the Spirit of God in the Soul. They erre in supposing that foy and Grief in the Spirit do hinder, and not help forward one another. I will endeavour the Removal of this Mistake by Two General Rules, and then by Particular Application of these Rules.

The Two General Rules are these:

1 Rule: Take heed of separating those things which God hath joyned.

2. Rule: Take not any mourning to be boly, which hath not a holy mirth

mingled with it.

I Rule: Take heed of separating those things which God bath joyned. Solomon saith, That God hath set One thing over against another. We may read it; God hath set One thing By another, or For another. God often sets several things One By another, to compleat each other; and we set them One Against another, to sight, and destroy.

God is One, Gal. 3.20. But the name of the Devil is Legion: For he is many. God by Beholding all things in One Light: by Possessing all things in One

Life; by Enjoying all things in One Love, is One, and Bleffed for ever.

The Devil by Dividing becomes a Destroyer, the Principle, and Seat of Destruction.

Jesus Christ is the Mediator: He makes things distant to meet in him: He

gathers up all things into One, Ephef. 1. 10.

Jesus Christ by Reconciling divers Appearances of God, divers Administrations in Man, makes his Church to be of many Members One Body; and of all things makes One Beauty.

We by setting One Appearance, or State of the same thing, One Administration or Gift to fight with another, make the Church a Babel, and the Common-

wealth a Field of Blood.

The Spirit is a Band of Unity, Eph. 4. 3. Unity is in the Spirit; Division is in the Flesh. The Spirit by binding up various Operations of the same Grace, various Illuminations of the same Truth, in One Band of Unity, makes us Spiritual in Judging, and Living. We first breaking off the Parcels of Truth, and Properties of Grace, then oppose them. So we become carnal, apt to miscarriages in our selves, and contentions with others. Take heed then of separating those things which God hath joyned. He is a growing Saint, a God-like man among men, who hath a Spirit Reconciling and Uniting Persons, Things, Duties, Graces, Factions, Assections, Parties, Properties.

This is the First Rule.

2 Rule: Take not any mourning to be holy or spiritual, which hath not a holy mirth mingled with it.

Be angry, and sin not, saith the Apostle. Let not the Sun go down upon your

wrath, Eph. 4. 26.

So faith the spiritual man; I will mourn, and not sin. The Sun shall not go down upon my Griefs. The Sun of a Saint, the Sun of the Soul is festes Christ,

who

who hath the Light of Life. The shining of his Face upon the Soul, makes it cheerful; sills it with beams of Joy; glads it more than store of Corn and Wine can glad any carnal heart. Spiritual foy is the Sun-shine of Christ's face in the soul. The Bridegroom shall be taken from them, and then they shall fast, and mourn in those daies: saith Christ of his Disciples, Luk. 5. 35.

Fesus Christ is the Bridegroom of the Soul, as the Sun is of the Earth. His Presence and Appearance in the Soul is the Joy of it. Every thing is sinful in us, which casts down the Light of our Saviour's countenance in our Spirits. 'Tis Sin to grieve the Spirit of Christ, that is, to straiten it and hinder it from re-

joycing, and putting forth its Joys in us.

If the Passion of Grief or Anger gather to a Thick Cloud, so as to Darken the bright Face of the Lord Jesus in us, it becomes a Corruption, and Transgression. We are commanded to Rejoyce evermore, I Thes. 5. 16. Rejoyce in the Lord always, Phil. 4. 4. Our Spirits are to be playing, and sporting themselves uncessantly in the Light of our Saviours Presence. It is from the Devil, and the Flesh, whatever interrupts this Joy, these Sportings.

The Rain-bow was the Covenant of God in the Cloud, that the Waters

Should no more cover the Earth: Genes. 9. 6, 15.

The Rain-bow is ever set in a Black, Watery Cloud. But it is begotten by the Reflection of the Sun-beams upon that Cloud, mixing their chearful Beau-

ties, with its Melancholy Blackness.

Grief is then alone a Grace in thy soul, when the Sun shines upon the watery Cloud. When the Glory of Christ mingles its sweet Beams with thy Grief, and makes a Spiritual Rain-bow in thy Soul. Then is there the Covenant of God in the Cloud of thy Grief.

This Over-spreading of a Spiritual chearfulness upon thy Sorrows is a Sign from Heaven, that the waters of Sin, Despair, and Wrath shall never quite

cover the Image of God in thee.

I now come to the Particular Applications of these General Rules.

I will do this under Two Heads:

1. Spiritual Mourning. 2. The mixture of Mirth with it.

1. Head: Spiritual Mourning. I will here set before you the Nature of a Holy Grief in these Four Particulars.

The Matter.
 The Manner.

3. The Measure. 4. The Mystery.

1. The Matter of Spiritual Mourning is Evil in all the Kinds and Degrees of it.

Eccles. 3. 3, 4. Solomon couples Two Verses fitly together: A Time to Kill and a Time to Heal: a Time to break down, and a Time to build up. A Time to Weep, and a Time to Laugh, a Time to Mourn, and a Time to Dance.

These Times answer one another. The Killing Time is the Weeping Time: the Healing Time is the Laughing Time. The Time of Breaking is the Time

for

for Mourning, and the time of Building is the time for Dancing. Man is Gods Cymbal, or Harp. Our Affections, and Passions are the Strings upon it. It makes good Musick, when it keeps Time with the Administration of God. When the Lord brings forth Gosd Things for us, then he toucheth our Sweet Affections, and awakens them. When he brings any Evil upon us, then he

strikes upon our sharp, and sad Passions, to make them sound.

There are Two Sorts of Evil: The Evil of Sin, and of Misery. Moses expressed both these Evils by a Contrariety, Levit. 26. 23. 24. If ye will walk contrary unto me: I also will walk contrary unto you. The Evil of Sin is the Contrariety of Man to God: The Evil of Misery is the Contrariety of God to Man. Sin is the Running out of Things from the Glory of God: the breaking of the Harmony of Divine Love, Beauty, and Wisdom by a Discord. Sorrow is the Return of Things into this Glory: the bringing of the Discord into a Harmony again. Both these Evils are the Matter of Spiritual Mourning.

I. The Evil of Sin. We are to grieve for the Evil of Sin in our selves, and

in others.

1. We are to grieve for Sin in our selves, Psa. 5 1. 3. David cryes to God, I acknowledge my transgression; my sin is before me. When Sin appears in its right shape to us, it brings forth sorrow, as its Image in our souls, as naturally, as the face of God begets a face of Joy in our hearts. Mourning is as the Mouth by which we confess our corruptions. It is the Image and Form, in which the sense of guilt holds forth it self in the Spirit. He that grieves, and glories not in the Glory of God, calls Good Evil, and Light Darkness. He that is merry, and mourns not under guilt, he calls Evil Good, and Darkness Light. Both lye under a Curse; one for turning the Glory of God into a Lye; the other for Boasting himself in a Lie against the Truth. Not to feel a Sorrow for Sin, is to deny the Nature of it, to destroy the Person of Christ, to make void his Cross, to consound, and dissolve the Mystery of God.

2. We are to grieve for Sin in others, Psal. 119. 53. David complains, Horrour hath taken hold of me, because of the Wicked, that forsake thy Law. When the Sun, the Light of the World, laboureth under an Eclipse by the

Moon, the Sight of it naturally strikes a kind of Horrour upon the Spirits of Men. For it portends Blood, and Ruine in one Kind or another. In each Sin there is a more Dreadful Eclipse. The Image of God, which is the True Life, and Light of all Creatures, laboureth, and grouneth being oppress under, and darkned by the Image and will of Man. He that understands this Sight, sees in it a certain Presage of Wrath, and Desolation, which fills him with Astonishment.

Ephef. 4. 30. Grieve not, faith St. Paul, the Holy Spirit of Christ. Sin grieves the Spirit of Christ. As Jesus Christ Sympathizeth, and Suffereth with us, having a fellow-feeling of our Infirmities by a Union of Spirits. So a good man hath a Sympathy, and fellow-feeling with his Saviour, when he sees his Spirit grieved by the Sins of other men. Thus we are to Mourn for the First Evil, the Evil of Sin.

Z. The

.. The Evil of Suffering. We are to mourn for our own Sufferings, and the

Sufferings of others.

I. We are to mourn for our own Sufferings, El. 22. 12. In that day did the Lord God of Hosts call to weeping, and to mourning. What Day was this? It was a Day of Calamity, when Death was before their Eyes. So you may see at the 13th verse: They said: Let us eat, and drink, for to morrow we shall die. The Providences, and Appearances of God are his Language, in which he speaks to us. God requires of us, that we should have an Ear to hear, and a Tongue to answer him in his own Language. It is said in one place, that the Heaven should hear the Earth. Is it not much more fit then, that the Earth should hear the Heavens? The Heavens are the Image of God, the Heart of Man is the Earth. Shall God speak to us in Wrath, and Ruine; and shall not we hear, and answer him with Fear and Trembling? Shall God speak to us in Thunder, Storms and Blood; And shall not we hear, and answer him with Tears, and Broken Hearts?

2. We are to mourn for the Sufferings of Others, 2 Corin. 11. 2, 9. Who, faith St. Paul, is fick, and I am not afflicted? who is offended, and I burn not?

Every good Man is like his God, and Father. All Things are his, because he is the Spouse of Christ, the Child and Heir of God, one Spirit with Christ, and God. So he suffers in all. As St. Paul said; I make up the Sufferings of Christ in my Flesh: So saith he; All Things that Suffer, add to my Screens, and

make up my Sufferings in their Flesh.

A goodMan is OneSpirit withChrist. Thus he is likeChrist, a Spirit of Univeral Sweetness, which longs, and labours to bring forth itself in Peace, and Pleasures every where. When it meets with a Soul shut up in Griefs, it is straitned and afflicted there, and burns like a Fire, to be at liberty in that Heart. This Spirit suffers with each Heart, till it can make every Heart to rejoyce with itself. It is never entirely Risen from the Dead, while there is any one in the Grave of Sorrows. That One is a Member of its Body; and it is ever present with the whole Body, being all of itself in every Part of that; all in the Sorrows of the Militant and Suffering Part, as truly as it is all in the Joys of the Triumphant, and Rejoycing Part. This is the Matter of our Mourning, Evil in both kinds, of Sin, and Suffering.

2. The manner of our Mourning. This is the Second Particular. My way in this shall be to give you some Distinctions, and then some Rules drawn from

those Distinctions.

The Distinctions are Three.

First, of the Appearances of God. Secondly, of the State of Things. Thirdly, of the Life of Man.

Distinction, of the Appearances of God: These are Two-fold.
 The Supream.
 Subordinate Appearance.

1. The Supream Appearance of God is One, Bleffed for ever, perfect in Glory,

Glory, Unchangeable. This is fesus Christ, the same Yesterday, to Day, and for Ever: Heb. 13. 8. This is that Heavenly Image of the God-Head, which gathers up into one, in itself, all Images of things, in all Times. David speaks of this, Psal. 16. 11. In thy Presence (or Face) is fulness of foy: at thy Right Hand are pleasures for evermore. In these words are Four Things.

1. The Presence, or Face, and the Right Hand of God. Both these expressions signify God in his Naked, Highest, and Rightest Appearance. 2. Pleasures are here doubly exprest by foy, and Pleasures. 3. There is Persection in those Pleasures, a Fulness of foy. This sulness intimates a Solidity, or Substantiality of Joy for the kind; an Abundance, and Satisfactoriness for Degree.

4. A Perpetuity is added to all this. The Pleasures are for evermore. This is the Description of God in his Supream Appearance, in which there is all Variety; but no Mixture: all Communion, and Communication; but no Chance.

This Appearance is Light without any Darkness.

2. The Subordinate Appearance of God is Manifold. God in this respect is called, the Lord of Hosts, because he comes forth in an Army of Appearances, which are his Ten Thousand Chariots, his Millions of Angels. God in his Supream Appearance, is Light: in his Subordinate Appearance, a Fire. He is in this Appearance a Mixture of Light, and Darkness. He hath various effects, Cherishing, and Consuming: Drawing forth all Things, and devouring them again. Here God is various; sometimes blazing forth brightly; sometimes wrapping up himself in a thick Smoak: sometimes Burning Dreadfully; sometimes schining out Sweetly. This is the Appearance of God, as he comes forth in a Created Image to the Creature of the First Creation. This is called by Moses the Back-parts of God, in which he hath many Names proclaimed before him, which have Change, and Contrariety in them: Exod. 34. 6, 7. Gracious, and Fealous; Long-suffering, and visiting, &c.

This is the First Distinction.

2. Distinction, of the State of Things. This is Two-fold:

i. The State of Things in the Spirit, or God.

2. The State of Things in the Flesh, or the Creature.

You have this Distinction taught you, Heb. 2. 14. For as much, as the Children are made Partakers of Flesh and Blood. Here you have the Children before their Clothing of Flesh and Blood; again you have the Children in that Clothing. There is such another place as this, which expounds it, and is expounded by it, Rom. 8. 20, 21. The Creature was made subject to Vanity, not willingly, but in Hope, &c. It shall be delivered into the glorious Liberty of the Sons of God. Here is the Creature before, above, after the Vanity of this Creation, in the Liberty of the Sons of God. Here is the Creature under vanity, and in the Corruptible Creation.

1. State: The State of Things in the Spirit, or in God. This is a State of Immortal Beauty, and Joys. All things live to God, Luk. 20. 38. To God,

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that is, in God. All Things live to God, that is, as they are seen by God; for all things are seen by God, in God. God never looks off, or looks out from Himself.

Rom. 8.6. To be spiritually-minded is life and seace. All things live and flourish to the spiritual mind, which is born of God, which is both the Eye and Image of God in the Soul, as they do to God. He that hath the Eternal Spirit for the Eye of his Mind, hath it also for the Object of his Mind. He that seeth things by the Spirit, seeth them in the Spirit. All things in the Spirit are One Spirit with that Spirit, Spiritual Appearances of the Spirit. So they are living and pleasant Images of that Life and Peace which is the Activity and Harmony of the Divine Nature.

Rom. 11.36, St. Paul saith of God; Of him, and through him, and to him, are all things; to whom be glory for ever, Amen. God is blessed for ever; the Spring and Seat of Blessedness. All things cannot but be Branches of Blessedness, as they have their beginning, their way, their ends in him, who is the E-

ternal Spirit of Bleffedness and Glory.

2 State. The State of things in the flesh, or in the creature, or in themselves.

This is a Flourishing, Fading, and Flaming State of Things.

We have it described by St. Peter, I Pet. I. 24. All Flesh is as Grass, and all the Glory of the Flesh, as the Flower of the Field: the Grass withereth, and the Flower thereof falleth away.

All Things in the Flesh are, at best, Vanity, and change in their Principles.

Their Path is Corruption, their Conclusion is Consumption, as by Fire.

This is the Second Distinction.

3. Distinction: of the Life of Man. Man hath a Two-fold Principle.

1. A Heavenly.

2. An Earthly Principle.

This Distinction is said down, I Cor. 15. 45. The First Man Adam was made a living Soul: the New Adam is a quickning Spirit. Adam is a Universal Name, which includes all Mankind, as in its Root, or Principle. The Two Adams are the Two Principles, or distinct Roots of Man. One is a Living Soul, the Soul of all Mankind in its Natural State. The other is a Quickning Spirit, the Spirit, or Principle of men, as they are converted from Nature to Grace, or Glory. These Principles are called by the Apostle in this place, one Heavenly; the other Earthly. v. 47. The First Man is from the Earth; the Second Man is the Lord from Heaven. v. 48. As is the Earthy, such are they that are Earthy; as is the Heavenly, such are they that are Heavenly. These Two Principles are likewise called Two Images, the Image of the Heavenly, and of the Earthly Man. v. 49. As we have born the Image of the Earthly, we shall also bear the Image of the Heavenly Man.

They are likewise stiled in Scripture the Inward, and the Outward Man, Corin. 2. 4, 14. Though our Outward Man perish, our Inward is renewed day by day. The Heavenly Principle is as the Center; the Earthly, as a Point in

the Circumference shooting forth its Beams from thence only.

The

The Heavenly, and Earthly Principle lie mutually infolded in one another. The Earthly Principle is in the Heavenly, as the Seed in the full-blown Flower. The Heavenly Principle is in the Earthly, as the Flower lies hid in the Seed. The Earthly is in the Heavenly, as the Flowers of all Colours are in the Light. The Heavenly is in the Earthly, as Light is in every Colour. These Two are also expressed by the Spiritual, and Natural Man, 1 Cor. 2. 14, 15. So also by the New, and Old Man, Coloss. 3. 9, 10. Man according to the Diversity of these Two Principles is capable of a Five-fold life at once.

1. The Life of the Heavenly Principle in itself.

2. The Life of the Earthly Principle, as it is Comprehended in the Heavenly.

2. The Life of the Heavenly, as it is in the Earthly.

4. The Life of the Earthly, as it is Subordinate to the Heavenly.

5. The Life of the Earthly Principle in itself.

1. Life: The Life of the Heavenly Principle in itself. Man, as he lives this Life, is uncapable of any blot of Sin, or spot of Sorrow. The Apostle speaks with reference to this Life, Ephes. 5.8. Now are ye Light in the Lord: Walk, as

Children of the Light.

As we live in the Heavenly Principle, and that lives in itself, we are Children of Light; clear Beams of the God-Head, like Christ, Brightnesses of the Fathers Glory, which can neither be Desiled, nor Darkned. That which is born of God, sins not, nor cannot sin. I may add, it grieves not, nor cannot grieve, according to its Heavenly Birth. In this Principle we are Light in the Lord. Our Saviour tells us, that we shall be in the Resurrection, as the Angels. He tells us again; that the Angels of Little Children behold the Face of God in Heaven. This Life in the Heavenly Principle is the Resurrection. In this we are alwaies, as Angels. While we are like little Ones on Earth; we are as the most Glorious Angels, beholding the Face of our Father in Heaven: while we are inclosed in the Darkness of Flesh, we are at the same time Light in the Lord. It is the Opinion of some very learned men, that the Supream part of the Soul which is above sensible Things, ever living in the midst of Invisible Things, the Head, and Spirit of the Soul; that this is each Mans Angel.

But man hath a Head above this Head. The Head of Man is Christ, as the Head of Christ is God, I Cor. II. 3. Man hath a Spirit above this Spirit: Whom I with my Spirit serve in the Gospel of his Son: Saith St. Paul, Rom. I. 9. The Heavenly Principle is this Head, and Spirit. Thou hast an Eternal Life in this Head, and Spirit of thine. In this Life thou art more than an Angel in the midst of the Throne: thou art Light in the Lord: thou art in the

Light of the Lord, as He Himself is in that Light.

This is the First Life.

2. Life: The Life of the Earthly Principle, as it is Comprehended in the Heavenly. The Earthly Principle in the Heavenly, is as the Heavenly. Behold, faith Jesus Christ, I make all Things new, 2 Corin. 5. 17. As the Sun riseth upon

the Earth; so doth the New Man upon the Old, making that also to have a New Face of Immortality, as it is comprehended in the Beams of the New Man. The Glory of God taking up Elijah, was as a Chariot of Fire, because as it catcheth up, it changeth, and conforms to itself that which it catcheth up into itself. Such is the Heavenly Principle taking up the Earthly into it.

When St. Paul was caught up into the Third Heaven, and Paradise: then he was another man. I knew a Man, saith he. Then he was that Man of Paradise. If he was caught up in the Body: then was his Earthly Body a Paradisical Body, comprehended in the Body of Paradise. When he was let down again, he was an Earthly Man in an Earthly Body, 2 Cor. 12. The Gracian Poet tells us of an Herb, which had one Name among the Gods, and another Name among Men. All the Things of this world, have one fort of Names and Natures, as they are in their own Principle. But as they are Comprehended, and Converst with by a Heavenly Principle, they have quite other Names, and Natures, which are Heavenly. As Adam, so each Principle gives Names to all Things according to itself, and by those Names they are called in that Principle. The Sickness, and Death of the Earthly Principle have other Names, Names of Life in the Heavenly Principle.

This is the Second Life.

3. Life: The Life of the Heavenly Principle in the Earthly This is, as the Life of Christ in the Flesh. It is the Life of the Son of God in Flesh.

This is the Firmament, which divides between the Waters of Life above, and the Waters of Grief, and Death below. It reacheth to both, and drinks of both. It hath in its own Principle all the Springs of Peace, and Joy. But as it is in one Person, and Principle with the Fleshly Man, it takes the Infirmities of that upon itself, and bears all its Diseases. And besides all, it hath one Disease of its own, which the Earthly Man bears no part in, and that is, the Imprisonment, Restraint, and Contradiction of Sins, and Sinners, which it suffers in the Earthly Principle. The Heavenly Principle in the Earthly is both the Primary Inflicter of all Sufferings, and the Principle afflicted by those Suf-

ferings.

4. Life: The Life of the Earthly Principle, as it is Subordinate to the Heavenly. This is that Flesh of Christ, of which St. Paul speaks in the Mystery, as of the Spouse of Christ, Ephes. 5. 31, 32. This is that Spouse, which though it have still a Head, a Principle of its own, yet it vails this Head, and subordinates this Principle to the Heavenly Principle, as to its Husband, till it be taken up into it, that so there may be no more Male and Female; but one Man in Christ: no more Flesh and Spirit; but all according to the New Adam, a Quickning Spirit. This Flesh is indeed washt with pure water, that it cannot sin. But it is Baptized unto Christ, as the Jews were unto Moses, I Cor. 10, 2. in the Cloud, and in the Sea. It is the Immediate, and Proper Subject of all Sufferings. This is the Man, that saith, Lamen. 3. 1. I am the Man that hath seen affliction by the Rod of his Wrath.

This is a Beast for Slaughter. But it is the Lamb among the Beasts. It is a Lamb without Spot, which is slain all the day long. But it is slain, as a Sacri-

fice, not as an Abomination.

that runs, and snusses up the Wind. This is the Seat of Sorrows, and the Pit of Pollutions. St. Paul, Colos. 2. 11. calls this the Body of the Sins of the Flesh. The Flesh, as it is in its own Principle is the Womb, and Mother of all Evil. The Devil sows all his several Seeds in this Womb. So the Body that springs forth from the Flesh, is the Devils Body, in which all the Members are the several puttings forth of those various Seeds, and Divers Principles of Evil cast by the Devil into the Flesh. These Principles are in truth so many particular Devils in him, who is their Prince, and Head. The Body of the Sins of the Flesh is then a Cluster of Devils Incarnated, in which each Member in particular is a particular Devil in Flesh,

Rom. 6. 19. As ye have yielded your Members Servants (in a verse before St. Paul called them Instruments) unto Uncleanness, and Iniquity, (that is, to the Principle of Uncleanness, and Iniquity, which is the Devil) to Iniquity, (that is, to make themselves one with that Principle, and the various Images, or manisestations of the various Powers in that Principle:) so yield your Members Servants to Righteousness, (that is, Jesus Christ the Righteousness of God) unto Holiness. (to the pure, unmixt, unclouded holding forth of the several vertues of Christ, thorow your several Members.) You see the Life of the Earthly Principle in itself; that it is the Center, or Spring thorow which the Prince of Darkness, and Devils thrusts forth all his Evil Powers, and Spirits in-

to a Body.

By this means it is made the Beaft, that bears the Whore; it is made an Ass, which bows down its back to all the Burthens of every Devil, and Evil. Thus much for the Distinctions, which concern the manner of our grieving. Now follow the Rules which are drawn from these Distinctions to direct us in the

Spiritual manner of Mourning.

1. Rule: Know the Ground of your Mourning to be the Suberdinate only, and not the Supream Appearance of God, Pfal. 30. 5. His anger endureth but a moment; in his favour is Life: Weeping may endure for a Night, but Joy comes in the Morning. When thou grievest, and lamentest most bitterly, then remember; that this Discovery of God, which covers thee with so much Horrour, is but a momentary, and dark one; it is the Night, the Back-part of God. The Morning appearance, the Face of thy God is Bright, and Shining with Joy. The Living, True, Eternal Discovery, which is above all other Discoveries, is favourable, and kind. When thou lookest upon God, and takest the Rise of thy Mourning at the highest: then say; my Soul, there is yet a Sight of God higher than this, into which if thou couldst raise thy self, thou shouldst find all their Love and Delight. It is a Rule among Divines, that there is no Su-

pream Evil. Evil hath its Root in the Subordinate Manifestations of God, in his Clothings, and Disguises. Travel on to the Naked Person, to the open Face of God, and thou Travellest beyond all the Fountains, and Heads of Grief, or Evil.

2. Rule: Understand well, that the Object of all Sorrow is the State of Things in sless, not in the Spirit. The Law is the Ministry of Death, and Condemnation, 2 Cor. 3. 7. Sin comes in by Occasion of the Law, Rom. 7. 8. The Law is the Occasion of Sin, and the ministry of Death by reason of the Flesh, Rom. 8. 3. What the Law could not do (that is, to make us Holy, or Happy,) therow the weakness of the Flesh. The weakness of the Flesh is the

Ground, on which all wickedness, and woe is wrought.

The Flesh is the Shadow, the Vail, Hebr. 10. 20. Whatever evil is the Object of thy Grief, so grieve, as knowing it to be in the Shadowy part, in the Out-side of Things only. 'Tis but a Leprosie in the Skin. Job calls the Fleshly State of Things in themselves, and not in the Spirit, but Skin, Job 19. 26. So doth the Devil in the Proverb: Skin for Skin. The Inside, the Substance, the Spiritual; and Life-part of those Things, over which thou so sadly breakest thy heart, is Peace. The Altar for Sacrifices was without the vail, all thy Evilsare without the vail, let thy griefs then abide without the vail, like the Servants of Abraham at the Foot of the Mount. But let thy Spirit enter within the vail, and let Isaac only go thither with thee, the Child of Mirth, and Laughter. The Sca, and Storms are without the Vail, only in the Shadow. The Anchor, and the Reck; Rest is within the Vail, in the Spirit, and Truth of Things.

3. Rule: Grieve so, as having thy Head still above the Clouds of Grief in a clear Light of Peace and Joy. Thy Head is Christ; thy Head is thy Heavenly Principle, thy Life hid with Christ in God, Colos. 3. 3. This is your Head, hiding itself in a Divine Light, and Glory, above all Storms and Changes.

D. vide your self then in your Sorrows. Let your grief be upon your Inferiour parts: but let your Head be in Joys. And as your Inferiour Parts are subordinate to your Head: So let the Joys of that be, as the head of your Griefs. They that are washt, need to have their Feet only washt; said our Savisur. Let your Feet only be washt with Tears. And then remember, that the Anointing of Glory, and the Oyl of gladness is upon your Heads. So mourn, as that you may be like the Description of Christ, Revel. 1. 14. 15. that your Face may shine like the Sun in its Strength, while your Feet are in the Furnace. Feel your God stroaking your Head with his right hand, while his left hand is striking your Feet with an Iron Rod of Affliction. See how Job in a Tempest of Miseries yet Glories in his Head lift up above the Storm, Job 16.18,19.0 Earth cover not the uny Blood, and let my Cry have no place. Also now behold! My Witnes is in Heaven, and my Record is on High.

When thy Tears and Blood run down upon the ground, when thy Crics fill the Earth; then raile thy felf like feb, and fay: even now, behold! My Head

is in Heaven, now I have a Life in my Heavenly Principle, which is an Eternal Record of my Glory, and Blessedness. This testifies of a Beauty, and Joy

to me in these very Sorrows.

4. Rule: Let the Heavenly Principle, as it lives in the Earthly, be the Spring of your Sorrows. Let not thy Griefs be an Oppression to the Spiritual Man in thee, but an Oblation from it. Thy Griefs will be an oppression to it, if they proceed not from itself Originally. For then its Joys in the Flesh are taken away from it by another, by the Fleshly Principle. Thy Griefs are an Oblation by the Spirit, when they flow Primarily from the Spirit. For then itself layeth down its Joys, as Christ speaketh of his Life. The Blood, which our Saviour shed, is called in Scripture the Blood of God. Though the Blood ran thorow the Humane Nature. Yet the Person, or Principle, that bled in that Nature, was God.

Our Divinity ordinarily teacheth us this: that Christ was Man, that he might Suffer; God, that he might Merit. His Blood had been of no value with God, if it had not been the Blood of God. In like manner your Tears cannot be Heavenly and Divine; if they be not the Tears of the Heavenly, and Divine Principle in you. Though the Earthly Principle be as the Earth, in which these bitter Waters bubble up, and run along: yet the Heavenly Principle must be the Spring in this Earth, out of which they arise: Otherwise they will be of no use to you, nor value with God.

5. Rule: Let the Mourning of your Earthly Principle be a Subordination, and Submission to your Heavenly Principle. This makes your Sorrow a Sacri-

fice, when without this your Mourning is but Murmuring.

Heb. 10. 5, 6, 7. Jesus Christ is brought in speaking to God his Father: Sacrifice, and Burnt-Offering thou wouldst not, but a Body hast thou prepared me.

Then (aid I, lo I come, to do thy Will O God.

Thus the Heavenly Principle speaks the same Language in every St. Thou wilt have no more Sacrifices of Beasts. The Time is past, in which thou hast taken pleasure to have the Inseriour Earthly Principle to be Sacrificed to, and by the Superiour Heavenly Principle, while thme Image was present only in the Type, and Shadow. But now thou hast prepared a Body for me, thou hast brought me into the Earthly Principle, that I should make a Burnt-Offering of my self to thee, as of my own Body. They were to bring no Strange Fire to the Sacrifice, but to wait till Fire from Heaven fall down upon it and consume it. In like manner is the Earthly man to lay itself on the Altar by the Power of the Heavenly Man, and to wait, till that bring forth a Flame of Sorrow upon it. The Earthly man should say alwaies to the Heavenly, I mourn, that I may do thy Will, and not mine own.

Est quadam flere Libido. There may be a Lust in weeping, and so there is, when the Outward Man fulfils his own will in weeping, and not the Will of

the Inward Man, which is one with the Will of Christ and God.

A a

6. Rule:

in your Griefs. If the Flesh have a Power of its own to make you Grieve, to qualifie, or measure your Griefs, it will bring the Curse of the Serpent upon you: it will make you to go upon your Belly, to sink altogether into your sensual and Corruptible Part. It will make you feed upon Dust, seek a merit in, and a Nourishment from your Sorrows. When the Flesh hath Liberty to interpose it felf in our mourning, it makes our mourning Brutish, or Devilish. It makes our mourning Brutish by deriving it from outward, and Temporal Things; by terminating it on these. So our Lamentations are as the howl of Dogs, and cry of Bears. It makes our mourning Devilish by mingling it with discontent, and despair. So the Roarings of our Spirits are like the yellings of Devils to Christ: Art thou come to Torment us? The Flesh is to be kept as a Hewer of Wood, & Drawer of Water. We are to make use of the ways and weaknesses of it, to help to break our Hearts, and bring forth Tears at the direction of the Spirit in us.

The work of our Grief upon our Natural Part, as it is in itself, must be to

keep it under; to beat it as a Slave, to destroy it as an Enemy.

This is the Ass, which is not for Sacrifice, but to have its neck broke, except it be redeemed by its Subordination to the Spiritual Part.

I have done speaking of the manner of Spiritual Mourning.

I come now to the Third Particular in the opening of the Nature of this Grief, which is the Measure.

The Measure of Spiritual Grief hath Three Limits.

Limit: The casting out of Filth.
 Limit: The casting down of Flesh.

2. Limit: The clearing up of the Face of God towards us.

1. Limit: The casting out of Filth. St. Paul I Corin. 5. 3. in the case of the incestuous Person blames the Church, that they had not mourned, that

he, who had done this Thing might be cast out from among them.

The Case is the same in our own Persons. We are to mourn, that every Evil Thing may be cast out of us. We are to keep our Hearts in a melting temper, till our Lusts be quite melted down, till the Gold, and the Dross be separated one from another. We are to weep, till we have washed our selves clean in our Tears.

Obj. But you may here ask: What Power is there in our Tears, or Sorrows to cleanse us from our Filth, shall we say with the Papist, that our mourning merits Grace, if not of Desert, yet for desire, out of Congruity? Or shall we say with the Arminian, that our griefs are a moral way of working upon our will, to mortifie that, and make it weary of the Pleasures of Sin, for the Pennance of Sorrow?

Ans. I answer to this, that there is neither any merit in the Tears of any Creature to move God; For if thou be Righteous, it is to thy self. And the Heavens with all their Hosts are Folly, and Filth before Him:

Neither is there any Efficacy in the woes of man to purge the will of man. For who can bring a clean Thing out of an unclean? Can any one redeem his Brother from Death? Can one Passion or affection in Man by a Death in Sorrow redeem his Brother, another Passion, or affection from the Death of Sin? They must let this alone for ever.

But the Spiritual Griefs of a Saint are the Buddings of Aaron's Rod, of the the Cross of the Lord Jesus in him. And from hence they have their value

with God, and their Vertue on us.

- Mary 1997 1986 1 1980 1

1. First, my Sorrows have a value with God, as they are the Sufferings of my Saviour in me. St. Paul saith of himself, 1 Colos. 24. I rejoyce in my Sufferings, while I fill up that which is behind of the Afflictions of Christ in my Flesh for his Bodies sake. All the Sufferings of Believers are the Sufferings of Christ propagating themselves thorow his mystical Members. We are one Spirit with our Lord Jesus in our Tribulations as well as in our Consolations. Our Groans, as much as our Gloryings, are the Breathings of that Spirit. As the Soul is all in all the Parts of the Body, making every Member a part of the Humane Nature, putting upon it the Beauty of that Nature: So is Jesus Christ in every Thing of the actings, or Sufferings of Christ any where, giving a Divine Beauty, and worth to it, by vertue of the Union.

2 Corin. 4. 10. Always bearing about in my Body the Dying of the Lord Fesus, that the Life of the Lord Fesus may be made manifest in my Body: This St. Paul saith of himself. The Tears from our eyes are the Blood from the Heart of the Lord Jesus. Though not as our Tears, yet as his Blood, they have Power with God to bring forth his life in us. Jesus Christ dies over again in thy griefs; that so he may act his Resurrection over again in thy Graces. The Father makes a Promise to the Lord Jesus, Es. 53. 10. When he shall make his Soul an offering for Sin, he shall he see his Seed. This is an Everlasting Covenant between the Father, and the Son, that when he hath descended to the lower-

most parts of the Earth, he should then begin to ascend.

When the Image of the Invisible God hath put itself off into the Strange Forms of Darkness, and Death; then is it to spring up again out of these, and again to behold itself in its own proper shape and power, which is its Seed. Thy Saviour, and Husband makes his Soul an Offering for Sin in all the Sufferings of thy Soul. Therefore mayest thou now challenge it of the Father in the name of Jesus Christ, that he may see in thee his Seed, which is the Power of an endless Life. Thou mayest say; behold, O my God! by him, whose the Signet, and the Staff is; the Glory and Power of thy God-Head; by him am I in these Pangs and Sorrows. Let then a Man-child be born in my Heart, which may be called after his name, that I may rejoyce in it, and remember my Sorrow no more. Thy Benjamin is come before thee into the Land of Egypt, as thy servant in my servitude. Thy Darling hath brought himself into my guilt, and griefs; he stands before thee in them. The Lamb of God

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Is flain in my sufferings. O then let it be a Passover, that the evil Angel of Lust and Misery may pass from the house of my Spirit, when he sees the blood of this Lamb in my Tears sprinkled upon the Posts of the Door.

2. Secondly, Our Sorrows have a vertue on us, as they are the Sufferings of Jesus Christ in us. Galat. 6. 14. God forbid, saith Paul, that I should glory in any thing, save in the Cross of our Lord Jesus, by which the world is crucified

to me, and I to the World.

As the Person of Christ is the Seed of God, which springs up into many Sons to God: so is the Cross of the Lord Jesus a Seed that remains not alone, but brings forth much Fruit. It grows up into a multitude of Crosses, a Cross in each good Heart, a Cross in every Creature of this world. This Cross of Christ is the wisdom and Power of God making themselves first the Tree of the Curse, on which all the Principles, and Spirits of this world must hang: Then the Tree of Life bringing forth the Fruits of Paradise, and the Third Heaven. Every care or cross in a Saint is this Cross of his Saviour sprouting in his Person. The Lord Jesus hid in each Tear, in each sigh of a Holy Spirit. He is there, as the Seed falling into the Earth, and Dying. By this Death he delivers himself from Death in thy Heart, and breaks out on every side into Discoveries of his Grace and Glory.

Say of thy Trouble; why art thou cast down O my Soul? This is that Death of my Saviour in me. by which he destroys the power of Death in my Spirit, Sin and the Devil. This is the way in which thou shalt praise him, and see him swallowing up the Principle of Darkness in Darkness, that he may bring forth himself in the Light of his Countenance, to be the Light of thy Countenance. I have been the larger in this Objection, that so I may be the more clearly understood both in this, and in the following Particulars. Whatever mention is made of any Beauty, or Grace in a Saint, is not to be imputed to the Saint, but to the Grace, and Face of Jesus Christ in him: so is the Excellency or Efficacy of our mourning, the Discovery of our dying Saviour in it. No Persons, no Sorrows are Spiritual, if they be not one Spirit with Jesus Christ. But thus much for the First limit in the measure of our Sorrows, the casting out of Filth.

2. Limit: The casting down of the Flesh, I Cor. 9. 27. I, saith the Apostle, keep under my body, and bring it into Subjection. The words are incomed (w, I beat it black and blew, and Suranges, Imake it to serve. The end, and so the bound of Humiliation is First to bring down the Principle of the Natural Man into a Principle of Darkness, that it may no more put forth itself in its own Light and Life. Secondly, it is to subdue that Principle to the Heavenly Principle, that it may be quite slain in itself, and revived in the Spiritual Man a Spiritual Principle.

Rom. 7. 24. St. Paul calls the Natural Man, this body of Death, or the

body of this Death. It is a body of Death in a Two-fold sense.

First, Thy Outward Man is the shadow of Death cast upon thy Spirit. It is the Valley of the Shadow of Death thorow which thou walkest here below. Thou art in the Body sunk down to the borders of Death, being already come within the shadow of it. The whole face of things upon thy Person, and round about thee, is a dead Image, and the Image of Death: For he, who hath the Power of Death, hath entred into it with his Principality, and taken away the true Life of it, setting it up now, as an Appearance in, and of himself.

Secondly, Thy Outward Man is a Body of Death, because it is appointed to Death. The Body by one Death hath brought it self out of the Divine Life into the Power of Darkness, into a Hellish Root. Now by another Death it must be broken off from this Root, and brought back again into an Eternal Stock. Our mourning then must last, while we are in the Body of this Death, till this be no more this Body, but perish in Death. The Devil cast us out of our Innocency, and from the face of God; he set up himself, by setting up the Natural Man in it self. We were turn'd out of Paradise, when we came into this Body, which is now the Beast's skin. Again, By the Ruine of the Natural Man, we must raise the Building of God, and cast down the Devil. By putting off the Beast's skin, by the dissolution of the Tabernacle of Beasts skins in Death, we return into Paradise. We are therefore to go mourning to our Graves.

3. Limit: The clearing of the face of God towards us, Matth. 9. 15. Our Saviour tells the Jews, That his Disciples could not fast while the Bridegroom was with them. But the Bridegroom should be taken away. And then they should fast in those days. The Face of God in Jesus Christ, is the Soul's Bridegroom. Who, that is the Bride of this Bridegroom, can take joy in any thing, when this Face is withdrawn and hid from him? Shall not our Souls fast from the Freedom and Fulness of Natural Delights, when our Spirits are made to fast from the Beauties and Delicacies of fesus Christ? This is the season of Mournning. It is now beautiful to see a holy Soul Widow-like, with a Vail upon the face of all her Glory and Content; when her God is gone a great Journey from her. What can she do but mourn, when he is absent, who was the Light of her Eyes, the Anointing of her Face and Head? What can set an end to her mournings, till he return, and wipe away all Tears from her Eyes, by setting himself in the Eye of her Spirit?

Psal. 30. 7. Thou didst hide thy face, and I was troubled, saith David. Will it not be Winter when your Sun is gone? Can you expect a Spring, till he turns toward your Earth again? Is it not the Presence of the Lord Jesus, that makes all things fresh, and full of Beauty round about thee? When he is withdrawn, who was the Image of God in them, do not all things droop and languish in thine Eyes? Canst thou then chuse but languish with them? If the Lord Jesus be the Root of thy Spirit, and his Spirit the Sap of thy Comforts,

thou wilt grieve in his absence without arguments to persuade thee to it; as naturally, as Flowers nipt with Frosts hang the head. Nay no arguments will be able to raise thee to any degree of chearfulness, except he come, and make himself the argument. When thy Corruptions, like Fogs from the Earth, have gathered into Clouds, which hide the Heaven of thy Lords Face from thee: weep then, till these Clouds be again dissolved by the Showers of thy Tears, and so thy Jesus again discover himself over thee as a clear sky.

I have done with the Third particular in the Nature of Spiritual mourning,

which was the measure of it.

4. The Mystery. The Mystery of every thing is in God, Ephes. 3. 9. The Mystery hid in God who created all Things by Jesus Christ. This is the Mystery of Things, their ground, their beginning, and end in the Person of God and Christ. Neither can we be Spiritual in any thing any further than we see the Mystery of it, and stand in the Mystery.

The Mystery of a holy Grief is Threefold.

1. Mystery: Conformity to fesus Christ.

Mystery: Complyance with the Will of God.
 Mystery: The Compleating of our Persons.

1. Mystery: Conformity to Jesus Christ. We read, Ephes. 1. 4, 5. that we were chosen in Christ before the Foundation of the world: We were predestinated to the Adoption of Children by Jesus Christ. We sprung up in Eternity, in the Heart of God, out of the Person of the Lord Jesus there, as Images of him, who as he rose up in the Divine Nature, the essential Image of it, was Fruitful from the Root of that Nature according to the Power of Life, and Store of Spirit in it. So he multiplied himself by the strength of the Father into many such Images in the heart, and thoughts of God. Thus we were chosen in, and by him. Thus also we were chosen to be Conformed to the Image of this Son, as you shall read, Rom. 8. 29. Whom he did foreknow, he did also predestinate to be conformed to the Image of his Son. The Fathers fore-knowledge of us in his Son, was the ground of our predestination by him, and conformity to him. A chief part in Christis the dark part, his Sufferings, a chief part of our Conformity to him lies in our Sufferings and Sorrows.

Rom. 8. 17. Foynt-heirs with Christ, if so be we suffer with him, that we may be also glorified together. Our whole inheritance is our conformity to the Lord Jesus. This Inheritance lies as well in Suffering, as in being glorified. We have a double interest in Christ: One in the Unity of his Spirit: Another in the variety of his Body. According to our First interest we are one with Christ, that is, by the Unity of the Spirit, I Cor. 6. 17. So we are to have the fulness of Christs Sufferings form'd over again upon our Persons in the Spirit, 2 Cor. 4. 10. According to our Second interest in the Body of Christ we are only particular members, I Cor. 6. 15. In this particular membership a particular share of Sufferings pertains to us, according to our place

place in the Body. The portion of forrow allotted to every Saint in this capacity, is as much inferiour to the miseries of our Blessed Saviour, as that Member is inferiour to the Head. But for this reason the Providence of God leads us to occasions of sorrow, and then opens in us a spring of Sorrow, that we may fulfil our measure in the sufferings of Christ, Col. 1. 21. This is the first Mystery of our Griess, our Conformity to Christ; that we may be Brethren, Spoules and Members of Christ.

2 Mystery. Our Complyance with the Will of God. We mourn, that we may be like Christ; Brethren grown up from one Root with him; Spouses drawn forth from his side, Bonz of his Bone, Flesh of his Flesh; Principle of his Principle, Image of his Image; Strength of his Strength; Weakness of his Weakness. But now you may ask, what the mystery of all sufferings and

griefs are, as they are Christ's first, and so ours?

Answ.I answer to that by a place of Scripture, Heb. 5. 8. Though he were a Son, yet learned he Obedience by the things which he suffered. There are Two Waies of Learning; one Speculative, in the Contemplations of the Spirit; the other Practical in the Conformity of the Person. There are Two Waies of Obedience; one in the Will, being prepared, and ready to all things; the other in the Work of Doing or Suffering, being actually undertaken, and thorowly undergone. Our Lord Jesus was ever in all things obedient to his Father, so far as that State in which he was, would permit. While he liv'd in Heaven, he was obedient to the Death, in the Contemplations of his Mind, and the Con-

formity of his Will, so far as these two Wings could carry him.

But all this while, the Devil might say of Fesus, as he did of Fob; He dyes for his Father in his Speculations, and Purposes at a distance; while his Father maintains a hedge of Life, and Joys round about him; while he fees not Death, but as Death it felf is a living and beautiful Image in a Prospect of Glory. Therefore Felus Christ is brought down into Flesh, that he may try, and so experimentally learn another way of suffering, by an Actual Descent into the Power of Darkness, and Misery, as it is in its own Principle. Our Father could have prevented the Rifing up of the Spring, or Principle of Sin in the Heart of; the creature: So he could have cut off all occasions of forrow or fuffering: He could have taken away Sin by a change, and not by a Death; Transfiguring instead of Crucifying us; and this too, by the heavenly Person resting upon us in a White Cloud, and taking us up in it self, without its Descent into the Dark Cloud of this earthly Body. 'Thy Father could restrain the Issues of Lust in thee, which send forth so much Filth, upon which we pour forth so many Tears. So our Tears might have been spared. But if all this had been, where had been the Testimony of our Obedience to the Father? There are Two Waies of Obeying God: One in the concurrency of bis Will, and ours; the other, in a contradiction between his Will and A holy Spirit obeys God the first way in Heaven and Joys. For there it takes up its Joys, and tasts a Sweetness in them, much more out of Obedience,

[184]

than Appetite; because they are the Will of God, rather than because they agree with its own will.

But we obey God the Second way on Earth in Afflictions. In Heaven we give up our will to be swallowed up in the Will of God, as a River in the Sea. In our Sorrows we Sacrifice our wills to the Will of God, as the Beasts were Sacrificed by their Death, and by Fire. So Jesus Christ, when his will was at the height of contrariety to the Will of God according to its own proper inclination; If it be possible, let this Cup pass from me. Yet then he cut the Throat of his will, and laid it panting upon the Altar, to be wholly consumed in the dreadfullest way, in the Fire of divine wrath and vengeance. Thou in all thy Griefs accomplishest the same Mystery after the same manner. Thou Feastest the will of the Father by the Fast of thine own will. Thou obeyest thy God, and servest his Pleasure by the binding, and Offering up of thy Isaac, all

thy Pleasures.

3. Mystery: The Compleating of our Persons. This is yet a Further, and the utmost depth in the Mystery of our Sorrows. The Scripture holds it forth in the Person of Christ as the Pattern; in our Persons, as the Copies of that Pattern. We read of Jesus Christ, Heb 2. 10. that, he was made Perfect through Sufferings. That is Perfect, which hath all parts belonging to it. It belonged to the Person of Jesus Christ to act all parts, to appear in all shapes. For he was to be the dwelling place of all Fulness, I Colos. 19. He was to unfold the manifold wisdom of God in his own Person, Ephes. 3. 10. He came forth as the Word, to make a full and distinct expression of God. The Nature of God is the Glass, in which all Natures are first formed, and seen. The Natures of Light and Darkness, Shame and Glory, Joy and Misery; to say all the Natures of Love and Wrath, the two Contrary heads of all distinct Natures are Originally in God according to their Eternal Ideas, or First Forms. It Jesus Christ had not come forth into all these Forms, and taken upon himfelf these several Natures in their utmost varieties, and contrarieties: he had wanted some parts belonging to his Person, and been imperfect in his Relation, as a Son, a Saviour; in his Office as a Representer, a Reconciler. Therefore, as St. Paul witnesseth, He descended first to the lowermost Parts of the Earth, then He accorded above all Heavens, and that for this reason; that He might fill All: Exhes. 4. 10. Thus he was made perfect by Sufferings. The descent of Cirift was the drawing of the Picture of the God-Head upon him in its lowest and outermost Mysteries, or wonders of Glory; in its Back-parts or Feet. The si cent, was the Uniting of the lowest to the highest: the bringing of the outermost into the bosom of the Innermost : the drawing up of the Feet into the Bed, into the rest, and Glory of the head. The Scripture holds forth the accomplishment of the same Mystery in our Persons after the same manner. Festis Christ went thorow these Sufferings, as our Captain, that he might lead us the fame way to the same end; that he might bring us, as Sons to inherit the same Glory:

Glory; to fulfil all Righteousness, all the goings forth of the God-Head in our

selves thorow Christ, Heb. 2. 10.

St. Fames c. 1. v. 2, 4. exhorts the Saints to account it all for, when they fall into all manner of Temptations: and to let Patience have her perfect work, which would make them Perfect, entire, wanting nothing. We were brought forth upon the uppermost parts, the Face of the Earth in Paradise. Let us now with Fesus Christ go down into the Deep, to the lowermost parts of the Earth, by Sufferings and Sorrows. Let us patiently endure till we are carried thorow all the Chambers of Death, and the innermost corners of that Cave of Darkness; till we be carried out of all, up into Heaven: So we shall be clothed with all the Wonders of God, and have his manifold Wildom, his Fulnels displaid in our Persons as his Sons also, together with our Saviour. Willingly then Travel thorow the valley of Baca, of Mourning, and Lamentation; as the way of Perfection, the Accomplishment of the Mystery of God in you. Now I have performed the first part of my promise, which was to speak of the Nature of Spiritual Mourning. There remains behind, the Second part of my promise, which is to speak of the Mixture of Spiritual Mirth, and Spiritual Mourning.

I will direct you to this Mixture by Five Rules :

1. Rule: So grieve, as giving Glory to God in your Griefs. 1 Cor. 10.31. Whether ye eat or drink, or what sever ye do, do all to the Glory of God. whether ye Mourn or be merry, let both be to the Glory of God. Mourn not, as questioning the Sweetness in the Will of God, the Wisdom in the Counsels of God, the Strength in the Power of God, the Beauty in the Face of God, the Pleasures in the Person of God, the Infiniteness in all. Grieve not to the Clouding, but the clearing of the Appearances of God in your Spirit. Let not your Sorrows be as a troubled Sea, but as a Sea of Christal, thorow which you may see the glorious face of God. As the Beams of the Sun shining thorow red Glass, so will the glory of God be appearing thorow your Sorrows. It will beget a Pleasantness in your bloodiest Pangs.

2. Rule: Let your Mourning raise, not ruine the Life of the Spiritual Man in you. Though the Outward Man perishes, the Inward Man is renewed day by day, 2 Cor. 4. 16. Let your Sorrows weigh down the Natural Man only, as one of the Buckets, that the Spiritual Man as the other of the Buckets, may be lifted up. If that Life which is Light in the Lord, be lifted up by your Griefs, It will draw up your Person, and your Griefs themselves into the

Pleasantness of its own Light.

3. Rule: Mourn in the Name of Christ, Colos. 3. 17. Whatsoever ye do in Word, or Deed, do all in the Name of the Lord Jesus. The Name of the Lord Jesus wraps up Four Things in it, which I shall express by Four Rules in this present case.

1. Mourn in the Power of Christ, The Power of Christ is the Power of B b Eternal,

Eternal Life, which carries an unexpressible sweetness along with it, even then, when it goes forth into the saddest operations. Thy Tears will be a Spiritual

Wine, if they be the Fruit of this Vine.

2. Mourn in the Image of Christ. Every thing is delightful to us, which brings our well-beloved into our Thoughts, though it be, but as a Picture, or Shadow of him. Love delights in likeness, especially to be itself made like that which it loves. This will make thy Sorrows Comfortable to thy Heart, and Glorious in thine Eye, if thou Transferrest them upon thy self, as in a Figure of Jesus Christ.

3. Mourn for Christ. Make him the end of thy Sorrows. Christ is the end of the Law for Righteousness sake, Rom. 10.4. Let Felus Christ be the end of thy Griefs for thy Joys sake. The End puts a Loveliness, and Pleasantness upon the means, and way to it. If thy Sorrows be for Self, and from Self-love: they will be like Brine, they will have a Gnawing, Burning Saltness in them. But if they be for thy Saviour, and from his Love, they will be Fresh, and Sweet on thy Spirit, as the Dew of Heaven on the tender Grass.

4. Mourn, as in Union with the Person of Christ. A Saint is a Name of Anointing, which fignifies Two in one; the Ointment, or Oyl, and the Anointed: the Sanctifier, and the Sanctified. He that Sanctifies, and they that are Sanctified are of one, Heb. 2. 11. They must also be in One. Our Griefs are never Saintlike, or Holy; if they be not in Consort, and Fellow hip with Jesus Christ.

Rom. 8. 17. foint-beirs with Christ, if so be we suffer with him. Our Sufferings are a Murther, not a Sacrifice; they are to Death, not to Life; if they be not in Union with Jesus Christ. If they be in Union with Christ, that Union unites a Sweetness, and Joy to them.

These are the Branches of the Third Rule.

4. Rule: Let your Grief be a Grace. If your Grief be from Nature only, it is carnal, not spiritual; it is such a Death, as is a Sowing to the Flesh, which will bring forth Corruption, and Death. Whatever is not of Faith is Sin, Rom. 14.
23. If your Mourning be not a Grace in you, one of the Daughters of Faith, which is the mother of all Grace: it is Sin, and to be resisted by you, as the Devil. But if your Mourning be Gracious, then it is a Sowing to the Spirit, of which you shall reap Immortality. Such Tears are Precious Seed, Spiritual Seed, which have the Sweet Rellish, and Power of Immortal Life in them.

5. Rule: Let your Mourning be in God. In him, shith St. Paul of God, we live, and move, and have our Being, Acts 17. 28. It is true Naturally of all men. It is much more true of Saints in a Spiritual sense. We live the life of Grace, we Mourn, we have our Spiritual Being and Motions in God. A Natural, and Spiritual Man have their Being in God after a different manner. A Natural Man hath his Being in God, as he is the Principle of the First Creation, in which he is as in Thick Darkness. A Spiritual Man hath his Being in God, as God is in Christ, who is the Brightness of the Glory of God. Abide in me,

faith

[187]

taith Christ, that is in the Brightness of the Glory of God, and ye shall bring

forth much Fruit, John 15. 4. 5.

If you will bring forth your Tears, as Fruit to God, you must weep in the midst of the Glory, and Joys of the Divine Nature. God in his Naked Beauties must be the Stage, on which you must act the saddest part of your Sorrows. What Part will not such a Stage, and Scene of Delights make Pleasant?

If thou mournest right, thou art in God, while thou mournest, thou seest nothing below, above, on every side of thee, but the Gold, and Curious Work of his Glory. Will not this Guild thy Grief, and put a chearfulness upon it?

Bb 2

PSAL.

PSAL. XLV. VER. I.

My Heart is enditing a good matter; I speak of the things, which I have made touching the King; my Tongue is the Pen of a ready Writer.

This Pfalm is believed to be composed upon the same occasion with the Canticles; The Marriage between Solomon, and the Daughter of Pharaoh, which is made by the Holy Ghost, a Type of the Mystical Espousals between the Lord Jesus, and a Holy Soul. The Eternal Spirit delights to play with itself, casting from its Heavenly person the shaded Light of this Creation, then filling every part of it, even the darkest, with sigures of its own Sweetnesses, and Beauties. Strange Wives were charged upon Solomon, as a Mother-Sin big with many hateful Birth. Yet this cloudy piece of Providence is a Vail curiously wrought with the Divine Images of Christ on the Throne, his Queen all in beaten Gold at his Right Hand with their pure, immortal Lovelinesses, Loves, and mutual Joyes; under which Vail lies hid the Living Face itself of all these Glories.

Prov. 25. 2. It is the Glory of God to conceal a thing: but the Glory of Kings to fearch out a matter. It runs thus in the Original: It is the Glory of God to conceal the Word: but the Glory of Kings to fearch out the Word. It is a height of Glory beyond the Compass of every created Understanding, the hiding of the eternal Word, which is brighter infinitely than ten thousand Suns all joined into One, under a vail flighter, and thinner, than the most empty shadow, to form the Picture of this Glorious Word upon every part of the shadow, and then again to vail that also with the Darkness of the Shade.

But this is the Glory of Jesus Christ, to bring down these Mysterious heights, and make them familiar to the Eye of the Creature. It is an Eye of Glory in the Saints, those Fellow-Kings to Jesus Christ, by which they discover the Picture in the shade, the ravishing depths of the Life itself in the Picture, and make it their Royal Entertainment to converse continually with the Beauties, and Sweetnesses of the Divine nature in them both invisible to common senses.

This Psalm is entituled, A Song of Loves. The sweetest Matter express in the sweetest Manner. Both are a Divine Harmony. The Loves here are a Harmony of the most Heavenly, and most Spiritual Hearts. The Song the Harmony of the most Heavenly, and most Spiritual Voices. The Loves figure out the Father, the pure, unfathomed unconfined Spring of Unity, and Sweetness,

Where

where all things lie embracing each other in their first, and softest Bed: The Song represents the shining Word, the harmonious Wisdom, the Effential Mufick. Beauty and Image of the Godhead, the Son, in whom all the Riches of Love are with an equal Richness, and Loveliness displaid. The Song of Loves, these Loves thus sung, this Marriage of Love, and Loveliness paint out to us the Joyes and Glories of the Third Person the Holy Ghost. But by whom was this Song fung? Some read; The Song of the beloved Virgins. These are the friends of the Bridegroom, and the Bride, which fing the Epithalamium, or Marriage-Song. In the Canticles they are called, The Daughters of Ferulalem, which some Interpreters understand to be the Holy Angels. Angelical Spirits are expressed by the name of Virgins very sitly: 1. For the preservation of their native sweetness, their primitive beauty, the flower of the Divine Image in them uncorrupt, untainted. 2. For their fingle Estate, being separate from mixture, and union with any forts of Earthly Bodies below them, and not yet raised to a marriage with the Divine Body, the Substance, and Fulness of the God-Head in Jefus Christ; because they are the fairest, softest, and sweetest Images of all created Things. It is the manner of the Hebrew Tongue to express the Beauty, and Loveliness of things by the feminine Sex. The Woman is the Glory of the Man. Christ the Brightness of the Fathers Glory is represented in this Form by the ferusalem above, the Mother of us all. In the Proverbs he is figured by a Virgin-Queen in her Pallace, his Angels as Maidens attending on this Virgin-Queen, and fent forth by her to invite her guests. Thus separate and Angelical Spirits, those invisible Beauties, which are the immediate Copies and Springs of all visible things, as also the Mark, and White to which the activity and operations, of all natural Principles, as Arrows are directed, be known by the names of Nymphs, and Virgins.

John the Baptist was the Restorer of the Law, the proper Ministry of Angels, which was ministred by Angels, and by which only the Angelical Life and Glories, as figures of the Divine, were ministred to us. He therefore is called by the Holy Ghost, An Angel going before the Lord to prepare his way. He speaks of himself, as a Friend of the Bridegroom, rejoicing to hear his voice, and making one in the Quire of Angels, which sing to the Bridegroom, and the Bride, while they lie on Beds of Glory in the embraces of each others Love.

These Angels are those Friends, which Jesus Christ calleth upon, in his Song of Songs, when he comes into his Spouse's Garden, Cant. 5. 1. I have drunk my Wine with my Milk, Eat O Friends, Drink, be enebriated with Loves. St. Paul expounds this Scripture, Eph. 3. 10. That unto the Principalities, and Powers in Heavenly places might be known by the Church the manifold Wildom of God. The Hearts, and the Lips of the Spouse of Christ; the Marriage-Union between Christ and a saint, in the spiritual and Heavenly Image, is the Golden Cup, out of which the Angels drink in rich Discoveries of God, the Glories and sweetnesses of the Divine Nature, which are there poured forth immediate

ately from their Fountain, which are that Wine of Love, with which Christ, and his Spouse entertain each other. O the Dignity! O the Delights of a Holy Soui! Angels sing to it; Angels pry into its Beauties, and Joys; Angels draw the Waters of their blitsful Light, and Life from this Well. The Sounds, Operations, Lives, Essences of Angels are only a Musick, Songs of Love, and Joy to the beloved Soul, and her Bride-groom in their Union. In this sense Christ, and a Saint is their Spiritual Glory, ride together upon the Cherubins. The Angels are made as perfumed gales of Wind, on which they Flie; Flames of a Divine Fire of Love, Joy, and Glory, which continually spring up, shine before them, and round about them; penetrate thorow all things, converting all things into the same Ministerial Brightnesses, and Harmonies of an Immortal Life, and Love under their Feet.

But there is another passage worth our observation, before we leave the Title to this Psalm: To the chief Musician upon Shoshamim. Shoshamim was an Instrument of six strings, upon which the Tune to this Song was plaid. If there be, as Divines say, Tot Mysteria quot Apices, so many Mysteries, as points of words, letters, or Marks in the Holy Scripture, we may well believe this six-stringed Instrument to allude to the Creation made up of the several Works of six several Days. He that hath Eyes to see what the Spirit doth, and Ears to hear the Sound of the Spirit, understands this great frame to be a well-tuned Instrument of so many strings, as there are Creatures in it; the whole Composure of Providence from the beginning of the world to the end of it, this Song of Loves plaid upon it by Jesus Christ to his Heavenly Bride, whose Spiritual senses see the Harmonious, and Delicate Motions of his Hand upon every string,

and take in with unexpressible delight the ravishing Melody.

Shoftumina fignifies also the fix-leaved Lilly. Can. 2. 1. It is doubtful whether the Holy Spirit speak in the Person of Christ, or the Church, when he saith in his Song, I am the Rose of Sharon, and the Lilly of the Valleys. It is generally understood of Christ. In that Mysterious History of Esther, as Ether, Mardeai, the Jews, so the City Shushan, the City of the Lilly represent the Church of Christ in general, or each holy Soul in particular. Interpreters here apply the Lilly to the Bride, It is in the plural number Lillies, and the crause may be rendred, concerning the Lillies. So the Subject of this Song of Loves is fignified to us, Jesus Christ, and his beloved Bride, two Lillies upon the same Root, Flourishing with the same Beauties, smiling Reflections each of other. Either of them with his six leaves comprehends in itself the persections of the whole Creation in their Original Purities, and Sweetnesses. Both alike, in that Spiritual Image in which they are united, are to the variety of Creatures, as the Seventh Day to the other six, a Bed of Rest, and Delights with a Canopy of Glory; their Rest, Sancification, and Blessedness.

But it is time to pass from the Title to the Psalm itself. The first verse is a Preparation to thematter contained in the Song. It consists of Three Parts.

I. The Flame, and fulness of the Author; My heart enditeth a good matter. The word, Enditeth, is used only this once. Some expound it, boileth with a good matter, and make it an allusion to Meat-offering in the Sanctuary prepared by fire in a Frying-pan. So the eternal Spirit, which is Love, hath the place of the Holy Fire. The Heart is the Frying-pan. The Excellencies of Jesus Christ in his own Person, and his Brides, with their mutual Affections, and Joyes are the Meat-offering.

Some interpret this Boiling by the bublings and wellings forth of a Feuntain. Thus the Chrystalline Waters of the Light, Life, and Beauties of Christ, mingled with the Heavenly Fire of his Love, are the Sea. The Heart is the Spring into which this Sea by Invisible Tracts, and hidden Passages conveyeth its flowing Treasures, which from thence pour themselves forth into rich,

pleasant, and plentiful Streams.

2. The Excellency of the Subject, I speak of the things, which I have made touching the King. This King is called God, and seated upon the Throne of Eternity, v. 6. which verse is cited, and applied to Jesus Christ, as he comes the second time into the World, attended by all his holy Angels after his Resurrection; and Ascent to the Throne of his Father. This is the King, this is the Bridegroom, and the Beloved of the Soul; Jesus cloathed with the Royal garment of his Divine Nature, crowned with the Glory of the Father,

perfumed with all the good ointments of the Holy Ghost.

3. The Power, by which the Author is inspired in the composing of this Song My Pen is the Tongue of a ready Writer. Holy men of God spake, as they were moved by the Holy Ghost. 2. Pet. 1. 21. As the Son is the Wissom, Power, and Glory of the Father: So the Holy Ghost is the Love of the Father, and Son, he is called by the name of Charity, or Love, 1 Cor. 13. v. 1. 8. He is that Love, by which God and a Saint dwell one in another, as Love is described to be the Union between the Lover, and the beloved Object. So he is spoken of. 1 John 4 16. God is Love; He that dwells in Love, dwells in God, and God dwells in him. It is the Inspiration of this Holy Spirit of Love, by which this Song of Loves was penned.

My Heart is enditing a good matter. My heart is full, boileth up, and floweth forth with a good matter, sweet, beautiful and profitable, This Heart represents every Member of Christ, which all have one, and the same Spirit. These

words thus opened, afford us this Doctrine.

1. Doct. A good Heart is a Treasury of good things. Matth. 12 35. A good man out of the good Treasure of his heart bringeth forth good Things. A

Treasure, or Treasury implyeth two things:

1st. A Place. A good Heart is a Treasury like Heaven in three respects;
1. It is great, and spatious. It comprehends all things within itself. It hath surthing above it, or without it, to shut it up, and confine it.
2. It is of a shining, and glorious Substance, made of Light.
3. It is incorruptible, immortal, impregnable,

impregnable. No Thief can there break in to steal. No moth, or rust consumes: There is no Principle of corruption, or decay within: No power from

without can prevail there.

Precious things laid up in this Heavenly Heart make it a good Trea-All the precious things of the Sun, and Moon, of the Heavens above. and the deep below, are here. Here are Eden and Paradise. Gen. 2. 10. A River went out of Eden to water the Garden. The Jews observe from this place, that there are two Paradifes, a Superiour, and Inferiour; One above, Another below. In that above is the Fountain of Pleasure, from thence the stream descends, which makes that below ever-green, and flourishing with delights. E.len signifies Pleasure or Delight, which name in another word is given to Christ, as he was eternally in the bosom of the Father; Prov. 8. 30. I was by him, one brought up with him, Delights from day to day. Jefus Christ in his Heavenly Image, in the Substance and Essence of the eternal Light. is Eden, the Paradife above. In his earthly Image, the sweet Shade where all his Beauties feem at once to fleep and spring, he is the Paradise below. There is he the Eden, and the Fountain in the midst of Eden. Here the Garden watered by the River going forth from Eden. A good Heart hath in itfelf both these Paradises; the Fountain, and the Stream; Eden, and the Garden. Cant. 4. 15. The Lord Jesus calls his Spouse, A Fountain of Gardens, a Well of living Waters flowing from Libanon. The holy Heart is both the Fountain which makes all things Gardens, Paradifes, which way foever it flows, and those Gardens too. It is both Libanon with the Fountain in it; and the Gardens below in the vallies, in the midft of which the Living Waters from this Fountain run along.

Reason. The Heart is that Spirit, which is the first Spring, and Principle of Life in man. Prov. 4. 23. Keep thine heart with all Diligence: For out of it are the Islues of Life. All the treasures of this World, its Light, Forms, Vertues, operations are first in the Sun. From thence they flow forth in various Streams all round about him, while yet they are still comprehended in him, as being not only their inmost Center, but also their outmost Circle of Light, and Life. So is the Heart, or Spirit of Man, an Invisible Sun in the midst of him, far more great or glorious than this which we see; in which all forms, and acts of Life, like Beams, rise up first, and fullest; from whence

they are dispensed, and dispersed.

The Hebrew word, to keep, imports a double sense. 1st. Diligently observe thine Heart, what Spirit, or Principle it is, by which thou art acted. Such as this is, such is thy whole Life. If thy Heart be a Substantial, true, pure Spirit, thy whole way, and work, all thy Joyes are Substance, Truth, Light, Importality, as the Visions of God. If the Heart which is in thee, be shadow, thy Life is vain and empty, the dream of a shadow. Is thy heart corrupt, and polluted? then are all thy Streams poisoned, death lurks and sports

irself

preserve thine own, thy true Heart with all diligence. Abide in Christ, and his Love, as the only root of Life, from whence alone spring the sap, greennesses, flowers, fruits of true Sweetnesses, Beauty, and Blessedness. Watch day and night, that no other Spirit put forth itself in thee; for every other Principle besides Christ, and his Love, will certainly prove a Counterfeit, and instead of a Heart, out of which the Issues of Life ought to be, a root of bieterness.

There is a Twofold Heart: 1. Natural. 2. Spiritual.

I. There is a Natural Heart. This is the supream part of the natural Soul, the Angelical Spirit in Man. 1 Thef. 5. 23. St. Paul prayes: The very God of Peace [ancific you wholly: and I pray God your whole Spirit, and Soul, and Body be preserved blameless unto the coming of our Lord Fessis Christ. Here we have the natural Man divided into three parts, which are equally capable of being fanctified, or by defilement made subject to blame. 1. Spirit. 2. Soul. 3. Body. The Spirit is as the Fountain; the Soul the Stream of Life: The Body the Channel in which this Stream runs along. The whole Man is one Beam sprung immediately from the Divine Glory. The upper end of the Beam. where it is fullest and brightest, immediately united to, and rooted in the fupream Light, makes the Spirit. The lowest point, least and darkest, almost vanishing into the Shade, with which it mingles its light, where it toucheth the Earth, is the Body. The Soul is the middle of that Beam, partaking of both these, dividing and uniting them, like the Firmament between the Waters above and the Waters below; the Angels being the Waters above the Firmament; and Corporeal Lives those below.

The Spirit is the Angel in Man, or Man in the Similitude and Society of Angels; the invilible Image, the first Treasury of all his Natural Beings, Beatties, and Life, which afterward descends, and distinguisheth itself into the varieties of Inferiour Acts, and Appearances. St. Paul therefore in the forementioned

place calls it their whole Spirit.

The Body is the Outward and Visible Image, the Shadow below of this above.

The Soul is the Life, by which the Spirit descends into the Body, main-

tains communion with it, and gathers it up again into itself.

According to these Distinctions and Descriptions Solomon discourseth, Eccles. 12.7. Then shall the Dust return to the Earth as it was: and the Spirit shall return to God, who gave it. The name of God there signifies Gods or Angels, for whom it is frequently, and expressly used in the Holy Scripture. The Jews say it properly imports the Divine Nature, as it is cloathed with the Angelical; God in the midst of all his Holy Angels, coming forth into the Creation, descending to be the Head of it.

It is an English Proverb: If men could live without the company of Wo-

men, they should converse with Angels. This is true; when the Spirit, which is the Head, and the Man in us, withdraws itself from its Shadowy Image, the Body, which is as the Woman, it finds itself in the Form of an Angel, and in the Society of Angels. From the Angelical State and Company it descends

into the Body. Thither it returns again, when it leaves the Body.

This is the Natural Heart, the Angelical Spirit in Man, made in the Similitude of God, as he cloaths himself with the Angelical Image, as with a Garment of Light, and so vailing his naked, unaccessible Glories comes forth to be the Head of Angels. This Spirit is the Immediate Seat of the Divine Presence, the Glory the Angelical Throne. Here the precious things of the Sun, and the Moon, of the Invisible, and Visible Image of the Divine Nature; here the Riches of the whole Creation appear together in their fullest Lustre. and most beautiful Order. The Letters of the Latine Name for Heart, Cor. make the first Letters of those word, Camera Omnipotentis Regis, which being interpreted are, the Chamber of the Almighty King. It is a common observation, that the Heart of Man is Triangular, which therefore cannot be filled with the round World, but only with the Trinity. This Heart, of which we fpeak, is properly Triangular, confifting like the Angels, of these Three, Effence, Understanding, and Will, the proper, and Immediate Type of the Trinity, which as it can be fitted, and filled up only with the Truth of that Type, those Three ever-blessed Persons, as their Seal in the noblest mettal, next themselves, it contains more expresly, more at large, and more gloriously all those Figures, and Draughts of Divinity, which are imprinted upon the Face of any Creature. O the inestimable Treasures of Mans Natural Heart, if Sin change it not from a Palace of Angels to a Prison of Devils, or a Grave!

2. There is a Spiritual Heart, 1 Corin. 6. 16. He that is joyned to the Lord, is one Spirit. Mark the Absoluteness, and Universality of the expression: one Spirit. He who is joyned to the Lord Jesus by believing, is one Spirit

with Christ, one Spirit in Christ, one Spirit, as Christ is one.

Galat, 3. 19, 20. St. Paul thus distinguisheth between the Law, and the Gospel: The Law was ordained by Angels in the hand of a Mediator. Now a Mediator is not a Mediator of one; but God is one. There is a Two-fold Mediator; one, who hath his Ground in the Distance, and his End to maintain the Distance between Two Parties. The other is founded in an Unity, and his work is to manifest, and make perfect this Unity. The Character of the Law is Duality, and Division. God, and the Creature are presented each to other, as two upon different Principles, treating on a Covenant of works, containing different Terms to be performed by each apart. In the Gospel God reveals himself, as he is One, as he is the Ground, the Object, the End of all his affections, and operations; as he comprehends himself, and the Creature in one Person, and in one Spirit is our Lord Jesus; as he loves the Creature with the same love, with which he loves himself, and beholds it in the same Glory, with which

which he beholds himself in Christ. This is the Covenant of Grace, in which the Lover, and the Beloved are both One.

You may now ask me two Questions:

2. 1. How God is One?

2. 2. How a Believer is one Spirit?

2. 1. How is God One?

An. God is one four wayes. I. He is perfect. He comprehends all parts of Excellency in every kind and degree, Essentially in one supream, and undivided Point of Being within himself. He is to himself the Eye, the Light, and the Object; the Love, the Lovelines, the Joy and Fruit of both; all in One. The most curious Composition of all Sweets in one Ointment, or Perfume; The most natural extraction of the vertues of all herbs and flowers into one Sweetness in Hony falls infinitely short of the Unity of all Perfections here, and the Perfection of this Unity.

2. God is Pure. There is no mixture in him. As they say of Gold the purest Mettal; It is plenum sui, sull of itself: so is God in the highest sense. Every grain of pure Gold, is Gold. Every thing in God is God. There is no mixture, Division, Allay, or Bound. The Divine Nature is endlessly compleat, and entire within itself, like a Sea of unshaded Light, which hath no shore,

or Bottom. God is Light, and in him is no darkness. 2 Fohn 1.5.

3. God is unchangeable. He is the Rock unmoveable; He is the Rock of ages. All successions of Time, like Waters of a River pass by him, and behold him through all revolutions fixt in the same place, and State. He is the Rock of Eternity. As Wheels turning round in a Cave within a great Rock: So all the Times and Changes of this World are comprehended within the

Unchangeableness, and Eternity of his Essence.

4. God is the Fountain. He is not a Broken, Barren, but a perfect, and pregnant Unity. Rom. 9. 36. Of him, and Through him, and To Him are all things, to whom be Glory for ever. As all numbers are a Unity multiplied, fo are all things various Sparklings of this Divine Unity; Emanations, and Manifestations of the same God presenting himself to us at sundry times, and in divers manners. Love is defined to be Partus in pulchro, a Birth in a Beauty. This is the true nature of things, that Divine Love, which is the Birth of all Varieties of, and in this Beautiful, this Blessed Unity.

2. Q. How is a Believer one Spirit?

r. That One, Eternal Spirit brings forth the Spirit of a Saint, as his own immediate, proper and Peculiar Birth; as the dear Reflection of himself. A Saint is the Workmanship of Jesus Christ, not as a Picture is of a Painter, but as a Child is of the Father, one Spirit, one Life, one Divine Nature is in Both.

2. This one Spirit begets, and brings forth the Spirit of a Saint in his own likeness. Rom. 8. 29. God hath predestinated us to be conformed to the Image of C c 2

bis Son; that is to his heavenly Image, as he is the quickning Spirit; I Cor. 15. 45, 49. The Lord Jesus is our Father, the Father of the new World, the New Birth in us, as he is the Heavenly one, that Spirit, which is the supream Unity, the Lord and Fountain of Life, and Spirits. So he brings us forth in the Image of the same Heavenly Form, and of the same Divine Unity. Thus he prays to his Father; John 17. 22. The Glory which thou gavest to me, I have given to them, that they may be One, as we are One. Behold the Divine Birth of a Saint, the Divine Likeness into which he is born, and the Divine Unity, the Ground, and Form of the Divine Birth, and Likeness.

3. The Eternal Spirit unites itself to the Spirit of a Believer thus regenerated in the most Intimate, Entire, and Inseparable manner. They mutually inhabit, fully possess, perfectly enjoy each other. In life, and death, time, and eternity they are undivided. Thus this Heavenly Adam, the Unity, and Fountain of Spirits casts himself into the sleep of Humane Life, and of Death, that he may bring forth from his Side, and his Bosom this Sister-Spirit, this true Eve, the Mother of all Living, of all Heavenly, and Spiritual Lives, as he is the Father. Then, when he awakens in the Resurrection from the Dead, he takes her to be his Spouse, as she is his Sister in the Fellowship of the Divine Unity, which is the glorious Ring, and Circle of all Relations. So she, who is Sp rit of his Spirit, in the likeness of the same Spirit, is made one Spirit with him.

Thus you have an Answer to these two Questions. You see, how God is One; How he, that is joyned to the Lord, is one Spirit. O that men knew God unvailed, revealed in the Light, and Grace of the Gospel, as he is One! O that they they did rellish the Sweetness of this Unity of the Spirit, which is the height of all Relations, by which God is one to a Believer in all times, and things, one in him, one with him; by which he also is one to, in, and with God! This sight and sense would make us to be continually in Pangs of longings to be regenerated, and brought forth into this Spirit, and Unity; as Jesus Christ is always in pangs of Love to bring it forth, and form it in us.

But to conclude this Reason; This Holy Spirit, this Spirit of Unity, and Unity of the Spirit is the Spiritual heart, of which we speak. St. Paul Ephes. 3. expresses in the eternal Love of God, in that Love, which is God, in God, as he is Love. This is the new Heart, which is bred and cherished in the bosom of the Father. These Heavens above us comprehend in their Circuits all things here below, which, as learned men teach us, are figures, & images of their vertues sent forth from them. But they have fixed in themselves innumerable Bodies of Light, and Glory far exceeding all things here. They say, that these Heavens are Circular, because that round Figure is most capacious, and beautiful, as being an Image of the Unity of Angelical Spirits. How great and glorious a Circle

Circle then vastly transcending the Heaven of Heavens is this Divine Unity, this Spirit which is the new heart of a Saint? All the Heavens, and this earth lie within the compass of it, as Light shadows which it casteth from it self. But as for those Treasures which are proper to it, which are fixt in it, how infinitely more innumerable, how infinitely richer are they? The mind of Christ with all the Beauties, and Brightnesses there; the deep things of God, with all those Lights and Joys unfathomable to every natural Eye, and Heart, lie within the Circuit of this Spiritual Principle. A great Philosopher call'd the Angelical Spirit in man, which is his Natural Heart, the Flower of the Soul. It is so indeed, as the Blossoms upon Fruit-Trees; but the Divine Spirit, the Spiritual heart is the Fruit,

1. Use. Seek this good heart, which hath so good a Treasure in it. That you may seek it with all affection, and diligence, take these Three directions: Believe the Truth of this Principle: Consider the Preciousness of it: Under-

stand your Propriety in it.

1. Believe the Truth of this Principle. When the Apostles asked the Christians in Samaria, whether they had received the Holy Ghost, they anfwered, that they had not so much, as heard whether there were a Holy Ghost or no. Is not this the temper of many amongst us, of most, of the sensitive, and natural Spirit in us all? We do not so much as believe, that there is a Holy Ghost; much less, that this Holy Ghost is poured out upon any Soul, as a Heavenly Anointing from above; or dwells in any heart, as the Principle of a supernatural, and eternal Life. He that comes to God, must believe, that God is, and that he is a Rewarder of those that diligently seek him: Heb. 11. 6. Fix in thine heart with an unshaken faith, these two Radical Truths, from which all the fatness, and sweetness of the Tree of Life is derived into our Spirits: 1. That God is. 2. That there is a Union between God and Man in One Spirit. Say frequently to thy self: It is true, It is the first Truth, upon which all other Truths are built; that there is a supream, incomprehensible Being, which shines through all, and fills all, the Fountain, and Measure; the End, Perfection, and Blessedness of all Beings. It is as true, that this ever-glorious God descends in Jesus Christ to sow himself by his own good Spirit as a Divine Seed in the heart of man below; that by the unvailing of his original Excellencies he shines, as a spiritual Sun from above into the Soul, to quicken, awake, and call forth this Seed, in the vertue of which the Soul springs into a new, and heavenly Being, comes to God by the fresh Participations of his life, grows up into his Likeness, pleaseth him, is possess'd, and en-. joy'd by him, possesseth, and enjoyeth him with an unexpressible fulness of all mutual, and Divine Pleasures. When the Merchant in the Gospel found a Pearl in the Field, he went, and fold all to purchase this Field. If you have discowered this rich Pearl of the Divine Nature, as a Root at the bottom of your Spirits: go, exchange every Principle, Power, and excellency to give your le!f felf up to the conduct, activity, fruitfulness, enjoyment of this alone.

2. Consider the preciousness of this Heavenly Principle, Es. 6. 13. God compares his people in the greatest desolations to an Oak, whose Substance is in it, when it hath cast its leaves: so saith he, the Holy Seed shall be the Substance thereof. Consider here three Precious Things in this good Heart, which

is the Seed, and Principle of Grace in us.

things under the Sun; the Eye is not satisfied with seeing, nor the Ear filled with hearing. He brings this as an Argument, and effect of their vanity. All things here are Shadows only, and so empty, unsatisfactory, endlessy raising expectations, and desire, but never answering them. When this Spirit, which is far above the Sun is received by thee, when this becomes the Principle of all thy faculties, which sees in thine Eye, hears in thine Ear, understands, and wills in thine heart; when this is the Treasury, from which all Objects come forth to act those faculties: then thine Eye will be satisfied with seeing substantial Beauties, thine Ear will be filled with substantial Melodies, thine Understanding will sit down to a Heavenly Feast of substantial Lights, and Truths, thy Will shall lie down to a Sweet and Eternal rest in a bed of substantial Embraces, and Joys, in the midst of the Substance, and Essence of Goodness itself.

2. This is the Holy Seed. The Heavens over our Heads are pure. They are free from that gross, and dark Matter, with which all Forms of things are mixt here on Earth. This Purity of theirs, is their Transparency, Light, Luthe, Harmony, Vertue, Incorruptibility. Yet they are Corporeal, and Bodily; their bright Beauties shall be turned into Darkness, and Blood. The Angels are purer far, than these Heavens. They have no Cloud, Clog, or Dross of Bodies. Yet are they mixtures of Light and Shade. Their Glories are vails upon the true Glory. They wax old, as a Garment, and are changed. Their Nature is subject to stains, and falls. But this Principle, which is the Seed, and Heart of a Believer is purer than the Heavens, or the Angels. It is the Spirit of God, the true Light, in which there is no Darkness; Simple, incor-

ruptible, Unchangeable.

3. This Principle is durable. It is a Fountain springing up in the Soul to Eternal Life, John 4. O precious Treasure! Eternity is defined to be the full, and unbounded Possession of all Good at once, in One. Pearls have their price, because they have their lustre in a lasting Substance. This Holy Seed

is the onely Pearl of price, both for its Lustre, and for its lastingness.

The Will of Man naturally moves to good. The greater the good is, and the more clearly it appears to us; so much the more natural, and powerful are the motions of our Will to it. Did we understand the goodness of this Spiritual Principle for the Reality, the Excellency, the Eternity of it; the Waters are not carried so naturally, so constantly to the Sea, nor Fire upwards to the Bosom of Heaven; as our Souls would to this Sea of Life, and Bosom of Love,

Union

Union with God in the Unity of his own Spirit. Thus we have done with the 2d Direction to quicken us in our pursuit of 2 new Heart, a Spiritual Prin-

ciple, which is to consider the preciousness of it.

2. Understand your Propriety in this Divine Principle. 1. You were made in the Similitude, and Image of God. He is your Original; the Substance and Truth of your Being; more truly your selves, than you are your felves. 2. God is your Father, There is one God the Father, of whom are all Things, faith St. Paul. 1 Cor. The Cheeks of Christ are said to be Beds of Spices: Cant. 5. v. 13. Our Immortal Souls, our whole Persons are sprung up out of the Glories of the eternal Spirit, as Spices, and Flowers out of their Beds in the Gardens. When we are united to this Spirit, we return to our own Original, like those flowers; we fink down into our proper Beds and Roots, to receive a fresh Life and Beauty. 3. We are made by, and in Christ, Col. 1. By Christ, as our immediate Principle, and Pattern; In Christ, as our proper Habitation. The Original Sin of Devils, which infected Mankind, is plainly fet down to be this: Jude 6. They kept not their first State, in Greek, Principle: but left their own Habitation. Propriety begets Love; for both Love and Propriety have their life and root in Unity. There is nothing which is so much thine own, as God, as Christ, as the Spirit. These are thine own Father; thine own Habitation, where thou art at home; thine own Principle; thine own Original; thine own truest and best Self. Let this Propriety then by Love ascending from thee, by the sense, and influence of a greater Love far descending upon thee, encourage, allure, and attract thee to this Divine Principle, this Spirit of Union, by which thou becomest one Spirit with Christ, and the Father. Thus return, O man, who foever, what foever thou art, to thine own Home, to thy proper Unity, as the wandring Bird to her nest; and the Wife of Adulteries to the bosom of the Husband of her Youths, where The finds a Fountain of Heavenly Loves still flowing fresh for her, as at the first; into which she casts her self, and finds all the Beauties of her Youth, and Purity restored unto her, as in the beginning; her sins and sorrows slying away, and vanishing into the Air of this eternal Spirit, as Shadows of the Night, and Dreams of a man afleep, when he waketh.

This good Treasure of a good Heart is a Cordial, and Comfort against Losses, or Sufferings. Heb. 10. 34. The holy Penman tells the Disciples, to whom he writes, they took joyfully the spoiling of their Goods, knowing in your selves, that ye have in Heaven a better and an enduring Substance. Some read it knowing that you have in your selves in Heaven a better, and an enduring Substance. This Scripture upon the riches of the Spiritual Principle in a Believer groundeth five sweet and full Consolations.

1. Thou hast the Substance. A Lacedæmonian invited to hear one sing like the Nightingale answered, To what purpose, when I can hear the Nightingale itself. When thy sense mourns to thy Soul, and saith: They

have taken away our Estates, our Friends, all the joys of Life. They will take away our Lives also: let thy soul reply; why should we mourn for the Shadows,

when still we have the Substance?

2. Thou hast all things better. Philosophy saith, that every plant below, hath its Star in Heaven; each Star its Angel above; the Angels their Idea's, or Original Essences, and Truths, in God, to which they are as Types only. Is thy Flower withered? Thou hast it in a Star. Is thy Star darkned? For thy Star thou hast an Angel. Are the good Angels, which ministered to thee, withdrawn from thee? They are present, and appear to thee in a better manner, in the Form of God. Canst thou grieve for the loss of a Figure in Wax, when thou hast the same Figure in a Gold-Seal, from which the Impression of that

Form was made upon the Wax?

3. Thou hast all to endure for ever. The Scripture compares Spiritual, and Heavenly Things to Spices, for their Sweetness, and Incorruptibleness, because they partake much of the Sun. Spices are prefer'd before Flowers, because they have a more lasting Sweetness; and not only so, but they preserve us both living, and dead from corruption. Therefore they are used for prefervatives from Infection, and for Embalmings. Thou seeit thy Flesh, and all the Glory of the Flesh round about thee wither, and sade away. Trouble not thy self. In stead of these Flowers thou hast Spices. Thou hast all thy pleasant things in an incorruptible Spirit, where they not only preserve their sweetness ever fresh for thee, but thee also ever flourishing in the enjoyment of them.

4. Thou hast all in Heaven. A Believer is ever in Heaven, and hath Heaven in himself. For that Spirit, which is his Principle is the highest Heaven. The Joys of the Gospelare compared often to a Feast, to a Wedding-Dinner at the Marriage of a Kings Son. Now there go to make up a Feast, not only costly, and curious fare, but all things suitable, Stately, and rich Rooms, Musick, Perfumes, excellent company, all the Furniture, and Entertainment great, beautiful, and delighting. Thus thy Susferings only change the Scene. What thou hadt before on Earth; now thou hast in Heaven, in the glorious Followship of all Angels, and Triumphant Spirits, with the Ointments of the Holy Ghost, the Melodies, and Harmonics of Divine Love sounding thorow all the Beauties of the Divine Nature, in the purest Light guilding all; Joys, and Immortal Pleasures like Doves with Silver Wings, and Golden Feather flying about every where, being nothing but the Spirit of all Grace, Joy, and Glory in various forms.

5. Thou hast all this Substance, this Heaven in thy self. A Believer hath

their Heavenly Things in himself by a threefold Union.

1. By a Union of Love. As these Heavenly things are thy Beloved; so than art their Love. As thou beholdest all pleasantnesses in their faces: so thou art their Garden of Pleasures, where all precious things, new and old, are

treasured up for thy Beloved. They are thy rest, and delight: their Desire is towards thee. You are in the Unity of the Spirit, as One made Two, and

Two made One again.

2. By a Union of Likeness. Those Heavenly things, and thy Spirit are as Brother and Sifter that suckt the breasts of the same Mother; as Twin Lilies, or Roses springing from the same Root of Love. They are to you, and you to them, as clear and shining Glasses, in which you mutually see the Faces each of other, and your selves as reflections of each others Beauties. Jesus Christ in the Canticles often calls the Holy Soul his Sister-Spouse. He calls her, Can. 1. 9. My Love. The word in Hebrew according to its Root is the same with that, which signifies a Friend, who is described to be Alter Idem, the same in another Person. It properly imports One made into Two by a Di-

vision, as Adam, and Eve; the other half on Ones self.

and the continuous process to the ad-

Agiva or Jan

3. By a Union of Substances. Bodies can never meet in One. No one Body can ever be in two places at once; nor two bodies ever in one place. They unite only by Touches, by their outfides, by Accidents, and Shadows. A Holy Heart, and Heavenly Things unite, as Spirits, as the purest Spirits, where the Unity is most perfect. These intimately, totally, essentially, formally penetrate, possess, fill, and actuate each other. You have a shadow of it in the mixture of Lights; or in two clear, and bright Eyes, when they look full, and stedfastly one upon another. So Christ prays, John 17. 21. That they all may be one, as thou Father art in me, and I in thee, that they may be one in us. Again, v. 23, I in them, and thou in me, that they may be made perfect in One. The Radical, and Original Unity is that of the Bleffed Persons in the Trinity; the most immediate Branches, and liveliest Copies of it are those Two, of the Divine, and Humane Nature in Christ's Person; of the Head and Members in his Mystical Body. But this shall suffice for our present Doctrine, that a good Heart is a Treasury of good things.

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PSAL

PSAL. XLV. VER. II.

Thou art fairer than the Children of Men: Grace is poured into thy lips: therefore God hath bleffed thee for ever.

This Psalm is a Song of Loves. It contained the whole mystery of the Gospel, and of the life of a Saint with his Saviour, both in the Figure and Substance, which is all an Heavenly Song of Spiritual, and eternal Loves.

An Holy Soul in love with fefus Christ is altogether taken up with this Three-fold exercise. 1. The Description, and Contemplation of the Person of her Beloved. 2. The Desire, and continual longings by day, and by night to be possess'd of, to enjoy this Person. 3. The care, and labour to be like him, to partake of his Beauties and Graces, to derive them by the channels, and streamings of the Spirit into itself, to transform itself into his Likeness.

St. Paul spends the first part of his discourses in drawing aside the Curtain, and setting the Person of Christ in its entire form, naked glories, and native sweetnesses in the Eyes of Believers. Then he leadeth, and present them to the enjoyment first, next to the Imitation of this Jesus upon the ground of his

own Loveliness, Love, and Life.

The first part of this Psalm is spent in like manner upon the Person, and Praises of the Lord Jesus. This Verse hath Three Parts. 1. The Beauty of Christ; Thou art fairer, than the Children of Men, 2. The Love, and Sweetness of Christ; Grace is poured into thy lips. 3. The Seal of the God-Head, of the Father, of his Blessedness, and Eternity upon the Person of Christ; therefore God hath blessed thee for ever.

1. The first part in the Text is the Beauty of Christ; Thou art fairer than the Children of Men. Fesus Christ is the fairest of all men. He is fairer than the whole generation of Mankind. He is fairer than any person born of Man.

The Lord fesus excells all Mankind in Beauty, in Three respects.

1. The Humane Nature of Christ taken by itself, was born of a Virgin-Mother, and God immediately supplying the place of a Father. So it was, as a Morning-beam begotten between a pure Sun, and a clear sweet Air. Then it was born without Sin, the proper, and only deformity of Spirits. Thus his Soul and Body were like a Silver stream, flowing quietly in a clean channel, where the Image of the Skie, and all the Heavenly Bodies figures itself constantly, and clearly. So did the Mind, Will, and Workings of the God-Head figure themselves, and shine in the Manhood of Christ. Lastly it is the common sense of Divines, that the Complexion of Christ was very delicate, and

pure,

pure, arising from the most accurate proportion of the Elements, the most exact Harmony, and purity of the Humours, and Spirits in his Body. We never read, that he was at all Sick. As this made all his Sufferings the greater thorough the quickness of his sence: so it made him in his outward Form extreamly sweet, and lovely above the rest of men.

But besides all this, the Holy Ghost seems to fix its eye upon the Humane Nature of Christ in two other States different from that of his Incarnation by the Virgin Mary; as he is the First-born of the whole Creation, or of every Creature; and as he is the First-born of those that rise from the Dead; Colos.

1. 15, 18.

The Jews say, that the Messias was the first Creature; that all the rest were made by Him, in Him, and for Him, as Pictures to the Life, and Copies to the Original. A German Divine teacheth, that he who receives the Body of Christ, receives at once all, that is good, or fair in the whole world from the Beginning

to the End of it.

But the Humanity of the Lord Jesus, as he is the First-born of those that are risen from the Dead, excels Adam in all his Innocency, and primitive Perfections, yea, and Himself also, as he was the First-born of every Creature, the Natural Head of Angels, as much as Heaven exceeds the Earth, or a Paradise in the third Heavens an Earthly One, I Corin. 15. 49. The former was an Earthly Beauty, fading, designed for a Sacrifice, to be exposed to all forts of shame, and Sufferings, to be made a Prey to the devouring jaws of Death. This latter Beauty is Heavenly, Incorruptible, seated upon a throne, which indureth for ever, and ever.

2. The Second Respect, in which Christ is fairer than the Children of men is, the Union between the Divine, and Humane Nature. All the Beauties of our Saviours Manhood are heightned by this Union to that Lustre, and Loveliness, which cannot be expressed in any meer Creature; as a fine Cloud, a Garden of Flowers, a Statue of Gold are quite other things, when the naked Sun sheds his Beams immediately upon them, than when they are seen in a common, or re-

flected Light.

By vertue of this Union the Humane Nature of Christ is One Person with the Divine. As precious stones are a common water congealed, but inclosing particles of the Heavenly, Ætherial Light, and Spirit: So the Manhood of the Lord Jesus in its lowest state of Flesh, in its Blood, in the Grave, excel'd in vertue, outshined in Lustre, Rubies, Diamonds, all the precious things of the Creature in Heaven, and Earth, by vertue of this Union. For in all these States God was the Person there; all subsisted in him, as Branches in the Tree of Eternity. As Thomas did to the Wounds of Christ: So may we to our Beloved in every form, in the Ghastliness of Death fall down ravished with the greatness of his Glory, and cry out; My Lord, and my God. Every thing of our Jesus seen into the depth, and inside of it, or in a right Light is an Heaven D d 2

of Heavens, John I. 14. The word was made Flesh, and dwelt among us, and

we faw his glory, the glory, as of the Onely-begotten Son of God.

3. The last, and highest consideration of our Saviours Beauty is, as he is God, One with the Father, the Onely true God. This is the Head of fine Gold, of scilid Gold, to which all his other Beauties are, as the Locks, and Curles of his Hair, black as a Raven, Shadows, and Foils. Can. 5. 11. This is your Beloved, and this is your Friend, O believing Souls.

I shall now give you a Proof from Scripture, and Reasons concerning the whole Person of Christ after this explication of his Beauties in particular Forms, and

States.

Man was made in the Image, and Similitude of God, of the whole Trinity. For to Divines expound that, Gen. 1. Let us make man in our own Likene's, or the Three ever bleded Perfons in the God-Head. Some make it a confultation of the Deity in the Assembly of all the Holy Angels to make man an Image, where all their various Excellencies should meet in the Unity of his Person, to make Man a Musical Harmony, of which every Angel makes a part only. Upon either of these Interpretations Man is the most beautiful of all Creatures, having the persections of all Summed, and Sealed up in himself, to make a compleat similitude of the Divine Nature; like mystical Letters in the Living Word, of which the First Adam is a Figure. In the 1. of Ezek. The living Creatures full of Wings, and Eyes, by which the Angelical Nature is tepresented among their other manifold Forms, which appear in every particular Angel, is the Form of a Man. This Humane Form is the Image of God, the Beauty of the Angelical Essences, and the proper Essence of man.

Let us then enlarge our Doctrine, and confirm it in its Latitude.

If Jesus Christ be sairer than the Sons of Men, He is the fairest of all Things. Proof. Can. 5. 9, 10. The Spiritual Bride, which is the Church in general, and each believing Soul in particular testifieth of Christ by the Spirit of Truth, that He is white and ruddy, the chiefest of Ten Thousand.

We have here the Beauty of Christ set forth, first, Absolutely; then Com-

paratively.

First, Absolutely; He is white and ruddy. The Hebrew word for white significant smooth, clear, shining brightness, like that of the Body of Heaven in the fairest, and calmest day. That for ruddy imports the purest, and most sparkling red, like that of a Ruby. The same Word for the substance is set for the richest Ruby, Lament, for the Ground out of which the First Man was made, Gen. 2. which, say the fews, was the fairest Composition of all the sinest parts of the Earth, with its most precious vertues far beyond the sinest Gold. The same word also is used for the First Man in his First Make, when he was the fairest Flower in Paradise.

The most perfect white is the purest Light, which hath no Darkness in it.

The pureft red, is the most exact mixture of Light, and Shadow.

In General these words import a compleat beauty in the Person of Christ-a beauty suitable to us, fitted to the Eye of our Faculties, our Sense, and Un; derstanding. It is the manner of Men to express the most persect beauty of a Face by pure White, and Red. We have also a signification, that the choicest beauties here are Shadows only of Jesus Christ. White, and Red in the loveliest Face below is the Type, and Figure; in that glorious Person it is the Truth, the Original. Divines call the Creatures with all their Excellencies Vestigia Dei, the Foot-steps of God. If the Print of Christs Feet in the Dust make such Beauties in Flesh and Blood, in these Heavens, in the Angels; what are the Beauties of his own Divine Person?

In Particular, 1. White is the Unity of Light in its simplicity. This is the Person of Christ. Red expresses the variety of Light and Darkness with all their Degrees, and Mixtures, as they lie in the Unity of a pure, and simple Light. This is Light in its several Forms, and Dresses. This is the high, and Universal Harmony, which maketh all forts of Musick, and Beauty thorow all things in Heaven, and Earth, as it sendeth forth Sounds, and Glympses of itself any where. This hath all things in itself in their several persections. This maketh every thing in itself a Divine Musick, and Beauty to the Spiritual Eye, and Spiritual Ear.

2. White is the God-Head in Christ, making a Day of Beauty, which hath no night going before it, or coming after it. Red is the Lord Fesus, as he is God-man, where the Day, and the Night make one entire Day of perfect Beauty, the Night sweetly shadowing the Day, the Day shining beautifully thorow the Night. Here Beauty hath all its Charms and Sweetnesses of its Mornings

and its Evenings.

3. White is Christ in Glory. Red is this Christ, this Glory descending to the Depth of all Sufferings. Red is the Colour of Blood. Nothing is more apt among Natural things to delight, and ravish our Souls, than the Musick of an excellent hand carried down in just degrees by soft, and melting strains to the lowest, and there, as it were, quite filenced; then on a sudden carried up again. to a Sprightly, and Triumphant height. How agreeable, how delightful a Spectacle is this to the Eye of the Spirits to see the Lord Fesus, who is Glory itself descending with beautiful Conformities to the Wisdom of the Father, with fweet meltings of himself into the Will of the Father, thorow all degrees of Sufferings into the Silence, and Darkness of Death itself; then in a moment to fpring up into Glory, and Immortality by the Resurrection from the Dead? What believing, and loving Soul, when she seeth these beautiful goings of her Fesus on the Earth, on Mount Golgotha, in the Grave, would not gladly go down with him in the Fellowship of his Sufferings into the same Grave, as into a Spiritual Marriage-bed, to come forth immediately in the glorious Morning of the Resurrection, as a Bridegroom out of his Chamber?

I have hitherto spoken of the Absolute Praise of Christs Beauty in this Scri-

pture; He is White, and Ruddy. I am now to speak of the Comparative Praise; He is the chiefest of ten thousand: Ten thousand is a particular number set for All. The Hebrew word fignifieth the greatest number; it is applied to Angels, Plal. 68.18, The Chariot of the Lord is ten thousand; Angels are understood. The Angels are the fairest of all creatures. Our Saviour is the fairest of all the Angels. The word Chiefest is in Hebrew a Standard-bearer. The Standard-bearer carries the Banner. The Banner is the Mark and Prize under which all the Troop march, for which they fight, to which, and under which the whole Troop is gathered together. The Beauty and Loveliness of Christ's Person, is the Banner spread over all things, under which, in the force of which. for which all things move in their several courses, to which the gathering together of All shall be. The Instinct of this is All Love. The Possession and Springing forth of this All Joy. We read in the Acts of an Altar with an Inscription, To the unknown God. St. Paul preaching upon this Text, telleth the Athenians; Him, whom ye ignorantly worship, preach I unto you; meaning Christ. In the whole frame of Nature every Heart, every Creature, every Affection, every Action is an Altar with the same kind of Inscription; To the Unknown Beauty; To the Unknown Jesus. This is the Mark, the White, which every Being in nature ignorantly moveth to, which every motion ignorantly aimeth at; this is that which all Understandings, all Loves ignorantly worship, effect and adore; this Beauty of Fesus Christ, concerning which we now speak. Blessed are your hearts, O Believers, which are Spiritual Altars with the Person of Christ, engraven upon them by the finger of God, flaming with the fire of an heavenly Love, and bearing this Inscription; To the known Beauty of that Jesus, whom we know, whose Person our Eyes have seen, our Ears have heard, our Hands have handled, the Arms of our Spirits have embraced.

I come now from the Proof, to the Reasons of the Doctrine, which are four.

1. Jesus Christ is Beauty in its Original.

2. He is the Perfection of Beauty.

3. He hath all the Parts of Beauty most compleat in his Person.

4. All Beauty is derived from him.

Reas. 1. The Person of Christ is Beauty and in its Original. He is the First, so the Highest, and Best Beauty, Heb. 1.3. Christ is said to be The Brightness of the Glory of God. Four things go to make up the Glory of God: 1. Excellency; 2. Excellency at the height; 3. An Union of all Excellencies reslecting upon, imparting themselves to each other. All center themselves in the bosom of every one. All see themselves living and shining in the sace each of other, as in a living Looking-glass. Our Beloved is that Image, into which this Glory so brings forth it self, that it is One with it self.

Brightness implies three things; 1. Glory at the Height, as Light in the Sunshine; 2. Glory appearing, Glory in an Image; 3. Glory in its Purity. The Person of our fesus is such an Image, as is the Glory itself, a Deep of Glo-

ry, a pure, unmixt, unconfined, infinite Glory. He is an Image of so clear Giory, so One with the Glory, that All the God-Head appears in Him, and nothing

of it can hide itself from being seen there.

The Person of Christ is the Essential and Eternal Glory of the God-Head in its own proper Form, in which it may be seen by Spiritual Eyes, in which it may be a heavenly Bridegroom capable of being possessed, embraced, and enjoyed by the Spiritual Bride, the Wife of this Lamb, without spot or blemish.

Can any soul that hath had the least glympse of this Mine, this Mass of Glory, the Blessed Person of Christ, be so treacherous, like Judas, as to value him at, and sell him for thirty pieces of silver, the Riches of this world? Can any Spirit, upon whose inward Eye the least Beam of his Beauty hath saln, be so prophane, as Esau was, to sell his Birthright, his Inheritance in this Kingdom of Beauty, the Glorious Person of his God and Saviour, for a Mess of Pottage, for sensual satisfactions, for a lust, for a shadowy life on Earth?

It is added, Heb. 1. 3. That He is the express Image of His, (namely, God the Father's) Substance, or Person. True Beauty is defined to be the proper and native Image of some True Good. The True Beauty calls, and allures all hearts to it. The True Good gives them rest in the bosom of that Beauty. Beauty is Goodness visible: Good is the Invisible Spring and Center in that Beauty. God is the First and Supreme Good; Jesus Christ then, who is the Express Image of His Substance and Person, in whom He is figured after the most exact and

lively manner, is the First and Supreme Beauty.

God the Father is the First and Supreme Good, as the God-Head in the Root. Fesus Christ is the First and Supreme Beauty, as the God-Head in the Flower, springing out of, and standing in the Bosom of its Root, having all the virtues of the Root in clear and full figures forming themselves most gloriously, and most amiably upon it. The Holy Spirit is the First, the Supreme Love and Joy, as the God-Head in the Fruit, in which all the precious virtues of the Root, all the lively and lovely Beauties of the Flower are tasted, feasted upon, and enjoyed. To make our Esteem, Admiration, Adoration and Love yet greater, we must also observe that these Three in the Divine Nature, in the Person of Christ, the Root, the Flower, and the Fruit, are inseparable; they all mutually comprehend each other, that every One may be persect, having the Other Two entire in it self.

Ho! every one that sitteth under the shadow of any melancholy, any gries, or fear; that saith, who will shew us the True Good? Who will shew us Beauty indeed, or where the place of Love is? Who will make us to drink of the Fountain of Joy? Come hither to the Person of Christ. But come boldly, stand not without the Vail, press into the Holy of Holies, come near to the Person of Christ himself. Come past all shadows of Glory; come to the brightness of Glory, the naked Person of your Fesus. Here shall your Eyes be satisfied with Beauty; your Souls shall rest in Goodness; you shall take your fill of Love, and Joy.

Reas. 2.

Real 2. The Person of Christ is the perfection of Beauty, Psal. 50. 2. From Sion the Perfection of Beauty God shall shine. There are three Things, which I would make clear to you in this Scripture. 1. That Sion is the Third Person in the Trinity, the Holy Spirit, 2. That the Perfection of Beauty is a description of the Second Person the Lord Fesus. 3. Why these two are so joyned, as if one only were meant. This verse hath a deep Mystery of Divinity in it. Glorious Persons are contained here. But there is a Vail of borrowed Names from inanimate things upon them. It will be worth your time, and patience to stay a while at this place, to search into the Mystery, to take off the Vail, and disco-

ver the Beauty.

1. I think it will be plain to every understanding, that the blessed Spirit is figured by Mount Sion, if you compare three Scriptures, Gal. 4. 26. ferusalem above is free, which is the Mother of us all, Gal. 4. 28, 29. We Brethren are the Children of the promise, as Isaac. As therefore it was then, so it is now, he that is bern after the Flesh, persecuteth him that is born after the Spirit. In the first of these verses, ferusalem above is said to be the Mother of us all. In the Second these, All us, are expounded to be the Children of Promise. In the Third verse the same persons are described by being born after the Spirit. This Phrase of being born after the Spirit is fully explained by that of fesus Christ, from whence it seemeth to be taken, fohn 3. That which is born of the Flesh, is Flesh: That which is born of the Spirit, is Spirit. To be born after the Spirit, and of the Spirit signific both the same thing. Is it not then evident, that the ferusalem above, which is free, which is the mother of all the Spirital Seed, is the Eternal Spirit, after which a Saint is born, that is, of this Spirit, and in the Image of this Spirit, where there is Liberty, 2 Cerim. 4.

Now lay the Third Scripture by these two, Heb. 12. 22. We are come to Mount Sun, the Heavenly Hierusalem, the City of the living God, to the Millions of Angels, the general Assembly, to the Church of the First-born written in Heaven, to the Spirits of just men made perfect, to God, to fesus Christ. Before, we saw Hierusalem above, and the Spirit, now we see Mount Sion, and the Heavenly Hierusalem to be the same. Is it not then an infallible demonstration, that Sion and the Holy Spirit are One, as the Type, and the Truth? Can any other be the living City of the living God, where all the Holy Angels the First-born of the Father, the Spirits of all Saints, as well on Earth, as in Heaven, Fesus Christ in his Mediatory Kingdom, the Father upon the Throne or Judicature meet, and appear together in the full liberty of Eternal Light, Love, and Joy; besides the Unity of the Spirit, which is the Sweet and Sacred band between the two Glorious Persons in the Trinity, between all pure, Spiritual, Divine Beings a-

bove and below? This is the Spring, and Immortal Seat of them all.

2. We have in this place another *Person* set forth by this bright, and lovely Character, the Persection of Beauty. We may discover our own Beloved, and Bridegroom the Lord Jesus under this Title, if we bring to it the Lights of

two other Scriptures shining like this by his Appearance in them. In Heb. 1.

3. He is stilled the Brightness of Glory. Is not this the same, as to say; The Perfection of Beauty? 2 Corin. 4. 6. God hath shined in our hearts unto the Light of the Knowledge of the Glory of God in the Face, or Person of Jesus Christ. Can Face answer Face in a Glass more exactly than these Two Scriptures answer one another? In both you have God, God shining: in one you have God shining from the Perfection of Beauty: in the other God shining with a Light of Glory in the Face, or Person of Christ. God in all the Creatures, whether they be Visible, or Invisible casts forth Shadows only of Himself. Then he appeareth in the Person of Christ, as

Light in the Body of the Sun.

3. But why are these two so joyned, as if they were the same Thing, from Sion the perfection of Beauty? I will not examine, whether we may not disjoyn them in reading, by putting in between them, and, or in, Particles frequently understood; from Sion, and, or in the Perfection of Beauty God shineth. This needeth not. There is plainly a difference between the English, and the Hebrew. The Hebrew runneth word for word thus: From Sion, from the Perfection of Beauty God hath shined. So you have the Three Persons of the everblessed Trinity clearly distinguished, and united in this shining of the God-Head. The Father shineth, from the Spirit his holy hill of Sion, from the Person of Christ the Perfection of Beauty. These Two Persons are placed here, as One in Another, a Globe of Light in a Globe of Light, and the Father shining from them both to awaken in us this great, and glorious Truth, that the Persons of the Sacred Trinity have their Perfection in each other, and are ever undivided, when they appear nakedly in their proper Forms. The whole Trinity is the Crown of Beauty upon every one of them.

In particular Jesus Christ never appears, as the Perfection of Beauty, but when he, and the Spirit appear both in One, 2 Cor. 3. from the 14th to the end you read of a vail upon the Face of Moses, the Person of Christ in the Type; then of a vail upon the Hearts of the Jews. These are both the same vail. For the vail is never upon the Person of Christ properly, and simply, but upon the Eye of our Spirits; as the Cloud is never upon the Body of the Sun, but upon our Corporeal Eyes. For, as that doth in the midst of its world; so doth the Person of Christ in the midst of all things ever comprehend, and contemplate himself, and all things, in the simple and pure Light of his own naked Beauties. But then in the same place we read, that the Vail is taken away in Christ; and where the Spirit of the Lord is there is Liberty; that is, freedom from the Vail; Christ is seen unvailed in his naked Glories. It is added; Now the Lord is that Spirit. Then mention is made in the last verse; of beholding the Glory of the Lord with open Face; that is, Eye to Eye, the naked Eye of our Souls to the naked Eye of his Beauties; every Spirit being all Eye. The verse is closed thus; as by the Spirit of the Lord; or more agreeably to the Greek, as of the Lord the Spirit. Ee I have

I have alledged all this to make it plain to you, and to seal it upon your understandings, and memories, that fesus Christ is then only seen in his true Person and shape, without a vail, when he is seen in the Spirit, when Christ and the Spirit are seen, as two distinct Persons in One. Sion, the Type of the Spirit significant Vision. Hierusalem the Figure of the same Spirit, the Heavenly Hierusalem is by interpretation the Heavenly Vision of Heavenly Persection and Peace. The Lord fesus is the Persection of Beauty, the Heavenly Harmony of all things, the Peace of all Hearts, and Desires. The Person of the Spi-

rit is the Heavenly Vision of this Heavenly Perfection.

By the way observe, that the Holy Ghost speaks in this 50 Pfal. of the Day of Judgment the Second, and last Coming, and Appearance of our Lord and Saviour, after which he shall go away, and disappear no more. See here, what manner of Appearance this is; in what State, in what Form the King of Glory comes to the Marriage of his Bride, and to reign upon the Earth. He comes in a Spiritual, and Divine Form, in the Person of the Spirit. The Eternal Spirit is an anointing of Beauty upon the whole Person of our Beloved. He again is a Sun of Beauty looking forth in the Person of our Beloved. He again is a Sun of Beauty looking forth in the Person of the Spirit. Nay, the Lord Fesus cometh in the Glory of all the Three Persons; the Father shineth in the Person of the Son; the Son shineth in the Person of the Spirit; all Three in One shine together in the glorified Humanity of the Lord Fesus, all three glorifie that with themselves; Inhabiting, and shining forth round about with a sull Light of glory in it, Figuring themselves in their Divinest Forms upon it; overshadowing it, and cloathing it with the Brightnesses of their own most entire, and most naked Appearances.

Thus is fesus the Perfection of Beauty. The Glory of the God-Head is now consummate in Him, when all the Three Persons appear quite unvailed in his Person. You who love and wait for this Appearance of your Heavenly Bridegroom; who see this day, which his Spiritual Beauties make, and rejoyce to see it with a Joy unspeakable, and glorious; you, who live in the sweet dawnings of this day upon you; you, who have any thing of the Spirit of the Bride in you; cry continually; Even so, so come quickly Lord fesus in this

Thrice-Beautiful, and Thrice-Bleffed Appearance.

Thus the Person of Christ is the Perfection of Beauty.

Perfection implyeth 3 Things. 1. Clearness. 2. Compleatness 3. Com-

prebensiveness.

r. Clearness. That which is perfect, is pure, hath no spot, or mixture of any thing Forreign. As every drop of Milk is Milk: so every thing, the smallest Point in the Person of Christ is Beauty. He is Beauty itself in the abstract, in its simple Essence. This Finite world cannot satisfie our defires, because they are infinite. Behold here the Person of Christ, a world of Beauty, and infinite to terminate, and satiate your infinite defires. For every thing is bounded by another, or by its Contrary; nothing by itself; as Light by Darkness Life

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by Death. Our Lord Jesus is a Light of Beauty, where there is no Darkness, and so no bound to set a stop to it from multiplying itself endlessly within itself, meeting no where in its utmost Circles of glory with any thing besides itself. It is this Beauty, which is sown in every Spirit, shooting up, and budding in desires, flowring in delights. Love is this Beauty in the Seed, desires the sproutings of this Love. Therefore are our Loves, and Desires infinite, because this felm, the Beauty, which is their Root, and their Fruit, is so.

2. Compleatness. The Beauty of Christ is perfect; nothing can be added to it, Solomon saith, Eccles. 1.7. All rivers run into the Sea, and the Sea is not at all the fuller. It is the Person of Christ, which is this Mystical Sea of all Beauty, and Sweetness, all the rivers of created Beauty, and Sweetness go forth from him, and take away nothing. They all return into him again, and add nothing. When Lot had been made to drink Wine freely by his Daughters, he perceived not when they lay down, nor when they rose up. Believing beloved Souls, drink in the Lovelinesses of your own Heavenly Husband, drink abundantly of them; so will ye have little, or no sense of the presence of the Sweetness of any Object, or Relation among the Creatures, when ye lye down in its embraces; or of its absence, when ye rise up from it never to return to the enjoyment, or sight of it any more. Your Jesus in his single Person is all Loveliness compleat in itself. He is the same; that which all Creatures are; that which they are not; with them, and without them. Their presence, and their absence are the same, equally full of the same Beauty, and Sweetness in him.

3. Comprehensiveness. The Perfection of Beauty comprehendeth all Beauties, and Beautiful Things in itself. It is the First, and Essential Beauty, which by its presence beautises every thing. The Beauties of Angels, Stars, and Flowers; of Bodies, and Spirits, all flourish together eminently, and unfadingly in the Person of Christ, which is the Paradise of God, and the Bed of Flowers.

ers there.

Thou, who mournest, and loathest thy self for some Desormity, or Desilement of Spirit; who bemoanest thy self for some desect, comfort thy self concerning this in the Person of Christ. God is said in one place; to call all the Stars by name, and no one of them is wanting. The Person of thy Saviour hath all Spiritual, and Natural Beauties in itself. Here thou mayst call by Name the proper Beauties of thy Person, to cloath all thy shame with Glory, to supply all thy wants with suitable Grace. Thou shalt find no one wanting. Every one will answer readily; here am I; behold I bear thine Image, and the Inscription of thy Name upon me. I have been laid up from Eternity in the Persection of Beauty, and kept for thee, unto this Season.

You that complain for the want of any Loveliness, come to fesus Christ, that you may have it, and have it in abundance, richly to enjoy. He is that well of Beauty springing up to eternal Life, that is, with All, with Infinite,

with Endless Beauties.

You, who find your hearts captivated by any thing lovely on Earth, come hither. Where the Person of Christ is seen, as he appears in the Spirit, unvailed; there is Liberty; the fulness of a Divine Beauty, the freedom of a Divine Love taking off from our hearts the Chains of every ensuring, and enslaving passion. Behold that which thou lovest, in Christ the persection of Loveliness, where it is truest, and sweetest; so love it in him. Behold Christ beautifying by his presence every beautiful Object, like the Sun-shine on Flowers; so love him in it.

One said; if a man know not the way to the Sea, let him follow the course of a River. Every stream of Sweetness flows from our Saviour, and runs into him, Let thy heart accompany it in this course, so shall it be led by a pleasant Guide to Fesus Christ. The nearer thou followest it to Christs Person, the larger and fuller will the Sweetness be, as a River near the Ocean; till it be per-

fected in him.

When thy heart breaketh over any departing Beauty, or dying Sweetness in a Friend, Child, Wife or Life, then think upon the Comprehensiveness of Christs Beauty, which holds all other Beauties in it, as Heaven doth the Angels. Solomon faith in Ecclesiastes, When man dieth, the body goeth to the Dust, from whence it came; the Spirit to God, who gave it. Each thing returns to its Original, to the Element: from whence it is taken, and of which it is ever a part. Darkness sinks down into the Pit of Darkness: the Spirit, which is the Light, Life, Sweetness every where, every Spark, and Image of Divinity re-ascends, and retreats into the Bosom of the first Image of God, which is Christ. Each pleasantness, each beam of loveliness, is a glance, and sparkle of this Eternal Image of Essential Beauty, which enfoldeth all things, and mingleth itself with all things. That which thou callest the fading of any Sweetness dear unto thee, is only the hasting of the loving stream to its beloved Sea; the disappearing of the bright flame of Life into the glorious Brightness of its unseen Element. Thou fayst; it is now dying, now dead, when it is emptying itself into the Ocean of Beauties; retreating into the pure, and incorruptible Element of Beauty, the Bleffed Person of Christ. Cleave to it in this view of it, cast thy self with it into these secret, and sacred depths of Life, and Lovelines; so shalt thou never lose it, or thy self, save by being both together swallowed up into the perfection of Beauty, the Eternal Treasury of all Beauties, Fefus Christ.

I have now finished the Two first Reasons of the Fairness of Christ above all things; the Original, the Perfection of Beauty in his Person. Before I pass to the other Two Reasons, let us look down a little upon our selves, and make some application of these Beauties, which we have seen in the Person of our Lord, to our own Persons, to enlighten the Darknesses, and redress the defor-

mities there.

Use. T. A Caution. Let us take heed, that we make no inference, take no encouragement from the Loveliness of Christ to make our selves unlovely in his

his Eye, to defile his Spouse in our selves, to stain his Glory by Sensuality, Lust, or any presumptuous Sin. Our Saviour now dying saith to his Father of his Disciples: I sanstify my self, that they also may be sanstified, John 17. Tesus Christ put off in Death every thing of Earth, and Flesh. He listeth himself up by his Cross into Glory; that he may present himself again to the Eye of our Spirits in the Spiritual, and Heavenly Brightness of the Divine Form, and Glory; that he may baptize us into the same Sea of his Blood, and into the same white Cloud of his own Spiritual Beauties; that we also by him may die to the Flesh, and live with him in the Spirit. Hath Jesus Christ to this end made himself higher than the Heavens, Heb. that our Hearts, and Lives should be low and vile, as the Earth? Is he ascended above all the Angels, all the Principalities, and Powers of Light, that we should become like Beasts, and yield up our Bodies, and Spirits Instruments to the Principalities and Powers of the Darkness of this World, and of Hell?

Is there any hope of renewing such a Person by words, who thus turneth the rightest, and pleasantest words of the Lord Jesus, and his Beauties unto nourishment to vain, and silthy Lusts, to Corruption? Is any more to be done, but to leave him to that Dreadful, and Delightful Maran Atha; which is by interpretation, The Lord cometh; to the Person of Christ himself in his own immediate Appearances, when those glorious and unexpressible Beauties of the Spirit, and God-Head, in which he shall appear, shall be Flames of Fire burning upon, and consuming every Earthly, Fleshly Principle, or Spirit in every Form.

Use. 2. A Conviction of the Evil of Sin, which blindeth us to the fight of this Beautiful, and Bleffed Person of our Lord Fesus. How should we all curse to the Pit of Hell, from whence it arose, that Charm, or Enchantment, if any had fuch force to change the Sun into Sack-cloath, or hinder it from thining any more upon the Earth? How much worse than a Grave would it make the whole world, when we should have eyes open, and no Light? Far greater is that mischief, which the Devil worketh by Sin. By the charm of this world, which he raiseth, as an Apparition, and Lying Image from Hell, together with the Lusts, which he awakeneth by it, he taketh away from us the glorious Light of Christs Person ten thousand times brighter, sweeter, and of more confequence to us, than the Sun in Heaven, 2 Corin. 4. 4. By this means all our faculties are, as so many Eyes continually awakened, continually benighted with the blackness of Darkness, deluded with empty Shadows, and disappointed of the beloved Substance. So are our Spirits wandring in an everlasting Darkness, tormented night and day with the fire of their own restless, eager, and unfatisfied defires; while Fefus Christ their only Light, and Food is hid from them under the Cloud of their Corruptions.

Take heed especially of three Sins 3 of Covetousness; Uncleanness; Enmity.

1. Take heed of Covetousness, Mat. 6. 22. Our Saviour warneth his Disciples to take heed, what they made their Treasure, because where the Treasure.

fure is, there the Heart will be. v. 21. The beloved Object irresistibly draweth the Heart to itself, and transformeth it into itself, as Seed doth the ground in which it is sown. The Eye, saith Christ, is the Light of the Body. If thine Eye be single, thy whole Body shall be full of Light. But if thine Eye be evil, thy whole Body shall be full of Darkness; and if the Light, which is in thee be darkness, how great is that Darkness? The whole Soul, and every Spirit is an Eye. The understanding is an Eye of Light; the Will is an Eye of Love. The same word for the substance of it in the Hebrew signifies an Eye, and a Fountain. The Object is the Light of this Eye, which sheds abroad in it the Beams of its Light, Sweetness, and Instuence. These are the waters springing up in this Fountain.

The fingle Eye in the Language of the Scripture is the good, the liberal large, epen Eye. The Eye is fingle from its Object, when it hath fixed unchangeably in it that fingle Object, which is truly and eternally One; when it looketh upon all things only as they are comprehended in this Unity. This is fuch a fingleness, such a fimplicity, that the Eye, and the Object are both One; the Supream, and Eternal Unity is both the Eye and the Object in this Spirit; and so the Fountain, which goeth forth from its own Eden, maketh the Soul a Para-

dife, and watereth the whole Body.

The Evil Eye is a contracted, divided, narrow, covetous, envious, malicious Eye. Peware O man, that the things of this world, that this world be not in thine Eye. As fefus Christ is the Image of the Invisible God: so is this World the Image of its God, the Devil, the Prince of Darkness, by which he becomes visible to thee, enamoureth thy Soul, setteth himself in thine Eye, and thine Heart, with all his Hells, and Fires hid within this Cloud. And now a blackness of Darkness big with a dreadful Tempest of Wrath dwelleth within thee, and covereth all things round about thee.

But if Jesus Christ be the Object of thy Love, he will be as a Divine Sun in the Center, and midst of thy Spirit, powring forth a great plenty of rich, and glorious Beams thorow all parts, every point of thy Soul, thy Body, every thing round about thee. Now all things shall be to thee one entire, and beauti-

ful Body of Divine Light.

Indeed the world compared with the great, and glorious world of Light, ard Beauty in the Person of Christ, is as a Mote in the Sun. But if this Mote

be in thine Eye, it will deprive thee of the fight of this Sun.

2. Take heed of Uncleanness. St. Jude, v. 23. teacheth us to hate the Garment spotted with the Flesh. The Holy Spirit seemeth here to represent a Saint after this manner; Jesus Christ in the inward, and Spiritual Man, as a Sun shining in Heaven; The outward and natural Man, as a Garment of Light sent forth from this Sun, thorow which the Sun itself is seen in every point of it. As often as any unclean thought, or sleshly Imagination ariseth in us, this becomes a spot upon our Garment. Now the White is turned into Blackness of Dark-

Darkness, the Beauty into Burning, the Face of Christ, and of Heaven are

clouded, and appear no more.

Bleffed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God, saith our Saviour, Matt. 5. All vision dependeth upon the suitableness between the Eye, and the Object. All sense in every kind of things proceedeth from the suitableness between each Faculty and its proper Object. Suitableness is the visible Image, and effect of an hidden Unity, and awakeneth that, as the Sun doth its own Seminal vertues in the Earth, which spring up into all manner of Plants, Flowers, and Fruits.

The pure Beauties of Christs Person are seen only by a pure Eye, which Eye is the living Image of the same Person in the Unity of the same Spirit, and awakened in us by the Appearances of that Glory. There is a Three-fold

Purity; Moral; Legal; Evangelical.

If we would see the Image of God in the visible Frame of Nature, which is the Person of Christ in its Shadow; we must be baptized into the Blood, that is, into the Principle, and Spirit of this Image; we must be washed in this Laver from all the gross disorders, and pollutions of the Flesh unto a Moral Purity. If we would see the Divine Image shining in the midst of the Intellectual, Angelical, Invisible things of Nature, which is the Person of Christ in its Pieture; let us baptize our selves into the Blood, that is into the Spirit and Principle of this Image. Let us in this Spring wash off, by the Fire upon the Altar offer up all sensitive Forms, which is the Sacrifice of Beasts, that our Spirits may be like the vail of the Tabernacle having Cherubims, the Forms of Invisible, and Heavenly things only formed upon them. This is our legal Purity.

But would we see that Image of the invisible God, which is itself invisible to every Natural Eye, of Men, and Angels? Would we see, not the Shadow, the Picture, but the Brightness of Glory; the Person of Christ in the Life unvailed? We must then be baptized into the Blood, the Spirit, the Principle of this Eternal, Essential Image of God. This alone can purify the Heavenly Things themselves, Heb. This alone can wash out the impression and similitude of every Creature in its Natural State, that the uncreated Glory, which alone is the true Heaven, and lies hid under the other, as a Diamond in a heap of rubbish may shine forth. This is our Evangelical Purity, and our

Evangelical Vision of God in the Person of Christ.

When thou art come never so little past the lusts of the Flesh; thou shalt meet with him, whom thy Soul loveth, Jesus Christ in his Shadow. This will be an Earthly Paradise to thee springing up thorow thy body, thy senses, all vsible things round about thee. When thou art come never so little past the Flesh itself, and all Appearances of things in that; thou shalt meet with him, whom thy Soul loveth, in a lively, lovely Picture, thy Jesus in the Form of an Angel. All that was dear to thee, and present with thee in the dark shadow, thou shalt now see again with gain, and enjoy in the bright Picture. Thy Earthly Paradise shall be grown up, transformed, and enlarged with thee into a Heaven of Angels.

Angels. When thou art come never so little past these Watchmen themselves. the Angels, without the walls of the City of this whole Creation; thou shalt meet with him, whom thy Soul loves, the Lord Jesus in his naked, living, and cternal Beauties. Here thou shalt see the Light of Life far above all Shadows and Pictures, enlarging itself to take in, and comprehend them also. Not only the Persons, and Things represented in those lower Scenes, and Forms: but the Scenes, and Forms themselves appear again, and appear eternally in this last and highest opening of the Mystery of God. Not only that Role, which was the Treasure hid in the Seed, the Stalk, the Leaf, the Thorn, sheweth itself full blown in all its Beauties, and Sweetnesses, but that Seed; Stalk; each Leaf: every thing of the Rose-Tree; every dust of the Earth round about it, is now a Distinct Rose. This is the Rose of Sharon, our fesus seen, as he is, the vail taken off in the Gospel by the Holy Spirit. Follow after Holiness in all degrees of it. that you may see this fesus, as he ascends thorow all Degrees of things. Fly from every degree of uncleanness which will be a spot upon your Garments, that the Beauties of Christ cannot shine in them, neither in your outward and Earthly, or your Inward, Angelical Garment.

3. Beware of Enmity. The Holy Ghost saith; t John. He that hateth his Brother, walketh in darkness until now. Every Saint, every Man, every Creature, each Providence is our Brother, as it is the work of God, the Birth of God by Jesus Christ, and beareth the Image of him, who is the Wisdom of God. All Hatred is a Twin-birth with Darkness. Both arise immediately out of the departure and separation from the Unity, which is the womb, from whence spring together that Blessed Pair, Light and Love. All Enmity and Hatred besides that, which is the loving, and lovely opposition of Love itself to Hatred, and Enmity, is the seed of the Serpent, out of which himself ariseth, and by which he propagateth his Serpentine brood. The Jews say in their Proverbs; The Spirit of God resteth not upon an Angry, or a sad Man. While thy Soul is wrapt up in a black Cloud of Malice, or tossed with any Tempest of wrath, the Sun of Love, the Glorious Person of thy Saviour, which is all an immortal Flame of Love appeareth not to thee, neither can it be seen by thee,

all whose Lovelinesses are the Beauties, and Beams of Love.

Rom. 3. 24. Fefus Christ is called the Proputation. This was in the Tabernacle and Temple the Golden Mercy-Seat, on which God sat between the Cherubims, and talked with Moses. In allusion to this we read of the Throne of Grace, Heb. 4. 16. The Person of Christ in his Heavenly Form is the Propitation, the Golden Mercy-Seat, the Throne of Grace, the Throne of Love, of the freest, sweetest, purest Love, If you streighten a Flame, and bar it from its Liberty of extending, and dilating itself, you extinguish it, and lose at once its Light, and Heat. If you contract the Love of Christ in you by Wrath, or Enmity, you make your self uncapable of the sweet Light of his Appearances, and of the Heavenly Heat of his Graces, and Consolations. While there

is among you strife, anger, malice, murmurings, whisperings, hard thoughts, evil speakings, or any such thing; Heaven is not now open upon you, neither do you see fesus, as he comes up out of the Baptism of his Sufferings into a Returrection of Glory with the Eternal Spirit in the Form of a Dove, in a

Form of Love resting upon him.

The Priests in the Temple were Morning and Evening to trim the Lamps in the Golden Candlestick by pouring in fresh Oil, that the Light might not go out by day, nor by night. Your Persons, O ye Saints, are the Temple, your Spiritual and Divine part the Golden Candlestick, the Heavenly Person of your beloved is the Light in the Lamps of this Candlestick. If you would preserve this Light of Glory continually shining in you, be continually pouring in from that vessel of Love, the Heart of the Father, fresh Love, which is the Golden Oyl of the Spirit, in which the Life, and Light of the Divine Nature burneth, and shineth eternally.

But to conclude my discourse concerning these Three Sins.

The Scripture saith; Covetousness is Idolatry. We make an Idol of every Image besides the Lord Fesus alone, which we set up in our Hearts, as real, and excellent to bow down our Souls to it by our esteem, and affection. Every Idol hath its Devil in it. St. Paul saith plainly; What the Gentiles Sacrifice to Idols, they Sacrifice to Devils. You cannot eat of the Table of the Lord, which is his Glorified Person, to feast upon the Delicacies of his Beauties set before your Spirits there, and eat of the Table of Devils, which is this world; to seed upon the Dainties of the Flesh here. You cannot drink of the cup of the Lord, which is his Spirit, to take in the Wine of Spiritual Sweetnesses from this, and drink of the Cup of Devils, which is the Spirit of this World, to swallow down the

riches, and pleasant things of that.

2 Pet. 2. 13, 14. We read of Spots at the Feasts of the Saints, who are those that have Eyes full of Adultery. St. Jude expoundeth those Feasts to be Feasts of Charity, that is, Love-Feasts, which were joyned with the Supper of the Lord. The Appearances of Christs Person in the Visible, Angelical, Divine Images, are our several Love-Feasts. An adulterous Eye in the moral sense, which looketh upon any visible Object after an undue manner, is a Spot upon the First Love-Feast. The adulterous Eye in a legal sense, which looketh upon any Fleshly, or visible Figure of things, is a Spot upon the Second. The adulterous Eye, which setteth its Love upon Created Forms on Earth, or in Heaven, is a Spot upon the Last, and best Love-Feasts. All these Spots are Clouds upon the Person, and stains upon the Beauty of Christ, which at once dishonour and grieve him, darken and defile us, making us unworthy, and uncapable of his blessed Appearances to us.

As an adulterous Eye of Lust, so the blood shot Eye of Wrath is unable to

lock upon this Heavenly Object, or to bear the brightness of his Glory.

I will wind up this Use with this solemn adjuration, and charge: If there F f

be such a Person as our fesus; if this Person have such unsearchable Treafures of Beauty, and Joy in it; if the presence, and appearance of this King in his Beauty, as a Bridegroom, as a Spiritual Sun in the hearts of the Saints be no dream, or fancy, but the very Spirit, and Truth, and Life of the Gospel; I adjure, and charge you, all his Saints, by the Hinds, and Roes of the Field, by the lovely Person of your Christ, by the pleasantness of his Appearances in you, that laying aside Covetousness; casting away all Filthiness both of Flesh, and Spirit; putting off all Wrath, Malice, Envyings, and evil speakings, you fix your Eye upon, fill your Souls with the Beautiful, and bleffed Person of the Lord Jesus. This is your own Fountain. Drink waters from this Fountain alone. Behold your selves, one another, all things in the Light of this Person, of these Beauties, as they lie here, as they are comprehended in this fairest, greatest, and most Divine Image of all Loveliness. Christ is the Truth. The Appearance of things in the sweet Light of his lovely Perfon is True, This is that Truth, which if you walk in it, shall dwell with you for ever, thining with a precious, and living lustre in the darkest places of Sorrow, or Death. In this Truth live at peace, live in love within your felves, with one another, with all things. So the God of Peace, and Love shall be with you, Amen.

Reaf. 3. I now come to the Third Reafon of the Doctrine, our Lord Felus is the fairest of all things, because he hath all the parts of Beauty compleat, and entire in his Person. That work with my own Spirit, and with all Spirits, which is my delign, and delight, is to woo them for Christ, and espouse them, as chast Virgins to Christ. Eccles. 12.10. We read, that the Preacher sought cut acceptable words, and the words, which he found out were upright. Solomon was a figure of Christ in glory, King in the Hierusalem above. This Glorious Person is the Preacher, the Text, and the Sermon. Acceptable words in the Original Language are words of delight, as you may see in the Margin. If ever it be fit to seek out pleasant, and delightful words; it is on this Subject. when we treat of the Lord Jesus, and his Beauties. If ever it be necessary to take care to speak right words; it is now, when we speak of him, whose Person is the Center, from which all the lines of the Gospel, of Evangelical Truths, Graces, Comforts, Glories, Spirits are drawn; into which they all run; in which they all meet. My endeavour therefore is, that all my discourses may be steps from one Scripture to another, that by the explications, and applications of these I may enlighten your minds to the fight, and warm your affections to the love of these Blessed and Heavenly Beauties.

There are four Parts, of which all Beauty confisheth; 1. Variety. 2. Harmony in the variety. 3. Light in the Harmony. 4. Life in that Light. These four meet all eminently, and transcendently, in the highest degree in the Person

of our Saviour.

1. There is all variety in the Person of Christ. Colos. 1, 19. It pleased

ed the Father, that in him all fulness should dwell. Observe how St. Paul cometh to this total Sum at the foot of the Account, to this Conclusion of all Fulness in Christ. From the 15th v. to this you have the whole Compass of Things in Nature, Grace, and Glory. From the 15th to the 18th you have the Circuit of Nature in the full extent of the Creation with its Creator. First there is God, as he is the Author of Nature. Fesus Christ is the Image of the Invisible God; v. 15. Then you have the whole Creation. He is the Firstborn of every Creature; or of all the Creation. The First-born is the Excellency of Dignity, the Excellency of Strength. Every Creature is in Christ, as in the Excellency of the Divine Strength, in its Divine Root, Power, Life, Vertue; as in the Excellency of the Divine Dignity; in its Divine Form, Beauty and Fruit. As our Lord Fefus is the Image of the Invisible God, so the whole Creation lieth in him, as in a Glorious Fountain-Head, in a Beautiful Womb, in a Beautiful Pattern, in one entire Form of Beauty. As our Lord Fesus is the First-born of every Creature; so each Creature is seen distinctly in Him, and he appeareth distinctly in each Creature, in its Primitive, Pure, Paradifical State.

In the next place you have this General drawn down into Particulars, the Heaven, and the Earth; the Visible, the Invisible things of the Creature; Angels with all their Orders; all comprehended in the Light of Christ's Beauties, like the living Creatures in the White Sheet let down out of Heaven to St. Peter, as he prayed on the top of the house. All are For, By, In Him;

v. 17.

Lastly, For a close you have all the Forms of Nature, like Flowers of Silk in a Garment of Needle-work, shining together in the Person of Christ; v. 19. We read in the latter part of that verse, All things subsist by him. It is in Greek word for word, All things have subsisted together in him. As Beams of Light stand in the Sun, and out of the Sun; such a Sun is Jesus Christ, such a Visible Image of the Invisible God at the Head of the Creation, in which, and out of which all the Creatures stand; like a Bright, and mysterious knot of Millions of Distinct Beams: As a great and fresh Picture taken from the Life made up of many less Pictures, which stand in it, of which, several Copies are taken from itself, and Copy from Copy: So is our Beloved the first born of every Creature, in which all the Creatures subsist together in their proper Distinctions, and their Universal Harmony.

After this first Circuit of Nature, St. Paul passeth to the second Circuit of Grace, v. 18. Here also all things appear in Christ, as their first Principle, and their proper Habitation, Jude. The Garden of All, the distinct Root, and Flower of each Spiritual Plant. He is the Head of the Church; the Beginning,

the Principle; the first-born from the Dead.

Both these Circuits St. Paul bringeth into one Divine Circle of Christ's Glorious Person, like two distinct and pleasant Apartments, one excelling the other

F f 2

in Riches, Greatness, and Beauty, within the same Palace, in which all the pleasures of the God-Head, and of the Father, lie. For it pleased the Father that in him should all fulness dwell. v. 19.

Thus we see how St. Paul bringeth all fulness through all Generals, and Particulars of things every where into Jesus Christ, like the Silver and Gold out of all the Mines of Nature, and Grace, refined, and sashioned by the

Hand of a curious Workman, the Divine Spirit into one Jewel.

Behold! All Fulness, the Fulness of all Kinds and Degrees; All Fulness, the Fulness of all Things, Invisible, and Visible; Angels, and Men; Heaven, and Earth; Flesh, and Spirit; God, and the Creature; All Fulness, the Fulness of all States, Light, and Darkness; Honour and Dishonour; Pain, and Pleasure; the Griefs of all Sufferings, the Joy of all Glories; the deepest Guilt of Sin; the brightest Crown of Righteousness; He was made Sin for us, that we might be made the Righteousness of God in him; Life, Death, the Resurrection from the Dead, Immortality; The Earth with its nethermost parts, the Heavens with all the Heights above them; in a word, Love and Wrath with all their Changes, and Dresses; All Fullness dwelleth toge-

ther in Fesus Christ.

O the Greatness of the Majesty, and Fulness of this Heavenly Person! Fob faith of Wildom, which is one of the names of Christ, Job. 11. v. 6. The Secrets of Wildom; it is double to that which is. The Person of Christ in the Secrets of its Spiritual Treasures, containeth all things, which are, and appear in the Light and Eye of the Creature; and besides these which are Copies, their Originals. Thus is it double to that which is; having in itself the Shadow. and the Substance; the Picture, and the Life; whereas all that is, is Shadow, and Picture only. The Platonists call Secondary, and created Beings; orra, Beings; the Original they call "Ev, and o megov, an Unity above all Being. But Job going on to speak of Jesus Christ, addeth; Canst thou find out the Almighty to Perfection? v. 7. As high as Heaven, deeper than Hel; v. 8. The Measure thereof is longer than the Earth, broader than the Sea. That is observable; The Divine Wildom called also the Almighty, is as high as Heaven; but deeper than Hell. His Heights are all Heavens; and his Depths are Heaven below Hell itself. What are the Dimensions, what are the Comprehensions of this Spiritual Person? It is the Heaven of Heavens for height of Glory. It stretcheth the Compass of its everlasting Beauties and sweetnesses, beneath Hell itself, comprehending that in its Depths, amidst the precious things of its facred deep below. Its Measure extendeth beyond both Earth and Sea in all their Literal and Mystical Images. As the Earth hangeth in the midst of the Air; as the Air moveth in the bosom of Heaven: So Earth, Hell, Sea, Air, Heaven, and all live, move, and have their Being in this most high Person, and Spirit. O the Greatness of the Majesty, and Fulness of Christ!

I think not fit to pass over this Part of our Saviours Beauty, the variety in him, without Two Notes; one of the happiness of Believers; the other of the

Unhappiness of Sinners.

1. Note. How happy are they, who are persuaded in their hearts to trust in fesus Christ, and by faith to abide in him? They dwell together with, and in all Fulness. When they travel through the valley of Baca, of Weeping; they go from Strength to Strength, from one part of the Variety, from one Beauty, in the Person of their Beloved to another; So they see, the God of Gods in Sion; the open sace, and sull Beauties of their Bridegroom in the Unity of His eternal Person, and Spirit in every form of things. Every Pit the deepest, and darkest is filled with Divine Beauties in him, and his Fulness,

Pfal. 139. v. 6. David cryeth out; This Knowledge is too wonderful for me. The Name, that is, the Person of Christ is Emmanuel, that is, God with 21. Mat. 1. v. 23. God inhabiting all Forms of things, that all Fulness may dwell in him, and so he may be with a Believer, a Believer with him every where, at all times. David was in this Contemplation of Christ's Person, and ravished with it; Thou compasses my path; v. 2. Thou hast beset me behind and before, v. 6. I am encompassed, and shut in with thy Person behind, and before, from Eternity to Eternity; in every Form of Darkness, or Light; Earthly, or Heavenly. I am still with thee. All these are Varieties only in thee. It is thy felf, thy Person, besetteth, compasseth, comprehendeth me. and my way in them all. O Believers, when you fee Jesus Christ in the least glance of His Person with the same Eye of Light, and Love, as David saw him with; do not you also meet with wonders of Delight, and Glory, which are too great for your Hearts, Affections, or Understandings to take in? Do not the lowest, and least things seen in him, appear to you as Divine Wonders, with such a height of Light in them, as no created Eye can reach.

But David caught up into the view, and Embraces of Fess in his Heavenly Form proceedeth in his Rapture; Whither shall I go from thy Spirit, or whither shall I fle from thy Presence, Face, or Person? v. 7. The Spirit, and the Presence, or Person of Christ are here both one, to teach us, that this Person, and Presence of our Saviour, in which he is the same, yesterday, to day, and for ever, in His Appearances to the Saints under the Law, under Grace, in Glory is entirely Spiritual, a pure Spirit. If I ascend up into Heaven, thou art there; if I make my Bed in Hell, behold thou art there; v. 8. Hell in Hebrew, and Greek signifies no more than the Grave, or the State of the Dead. It is added in Hebrew, Behold! Thou! These words, art there, are put in by the Translatours, as you may see by the Change of the Letter. If I take the wings of the Morning, and dwell in the uttermost parts of the Sea, v. 9. even there shall thy hand lead me, and thy right Hand shall hold me, v. 10. If I say the Darkness shall cover me, even the Night shall be light round about me; v. 11.

Tea the Darkness hideth not from thee; but the Night shineth as the Day; the Darkness and Light are both alike to thee, v. 12. These last words too are ad-

ded; to thee.

Go thy wayes, O Believer! O beloved Spoule of this Heavenly Lover; fay to him with the same tongue, in the same language of Light, and Love, as Davoid doth: Wherever I fly or fall, I am ever encompassed with, ever wrapt up in thy Spiritual, and Glorious Person, as my Heaven, as the Air of my Life, O my Beloved! If I fly, it is in the face of these Brightnesses; If I fall. I lie in the Bosom of these Beauties. When I ascend up into Heaven, behold thou art there. Heaven is, as a great Room of State, and Pleasure in the Divine Building of thy Person. The Light of this is all the Glory; the Love, and Loveliness of this are all the Treasures, and feasts of Joy there. The several Appearances of those Distinct Varieties in thy Person, shooting forth themselves like Beams with a Divine Lustre, Warmth, and Life, make all the Angels in Heaven. The Assembly of Glorified Saints is the Fruitfulness, and Fulness of thy Person; first thy Birth, and then thy Bride; like Eve to Adam in Paradise; the Heavenly Eve to the Last Adam in the Heavenly Paradise; thy (elf multiplying it felf, that it may have a meet Help for it felf to be the Object of all its Loves, the Subject of all its Joys, the Mother of all Living. What have I in Heaven besides thee? Ps. 73.25. Thy Person filleth all those thining, and smiling Forms of things in Heaven. They are all the Beauties in thy Face; the smiles in thine Eye.

If I die, behold thee! Death itself is first an extaste of Love, in which thou overshadowest me, in a moment snatching me out of the Light of this world into the sweet, and everlasting Light of a far greater, and more Blessed world, thy Person. Then is it an extaste of for to find the same fesus cloathed with the same white, and shining Rayment in the Grave, as I beheld him in Heaven. The Grave becomes a Bed, and that Bed thy Bosom. Luke 16. 22. The Begger died, and was carried by Angels into Abrahams Bosom: the rich man alfo dieth, and is buried. That which the Grave is to the rich man, that to the Begger, to the poorest Saint, is the Bosom of Fesus, figured by Abraham, in whom he lay hid, as the Seed of Eternity. Ere I was aware, my Soul made me, as the Chariots of Aminadab; Cant. 7. Aminadab is my Princely People; a Chariot of Angels of Glorious Spirits. This is the manner of the Death of Christs Spouse: Ere she is aware her Soul setteth her upon, or rather itself becometh to her a Chariot of Angels, where she sitteth upon a Golden Throne of Love, encompassed with Curtains of Light, and so is transported in the twinkling of an Eye into the Arms of her Beloved; her whole way itself lying in the same embraces, which are the end of her way; and those Angels being the varieties, and the movings of those Fulnesses of beauties in the Bride-

grooms Person, which is the same Spring, and Rest of love in them all.

Go on then, believing Soul, with David, and say to thy Saviour: but the

time may come, when I shall neither rest on thy bosom, as a Throne of Grace in Heaven, nor as a Bed in the Grave, in the Fellowship of thy Death. I may be hurried to the uttermost parts of the Sea; to that State, where storms of malice, and wrath rage most in the midst of the blackness of Darkness: But when it is so, even then thou risest upon me, and sweetly breakest, like a lovely morning, in the Beauties of thy Person round about me. Thou takest me upon thy Divine Beams, as upon Silver Wings with Feathers of Gold, in which the Glories of the Divine, and Humane Nature are united. As thou in thy course circlest thorow all the infiniteness of differing Beauties within thy felf, thou carriest me upon these Wings of thine to the extremities of this Sea of Darkness, and Tempests. Even here also, as in Heaven itself thy hand, which is thy felf, thy Spiritual Person, thy Divine Life in Act; the Activity, and Appearance of thine inseparable Glories lead me, as my Strength within, my guide and way before me, my light round about me. Yea even here thy right Hand, which is thy Person in the sweetest, fullest Act, and appearance of Love, Beauty, Majesty, and Power, holdeth me; at once bearing me up in itself, encompassing with itself. Thus the Sea, and Tempests are still thy Person in the same Lovely, and Eternal Form opening new Wonders of Beauty, and discovering greater Riches of vafter varieties within the bright Bound of its own Spiritual Fulness.

Yea if I fink so low, that I begin to faint, and say; now the Darkness will cover, and overwhelm me; now the night will seal up my Eyes from the sight of my Beloved, and hide him from me: then the Night it self becomes a bright Sun round about me in the Heaven of thy Person, where every spot of Darkness, as well as Beam of Light is a shining Point, or line of Beauty; and all so

many several Suns set thick one by another.

Can. 5, 11. The Head of Christ is said to be as fine Gold; the Bushes, or Curles of his Locks black as a Raven, which is the Bird of Death. The blackest Darknesses, with the most affrighting Horrours are but those black Locks with their Bulhes, and Curls, which grow, and live upon the Golden Head of my Fefres, and are a principal part of thy Beauties. Thy Golden Head is in the midst of them, shineth thorow them every where; like a mid-day Sun shedding his Beams of Gold thorow a pleasant Grove, making so perfect, and delightful a mixture of the Light, and the shadow, that both seem one. The Shadow heightens, and sweetens the Light; the Light shineth in the Shadow, sweetneth, and softneth it. Each appeareth, as the same Beauty, the same Person of Christ, in a different posture, in a different dress. Thus the Light and the Darknessare both alike in thee to me. The Light is thine Eye. Thy Person is all an Eye of Life, Beauty, Love. The Darkness is the Apple of thine Eye, Here all inferiour excellencies are lost, and covered in a deep shade. Here thy Spirit and Person is most naked; here it uniteth all the Beams, and Forces of its loveliness, and love; here I see my felf, mine own Image, and Person shining with an Immortal light round about it. The Darkness is the variety making the Beauty, Beauty, and distinguishing the unity of Light into the Riches of manifold Divine Colours, Shapes, and pleasant Operations of Love-delights, in thy Perfon. The Darkness is the excess, and depth of thy Light swallowing up every Eye of Nature in me, then giving me a new Eye, and a new Vision of things in itself. Day unto day uttereth Specch; Night unto night declareth Knowledge: Pfal. 19. 2. Thou my fesus, the Immortal word, and onely wisdom of thy Father, art this Speech, this Knowledge. The Day and Night agree in this; both are Divine Sounds of the Living Word; Divine Representations of the Heavenly Image, Divine expressions of the eternal wisdom; that is, both are thine Appearances, distinct Appearances of the same Beautiful Person; several parts of the same fulness lying together, as Lines, and Colours in the delightful Bosom, and Face of one Transcendent, Spiritual Beauty. Thy Person appeareth in them both with equal fulness, and is equally the fulness of both. Thus in this one blessed Person of thine both are made one, and are alike to me. This

is the happiness of every Believer. This is my First Note.

2. Note. How unhappy is every Sinner, Prov. 5. 14. There is one brought in bewailing himself: How had I almost fallen into all Sin in the midst of the great Congregation? Thou canst never Sin out of the presence, from under the Eye of this Fesus, whose Person is the great Assembly of all Living, Immortal Beauties, pure Beauties, Spiritual, the Beauties of Holiness. A Poet in a clear night surprized by Thieves, as he Travelled, when they were now about to murther him, pointing to Heaven; so many Stars, saith he, as are yonder, so many watchful Eyes are there witnesses of this Murther: So many Forms of things, as are round about thee; so many Eyes of Heavenly Beauties look upon thee, make the darkest night to shine bright, as day round about thee, when thou thinkest to hide in the greatest secrecy the practice, or thought of any Lust. When thine Eyes shall be unsealed, how will thy Spirit within thee be amazed, and confounded, how will thine heart within thee be melted to fee, that thou hast covered thy self with the loathsom, abhorred deformities of so many pollutions, so many profannesses in the midst of the great Congregation of all living Lovelinesses, and Loves walking round about thee, and seeing thee, though thou lookedst not to them? But thus much for the First part of Beauty in Christ; the Variety.

2. The Second part is the Harmony in this Variety. St. Paul after that he had faid; that all Fulness dwelt in Christ, addeth: and having made peace by his blood it pleased the Father by him to reconcile all things to himself, whether they be things in Heaven, or things in Earth, Cel. 1. 20. The Spiritual Form of Christ is, as a Musical Instrument. All varieties of things in Heaven and Earth are so many strings upon this Instrument, which are all by the life and vertue of the Instrument itself so tuned one to another, and made to sound in Consort, that they fill the Ears of God himself with a most Divine, and pleasing Melody.

There is another Scripture, which agrees with this, and goeth further ex-

pressing the Harmony, and the Ground of it, Ephes. 1. 10. That in the dispensation of the fulness of times he might gather together all-things in One in Him, both things in Heaven, and things on Earth, in Him. Here you have the Variety, all Fulness, the Fulness of Times; then the Harmony; this Fulness gathered up into One; & both these in Christ, in Him. Then the Fulness is explained; Things in Heaven, and things on Earth. Then he brings it in a second Time, in him. Unity is the ground of all Harmony. The Unity of Christs Person, maketh the Harmony in him by a concurrence of four Particulars. 1. The Unity of this Spiritual Person, which is most entirely one, springeth up into all variety within itsel, 2. This Transcendent Unity boundeth all this infinite variety with itself. 3. This glorious Unity runneth through the whole variety, as a string of Silk through a row of Pearls. 4. The entire unity of this high and Heavenly Person standeth compleat in every branch, and point of all the vast variety at once; as the Soul is said to be all in the whole Body, and all in every part of it; or as if the Body of the Sun in stead of encompassing the Heavens successively should at once shine with its entire Body of Light in each point of the Firmament, as the same, and yet so many distinct Suns, being an Unity of all Lusters, and yet that Unity set in so many distinct Varieties, which are as highly, and ravishingly various each from other, as the unity is one in itself.

This is that wonderful Person of Christ; this is that Word, that Image of God, which is the Supream, and Universal Harmony, the Supream, the Universal Musick, and Beauty This maketh all the Beauty, and Musick through Heaven. and Earth, as it giveth forth any where any Glance, or sound of it self. This Harmony comprehendeth all particular Musicks, and Beauties of the Creature with their several forts and degrees in their distinct Persections within itself. This maketh all things with all their motions, Musick, and Beauty by its Universal Presence with them, and comprehension of them. Blessed is he who hath a seeing Eye to discern this Beauty in every Appearance, the most rugged, black; blessed is he who hath a hearing Ear to take in this Musick from every motion, the most sharp, the most consused. Yea blessed is he who lies with his whole Person, and Life wrapt up in this Harmony; who moveth, as al-

ways carried on in the Chariot, upon the Wings of this Harmony.

A Cautien. Naturalists report a Serpent to be often bred of the Brain, and Marrow of a mans back, when he is dead. So too often that Serpentine Spirit, which feedeth upon the dust of sensuality, and beareth an enmity to the Holy and Heavenly Dove, is engendred from the sweetest, and most substantial Truths, which are as the Marrow and Brain of Divine Wisdom, when they are become corrupted, and dead notions, in dead and corrupt Spirits. How are these two glorious Principles the Golden Pillars on which the whole Gospel is established; That all Fulness dwelleth in Christ; That every thing of Christ, in Christ is always her lovely; emproved by many unto the grossest Pollutions, and greatest Profanenesses? But these are willingly ignorant, that as God is

the God of order, and not of confusion, so all variety lieth in Jesus Christ in that perfect Harmony, which is the Beauty of Holiness, and the excellency of the Divine Wisdom.

All natural things stand in Christ in a double Harmony one with another; and with the Divine Nature, as faultless Figures of that purity, and glory in the Eternal Spirit. So Jesus Christ is both in one, the Image of the Invisible God,

and the First-born of every Creature, Colos. 1. 15.

Then this Beautiful Nature of things in Christ is made a Sacrifice upon the Altar of the Cross in Death; that it may put off the Negative Imperfections. the Shadowy Darkness, Slightness, Confinement, Mutability inseparable from a meer Figure. Thus is this State of things subject to a double Law without it, and above it; one of its Pattern on the top of the mount above Nature: the other of Death, that it may by putting off itself in the Shadow put on its truer self in the Eternal Original. Thus we read that Christ, as he was the First-born of the whole Creation became the First-born from the Dead: Colo/. 1. 18.

Thus thorow Death, being purified by the Blood of the Lamb the Creature passeth out of that Shadowy State by rending the Vail of Flesh, where it is in Bondage, into the Liberty of the Sons of God, where it is a Royal Law of Life, of Love, and of Liberty to itself in the Spirit of God and of Glory.

The Heavenly Person of our Lord Jesus is a Circle within a Circle.

1. The first and innermost Circle is the First Image of God in Nature. This comprehendeth the whole Creation. This is made up of its Day and Night; Light and Darkness. All things of Light, of Truth and Goodness, are embraced by a Light of Divine Love. All things of Darkness, of the evil of sin, lye in the Darkness of Divine wrath, where the Evil of Sufferings, as a Se-

cret Fire confumeth them.

2. The Circle which immediately infoldeth this, is that of the Death of our Saviour. Here the First Image entreth into a Divine Shade, where by degrees it loseth it self and vanisheth, as to its former appearances in the Figure. finking into its Eternal Seed. The Spirit of Glory in this Divine Shade is the Blood of Christ purifying the Heavenly Things in the Creature by washing away the Earthly Forms. This State the Jews call the lower Paradile, the Paradife, under the Earth. For as a Seed hath in it felf all the Beautyes, and Sweetnesses of the whole plant under the vail of a naked Grain: so here all things are as Spiritual, and Divine Plants full of all Beauty, and Sweetness under the covert of this Purple, Perfumed Shade of our Saviour's Death, to which the Holy Ghost was an anointing of all precious Spices, and a Lamp shining in the midst of it. This Spirit is also, as a Fountain from Eden running along in the midst of this Paradise, like a River, and Gardens under ground in the Secret of the Earth.

The third Circle is the Kingdom and Glory of Christ. In this the two other

Circles

Circles are seen, the First thorow the Second, as Faces in a Glass of Glory. Here the Heaven of the God-Head is open'd, and all things appear as Angels of God ascending, and descending in the Person of Christ. This is the Spring of the Spirit, in which all created Forms flourish like green Leaves, and flowry Blossoms in the Tree of Life, never to fall or fade; the Eye of the God-Head as a rising Sun shedding for ever sweet Beams of Love, and Life upon them.

4. The last and greatest Circle, the Crown of Life, and Beauty, is the Glory of the Father. This is the Autumn, and Season for Ripe Fruit. Now is festure turned thither, where he was at first. Now is he revealed, who was from the Beginning. God is the first, and the last; all in all. All things see, and enjoy themselves; all things are seen, and enjoyed in their unchangeable Originals. This is that Spiritual and Heavenly Form of Christs Person, into which he is ascended; in which he is, as on the Throne of the Father, which endureth for ever and ever; in which he hath gathered up all things into one. This is that

Head of our Lord Fesse, which is of the finest, and solidest Gold.

Thus we have seen the Order, in which all things lie in our Saviours Person, according to which he descendeth first, and then ascendeth within himself: The Unity of this first and highest Form, which is the Supream and largest Circle, the outmost, and inmost to all the rest, as their Root, and their Crown, in the bosom of which all the rest lie as Colours and Figures in the Light. This so goeth down into the other, that it maketh all one, and resteth itself entirely upon each point of every one, and enfoldeth the whole in itself, so that all have the Truth, and the true manifest ation of their Being and Beauty only, as they lie in this pure, and persect Light.

Every inferiour Circle, or Form of things is comprehended in the Superiour, and hath there a double Appearance. 1. In plain. So it is a native Flower in that Mystical Garden; a fair feature in that Face of Beauty; a Spirit of that Spirit in that Spirit, one Spirit with it. 2. In Perspective. Thus the lower is seen in the higher, as at a distance, as at the end of a Cave, as it was in itself,

as passed away according to that fashion of it.

Coloss. 2. 17. St. Paul complaineth of those, who intrude themselves into Heavenly mysteries, which they have not seen, not helding the head. These, as St. Jude speaketh, are Sensual, that is, men acted only by a natural and common Soul, not having the Spirit. So in those things of our Lord Jesus, which they know, as brute Beasts, they corrupt themselves. They have not anointed Eyes, to see the Harmony, and Spiritual Beauty of all things in the Person of the Lord. They discern not how the Original, and first Glories by fit steps, shoot forth themselves into Figures, and Shadows; how they lie hid as the immortal Seed and Substance in them; how like the Invisible, and first Sun, they shine in the midst of them, shine quite thorow them. They behold not the Figures ascending like a Pillar of Smoak persumed with all the Spices of the Apothe-

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cary from this golden Altar of Christs glorious Form comprehending them, and being ever beneath them; how they lose themselves by degrees in the sweet shade of Christs Death; how they spring again new in the brightness of his Resurrection; how they see continually in the Original Glory, where the

whole mystery is entirely comprehended, perfected, and finisht.

These men set not their hearts upon this glery of the Father in Christ to make that their Righteousnels, their Strength, and their Song in every other Appearance, as in the house of their Pilgrimage. They take no pleasure in the joints of all the members in this Divine Body, which are Jewels wrought by the hand of a skilful workman; this Unity being itself the mysterious joynt every where setting all, and binding all together in itself in that Wisdom of God, which is this Beautiful Person of whom we speak.

But enough of this Caution, and of the Second Part of Beauty in our beloved,

the Harmony in the variety.

3. The Third Part is the Light in the Harmony, John 8. 12. Our Lord faith of himself; I am the Light of the World. As the Sun, the chief and most glorious Body, is the Light of all Corporeal and bodily Beings: so this bleffed Person of our Saviour, the first and best Spirit is the Light of all Spirits; the first and most Glorious Form is the Light of all Forms of Things, Bodies, and Spirits. He is the First, the Supream, the universal Light. He is that highest Circle of Light, which rideth forth upon every Circle, or Beam of Light, each point in every Beam, Isal. 36. 9. Pavid saith to God; Inthy Light shall we see Light. The Light of the Father is Fesus Christ, the express Image and Glory of the Father. These words of the Psalmist have Two senses. 1. As colors are feen in the light of the Sun; fo every colour, Light, and Being, the Light of the Sun itself is seen only in the Light of Christs Ferson, as this pure and eternal Sun shineth upon every other Light and Form in it, and thorow it. 2. Every thing as it is seen in the Light of this Heavenly Form, is a precious stone of the new Hierusalem. It hath a spark of this everlasting Light, which playeth in it, and is incorruptible.

The Sun is changed into Sack-cloath at the presence of an Angel, whose Light so much excellent that of the Sun, that it hath no Light, when that other Light shineth forth. The highest Angels vail their Faces with their Wings, lose all their Light and Glory, when fesus Christ appeareth upon the white Throne of his proper Form, and naked Person. What manner of Light is this then, how pure, how full of Glory, how unexpressible, incomprehensible? This Light, this Lustre of the God-Head is that Scene, that Circle in which all the variety, the ravishing Harmony of Things lieth in Christ. This is the

Form of his Person.

4. The last Part of Beauty in Christ is the Life in the Light. Life is a Spring of Beings, which maketh every thing fresh, and new every moment. Newness is attributed to the Spirit. The oldness of the Letter, and the Newness of the

Spirit are opposed one to another, because the Spirit is Life. Life is the Spring of Motion, which is the Chiefest Charm in Beauty, and in which all Pleasures consist.

Fefus Christ, John 8. 12. calleth Himself the Light of Life. The Person of our King is that Light which is the Flower, and Crown of the Divine Life; and that life which is the luftre, the Sparkling, the Perfume of this Crown, and Flower. He is the Fountain of Life. Plal. 36.9. With thee is the Fountain of Life. This Lovely Person is the Fountain of Life in the Bosom, and Heart of the Father Himself. He is the Quickning Spirit, I Cer. 15. 45. The Lord is that Spirit which is in its own Essence, and proper Form: Life itself in the Fountain, where it is most pure, most plentiful, most powerful, most pleasant. How do all Varieties of things lye in the Youth of all Beauty in this Fountain of Life? How do they renew their Youth, their Beauties every moment, endlefly? Into what mutual traffick of Beauties, and Sweetnesses, into what uncesfant, Sprightly, Pleasant motions, what Divine Acts of Love, Joy, Delight do they spring up? How is the Beauty, and Joy of All fulfilled in every one? How are all the Beauties, and Joys of All eternally varied, multiplyed, and increased, when all lye together in this Fountain of Life, and every One hath this Fountain of Life in Himself.

This Person of Christ is the Fountain of the Divine Life, that Springing Fulness of the Divine Nature in each Form. Here the Father, the Supreme Love eternally generateth the Son, the Original Beauty. Both in the Spirit eternally embrace each other, infuse themselves into each other, renew themselves each in other, which is the First and Universal Joy, the Fountain of De-

lights.

Use. Make the Single Person of Christ the Sole Ground of your Faith; the

onely Object of your Love; the Fountain of all your Comfort and Joy.

1. Make the Single Person of Christ the Sole Ground of your Faith. Rom.
10. 17. Faith cometh by Hearing, and Hearing by the Word of God. Our Jesus in His Spiritual Form of Glory is the Word of God, as the Sun itself is Lux, the First Light. The Scriptures are the Word of God, as the Sun-shine, Lumen, the Secundary Light. The First is a Living Light, a Light of Life. The Second in it self is Light alone without Life. Look thorow the outward Word for the Person of Christ. When He cometh in to thy Soul by His Spiritual Appearance, He will be a Light of Life in thee, at once revealing His Excellencies in thee; Giving thee an Eye to see these Excellencies; by this Sight Setting them in thine Heart, Setting thine Heart. upon them, as a Root of Faith.

Esa. 45. 22. Look to me, and be saved all ye ends of the Earth; saith Jesus from His Throne, High, and lifted up, on which Esay saw Him sitting, which is His Divine Form. Behold! the Person of thy Saviour setteth it self before thee to attract and allure thine Eye by the Light of His Beauties. When thou lookest to Him. He holdeth thine Heart sast for ever fixt, as a Seal, upon His Heavenly form by the Fulness of all things Good, Great, and Glorious in Him-

self: He soweth the seed of his own Form and Fulness in thee by the flowing

forth of the Life together with the Light of his Beauties.

All Objects for Faith to fix upon; the answers of all objections against believing; the way to believe; the power of believing; the act of Faith itself; with the Sweetness, and Fruits of it; all these lie folded up in the rich Treasury of Christs Person; all these flow in at once upon the Soul, spring up together in it, at the unvailing of the Face of the Lord Jesus; as the whole knot of Beams pour out themselves in a moment thorow all the Air to enlighten, quicken, beautify and cheer it, when once the Body of the Sun appeareth. Look then to Jesus, O poor burthened Spirit. Look to him that his Light may shew him; that his Living Light may be an Eye in thee to see him; that thorow this Eye thou may st drink in by the streams of this Light of Life, him, and all his Beauties to be a Well springing up to all Grace and Glory, to everlasting Life in thee.

Ishall divide this Exhortation into Two Parts.

1. Let the single Person of Christ be the only ground of Faith in thee unto justification, Est. 60. 1. Arise, and shine; for the Glory of the Lord is risen upon thee. Thou who lyest in the Dust, bearing thy shame, as one free among the Dead, be no longer unbelieving, but believe. The Person of Christ in the Glory of the Father is risen upon thee, filleth all things round about thee; arise and shine in the brightness of his Appearance. Consider the Fulness of Beauties in Christ, and say thus with thy self; Hath the Sun Beauty enough to gild every Dung-hill, and Dung-heap here below, though that be on Earth, and he in Heaven? Is not my fesus then rich enough in Glories to overspread my shame, and nakedness, to make my Person shine in the Beams of his; though he be higher than the Heavens; I sal'n down to the nethermost parts of the Earth?

The Person of Christ is an overstowing Sea of Spiritual Beauties. For all Fulness dwelleth in him. If thou canst not cast thy self into him; stand still, and see how he breaks forth on every side, cometh on upon thee with mighty Floods, with a Deluge of Light and Beauty till he cover thee, and swallow thee up into his Bottomless depths of pure and Divine Glory, as a vessel in the Ocean, which is fill'd within, and overslown without with the Waters of the

great, and wide Sea.

2. Let the single Person of Christ be the sole Ground of Faith unto Sanctistication. All Fulness, the Fulness of a Sea, and of a Spring, is in Jesus Christ, Num. 21. 17, 18. You have an excellent Figure in a History. The Children of Israel wanted water in the Wilderness. God gave them a Well. Then they sing this Song. They encompassed the Well; they sung to it, Spring O Well; the Princes digged it with their Staves at the direction of the Law-giver. Dost thou want streams of Grace? Is thy Soul a dry and barren Wilderness? Behold Jesus, whom God hath given thee for a Well. At the direction of this Law-giver dig up the ground in thine heart, till this Well, this Jesus appear. Then

Then whatever Grace thou wantest, at all times encompass his Spiritual Person

in thy Soul, and fing to him; Spring O Well.

Joh. 4. 14. The Water which I will give him, saith Fesus Christ, shall be a Well springing up in Him unto everlasting Life. Take but in One Drop, the least Drop of the Sweetness of Christ, the least glance of His Beauty into thy Spirit; in this thou takest in the Person of Christ Himself, the Fountain, that shall spring up within thee unto the Life of Holiness which is the same for Nature and Duration with Eternal Life in Heaven; Divine, and Incorruptible.

2. Make the Single Person of Christ the only Object of thy Love. Let all the Fulness of thy Love be poured forth upon this Person, which hath All Ful-

ness of Beauty in Him.

There is a Twofold Love; of Benevolence; of Complacency.

1. Love thy Lord Jesus with all thy Love of Benevolence. St. Paul complaineth, Philip. 2.21. Every man seeketh his own things: no man the things of Telus Christ. Seek, and pray for the prosperity of Jesus Christ all thy daies in His Truths, in His Graces; in His Glory thorow the whole Earth; in His Church; in every Creature, where he is fown as a Seed. Love him with the Love of Wife, Children, Friend, Country, Parents, Life. In Isaac shall thy Seed be called, faid God to Abraham. In Jesus let all Relations, even of thy felf, to thy felf, have their Name, Truth and Vertue to thee. Let all those Bleffings, with which thou shalt bless any of these, come upon the Head of the Lord Fesus. With well to, bless all these in the name of the Lord Fesus. Say continually, let the Immortal Word upon its Wheels run, and be glorified thorow all these, thorow the whole Heavens and Earth. Those that are Florists and love Flowers, procure the choicest slips of Flowers, set them in their Gardens, water them, watch them, cherish them with the greatest tenderness and care. So do thou love fefus Christ. Be continually sowing and setting him, his Beauties in thine own, in every Spirit, in every Appearance. Water them, cheriff them by Word, Example, Faith, Prayer. Go out often into the Fields; go down often into the Gardens to see whether these precious Plants bud and Blossom.

2. Love the Person of thy Beloved with all thy Love of Complacency, Prov. 18. 1. A man through desire separating himself, intermediath with all Wisdom, or with all Substance. Behold here the Spouse her love of Complacency to her

Spiritual Bridegroom in three Steps; Desire; Separation; Enjoyment.

1. Desire. Thy Saviour is called in the Prophet, Hag. 2.7. The desire of all Nations. Thy Jesus, who hath all Beauties for all Eyes and Spirits, who hath all desirable things in himself, is the desire of all Nations. Shall not he then be the desire of all Principles, and Powers of Life or Being, in thy whole Spirit, Soul, and Body? shall not he be the Object of all thy desires? This Person, who is the Sealed Sum, and persection of all Beauties, putteth this Song into thy mouth, Can. 7. 10. My Beloved is mine, and I am his, and his desire is towards me. As the word there signifieth; he continually is circling round about

about me, hovering over me with the Eyes of all his Beauties, and Loves, upon me; as a Kite about his Prey. Do thou add to thy Song this part also; and my desire is toward him, Pial. 27. David saith; one thing have I desired of the Lord, that I may be all the days of my life in his Temple, beholding his Beauty, and seeking still. The Heavenly Form of Christ is the Temple, or I alace; and the God, or King in it, the Beauty of all. Say thou to rejus Christ: I now, for what is my sighing before thee? This is all my desire; that I may be continually in the Heaven'y Light and Divine Form of thy Person; that I may be continually feasing all my Faculties and Senjes on thy Beauties, and endlessy making fresh Dicoveries of new Beauties in thee.

2. Separation, Cant. 8. 6. The Church cryeth to Christ; Set me as a Seal upon thine Heart, as a Seal upon thine Arm. For fealcusy (that is, Love in its Strength, at its Height) is strong as Death, cruel as the Grave, the slame of it is as the Flame of the Lord. Love and Death both agree in this that they are a separation. I protest by my Rejoycing in selus Christ, I saye dayly; shith St. Paul.

The Love of a Saint to fejus Christ is a Daily Death; a Separation from all created Objects, a Retirement out of this whole World visible, or invisible, into the World of the Blessed, that World of Eternal Light, and Beauty; to be alone with Him, and in Him; to be inseparably united in One Love, in One Lovelines; in One Spring, and One Stream of Beauties with Him, as a Seal upon His Heart, as a Seal upon His Arm. Where we read, Cant. 8. 6. Love is strong as Death, cruel as the grave; the coals thereof are coals of Fire, which hath a most vehement flame, which hath, is put in by the Translatours, a most vehement Flame, is in Hebrew, the Flame of Jah; of the Lord, of Jesus.

Learn here the Divine Mystery of Love in Death. The Death of a Believer, a Lover of Christ, is Love itself, which is the Fire of God burning from the Center of our Spirits, from beneath the Foundations of our Natural Being, till it have consumed the whole frame of this Creation in us, and transformed us into one everlasting Flame with itself; till it have separated us from every Form of things into his own Shining, and Flourishing Form, which is the Person of our Beloved; the Temple, Palace, Paradise of Love, of the God-Head,

which is that Primitive, the purest Love.

3. Enjoyment. This is the Third Step in the Love of Complacency. The Intermeding with all Wildom, or all Substance. Our Jesus is the only Wildom, Substance, and Truth. The Fulness of things in Harmony, as they make all Beauties and Pleasures; in their Substances and Truths, as they have the first, & freshelt Glory upon them, and are incorruptible, lie in the Person of Christ. The Hebrew word to intermedale signifieth to mingle with, or roul our selves in the midst of all Wisdom, and Substance, that is, in the Bosom of Jesus.

O believing, loving Soul! Thy Beloved, when He cometh into thy Spirit, shith, Can. 1. I am come into my Garden, my Sifter, my Spouse, I have gathered my Spice, I have eaten my Hony with my Hony-Comb, I have drunk my Wine,

Reas. 4. I come now to the 4th and last Reason, why fesus Christ is the Fairest of all things. All Beauty is derived from Him. Beauty any where in the Creature is an Image of the Divine Nature, by which that maketh itself visible, testifieth its Presence, awakeneth the Soul to a sense of itself, and to seek after it. The Lord Jesus is the First Image of the Invisible God, the Supream Beauty. So every other Image, is drawn from Him, dependent upon Him, and is comprehended primitively, purely in Him. Every other Beauty is a Copy of Him, taken from Him, who alone is the Life.

Col. 1. 18. All things are made by Christ, invisible, visible; in Heaven, on Earth; Angels; all were made by Him, and for Him; by Him, as the Exemplar Cause; for him, as the End, that thorow the Pisture the Person Himself might, as a Sleeping Seed, stir up itself, and spring in the Light of every understanding

and sense, in the Love of every Heart.

All Things are By Christ Two ways, 1. As the Pattern of the Work: 2. As

the Power Working.

1. Every thing is by Christ, as the Pattern of the Work. Our Lord Jesus is the Wisdom of God. Wildom is an Inward Image in every Spirit, according to which it ordereth its way, and fashioneth its work that the Whole may be One Piece, and a Beauty may refult from the agreement of all Parts in the unity of the whole; as also from the Harmony of the outward Form, and the Inward Image, which by their mutual reflections pour forth pleasures, and joys into the bosom of each other. In Nature the Spirit included in the Seed of a Rose, hath within it self the Image of a Rose-tree, with all its proportions; leaves and flowers; beauties and fweetnesses, several growths, the bud, and the full-blown Rose. According to this Image, the Seed putteth forth it self; the Spirit in the Seed formeth it felf upon the outward Matter, and figureth the whole Plant in all the progress, and perfections of it. The Person of our Beloved is the onely Image in that Eternal Spirit, which is God bleffed for ever. In this glorious Image doth He ride forth upon the face of the whole Creation from the beginning to the end. In all His works of Power and Providence, He confulteth onely with this Beautiful Image in His own Breaft, in which all the Treasures of Wisdom and Knowledge, all the Patterns of Beauty and Excellency are laid up. He figureth this Image upon every Creature, and Work: he fixeth this Image itself in every Creature, and Work, which by the lustre of its presence, putteth a Life in the Figure, and giveth a gloss to it, as the Sun-shine to a Flo-Wer.

Gen. 40. 38, 39. We have the History of Jacob laying streaked and speckled rods in the Water-troughs before the Cattel. When they came to drink, they saw these, conceived, and brought forth their young streaked, and speckled like to these. Thus God the Father in all the Excellencies of the God-Head generateth Jesus Christ, and setteth his Person before him. When he cometh to drink of these waters of Life, to take in, and seast himself upon the

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Joys of his own Essence, and of the Divine Nature, he hath his Beloved Son in his Eye continually. From this Beatifical vision he is filled with the Innumerable Forms of his Son's Beauties. From this Fulness the Father becometh Fruitful, and bringeth forth the Creation with all the Forms, and changes of it

in the Figure of these Eternal Glories.

2. All things are by Christ, as the Power working, Job 38. 14. It is turned as Clay to the Seal; they stand as a Garment. How sweet, and clear a Depth is this Text? How doth Jesus Christ in it shine from the Face of every Creature, and from the unfathomable Light of his own Person? What is this it, it is turned? You shall see in the verse immediately before, it is the Earth, which frequently is taken for the whole Creation in the language of the Scripture, as Heaven for God. But what is this Seal, to which the Earth is turned like Clay? Two verses before will shew you, that this Seal is the Day-light. Luk. 1. 78. Zacharias in his Song expresses the Jesus Christ by this name, the Day-spring: These are his words; The Day spring from on high hath visited us. As the Day-light, when it springeth in the morning, overspreadeth the whole visible World, and setteth a new Form upon every thing: so the Lord Jesus, as a Seal by the presence of his Person with every Creature imprinted the figure of himself in a beautiful Form upon it.

Thus it is turned, as a Clay to the Seal. Job addeth; they stand, as a Garment. The Creation is spoken of first Collectively, It; then all the Creatures in particular distributively, They. There are two rich Glypmses given us of the glo-

rious Person of our Lord in the Creation by these words.

1. As the whole Creation in general, so each in particular is sealed with the

entire Person of Christ.

2. All the Creatures are Sealed with the Person of the Lord Jesus without, and filled with the same Person within. Every Creature rightly seen, is as a Garment of Light cloathing the Body of the Sun, the Person of Christ; and wrought in every part of it with the Figure of this Spiritual Sun. The Type of it was the Vail before the most Holy Place. Within were the Cherubims of Massy Gold. Upon the Vail was wrought the Similitude of the same Cherubims in all manner of rich Colours.

Thus the Earth is turned to Christ, as a Clay to the Seal; and every thing in

it standeth, as a Garment upon him.

Perhaps he who peruseth this place in fob will find reason to believe, that the Holy Spirit pointeth at Three States. 1. The Creation, as the Figure 2. The Person of Christ incarnate, as the First-fruits. 3. The Reformation, as the Life in the full Harvest. Neither will it seem unlikely to those who compare the Scriptures; that Zacharias alludeth to Job, and Job here to the first of Genesis. In three things all agree; 1. a Darkness. 2. A Light rising in this Darkness, and triumphing over it. 3. A New Form, given to all things by this Light.

But to return; Heb. 1. 3, Our Lord is said to be, The express Image of his

Fathers Substance. The word is Character, which signifieth an Ingraving, as upon a Seal. Great Persons first engrave their Arms upon some precious matter, as Gold, or a rich stone. This is their Seal. With this they stamp the same Image upon several pieces of Wax, as they have occasion. So God the Father setteth deeply, and richly, the compleat Form of his Divine Person, and Substance upon the Person of his Son. Then he setteth him, as a Gold-Seal upon the Creation, as Virgin Wax, and so imprinteth all his Beauties upon it. But the Lord Jesus stampeth one part of the Creation with the Impressions of his Person thorow another; so that the Figure is more clear and persect in the invisible part of things upon Angels, and Spirits; more obscure, and impersect upon the Visible part, the Things of Sense.

Before I leave this we are to take notice that the matter of the Creation, which Job calleth Clay, is expressed by Water in the beginning of Genesis. If you set a seal upon water, it receiveth the Impression without resistance, but keepeth it only by the continuance of the Seal itself upon it. Thus the Preservation of the Creature to the end, is the same thing with the Creation of it at first,, it is the Impression and Figure of our Saviours Beautiful, and Blessed Person, which is the Essence, and Form of each Created Being. It is this Glorious Person itself, the Fountain of all Forms fixed in the Impression, which alone every moment preserveth each Essence, and all Beings, by renewing them. If the Seal be taken off, immediately the Figure vanisheth, and is no more.

Use. 1. Let all this, that hath been spoken of the Person of Christ perswade us to study this Person, in which such unsearchable riches are laid up, and to seek the knowledge of him. Beautiful things alone are worthy of knowledge. This Jesus then is worthy of our knowledge. For he is fair. He is fairer than all things; and so most worthy to be known; all Beauties are comprehended in, and derived from him. His Person then should be the Center, where all the lines of our knowledge meet, and from whence they are drawn.

Ishall press upon you the Study of your Beloved in the simplicity and nakedness of his Heavenly Person by Two Arguments. 1. The Easiness. 2. The

Excellency.

1. The knowledge of Jesus Christ is Easy. Heb. 5. 11. The Holy Spirit had made mention of Melchisedech in the verse before. In this he addeth: Of whom we have many things to say, and hard to be uttered by reason of the dulness of your hearing. Melchisedech signifiest the King of Righteousness. This is Jesus Christ in that Spiritual Form of Divine Glory, which is the Throne of Righteousness. In this he was eternally with the Father, in his heart, and Eye. In this he was with the Saints from the beginning of the World, the Immortal Seed in their Hearts, the Joyful, and Glorious Object in the Eye of their Faith. In this he appeared frequently to them thorow outward Figures.

The Holy Ghost telleth the Hebrews, that He hath many things to say to them of this Person. He hath many, innumerable Beauties in Him to unvail, and

hew

thew to them. He hath many things to say, many words, and expressions, to declare the riches of each single, Beauty. When David saw this Personof Christ, as a City compact in it self, where all Spiritual Beauties, and Beautiful Spirits dwelt together in a most Beautiful Order in the unity of this First and Great Spirit, in the Eternal Palace of His Spiritual Form, he cryed out: Glorious things are spiken of thee, O thou City of God! Psal. 87. 3. So saith the Spirit here: of whom I have many things to Say; Then He addeth; and hard to be uttered. This scemeth a strange Testimony to bring, to prove the Knowledge of Christ to be easy, which saith plainly; the things of Christ are hard to be uttered. But you will presently see these words to have in them a full, and mani-

fold proof of this, which we intend.

The Beauties of Christ are hard to be uttered. Whence ariseth this Difficulty? From the Nature of the Things? St. Paul teacheth us, that Every thing, which maketh manifest, is Light; Eph. 5. 13. If that which maketh every thing manifest, be Light; then is the Light itself most manifest of all things; then the higher, and greater the Light; the clearer, the fuller is it in the Manifestation of Itself, and of all other things. The Person of Christ is the most pure, most perfect, and most universal Light. Nothing shineth so openly, so clearly in every creature, in every place, in every Spirit; Nothing to easy to be seen, as the Person of this Lovely One. Whence then is the difficulty of uttering His Glories? The Spirit answereth the Question. It is from the Dulness of our Hearing. How evident an Argument is this of the Presence of our Beloved with us, that He is before our Eyes in every Appearance of Things, that He is in the midst of us? How plain a Testimony is it of the openness, and clearness of His Beauties, of their nearness, and suitableness to our senses; that it is a Dulness in us not to see this Person, these Beauties? We never account it to be a Dulnels of Sense not to discern things Distant, or Difficult.

Solomon saith, Prov. 14. 6. Knowledge is easy to him that understandeth. The Knowledge, which this Divine King had his eye upon thorow his whole Book, was that Wisdom, which is the Brightness of the Glery of God shining forth in the Soul. The Holy Ghost seemeth thorow this book of the Proverbs to express by understanding a Divine Light and Sense, which is the Spirit of Christ in us; by Wisdom, that Divine Object, which is the Person of Christ rising in us, like the Sun in his proper Sphere. This Earth which we tread upon, This Heaven, which we see shining round about us, are not so manifest to our natural Senses; as fesus Christ, that Power of God, which bringeth forth, beareth up us and all things; that Wisdom of God, which encompasseth us round about with its various brightnesses and beauties is present, open, and evident to

the Spiritual Eye.

Doth not this move us; to understand, that there is an Heavenly Person ever with us, in whom are set before us all the Delights of our Eyes, all the Desires of our Hearts; and that the only Bar between us, and these Beauties, these Blessed-

Blessednesses is either our want of Senses, or the Dulness of our Senses, that we discern them not? Mar. 10.51. Bartimeus the blind beggar, hearing that Jesus passed by, cryeth out; Jesus thou Son of David have mercy on me. He ceased not to cry, till the Lord maketh a stand, and asketh him; what he would have. He answereth; Lord, that I may receive my sight. Isa. 50.4. The Prophet saith of God: He waketh mine Ear morning by merning: he wakeneth mine Ear to hear, as the Learned. You that are no Christians indeed, who have no Spiritual Senses, cease not crying, Jesus, thou Brightness of the Father's Glory, have mercy on me, that I may receive my sight. You that are in truth Christians, and have Spiritual Senses drowsie, and dull, whose heart is awake in you, while you sleep, cry to the Lord Jesus to awaken your Eye, and your Ears morning by morning, moment by moment that you may see his Shape, and hear his voice. This is the first Argument to press you to the study of the Person of Christ; the Easiness of this knowledge.

The Second Argument is the Excellency, which confifteth of two Parts.

the Comprehensiveness; the Efficacy of this knowledge.

1. The Comprehensiveness of the knowledge of Christ is the Excellency of it, Col. 2.2. All treasures of Wisdom and Knowledge are hid in him. Several Propositions of great value and vertue, lie wrapt up in this single Proposition.

christ. All Things, that are to be known, lie together in the Heavenly Form of Jesus Christ. All things are here in their first, and proper Being, in their Truth and Substance, in their immutable essences, as they are capable of being known. Every thing as it is seen without this Circle of Divine Light the Person of Christ, is a Shadow, an Apparition, a Mockshow of itself. It may beget a

Fancy, or Opinion in our Souls, but no Knowledge.

2. That Light, in which alone things are known, is only in Christ. He is the true, Supream, and universal Light. All things are naked, and manifest before him: Heb. 4. 13. This is that Divine Light, in which every thing appeareth in its Divine Form, in its naked Substance, and Essence, uncloathed of every Disguise, and Vail, as it lieth in the Divine Understanding, which is the measure of all Truth. Therefore our Lord Fesus in that place, Heb. 4. 12. where all things are said to be naked and manifest before him, is in the verse before called; the Word of God; the living Word; the living Word of the Divine understanding, in which it bringeth forth at once, and eternally all knowledge to itself, and beholdeth, as in a Glass, the eternal Truths, and Essences of all things.

3. The Eye, which taketh in all Knowledge is in Christ; As the Spirit of this world is both the Fountain, and the Eye, which sendeth forth, and taketh in all natural Images; then our Spirits by being comprehended in this Spirit, become Springs in that Spring, Eyes in that Eye, bringing forth from themselves and contemplating in themselves the various Forms of being in this world; so is a Saint Light in Christ; a Child of Light in this great Father of Lights. Jesus

Christ

Christ in His Divine Form is the Light of Life; that is. I. The First Light, as the first Picture is called the Life. 2. The True Light; every other Light is a Picture of Light, and no more. 3. A living Light; and so both a Fountain, and an Eye. In the Hebrew the same word for the substance signifies both. A Saint Springing up in his inward man out of this Spiritual Form of Christ, and standing in it, is made itself also, a Fountain of living waters flowing from Lebanon; of all living Glories flowing from the high, and flourishing Mountain of the God-Head in the Person of Christ: Can. 4. 15. He is made also an Eye set fully, Can. 5. 12. Aben Ezra in his notes expounded that to be an Eye, in which is set the full Image of the whole Nature of things; in which, according to the language of the Gospel is set the Person of its Beloved, that entire Image of the God-Head, and of both worlds, where all Fulness dwelleth together in a Divine Form, and Glory. This is spoken of Christ sirst, then is true of a Saint, as a Saint is the Image of Christ.

4. All Things, as they are known in Christ, are a Treasure. That which is born of the Spirit, is Spirit; fohn 3. 6. That which is seen in this Spirit of Immortality and Glory is an Immortal, and Glorious Spirit. This is the true multiplying, magnifying, and glorifying Glass. Each Dust is here known in the bright Form of a Beautiful Star; each Star is discovered here to be an Heaven of Stars, a new world of Glories. Every thing as it appeareth in Christ, is something of Christ. Christ altogether is Lovely; Can. 5. 16. It is in the Original; Every thing of him is desirablenesses. The least Point, that a Spiritual Eye can touch upon in the Person of Christ, is a fresh spring, a full Sea, a great, and bottomless deep of all Beauties, Excellencies, and Joys that may

render any thing perfectly, univerfally desirable.

5, The Knowledge of things in Christ is a Treasure. It is Wisdom, as well as Knowledge. It is a knowledge of things in their Head, in their highest Beauty, Life, and Truth. It is a Fulness of Things. It is a Transforming Knowledge. We are changed into the things themselves, and they into us. By knowing we posses, and enjoy them; we are possessed, and enjoyed by them; we stand both in one Image, and Spirit mutually comprehending, and comprehended;

mutually cloathing, and cloathed.

All this Treasure is hid in Christ, not as in a Cloud, but as in the Sun; by no darkness, or obscurity there; but by the Excess, and Transcendencyof the Glory; by the Perfection, and Purity of the Light; as Christ is hid in God; Col. 3. This hiding maketh the Object more a Treasure, and more evident to a suitable Eye, in as much, at it is a Divine Form in a Divine Light; a Form of Light dwelling in the Fountain of Light. How worthy is this Knowledge of that zeal to it, and pursuit of it, which the wise King stirreth us up to, Prov. 2. 3, 4, 5. to cry for it, to the Fountain of wisdom above, with the voice of our Faith; to seek it as Silver in every thing round about us, the pure mettal in the oar of the Creature, by the Flame of our Love; to dig for

it, as hidden Treasures within our selves, below the Foundations of this Creation, by Humility and the Cross?

This is the Comprehensiveness of the Knowledge of our Saviour.

2. The Second Excellency in this Knowledge is the Efficacy. This divideth itself into three Branches: It worketh Grace. 1. Universally. 2. Powerfully.

2. Kindly.

all Grace together in a sweet Harmony. John 17. 3. In a bosom-discourse between himself, and his Father, where he is most naked, sweet, and free, the Lord Jesus saith to his Father; This is Eternal Life to know thee the only true God, and Him whom thou hast sent, Jesus Christ, God is True, the Truth, as he is God. He is the TrueGod, as he is the Onely One. Jesus Christ is sent forth from him, as he is the Brightness, the Estulgency, the Outshining of his Glory; his essential Image. Thus is he also one with him. The Father cannot be perfectly known by him, if he be not perfectly one with him. This verse hath in it a figure called "Ex Dad Door". One thing expressed, as two; like that; a Cup, and Gold, for a Golden Cup. So here; to know the only true God, and Jesus Christ sent forth from him, is to know that God, who is the Unity, and Truth in Jesus his essential Image, in which he comprehendeth, and cometh forth into all manner of various Images; the outgoing of his Divine Essence in Eternity and Time.

Eternal Life is the whole Work of God upon the Souls of the Elect from the Beginning to the End; the Divine Life begun in Grace on Earth, compleated in Glory in Heaven. I have formerly faid, that Knowledge maketh the Spirit One with that which is Known. How should this endear the Knowledge of our Bleffed Lord, and quicken us to follow hard after it; The true Knowledge of our Beloved maketh us One Spirit with Him, and transformeth us into His Image, which is the whole Armour of God put on at once; the compleat frame and fabrick of all Grace riling up at once in the Heart? All Graces are One in the Person of Christ. By taking him in, and being made One with Him, we take in All Grace, and are molded into All Grace in One, according to the meafure of the Revelation of our Lord Jesus in us. The want of having this Pattern upon the Mount, Fesus in His Heavenly Form in the Eye of our Spirits, is the great reason why the Tabernacle of God goeth up so imperfectly, and brokenly in us. One Saint is careful of his way, but goeth fadly on; another is chearful, but careless. One is sweet and slight, another serious and soure, censorious, One is zealous and ignorant; another high in his Light, and loose in his Life. Particular rules and precepts, are like a Watering-pot, which a man carrieth up and down in his hand, watering his flowers and plants fingly and flightly. While one is watered the other withereth. The Discovery of our Saviour in His Spiritual Person to the Eye of our Spirits is, as the gentle Rain from Heaven. which at once watereth thy whole Garden, and descendeth to the Root of

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every Truth, Grace, and comfort in thee. Grow, saith St. Peter, in Grace, and in the Knowledge of Jesus Christ. 2 Pet. 1 l. Grace indifferently, universally in the whole Nature, and Kind is inseparable from the Knowledge of Jesus Christ. These two mutually breed, and feed each other. All Grace in the entire Frame and Harmony is the similitude, the Image of Christs Person, as it is in Glory, formed in us. As Christ riseth and shineth forth upon us, this Image springeth up, groweth clearer and fairer. As this Image cometh to persection; to Jesus Christ is seen more perfectly in it, as in a Glass. If you be compleat Christians, grow at once proportionably in all Grace, in Light, in Life, in Love; study the Heavenly Person of your Bridegroom, grow in the Knowledge of him. As the Eye of the Husband should be the Looking-glass of the Wise, by which she adorneth her self: so let this glorious Person of thy Beloved be that Spiritual Glass, in which thou O Queen, O Believing, and loving Soul, dressest thy self.

2. The Knowledge of our Lord fesus worketh Grace powerfully. Psal. 19. 5. The Sun cometh forth like a Bridegroom out of his Chamber, and a strong man to run a race. His going forth is from the end of Heaven to the end thereof, nothing can hide it from his Heat. St. Paul testifieth to us, Rom. 10. 18. that the Lord fesus is the subject of the Spirit in this Psalm. When he cometh forth from the Chamber of Invisible, and Spiritual Glories in his Resurrection: He cometh into the Soul at once; as a Sun for Light, and Glory; as a Bridegroom for Love, and Beauty; as a strong man for Life, Power, and Progress. When he riseth, and shineth out in us, he encompasseth our whole Person, and Life from one end to the other; he searcheth out every corner in both. There is nothing so close, so dark, so corrupt, so hard, so unclean, so dead, so comfortless; that can hide itself from the convincing, enlightning, consuming, soft-

ning, cleanfing, quickning, comforting heat, and power of his Appearance.

Every Beam of the Sun is a Figure of the Sun, sheweth the Sun itself, and carrieth along with it three Things, Light, Heat, and Influence or Vertue. Such is every Spiritual Truth in the Soul. It is a Beam from the Person of Christ. It beareth a Figure of his Person, and setteth his Person open, and naked like a clear Sun before the Soul, drawing the Eye of the Spirit to that, and terminating it alone upon that. Each Spiritual Beam, each Glance, every Discovery of Christ bringeth with it into the Soul, a Light of Knowledge; a Heat of Love; a Convincing, Converting, Melting, Transforming, Chearing, Sanctifying, Spiritualizing, Glorifying Influence, and Power. Go then in all thy pantings, in all thy Prayers by night, and by day cry to this Blessed Person; Arise O Sun; shine O Light that my Soul may become a Spiritual Garden; that my Garden may flourish with all Spiritual Plants of Truth, Grace, and foy; that all my Spiritual Plants may give forth their smell, and vertue by thine Appearance.

3. The Knowledge of Christ worketh all Grace, and maketh it most kindly.

Psal. 110. 3. The Spirit saith to Christ; in the day of thy power thy people shall be a willing people, in the beauties of holiness, from the womb of the Morning, the Dew of thy Youth. The word Power signifieth also Armies. Willing hath a twofold sense; a natural, pleasant Freedom; and a Princeliness. The Morning is the Person of Christ in the Glory of the Spirit, who is called in Scripture the Day-spring, the Light, the Sun-rising. When this lovely morning breaketh upon thy Spirit from the midst of the shades of unbelief, and thy natural State, it maketh a day of Power, a day of Armies. Jesus Christ appeareth now in the Glory of his Father, in his own Glory, in the Glory of all his holy Angels. He boweth down all these Heavens, and with them descendeth from above into thy Spirit. With these Armies of Glories he sighteth against all the Powers of Darkness in thee. With the Power of these Glories he subdueth thee to himself, winneth thy Love, transformeth thy Spirit and Person; shineth upon, and

draweth forth to maturity every Seed of Glory in thee.

The Person of thy Jesus shining out in thee is that Morning, from which, as from a Beautiful, and Bleffed Womb, falleth the Dew of Christs Youth, which is his Spirituality, his Eternity ever-full, ever-flourishing with all Divine Beauties upon his Person. This Dew maketh all Graces to spring in thy Soul; powerfully; plentifully; beautifully; pleasantly; with State and Majesty. As that Vine, which hath most of the Sun, bringeth the most kindly Grapes; the greatest Clusters; the fairest, and best coloured; the sweetest, the largest Grapes; the most abounding with Spirit and Heat yielding the best Wine: so doth that Soul, which liveth most in the Eye of the Lord Jesus, under the Beams of his Person unvailed, bring forth the most kindly Fruits of the Spirit in all these respects. 1. All Grace aboundeth most; it is as the Dew. 2. It is pleasantest. Thy people are a willing people. There is most of Love, of Life, and Delight. 3. It is most Beautiful. There are the Beauties of Holiness. 4. Every Grace is greater, spreadeth, and enlargeth itself more; hath more vertue and force in it. The Appearance of Christ maketh a Day of Power. 5. It is more Princely, hath enstamped upon it more of the Person of the Lord Jesus, and so more of the Majesty of the Divine Nature. 6. It yieldeth the most excellent wine of Heavenly Joys to make glad the heart both of God, and Man. It is the Dew of Christs Youth. It hath in it a Confluence, a Concurrence of all the Lovelinesses, Sweetnesses of the Person of our Lord in his Spiritual, his Immortal State, which is his Youth flourishing in the height of all Divine Pleasantness, and Glory never to fade, or decline.

O! Let us all be found in the number of the Watchmen, that watch continually for this morning. Let us go forth from under the Vail, from out of the Cave of the Flesh, and of the world, into the Light of this morning; into the sweet breakings of the Eternal Day from the glorious Person of our Saviour. Let us receive the Dew of his Youth falling upon us Let us see the Dew of his Youth falling upon all things round about us, making the Desert

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to Blossom as the Rose; our Hearts, all things to us Spring, Blossom, and Flourish with the Spiritual, and Immortal Beauties of our Beloved. This Dew

is his Sowing, his watering them every where.

Use 2. A Direction to the Knowledge of the Person of our Saviour, and his Beauties. The Lord himself saith, The words that I speak unto you, they are Spirit, and they are Life; John 6.63. Jesus had been speaking of Himself, of eating his Flesh, and drinking his Blood. He meaneth by words, the Things, which those words signify. The Person of Christ, the excellencies, and vertues of his Person, concerning which he spake to them, are not Flesh, and Blood, which are the Shadows only, dying, dead, yea Death itself; nor meerly Spiritual; but Spirit Substantially, and Essentially, which is Life not by Participation, but Primitively, in the Essence, in the Spring.

This is the ground, which I lay for the direction, which I am to give you in your study of the Beautiful Person of Christ; Christ and his Beauties are

Spiritual.

Now not I, but St. Paul giveth you two Rules, I. Corin. 2. 7, 8. The Holy Apostle speaketh of the Knowledge of the Wisdom of God in a Mystery. Then he expresseth this Wildom of God in a Mystery to be fesus Christ, the Lord of Glory; the Lord, whose Person is all Glory, whose Principality, and Kingdom is Glory in the Abstract, Glory in its utmost extent. He had said, this was unknown to all the Princes of this world, the Princes in Wisdom, as well as Power, the highest ranks, and orders of Men or Angels. To confirm this he citeth a Scripture in the next verse. v. 9. Eye hath not seen, nor Ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of Man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him. Observe by laying these three verses together, how St. Paul meaneth one Thing by these three expressions; The Wisdom of God in a Mystery; the Lord of Glory; Things prepared by God for those that love him. The Person of Christ is that Image of Glory, and of the God-Head, in which lieth the entire Mystery, Wisdom, and design of God from the Beginning to the End, with all its way. He is a Collection of all those Beauties, and Bleffedness: Loves, and Joys prepared by the Father for his Beloved Ones to feast upon to-Eternity. Of these St. Paul determineth; that the noblest, highest, largest senses, understandings, hearts of the most excellent Creatures are uncapable of the least Glympse, or tast of them. This he draweth down afterwards to a Rule, which is my first Rule.

Rule 1. Spiritual Things are Spiritually discerned, 1 Cor. 2. 14. This Rule

divideth it self into Three Branches.

1. Spiritual things are discerned by a Spiritual Eye. St. Paul saith The natural man receiveth not the things of the Spirit of God; for they are foolishness to him; neither can he; for they are Spiritually discerned, 1 Cor. 2. 14. Nature hath a Twofold Eye, the Eye of Sense, the Eye of Reason.

The Eye of Sense is common to Man with Beafts, and is the Bestial Eye. This

discerneth the Beauties of Flesh and Blood. We have histories of Beasts, Birds and Fishes, which have been in love with Beautiful Virgins and Youths. But this Eye is blind to Spiritual Objects. A Material and Corporeal Object, if it excel, and be transcendent in Sweetness, Harmony, or Beauty, destroyeth the Sense, as the Sun dazleth, darkeneth, and putteth out the Eye. How much more unable are our Senses, to take in, or bear Immaterial and Spiritual Glories?

Nature's other Eye is that of Reason, of the Mind, the Intellectual Eye, which is common to Man with Angels, This is the Angelical Eye in Man. This can discover, can take some measure of the Invisible things of the Creation, and maintain some Commerce with Angels. But the Darkness of this Eye to the Beauties of Christ is painted forth in a lively manner by that sweet and sublime Prophet Isaiah, c. 6, v. 1. The Lord Jesus appeareth sitting upon the Throno of His Spiritual and Divine Form; His Train of Glories filled the Temple, v. 2. The Seraphims themselves, which are reputed the Highest Order and Degree of Angels, cover their faces with two of their Wings, as uncapable of the Brightness of this Blessed Appearance.

We generally profess to abhor the Principles of Sadducees and Socinians. O that we did not most of us fall in too far with them in the real and practical part! The Sadducees deny both Angel and Spirit. They allow nothing besides that which their Senses can take hold of and assure to them. Let us awaken our own Souls, and examine our selves. Are we not very apt to reject and condemn Jesus Christ Himself, if He come in any Appearance of Beauty, and Glory, which beareth not the Figure of, which hath not some proportion to

the Forms of Flesh and Sense?

The Socinians acknowledge both Angels, Created Spirits, and the Eternal uncreated Spirit above them. But they admit nothing more of these, than their reason can give reception to. They ascend no higher to these, than the Wing of their Natural understanding can carry them. They make reason the only Rule, and Judge of Divine Things. The men of Sodom went about groping for the door, at which the Angels went in, and could not find it; because they were blind. Is not this too frequently our case? How many? How often do we all go about in our searches, groping for that Gate of Heaven, by which the Angels, all Divine Appearances go in and out at the Heavenly Person of our Saviour; but find him not; because we seek him with those natural Eyes of our own sense, and understanding, which are persectly blind to his Beauties?

Divines teach us, that one way of knowing God is by Negations; when we run over each particular good in every Creature; when we lay all the good of the whole Creation together in one heap and then fay; nothing of this is God; all this is nothing of God, as he is in himself; his Nature, and Person is infinitely beyond, and above all that is here. We were advanced to a good degree in the Knowledge of our Lord fess, if we were arrived at this Negative way of knowing him; if when we were gone as far, risen as high, as our outward sen-

ses, our inward faculties could enlarge, and lift up themselves; we then said of all; this is not fesus Christ. No, he is made higher than all the Heavens of sense,

than all the Heavens of Reason, and of Angels.

When we are thus stopt, and bounded, let us turn to Prayer, and wait for the opening of a New Eye in us. David cryeth out, Pfal. 24. 7. Lift up year heads, O ye gates, and be ye lift up ye everlasting Doors, and the King of Glory shall come in So do you cry; Thou everlasting Doors, thou Eye of Eternity, thou Spiritual, and Divine Eye, open thy self in me; that by thee the King of Glory may come in to me, and fill all my Soul, and Senses themselves with His Train. So shall I see my King

in His Beauty.

2. Spiritual things are discerned in a Spiritual Light, 1 Joh. 1. 7. If we walk in the Light, as He is in the Light, we have fellow ship one with another, and the blood of fesus Christ His Son clean eth us from all sin. As He is in the Light: He is God the Father, as is manifest by that part of the last clause in the verse, 7efus Christ His Son. That term, As, is Emphatical, and Distinguishing. There is a Twofold Light; One in which the Creature is; Another, in which God is. One God maketh; the Other God is. The Creature is in a Derived, and Changeable Light like the Earth. God is, like the Sun in His own Light, inseparable from Himself. St Paul distinguisheth between these two Lights; God who commanded the Light to shine out of darkeness, hath shined in our hearts the Light of the Knowledge of the glory of God in the face or Person of Fesus Christ, 2 Cor. 4. 6. Behold here One Light which is commanded, by the Creating Word of God, out of Darkness, which is called up out of the Possibility, and Principles of the Creature; Another Light, which is the immediate Shine of the God-Head itself in the Face of Christ. As the Sunshine is called the Flower of Light, because it ipringeth, and flourisheth in the Body and Face of the Sun itself; so is this called here a Light of Glory in the Face of Christ.

God Himself is called the Father of Lights, Jam. 1. 17, that is, the Eternal Sun; the Sun of Spirits; the Supreme Sun of all Beings, Spiritual and Corporeal. He is the Fountain of Light, the first, and purest Light; His Essence is a Light of Glory. This Essential Light of his own unchangeable Glories is the Heaven, in which he is. St. Paul saith of him; he only hath immortality dwelling in the Light, which no man can approach unto, whom no man hath seen, nor can see, 1 Tim. 6. 16. The Light of God is so pure, that it is invisible to every Creature. It shineth with such a Strength, and Fulness of Glory, that no mortal Eye, the natural sight of no Man, or Angel, can approach it, or pierce into it. In this God himself dwelleth, as in a Palace composed of the Beams, and Brightnesses of his own God-Head spread round about him, and encompassing him on every side. In this Palace he resideth in the Center, and midst of every Spirit, every Being, hid from the search of all. In this high, and strong Tower of Divine Light Jesus Christ dwelleth together with the Father, and is hid there after the same manner; Colos. 3. 3. Our Life is hid

with Christ in God. He is hid in God by the excess of Light, in an Abyss of

Glory.

their Lives.

But how then shall we see Jesus Christ in his own Light, if that Light of his Person, and Beauties by its unsearchable Riches, and Incomprehensible, unapproachable Glories hide him from us? St. Peter answereth this objection; I Pet. 2. 9. Ye are a chosen Generation, a Royal Priesthood, a peculiar people, that ye should shew forth the praises of him, who bath called us out of Darkness into his marvellous Light. His Light in Greek is properly his own Light. Every Light in the things of sense is from the Sun. But that is the Suns own Light, which is inherent in the Body of the Sun, which sloweth immediately from it, in which the Sun himself is seen. In like manner that is Gods own Light by way of eminency, peculiarity, and distinction from every other Light; which is the very shine, and sparkling of the God-Head in itself, upon itself; in which it seeth, and rejoyceth in it self; in which alone it is seen; which is inseparable from the Divine essence, and Persons, as the Sun-shine is from the glorious body of the Sun.

This is a Marvellous Light. This Light itself is a Divine Wonder. It is above the reach of every Humane, or Angelical understanding. It is a Light, which openeth a Divine World of Glorious Wonders; every thing is then only seen right, and in its true state, when it is seen in this Light. Every thing seen in this Light is a Divine Wonder; a Divine Mystery, Incomprehensible, for the greatness of the Glory, to sense and reason; but familiar, and plain to the Spiritual Eye, as bred up with it, and continually before it, known to it from the Beginning. The Spiritual Bride meeteth her beloved here with all his Beauties in this Light, and kisseth him, as her Brother, as born of the same Mother. There is no strangeness between them.

This Light is indeed the Temple, the Palace of the God Head, of Eternity. The Father, and Christ are here upon the Throne of their Kingdom, in the Glory of their Divine Nature. But a Saint is a Royal Priesthood; a King, and a Priest. So he is taken in, called by God into this Sacred Palace, and Temple, to behold the Beauties, to contemplate the vertues of both, the Father, and the Son, that they may declare them by the Divine Power of their words, and the Beauty of Holines, which is the Sun-shine of the Divine Nature in

We are now by this Circuit of Scriptures brought back to that First, on which we grounded this Second Branch of our Rule, and for the explication of which we have taken this compass. If we walk in the Light, as he is in the Light, we have Fellowship one with another, and the Blood of Jesus Christ his Son cleanseth us from all Sin. Who are these, that have Fellowship one with another. St. John had said before: These things we write, that you may have Fellowship with us: And truly our Fellowship is with the Father, and the Son, v.

3. Philosophers tell us, that we must come within all the Beams of the Sun to

the Body of the Sun itself, if we will see the Sun in his true, and proper Glory. Some speak of a Blessed world in the Sun, the Rarities, and Beauties of which are seen only by the Inhabitants of the Sun. Gods own Light is a Divine World, in which the Father, the Son, all the Saints dwell together eternally, have their proper life of Divine Sweetness, and Blessedness, appear in their proper Forms of Divine Purity, and Beauty. If ye will be admitted into this Society, to a fight of these; you must go beyond, you must come within every Light of the Creature, all Beams into the Bosom of God himself, into the Brightness of the Divine Essence, which is the Living looking-Glass of the Holy Trinity. Here you shall see your fesus, as he is. You shall see him, as you

are scen by him.

For now the Blood of Christ cleanseth you from all Sin. This Light of the Divine Nature which is the Light of Life, and the Spirit Himself is the Blood of Fefus eminently, in the vertue of it, as it is Incorruptible. This is that which poureth forth itself thorow the Humane Nature into the lowest Forms of Dust, Darkness, Wrath, and Death, in the place of Sinners, as a Ransom of Infinite value. This is that Precious Blood of the true Vine, which when Justice and Wrath have drunk of, they are satisfied, sweetned, and changed into Grace and Glory; an over-spreading Loveliness, and an overflowing Love. This is that Blood, in which the Life is, which, as it is let forth in Death, wrappeth up all things in it felf, washerh them from filth, and flesh; then riseth up again as high, as its own Spring in the Heart of the Father, and carrieth up all things with it self into the Newness of the Glory of God.

Nothing is so directly contrary to the Divine Light, as Sin. Therefore it is expressed by Darkness, and the Night. As the Light of the Day cleanseth all Forms of things from the Darkness of the Night which lay upon them; that now they have fellowship one with another, mingle their Beams and Beauties with mutual Joy : so doth this Blood of the Lamb, the Light shining in the Perfon of Christ, when it breaketh forth from the Shades of Death in the morning of the Resurrection, sanctifie the Heavenly things themselves, bring forth from under every cloud, stain, and dust, the Heavenly Persons of a Saint of Fesus Christ, of God, the Heavenly Truths, and Lives of all Things; that they may in the Unity of this Light maintain a precious commerce, and traffick of all interchangeable Sweetnesses & Excellencies with Immortality unto a full Joy.

Flal. A. 6. David thus openeth the Hearts, of the multitude, and his own Heart; Many will say, Who will shew us any good? But Lord lift up thou the Light of thy countenance upon us. When all thy faculties and Affections, all the Powers of thy Soul cry, Who will shew us fesus Christ in Glory. Let thine Heart answer to God, and say, Lord, lift up thou the Light of thy face upon me. In the Shinings of thy Face is my Jesus hid; and in these Shinings alone will He be feen by me. Thus the Spiritual Beauties of Fefins Christ are to be discerned only in the Spiritual Light of His own Person.

3. Spiri-

3. Spiritual Things are to be seen in Spiritual Forms. This is the Third Branch of the Rule, Joh. 20.30. When the Lord after his Resurration had appeared to the Apostles in a Body of Flesh, as He had been crucified; the Holy Ghost addeth, And many other Signs did Jesus in the presence of His disciples. Observe this expression well; His Appearance in a Natural Body, the same, in which He had formerly lived with them, was not the Truth it Self, but a Sign of it.

Luk. 24. 38. Fefus thewing Himself after the same manner to His Apostles. raiseth them from their fears, that This was the Apparition of some Spirit, by these, words: Behold my hands, and my feet, that it is I my self. A Spirit hath not Flesh and Bones, as you see me to have. The Lord seemeth to speak to them after this manner. "You have not yet received the Spirit; but are hitherto car-" nal. If I should shew my self to you, as I am now in the Glory of my Resur-"rection, in which I am altogether Spiritual, and a Spirit; you would not "know me; you would not believe, that I were the same Person; you would "be afraid of me. I have therefore wrought this Miracle, and given you this "Sign in a tenderness towards you, and a Condescention to your present weak-"ness. By that Almighty Power over Heavenly and Earthly Things, which I " am now cloathed with; by the virtue of that Spiritual, Divine Form and " Substance, into which I am now raised, which comprehendeth within it self " all Forms Substances and Virtues; I prefent my self to you in that same Rody, " composed of the same Flesh and Bones, in which I lived with you, and ded "upon the Cross before your Eyes, with the same Wounds, which I then recei-" ved. And, because this is a Sign, therefore do I accompany it to your Senses, "and to your Spirits with a Double Evidence and Seal from my Divinity; 66 One, that this is no Imposture, or Apparition, with which Evil Spirits have " power to deceive your Sight, your Hearing, your Touch, all your natural Faculties; but that Individual and Substantial Body of mine, as it was in "Flesh: the Other, the awakening of Spiritual Senses in you, the Shining "forth of my Glorified Body, and my Divinity by their own Light upon "these, thorow this Sign of my Natural Body reassumed for this Service. But " now beware that you make not this Sign a Stumbling-block to you, to make "you think me now like your felves, and fuch a one as formerly I was, to "have a body of an Earthly Substance, or Figure, consisting of Flosh and " Bones. No, the Days of my Flesh are past. I was put to Death in my Flesh, " and to the Flesh, I am now quickened by the Spirit to live for ever in the "Spirit. A Spirit hath not Flesh nor Bones, as you see me now to have. This feemeth to be fomething of our Saviours fence in this place.

St. Paul, Rom. 8. 6. faith, To be carnally-minded is Death; but to be spiritually-minded is Life and Peace. The Greek word comprehendeth an Act of both the Faculties of our Souls; our Understanding, and our Will. To look upon things in their Fleshly Forms, to savour and rellish a Fleshly Sweetness in things, is Death. To see things in their Spiritual Appearances, to savour and

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reilish them in a Spiritual Sweetnes; This is Life, and Peace, which is the Harmony, the Musick, the Crown of Life. When the Disciples looked down into the Grave, for Jesus Christ, the Angels reproved them saying, Why seek ye the Living among the Dead? He is not here; He is risen; He is gone before you into Galilee, as Himself spake unto you. The Flesh was our Saviour's Grave, and is still the Grave of the Spirit. All Forms and Beauties of the Flesh are Grave-cloaths bound about Him. Let its no more seek the Living and Immortal Person of our Beloved, nor His Living and Immortal Beauties, which are all Spirit and Life, among the Dead things of the Flesh. He is not here in Flesh any more. He is risen, and gone before us into the Spirit. Let us soilow Him thither. I have done with the First Rule to direct us in the Knowledge of the Person of Christ; Spiritual Things are to be discerned Spiritually.

Rule 2. Spiritual Things are to be compared with Spiritual, I Cor. 2 13. The Holy Ghoft teacheth comparing Spiritual things with Spiritual. This Rule bringeth me to the Mark and White which I aim at. That I may hit it the more exactly, I must fix a while upon that Scripture, I Cor. 15. 35. and so forward. I lay this Groundwork for the Building, which I intend to raise upon this Scripture; The set Design of the Apostle here, is to discourse of the Resurrection of the Body. He therefore frameth this Question to himself, which contains the Great Subject of his whole Discourse in this place: How are thedead raised up, and with What Body do they come? v. 35. In answer to this question he treateth of the Bodies of the Saints in general, of the Body of Christ in particular, as the Root, and Rule of the Resurrection to all the rest.

Upon this ground I shall raise three Propositions, as three Stories in my Building, which will take in the greatest part of St. Pauls words upon this Sub-

ject in this Scripture.

Prop. 1. The Body of Christ risen from the Dead is not to be compared with the Body of Christ living upon the Earth, or Dying. St. Paul likeneth by a large similitude the living Body to a Sced, the Body raised to a perfect Plant sprung up out of that Seed. v. 36. 37, 38. St. Paul maketh expressly three Differences.

1. The Life of the one is a Death compared to the life of the other; and so the world, in which it is a Grave, to that Image of things in the Resurrection; v. 36. That which thou sowest, is not quickned, except it die.

2. They differ as two several Bodies for Substance, and Shape. Thou sowest

not that Body, that shall be. v. 37.

3. One is as bare Grain, naked; dark, deformed, little, slight: the other hath a Body, a Substantial, Beautiful, Distinct sulness, it hath a Form of Light and Beauty; proportions of greatness, and magnitude; a sulness of Substance. It hath a Divine Body, a Body drawn forth from the Treasury of the God-liead; God giveth it a Body. v. 38. It is a Body, a Form, and Fulness sprung forth from the Divine Wisdom, and Will, bearing the Glorious stamp of these,

in which them lives rest with a full Complacency. God giveth it a Body, as bimself pleaseth. v. 38. It is also to the Seed its own Body, and to every Seed its own Body. v. 38. As John the Baptist faith of Jesus Christ; be is prefer'd before me, because he was before me; as in the purity, and Paradise of the Creation the perfect Plants were first in the Fulness of their Beauty, and Fruit, bearing their Seed in them: fo in the Paradife of Eternity before the World, which is Christ the Word, the Wildom of God, the Immortal, the Glorious, the Divine Bodies, and Forms of things were first, as the Flourishing Tree, comprehending in themselves the Bodies, and Forms of Flesh, as Shadows, or naked Seeds, hid in the Light, or Bosom of the beautiful Substance, and Fruit. Then came forth the Earthly Forms of things into the State of this Creation. These are Shadows, under which the Divine Substances are vailed. These are Seeds, in which the Tree itself lieth hid, as a Divine Mystery. By the breaking up of these Shadows, and the dying of these Seeds, the Immortal Bodies, and Glorious Substances themselves spring forth thorow them. So every Seed hath its own Body in the Resurrection. I. It is that Body of Glory, in which it lay, and to which it relateth, as its Divine Original, or first Idea in the mind and will of God. 2. It is that which lay hid virtually in it. 3. It is that, which springeth up out of it, and changeth it into itself; Thus the Body of our Lord rifen, is the same Body in relation to the same Idea, or Pattern in God; to the same Soul, to which it is joyned, as its proper Form in the Person of Christ; to the same first Matter, out of which it is taken; God giveth it a Body, as it bath pleased him, and to every Seed its own Body, v. 38. My Brethren, what joy is it to think, that the Body of our loving, and beloved Felus; that our own Bodies; that the Bodies of our dearest Relations, and delights lose nothing of themselves in Death; yea are much more themselves by Death in the Refurrection; as a man awake is much more himself, than in a Dream; a King upon his Throne, than in the Grave, and Tomb? We shall lose nothing of our selves, nor of our distinction.

But I fear I go to far for common understandings to follow me. I will therefore conclude this Proposition with a plain representation of the Truth to you.

As the thing figured, exceedeth the figure: so the difference between the Body of our Lord Fesus before Death, and after it, is much more large than that, which is between a single grain of Wheat cast into the Earth, and the standing Corn upon the ground full-ripe with many perfect grains of Wheat in the Ear; than that between the single Seed of a Rose, and a Rose-Tree sull of fresh, and slourishing Roses; or the Seed of an Apple, and a well-grown Apple-Tree laden with ripe Apples.

What Image could any man frame to himself, or what conjecture would he make of a Rose-bush, or a Rose by the single Seed, if he had never seen the things themselves? No more is it possible for us to take any measure of the Body of Ch is in Heaven, or at all to guess, what manner of thing it should be, by his Body on Earth.

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1. John. 2. 3. we read from the mouth of the Beloved Disciple, who lay in the Bosom of Christ, knew most of His Divine Secrets, and was best accquainted with His Person in Glory? that, now we are the Sons of God, but it doth not appear, what we shall be: but, when he appeareth, we shall be like him; for we shall see him as He is. Now we have the Seed of God in us: now we have in us the Seed of a Divine and Glorious Soul, of a Divine and Glorious Body. But, what this Seed, which is sown in our Earth, will be, when it is a Tree in the Heavenly Paradise; what this Glorious Soul, and body will be, when they are come forth, grown up, and persected, we do not at all know. Only this aim we have. We are sure, that we shall be capable of an immediate Sight, and Enjoyment of God, without any Vail, or Garment, without any Representation, or Distance; as He is in His naked and simple Essence, in His own proper and immutable Form. This is an infallible Argument; that then we shall be in the Form of God. For otherwise it would be impossible for us to see it, and take it in.

St. Paul illustrateth this difference between the Body of a Saint in its Life on Earth, and in the Resurrection, by two Comparisons; the Varieties of Fields and of Bodies. All Flesh is not the same Flesh. There is one Flesh of Men, another of beafts, another of fishes, another of birds, v. 39. There are Terrestrial Bodies. and Calestial; the Glory of the Terrestrial is One, the Glory of the Calestial is another. There is one Glory of the Sun, another of the Moon, another of the Stars; one Star differeth from another in Glory: so also is the resurrection of the Dead. v. 40. 41. 42. It is a very great mistake to think, that the Apostle intendeth here to let forth the different Glories of Saints in Heaven. He hath a far higher, and nobler defign. This is his fence, and the force of his arguing: "You must "not think, because we have Bodies on Earth and Bodies in Heaven, that upon "this Ground these Bodies must be of the same Nature, and Kind, or at all like " one another. How vast a variety of Bodies do we behold with our Eyes on this "Earth, and in this Heaven? As great as the number of the Stars in the visible "Heaven; so great, and incomprehensible is the Variety, and Several Sorts of Bodies. For every one of these differeth from the other. Such, yea, far great-"er. is the Difference between a Body, when it is fown in Death, and a Body, when it is raised up. A Body raised, though be it still a Body doth more 46 vastly differ from it self here, than any two Bodies differ in the frame of " Nature, or within the Compass of the whole Creation.

The properties of a Body in Heaven, by which it is distinguished from a Body on Earth, are four as the Apostle reckoneth them up; Power; Glory; Incorruptibility; Spirituality; v. 42. 43. The ground of these differences he layeth in that Primary, and Radical One; It is sown a Natural Body; it is raised a Spiritual Body; v. 44. The Sun doth not so much differ in matter; and make, from a Clod of Earth; as a glorified Body doth from itself on Earth. For both those are Natural: here one is Natural, the other is Spiritual. Nay

an Angel doth not so much differ from a Worm in its Essence, and Image. For an Angel is still a piece of Nature, a part of the first Creation, all which the Holy Ghost comprehendeth under the term of Natural. But a Body risen from the dead is Spiritual, of a new Creation; for Matter, and Form vastly different from, vastly above every thing within the compass of this whole world in the visible, or invisible part of it.

To conclude this Proposition, observe how St. Paul begins this discourse with a quick touch; Thou Fool! Thick skales of folly do lie indeed upon the Eyes of our mind, if we perceive not all things in this Flesh to be in a disguise of Sin, Death, Wrath, the Devil, by his Sorceries. That which we call Death, is the casting off the disguise. In the Spirit we see, and are seen with

open Face.

Prop. 2. The Second Proposition, which is the Second Story in my building raised upon this Scripture, is this; we may not compare the Body of Chaist in Heaven, with the Body of Adam in Paradise. This Proposition risch up plainly out of St. Pauls words, v. 46. And so it is written; the first man Adam was made a living Soul; the last Adam was made a quickning Spirit. Three

things lie plain in these words compared with the Context.

1. The Apostle speaketh of Adam, and Christ with a peculiar, and principal respect to the Bodies of either. The Subject, which he now professedly handleth, is the Resurrection of the Body. He bringeth this up to its Principle, and Pattern, the Gloristed Body of Christ. In the verse before he established this Assertion, as a Pillar, on which the whole Frame and Fabrick of Divine Truths here delivered doth lean; There is a Natural Body, and there is a Soiritual Body, He strengtheneth that distinction by this Root, and main reason of it in the verse immediately following; And so it is written; the first man Adam was made a living Soul; the last Adam was made a quickning Spirit. You see clearly, that this relateth to the Natural, and the Spiritual Body.

2. Adam is here spoken of in respect to his Paradisscal Body; Jesus Christ to his Heavenly Body. The place from which this is cited is the History of Adams Creation, as he was brought into Paradise; Gen. 2. 7. As his Body was taken new, and pure out of the Virgin-Earth before the fall, and the curse: The first man was of the Earth Earthy, v. 47: such as the first Earth, of which he was composed, which was then, say some, far finer than Christal, Gold, or Pearl, yea than the Sun is now; Angelical Earth, Jesus Christ in that

Body, which here is meant, is The Lord from Heav. n.

3. As much, as a living Soul differeth from the quickning Spirit; that is, as much, as a small Stream of Life from the Ocean, which hath its Found in itself, which is therefore unconfined, and infinite; as much, as a little Shadow from the Eternal, Incomprehensible Truth, and Substance: such is the diffimilitude, and disproportion between the beautiful Body of Adam in Paradise, and the Blessed Body of our dear Lord in Heaven. As the Earth in Estantian Estantian

Jence, and Appearance; in Greatness, and Glory; in vertue, and Comprehension differeth from Heaven, not only this Heaven, which we see, not the Heaven of Angels above our sight; but that Heaven, out of which our Jesus cometh, as Lord of all, an Heaven higher, than all created Heavens: such is the difference between the New-created Body of Adam, our first Father, which shone about his spotless Soul, as the Light about the Sun; and the gloristed Body of Jesus, our first, and last Lord, and Love. O all ye, that hear, and believe, admire with me the infiniteness of the wisdom, and love of our God, who hath made the loss of Paradise by Sin so great a gain to us, instead of that, giving us our Jesus.

But we shall come yet more clearly to the mark, at which we aim, if we examine these words more exactly. To that end I shall propound three Que-

Aions.

1. Question, What the general Nature of a Body is.

Ann. A Body is the compleat Image, Instrument, and Fulness of that Soul, or Spirit, to which it doth belong, Col. 2. 17. A Body, and a Shadow are fet opposite one to another. Which are a Shadow of things to come, but the Body is of Christ, or is Christs, is the Body of Christ. A Body, and a Shadow agree in being an Image. But the Shadow is a confused, useless, empty Image: the Body express, Instrumental, Substantial, and full. In the same Chapter a little before, v. 9. we read of the Lord fefus; in him dwelleth all the Fulness of the God-Head bodily. God is the Person in Christ, the glerified Body of our bleffed Saviour is the express Image of the God-Head. God is seen there, as a Man is at home in his house; nakedly, clearly, familiarly, constantly, entirely, in all Forms, and Postures. This glorious Body is the Universal, and Immediate Instrument of the God-Head, the Sphear of its Activity. God judgeth all, acteth all, excreifeth all the operations of the Divine Nature, and life here, as the Sun runeth his race from the beginning to the end of it in his proper Orb, and Heaven. God dwelleth with all his fulness in this Body. He delighteth to pour out into the Body of our Beloved, and his Beloved, all the precious Treasures of his God-Head. Here he delighteth to possess, and enjoy them in a Bodily Form, in the Form of a Spiritual, Heavenly, and Divine Body. As at the Incarnation the word was made Fleh. A Body of Fleh, John I. 14. by emptying itfelf to nothing: so now is the Eternal Word again in the Resurrection made a Spiritual Body by returning, and rifing up into all its Fulnefles in the same Body in which he had emptied himfelf.

The Lord Jesus speaketh of himself in Glory, when he saith; In my Fathers house are many Mansions; John 14. 2. The Body of our Bridegroom is a Spiritual Palace, in which all the excellencies, and Off-springs, all the operations and works of the Divine Nature have their several diffinith Mansions, and apartments. We read of a Tree, in the branches of which all the Birds of Heaven have their Nests. The Spiritual Body of Christ is the Tree of Life,

and of Love, which hath Branches enough, and large enough for all the Birds of the highest Heaven, the seven Spirits of God with all their Train, all the variety of the God-Head to make their several Nests in them. I may add also; for all the Beasts of the Field, all inferiour Forms of Things to lodge under its Shadow.

You, who love the Lord Fesus, and his Appearances, doth not this move you, doth not this make your hearts to fpring, and dance in your breafts, to hear, that your Saviour is cloathed with this Heavenly Body, so full of Glory, and of God? Can we forbear now from faying to our own hearts, and one to

another these five short words.

1. If we have formerly known any thing besides our Fesus, let us now know it no more. If we have hitherto known Christ after the Flesh, let us know him fo no more. This is the only object worth all our knowledge, and fludy; Felus in his Spiritual Body, purer, and brighter than the Body of Heaven in Paradife, far beyond that in the height, variety, and compass of its Glories.

2. How black doth every Sin appear in this Light of our Lords glerified Body. When a Soldier was about to kill Crefus, his dumb Son cryed out; then killest the King. So cry to every Lust in thine heart: thou crucifiest my lesis in his Spiritual Body, the Body of all Divine Beauties shining like a Divine Sun upon thee comprehending thee, as the highest Heaven. In every Creature in which thou feest not the bleffed Light of this Body, in which thou doest not kiss it with the pure mouth of the Spirit in thee, thou doest crucily it.

2. Is not this Bosom, this Heavenly Body of our Beloved, a Field of Lillies indeed, the Field of all Spiritual Beauties, and Divine Graces? Shall we not, like pleasant Roes be ever feeding here? As Booz said to Ruth; let us never go into any other Field, to gather, or to feed? Is not this the Paradise itself in the third Heavens, where all the Fulnesses of the God-Head are in a Body, a Di-

vine Body.

4. How pure, and Spiritual are we to be in Body, and Spirit, if we are to be Brides to this Lamb of God, whose Body outshineth all the Angels, and is raised

to a degree of Spirituality far above them? -

5. Is this that Body, of which the poorest believing Scul may say by the Law of its Spiritual Marriage; my fefus hath not power over his own Body, but I have power over it, to command its presence with me; to delight my self in it, as my Garden of Eden, of pleasure; to bring forth Fruit by it? Is this that glorious Body of Christ to which these vile Bodies, yours and mine, are to be made like by that Power, by which he is able to subdue all things to himself, to the similitude of this Body of Divine Glories? Is this the Body, into which we are taken up, and which we are at home with, when in death we are withdrawn from these Bodies of our Pilgrimage here?"

Qu. 2. What the force of this phrase is, A Living Soul. The first Adam was

made a Living Soul. Was he not made a Body as well, as a Soul? The Body feemeth to be so far from being concerned here, that it is excluded.

Ans. This Word Soul hath Three Acceptions in the New Testament, and so

that, which answereth it in the Old.

1. It is taken for the Person composed of Soul and Body. So Gen. 46. 26. All the Sculs which came with Jacob out of Egypt, which came out of his loyns; that is; All the Fersons. For the Immortal Soul cometh not out of the Parent's

loyns.

2. The Soul lignificant the Natural State by the first Creation in distinction from the Spiritual State by Grace, I Cor 2. 14. The Natural man receiveth not the things of the Spirit. It is properly; The Man of Soul. So in this; I. Cor. 15. 44. There is a Natural Body; there is a Spiritual Body. In Greek it is There is the Fody of a Soul; and the Body of a Spirit. The word is the same there, and in v. 45. A Living Soul.

3. By Soul is meant that Life, which the Soul exerciseth in the Body, and which dependeth upon the Body; The Life of Sense, and Reason, as it is inseparable from Sense, Jude 19. Sensual, not having the Spirit. The word Sensual

is the same with Soul; Men of Soul.

From these Scriptures laid together you may collect this Explanation of a Living Soul: A Natural Person living a Life of Sense and of Reason awakened by Sense, and inseparably tied to Sense in an Earthly Body. The Body is as the tree; the Life as the Sap; the Root as the Person, out of which both spring, and in which both are comprehended. Such as the Tree is such is the Sap, and such the Root, which have their persection in the Tree. Such as the Earthly Body is, such is the Life, such is the Person of the first Adam. For

the Body is the Refult, and proper Image of the other two.

But the furest, and clearest Light into this Phrase, a Living Soul, will be that Scripture, where it is first used, and whence it is cited: Gen. 2. 7. And the Lord God formed man of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his Nostrils the breath of Life, and man became a Living Soul. Three things lie plain in this Text. 1. The denomination of Man is put peculiarly, and tignally upon the Budy. God formed Man of the dust of the Earth. 2. That part in Islan diffinct from the Body is exprelly here named a breath of Life. 2. The Leving Soul is the Body having received the breath of Life into it. Mancecarre a Living Soul. Man relateth evidently to the beginning of the very; God farmed Man, that is, the Body, of the dust of the Earth. So in this Chapter to the Corm. The Body is called the Man. The first Man is of the Earth Earthe c. 46. The reason why the Hely Ghost peculiarly respected the Bedg, while he speaketh of Min, seemeth to be this; the Body was the united Image, and Fulnels of a I those Beings, and Beauties, which were divided thorow the whole Certion; a nost harmenious Body, and facred Collection of all those Living Exectences, Appearances, and Operations of the Eternal Spirit, which made

made up the several Creatures like single Flowers in a Garden. Thus the Body of Adam was a Paradise in Paradise, the Paradise of Paradise. The breath of Life was in this glorious Body, as a Spring in a Garden, to quicken, and to animate it. Without this Body, the breath of Life is naked, and solitary, except Christ above the Law of Nature be in the place of a Body to it; which St. Paul signifieth; 2 Corin. 5. 6, 8. Where he speaketh of being at home in the Body, and absent from the Lord; and again of being absent from the Body, and present with the Lord.

By this time it appeareth with some clearness, that the living Soul, is either the Body of the First Man having received the breath of Life into it; or at least, his Person consisting of Both, comprehending Both, but with a Principal respect to the Body. This only I will add, that nothing is more frequent with most Authors, and Languages, than to express the Soul without the Body

by a Shade, or Shadow.

I have now finished the 2d. Question, What we are to understand by a Living Soul. Before I pass from it, let us make a stand here while we hearken to a Twofold Voice from Heaven sounded in the very Essence of a Living Soul: 1st. O Living Soul! cease from thy self, and from every thing round about thee. 2. O Living Soul! cast thy self into the Bosom of thy Saviour, and cleave to Him.

1. O Living Soul! cease from thy self, and from every thing round about thee Consider, what thou art, what an Emptyness, what a Vanity what a Nothing. Thy Body is of the Earth Earthly. The Earth is a meer Darkness, without any Form or Vertue, except that which it receiveth by the impression of Heaven. above it, figuring itself upon it, like the Images of the Sky in the Waters. Thy Body is a piece of this Darkness. All that which it hath of Being, Beauty, or Goodness, is the Figure of the Heavenly Body of Christ cast from above upon it. Thus thy Body in Paradile was a Shadow onely, What then is the Breath of Life in this Body, which is suitable to it, and confined to it; which hath this Body for its only Cloathing, for oits proper Image, and Fulnels, which hath the Compleatness, of its Sublistency, and Operations in it; which hath it for its Glass, in which alone it beholdeth it self, and all Objects, in which alone it converseth with them? This is a Shadow of a Shadow, a Shadow in 2 Shadow, the Dream of a Shadow: The Body a Shadow, the Life of this Body the Dream of a Shadow. The Person then, which consisteth of this Shadowy Life in a Shadowy Body, can be but a Shadowy Person. This is the Best of Man in his best Estate; the Living Soul in its primitive purity and Glory; Adam in Paradife; a Shadow, and no more. So faith the Holy Ghott. Rom. 5. The first man was a Figure, a rude Type, a confused Shadow of Him. who was to come. The Shadow lyeth upon the ground, often moveth, and appeareth before the Body. But the Body is first, is above it, casteth the Shadow from it, and governeth all its Motions. If this were Man, the golden Head,

and Sun in the Paradifical world; if all the Creatures in their Paradifical Births, and Beauties went forth, were renewed every moment from the Divine Presence resting in the Center of his Person, and surrounding him; as Beams go forth from the Sun; what then were all the pieces of Nature in their first Strength, Lustre, and Sweetness, but Shadows of this Shadow? None had the Principle, or Truth of its being in itself, nor the Power of itself for a moment. But now Man, and the whole Creation are fallen by Sin; the Figure in the Shadow is defaced; the Impression, and Image of the Eternal Glory in the Darkness of the Creature, which gave it a Being, a Beauty, a Force, are withdrawn. The Frame of Nature is now a Pit of Darkness full of Consusion, where Death reigneth in the midst of all sorts of deformity and weakness.

That Counsel of the Lord was seasonable in Paradise itself: Es. 2. 1. Cease from Man, whose breath is in his Nostrils, who hath only a Shadowy life in a Shadowy Body; wherein is he to be accounted of? Cease from every thing of Nature, and the Creature. It was at best a Shadow. What Excellency then hath it to be esteemed of, and reckoned upon? What stability, or Strength to be trusted to, and relied upon? Can you fill your Embraces with an empty Shadow? Can you hold fast in your Arms a slying Shadow? Will the Eye of your Spirit be satisfied with seeing Light; your heart be filled with Life; shall your Soul feed upon Substance in a Shadow? This is the first voice from

Heaven sounded in the very essence of a living Soul.

2. O living Soul cast thy self into the Bosom of thy Saviour, and cleave to him. Dost thou not now perceive plainly, that he is thy Root, thy Substance, thy Life, thy Strength, thy Fulness, thy Light, thy Righteousness, thy Persection, thy Glory; in a word, thy true self; when thou art in thy best state a Shadow only of him according to the first Creation? Is not this the Beauty of Nature in thee, and thy Moral Righteousness to bear the Figure of him, and his Tabernacle in thy Person? Is not this thy Spiritual Glory, thine everlassing Righteousness to be taken up into him, and to be cloathed with him, to have thy Shadow drunk up into his Light? Is not this the Life, Strength, and rest of both states to be united to him, to be acted by him in that Union, to be resigned again to him in, and thorow all Actings, or Sufferings?

Let us consider what wretched things we were in death, if it were not for Tesus Christ. How would our poor Souls, when they were thrust forth, and cast out of these Bodies wander eternally naked, empty, in the dark, and desolate, driven up and down with the Storm without, burnt upon within by the unseen Fire of Divine wrath? But now Jesus Christ hath been to all his Saints from the Fall, the Seed of a glorious Body, into which they retreated passing from hence, and were at rest, as in a Bed of Love, which was green, and springing. Since the Resurrection our breath of Life in Death, and in the Fall of this frail Body drops into the Bosom of that Heavenly Body of our Beloved, as the ground of Divine Life and Glory, from thence to grow up into, and flourish

in an Immortal Body of its own, like unto it, and by a Divine Union joyned with it in Eternal Embraces.

Quest. 3. In what sense the Lord fesus is here said to be a Quickning Spirit.

Ans. To this I answer three things.

1. The Person of Christ, as it comprehendeth both Natures, Divine and Humane; both parts of the Humane Nature, Soul and Body, is a Quickning Spirit.

2. The Humane Nature is expressly spoken of to be a Quickning Spirit. The last Adam was made a Quickning Spirit. Again; the Second Man is the Lord

from Heaven. v. 47.

3. The Body of our Lord is principally intended under this description of a Quickning Spirit. This appeareth by the whole Scope of the Apostle in this place, which is to shew with what Bodies the dead Saints are raised and come again. v. 35. This is manifested by the Context. All the foregoing, all the following verses treat of this Subject, the Body in the Resurrection. Mention is made of a Natural, and a Spiritual Body in the verse immediately before. v. 44. The same are again brought in immediately after. v. 46.

Then the force of the Comparison, and Opposition maketh this plain. It is a sure Rule; Comparisons, and Oppositions must speak of the same thing, to the same point, and in the same respect. We have endeavoured to prove, that the living Soulchiesly, and emphatically marketh out the Body of Adam in Paradise, when his Body had more of Life, and was more a Soul, more Angelical, than our Souls are now. Therefore the Quickning Spirit opposed to

the living Soul must especially design the Body of our Fesus in Glory.

Lastly, other Scriptures say the same thing. John 3. 6. That which is born of the Flesh is Flesh. That which is born of the Spirit is Spirit. That which is born of the Spirit is not only Spiritualized, heightned, and adorned with Spiritual qualities, like the Picture of a Man with Lines, and Colours; or the Statue of a Man richly gilded; One is a Stone, the other a piece of Canvas still: But it is a Spirit substantially, and effentially. It is a Spirit, not as a Soul, or an Angel is a Spirit; but as that Spirit is, of which it is born, after the same manner, in which; That which is born of the Flesh, is Flesh substantially, and Flesh of the same kind with that, which bringeth it forth.

As the Father and the Son have both the same humane Nature in a humane Form: The humane Nature is one in both. But the humane Form is distinct in each, and maketh them two Persons: so the Divine Nature of the Eternal Spirit springeth up in a Divine Form in that, which is born of it. The Eternal Spirit bringeth its Birth forth in a Divine Form, and at once together with that, itself with its own Divine Nature, and Divine Form dwelling in it; as the Root, the Life; the Form, the Fulness, the Fruit, the Persection, the Truth, the Glory of it; the Spiritual Temple, the God in the Temple; both Spirits in the same Form; both mutually Temples to each other; both one

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Spirit. Thus it is made a Spirit; in the same Form with its Mother-Spirit, the Eternal Spirit itself. It is made a distinct Spirit. It is made one Spirit with the Fountain Spirit. It is made a Quickning Spirit, having the Fountain of Life,

and Spirits in itself.

Now the Body of our bleffed Saviour in the Refurrection is new-born from above, of the Spirit of Life. It is therefore a Spirit of Life, a Fountain-Spirit, a Quickning Spirit. The Resurrection doth not gild, doth not spiritualize the Personal, or Mystical Body of Fesus Christ. It maketh them Gold within, aswell, as without. It maketh them all throughout pure, and fine Gold; a Spirit of Glory. In this Creation, and in natural things, all excellencies are Qualities, Accidents; all Beauties are no more, than skin-deep. In the new Creature, in Spiritual Things every excellency is a substance, every Beauty is the Essence, and Person itself; there a Spirit is not excellent, or Beautiful, or Immortal. But each Excellency, each Beauty, Immortality is that Spirit. The Person, the Spirit is the Excellency, the Beauty, Immortality it elf. Each diffin & excellency is a distinct Spirit; and all Excellencies, all Spirits are one in each one, making that a full Affenibly the whole Quire in itself. They all dwell together, and are made perfect in one. This is the New-Creature, the Spiritual Birth, the Resurrection from the Dead. How happy, and blessed are they, who have their part in this Birth, in this Resurrection!

There is another Scripture to this purpose, I Corin. 6. 17. He that is joyned to the Lord is one Spirit. In the verse before he had said; What, know ye not, that he who is joyned to an Harlot is one Body. For two, saith he, shall be one Flesh. v. 16. Here the discourse is clearly of the Body. As the earthly Marriage maketh two Bodies one Flesh: the Heavenly Marriage maketh them one Spirit. The union between our gloristed Lord, and our Bodies in the Resurrection is as immediate, and entire, as between our Saviour, and our Souls; so that these also are Spirits, and one Spirit with him. Is not his Body then first a Spirit? Doth not the Union between the Divine Nature, and his Blessed Body make that a Spirit, and one Spirit with itself? The gloristed Body, and Soul of a Saint are one Spirit. They are one Spirit with the gloristed Body, and Soul of their Jesus, with the three Persons in the Trinity, with all Beautiful, and blessed Spirits. All are one Spirit. Yet are they all distinct Spirits. If the distinction were taken away, the Harmony, the Beauty, the Musick, the

Marriage-joy, and Marriage-love in Heaven were all loft.

Obj. But you will say; how can this be? Are not Body, and Spirit contrary? How then can a Body be a Spirit?

Ans. Flesh, and Spirit are every where in Scripture opposed one to the other:

but not so a Body, and a Spirit.

Those very Terms, on which the Contrariety is set so frequently by the Holy Ghost between Flesh and Spirit, shew that the Heavenly Body, the true Body, the Body of Life, and Glory is a Spirit. I shall instance only in a Two-

fold

fold Opposition; one where the Flesh, and the Spirit are set as Life, and Death; the other, where they are set as the Truth, or Beauty itself, and the Vail upon it.

1. The First is Rom. 8. 6. To be carnally minded is Death; but to be Spiritually-minded is Life, and Peace. In each of these Words Life, Peace, all Joys of Life and Immortality are expressed by the language of the Spirit. Both together are Joys heaped upon Joys; Blessedness upon Blessedness, to express the Infiniteness in which they rise up ever New, though there can be never any thing more; Or the Circle of Eternity, where all Fulnesses of Life, and Joy run one into another, multiplying themselves upon themselves endlessy.

Life is the Flourishing State of Things, a Perpetual Spring. The Happiness of Princes, the Blessedness of the Divine Nature is sum'd up in Life. Live, O

King! The Lord liveth.

Peace is the whole Gift and Legacy of Christ to His Saints. My Peace I leave with you, My Peace I give unto you. It is All the Good that goeth along with His Presence and Appearance in His Immortal state. Hee stood in the midst of them saying; Peace be with you, when He appeared to them after His Resurrection. Peace is the Plenary Rest of all Parts and Faculties of the whole Person in a persect Union with, and full Fruition of their proper Objects in Persection.

The Greek Word for Peace signifies the Eand of all Perfections, the Circle of Eternity; All things within and without, linked together in the Golden Chain of a Blessed and Divine Harmony, making an Ornament of Beauty for the Soul to put on, making a Musick to charm the Soul into the DivineSleep of the sweetest, and deepest Complacency. The Hebrew Tongue expresses Both Perfection and Peace by one Word. This is the Name of him, who was the Eminent Figure of Christ in Glory; Solomon. This is the Name of Jesus Himself, as He sitteth upon the Throne of the Divine Nature in the Kingdom of the Spirit, Isa. 9. 6. The Prince of Peace; Some translate it very properly; The Prince; The Peace or Perfection, Shalom.

But to apply this to our purpose; The Image of things, as they stand in the Spirit, is in it self; the Appearance of things in this Image is, to those who see it, Life, and Peacer; that is, Eternity of Blessedness, Heaven it self. But the Image, and Appearance of things in Flesh is not onely Dying, or Dead; It is Death itself. The Life of Nature, and of Flesh, is a Shadow onely of Life, and the Death of the True Life, which is in the Spirit. This universal Image of things, which we call the World, comprehending the whole Creation, in all its Beauty, is no more than the Grave in which the Spiritual Image lyeth sleeping the

fleep of death.

2. The second Opposition between Flesh and Spirit, is that of the Truth, and the Vail upon the Truth, Joh. 4. 24. Our Saviour saith; The Father seeketh such Worshippers, as worship Him in Spirit, and Truth. Spirit, and Truth, are here joyned in the same sense, as Spirit, and Life go together, Joh. 6. v. 63.

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The words, that I speak, they are Spirit, and they are Life. The Spirit is the Truth, and the Life. The Fiesh is a Dead Counterfeit, as a Picture is the Counterfeit of a Man, being neither the Life, nor the Truth, I fol. 6. 6. The Spirit beareth witness. For the Spirit is the Truth. The Spirit is the last, and onely Witness. For the Spirit is the Truth itself, the Universal and Eternal Truth. There are two Maxims in Philosophy, that All Trushs, and the Essences of things are Eternal. The Truth then, and Essence of a Saint's Body, and of Christ's, the true and essential Body, is a Spirit in the Eternal Spirit. It is not

Living, but Life it self.

The Body of Flesh is a Vail upon this True Body, which is an Immortal Spirit. So it is expressly named, Heb. 10. v. 20. where Christ is said to have entred, and made a living way for us into the most Holy Place, by the rending of the Vail that is, His Flesh. The true Body is a Spirit and Spring, of Immortality in the most Holy Place, the Eternal Spirit. When it cometh forth from thence into the open streets, and fields of this Creation, it casteth over itself the Vail of this Fleshly Body. In Death it rendeth, and casteth off this Vail of Flesh; so it returneth pure, and naked in the Resurrection into the most Holy Place, into the Eternal Spirit again, where it ever stood after an unchangeable manner in its simple, and unvailed Beauties. So is that Mystery of the Gospel accomplished in the blessed Body of our Saviour: No one goeth up into Heaven, but he, who came derwn out of Heaven; the Son of Man, who is in Heaven.

Qu. But you will ask me now; What becometh of this Body of Flesh in the

Resurrection?

Ans. What becometh of the Seed of a Plant in the Spring, and the Summer? The Plant first contracteth its Parts, and Powers; its Beauties and Sweetnesses under a Vail, while it maketh itself a Seed. Then again it breaketh this Seed, casteth off the Vail, discovereth by degrees its entire Form with all its Flowers and Fruits, As before the Plant was hid, and imprisoned in every point of the Seed; so is the Seed now Flourishing, and rejoycing with all its leveral vertues, and pleasant Forms in every part of the Plant. We read, Job. 1.14 The Word was made Flesh. The true, and Spiritual Body, which is an Immortal Plant in the Heavenly Paradise according to the Almighty Power, and Mysterious Will of the Eternal Word, in which it standeth, and Flourisheth, maketh itself into a Body of Flesh. Again by the same Power in the tweet, and glorious Mystery of the same Will, it maketh this Flesh a Soirit, If you ask now where it is; it is Singing and Triumphing throughout all the Divine Powers, throughout all the innumerably various Forms of Eternal Life, Beauty, and Joy in the Heaven'y Body, for that which was Flesh, is now Spirit.

As the Tabernacle was removed into the Temple, when the Temple was built up, and fet there, as a part of the Sacred Mysteries in that Holy Place: so the Spiritual Body, when it is raised, taketh up into itself, and comprehendeth

in itself the Vailing Form of Flesh, as a Beautiful Form in that Divine My-

stery, which it finisheth in itself.

Qu. But you will say now perhaps; How is this done, by what Power, and in what manner is the Body of our Lord in the Resurrection made a Quickning Spirit?

Ans. I answer, that it is done by vertue of the Personal Union between the Divine and Humane Nature in Christ. The Person is the Word, the Eternal Spirit. This Word, the Soul, the Body of our beloved Fesus, are all one Person,

so all one Eternal Spirit, the Fountain of Life.

As the Soul is said to be all in the whole Body, and All in every part of it: so is the Person in Christ, the Immmertal Word All in the whole Humane Nature, and All in every part of it, either Soul, or Body. The Union between the Divine Nature in our Bridegroom, and his glorified Body is equally immmedi-

ate, and entire, as between that, and his Triumphant Soul.

The Humane Nature substifteth, and standeth in the Divine, as a Tree in its Root. But this Union in the days of his Flesh is as that between the Tree, and its Root in Winter. The Resurrection is our Saviours Spring-time, and Summer. Every living Root in Spring ceaseth not to send forth its Sap into the Tree, until it have brought forth the Tree into that Form, and laden it with those Fruits, which are proper to the Root. In the Resurrection the Divine Nature riseth up with all its Sweetness, and Fatness, all its Vertues and Powers into the Humane Nature, till it have spread, and fashioned it entirely into its own Form; till it have laden it all over with the precious Fruits of its own excellencies, Joys, and Glories. In every power, part, and point of Soul, and Body, though never so mean, so small, the Fountain of the God-Head openeth itself; the Fulness of the God-Head poureth forth itself, that as the Waters cover the Sea, so every distinct Part, or Point appeareth, as a distinct Sea of the Divine Life, Joys, Loves, and Glories without bottom, or bound.

This, O shadowy Man, O faln, lost Man, is thy Fesus, thy Life, thy Saviour! Look to this Fesus with an Eye of Faith with an Eye of Love, live by Him.

live in Him, live to Him. Triumph thou because of this Fesus.

Look to Him as, i. Thy Principle. 2. Thy Pattern. 3. Thy Price. 4. Thy Por-

1. Look to this Jesus, who is All-Beautiful with the Beauty of the God-Head itself, as thy Principle. I am the vine, ye are the branches. He, that abideth in me, and I in him, bringeth forth much fruit. Without me ye can do nothing, saith Jesus Christ, Joh. 15.5. The Tree first comprehendeth the Branch in itself, then sendeth it forth, supplying it continually with its own Life and Sap. By the vertue of this Life & Sap the Branch taketh hold of the Tree, sucketh in continually fresh and vital nourishment, by which it slourisheth, and bringeth forth much fruit. What shall I say for thee, who yet partakest not of the sweetness, and satness of this Spiritual Tree of Life, and love? Thou canst bring forth no Fruit.

Fruit, thou canst do nothing towards thine own fruitfulness. Without this Jesus thou canst do nothing. O that thou didst understand thine own Emptiness, and the Fulness of Sap in this Vine: How truly All things Angels, Men All the Creatures can do nothing, are nothing without this Jesus, that Spirit, which is the onely Truth, the onely Les in, and thorow All! I will pray over thee with inward bleedings of Divine Love from my heart; O that Jesus thy Root, who comprehendeth even thee also in the Fulness of His Heavenly sap, and vertue, would bring thee forth by a new birth, as a Heavenly branch in Himself! O that He would continually milk forth from His Breast the streams of His Life into thee! Thus He abideth in thee. Now do thou, now wilt thou by Him abiding in thee abide in Him. Shoot forth thy self into Him, as roots do their Sprigs, and Branches into the Earth beneath, by the actings of thy Faith upon him. Draw his Spirit, and Grace into thy self. Be green, be fair, and flourishing in the Eye of Heaven. Bring forth much Fruit for thy self; thy Saviour, thy Heavenly Father, all Angels, and blessed Spirits to feed upon in Eternity.

2. Look to this Fesus, as thy Pattern. What thou hast seen done in his Soul, and Body, by the Union between these and the God-Head; the same Glory shall be brought forth in thy Soul, and Body also by the Union between him, and thee; if thou in thy Soul, and Body adhere, and stick to his glorified Soul, and Body, as they are full of the Eternal Word dwelling in them, and resting upon them. The Angels reproved the Disciples, when Christ was taken up into Glory, because they looked to a visible Heaven to see their glorified Lord still with Eyes of Flesh: Why stand you here gazing up into Heaven? This same Fesus, who is taken up from you into Heaven, shall so come in like manner, as ye have seen him go into Heaven. I say to you in another sense: stand, and look upon your Fejus, as he ascends. This is your Pattern. As you have seen him in his Humane Nature go up out of all Fleshly, and Visible Images into an Invisible Glory; as you have seen him taken out of the fight of every created Eye in the white Cloud of the most excellent Majesty of the Father, which is the Heaven of Heavens, so shall the same Fesus in like manner come again in your Souls, and Bodies, descending into them upon those Spiritual Heavens, and changing them by degrees from Glory to Glory, till they also put off every thing of Flesh, and disappearing to every natural Eye, be made perfect in the same Spirit, to be for ever together with him there, where he is, and like him.

3. Look to Fesus, as thy Price. The Lord taketh notice of the low thoughts, and disesteem, which the fews had of him by that, which they gave for him thirty pieces of Silver: This, saith he by the Prophet, is the Price, at which they valued ms. Thou that seemest to thy self the least, and poorest in all the slock of Christ, see the great, the unimaginable thoughts of esteem, and love in the heart of God for thee; O man see the honour, and affection, which thy God hath for thy Soul, how precious it is in his Eye. This is the price, at

which the Father valueth thee, this fesus his onely Son, full of God, and of Glory, enriched all over in his whole Person, with all the Treasures of the God-Head laid out upon every part of him. Learn O man, to believe; Learn O believer, to value thy self by this Price, at which the Father hath valued thee, this fesus. O Sinner, expect as much Love, and Mercy, as much Grace, Comfort, and Glory to raise thee above the lowest depths of Sin in the Guilt, Filth, and Power of it; in the sting, shame, sufferings, and wrath, which go along with it; as this Price can purchase, this all-glorious fesus is worthy of, with the Fulness of his God-Head multiplied innumerable times over, in his Divine Nature, in all parts of his humane Soul, and Body. O Saints, let your Faith, and Hope stop no where, until you find that brought forth in you, which may answer so inestimable a price, until you find your self raised to that pitch of Beauty, Blessedness, Glory, and Spirituality, which

may be worthy of this Jesus.

4. Look upon this fesus, as your Portion. Thou, who canst say, as David doth, Psal. 16. 5. The Lord fesus is the Portion of my Heritage; mayst add, as he doth. v. 7. The lines are fallen unto me in a pleasant place; I have a goodly heritage. This is a Fountain sealed, and a Garden inclosed, a Fountain sealed, a Garden inclosed from every natural Spirit; but inclosed with walls of Fire, the Fire of Eternal Love, and Glory for thee; sealed with thine Image, and the Inscription of thy name upon it, who believest. Walk in this Garden, delight thy self with the pleasant beauties, sweet smells, divine vertues, precious Fruits of the God-Head there. Go down into this Fountain; bath thy self in the depths of it, lie there overslown with its living waters, till thou be changed into the same waters, and become one Fountain, one Spirit with thy fesus, till thy Soul be made like his glorious Soul, thy Body be made like to his glorious Body; till the Fountain of the God-Head be opened, and the Fulness of the God-Head poured forth in every part of These, as of Them by their mutual Union, and Marriage in one Quickning Spirit.

Propos. 3. I drew the Platform of a Building for the countenancing of my Second Rule in Direction to the knowledge of the Person, and Beauties of our glorified Saviour. I laid the ground of my Building in the latter part of that, I Cor. 15. I cast this Building into three Stories comprised in three Propositi-

ons. I have finished two of them according to my model.

The Second Rule for the sake of which I designed this Frame, and Fabrick was, that Spiritual Things are to be compared with Spiritual. The two Propesitions, which were as the two Stories in the Building were these. 1. The Body of our Jesus in Heaven is not to be compared with his Body on Earth, either living, or dying. 2. There is no Comparison between the glorified Body of our Beloved in Heaven, and the first, the fairest Body of Adam in Paradise.

I am now to add the Third Story, so to lay the Top-stone, and to compleat

my Building.

Prop. 3. The Third Proposition is this: The Spiritual Body of our Blessed Saviicur is to be compared with its own Spiritual Principle, and Pattern, The Materials, Form, and Furniture for this Piece of the Building are taken out of that Scripture, 1. Cor. 15. 47. The first man is of the Earth, Earthy: the second man the Lord from beaven. See here Two distinct principles, and Patterns of two several Men, differing not onely, as distinct Individuals of the same Kind; but in their whole Essence, and Nature, as Heaven, and Earth; the Shadow,

and the Substance; the Life, and the Picture.

The Principle of the First Man is Earth: the Principle of the Second Man is Heaven. From these two Principles these two Men take their whole Nature Name, and Image. They take their Nature entirely from their Principles. The first man is of the Earth, Earthy: the second Man is the Lord from Heaven. v. 47. As the Mettals take their Essence, and Substantial Form from the Mine, in which they are bred, and out of which they are drawn: so the first Adam, from the Mine of Earth below is Earth in his Substance, and Essence. The second Man fesus risen from the Dead is pure Heaven quite thorow in the Fundamentals, and Essential Parts of His Immortal Substance, as well, as in the Ornaments, and Beautifyings of it. For He cometh forth from a Mine of finest Gold. Hee is the Lord, of a Nature in itself above All, and over All, from Heaven.

These two Men take their Name also from their Principle. As is the Earthy, such are they that are Earthy: as is the Heavenly, such are they that are Hea-

venly: v. 48. Behold the Earthy, and the Heavenly.

They take their Image too from their Principle. As we have born the Image of the Earthy; we shall also bear the Image of the Heavenly. The Heavenly One beareth the Image of His proper Heaven, out of which He cometh, and so bringeth Heaven down in Himself, The Earthy One is cloathed with the Image of the Earth, out of which He is taken. Thus the Principle is the Patternalso. Each Man is All that, which He is, for Matter, and Form; Substance, and Image; Stuff, and Trimming; Metal, and Fashion from his own Principle. The Principle is both the Mine, and Mint. Each Man of these Two comprehendeth His Principle in Himself; the One, the Earth; the Other, Heaven in His Heart, and Face; in His Root, Substance, and Sap, as also in His Form, Flower, and Fruit.

I Know no piece of Knowledge in the whole Gospel, of more consequence, upon which more of Divine Light; more of Divine Life, and Strength: more of Divine Sweetness, Comfort, and Joy dependeth, than a right Understanding of the Difference between these Two, the Earthy, and the Heavenly One. This is the Golden Key, which openeth not the little Wicket, but the great Gate into the Kingdom of God; the Several Natures of Adam, and Christ in His Humanity; the Son by Creation, and the Son by Adoption; Man in Paradise, a Saint in the Spirit and in Heaven.

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These are to be Known by their Principles onely. For their Principles are their Patterns.

Their Principles are Earth and Heaven. These will be best Known by their Answering, and Opposition one to another. All, that is, is divided into Heaven, and Earth.

1. The Earth, which is the Principle of the First man is to be sought out and discovered, that we may upon that Foot-stool ascend to the Throne; that we may come more distinctly, and clearly by Degrees to a Sight of that Hea-

ven, which is the Principle of the Lord Fesus in Glory.

This lyeth clear before us, that the *Heaven* understood in this place cannot be any Visible, or Common Heaven, no, not any of the Created Heavens. This is an Heaven above All. For He, who cometh forth from it, is Lord of All. He is made Higher than All Heavens, by ascending into this Heaven, which is of another Make different from all things of the First Creation; and hath a New Name above every Name, that is named in this World, or that which is to come; the World of Sense, or the World of Angels: Heb. 7. 26. Eph. 4.

The Earth then of which we speak cannot be the Common Earth. It must be as large, as that mentioned, Gen. 1. v. 2. out of which the Heavens themselves were made. The Earth intended here by the Holy Ghost taketh in all things below the Heaven mentioned, and meant by Him. Angels with all the Invisible Glories of the First Creation are Gods arising up out of this Earth, and com-

prehended within the Compass of it.

I will set up Three Lights before you, by which I shall endeavour to give you a Prospect of this Earth, and of the First Man arising out of it, so, as to be a Shadow, and a Figure of the Heaven we aim at, with our Bridegroom coming down out of it, coming down in it, as His Mother of Eternal Love; His Garment, and Crown of Divine Beauty; His Chariot of Life, and Light;

of Power, and Pleasure.

1. Light: God, as He is the Head of the First Creation, cometh not forth Naked, but in a Shadowy Image of Himself, which He casteth, as a Vail, over the true and proper Beauties of His own Person, which the Eye of no Creature ever saw, or can see, Psal. 104. The Psalmist singeth the praises, and wonders of God in the Creation. After the presace he beginneth thus: Who coverest thy self with Light, as with a Garment, and stretchest out the Heavens, as a Curtain; v. 2. You have a manifest allusion here to the Works of the First, and Second Day; Gen. 1. The fews say from this Scripture in the books of their wise, and learned men, that God to make this World, appeared not in His naked Beauties, but cum Indumentis suis, with a Garment for a Covering upon Him. The Light, in which God shineth forth at the Beginning to form a Mass of Darknes into a beautiful Creation, was onely a Shadow of the Eternal Light of His own Nature, and Substance, and a Vail upon it. The Glory

M m 2

itself, the Divine Presence, and Appearance at the Head of this Creation, which was spread over the whole Compass of it, as an Heaven, was a Curtain drawn before the true Heaven, the true Glory, which stood behind this Curtain; like the Oracle, in the most Holy place, while the First Tabernacle was not yet removed This is the First Light.

2. Light: God in this Shadowy Image of himself is that Earth, the Divine Earth, out of which the first Man is made with a Divinity resting upon him. Gen. 1. 26. God faid; let us make man in our Image, after our Likemels. The word Image, in Hebrew Telem, seemeth to be a contract of two words, Tel Maveth, the Shadow of Death. It is used, Plal. 39. 6. Man

walketh in a vam how; they are disquieted in vain, or in vanity.

That other word used, Gen, 1. 26. Our Likeness, signifieth similitude, selence, an imagination, a cutting off. Both import thus much, that the Divine Image, the Mother of the first Adam, in whose Womb he was formed, out of whose Womb he sprung forth, upon whose breasts he hung, was a shadow, a filent vanishing Shadow of the Eternal word, in which that slept, as in its Night, or Death. As Dreams are Imaginations in the Fancy, which act their parts while the Man fleepeth: fuch was this Image, after which Man with the whole World was made. This was the Mother-Earth, which brought him forth, which beareth him, which nurfeth him in her Bosom, and dandleth him on her Knees.

We read; Gen. 2. 7. God formed Man of the dust of the ground. The word Ground is the same with Adam. It signifies in its root a sparkling Luftre, and Ruddiness, like that of the best Rubies, to express which it is also ufed. A sweet and glorious Light shining thorow a dark shade, like a rose morming; or the Sun setting red in a lovely evening, because being low he shineth with his bright Beams thorow the rifing mists, and vapours of the Earth; is properly intended by this word. The Light of the God-Head sparkling in a Shadow of himself, glowing under a Cloud, like a living Ruby from the Rock of Eternity; this was Adamah, the Ground, the Mother of Adam.

God formed Adam of the dust of this ground. The learned Jews paraphrase after this manner upon the dust here. As the skilful Apothecary beareth his Spices to a small, and fine powder, that by a more curious, and exact mixture of them he may make them into a rich ointment, or cordial: so God in the smallest, and least parts perfectly mingleth, and uniteth all the Principles, Powers, Forms, and Vertues of the several Creatures, as they lay together in their first, and fairest Image, in their First-born state in himself. Of these thus tempered he formeth Man, the Second Image of the whole Creation next to that in his own Person. Thus Man is as a living Crystal, in which the entire Form of all the world visible, and invisible is seen transparently in the whole Glass, and in every point of the Glass, by a ravishing concurrence of all parts in each, the minutest part, with a most beautiful, and divine Hara. Harmony arising from the accurate Mixture of that Precious Dust. Thus Man is an Universal musick, where the well-measured Motions, and sweet Sounds of all the Strings meet in every skilful Touch of every String; as a New Circle of Heavenly Melody, and Delights spread from a New Center of

Life, and Love. Thus I pass from the Second to the Third Light.

3. Light: The First Adam was the Golden Head of the First Creation next to God in Fesus Christ. St. Fohn in the 1. chapter of his Gospel describeth the order, and manner, in which the unfaln World came forth from God. The Word, which was Fesus Christ, as He is God, the Essential, and Eternal Image of the God-Head, was made by His own Almighty Power, according to the Unfearchable Counfel of His own All-Gracious, and All-Glorious Will, a Shadowy Image of Himself. As upon the Vail of the most Holy Place were wrought in pleafant Colours the Figures of those Cherubims, which stood within the Vail shining in a rich Substance of Massy Gold: So was it in the most Holy Person of our Saviour, the true, and living Temple of the Divine Nature, The Glories of the Effential Image figured themselves upon this Mystical Vail of the Shadowy Image. So the Beloved Apostle saith to us, while he openeth the Mysteries, and Births of the Divine Love; v. 2. All things were made by Him; by his Lord, and his Love; our Lord, and our Love, our Fesus. As He was the Essential Image, and the Pattern upon the Mount of Eternity, All things were made by Him; They were Copies taken of Him, Shadows cast from Him by the Abunance of an Overflowing Life, and vertue in Him. Without Him was nothing made, v. 2. That expression Without Him; properly signsfieth, apart in separation, or distunion from Him; in a Self Subsistency. All the Creatures in their Flower, in their Virgin-purities, and perfections stood, and flourished together with their united Beauties, and Sweetnesses in the Person of our Bridegroom, as He made Himself a Shadowy Image. After this manner, was our Fesus The Beginning of the Creation of God; and the First-horn of every Creature:

St John addeth; v. 3. In Him was Life. Some Interpreters joyn the latter end of the fecond werfe with the beginning of the third, and read; That which was made, was Life in Him. The fense is the same. All the Creatures in the Person of Christ did flourish, and shine together in the unstain'd Lustre, and Harmony of One Divine Beauty. They did rejoyce, and sing together in the Fellowship of One Divine Life, and Love. Here they see the Beauties, they smell the sweetnesses, they tast the pleasant vertues, they feast upon the precious Substances, they drink in the pure Lives, and Spirits of each other continually.

This Life was the Light of Man, v. 3. From this Life-Intage of the Creation in Christ propagating itself Immediately, and entirely, springeth forth the Essence, and Form of Man. Man is now a Light of Glory shining freshly, and fully from the First Created Light, which subsisted in the Person of the Eter-

nal Word. In this Light of Glory stood Paradise with all the Creatures in their Primisive, Pure, and First-born State, next to their First-born State in our Lord Fefous. From the Fountain arising here, and going forth from this Eden all the Creatures sprung up fresh, and new every moment, in their several Beings, and Beauties, as they grew upon their proper, and distinct roots.

By this you may understand the sense, in which Adam is said to be set in the Garden to dress it, and to keep it; Gen. 2. To dress it, signifieth to serve it, or minister to it. The Lord Felus by his Refurrection from the dead is fet in the Heavenly Paradife to dress, and keep that. So he saith of himself: Igo to prepare a place for you; John 14. The Paradise above is set in the glorified Person of the Lord Felus. From the Father the Fountain of the God-Head opening himself in his Bosom, he riseth up with an Eternal Form of Divine Glory into every particular Saint, as into a Spiritual Plant of the Heavenly Paradife, which comprehendeth all Paradise with its Root, Body, and Branches in itself. Festass Christ is the Tree of Life in the midst, the Center of the Eternal Paradise, on which all the Fruits of this Garden grow. Each Fruit, each Plant in like manner is a Tree of Life compleat in itself bearing all the other Love-Plants, as its own proper Branches, and Fruits. Thus this Paradife in the third Heavens Standeth in the Person of Christ, and Standeth out of the Person of Christ.

After the same similitude the Paradise below standeth first, standeth entire in the Angelical Person of the first Adam. The Lord Fesus in his Shadowy Image rifeth up first here, here first he formeth the fairest, and fullest figure of himself. Every Angel, every Star, every Flower hath here its first, its freshest Life, Beauty, and Sweetness. All fall in, and stand here, as parts of the Mufick in the full Harmony. As all the parts of Musick flow forth from the Universal Harmony, and are measured by it : so doth the first Man from the Fountain riling up into the universal Form of the whole Creation in himself, go forth every moment freshly, and newly into the temporary Forms of each particular Creature, each Angel, each Star, each Flower, ministring to them the number of their parts, the measure of their proportions, the weight of their verties. I have been the larger in this place, that we may enjoy the sweetness of the Light of that Scripture more fully by seeing it more clearly, Rom. 5. 14. The first Man was a Figure of him, who is to come.

This is the Earth, of which we speak, God in a Shadowy Image; the Moon which Pythagoras called, an Heavenly Earth; or an Earthly Heaven. Thus

is the first man of this Earth, Earthy.

I believe you run before me in your thoughts, and by this time have some prospect into that Heaven, from which the second Man, the Lord of Glory cometh. I am now to proceed to this, which is our Rest, and the end of our way.

But it will not be unprofitable, nor unpleasant to stay here a while, and re-

A cot upon this beautiful Earth, this bleffed Man rifing up out of it.

It will afford us true Lessons of much use, and comfort.

1. Lesson. Fear, tremble, be confounded at the fight of Sin, and fly from it with all your might. O Man! What a glorious Angel wast thou? How wert thou in the similitude of God? the Crownof the whole Creation? Every precious stone was there. How is this goodly Creature saln? Thou art become by Sin a Worm, and no Man; a Serpent creeping upon thy belly, and feeding upon the dust of the Earth. All the Creatures grew, and flourished together, as a Nose-gay in thy Bosom, being in their Paradise there, and living upon their Root. How art thou made a filthy, noisom sink, in which all the Creatures lie covered with dirt, withered, and dead? O the Curse, that goeth along with every Sin!

I have heard of an Holy Divine, strong in Faith, who, haunted by an Apparition of the Devil in the form of an Hog, thus reproached him: Fie Satan once a beautiful, and bleffed Angel, dost thou now appear in the shape of a wile, filthy Hog? The Devil was so stung with this reproof, that he went presently away out of countenance, and vanished out of that good Mans sight. When we are tempted to any Sin of Lust, Covetousness, or Wrath, let us in like manner say to our selves: Fie my Soul, once in the Likeness of God, once a Quire of Angels, a Paradise in thine own Person; wilt thou now make thy self a Hog, a Dog, a Toad.

2. Lesson. Set a high value upon Fesus Christ; set your hearts upon him; believe in him; love him; run into his arms; cleave to him. That Paradife, that Purity, that Innocency, that light of Life, and Beauty, which you have loft, are found again in his bosom changed from the Shadow to the Substance. He, that was the Figure in the first Adam, and vanished out of your fight, leaving you alone, naked, and desolate; the same is come again to you in the second Adam, in the Truth, and life, to abide for ever with you. Augustus Cafar gloried, that he found the Buildings of Rome Bricks, but left them Marble. Our Paradise was at first Earthly, and fading. Our Fesus hath prepared for us in himself an Heavenly, unfading, eternal Paradise. When Casar found Cato his Enemy sain by his own hand, that he might not come into the power of the Conqueror; Cafar spake these words over the dead body: I envy thee Cato the glory of thy Death; seeing thou didst envy me the glory of thy Life. Poor man! faln from thy first Beauty, and Blessedness; lost in Death, and Wrath; come to Fesus Christ; do not thorow unbelief deny to him the glory of restoring thy Beauty, and Blessedness to thee better, than at the first, by restoring thee to the naked Bosom of Eternal Love, and the Substantial Joys of cternal Life.

But now it is time to pass on to our second Discovery, unto which all this hath been a preparation only. We have seen the flourishing Earth of the first Man, which is only as a sight in a Cross-bow, or Gun to direct our Eye to the mark, which is the Heaven answering to this Earth. Blessed shall our Eyes be, if they see this Heaven opening itself, and the Lord coming down out of it, with all its glories under his Feet, and round about him.

2. Heaven

2. Heaven: God in the brightness of his own Substance, uncloathed of very garment, appearing in the naked Beauties, and Loves of his Divine Nature, and Person; this is the Heaven into which the Body of our Saviour ascendeth, out of which it cometh, as a Bride from the bosom of her Bridegroom as the Heavenly Eve from the side of her Heavenly Adam; Beauty of his Beauty, Love of his Love; joyned to him inseparably in one Spirit, and

one eternal Glory.

This is the Heaven over the head of the shadowy Image, the essential, and eternal Image of the Father. This is the Resurrection of our Jesus from the Dead; this is the sweet, and sacred Mystery of our Saviours death; the opening of the shadow, as a Grave, in which the true Glory slept, that this might come forth, and as it riseth, overspread the shadow; as it overspreadeth it, gather it up into itself, which is the swallowing up of Death into the Victory and Triumph of Eternal Life; the darkness of the shadow into the everblessed light of the beloved substance.

Our Love is never awakened, or stirred up till himself please. When the Beautiful, and Acceptable time is come, the true Glory, which lieth buried in the shadow awakeneth, by a mysterious touch upon the shadow rendeth it, as a Wail; then it looketh forth, and springeth like the morning, like the fair Moon, like the pure Sun, the Figure, and the Life, all shining together with one Glo-

ry in the calm, and clear day of Eternity.

I shall endeavour to explain, and confirm this to you by one Scripture; John 17. 5. Father glorify me with thy felf, with that Glory, which I had with thee before the world was. Our dying Saviour prayeth for his humane Nature, and for his divine Nature, only as it was united to, and sympathised with his Manhood. The God-Head in its own fingle state, and simplicity is ever above all pattion, and to all prayer. Fefus Christ prayeth to be glorified with the Father in that Soul, and Body, in which he was prefently to be crucified with Thieves; that in these he may be there, where the Father is, that is, in the high, and holy place of Evernity; to this end that in these he may partake of the glory of the Father there, in Eternity. Eternity is defined to be: The possession of all good together, and at once; without any bound terminating it before, or after, or in any kind. This is the high place of Eternity, above all Time, Change, Succession, or Division. For this reason is our Lord said to be Higher than the Heavens. All Created Heavens are below Eternity. They have Measures, and Limits set to the Forms of their Beings, and to their Durations, which they car not pals. They are centinually rouling thorow successive Changes. As the Sealyeth all in Waves: fo do the Essences of the most great, and glorious Creatures confift of manifold, and various Changes. Fefus alone in H's Manhood is a cended to the Height of Eternity above all Changes; and in this Height of Glory He cometh the fee and time into the World, when it is laid to him; Thou changest the Heavens, as a Garment, and they are changed. But thy throne, O God enduresh for ever and ever, Heb. 1, 8.12.

So the Lord Jesus expoundeth Himself in that prayer of His; Father, glorise me with thy self, with that Glory, which I had with thee before the World was. The Glory, which Christ prayeth for in behalf of His Humanity, is a Glory above the Creation. For it was before the Creation. The Glory of Christ's Humane Nature in the Resurrection from the Dead, is a Glory in Fellowship with the Father, with Him, who was from the Beginning, an Eternal Glory, a Glory, which is, when yet the World is not; a Glory, which is the same, while the World standeth, before which the World is not; a Glory, which is, when the World is no more. Eternity hath neither Beginning nor End; neither Succession, nor Change.

We may now understand, how Jesus Christ was with the Father, before the World was. I. His Divinity was there. For in that He and the Father are One. 2. His Humanity was with the Father before the World Personally, in its proper Person. For the Divinity is the Person in the Humanity. 3. The Soul, and Body of Christ were there in their Root, in their Original, in the Will of the Father, which is Eternal Love in its unconfined Absoluteness; in the Wisdom of the Father, which is Eternal Beauty in its unlimited Greatness, and Universal Comprehension. They were also with the Father before the World in their glorified State. For their Glory, which is Themselves in Truth, and

Perfection, is Eternal, was before the World was.

Thus our Saviour in His Glorified Humanity is that Melchisedech, mentioned in the Hebrews, c. 7. v. 3. without Beginning of Life, or End of Dayes; whose name is always; I am, Joh. 8.58. which met Abraham with Bread,

and Wine, when he came from the flaughter of the four Kings.

Blessed art thou, when thy Jesus thus appeareth to thee in the Form, and Glory of Melchisdech, when He is known to thee by this His new and His old Name of Melchisedech, the King, and Priest of the most high God, which, liveth for ever, liveth in Eternity above all Times past, present, or to come. Thou who thus seest, and embracest Him, to thee He cometh with the Bread not of Angels, but of God; with the new Marriage-Wine of the Kingdom of God, Upon these the Father, your Beloved, and you sup, and Feast together

while every One in Him, is both the Guest, and the Feast.

Bleffed is he, who in like manner thorowout the whole Mystical Body of our Saviour seeth that high, and sweet piece of Divinity to be true, which droppeth from the Lips of Christ like Myrrhe from Lillies; Joh, c.3.v.15. No one ascendeth into Heaven, but He, who cometh down out of Heaven; the Sen of Man, who is in Heaven. Mark, how the Lord to prevent all Objections fixeth that Title, the Son of Man, upon that, which hath its constant abode in Heaven all along the several degrees of its descent, and Ascent. Jesus Christ, encompasseth, and circleth in His Human Nature Descending, walking sadly on the Earth, hanging on the Cross, lying in the Grave with the Glory of the same Humane Nature Eternal in the Heavens.

Nn

I will.

I will now finish my Building, and lay the Top-stone by giving you three Representations of the Person of your Beloved with its Beauty in the Resurrection; as his Spiritual Soul, and Spiritual Body stand in the same Glory with their Spiritual Principle, and Pattern; as they are two distinct Heavens exactly answering that Heaven, from which they come, it being both their Mine, and

their Mint. So I shall conclude this use.

I. Repref. All my representations shall be grounded on clear Scriptures. Can. 8. 6. The Spouse prayeth to Christ: Set me, as a Seal upon thine Heart, as a Seal upon thine Arm. The prayers of the Heavenly Bride are made by the Spirit according to the will of God, and so are always answered. The Divine, and Humane Nature are Bridegroom and Bride married together in one Person. As the Impression of a Seal in Wax hath all its Substance, and Subsistence in the Wax, is nothing, but what the Wax is in that Form; so the gloristed Soul, and Body of our Blessed Lord stand, as Seals, as Impressions in that glorious depth of Love, of Light, of Life, of all Being, which is the Root, and Heart of the God-Head; they stand, as Sealed Impressions on the Arm of God; that is, on every Excellency, every Beauty, every form of Glory, in which the God-Head with endless variety, with incomprehensible, Sweetness and Majesty spreadeth forth itself. This is all that, which they are; the unsathomable Love, and Innumerable Beauties of the Divine Nature in the Forms of a Divine Soul, and a Divine Body.

2. Repref. Fob c. 38.14. speaking of the New Heaven, and Earth telleth us, that they are turned to the Eternal word, as Clay to the Seal. The Manhood of Christ in Glory hath the first Model of these in itself. As a Golden Seal maketh the Impression of itself on Wax, and then fixeth itself unto a constant abode in the Impression, which it hath made: so the Eternal Word imprinteth by itself immediately upon its own Soul and Body, a clear, deep, and full Image of itself in all the Treasures of its Immortal Life, and Blessedness; uniting itself in its Divine Substance to this Divine Image most intimately, most intirely, inseparably. After this manner the Glory, with which the Humane Nature of Christ is gloristed, is the Form, and sulness of the Divine Nature, in its Purity, unmixt with any other Substance, or Image, in its Perfection, possessing, comprehending, enjoying itself in each distinct part here,

distinctly, and compleatly.

The God-Head by its unvailed Presence, and full Appearance, at once fashioneth the Manhood of our fesus in every part, and point into its own Supream Form; and filleth that Form throughout with its own most glorious Fulness.

3. Repres. St. Paul telleth the Saints, that their Souls, and Bodies are Temples of the Holy Ghost. I Corin. 6. 19. If it be so in the Members, it is so without question in the Head. Fesis himself calleth his Body a Temple; Destroy this Temple, and in three days I will build it up again. This he spake of his Body. The Divine Nature, the Glorished Soul, the Spiritual Body of our Heaven-

ly Bridegroom are three wonderful Temples. The matter of which these Temples are made is all Spirit of the Eternal Spirit; the Light of Eternal Life in the Spirit. The fashion of these Buildings is the form of God. All the Beauties, and varieties of the Essential Wisdom, all the ravishing delights of the first, the highest, and most universal Harmony in the God-Head Shine in every part of these living structures. Within is seen the high, and Holy Trinity with all its deep, dazling, and delightful Mysteries unvailed; all the Persons appearing in the Lights of their naked, and united Beauties. In the pure, and transparent brightness of this Supream Glory, which is the first, and the last, are seen all things, that ever passed, or are to pass over the Stage of this Creation from the Beginning to the End with their several Motions, and Changes; yea, Forms far more innumerable, and greater, than ever were, or can be seen in this world; the whole compass of Eternity, and Time, as it cometh down out of Eternity, as it beareth the Figure of it, as it returneth again; as it lieth in the bosom of Eternity, as it is one piece with it, and maketh a Triumphant part of the Divine variety there. All these are seen in the amiable, and admirable Face of the Trinity within these Temples; as they are continually rifing up out of their Fountain, the Unity of the first, and most transcendent Love, the Father of all; as they are continually falling down into this Fountain again; as they are ever playing upon the bosom of it. All things are feen here, as rich varieties in the Harmony of an entire, and Immortal Beauty, which comprehendeth all Forms, and hath no bound besides itself, which sitteth entire, and undivided upon every Form, and Part throughout the whole, which is the only Birth and Image of the Father. All things are seen here, as they make up one unexpressible Marriage-Joy between this Love, the Father, the Original, and this Beauty, the Birth, the Son, the Image by which they both breath forth themselves into one Spirit, the Band, and Union, the Inmost Center, and outmost Circle of all Sweetnesses, Graces, Amiablenesses, Pleasantnesses, Pleasures, Rests, Complacencies, Delights and Joys thorow Heaven, Earth, Time, Eternity.

In these three Temples these Things are to be observed, that we may un-

derstand their Divine Nature, and wonderful make aright.

1. All three are perfectly distinct in the highest degree of distinction each from other.

2. All three perfectly answer, and are alike to one another.

3. Every one comprehendeth the other Two exactly, and entirely in itself; that all Three stand together in each several Temple.

4. All three Temples joyn perfectly into one Temple.

5. The first Temple is the precious, and living Stone, out of which the other two grow up into living Temples. It is the Root, the Life, the Substance, the Form, the Fulness, the perfection, the glory of the other Two.

I must interpose here two Cautions to prevent mistakes.

in the Version of our Saviour, and in his Mystical Body. The Spirit taketh a-way all Separations, and Divisions from God. All breaches upon the Unity of God are wounds with which Sin pierceth the Prince of Life. The Spirit healeth these breaches. But it preserveth entire all distinctions of things in God, in the Divise Unity. The God-Head, the Manhood, the Soul, the Body; the Persion of the Saints, and of their Saviour ever keep their proper parts in the variety to make the Musick of Heaven pleasant. As Spirituality heightness the Conty may be heightness in like manner: so doth it enlarge the variety beyond all finite proportions, that the Marriage-Joy may be more free, more fresh, more full:

2. Caut. Preserve carefully the distinction between God, and the Creature, God is that, which he is in himself, and of himself. The Creature is that, which it is by its Union with God. This is the Incommunicable Name of God; I am that, which I am. The name of every Creature on Earth, and in Heaven is: I am that, which I am in God; I am that, which God is in me.

I have now made an end of my third Proposition, which was this, that the Spiritual Body of Christ is to be compared with its Spiritual Principle, and I attern. I felse speaketh to this sense in one place. If they had known the Father, they would have known me; if they had known me, they would have known you also. The Person of the Bridegroom is known ar ght only by its Pattern, and in its Principle, which is the Father; as he is the brightness of the Fathers Glory, the express Image of his Subthance, and sporteth sternally in his Bosom. The Person of a Saint is then only seen aright, when it is seen by its Pattern, and in its Principle, which is the Heavenly Bridegroom; as it is the brightness and fulness of him, who shince thorow, and hileth All in All; the Glory of Christ, in Christ, like the purest Light rejoycing continually in the Bosom of the Sun.

I am now arrived at the end of my second Rule; to compare Spiritual Things with Spiritual. And thus I have concluded my present we, which is a direction to the knowledge of the Person of Christ, and his Beauty.

Ue 3. An exbortation to Holiness, and Comfort thorow Faith in Fesus

Christ. This exhortation is raised upon these three Grounds,

1. Greund: The Person of cur Lord is unchangeable. For he is in his true Person, when the Vail is taken eff from him, an Eternal Spirit in an Eternal Glory. John 8. 58. He faith of himself; Before Abraham was, I am. I am, is the name of Eternity, and unchangeableness. See how the Lord Jejus comprehendeth all the Succeilions, and Distances of Time before Abraham, from Abraham to that moment as one, present, fixt, undivided point in himself. As a Rock standeth sirm on the Shore, while Millions of waves rise, and fall at its soot: such a Rock of glory, and Eternity is our Saviour. While all the

Streams

Streams of Time roul along successively, and pass away; while all the waves of change lift up themselves & reak & bury themselves one in another, this Beautiful, and blessed Personstandeth unchanged, unmoved in the midst of them all. How great an Encouragement is this to you, who are tost with the Tempess upon the Sea of this world, and find no rest, to retire, and withdraw your selves into felous Christ by Faith? His glorious Person is a perpetual Calm with Sun-shine. Here, in him, in the midst of all the Storms of this world is the same sweet untrou-bled Calm, which was in Eternity before the world was.

Mal. 3. 6. Our Saviour is brought in speaking after this manner: For I am the Lord, I change not: therefore ye Sons of Jacob are not consumed. The unchangeableness of the Lord Jesus is founded upon the unity of his Person, in which he comprehendeth, beholdeth, converseth with himself, and all things. It is said to this Jesus by the Psalmist cited, Heb. 1. 8. Thy Throne, O God, endureth for ever, and ever. This Throne in the same Epistle is stiled, a Throne of Grace, that is, of Love; The Person of Christ in its Unity

is the Throne of Love, and Eternity.

Hear this Word, all Sinners, and Saints! Hear this, you who have an ear to hear, what the Spirit faith of the Person of Christ. You, that have none, let this word come to you, and make in you a hearing Ear. Hear this, you, who believe not, that you may believe; you, who have Faith, that you may have it in greater abundance. The same Eye, with which felus Christ looked upon you, the same Beauty, in which he beheld you, the same Love, with which he embraced you in himself in Eternity, before that Sin or the world had any Being; with the same Eye he now looketh upon thee, in the same Beauty he now beholdeth thee, with the same Love he now embraceth thee in the midst of all thy Pilgrimages through so many Darknesses, and Deaths. For he is unchangeable. All the Waters, all the Fires of Temptations, and Troubles, thorow which thou puffest, cannot drown, consume, or at all empair thy Beauties, thy Joys. For thou awakest, and findest thy self ever with thy Beloved, thy Fesus; thou findest him the same to thee; thou findest thy self the same in him. For he changeth not. So those Waters, and fires vanish, as a Dream.

2. Ground: The Person of Christ comprehendeth all Changes in itself after an unchangeable manner. Heb. We are commanded to look to felius, the end of cur Conversation; the same yesterday, to day, and for ever. As all successions of Time lie united in one point, in one present, undivided moment in Eternity; where all things past, and to come are ever present, and every thing of Time appeareth cloathed with the Form of Eternity: so do all amages lie in one unchangeable Glory in the Lord Jesus. The I strady of Instanteness before the world; this worlds Day Eternity a ter the world as a some Instanteness, one Eternity of Lie and Live in this blessed Property and in itself lieth, as a small linear in the modified Property location in

on all sides. In the Heavenly Person of Christ this stand is sunk, and swallowed up into the Depths of that Ocean. Which way soever you look, there is nothing but Heaven and Eternity. Are you wearied with the Changes of your own Heart, and This World? Retire into the bosom of your Loving God, and Saviour. There every Change lyeth in an Unchangeable Beauty, and Blessedness. Do variety of Objects with their Changes distract, and divide you, making you unsetled, and unsafe? Would you be unchangeable in a Holy, and Heavenly Frame of Heart? Would you be unmoved in the Work, and Joy of the Lord? Fix your Eye on fesus Christ; Abide in fesus Christ. There you shall see the Same; there you shall be the Same, resterday, to Day and for Ever. The Lord was buried in a New Tomb hewed out of a Rock in a Garden. What a Mysterious, what a beautiful, what a blessed Figure is this? Let us fear none of those things, that are to come upon us. A Sick-bed, a Prison, a Grave, every change lieth in the Person of our Beloved as a Mansson cut out of the Rock of Eternity, in the flourishing Garden of Eden, in the Paradise of the Divine Nature.

3. Ground. The Person of Christ hath passed thereon all Changes after an Unchangeable manner, St Paul teacheth us that the Lord Fesus hath descended to the Nethermost farts of the Earth, and ascended above all Heavens to this end, that He might fill All, Eph. c. 4. v. O that I had the tongue of the Learned, the Learned with the Learning of the Holy! that I could speak to you with Words taught by the Holy Ghost ! O that you had hearts to take in and understand more, than I can express! Jesus Christ our forerunner is gone into every Form of things from the Height of the God-Head above to the lowest Deeps of the Creature to this end, that He might fill every Form of Things with the Unchangeable Fulness of His ownPerson, in which All Fulness dwelleth together in a Spiritual and Divine Body. He hath by this means filled every point of time with Eternity : every spot of Earth with Heaven; every Change on Earth, in Time, with the Unchangeableness of Heaven, and Eternity. St. Paul said to his Friends: This I know, that Bonds await me in every place. But my life is not dear to me for the Testimony of Fesus. A Believer in a contrary sense may fay, This I know, that my Jesus in the fulness of Unchangeable Loves, Beauties, and Joys, waiteth for me in every Change; as a Spiritual Bridegroom in a Spiritual Bed of Loves, which is ever green, which hath a Perpetual Calm upon it, and a Perpetual Spring. Nothing therefore is dreadful, or melancholy to me for the unchanged Pleasantness of my Felus.

In the Eastern countreys they imbalmed the Dead Bodies within, anoynted them without with costly Spices; that they might be preserved from putresaction: and might have a sweet smell. When the Woman in the Gospel poured forth a Box of pretious Spikenard upon the seet of Christ; He said to some, who were offended with the wast: Trouble her not. She hath done this against my burial The Lord intimated, that this was a Sacrament dispensed by a Divine Hand representing for His Consolation this high, and holy Mystery; that

Death

Death, and the Dead Body in the Person of Christ are so embalmed, anoynted with the pretious Spikenard of the Eternal Spirit; that the Dead Body is Incorruptible, Immortal, and Pleasant; Death itself is a Flourishing Life, a fragrant sweet-smelling Joy, as it lyeth in, and is filled with this Unchangeable Person. O! with what a sweet Indifferency may we now walk thorow all the Changes of Life, and Death, when our Heavenly Spouse hath thus embalmed, anoynted, Elled all with the Delights, and Glories of His Unchangeable Person, and Presence!

Use. 2. The Knowledge of the Lord Sesus in His Beauties sanctifieth, and sweetneth our Life in this World, our Death, and Departure out of the World.

This Use hath Two Parts.

1. Part; The Opening of the Person of Christ upon us in His Spiritual Glories sanctifieth and sweetneth this Life. There are three Principles of the Knowledge of Christ in His true, and unchangeable State, which will bring home His Heavenly Beauties warm, and shining to your Hearts on this Earth by natural Deductions from each Principle.

1 Principle. This World in its pure Naturals is the Shadow, which falleth from the Heavenly Body of Divine Glories in the Person of our Fair One. This hath been proved at large above. Learn then from this Truth 4. Lossons.

1. Lesson. Live unconcerned in this World. This Divine Lesson is taught us from Heaven by the Holy Ghost upon this Ground; 1. Cor. 7.29, 30, 31. But this I lay Brethren, the time is (hort. It remaineth, that both they that have wives, be, as though they had none; And they, that wept as though they wept not; and they, that rejoyce, as though they rejoyced not; and they, that buy, as though they bought not; & they that use this world, as notabusing it: For the fashion of this world passeth away. The Apostle here divideth all this World into 4. Heads; I. Relations; 2. Passions; 3. Posfessions; 4 Employments, and Entertainments. Solomon faith in one place; Why Chouldst thou set thine heart upon that, which is not. There is no real Difference between having aHusband, Wife, or Children, and having none; between being in Grief, or Joy, and being without Grief, or Joy; between having an Estate, and having none; between being in the height of all Employments, or Entertainments, and being out of all. This world hath nothing real. It is all a Shadow. Seeing then the various States of things on Earth have no real Difference; pass thou thorow all estates with a perfect indifference of Spirit, in a constant calm. Eccles. 1. This is an Expression of the Vanity, of all things here; One Generation goeth, another cometh but the Earth standeth for ever. The Scripture in several places makes this one of the Names of God, The Earth; the Ground, out of which all Generations of Things arise, and into which they return again. Divines interpret, that Land of the Living mentioned, to be the Divine Nature. In this let our Spirits be a Divine Earth standing for ever unmoved upon its own Center of Eternity, while one change after another cometh, and passeth away again. The Holy Ghest presseth it upon

The fashion of this world. In having this world thou hast a Stadow. The Substance is above. Let the world in having thee have thy shadow only. Let thine heart be in Heaven with fesus Christ. 2. This world vanisheth, as a shadow. The fashion of this world passet haway. The Colours in a Rain-bow are Appearances of Colours, and no more, made by the restection of the Sun upon a dark, and watery Cloud. So they suddenly break up, and are seen no more. The Colours of a Flower upon its stalk in the Garden are real, living, and lasting. Such is the difference between Things on Earth, and Things in Heaven. Nothing here hath either Substance, or Root. 3. This world is a stying shadow suddenly gone. The time is short. As the shadow upon a Dyal in a short Winter-day moveth swiftly, passet havay presently, the Sun being low, and immediately going in, or going down: so is every condition, every

comfort in Flesh. This is the first Lesson.

2. Lesson: Live without care, and with content. Let your moderation be known unto all men. The Lord is at hand. Be careful for nothing: but in every thing by Prayer, and supplication with Thansgiving let your requests be made known unto God, Phil. 4. 5, 6. You have in these words. 1. A Precept for moderation. Moderation is that measure of Things, by which they are proportioned, and tuned each to other, so as to fall in, and agree in one. This is that which maketh Beauty in Sights, and Musick in Sounds. A contented frame, composed, and equal motions are the Beauty, and Musick of your Spirits. 2. The Reason of this Precept followeth; The Lord is at hand, is near: nothing will so quiet the Soul, and bring it to rest in every Appearance of things here so, as a right sence of the near, and immediate presence of the Lord Fesus in Glory with all these things, after the same manner, in which the Body, or Substance is present with its proper Shadow. The Body is present with the Shadow four ways; as sending it forth immediately from itself, and keeping it hanging upon itself by an immediate touch, and union every moment; as governing all its motions by its own Acts, and Operations in itself; by its own Appearance there in its Figure, and Similitude; by its Approach, and Readiness to break up the Shadow by its breakings forth thorow it. Canst thou think that thy beloved in the sweet shinings of his Beauty, in the wonderful actings of the DivineLife, in the pleasant motions, and mysterious operations of his Love, is thus near to every Creature, every Providence; and not answer this Beauty with the Beautiful smile of a contented mind, this Musick with the melody of a well-pleased, and harmonious temper of Spirit: many that were fick, were healed by the shadow of St. Peter overspreading them, as he passed by. When thou art sick with discontent for any passage of things in this world, submit thy self to it, as the shadow of thy deads t Lord, with which he overspreadeth thee from his own Blessed Person, being himself ever at hand there, where his shadowis; figuring himself with his own Divine motion s Motions, and Operations upon it; being even now ready to disclose himself thorow it, as the Rose breaking out of the Bud. Lie down under every accident, as such a Divine Shadow of this Divine Lover with his Love; and thou wilt find thy self healedof thy sickness of Mind, of every Grief, and Melancholy.

3. A third Thing in this Scripture alledged is a Prohibition of Care. Be careful in nothing. Care is a Sin universally, in the greatest things, as well as the least; in the highest things, as well as in the lowest.

Qu. But you will say, what Care is that, which is Sin?

Ans. I answer; that Care is a Sin, which breaketh the moderation of your Spirits, which defaceth the Spiritual Beauty, which disturbeth the Spiritual Musick of a well-pleased, and contented mind in you; which putteth your Spirits out of tune, cloudeth the clearness, disordereth the Harmony of your Spirits, distempering them, and making them to jar with discontent. Again that care is finful, which is contrary to this Three-fold sense of the presence of the Lord Fesus with every Creature, and Occurrence on the Earth, as with his own Shadow; his Powerful Presence giving it Being, and Motion from himself, fastning it immediately to himself; his Beautiful Presence imprinting the Likeness, and Image of himself upon it; his Love-Presence calling the Soul to himself by it, coming down to meet, and embrace the Soul there, ready to set himself in the place of his Shadow, making that the mark, and forerunner of his Person, and Loves in their sull Light and Heat.

4. In the last place the Holy Spirit, that skilful Apothecary prescribeth a Cordial to preserve you from this trembling of the Heart, from carefulness.

This Cordial is made up of fix precious Ingredients.

I. Ingred: Prayer. With trayer. The word is seconds. It importes thus much: stand not at a distance; tarry not without. Come boldly up to the Throne of Grace, to God in the purest, and most raised heights of his Glory, and Love; to Love, as it is seated upon its highest, and most glorious Throne, the Heart of God, to love, as it shinesh with its sweetest smiles in the Divine Nature unvailed, and naked. Enter boldly within the Vail, behold God Face to Face, so talk samiliarly with him, as a Friend doth with his Friend. Like the beloved Disciple, lay thine head in his Bosom, so speak to him, as a Bride to her

Bridegroom.

2. Ingred. Supplication. By Prayer, and Supplication; v. 6. The word rendred Supplication, fignifieth in its root three things, Want, a Band, Decency, or Harmony. Have a Divine sense of thine own Shadowiness, and Vanity upon every want which thou seelest. Go by a Divine Power, and in the Divine Mystery empty thy self into God, bind thy self up together with him in that Golden Band, the unity of his Spirit. So move, be carried along thorow all things in the Order, Decency, and Harmony of the God-Head, of the Divine Wisdom, and Will. As when Sugar is cast into Wine, the Wine penetrating into all parts of the Sugar dissolveth, and meltech it entirely into itself:

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o in every state, in every streight cast thy self by the Biessed Spirit into that Spirit, which is the Wine of the Kingdom of the Father; let that Spirit wind, and work itself into every part, and power, into every thought, and affection, until it have drawn thee quite down out of thy self into one Stream, one flood of Desires and Delights, of Sweetness, Strength, and Fulness with itself.

Moses ascending upon Mount Sinai passed thorow the clouds, and fires; so he came to the top of the Mount, where he saw God face to face. The Eternal Spirit is Mount Sion, the Mount of Prayer. Here are white Clouds of Glory, which do much more overshadow the Creature; and Love-fires, which do much more melt down the Soul, and devour it. From the Valley of every low Condition betake thy self to this Mount of Prayer. Wait for this Holy Mountain, the Spirit of Prayer to spring up in every Valley, and take thee up, and carry thee along upon itself. As thou ascendest, pass thorow these Clouds, lose the light of thine own Beauties, and Being, before this excelling brightness. Pass thorow these Fires. Lose thine own Fleshly Substance, and Subsistence in the slame of the Spirit, Lose thine own Life, and Form in the Unity of Divine Love. So shalt thou arrive at the top of this Mount, where thou shalt see God Face to Face, with Life answering Life, Love answering Love, Beauty answering Beauty; being in the full view of his naked Glories transformed into the same Glory by the same Spirit, 2 Cor. 3. l.

3. Ingred. Thankfgiving; with Thankfgiving. What a powerful Antidote against Care in every Cross, or Difficulty is this, to give thanks? To see a Divine Glory? To tast Divine Love? To behold God descending in that Darkness, as in a Chariot of Clouds, of Angels; taking us up to ascend with Him thither, into His Palace above, where this Cloud shall become a Throne, this Chariot a Bed of Love, this Angel an Eternal Glory in the Form of God, where our Beloved, and our Souls shall reign together, feast together, ly down

together in mutual Joys, and embraces for ever?

O Believing Soul art thou in Darkness? Open the Eye of Faith; see, thy Jesus, and thy self from the supream Circle of the God-Head running forth with all Lines of Life, Light, Love into this Darkness, as the Center in the midst of this glorious Circle, where all the Lines from every Point of it meet in One. Again O Believing Soul in this Sight, in this Sense, in the vertue of these Divine Descents, return, and spread thy self by all these Lines of Glory together with thy God into the Circle of Eternity. There comprehend All, thy self, and All in the Incomprehensible Mystery of God, There see, hear, tast, enjoy Him, as Beauty itself, Sweetness itself, Musick itself, Joy itself in All. See, Hear, tast, enjoy All, as that Beauty, that Musick, that Sweetness, that Joy in him. Thus call him by every name, that is named in this world, or that which is to come. Call every thing in him, by a new name above every name, which is named in this world, or that which is named in this world, or that which is to come.

When Jacob saw the Chariots, which his Son Joseph sent to bring him down into Egypt, his Soul revived, and he said; it is enough, that my Son Joseph liveth; I will go see him, before I die. When thou seest Clouds of Enemies, or oppositions in thy Assairs, which are apt to perplex thee, and fill thee with care; shut this Eye of Flesh, which represente thall things salse; open the Eye of the Spirit. Then look again, and see the Chariots of fire, and Horses of fire, a Spiritual fire shining with Glory, burning with Love, refining, and spiritualizing all things, as they ascend with them. Now let thy Spirit revive within thee from its care to a Heavenly calm, and to praises; Say, it is enough; my Jesus liveth, and loveth me. This is his Chariot. The Flames of it are Flames of Love. He is himself in the midst of it upon a seat of Gold. I see him. He cometh to carry me up above this world into his Heavenly Kingdom. I will ascend with him.

4. Ingred. The making of our requests known to God. What Hearts-ease is this to have the priviledge of expressing all our desires to God himself with freedom, and familiarity, at a banquet of Wine, of Spiritual Loves better than Wine? The Husbandman planteth his Vine against a South-wall, and spreadeth all the Branches of it there, where it may receive the Sun fullest, and longest, that by this means all the vertue of the plant may be drawn forth into a great plenty of fairer, and sweeter Grapes. Let thy Spirit be a Heavenly Vine planted by the Eternal Spirit in thee. Let thy will be the Heavenly sap of the Divine Will, and the Divine Love in thee. Instead of cares spread all thy desires, like the Branches of this Vine, fasten them continually before thy Invisible Sun, the Face of God, where the Beams of his Love, and Excellencies fall with greatest heat, and constancy. So shall all the sweet Sap of thy Vine, all the Divine Will in thy Will, that is, all Seeds, all defires of Good, of Love, of Loveliness, of Joy, of Blessedness be made to grow, and be ripened in their proper season unto the most perfect, and most pleasant Fruit.

5. Ingred. Universality. Be careful in nothing; but in every thing by Prayer, and Supplication with Thanksgiving make your requests known to God. There is nothing too great for us to be assured of the Ear, and Heart, and Hand of God in it. There is nothing too little for us to trouble him with. Every thing that can befal us is an opportunity, a Scene for all manner of Communion with God, for Faith, and Love to act all their parts upon in all their several Habits, and Dresses. Prayer, Supplication, Thanksgiving, Requests find a place in every Providence. Day unto Day declareth Knowledge: Night unto Night uttereth Speech, Psal. 19. 3. Every State, every season of Light, and Darkness in all senses bring down from Heaven to us in one lovely LoveAppearance, or another Jesus Christ with the Heart of the Father. Let every day and every night, as it returneth to Heaven again, carry up Jesus Christ from our Hearts, and our Hearts in him, in some Spiritual dress to the Bosom of the

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Father. In every thing thy God acteth all manner of Loves, expresseth, and conveyeth all his Glories to thee. In every thing do thou meet him, return

to him the activity of all thy Loves, and the exercise of all Graces.

6. Ingred. The Ground of all these Ingredients, and their vertue in this Cordial; The Lord being at hand. v. 5. The Philosopher in a Mill seeing his Friends making a doubt of coming in to him there, out of a disesteem of the place, and of him for being found in that place, invited them in with these words; here also are the immortal Gods. When thou feelest thine heart standing at a distance from any condition for the obscurity of it; or disquieted with cares in any condition for the troubles of it, say to thine heart after this manner; here also is my Fesus with all his Train of Immortal Glories, Loves, Angels, and Spirits. Here he is in a Pigure of himself. Here is he in Person under this Figure. Here he is ready to shine forth, and appear glorioufly. This is his Shadow; This Shadow is his Tabernacle, in which he dwelleth with me. Upon this Ground will I tune all my cares, all the unquiet motions of my Spirit to Prayers, and Praises, to the Melody of Faith, Love, and Toy. Thus much for the 2d Lesson of living without Care, with content upon this First Principle in the knowledge of the Lord, and his Beauties; that he maketh this world a Shadow falling from his Beautiful Person.

3. Lesson. Live beautifully, and purely, as Priests to God in this present world. For this world is the Temple of God, in as much, as it is Joseph Chill in a Shadow. For the Invisible things of him from the Creation of the World are clearly seen, being understood by the things that are made, even his Esernal Power, and God-Head, Rom. 1. 20. Four things make a Temple. 1. A Divine Authority for the building of it. This World is the Creation of God. 2. A Divine Pattern. The Invisible things of the God-Head, of the Lord Jesus the power of the God-Head, of Eternity are figured upon this World. 3. A Divine End. The proper end of these Figures is to form notions of the Divine nature upon our minds, to lead us to converse with it, to bring us into the Patticipations of it, that it may enjoy itself in the reslections of its own excellencies, and Glories from us; v. 21. When they knewGod, they glorified him not, as God. They emproved not these Figures, and Notions to an entrance within the Vail into the Glory itself, which was the Divine end of them. 4. A

Divine Presence. Felis is he, who filleth All in All, Ephes. 1. 1.

In what a Caire, in what Serenity, in what Purity, with what Beauty should we appear in this world, as Priests in the Temple, and in the midst of the

Mysteries of God?

Pfal. 29. 9, In his Temple doth every one speak of his Glory. In the Hebrew you may read every Thing, as well as every One. So the Margin hath it; every whit of it; that is, of the Temple uttereth Glery. Such should we ever be, as those who see the essence of Beauty, who hear the Soul, and Spirit of Mutick, who tast, take in, and feel the pure, the primitive Life of all Sweetness,

and Joy in the Glory, the God-Head itself inhabiting every part and point, every passage, motion of Things in this whole Creation, as in a Temple. How would our Persons, and lives shine with a spiritual Lustre; how sweet would the Musick of our Spirits, and Conversation be, if we did thus take up, and bear this Natural Image, as the Tabernacle, and the Star of our God, our Beloved Jesus? Figures made by the Eternal Spirit, to worship, and enjoy him, as St. Stephen speaketh, Acts 7. 43.

Eccles. 3. We read, that there is to every thing a Scasen, and a time to every purpose under Heaven. v. 1. To be born, and to die; to plant, and to pullup. v. 2. To kill, and to heal. v. 3. To weep, and to laugh. v. 4. To love, and to hate; for war, and for peace. v. 8. He hath made every thing beautiful in histime, or in its Time. v. 11. And what seever God doth, it shall be for ever. v. 14.

In the Tabernacle, and Temple every part, every pin answered to the Pattern on the Mount, which were the Heavenly Things themselves in the Spirit, in Eternity. All objects, all actions in the Temple, the Beasts, the cutting their throats, the taking off their skins, the taking out their Entrails, the cutting them in pieces, the boyling, the burning them were facred Figures of Divine and Immortal Glories, to which the Musick of the Levites round about

upon the walls with their Instruments, and voices kept time.

Thou, O Man, art fet in this world, as a Priest in this Temple. Behold! Both the Intellectual, and the Bestial part in it; Love, and hatred; War, and Peace; Joy, and Gries; Light, and Darknes; Weepings, with Howlings, Laughter with Shouts; Life, and Death with all that is delightful, or dismal belonging to them; all these Heavenly, and Divine Mysteries. Every one answereth to a purpose in the Heart of God, to a Pattern in the Eternal, and Essential Form of God. Every one answereth to the Musick of the Holy Angels, which stand in Quires in the uppermost parts of this Creation, as the Levites upon the walls of the Temple. The basest, the bloodiest Persons, and Offices; those that kill, and those that are killed, bear the Figure of Festis Christ, like the Beasts for Sacrifice, or the Sacrificing Priests in their linnen Garments stained with Blood.

Every thing is beautiful in his Time. The Time of every thing is Divinely set; by a Divine Pattern, in a Divine Proportion; by a Divine Power. Thus each thing is cloathed with a double Beauty. 1. The Divine Harmony of the Universal Image in Nature, resulting from, and resting upon each particular sitly set with a sacred proportion, and contrivance in its own Time, and in his Time, that is, by a Divine Hand in a Divine Time. 2. An exact, and ravishing Harmony with the Eternal Image of the supream Glories in God. As line for line, feature for seature, colour for colour, motion for motion from a Face in a Glass answer to the Beautiful Face, which beholdeth itself in the Glass; so is God, and this world; the Face in the water, and the living Face; Beauty itself, by looking upon the water, at once Figuring itself upon it, and

beholding itself in it; all being reflections of its own Glories.

Obj. But you will say, we see not now this resemblance of the Divine Glory in the face of the Creature.

Ans. What God do h, he doth for ever. v. 14. As Fesus said to Peter of the washing his Feet: What I do, thou knowest not now: but thou shalt know hereafter; that may be applied here. The work of God in this World, and Time. is for Heaven, and Eternity, to be understood, and enjoyed there. When we shall come into the presence of the Life, and the Original, then shall we look again with another manner of Eye upon the Picture, and have an unexpressble pleasure to behold one in the other. As the Tabernacle, when its season was past, was taken into the Temple. So when Time, and this world are past away, Time, and this world from the Beginning to the End shall be taken up into their first Patterns, into Eternity. God shall call every thing to the least dust, or moment by its name, and no one shall be wanting. There shalt thou fee the Beauty of the whole, and of every part in the light, and life of its Glorious Original. Then shalt thou know, what God hath done from the Beginning of the world to the End. Thou shalt now possess, and enjoy all with unexpressible pleasures, when thou shalt thus meet them again in a new Light, to be for ever with thee.

In the mean time, as Christ said to Martha: Believe, and thou shalt see the Glory of God. Thy Jesus is the Resurrection, and the Life; and that now, and that within thee, in thy Spirit. John 1. 14. The Word was made Flesh, and dwelt (tabernacled) among us; (and we beheld his Glory, the Glory, as of the only begotten of the Father,) full of Grace, and Truth. O Man, O Christian, oven the Eye of thy understanding, open the Eye of thy Faith; see this world the Tabernacle, the Temple of the Eternal Word; behold all things full of the Grace, and Glory of his Person in Shadows, and Images formed by himfelf; behald himself in the truth of all this Grace, and Glory; in that height of Glory, which is proper to his own Person, as he is the only begotten of the Father, dwelling with thee in this Temple, behind the Vail of every Shadow and Image. Behave thy felf, as in the House of God. Walk in the midst of all Creatures, and Occurrences, as in the midst of so many Divine Mysteries; as a Priest in the Temple. In purity, in peace, in wildom, in love, bear in evcry state the Figure of thy Jesus, and his Glories; converse with it in every thing; walk in it at all times. See thy Glorified Jesus himself together with his shadow; make him the mark of thine Eye, and thine Heart; terminate all the workings of thy Spirit upon him, as the Truth, and Substance. So wait continually for the breakings forth of the glory, as a Heavenly Flame thorow the Shadow upon thee, to take thee up into itself. And thou, as thou ascendest, carry up the Shadow with thee.

4. Leffon. Live abstracted from this world in the world. Distinguish, and separate thy self from the Natural Person, Life, and Image, which are all the

Shadow, and no more; that thou mayst stand in an Immortal Person, a Life of Glory, the Essential Image, which is the Truth. The Lord Jesus saith: I tell you the truth; it is expedient for you, that I go away. For if I go not away, the Comforter will not come unto you: but, if I depart, I will send Him to you, Joh. 16.7. Jesus Christ in the Shadow, in the Flesh is the Crucifier, and the crucified. Jesus Christ in the Substance, in the Spirit, is the Comforter, and the Comforted. How expedient is it for us in the midst of these Shadows to withdraw our selves into the Life, and Truth; that when all things there are dying upon the Cross, all things here may be Comforters, and Comforts. which continue for ever?

The Lord Jesus saith to the Father Sacrifice, and Burnt-offering thou wouldest not have; but a Body hast thou prepared me; that is, to be offered up in the place of all Sacrifices, Heb. 10. 1. We read v. 1. that the Law hath a Shadow only of good things to come. Jesus, and all His Members have the Shadowy Body of this Natural Man, and the First Creation fitted for them only, to acrifice themselves in these to the Eternal Truth, that thus they may return on high into That.

All Shadows are under the Law. The Law hath Shadows only of Good things to come. All Sacrifices are under the Law. The Gospel is a Feast, Spirit,

and Life.

How wise, how blessed is he, who gathereth himself up entirely out of Nature, and Flesh into the Invisible Glory of the Spirit? In which, while Flesh is suffering, as a Sacrifice by Fire, he seeth all Flesh, Suffering, and Sacrifices to be Shadows only, Shadows of Immortal Joys, and Himself already in those Joys, triumphing over, and comprehending those Shadows in the Beautiful, and Blessed Truth, These are the Lessons from the First Principle; which was, that this World in its pure Naturals falleth as a Shadow from the Glorified Person of our Saviour.

2. Principle. The Presence, and Appearance of the Person of our Lord Jesus, and His Glory, is withdrawn from the faln, and corrupt World. The Devil is called in the Scriptures, The Prince of Darkness; and The Prince of this World. This World, the World in this faln state is Darkness. Darkness is the Privation of Light. The absence of the Sun from the Earth is the Cause of Darkness. Our Saviour in Glory is the Light, the Sun of the whole Creation. While He goeth away with His Beams into a far countrey, to shine in the Invisible World, He leaveth all behind Him in the Dark. Three Lessons naturally flow from this second Principle.

1. Lesson. Believe not any Appearances of things in this World. Darkness in the language of the Holy Ghost signifieth Deceit. The Lord Jesus saith of Himself; I am the Truth, Truth hath less the World together with Jesus Christ. Blessed is he, who having the Possessions, or Powers of this World in his Hand; the Smile, or Frowns of it before his Eyes; the Griefs, or Joys of it in his

Heart ;

Heart; can with a good affurance say: Have I not a Lye in my Hand, and in my Heart? Are not the Apparitions of the Devil the Father of Lyes before me?

2. Lesson. Love not the things of this World, James. 4.4 Te adulterers and Adulteresses, know ye not, that the Friendship of this World, is enmity with God. It is not now the Seed of the Woman, which is a Divine Loveliness, and Love in the Person of our Heavenly Bridegroom, which springeth up in all the Forms, and Fruits of this World. Tet a little while, saith He to the World, and ye shall see me no more. No! It is the Seed of the Serpent in Deformity, and Enmity; in a Contrariety to all Spiritual Beauty, Goodness, and Truth, which groweth up every where Your Love to any part of this World is Unclean, and Adulterous: By it you leave the pure, and sweet embraces of your own Glorious Husband to ly down infolded in the treacherous Twinings of the old

Serpent, the Dragon.

3. Lesson. Walk not after the Fashion of this World, Rom. 12. 2. Be not conformed to this World. While the Lord Fesus was with this World, it was, His Shadow. He figured His Beauties upon it; He acted it with His Spirit; His Name was as an Ointment poured out upon it; He spake to us and conversed with us there: But now, when He is absent, the beautiful Figure is gone, the Darkness with all its confusions, and cursed Fruits remain: The Spirit of Darkness ariseth in it with all his, Hellish Forms of Deceit, Defilement, and Wrath; If thou cloath thy Spirit with any Worldly Image, thou puttest on a filthy Garment, which will pollute thee; thou puttest on a hery garment, which bath the burning poysons of Hell hidden in it, which will cleave inteparably to thee, torturing, and consuming thee with a hidden, inward, and unquenchable stame, This is the Second Principle.

3. I rinciple. Jesus Christ hath reconciled all things, hath gathered up all things into One, hath made all things New with the Spiritual, and Evernal Glory of the Father; as the World standeth in the Resurrection of Christ from the Dead, and in His Gloristed Person, as a New Head to it with a New

Name.

Lessin. You then, that are Christ's live victoriously, and triumphantly in this World. Abide in your Head. There you see all this World lying conquered, captivated, comprehended in a new, and endless World of Lite, Love, and Glory, Rom. 5. We rejeyce, saith St. Paul, v. 2. And not onely so, but we glory in tribulation, v. 3. Because the Love of God is shed abroad in our Hearts by the Holy Ghost given unto us; v. 5. O Christians! live in Joy; Live in Geory; live in a perpetual Triumph. For by the Resurrection, and Ascension of your Jesus, the bitterest Enmities, the blackest Extremities are Forms, Floods of Light, and Love in that Sea of Light, and Love, the Holy Ghost breaking forth from the sweet, and glorious Deep of the God-Head in the Heart of the Father. Rom. 8. v. 57. In all these things, (famine, nakedness sword mentioned before) we

are more than conquerours through Him, that loved us v. 58, 59. For nothing, life, nor death, nor Angels, things prefent, nor things to come, nor height, nor depth shall be able to sparate us from the love of god, whi is in Christ fesus. Dear Soul! dwell for ever in this good Landof Life, and Love, thy Saviour in the Spirit. Nothing here can separate thee from the Divine Love. Every thing then, that cometh to thee in life, or in death, must come in that Element of Love; it must come in a Lovedress; it must be Love itself in a Lovely Form. Every thing, that toucheth thee here, must touch thee with the Heavenly kisses, and Embraces of Divine Love. Otherwise there would be a Separation between Love, and thee.

In thy glorified Fesus is the Love of God, that Love, which is God, the God-Head of Love. O bleffed Habitation! O Happy, and Heavenly Countrey! thine own Countrey indeed! What so much our own, what so near us, so much One with us as Love? Here Love in its God-Head filleth all, in Spiritual Forms, in Forms of Glory, and of God. O glorious Victory! O Saints more, than Conquerours in the Resurrection of your Saviour! The World is faln before you; it is no more. The old things, of Vanity, Darkness, Sin, Sorrow Death are passed away in His Death. Thus you are conquerours, But in His Resurrection the World is raised again in a Form of Eternal Love, and Glory for you. All things are come again, and are made New, All things appear again the fecond time Immortal Spirits shining in the Loveliness, burning in the Love of the God-Head for you; opening all things past, present, and to come in themselves, as Beautiful, and Sacred Mysteries of Divine Love to you; which ever is Delighting it felf in You, sporting with you, preparing Joys & Glories for you. Thus you are more than Conquerous through Him, who hath loved You. Live then in Him Joy fully, glorioufly, Triumphantly. I have done with the first Part ofmy last Use, the Sweetning, and Sanctifying Life in this World.

2. Part. To sweeten, and sanctifie Death by the Knowledge of Christ in

Glory, I shall lay down three Principles to this End.

1. Principle. Every Saint standeth compleat in Glory in the Gloristed Person of Christ above, even while he is living, or dying here below, Te are compleat in Him, who is the Head of all Principality, and Power, Col. 2. 10. In the werse before the Lord Jesus was described, as in Him dwelleth all the Fulness, (or Compleatness) of the God-Head bodily. v. 9. Then this is added; And in Him ye are compleat, (or full,) who is the Head of all Principality and Power. A Believer is compleat in his Saviour, as He hath the Compleatness of the God-Head in him, and the Compleatness of all the Angels beneath him. His Life then, and His Death, as they stand in Jesus Christ, are more than Angelical. They are Divine.

I shall endeavour to set in lively Figures before your Eyes the Beauty, and

Sweetness in the Death of a Saint by four Scriptures.

1. Script. And hath raised us up together, and made us, sit tozether in Heavenly places in Christ Jesus, Eph. 2.v. 6. What is to be understood by [toge-P p

who doth all this, as is seen, v. 4. God who is rich in mercy for his great love,

wheren ith he hath loved us. Four Positions lye clear in this Scripture.

1. Pof. A Believer is risen from the Dead. He dieth no more. He is passed from Death to Life. As Abraham is said to have received Isaac from the Deadma Figure; So the Beloved of the Lord dieth onely in a Figure. Death is to him a Divine Figure standing in the Resurrection from the Dead. His Death is a Flower of Life, and Immortality growing up in the Paraciscost God, which is the Glorished Person of Jesus It beareth indeed the Figure of Death, but is full of a Sweetness, and Beauty, which can never sade, or dye. Let us all labour for our part in the New Birth. This is a Resurrection from the Dead. All things after it are Life; Pure Life without any-mixture of Death; Perpetual Life, Endless Life without any Sting of Death in the tail of it.

2. Pef. A Believer is a ready fit down in Heavenly places; nay more than Heavenly. The Word Heavenly is by some translated, and so it properly signifieth Supercalestial, more than Heavenly places, above the Heavens. Here a Saint is made to sit down. He is fixed, and established; He is at rest, at home, at the end of all he journeyings, and changes. He is let as a Bride, at the Marriage-feast. He is set, as a Prince upon the Throne of his Kingdom. Thus God giveth His Beloved Sleep Rest, a Feast, a Throne in Death, Fesus Christ in Glory is this Sleep, this Rest, this Feast, this Throne, which endureth for ever, and ever. O Christian! rejoyce, and glory in Death for the Hope of the Joy, and Glory of thy Bridegroom there. Thy Death hath nothing of Dust, or Darkness in it. It is a Heavenly Thing, nay more than Heavenly. It is fomething Supercoelestial. It is a fost Strain, and ravishing Touch in the Musick of the Divine, and Eternal Rest. It is a savoury Dish, such, as thy foul loveth, at the Feast in the Kingdom of God. Solomon had a throne of Gold. On the Steps, which were the Ascents to the Throne, on each side were Lyons of pure Gold. Thy Death, O Saint, is now no more a fierce, and devouring Lyon to affright thee. It is the figure of a Lyon in Gold, in one Glory. It is not onely an Ascent to thy Throne, O Fedidiah! Beloved of the Lord! It is One Piece of Eternal Glory with thy Throne, It is an Ornament, an Emb llishment of Glory to thy Throne.

How good is it for those, who are born of God to keep themselves pure, that they may alwaies see God, that they may see all things to them Divine Objects in a Divine Light, sparkling Jewels of Divine Love, We are ever in the midst of these things, which are more than Heavenly, in the midst of these Supercoelestials; even in the arms of Death. While we keep our selves unspotted from this world, we see these Supercoelestials, and Death itself in the number of them. But every sin castell a mist upon them, and covereth us with a Cloud, that we see them no more. Now the Visions of our Joy, and Glory of Light, and Truth are hid from our Eyes. Now fear, and trembling are upon

2. Pol.

Life is full of Trouble, and Death, full of Terrour.

3. Pos. A Saint is set down in Heavenly places together with Josus Christ. The sweetning, and the heightning of all the Joys, and Glories of the Gospel is the Union with thy Beloved Bridegroom. The work of Grace is a Birth, a Resurrection, a Marriage, all in one. The Death of a Saint is an Act of Spiritual Communion between Christ, and the Soul; a Marriage-Joy. The Lord Jesus presenteth himself to the Believer in the Form of Death, as in a Heavenly, a Superceelestial Beauty. At this sight the Saint is immediately transformed into the same Image. Jesus Christ springeth up into the Believer, a Believer springeth up into his Beloved in this Heavenly Form. So both are made one in it. Thus Death becometh a Love-play between Christ, and his Spouse. He by a Spiritual Kiss breatheth forth his Spirit of Divine Loves, Immortality, and Invisible Glories into the Spouse. The Spouse ravished forth from her self again in the same moment breatheth forth her Spirit into the Bosom of her Lord. Thus they die together, they die one in another, they die one into another.

In the first of the Canticles there is a Prophetical Song, which beginneth at the Resurrection of our Saviour, and the Essusion of the Spirit, together with the Spiritual Union between Christ, and his Church, which was, as their Heavenly Espousals solemnized and sealed with a Kifs with the reiterated Kisses of his Mouth. Then followeth in the process of the first Chapter, and beginning of the Second, the Loveliness of the Spouse, and the Love between her, and the Heavenly Bridegroom in her Sufferings, and Death, as they are acted upon the Stage, in the glorious Scene of the Resurrection, and Ascenfrom of Christ, in the State of Elpousals, and in their Union in one Spirit. The dying Spoule there fingeth to her Lord; Behold! thou art fair, my Love; yea theu art pleasant; also our Bed is green, v. 16. Fesus Christ is fair to a Saints Eye in his Divine Loveline's being rifen up into the Glory of the Father. He is pleasant to her in his Loves, which are his Loveliness in Motion, acting beautiful parts; transforming itself into delightful Shapes with endless variety. in all pouring forth itself into her Bosom, taking her up into itself with Blesfed Changes of one into another. The Unity of the Spirit is the Bed of Divine Loves, which is ever green, that is, as the word importeth, ever encompassed with a Heavenly Calm, and Serenity, ever sourishing, ever fruitful, Death itself is the mutual embracing of these two Heavenly Lovers in this Bed of Spiritual Loves in the midst of a Divine calm, and clearnes; while out of these embraces they spring up into innumerable Forms of Eternal Beauties. and Joys, which are the flourishing Fruits, and Bleffed Children of this Marriage-Union.

It is said, that nothing was made without Christ, (spart from Christ) that was made in the Creation, John 1. 2. Remember, O Christian, that in the new Creature thou art, thou sufferest, thou does nothing, in life, or in death, without thy Jesus in Glory, apart from thy Jesus in the Unity of his Spirit, which

P p 2

is the Center, and Circle of all Blessed Spirits, with all the Train, and Treassures of the Divine Nature. While thou livest, all the Body of Christ, Heavenly Spirits, Innumerable Angels live with thee thy lite. All these, all the Lights, and Loves of the Supercoelestial State die with thee thy Death.

4. Pos. All this Resurrection, Ascension into the Heavenly places, Fellow-ship of a Believer with Christ is in Christ. He hath raised us together, and hath made us sit together in Heavenly Places in Christ Jesus. See now those places above the Heavens, those more than Heavenly Things in the midst of which a Saint is set. They are all in the glorified Person of Christ, who is made higher

than the Heavens.

The Learned tell us, that there are three Worlds. 1. This, which is visible.

2. The Angelical World. 3. The Divine World. All things of the upper, and greater Worlds are in the lower, as in the Seed. All Things of the lower are in the Superiour, as ripe Fruit. Every thing is in each according to the nature of that place. Behold! This is the Divine World the Person of our Lord, and Love ascended up on high above all Heavens of Angels. Here in him the Fulness of the God-Head dwelleth Bodily; that is, not thadowily, or seminally; in its Shadow, or Seed; but in its Substance, and Persection. While here thou standest fast in this thy sesue, thine own proper habitation, Death itself is an Angel; nay more, it appeareth in a Divine Form, is become a Divine Glory, a rich and ravishing piece of variety in the Unity of the Divine Nature. In the World of Angels every thing is a distinct Angel. In the

Divine World all things are cloathed with the form of God.

As a Child lying in its Mothers lap, a branch from the Mother bearing her Image, with its mouth at the Breast, looking upon her Face, falling asleep in her Bosom; yet not so sleeping, but that still it sucketh as it sleepeth: such is a Saint dying in Fefus Christ. He lieth in the lap of the Supream Glory encompassing him on every side, and bearing him, as its own Birth, and Image. His mouth is at the breatt of this Glory. His Eye is upon the Face of this Glory. He fleepeth in its Bosom. But it is a Divine fleep. While he fleepeth, he is awake, and keepeth his Eye still upon the Glory, and sucketh in the Glory still in Death. We have this excellently represented in one place by the Prophet Elay, where the Heavenly Hierusalem, (which is our Jesus in the Spirit,) is said to bear her Children on her sides, and to dandle them on her Knee. In another place they are faid, to walk in the Light of the new Hierusalem These Dandlings, and Dancings in the Arms of that Glory, which is our Mo-. ther, our Father, and our Husband, our Heavenly Jefus; fuch walks in its fivcet, and living Light are all the Motions, and Changes of Life, and Death to those, that are in Christ Jesus.

I shall conclude my Observations from this Scripture with the difference between the Death of a Man standing in the Root of the First Adam, and a Christian in Christ. Death to one is a Poyson. In eating of the Forbidden

Fruit he dieth out of the Earthly Paradise yet remaining in its ruines in this World into a Land of Briars, and Thorns, into a vast, and howling Wilderness, where the Light is Darkness, and where there is no Order. The Death of the other is a Cordial of dissolved Pearl. In eating of the Tree of Life he dieth out of a Land of Briars, and Thorns into a Heavenly Paradise, the Paradise

of God. I have done now with the first Scripture.

2. Script. Verily, verily I say unto you, except a Corn of Wheat fall into the ground, and die, it abideth alone: but if it die, it bringeth sorth much Fruit folm 12. 24. These are the words of our Saviour concerning himself upon a report made to him hy Philip, that some Greeks desired to see him. The design of felus is partly to raise them from a Carnal view of him on Earth to a Spiritual sight of him in a Heavenly Glory after Death, partly to signify the difference between his State of humiliation in this Life, where he is single and Barren in the Flesh; and his State of exaltation after Death, where he riseth up an Universal Person reconciling, comprehending All in the Unity of the Spirit; a Fruitful Person being a new head, and root in the Love, Life, and Glory of the Father to all Mankind, Jews, and Gentiles; to all Creatures.

Our Saviour, while he lived, was, as a fingle, naked grain of Wheat. But when he sprung up out of the Grave, he became a pleasant, and flourishing Plant bearing much Fruit, many grains of Wheat in one Ear; many, all Perfons, all Angels, and Spirits in Glory, in that one, his own Person, and Spirit. He was in the Flesh, as one Rose, one Apple pull'd off the Tree. He is in the Spirit, as the Rose-Tree, the Apple-Tree. All Angels and Saints, all Forms of Things are gloristed in his Glory; all in Heavenly, and Immortal Persons are in his Heavenly Person, as full-blown Roses growing upon the Rose Tree, as

full-ripe Apples upon the Apple-Tree.

The Death of a Saint is upon this ground made most beautiful, and pleafant; Can. 2. 3. As the Apple-Tree among the Trees of the Wood; so is my Beloved among the Sons. I sat down under his Shadow with great delight, and his
Fruit was sweet to my taste. There are three distinct parts in the Hebrew; I.
I desired, and sweetly delighted in his Shadow. 2. Then I sate down. 3. And his
Fruit was sweet to my taste. The Apple in Holy Scriptures and in the writings of Learned Authors is famous for a pleasant Cordial nourishment of
Life; and for an Emblem of Love. You may see this in this Chapter. v. 5.
Stay me with Flagons, comfort me with Apples; for I am sick of Love. Apples
are Emblems of Love for their pleasant looks to the Eye, their fragrant smell,
their delightful tast, their cordial vertue, their round form, which is a Figure
of Unity, the Root and Sap, and Fruit of all Love.

In the midst of the Wood of this Life, where all Forms of things are like blasted, and barren Trees, good neither for Shade, nor Fiuit, Fesus Christ standeth, as an Apple-Tree, a Tree of Life, and a Tree of Love, Fair, Flourist

rishing and Fruitful.

When the poor Spoule of Christ thorow all this Life is wearied with scorching Heats, founding Tempelts, raging Storms, then her Beloved, when He feeth His Fit Time, springeth up, as a Paradifical, and Heavenly Trce. As He springeth up, He overshadoweth His Spouse; not, as a cloud overshadoweth the Sun, or as Darkness in the absence of the Sun overshadoweth the earth; but as the approaching, and rifing Sun overshadoweth the Stars. So the Lord, as a Tree of Gory foreadeth His Shadow over all those Lights of the Night, the Principles, Powers, Activities; Appearances of the Natural Man; drinking them up into One Light of Glory, and Immortality with Himtelf, while He drowneth them, with a Sea of Love breaking in upon them, and overflowing them. How fweet is this Approaching Shadow of her Lord's BleffedPerson to the Love-fick Soul? aShadow perfumed with the Ointments of His Love; shining with the purple Lustre of His Beauties; quickened with the Life of His Glories; a Divine Shadow? With what Defire, with what De ight doth the Holy Soul go under this Shadow? How precious in the Eye or God, of all the Angels, of a Saint Himfelf, is This Death? This Death is no Evening to a pleasant Day; but a Lovely Morning, and glorious Sun putting out the Lights of the Moon, with all the Sars, because the Time of the Night is past, and the Day is come. Never did the softest, and sweetest Sleep thea' with more pleasure upon the Senses of any Person; than this Shadow of Death cometh upon the Heavenly Bride.

Here a Saint fitteth down. As Hee entreth into this Shadow, he entreth into Real, into the Unity of God, where He resteth for ever from his own Work,

and Spirit, to lye down in the Eternal Spirit.

Now he eateth of his own Apple upon this Apple-Tree. He meeteth with Himself in Glory in the Glorified Person of his Beloved, as the ripe Fruit of Life and Love hanging ready upon its own Tree in Eternity. In the same moment he feeth it, he taketh it in, he rellisheth it with unexpressible sweetness, and delight as being Great, Glorious, His own by the nearest, dearest Suitablenels, and propriety; Himself in the Entirest Unity; in the same Moment he feedeth upon it, is Transubliantiated into it and becometh that Lovely Apple that full-ripe Fruit of Love upon the Tree. As he thus feedeth upon his own Apple, and is changed into it, at once he feedeth upon, is changed into all the App'es of the Tree, and the whole Tree itself. For this is the Divine Mystery of Spiritual Plants in the Heavenly Paradite; each Fruit, each part of the Plant comprehendeth the whole Plant; all the Plants stand, live, and grow together in each Plant. Every Person a d'Spirit in Glory hath its own Name & all Names written upon it. It is itself an Entire Heaven, in which all the Heavenly Inhabitants shine, and sing, and dance together with their various Beauties, Muheke. and Motions cast into the most Divine Harmony by a most perfect Unity.

3. Script. John 14. v. 2. 3. In my Father's house are many Manhans. If it we e not so, I would have teld you. I go, to prepare a placefor; a. and if I goe

and prepare a place for you; I will come again, and receive you unto my self; that where I am, there ye may be also.

Three Mysteries are opened to us in these words; 1. The Place of Blessed

Persons after this Life:

2. The Preparation of this Place.

3. Their Passage into this Place. All are full of a Joy glorious, and unspeak-

ab'e

1. The Place of Besseled Spirits after this Life. It is, saith Christ, my Father's House. The House of the Father is the Glorified Person of His Son. This is the Temple of God in Heaven, the Palace of the great King. In Him the sulness of the God-Head dwelleth bodily. All glorious Persons, Angels, Saints, and Spirits, as they are comprehended in the Person of Christ, and make up His Body, the Divine Body, the Body of Glories, and Eternity in Him, as they are Beautiful Men bers in that Body, so are they Mansions in that Temple, Apartments in that Palace: Every Apartement in this Divine Palace hath the whole Palace, with all the Persons, Prospects, Furniture, Entertainments of the whole with-

in itse!f. This is the Place.

2. The Preparation of this Place. I go to prepare a place for you. While this Palace of Eternity with all its Apartments, which are also its Inhabitants the Glorified, and Immortal Persons of all Saints, stood in the Father, in the Divine Nature alone; it was hid from the Eye of every Creature, it was shut up, that none could enter into it, it was remote from every Creature at a very great distance. The Lord Fesus by His Death, and Resurrection entring with the Humane Nature into this Eternal Habitation, hath fet it up in the Nature of Man, hath brought it near to us, hath set it in our view, hath set it open for us. The Gates of this Temple, of this Heavenly Hierusalem stand open day, and night to all quarters of the Heaven, and the Earth. All the Apartements of it with our several Names written upon them, our several Persons in Glory appearing in them, stard ready. The Lord Fesus Himself is the Beautiful Gate. the Living Way, the Ascent, the rich Stair-case to this Temple. The Angels are continually descending in Him as Chariots, to bring down riding upon them our glorious Saviour, and our glorious Selves into the Bosom of our Spirits here below. The Bridegroom, and the Bride ready trimm'd, and already joyned in One, come thus down out of Heaven, come thus forth from the Temple. The Angels are continually ascending by this Stair-case carrying up our Spirits beforehand on visits into this Palace, into our own Apartments, into the Bosom of our own Glorified, and Immortal Substances there. Every Grace, every Providence, every Motion of things, to him whose Eyes are opened, is fuch an Angel fuch a chariot of Angels with these Persons riding in it.

3. The Passage into this Place. I will come unto you, and take you unto my self, that where I am, there ye may be also. There are three Steps of Christ's Coming rous in Glory; 1. Into our whole Spirits by Regeneration; 2. Into our

whole Souls at death. 3. Into our whole Perfons, Spirit, Soul and Body at the Refurrection. By every step he maketh a mutual Union, so far as he goeth. He cometh to us; He taketh us to himself, that we may be both together in one place, in one Spirit. He letteth himself down in his Heavenly Palace into us; he taketh us up into the Heavenly Palace in himself; he maketh our Persons a Heavenly Palace like his gloristed Person, and one with it.

This is our passage in Death into Glory. Of old God descended upon the Taberracle in a Cloud, & the Glory was in the Cloud. Then Moses was summoned to enter into the Cloud, and so into the Glory; where God talked with him. In latter times the most excellent Majesty in a white Cloud overshadowed the Lord Jesus, and in overshadowing him transfigured him, then in the transfiguration talked to him of his Sonship to the Father, and of Love. In like manner at the set time the Lord Telus, as a living Temple of Heavenly Glory, cometh down upon thee in a white Cloud of some Love-storm, or Love-sickness. I call it a Loveickness, because it ariseth at once from the Love of the Spirit of the Bride in thee, and from the Love of thy Bridegroom to thee; from the longings, and burning defires of both after the immediate, perpetual, and full enjoyments of each other: As thou entrest into this Cloud, and art overshadowed by it, thou art in a moment, at the same time taken into that Palace of Glory, and transfigured into the Glory of that Pallace. There thou appearest to be the Son of God, the Spoule of the Immortal King. God speaketh to thee, converseth with thee, as a Son, and Spouse in one. He seeth the Figure of his own Beauties in thy Face; and his Heart resteth in thy Bosom. He seeth, and enjoyeth thy Person, as springing up eternally with incomprehensible Pleasures out of the Root of his own Divine Loveliness; he feeleth, and rellisheth thy Spirit, as the flowing of his own sweetnesses from their own Fountain in himself; he poureth forth himself in a slood of Beauties, and Sweetnesses into thee, All his Loves rest in thy Love, and he in thee.

4. Script. I am now come to the last Scripture. For we know, that if our Earthly House of this Tabernacle be dissilved, we have a Building of God, an House not made with hands, Eternal in the Heavens. For in this we groan, carnessly descring to be cloathed upon with our House, which is from Heaven. If so be, that being cloathed, we shall not be found naked. For we, that are in this Tabernacle do groan, being burthened; not that we would be uncloathed, but cloathed upon, that Mortality might be swallowed up of Life. Now he, that hath wrought us for this self-same thing is God, who hath also given us the Earness of the Spirit.

2 Cor. 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

This is a rich, and deep Scripture. What expressions of Death are those? How tull of Joy? Not to be found naked? Naked of any support, or comfort? Of any cloathing of Being, or Beauty; Essence, or Substance; Form, or Fulness, in Person, or Relations? Not to be uncloathed? Of any Garment of Light, or Life? To be cloathed upon with an House from Heaven? To have

the Lord Fesse, as a circling Glory coming down upon this Image, in which we now dwell, neither taking away the Nature, nor Form of any thing, that here we are, or have, but taking up all as facred Mysteries into a Temple of Glory, giving them a place for ever in this Temple, penetrating, filling, and cloathing them the Glory? To have Mortality swallowed up of Life? To lose none of the things, or entertainments, which here we enjoy in this mortal state, but the mortality of them only, and that not by Death breaking them down with violence, but by the sweet breakings in of Life, and Immortality upon them; not by a blackness of Darkness dreadfully over-spreading them, but a brightness of Eternal Glory delightfully rising upon them, like the Sun upon the beautiful Forms of Heaven, and Earth, after they have weakly appeared in the melancholy Beams of the Moon shining faintly in the shade of the Night. And He that hath wrought us for the Self-same Thing, is God. It is a Divine Hand, and Skill, which hath framed, and fashioned us to this capacity. It is God, who by his own operations in us, not mediately, as in the works of Nature, but immediately, as in all works of Grace, and Glory, hath wrought out this Spiritual, and Divine Being, this Spiritual, and Divine Nature in us, which never dyeth, but is changed from Glory to Glory; which in Death putteth off nothing, but putteth on a greater, and purer Light upon its weaker Lights, and Shades; piercing thorow, and breaking up delusive Shapes formed out of the Darkness of remaining night by stronger Beams of Glory falling from above. Who hath also given us the Earnest of his Spirit. An Earnest is part of the Sum in present, and an assurance of the rest. God doth not only frame a Spiritual work, like a new Heaven in us, but giveth us the Person of his Spirit himself, in which the Persons of the Father, and the Son are seen together unvailed in their Union, and Communion of Beauties, and Loves; in the unity of which all Angels and Blessed Spirits dwell together, as their proper Center, and Circle. This Spirit God giveth to be in the Spiritual Nature framed by himself in us, as a new Sun in the new Heaven. This Spirit in us is the Earnest of our Death; a foretast of its Sweetness, and Delights; a vision in part beforehand of the manner of our dying; and an assurance of the compleating of its season after the same Beautiful, and pleasant Image. As at the first Effusion of the Spirit upon us, or any new Effusion; as at any Act of the Spirit, when he shineth out freshly in us; this Natural Image of Things is no more; a Light of Glory, Forms of Glory Immortal Spirits full of a Divine Beauty, and Majesty appear every where. They are alone, and there is nothing besides in the whole space of Things above, or below, past, present, or to come. As they are, so are we. All Things are one Vision of Divine Glory. Neither do we perceive, how one Image of Things goeth, and another cometh. Both are done; one is come, the other is gone in the same moment, in the twinkling, or cast of an Eye. So is Death. This is the Earnest of our Death. This is a step of Death; a foretast of it. So shall Death be perfected us.

Ihave

I have three Observations to make upon this Scripture besides that, which I have already said in order to my present purpose; to show how the knowledge of Christ in Glory sanctifieth, and sweetneth Death.

1. Obser. Here are three distinct Frames. 1. A Puilding. v. 1. 2. A Tabernacle, v. 1. v. 4. Where take notice, that in both places it is translated this Tabernacle; but is in Gicek, the Tabernacle. 3. The Earthly House. v. 1.

This feemeth to allude to the Temple, which was a standing, stately Building set up by Solomon in the Kingdom of the Jews; to the Tabernacle in the Wilderness, which was less, and moveable but rich and fine for the Workmanship, and for the Materials; to the Tent of course stuff, a covering for the Tabernacle. All these were Figures of Christ, and his Church, to which they

are also applied.

1. The Heaven's Person of Christ, as it stan och in the high and holy place of Eternity; as it springeth up out of the Bosom of the Father, and abide hin his Bosom; as it is one Spirit, and one Glory with the Father, is the Temple, the Building. For the Building hath this Three-fold Character; 1. It is of God, in Greek out of God, as Gold is out of a Mine of Gold. 2. It is Eternal; 3, It is in the Heavens.

The Glorified Person of every Saint, as it is comprehended in this Glorious Head of all Saints, is a Temple, a Building in Heaven, in Eternity, of the

Same manner, and fashion.

2. The Tabernacle made of Sky-colour, of Scarlet, of Purple, of fine Linnen, with Silver, and Gold, and all manner of precious stones, wrought with Cherubins, and all curious Workmanship, is the Image of God in Christ, and a Saint here below in the Wilderness of this World. Foln 1. 14. And the Word was made Flesh, and dwelt (in Greek Tabernacled) among us, and we beheld his Glory, the Glory, as of the onely Begotten Son of God; full of Grace and Truth. Here you have the Temple, which is higher, greater in compass, and more glorious than the Heavens, contracting itself into a Tabernacle, and residing in that Tabernacle, filling it with its own Sweetnesses and Glories, which are Grace, opposed to Wrath, Truth opposed to Shadows. The Word was made Flesh. The Eternal, and Substantial Image of God, which is the Temple, the true Heaven brought forth itself into a Temporary, and Shadowy Image, which is the Tabernacle, and the Paradile of the whole Creation. As it is in the Lord Fefers, so is it in his Spouse, who is the Fulness of him that filleth All in All. This vile Body in which a Saint is here; this dark, and course Form, with which our Souls, and Bodies are cloathed here, is the Tent, that covereth the Tabernacle; the Eirthly House of the Tabernacle.

2. Obser. The Effect of Death is different in these Three.

I. The Tent, the Earthly House onely is dissolved. It is dissolved, and no more. It is taken to pieces. The Word belongeth to the taking down of a house; or the taking of Horses out of the Coach, and setting them up in a stable at an Inn,

when the day, and the Journey are ended. The Dark, and Narrow Form, which made it a Vile Body, a Body of Death, is lost. The Materials are laid up

in the Tabernacle.

2. The Tabernacle is taken into the Temple. This is that, which shall be cloathed upon from Heaven, v. 2. If so be, that being cloathed, (or, as it is in Greek, if having been cloathed, namely with the Tabernacle) we shall not be found naked (of the Tabernacle in Death,)v. 3. So it is explained in the words sollowing; Fer we, that are in the Tabernacle do groan being burthened: not that we should be uncloathed (of the Tabernacle;) but cloathed upon, that Mortality might be swallowed up of Life; (that the Form of Mortality might be lost for ever in Immortality, and the Mortal Things continue being now become Immortal.)

When thou puttest on Fesus Christ, thou puttest on that Image of Grace, and Nature, in which Parasise is revived, and heightned, in which is contained all that is good, fair, and pleasant thorow the whole Creation quickned with a new Sun-shine from on high. This thou puttest on in thy Natural Man. This thou shalt never put off, after that thou hast once been cloathed with it. It is still cloathed upon with a higher and higher Glory from Heaven; until in Death the Glorised Body of Christ come down entirely upon it in the sulness

of all its Divine Beauties.

3. The Eternal Building in Heaven, thy Glorified Person, which was histher to hid in God, with, and in the Glorified Person of thy Saviour now conteth down, cloatheth thee entirely, resteth openly upon thee, never to go of from thy Tabernacle more.

3. Observ. See the beautiful, and sweet manner of Dying. Death is expressed in Two Representations; 1. A Dissolution; 2. A Deluge; a Swallowing up.

Leath is a Diffolution. If our earthly house of this Tabernacle be dissilved; v. r. A Troop of everblessed Spirits united by Eternal Love into one Form of Glory make the Heavenly Body of thy Beloved. In the same Form, and yet another, they make thy Heavenly Body, and Person in the Bosom of thy Bridegroom, O Believer! These descending are by the sacred knot of this dark, and narrow Form in Nature tied together into One Mortal Person; in which they are the Shadow of themselves; and tied down to the Earth to stand their Tryal in the midst of all sorts of Temptations.

Thus they continue, till they have finished the Mystery of God, and compleated the Figure of Divine Things in their Persons here below. Then, when the set Time is come according to the Laws of that Eternal Harmony in the Nature of God, which is the Supream Love, Beauty, and Wisson, all in One;

they dye after this manner.

That Troop of glorious Spirits, which is Thy Self above come down upon Themselves, Thy Self imprisoned in their Shadow below. As the Fire of God, they touch with some Mysterious Stroak of Providence the knot of this Earth-

ly Form; Immediately it untieth, and is disfolved. Now all these Spirits thus fet free retaining the Unchangeable Unity of thy Person return, Each to Itfelf in the Liberty, Beauty, Joy, and Glorious Majesty of its proper Substance. and Its own, Its First Heavenly State. Yea, they are already there in their Building Eternal in the Heavens. This Eternal Building, these Heavens come down upon them, to cloath them from above; that in no one moment they may be found naked, At once they fpring up out of the Earth, they come down out of Heaven, and meet, and kils each other, and fall into One with a Wonderful Shout, a Triumphant Concurrence of all Bleffed Spirits in the Perfect Freedom of all their Joys, and Glories. They fall into One, because they are One, and this One is Thy felf. In an Inftant, the Twinkling of an Eye, the Living Word cometh to them, the knot of Nature is diffolved, all fly, this knot, the Figure itself, the Shadow, like Doves to their Windows, like a Court to their several Mansions in the same Palace; So they fly into the Bosom of their proper Substances; where Thou art the same Person in Truth, at Liberty, and awake which thou wert in Show, in Captivity, in a Dream here below. Thou art the Unity, in which all these Spirits with the unsearchable Riches of their several Varieties ever centred, and dwelt together, as One, once shut up in darkness, and in a narrow place; but now displaying all their Beauties, unfolding all their Joys to the full. O how are the Beauties, and Pleasures of thy Death, O Saint, far beyond all those of Marriage, and of Children. How doest thou in that moment meet. and marry thy felf in all the flourishing Glories, with all the warm and fresh Loves of the Divine Nature? How doest thou bring forth a Troop of Divine Spirits in thine own Form, and Person to be ever before thee, bred up, and Living with thee, rejoycing in thee, the Delight of thine Eyes, and the Jewels of thy Bosom, the pleasure of thine Embraces day by day!

This is the first Representation of Death by a Dissolution.

2. Death is a Deluge; that Mortality might be swallowed up of Life, 2. Cor. 5. v. 4. It is in Greek; that the, or, this Mortal may be swallowed up of Life. Life in the Abstract, in its Purity, and Perfection without any Mixture, or Allay is Immortality, Eternity, Christ, and God. As God is Light, in which there is no Darkness: so God is Light, in which there is nothing of its contrary, neither in act, nor in possibility; no Death, nor Shadow of Death. The Mortal is that, which is capable of Dying in a Saint with the Principles of Corruption, and Power of Death adhering to it.

See the Glory, the Might of this Glory, the Extent of it in the Death of a Saint. Life Itself in its own Divine Essence, as a Divine Substance, no more an Accident, in the Purity of all Its Sweetnesses, in the Perfection of all Its Powers, as it reigneth upon the Throne of Eternity, breaketh forth upon the Person of a Saint, upon all His Powers, and Parts, the lowest, the darkest, the most Mortal. As It breaketh forth, It drinketh up all together with the Sha-

dow of Death Itself encompassing them into itself.

Mortal Things are Shadows of Immortal; that is, Figures in the Dark. But the Darkness also is Part of the Figure. The Life of pure Nature is an Image-Life a Shadowy Life. The Darkness swallowing up the Figure, and defacing the Shadow is a Natural Death. The Devil lurking in the Dark Part, as in His Den, from thence coming forth into the Figure is the Life of Sin. When a Sinner dieth, the Devil in the Darkness of the Shadow, Divine Wrath thorow the Devil swallow up the Darkness, Image, and all into themselves.

But at the new Birth of a Saint, the Eternal Life, and Substance awakeneth itself in the Shadow, liveth, and weareth that Darkness, as a Divine Vail upon Its Beauties too bright to appear nakedly on Earth. It acteth that Figure, as a Picture with the Life in it; looking forth through, and springing through it, as a Flower thorow the Lattices and the Windows. Then when the time of Harvest, and the Singing of Birds is come; this Eternal Life drinketh up

All into its own unmixt, unfading Light. Thus a Saint dieth.

As sometimes the Sea sendeth forth an Island, which after sometimes it again swalloweth up: so is the Life, and Death of a good Man in His Mortal Part. He riseth up like an Island from the unfathomable, and glorious Depths of a Divine Sea, the Sea of Eternal Life and Love. He standeth rooted in this Sea, and encompassed with It on every side. So He lives. Again He sinketh down into the Blessed Depths, out of which He arose. So He dieth.

Elijah laid His Sacrifice with a pile of wood upon the Altar. He digged Trenches round about the Altar, which he filled with Water, till it ran over. Then he called upon the Name of the God of Ifrael. Immediately a Fire descended from Heaven, which licked up all the Water, consumed the Sacrifice with the

Wood upon the Altar.

The Altar is our fesus filling the Earth, as well as the Heavens. The Saint in his Divine Part is the Sacrifice upon the Altar, in Union with Christ. The Wood is the Mortal Part of a Saint, which also lyeth upon the Altar of Christ's glorified Person, The low estate of a Saint in Flesh with all his Sufferings, and Sorrows, all the Powers of Darkness, and Death, make the Trenches full of Waters round about Him: At length the Divine Sea from below, when It hath fulfilled the Days of Its Pilgrimage, and Imprisonment, calleth to Its Father above. Then in a moment the Lord fesus in His Glorified Body, as a Flame of Immortal Love and Life cometh down from Heaven upon this Saint, drinketh up at once the Sacrifice; the Wood, the Waters, and All into One Flame with itself. Nothing remaineth, but the Altar, and the Trenches; the Place, where they had been; the Double Image in which they had appeared; a Light-Image Beautiful, and Pleasant in the Spirits of Light; a Dark-Image in Dark Spirits. Both these by degrees vanish into their several Elements of Light, and Darkness.

I have done with my first Principle in the second Part of my present use which is to sweeten, and sanctify Death by the Spiritual Knowledge of our Lord,

Felus.

Fefus. The first Principle was this: A Saint is compleat above in the Glorified

Body of Jesus Christ; while he is living, or dying here below.

2. Principle: The Glorified Person of our Saviour with all its Divine Fulness dwelleth Spiritually in the Natural Body of each Saint on Earth. Our fleshly Members are the Members of Christ in Heaven, 1 Corin. 6. 15. The riches of the Glory of this Mistery among the Gentiles, which is Christ in you, the Hope of Glory, Col. 1. 27. As the Essential Form of a Plant with all its proportions, and perfections lith inclosed in the Seed, which by the breaking of the Seed, displayeth itself upon it, and transfigureth the Seed; so is the Natural Body of each Believer a Seed; so is fesus Christ the Hope of Glory, a Body of Glory to that Seed, and dwelleth inclosed in it, until the Spring of Death.

The Natural Body is called a Body of Death, Rom. 7. 24. We are said to wait for the Adoption, or Sonship, the Redemption of the Body, Rom. 8. 23. These two Bodies cannot be the same. One is a Redeemed Body; a Body of Adoption, or Sonship. This is, as St. Paul speaketh before, a Body brought forth into the Liberty of the Glory of a Son of God. The other is a Body of Death. St. Paul cryeth out against one: Who shall deliver me from this Body of Death? St. Paul greaneth, and waiteth for the Redemption of the other, as a Son of God. One is the Oppressour; the other is oppressed. One is a Grave, and Death; the other is a Divine Life, a Form of Glory, a Son of God in the

Valley of the shadow of Death in the Grave.

As a Sun at night casting up its Cloud, and foretelling a fair day: so is the Death of a Saint; the Glorified Body of a Saint being one Spirit with the Glorified Body of his Beloved, casteth up the Cloud of this Natural Body, which had lien, as the Cloud of Death upon it, and now immediately maketh a fair, and Heavenly Day without the interposal, or succession of any Night. The Glorified Body of Christ, and his Bride are hid under this Body of Flesh, like the Sun under a thick Mist. It is long glowing, and casting glympses of itself thorow the Mist. The Mist groweth thinner. The heat and light of Divine Love, Beauty, and Joy groweth stronger. At last the Mist is quite gone, drunk up into the Sun. The Sun shineth out with open Face, and the Freedom of all its Brams.

3. Prime. That which this Body is to a Saint here, that his Glorified Jesus is to him in Death. We take pleasure rather to be absent from the Body, and present with the Lord, saith St. Paul 2 Cerin. 5.8. These words Absent, Present, relate in Greek, to a Country, a People. Such a presence as the Soul hath with the Body in I ie: it hath with its Lord, and Love in Death. Here thy Body is the Country, the Region of thy Soul. Thy Body is the Image, into which thy Soul is somed, in which alone it appeareth to itself, or others. All thy Relations, Companions, Contentments are Images presented unto thee in this Giass, and Impressions made upon thee by the Images appearing in this Glass. All this World is nothing to thee, but as it is an Appearance riling up in thy Body, which by vertue

vertue of the Personal Union raiseth a suitable Act of Life in thy Soul. All this World to thee is only a diversity of Forms, into which it is varied, and a diversity of Impressions made upon thy Soul by this variety of Forms.

In Death this Glass is broken, this Image vanisheth, this Country disappeareth like an Enchantment. Thy Glorified Fesus cometh in the place of this Body, and is a Heavenly, a Divine Body to thee. Thy Glorified Jesus is that Beautiful, Pure, and Immortal Form, in which thou appearest to thy felf, and to all. Thy Relations, Companions, Entertainments are the Glorified Person of thy Jesus varied into Innumerable Forms of Love, Light, and Loveliness. All thy Motions, Affections, and Pleasures are in Sympathy, and Confort with thy Fesus by vertue of the mystical, and unexpressible Union between thee, and him. All acts of Life in thee, all Touches upon thy Spirit are the kisses of his Divine Mouth, Myrrhe dropping from those Lillies of the Heavenly Paradife, his Lips. This is thy Country, thy People, thy World, the Fulness of the God-Head dwelling bodily in Christ. Spring for joy O dying Saint! The World, thy Country, thine own People, the Body into which thou now comest, is the Fulness of all Divine Light, Divine Life, the Fulness of all Divine Forms, Loves, Joys, and Glories dwelling together with the Fulness of a Divine Harmony in the Glorified Body of thy Beloved. This hath drunk up into itself thy former Body with all its acquaintances, and entertainments, the former world with all its furniture.

PART II.

Psal. 45. 2. Thou art fairer than the Children of Men; Grace is poured forth in thy lips; Therefore God hath blessed thee for ever.

I divided these words into three parts.

1.. THe Loveliness of our Lord Jesus; Thou art fairer than the Children of Men.

2. The Love of Christ; The Love of this Lovely One; Grace is poured

forth in thy lips.

3. The Seal of the God-Head, of a Divine Bleffedness, and of Eternity upon both these, the Loveliness, and the Love in this Glorified Person of our Saviour; Therefore God hath bleffed thee for ever.

I have finished my discourse on the first part. I now take in hand the second part. I have spoken something of the Loveliness of our Beloved One, as I have

by any Beam from his Beauties been enlightned to some glimmering vision of them, and quickned to a weak expression of that, which I have seen.

Now I am to speak of his Love, as the Grace, and Sweetness of it shall pour forth itself from his Lips into mine by a Spiritual kiss from the Mouth of

this Heavenly Bridegroom.

Grace is poured forth in his Lips. The rich composition of this Heavenly-sweet Sentence is made up of three rich Materials; I. Grace; Z. Effusion, or the pouring forth of this Grace; 3. The Lips of the Lord Jesus. These are to

be explained.

I. Grace. This in the Language of the Scripture fignifieth three Things. 1. Grace is Love. For the Grace of God, which bringeth salvation to all Men. bath appeared; Tit. 2. 1 1. But after that the kindness, and love of God our Saviour toward Men hath appeared. Tit. 3. 4. That which in one place the Apostle calleth Grace, in the other he expresseth by kindness, and love. Grace is love in its Fountain, freest, and sweetest. 2. Grace is Loveliness, or Beauty. Prov. 31. 30. Favour is deceitful, and Beauty is vain. Favour there is Grace. It is the same word in Hebrew with this in my Text. Grace is Beauty with its most powerful charms, as it toucheth every Spirit, answereth every desire, maketh all things answer it, and dance to its Musick. So the Hebrew word imports. 3. Grace is Foy, or pleasure a fair, and smiling Child begotten between these two amiable, and ever-pleasant Parents Love, and Beauty. St. Paul commandeth the Saints to ling, making melody to God with Grace in their hearts: that is, with Divine Joy kindled into a Heavenly Flame from the Love, and Loveliness of the Lord Jesus shining forth there unitedly, and concentring their joint Beams in the Beloved Spirit.

Thus Grace is all three, Love, Lovelines, and Joy; all these with a peculiar, and most eminent heightning; as the Sunshine is the Grace of a Garden, and the Flowers in it: So Grace in the sense of the Gospel is Love, Beauty, Delight with the God-Head the Sun of Spirits peculiarly, and nakedly shining in

them.

But principally, and primitively Grace is Love. Then it is Loveliness, as that is the first Birth, and lively Image of Love, in which it bringeth forth itself to its own Eye, and embraces, then sporteth with it as its Spouse. It is Pleasure, as that springeth from the Union of these two, and is their mutual

Life, and Perfection each in other.

Grace is a Tree, where Love is the Root, and Sap; Lovelines the fair Tree with its Body, and Branches rising out of this Root, whose Sap formeth itself into this Beautiful Figure. Joy is the Fruit, into which the sweet Sap of Love from its Root, thorow the Body, and Branches of its shining Beauties digesteth itself unto a perfect, admirable, and Divine Maturity to be the Food, and Feast of all Lives, all Spirits in Time, and Eternity. It is Love similing in the face of every Beauty, which is the Grace of it, as the Water, and Sparklings of Light

111

in a Diamond are the Grace of that. It is the Tast, and Rellish of Love in every Joy, is as the Wine, which is the Grace of the Feast.

It is the Love of Jefas Christ at its height, which is the Grace intended here. 2. The Effusion, or Pouring forth of this Grace is next to be opened. Three, things are fignified in this Effulion, I. A Fulness of Grace is discovered. Natural Agents work to the utmost of their Power. God is in nothing so Natural, as in His Love. His work of wrath is his strange work, præternatural to Him, and a Disguise uponHim.Love isHisRightHand; the Sheep are set at hisRightHand.Love flows forth from the Person of the Father unveiled, & naked, as Light from the Sun; Millions of freshBeams each moment from each point. 2. Freedom of Grace is manifelted in Its Pouring forth itself. It is its ownFirstMover. It puts itself into Motion. It is a fluid thing. It cannot contain itself within its own Bound, the Heart of God. It is ever pouring forth itself all abroad into every Heart. Divine Love is the most universal and importunate Beggar. It cometh to the door of every Spirit. It Knocketh. It presseth in. 3. A Force of Love putteth forth itself in this Expression. When the Rain cometh with a Tempest, and falleth with a great force, we fay; It poureth down. Love from above formeth Hearts most fortified against it. It rusheth forth like a mighty flood. If any banks, or dams oppose it, it riseth so much the higher, it gathereth so much the more strength, till it bear down all before it, carry away all with it, overflow all, swallow up all into itself, that all things become One Sea of Love.

3 The Lips of Christ into which this Grace is poured forth, may be understood four ways. 1. The Word of the Scriptures, and the Outward Mini-Hery are the Lips of Christ, in which Grace is poured forth. All the Scriptures are Love-letters from Christ in Heaven; all the Ministeries of the Gospel are Love Embassages, Love-tokens. 2. All Outward Providences, all Inward Difcoveries of the Lord Jesus are His Lips, with which He kisseth us, and poureth forth the Divine Sweetness, and Strength of His Love into our Spirits; 3, The Spirit Himself is the Mouth, and Lips of the Heavenly Bridgroom. But this He uniteth Himself most immediately to us in the closest, and Divinest Love-union. By this He transmitteth Himself, and His Love most warmly in-4. The naked Person of Christ in Glory is to be understood by these Lips. The Holy Ghost composeth this Pfalm, as a Marriage-song to celebrate the Union, State, and Joys of the Heavenly Bridegroom, and Bride in the Refurrection, and Ascension of our Blessed Lord. Here the Person of our Beloved is all a Divine Mouth, with which He breatheth forth all the Sweetneffes of His glorious Nature, and Love, as He sucketh in ours. It is all One Divine Eve from which He poureth forth upon us continual Floods of Light, Beauty, and Grace; by which also He taketh us in continually in all Blessed Forms of an . Immortal Loveliness, and Love; Thus we see our selves continually in Him; He seethHimself continually in us; Eye to Eye, each a Living Glass of glorious Love to the other.

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The Spirit, and the Lord Jesus in Glory are Both One. A Bee in a Garden sitteth upon every flower, and plant, sucking the vertue forth from it. This it formeth into One Sweetness in itself, which is Honey. Full of this Honey it flyeth to its Hive, and there layeth up its pleasant Treasures. So this Spirit resteth upon every Excellency in the God-Head, every Life, and Image of things in the Creature. It extracteth the several virtues from all. It turneth all within itself into One Divine, and unexpressible Sweetness, which is Love. With this Treasure of Love it maketh haste to some broken, and forlorn Heart. There in this Heart, in thine Heart, if thou wilt believe, that thou mayest talk, and see it, it layeth down its precious Burthen, it layeth up the inestimable Riches of glorious Grace.

We read in the building of the Temple that there was a great Sea of Brass, which stood upon twelve Oxen the figures of the Cherubims. Our Saviour's glorified Person is a vast Sea of Love. All the Angels of God support this Sea, serve this Love. The God-Head itself in a bright, and sweet sood of Love is poured abroad in this Sea, in this Bosom, and Person. Here every Believing

Scul batheth itself in, and taketh its Fill of Loves.

Doct. The Doctrine which I intend to infift upon according to the Grace of God given unto me is this. The Love of God is poured forth in the Glorified Perfon of our Lord Fesus. Thy Name is an Ointment powed forth, Cant. 1.2. The Name of our Beloved, which His Spouse Knoweth Him by, and calleth Him by, is That Name above every Name in this World, or the World of Angels, which the Father hath given Him at His Resurrection, and Ascension; Ephel. 1. 21. This Name is His Person itself in Glory, which is the onely Expression of itself. This is an Ointment poured forth. O Blessed Ointment of Divine Love, which hath all the Cordial Spices, and Sweets of the God-Head itself in it, which perfumeth all things thorow Heaven, and Earth; which maketh all Faces to ihine with a Divine Lustre, and all Hearts to spring with a Divine Joy! This. costly Cintment was before shut up, and kept in an Alabaster Box, in the Glorious Secret of the Father's Bolom. But now that Box is broken in the Death of our King. That Bosom is opened in His Resurrection. That sweet Treasure of all Life, and Delight, the Eternal Love of the Father is poured. forth at the Root of the Creation, upon the Head of every Creature in the Glorified Person of Fesus Christ. Its sweet Savour is gone forth into the Nofirils of every Spirit, to revive it, and allure it to its Everlasting Embraces.

I John 5. II. This is the Record; (namely of God Himself,) that God hath given us Eternal Life, and this Life is in His Son. Eternity is defined to be The Possession of all Good at once, and in One. There are Three things, which go to make up Eternity I. A Perfection of Excellency. 2. A Collection of all Excellencies 3, A Station of all these with their several Distinctions in One Toppoint of Spirituality above all Division, or Change. Love is the Union of Lovely Things. The most Perfect Love is the most Perfect Union, which bindeth

bindeth up all Lovelinesses in their several Perfections into the streightest Unity. Eternal Life then is the Life of Love in its Purity, and Perfection. Eternity is Love itself; the firmest, and Fullest Union of all Graces, and Grace-

ful Things in the height of Glory, and the height of Unity.

This Eternal Life, this Eternal Love; this Life of Love, which is the Life of Eternity is diffused, is given to us by the Father in the Glorified Personof Christ. This is the Glorifying of His Person, the Pouring forth of this Love, which is the Gold of the Temple, the Glory of Eternity, in Him, as in a

Common Person, in which the whole Creation lyeth.

Before I leave this Scripture, which I have brought for the Proof of my Doctrine; ye who hear, and ye who read, stand still a while, and together with me gaze upon, admire the riches of the glory of the Grace, and Love of God in the Gospel. This, saith St. John, is the Record, that He hath given us Eternal Life, and this Life is in His Son. You have here the whole Substance of the Gospel, the Record of God, the Glad Tydings from Heaven summ'd up. It is Love. This Love lyeth in Three Parts; I. Free Grace in these words, God hath given us. 2. The Gift of Free Grace, Eternal Life. You have heard already, that the Eternity, the Perfection, and Crown of Life is Love. 3. The Lovely Seat of this Gift; and this Life, this Love, is in His Son.

Behold, how the Love of the Gospel is no other, than the Divine Nature, and

the 3 Parts of this Love the 3 Persons in that Divine Nature.

1, Free Grace is the Fountain of Love, the Fountain of the God-Head, the Father the Giver.

2. The Gift is the Holy Spirit, Love itself, the Eternity of Life, and Love, the Collection of all Loves and Lives in Eternity, the Gathering together of ail the pure, and sweet Waters of Love, and Life into One Place.

3. The Seat of this Gift; the Son. The Person of our Bridegroom is that vast, bright, and Beautiful Deep prepared, as a place for those pleasant Waters,

those Treasures of Love.

How are the Windows of the God-Head here fet wide open to pour down Showers of Love ! How are the great Deeps of the God-Head broken up to send forth Floods of Love! What a Bleffed Deluge of Love is here, enough to drown ten thousand Worlds of Sins, and Souls after a Lovely manner; so that the bins shall never live, nor appear more; the Souls shall never dye, nor be

at all darkened any more!

Came now we unbelieving Hearts; be subdued to the Faith of the Gospel by the Samuelhor this Love. Come ye hard Hearts; bee toftned by the Sweemet of this Love. Come ye unclean Hearts; be refined, be Spiritualifed, be risted above Scale, Flesh, by the Purity of this Love. All the Strength, all the Sweetness, all the Parity, and Pure Beauties of the Divine Nature are concarter in this Love. The Three Glorious Perlons in the Trinity are no other, thus Love stielf in to many Forms of Beauty, and Bleffedness acting those Hea-

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venly Parts, which may make all the Joys, and Glories of Love compleat in them, and in you.

I thall profecute my Dectrine under three Heads.

1. The Nature of Divine Love. 2. The Effusion, or pouring forth of this Love. 3. The Person of our Lord fesus, as this Love is poured forth anto him.

1. Head. The Nature of Divine Love. I shall endeavour to explain this

to you by three Descriptions.

1. Descript. Divine Love is a Union between God, as a Lover, and the Soul, as his Love, 1 Cor. 6. 16, 17. It is said, they two shall be one Flesh. But the that is joyned to the Lord is one Spirit. Marriage is the Solemnity, Festival, and Crown of Love. The Marriage-Union is the perfection of the Love-Union. The Spirit speaketh here of a Marriage in the Fesh, as a Figure, and Foil only; but of the Marriage in the Spirit as Love-Union in its Lustre, and its Life.

This Love-Union bath three Parts.

1. There is a *Unity*, which is the ground of Love. All Love springeth from this Divine Seed sown throughout all things; a Primitive, and Original Unity.

2. There is a Distinction in the Unity, which is the Life of Love. This maketh the Lovers. The Unity springeth up within itself into a Dulinct, and Beautiful Image of itself, that it may be both its Lover, and its Love.

3. There is a Union of these two, the Original, and its own Life Image, as they stand distinct in the Unity. This is Love consummate. This is the Marriage-bed of Divine Love, ever flourishing and fruitful. Here it multiplieth itself into innumerable Loves, Beauties, and Joys, which slow endlessly fresh every moment out of this sacred Fountain.

Thus Love is the Circle of Eternity, hath its beginning in itself, springeth

up out of itself, returneth again into itself without beginning or end.

Thus in Heavenly Love first one is made two, then two are made one again, So is it all four in one, a Birth, a Marriage, a Death, a Resurrection in a continual Circle; while they are ever bringing forth one another; dying into each other; rising again one out of the other; and in all united. This is the Divine sport, or play of Spiritual Love.

You shall see these three parts of the Heavenly Love-union in three Images;

in Heaven; in Paradife; in the Soul.

1. Love-Union in Heaven. The first Person in the Trinity is the God-Head in the Unity, which is the Center, and Spring of all Love. The Second Person is the God-Head distinguishing itself into a variety of Persons in the Unity. The God-Head in the glorious, and deep center of its Unity springeth up into an express Image of itself, shining south from the Unity, and shining back upon it in the brightness of all its own Glories within its own Divine deep,

and Center. This is to the Father perfectly Himself, his Son, and his Spouse, all in one. The Spirit is the Third Person. This is the Union of the other two. Divines therefore peculiarly appropriate the name of Love to this Person. The manner of his Production is expressed by a Procession from the Father, and the Son joyntly, by way of breathing, as the sweets of two Flowers mingling in the same Air, or as the Divine Kiss of two Spirits, by which they breath forth themselves each into other, and become two Spirits in one.

This is the first Image of the Love-Union in Heaven; where the Mystery of the Trinity is the high, and Holy Mystery of Love in its Original. Here

first of all one is made two, and those two are made one again.

2. Love-Union in Paradife. Adam, and Eve together with the race of all Living, to which Eve was Mother, stood at first in zidam, all in one. Male, and Female medeHe him, Gen. 1.v. This was Humane Nature in its Unity, the figure of the Divine Unity, the Father in the Trinity. Then Eve was taken out of Adam. The Unity was diffinguished into two Persons, and Sexes within inself. For Adam saith of Eve after the distinction; This is Flesh of my Flesh, and Bone of my Bone. The Unity of the Nature continued in the two Sexes. Now the Woman was the Image, and the Glory of the Man in Paradife, as the Son is the Image of the Father, and the Brightness of his Glory in Heaven. Now there is no Solitude in the Unity, which maketh Paradife a Wilderness, the Unity is the true Paradife within itself springing up into variety, then marrying itself to it, and so flourishing from this Union with all manner of Beautiful, and pleasant Fruits. By this Birth and Distinction in the Unity, Adam and Eve are capable of enjoying themselves each in other, and of multiplying themselves. Thirdly, Eve is brought to Adam again, and these two are made one Flesh. This is the making of two one again, which were first made two of one. This Unity in the Distinction, and Distinction in the Unity is that Marriage in Paradise, which is the Type of that Incomprehensible Marriage above all Heavens, which is the Third Person in the Trinity. In him the Father, and the Son spend Eternity in mutual Embraces, and multiply themselves into an Infiniteness of Blessed Lives, Bleffed Loves.

You that are Married Persons, see your selves in this double Glass of Paradise, and the Trinity. By these Glasses dress your selves in your Loveliness, and Loves one for another. St. Paul saith, that Marriage is Honourable among

all, or in all things.

A Type hath a double Honour; the Figure, which is Shadowy, the Truth, which is a substantial Glory. Husbands, and Wives preserve the Honour of your state at least in the shadowy part. Bear the Figure of the Ever-glorious Trinity, whose Type you are, by a moral Beauty, Truth, Purity, Sweetness, which are the Gold, and precious Mettal in the Ring of this Love-union. This will make Marriage an Earthly Paradise. But rest not in this. You will find a Serpent here, that will quickly poyson all your Sweets, and change your Flowers.

Flowers into Thorns; if you pass not thorow the Earthly into the Heavenly Paradise. Then you wear the Marriage-Crown in Truth, when that Spirit, which is the Band of Lave between the Father, and the Son, is the Eternal Band of Divine Love between you also, when you also make your Marriage-Bed in the Boson of the Holy Ghost.

What Joys, what an Immortal Off-spring is born of those Lovers, where the Love-fellowship of these below, and the sacred Love-fellowship of the Blessed Trinity above descend, and ascend one into another, where they mingle

themselves Universally?

3. Love-Union in the Soul, fob. 3.6. That which is born of the Spirit, is Spirit. The Divine Being, Life, and Form of the Soul, in which it is a Spirit, lie first wrapt up in the Unity of the Eternal Spirit its Heavenly Mother above.

The Eternal Spirit out of this Love-Center, and within the Love-Circle of its own Unity by the New-birth in the Soul bringeth forth at once a Daugh-

ter Spirit, a Sifter, and Spouse to itself.

This Divine Spirit, like the Paradifical Eve, so soon as it is born of its Heavenly Adam, is brought to him again, and they Two are made one Spirit, I Car. 6. 17. As a New-born Babe, so soon as it is sprung out of the Womb, seeketh the Breast of the Mother, that it may suck forth a continued stream of Life from the Fountain of its Life: to is it in the Spiritual Birth. So foon, as the New-born Spirit ariseth up out of this Unity, which is the Womb of the God Head; it is immediately received into the Arms of this Unity; it defireth after, it hunteth for, it returned to, it fastneth upon this Unity, which is the Breaft of the God Head. By this it draweth in the fincere, and pure Milk of the living Word; it take the in by plentiful streams the Light, Life, Glory, Substance of the Divine Nature to grow by them. O you, who indeed are born of this Unity, lie continually in the Bosom of it, hang continually upon this Breat. But thus, as in the Eternal Generation in Heaven; as in the Creation in Paradife; as in the Regeneration, which is the opening of Paradife, and Heaven both a fecond time in the Soul; all are Love-Buths, Love-Unions. The Unity distinguisheth itself within itself anto another felf, which is yet still the same, that there may be a variety in the Unity without the breach of the Unity. The Virgin above bringeth forth a Son, which is also her Lord, and continueth a Virgin Itill. The Beautiful variety, which is the Effulgency of the Unity, rejorneth itself again to it, and Itill remaineth a variety in its diffinction from it. Thus the Love-Marriage is every where folemnized, and every where maketh a Paradile, and a Heaven above, and below. This is the first Description of Divine Love, a Divine Union, where one Glorious Spirit is made two, and these two make themselves one again.

Use. Learn from the Beauty, and Sweetness of Divine Love, the Evil of this Worlds Love by their contrariety to it. To Adulterers, and Adulteresses,

Know ye not, that the Friendship of this World is Enmity to the Father. Who therefore is this World's Friend, is an Enemy to God: James. 4. 4. See the Evil of this World's Love in ... Steps.

1. Step. By loving this World you separate your selves from the Love of God. You estrange your selves from all true Joy, Peace, and Rest. For these

are the Attendants, and Companions of Divine Love.

Cant. 3.7,8. You read of Solomon's Bed. which hath four score valiant mens! the valiant men of Israel round about it, with their swords girt upon their thigh for the fear of the night. How great, how Divine is the Sweetness, the Safety, the Security of Spiritual Love. He, that abideth in this Love enjoyeth an Uninterrupted Rest, and untroubled pleasures, in a Night of the greatest Darkness, Dangers, Tumults, and Storms. He hath ever round about Him a Troop of Holy Angels for his Guard, armed with the Glorious Power of the Spirit. This is the Sword upon their Thigh. In the midst of these he lyeth upon a Royal Marriage bed. Here he is encircled with the Spiritual Embraces of King Solomon, the Lord Jesus in Glory, the King of all Peace, Perfections, and Pleafures, This is the Love of God, that Love, by which God, and the Soul live: and dwell together in One Spirit.

You now, who prefer the blackness of darkness before the Beauty of Christs Face, reftless cares, endless fears, continual dangers, and deaths before the Rest, and Joys of Christ's bosom, love this world, and let the love of Fesus Christ

go.

2. Step. By the Love of this World you make your selves Adulterers with a Witch, and a Common Whore. Poor Soul! thou forfakelt the Arms of thine own Love, thy Loving Roe, and pleasant Hind, the Wife of thy Youth of Eternal Youth, the Heavenly Image in the Person of the Lord Fesus. Thou givest thy self up to the Embraces of the strange. Woman, the Strumpet, this World the Fleshly Image of Things.

The Love of your Saviour is all Truth, Purity, Peace, Immortality. The Love of this World beginneth in Deceit, hath its Power in Enchantments, its Effect Pollutions, its End Destruction. She giveth thee Drink indeed in a Golden Cup. But she maketh thee to drink in first a Wine of Sorceries, then of Fornications. Her End is to have her Flesh burnt with Fire; and into the same bed

of flames will God cast all those, that commit fornication with her.

3. Step. By loving this world thou makest thy self an Adulteress with the Devil. This World, as it stealeth thine Heart from God is a Composure of Lyes. The Devil, who is the Father of Lyes, maketh thy Soul his Strumpet, upon which he begetteth these false Forms of things. Thou breedest these young Devils upon thy Knee, and as thou sportest thy self with them, thou luckest in by their Kisses the poyson, and fire of Hell into all thy veins.

The Devil first wooes thee in a Counterfeit shape of false Beauty, Gory, Power, Joys. When he hath gained thee, he breaketh forth upon thee in his There

own shape of endles Terror, and Horrours.

There is nothing truer, than that the Love of this World is a Spiritual Adultery with the Devil, and the Head of all Adulteries, of all Defilements. There is nothing more fure, than that Carnal Adultery in all the degrees of it, the Similitude of this, most powerfully calleth up into us, and upon us the Spirit of this World, the Prince of Darkness, the Devil with all His Dark, Deforming, and Destroying Powers. O ye sons, and Daughters of men, who dwell in the midst of the snares, and nets of this great, painted Adulteress, be aware of your danger. Abide in your first Principle your Root, your first Husband, the Eternal Love of the Father in Christ. Abide in your own Habitation, the Bosom of your own Bride, the Eternal Beauty, the Essential, and Immortal Image of the God-Head in Christ. These Loves shall be a Fountain of Life to you above to preserve you from the snares of Death below.

4. Step. By the Love of this World you turn the Love of God into Wrath, and fury If you be the Friends of this World, you are the Enemies of God; faith St. James. Why do you provoke the Love of God? Will you contend with Almighty Love? Are you greater, than that? Love is the Right Hand of God's Strength; His God-Head lieth in His Love. God is Love. This Love is strong, as Death; cruel, as the Grave. What art thou, O Worm, to stand before it, to bear its rage? O choose rather to lye down, as a Bride, in these everlasting Burnings, and Devouring Fires of Love to be cherished, changed refined, and glorished by their tender, and divine Embraces; than to set thy self, as Bryars,

and Thorns against them, to be consumed by them.

Thus I have done with the First Description of Divine Love; A Union between God, and the Soul, as the Beloved, and His Love in One Spirit of Purity, Immortality, Joy, and Glory.

2 Descrip. The Love of God is the Will of God.

This is a Universal Truth that in every Spirit Love, and the HI areOne.

This appeareth in their Nature, their Object, their Operation.

1, The Nature of the Will, and Love are One. The Will is defined to be the Inclination of the Spirit as it tendeth, and bendeth itself to this or that, this way, or that way. Love is stilled The Weight of the Soul. As heavy things by their Weight; so Souls by their Love are carried to their proper Center.

2. The Object of the Will, and of Love is the same. It is a rule, that The Powers, and Habits in Spirits are distinguished by their Object. Every Principle, and Faculty is the Object in its Seed. The Object is the Form, and Pacfection of the Principle. The Object of the Will is Geodine's Aprenting. The Object of Love is Lovelines, Lovelines, and Goodness both confitt in Mittableness, which hath its Ground in Unity. If there be any Difference between Godness, and Loveliness it is this, that as the Flower of Light is the Sun-shine; and as fesus Christ is the Estulyency, the Shine of the God-Head, the Bright ness of the Glory of God; so Loveliness, or Beauty is Goodness shining out to attract all Hearts to it. Thus Loveliness the Object of Love, and Goddiness Appearing the Object of the Will agree entirely in One.

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3. All their Operations are the same. The Affections, and Passions are the Motions of the Will; All these are Love's Summer, or Winter; Love in the Seed is Desire. Love budding, and blossoming is Hope, Love in the ripe Fruit is Joy. Anger, Fear, Grief, and Hatred are Love in its Opposition to its Enemy, which is Enmity alone; Love slying from, or contending with that, which standeth in its way to, or would rob it of its Beloved Object.

But this is spoken in General onely concerning the Will, and Love.

In Particular let us fee, how the Divine Will, and the Divine Love appear to be the same in the Holy Scriptures. The Will of God is distinguished by Divines into the Revealed, and the Secret Will of God. One is the Divine Will in Outward Signs onely, The Other is the Good-Pleasure of God in His

Heart, and in Eternity.

1. The Revealed Will of God is Love, 1. Tim. 2. v. 1. &c. In the first v. of this Chapter you have a Divine Rule; that All manner of Prayers, be made for All Men. This Rule is pressed by a particular Application of it to Kings, and all in Authority; v. 2. All in Authority; what ever their Persons are, or their Right, v. 3. The Reason of this Rule is laid down. For this is Good, and Acceptable to God our Saviour. This Universal Love wound up to the Highest strain of Spirituality, and Divinity in us is a Vein of the Supreme, and Divine Good let forth from the Heart of God, where the Fountain of Good is, and circling thorow our Hearts into his Heart again by Prayer. Therefore is it acceptable to God. Our Wills are never so in tune to the Divine Will, and in consort with it, as when the Spiritual motions of our Hearts in the Bosom of the Father are strains of Universal Love.

The Root of this Reason is discovered. v. 4. God will have all Men to be saved, and come to the knowledge of the Truth. Love is said to consist in this; To Will good to any one. If this be love to Will good to any; Then is it the best, and highest good. Behold then! The revealed Will of God is a Revelation of love to the height. God will have all Men to be saved. God willeth the highest end, which is the best good to the lowest, and worst of Men, to all Men. That this end may not sail, he also willeth the means to the end; that all Men should come to the knowledge of the Truth.

The Ground, in which this root of love liveth, is the Unity of God, and Christ. For there is one God and one Mediatour between God, and Man, the Man Christ Jesus. The highest Unity Is the largest Universality. It is in Spirits, as in these Heavens, which we see, the highest are the widest. All beneath them lie in their Bosons. The whole nature of things is love. For the Divine Nature the Original is love. This love throughout the whole nature of things is as a Pyramid made up by degrees of different Unions, till it end in the highest, and most indivisible point of Unity.

The Unity of God is that Fountain of love, out of which all things proceed. The fecret force of this Unity is that stream of love, which runneth

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thorow the Heart, and Veins of Every Creature in the Person of Christ, which is the golden Pipe with its several branches laid thorow the whole Creation from the Beginning to the End. There is one God, and one Mediator between God and Man, the Man Christ Fesus.

Thus the revealed Will of God is love.

2. The fecret Will of God is love. Fury is not in me. Who would fet the bryars, and therns in Battel aray against me? I would go thorow them, I would contume them. Wrath is not in God. It is without him only, as a Cloud upon the Sun. The heart of God is Love. Wrath is but the work of his Hand, and that his strange Wask, like nothing within, a disguise only. The Face of God, and the proper light of it is love. Wrath is vizor, a mist before his Face, and wo more.

Fury in God is love by the opposition heightned to a flame to consume all

vanity, and enmity, that fetteth itself before it, or against in

O that I had a voice powerful enough to reach all the Souls wandring thorow the whole Creation, and to call them tegether, to take this Cup of Salvarion into the hand of their Faith, to set it to the mouth of their Faith, and drink deeply of it! As the Wine of this Cup goeth down into your Spirits, you will find it to go down right. How sweetly, and how fully will it touch, tatisfy, and fill every faculty, every defire, every Seed of life with its proper good. The Cup of Salvation, which I hold forth to you is this Divine Truth, the Sum of the Gospel Preached by Angels in their Songs at the Birth of our Jesus; The Will of God is love.

Hear this, and believe it, O ye Souls, the Inclination of God, the supream Spirit, and Fountain of Spirits is to you. The tendency, and the bent of the Divine Nature is to make your joys full by the possession of all good in itself; and to sulfil his own joys in you. For the Will is the Inclination of every Spirit; and the Will of God is love. Hear this, and believe it, O ye Souls, God is carried with the whole weight of his God-Head to you, as to his Center, to rest eternally in you, and to rejoyce over you. For love is the weight of every Spirit, and the Will of God is love. The Will of God in the

Freedom, Absoluteness, Infiniteness of it is love.

Now I live, saith St. Paul, if ye stand fast in the Faith, I Thes. 3. 8. St. Paul speal eth not this in his own Spirit, but in the Spirit of God. God in his own Spirit speaketh it with a greater force, and fuller sense to every one of you, if you believe me, and take in my love, which is my life, now have I a new Love, a new Life, a new Joy, and Heaven in you. As you grow in this Faith, my Life, and Joy increaseth in you. If you stand fast in it, my Joy, and Glory is as firm in your hearts, as in Heaven itself.

If you will believe all the Declarations of God from Heaven; the revealed Will of God is Love. If you have any Inward, and Divine Touch of the fecret Will of God; all the breathings of his Heart are Love. O take in the Love of God, that his Love may become a Divine, Immortal Seed of all Love, and Lovelines in you.

But

But now let us hearken to the groans of some poor ones among these multitudes of Souls, who parched and burnt up with their Sins, Sorrows, who benighted in the Darkness of their unbeleief; yet among all these Millions of streams of Love, which show forth upon their Spirits from the heart of God, among those Millions of Beams of Love, which tall from the Eye of God upon their hearts dare not take in any one. No, though they thirst for Divine Love more than for Life, yet shut up their Spirits against all Approaches, or Appearances of it, as delusions.

Obj. These Souls sigh forth this great Objection against the Love of God: You say, the Willof God is love; the object of every Will is some good; the object of all love is some loveliness. What loveliness can there be in me to draw the heart of God to me, to be in love with me, who am only loathsom by my lusts, and deformed by my passions? What good can be found in me to attract the Divine Will to center itself in me by love, when no good,

but all evil dwelleth in me?

Answ. 1. Dear Soul, who thus reasonest for thine own sufferings against the love of God, I shall give thee three Answers in the behalf, and in the name of Divine love. O that love itself from the heart of God would drop its Sweetness from its own mouth upon thee, and seal it upon thy Spirit, while

I am speaking for it to thee!

First, Thou wert made in the Image, and Likeness of God, Gen. 1. All Loveliness consisteth in Suitableness; Suitableness in Similitude, and Likeness. There is nothing, which draweth Hearts and Love, which attracteth all things so powerfully, as Similitude doth. Similitude is a kind of Unity, and Likeness Oneness. Similitude is described to be one Form in two matters, or subjects. Let this, O drooping Soul; raise thee to look upward to that Heaven of Eternal Love, which ever holdeth thee in its Embraces, and shineth round about thee. The Divine Image, and Similitude is thy proper Person, thine Nature, thine Essence, it lyeth indeed captivated in chains of Darkness, dishonoured, and defiled by thy lusts, wounded, and mangled by thy passions, oppressed with guilt, slain by unbelief in thee. Yet this Divine Image is in thee. It is thy true self-according to the sirst Creation.

Dost thou ask now, what that good is, which attracteth the Divine Will to thee by the love of it? God is in love with his own Likene's in thee. He seeketh his own Birth, His Spouse in thee, sprung forth from himself to be his Joy in the midst of all the Creatures, to be Queen, where ever he is King in the whole Creation. This Divine Image in thee, this thy Divine self is that Pearl in the Field, for which God giveth himself, that he may purchase the Field. This is that good, to which the heart of God is carried with all its weight of love, to redeem it, to revive it, to raise it out of the Dust, that it

may thine again in his Glory, and fing of his loves.

The Lord Fesus telleth us, Mat. 24. 28. Where the Carkass is, there the S s 2

Eagles will be gathered together. The Scriptures represent the Spirit of God in its low estate, in the Flesh of Christ, and his Members by a Dove, a Groaning Dove. The Dove is in the cless of the Rock, and the holes of the Stairs, Cant. 2. The Spirit descended upon Jesus at his Baptism before his Temptations in the form of a Dove.

The Spirit in his Heavenly strength, and Glory is set forth by an Eagle. I have born them upon Eagles Wings, saith God. They shall mount up on high like an Eagle; saith the Prophet E/ay. The Spirit is often expressed in the plural number, because he is that Unity, which is the Spring, the Center, the Circle, and Band of all blessed Spirits. He hath in himself an endless variety of Spiritual Glories, which are all glorious Spirits in him, as he is, and one with him whithersoever his Willis to go, they all go together with him. He is therefore expressed by seven Lamps, seven Spirits, and Eagles here. Where the Careass is, there the Eagles will be gathered together. The end of all this is to make way for the letting in of a slood of Heavenly Balson, of Divine love upon every heart, upon the broken heart, to heal it; upon the hardest heart to soften it.

Eagles from afar, and from on high are drawn to flaughter'd Carcasses, as to their proper Prey So when the Divinc Image lyeth in thee as a loath some Carcass at the bottom of a dark and deep Dungeon, now is it the most proper Bait, and most powerful Attractive of Divine love. Now the Lord Jesus, the Eternal Spirit with all the Troop of Spiritual Powers, and Glories resort to this Carcass, descend upon it, hunger after it. Now they feed, and feast upon it, until they have eaten it up, until they have converted it into one pure nature, and glorious Spirit with themselves.

When Ignatius was to be devoured by wild Beasts; now saith he, shall the Teeth of the Lyons grind me into fine Flower, to make fine Manchet of me for the Table of God. So do thou say concerning all thy Sufferings within, and without: These are the Divine Teeth of the Spirit of Heavenly love. Now doth my God feed upon me. If my God feed upon me, if he nourish, and onlarge his own Life, Joys, and Glory by me, then shall he also change me,

take me up into himself, diffuse his own Life, Joys, and Glory into me.

This is the first Answer.

Ans. 2. Dear Soul, whoever, whatever thou art, thou art the Off-spring of God. St. Paul citeth this from a Poet, confirmeth it by a Divine Testimony, applyeth it Universally to all, maketh it the ground of Evangelical Truths, and Loves; Acts 17. 28. As some of your own Poets have said; We are his Off-spring.

St. Paul hath something very like this, Ephes. 3. 9. The Gospel was hid in God from the Foundation of the World, who made all things by Jesus Christ. God had the love of the Gospel in his Heart, and sowed it as a secret Seed in the Foundations of the whole Creation, when he made all things by Jesus Christ.

Christ. Fesus Christ is the Seed of Nature, as well as of Grace, and so lyeth hid in the Bosom of every Creature, as the true Pearl in the Field. That Divine Image, of which we spake before, was the similitude only, the Mother of Pearl; This is the Substance, the Pearl itself. In the Off-spring of God is the Seed of God. Where the Seed of God is, there is God himself in the Vertue, Power, and sulness of his Divine Nature. For so the Seed of every Plant hath that Plant Virtually, and Spiritually in it.

Be now no more unbelieving; but believe. Believe the love, which God hath to thee. Believe, that all the Inclinations of the Divine Will are to thee; that the Eye, and heart of God are turned toward thee in every place, fixt upon thee with all that intention, and force of Sweetness in the Divine Nature. For why? He is drawn irresistibly to his own Seed, his own Son, his own felf

in thee. Thou art his Off-spring.

When Micab was reproved for crying after the Company, he replied: 13

have carried away my Gods, and re lay; why crieft thou after us?

No more now doubt, and fay; why should the most high God with an Eye of love from Heaven, thus follow me into every state of life, into all the corners of my heart? Why should he by a voice of love from Heaven in the Word, in Providences, in the motions of his Spirit thus cry, and call after me?

Thou halt his Seed, his Son, himself in thee.

Do thou answer him again, and say: Thou seekest thy self, thy Seed, thy Sheep crucified, buried, lost in me. O seek, and find it; find it, and take it up into thine Arms; keep it in thine Arms, till thou bring it home to its own self, to its lost Life, Joys, and Glories again. But I also seek my Life, my Original, my true self hid with Christ in thee in the brightness of thy Glory. O take thy crucified self in me home to thee into thy Bosom. O give me my Glorified self with thee home to me into my Bosom. Thus much for the second Answer.

Ans. 3. Still the wounded Spirit sigheth, and saith: Can God take pleasure in any thing common, or unclean? Dear Souls, ever dear to the Divine Will, when you have a sense of Sin or, Love; and when you have none, understand the Mystery of the Divine Will in the order, and method of Divine love. When you understand this, you will have a deep, and kindly sense of Sin in-

deed, but so, as to have a righter, and sweeter sense of love by it.

There is a Twofold Love in God; a Love of Complacency, or Delight; a Love of Benevolence, or good Will. 'The first is that, by which he taketh pleafure in thee, as a Bridegroom in his beautiful Bride. The second is that, by which his Will is set on work to make thee beautiful, and a Bride to himself. The love of Complacency is the first, and the last love. The love of benevolence is a middle love, which ariseth out of this, and endeth in it; as Springs, and Rivers come from the Sea, and run into it.

This is the Order of Divine love. First thou art beloved with a love of

Com-

Complacency from Eternity, as thou are term in that Gass of Eternity, the Word, the Lord Jejus. Secondly, Thou are for this love's sake beloved with a love of benevolence in time in thine own Person, by which love, God willeth all good to thee, and worketh all good in thee. Laftly, Thou are beloved with a love of Complacency to Eternity in thine own Person, as thou are decked with all the Ornaments of the Divine Nature. This is the order of Divine love. Its Musick is made up of these three Parts.

1. Part. Divine love in the first Part is a love of Complacency, or Delight in thee, as thou art seen Eternally in the Person of Christ. Dear Soul, while thou art complaining here below, and fixest thine Eye upon thy shame, thy God feeth thee all-glorious within, and without in the glorified Person of the Lord Jefus. There he taketh his first view of thee. There his Eye, and his Heart are fixt Eternally to thee. Here he maketh choice of thee, here he falleth in love with thee, and his Soul resteth with perfect delight in thee. For he beholdeth thee, as a spectacle of all Divine loveliness lying in the Bosom of him, who is the brightness of all Divine Glory. As a Vessel in the Sea is filled with the Waters, and overflown with the same Waters: so art thou before the World was in the Person of thy Jesus, as in a Sea of Spiritual, Heavenly Beauties; all full within, all covered without with these Glories; quite thorow transparent with the riches of their luftre; entirely swallowed up into the Sea of these pure, and bright Glories. This is Electing Love, of which St. Paul speaketh; Ephel. 1. He hath made us acceptable in the beloved one. It is a fignificant expression which no language can answer for the Sweetness, and Fulness of it; negatives, made acceptable. The phrase haththis force in it. God embraceth thee with the Arms of the dearest, and tenderest loves, finding thee entirely cloathed, and encircled with the height of all loveliness in the object of all loves, and the first scat, the essence itself of all lovelinesses the Lord Jefes. His Soul is well-pleased with thee to the utmost of all Content; he hath his fill of Pleasures in thee, enjoying thee in the Center of all Pleasures in the funtaciles, his own Son.

2. Part. Divine love in the fecand Tart is a love of Benevalence. While thou art a defibite Wilderness, where nothing appeareth but Dearth, and Drouth, but Bush, and Brake, the love of Eternity descendeth, and toweth inself, as a Heavenly Seed in thee. It cometh down in Heavenly Showers. It breaketh forth in Heavenly Sun-shines upon thee. The same love springeth up into all manner of Spiritual loveliness in thee. Now the Grass groweth, the Roes, and the Hinds play, where the Dragon lay. The Bramble bringeth forth Roses. The Stony Heart is now made the Garden of God. The Soul which wallowed in the filth of the Devil is wast. I by Eternal love in its own Blood, redeemed by its own life, made to bear the truit of its own loveliness,

and ready trimmed for a Bride to itself.

3 I art. Divine love in the third Part is a love of Completency, and delight

light in thee in thine own Person: Now Heaven is opened to thee. God with all his holy Angels are continually descending, and ascending between Heaven, and thine Heart, which is become as it were another Heaven on Earth, God resteth in his Love to thee, and rejoyceth with singing over thee. The Marriage-feast of the Lamb, and his Bride is kept in thee, and thou art that Bride. God with all his loves resteth in thy Bosom. All his desires, who is Infinite, are terminated in thee. All his delights are consummated in thee. All the Quires of Angels round about sing of his love to thee. All his Excellencies, and Glories, all his works on every side sing for his Joy in thee.

Ah! Dear Souls! When God thall thus bring back your Captivity, how will your Mouths be filled with laughter! How will you be, as those that Dream? But why should these glad Tydings seem to you too good, too great to be true. God is able to do all this for you, and in you. For his Power is Infinite. God is as willing, as he is able. For his Power lyeth in his Will, and his Will is Love. Only wait thou for him; and keep thing Eye upon the first Link in the Golden Chain of Davine lave, which is fastned to the Throne of God, the Person of Christ in Heaven, above all thy frailties, folly, and filths, before thy Being in Flesh. This Link is that, which draweth after it the

other two inseparably, and infallibly.

This is the Circle of Heavenly love. First, God loveth thee in Eternity with that love, with which he loveth the Lord fefus. For he beholdeth thee in the light of the same loveliness, in which he beholdeth Fesus Christ. Then he bringeth down the Treasure of this love, and loveliness, which is his beloved Son into thee, foweth him, as a Seed of the Divine Nature, and Sonship. He foringeth up in thee, transformeth thee into his own likeness, groweth up in an inseparable Union, and Fellowship with thee. Now God hath another Son, in which he feeth his Son in conjunction on Earth, as he saw them before in conjunction in Heaven. Lastly, God embraceth this Son on Earth, in whom he feeth his Son. He giveth him the kiss of a Father, with all the Joys of a Father. He taketh him into his Arms, carrieth him up into Heaven changing him still, as he carrieth him up, till this Union begun below, be at last made perfect in, and swallowed up into that Union, which was at first in Eternity. Then shall the Lord Fesus see kimself in a Saint after the same manner, in which a Saint is seen in the Lord Jesus; both being made perfect in Each, and all made perfect in one. Follow on to know the Lord, and his love, and ye shall know this love of the Lord.

1. Use. See the Evil of sin upon two Accounts. First Sin is an Aberration

from the Will of God. Secondly Sin is an Opposition to that Will.

I. The first Evil of Sin is, that is it an Aberration from the Will of God. The Will of God is love. In every Sinful path thou losest the Love-Presence of thy God. What is this Love-Presence and what is thy loss in being deprived of it? In the Love-Presence of God are these Things.

theth thy Person all over with its living lustre, as with a Garment of pure Gold, of Divine Lovelines. This Light layerhall things open, and naked to thee in their Heavenly Beauties, in their Eternal Truths, and Substances. This light is a mutual Union, and Fellowship between thee, and all things in the light, all the Children of light, all Spirits, and Forms of light. This light is a Spiritual Paradise, in which thou springest up, and flourishest, as a Plant, and Flower of light. This Divine Light is a new Wine, which thou continually drinkest in, and art filled with pure Spirits of all Life, Excellency, Loves and Joys. Lastly, This pleasant, and triumphant Light chaseth away all the shadows, all the darkness, deceits, melancholy, and fears of the Night.

2. In the Love-Presence is the Face of God unvailed, naked, and smiling. God is as a King, and a Bridegroom, in his Ivory Palace. Thou art, as his Queen, and Bride at his Right hand in Garments of Needle-work wrought by the Eternal Spirit with all manner of Beautiful, and Delightful Flowers, and Figures. Here they make these two glad with all manner of Pleasures, as

on their Marriage-day.

3. An innumerable company of Angels make up this Love-Presence. These are thy guard. They continually encircle thee, and encamp round about thee in every place by night, and by day. Which way soever thou goest, they bear thee in their arms. They go before thee, to make smooth paths for thy Feet, and to prepare a resting place for thee. They contend with all the Powers of Darkness in thy behalf, for thy Body itself, even in Death. They make Peace for thee with the Beasts of the Field, and a Covenant for thee with the Stones of the Earth in the name of the Lord fesus, and by the Mystery of the Gospel. The darkest Appearances of things have the face of Pleasure itself, and put on Immortal Beauties for thee. The hardest things soften into Spirits of Life, and Love, slow with Springs of love, and delights for thee.

4. The God-Head itself encompasseth thee with a Ring of unapproachable Powers, and Incomprehensible Glories, like the Mountains round about Hierusalem. Himself becometh unto thee the Habitation of a Rock, the Rock of Eternity, and Glory. Himself is thy King, thy Kingdom, thy Pa'ace, thy strong Tower; thy safety, thy rest, and thy pleasure. In this Divine strength, in this Divine secret no evil can come near thee, no good can ever fail thee, neither the Bread of thy strength, and life, nor the living Waters of thy Loves, Beau-

ties and Joys.

This is the Live-Presence of God. This is drawn in, and withdraweth itself from thee in the same degrees, as sin is entertained in thy Spirit and Life.

Evil is a Privation of Good. How great an Evil then is the least sin, which deprive th thee of the best, and greatest good the Love-Presence of thy God? Blessed are the pure in Heart, saith our Saviour, they shall see God. Mat. 5. How cursed are the Impure? Wo to the filthy, and unclean. They are condemned

demned to the loss of the fight of this God, and the sense of his Love, which

fight, which sense alone enlighten, alone sweeten Heaven.

This is the Will of God, your Sanctification. The Will, and the Love of God are one. While you stand in a holy Temper, and State, you stand in the Will of God, you stand in the Love-visions, and Love-embraces of God. What a horrour should you have for every Sin, which cometh to snatch these blessed visions of Love from before your Eyes, and you from the midst of these embraces of love?

When the Lord *Jefus* died, the Sun was entirely darkned befides the course of Nature, the Rocks were rent asunder, the Earth shook, and trembled, the Graves were opened, and the Dead came forth. How dreadful, and dismal a thing would Sin appear, if we met with so unnatural, affrighting a Change as this, upon the act, or meditation of every Sin? But the change is far more tragical, and mournful, if we saw it with the Eyes of our mind, as indeed it is.

Upon the arising of each Lust in thee to gain thy Will from the Bosom of thy Will, Jesus Christ is spiritually slain in thee, who hath a Twin-life with thy life, while thou livest in the Divine Will. This is a Death far more deadly, than that in his Flesh. Now that light of Glory is extinguished in thy Spirit, which shineth ten thousand times brighter, and sweeter, than the Summer-Sun. Now the Rocks the Divine Powers round about thee, rend asunder, and remove out of their places. Hell is opened. All things round about thee are Apparitions from beneath; evil Spirits walking in all Forms of things. The whole frame, and face of Nature is full of Darkness, and uncertainty, Tremblings, and Horrour. The whole Image of things within thee, and without is changed from a Love-Presence to a spectacle of Wrath, and Vengeance.

O that Men understood, and would believe the Evil of Sin, of a departure from the Divine Will, which is a Sea of Love, to their own Will, which is a dark fire of Lust burning up into an open Hell. But though they neither

understand, nor believe it; yet is it true, and they feel it to be so.

2. The Second Evil of Sin is an opposition to the Divine Will, that is, to the DivineLove, But can any oppose unclean Lusts to so pure a Love? Earthly, Hellish Lusts to so she can any oppose unclean Lusts to a spiritual Love, a Love, which is the Life, and Immortality of all Blessed Spirits? Can any oppose raging passions to the meekness, and sweet Calm of Divine Love? Can any set themselves against that Love which wooeth them continually, till it win them, which doth all things for them? Can any so cast shame upon that Love, which poureth forth itself, as a sweet-smelling Ointment of all Grace, and Beauty upon their Heads, and Persons? Are any hearts to be found so hard, that they will wound Eternal Love itself, while it is pouring forth the Life-Blood of its own heart, partly for a Divine Bathto wash us white in, partly as a precious Balsom to heal those wounds, which Sin, and Sorrow make in them? All this we do, while by Sin we walk contrary to the Divine Will, which is all Love, Love framing all contrivances,

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casting itself into all Forms in Heaven, on the Earth, under the Earth, acting all parts of Life, and Death for us, to gain us, and to crown us with all its Joys, and Beauties. O how uningenuous, how unnatural a thing is Sin? O take heed of trusting the comforts of your lives, the life of your Souls, the sweet-

ness of your Relations to it.

The foundations of Heaver, and Earth are not so firm, as that of this Truth: The greatest Evil of Suffering is to be chosen a thousand times, rather than the least Evil of Sin. In the midst of all other Evils thy Will may stand in a Love-Union with the Divine Will, which is the only Paradise of Delights, and Beauties, that never sade. In every Evil of Sin thy Will standeth in opposition, and enmity to the Divine Will, which enmity alone is the Center of Hell, where all its blackness of darkness, all its unquenchable sires, all its innumerable suries, forms of torment rise up into it.

Our Lord Jesus in his Agony, on the Cross, in all his Sufferings had a Joy set before him. The Wrath of his Father with all its Tempests, which shook Heaven, and Earth was a spectacle of Divine Love, and Joy set before him. For in all this his Fathers Will was done by him. His Will was tuned to his Fathers Will. So the Harmony, and Musick of Divine Love plaid in the Ear of his Spirit thorow all. His Will was an excellent Lute, the more it was bro-

ken, the more sweetly it returned all that Musick.

On the other side all the pleasures of Sin, all the Glories of the Creature to a sinful Soul are only a scene of Heaven in Hell. For the Will standeth in a Contrariety to the Divine Will, which is the Supream Love, and Joy. What can the Contrariety to the Supream Love; and Joy be, but the deplorable ex-

treams of Wrath, and Torment?

Use 2. The Will of God declareth itself to be Love, to this end, that you may not sin by departing from it: but if any man do sin, that he may presently return. Saul was softned, and melted, when he heard the language of love from David, who had watched over him to preserve him, while he slept in the midst of that Army, with which he made War upon him: Is this thy voice my Son David? said he then. Open thine Eyes, see the Divine Will with innumerable Eyes of love watching over thee in the midst of thy rebellions. Open thine Ears, hear the Divine Will wooing thee with the sweetest language of love in the midst of thy pollutions. This will turn thee again to the Will of God to melt thy self into its Bosom, when once this thought ariseth in thee, that thou returnest to a Bosom of love ever open to thee.

Use. 3. Be in love with Holiness. Holiness is a Conformity to the Will of God. This Will is Love. How easy is that Yoak? How light is the Burthen? How pleasant is the Law of Love? Keep my Commandment, and abide ye in my Love, even as I abide in my Fathers Love, saith Jesus Christ. To abide in the Divine Will, to keep the Commandments of that, is to abide in the Paradise of Divine love, to dress it, and keep it. David saith of the Law of the

Lord .

Lord, Psal. 19. It is more to be desired, than thousands of Gold, and Silver. It is sweeter than the Honey, and the Honey-comb. In keeping it is exceeding great reward. Hear, O beloved Souls, and be wise, and be in love with Holiness. In every command to Holiness God cometh to you in the Light, and Purity of all his Divine Beauties, in the Strength, and Sweetness of all his Divine loves, to make thee like himself, to marry thee to himself. In every act of obedience to this law of Holiness, thy Person shineth with a Heavenly lustre by the shining forth of the unvailed Person of God upon thee: thou received a kiss of Heavenly love immediately from the Mouth of God, and returnest it again. O tast, and see. Then you will say, that this Heavenly Trassick is beyond that of all precious, of all pleasant things. No where such loveliness, as this; no where such love. Holiness is a Conformity to the Will of God. The Will of God is Love, the Fountain, and the Life of all Incorruptible Beauties, of all pure, and ever-flourishing Pleasures.

I have done with the second Pescription of Divine Love, which defineth it

to be the same with the Divine Will.

3. Descrip. God is Love. He, who was the Disciple of Love, who lay in the Bosom of Love, and so bett knew what Love is, declareth Divine Love to be the Nature, and Essence of God. God, saith he, is Love. He that dwelleth in Love, dwelleth in God, and God dwelleth in him, I Joh. 3. 16. As the Sea is a heap of Waters: The gathering together of the Waters God called the Sea, Gen.

1. As the Body of the Sun is a pure, and simple Light: so is God a Collection of Loves: a gathering together of all Loves into one Spirit. This is the Divine Nature an Unity, a Purity, a Simplicity of Love.

I shall endeavour to shew you by four Arguments, that there is no name, which doth so properly, so fitly express the nature of God, as this of Love.

1. Argum. The first, the principal Thing, the beginning of all Things in God is Love, Plal. 136. I intend a short Paraphrase upon this whole Plalm; because it maketh so clearly, and fully for my purpose, being taken altogether

from the beginning to the end of it.

If you would hear the Musick of Angels, of Heaven; if you would hear the living Harmony of the Divine Nature, as it is all Love: listen with a Spiritual Ear to this Psalm, which is a Song composed entirely of this Subject of Divine Love. If the Spirit of God assist me to sound forth aright the Heavenly Musick of this Psalm, I do not doubt to make your hearts in your Bosoms to leap, and dance to it, by that time I have done.

First, Take two general Observations concerning this Psalm.

I. Gener. Observ. This is a Plalm of Praises, and Thanksgivings; the Work of Heaven, a Heavenly Work. But all the Praises here are attributed to, all the Thanksgivings are terminated in Love, and the Eternity of Love. This is the burthen of the Song repeated in every verse; this is that, into which all the Strength, and Sweetness of the sense is still resolved; this maketh one

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half of every verse quite thorow the whole Psalm: For his Mercy endureth for ever. The Word in Hebrew signifieth alike, Mercy, Kindness, Love. That word, endureth, is added by the Translatours. You may read the words with as full an agreement with the Original, as I humbly conceive, For his Love is Eternal.

But however this be, if we adhere to the Translation; Mercy is one of

the sweetest, tenderest, largest names of Divine love.

1. Mercy is Love condescending, and descending from the heights of all Heavens above to the nethermost parts of the Earth, to the nethermost Hell.

2. Mercy is Love uniting itself to the vilest, and most miserable Creatures, which lie below, which slick in the Mire, and Clay in the bottom of the Pit. There love sympathizeth with them, maketh itself entirely one with them in their low estate.

3. Mercy is Love making a mutual and strange exchange with those loathsome, and lost Souls. It taketh to itself their guilt, shame, weakness, and woes. It giveth to them its own Righteousness, Strength, Beauties, Joys, and Glories.

Thus Mercy is the circle of Divine love, as it cometh forth from Heaven, and Eternity; goeth down to the lowest depths of Time, and the Creation; then ascendeth again, till like the Sun it return thither, where it first arose. Poor, and broken Spirits, who lie at the utmost ends of the Earth mourning as outcasts; hope evermore in Eternal love, wait for it. The love of God will find you out, it will meet with you, and take you in its way. For Divine love is Eternal. It encompasses heaven, and Earth; Time and Eterty. His Mercy endureth for ever.

2. Gener. Observ. This Psalm comprehendeth all things in it, Created, or Uncreated; the Nature of God; the Persons of God, and of Christ; the Wonders of God; the Works of God; the Works of Nature, Grace, and Glory. It comprehendeth all things. Then it maketh the ground, and Crown of all to be Love; this is brought in to every particular in each verse, as the Reason, Rule, Result of all: For his Mercy endureth for ever; for his love is Eternal.

It is a maxime in Nature, that all motion is founded upon something unmoveable. This is the Divine Maxime, upon which Heaven, and Earth standeth; all motions in the heart of God, and in the Creature; of Grace, and Nature are founded upon the unmoveableness, the un-

changeableness of eternal Love.

Oblessed Love! O blessed God, who is this love! O blessed Soul, which with a spiritual Eye created by this love seeth this all, this whole frame of things to be a structure, a composure of Divine Love! Eternal Love rising up into a Temple, which itself filleth with its All-powerful presence and God-Head, figuring itself in all Forms; acting all Parts; dwelling, and conversing with us, with itself in us, and in all things.

Wandring Souls, take what wings you will to your felves, you can never

fly

fly from the Face, from the Bosom of this Love. The Face of Divine Love shineth thorow all things. The Bosom of Love is the Nest, in which all things, lie. He that hath an Eye to see this Love; he that hath a Palate to rellish it, feeleth and feedeth upon a Heavenly Sweetness dropping from the Divine Nature thorow all Objects, thorow all his Senses, as that Honey from the Rock of Eternity.

These are the two general observations. I come now to the parts of the Psalm.

which are three; I. God. 2. The Wonders. 3. The Works of God.

1. Part; God. This Part hath three Particulars. 1. The Nature of God.

2. The Person of the Father. 3. The Person of Christ.

1. Partic. The Nature of God is Love. O give thanks unto the Lord, for he is good; for his Mercy endureth for ever. v. 1. Goodness is the Nature of God. All the Goodness of God consistent in his Love, and the unchangeable-ness, the Eternity of that. The Lord fesus teacheth us in the Gospel, that there is none good, but one, that is God. God alone is good essentially, and so primitively, and so persectly, infinitely good. For nothing can limit, or contine itself. Goodness is in each Creature, as an accident only. In God it is his essence. The essence of God is goodness, The essence of goodness is Love, Eternal Love. O give thanks unto the Lord, for he is good, for his Mercy endureth for ever, his Love is Eternal. The Reason, or Object in God of all Thanks-givings is his goodness, The Formal Reason, the Essence of his goodness is his Love.

As we pass, let us make four short Notes upon this Particular. 1. Faith in the Soul is to be the Counterpart of Love in God. How large then should our Faith be, which is to answer so great a Love? All the goodness of God lyeth in his Love. The Essence of God, which is so incomprehensible, so infinite is Love. The Heart of God, the Divine Nature is all Love. O that our Hearts, our Souls, our whole Being were all one Mouth of Faith, and that Mouth opening itself still wider and wider to take in these Seas of Divine Love. 2. The goodness of the Divine Nature is Love. The Seed then of all goodness in us is Divine Love. Let us never say; the Evilos my Heart, and Life keep me from the Fountain of Love in the Heart of God. If I were good, with what Freedom should I come to it? With what desire, designathould I drink of it? Take in this Love, that thou mayst be good. This is the beautiful Flower, and ripe Fruit of the Divine Nature in the Creature.

This is the Immortal, and precious Seed of the Divine Nature in the Creature.

2. Partic. The Person of the Father is Love. O give thanks unto the God of Gods; for his Mercy endureth for over, v. 2. The ground upon which I Interpret the God of Gods in this verse to be the Father, the Lord of Lords, in the following verse to be fesus Christ, is the Authority of the Holy Ghost in the New Testament, who often distinguisheth these two ever-blessed Persons by these several Titles of God, and Lord. St. Peter saith of Jesus Christ in the

Acts; Him hath God made both Lord, and King. St. Paul saith; There is one God the Father, of whom are all things, and we of him. There is one Lord Jesus, by whom are all things, and we by him. The Holy Apostle seemeth here by the name of God to understand the Fountain of things; by that of Lord, the Channel. In another place he speaketh in like manner: There are differences of Administrations, but the same Lord. There are diversities of operations, but the same God, who worketh all in all. God is the Original of all Power; Jesus Christ, the great, and universal Administrator, the supream Minister in

all the Affairs of the God-Head, and so the Lord. But to return; the excellency by which God the Father infinitely furmounteth all the Gods, all Powers, Greatnesses, and Glories is Eternal Love. The Soveraignty, by which he reigneth over, ruleth, rideth forth upon all the Gods, all Powers, Greatnesses, and Glories is Eternal Love. The Fountain of the Father, from which he bringeth forth the highest Spirits, Angels, and Saints into the Heavenly Image, and Form of God, that they all become, as Sons of God, as Gods round about the Throne of the God of Gods, the Father of them all; this Fountain is Eternal Love. O ye Saints! O ye Souls, whom God hath created, and brought forth from a Seed of Love in Eternity, lay your Mouth to this breast of Love, suck in abundantly the pure Milk of Eternal Love, that you may nourish the Divine Nature, and grow up into the Form of God by it. What do we make our felves, when we cast off Divine Love, when we cease to love? We cast off the Divine Nature, and become Devils. The God of Gods, the Fountain of the Divine Nature, the Father of the Divine Life, and Image in Angels, and men hath all his Praises for his Love, he hath his vertue, perfections, and preheminence all confifting in his Love, and the Eternity of that. O give thanks unto the God of Gods: for his Mercy endureth for ever : for his Love is Eternal, v. 3.

3. Part. The Person of Christ is Love. O give thanks unto the Lord of Lords: for his Mercy endureth for ever. The Kingdom of Christ is a Kingdom of Love. All the Praises of his Reign are terminated in everlasting mercies, the kindnesses of Eternity. As Jesus Christ is the Lord of Life, and Prince of Glory; so is

he also the Lord, and Prince of Love.

The Headship of the Lord Fesus over all Principalities, and Powers is the Well-head of love. Our Saviour, as he is the Wisdom of the Father, by which he conducteth all things, is a love-channel, the way of love, a contrivance, design, and mystery of love. As he is the Power of God, which carrieth on all, so he is a stood of love pouring forth itself into this channel, and running along thorow it, filling all the windings, and turnings of the Creation, and of Providence.

Who would not worship thee, O thou King of Saints! O thou King of loves! Who would not kiss this Son with a kiss of Allegiance, and be a Subject in this Kingdom; where the King, and the Kingdom both are love. The sharpest

sharpest reproof here is a kiss of love. The deepest wounding is an anointing of love. The Lord Fesus in this sense also is the King of Kings, the Lord of Lords. All his Subjects are Fellow-Lord, Fellow-King together with himself, sitting together upon one Throne, which is a Throne of Grace, Throne of love, love findeth, or maketh an equality.

I have passed thorow the first part of the Psalm, which is the God of leve 2. Part. The Wonders of love. To him, who alone doth great Wonders: for his Mercy endureth for ever, or his love is Eternal, v. 4. All the wonders of God are wonders of love. God is in nothing so to be admired, as in his

love.

Admiration is imperfect knowledge. Those things are wonders to us, which are incomprehensible, the causes, and natures of which we cannot search out, or reach to. What Joy is this to understand, that all that, which we cannot understand in the nature of things, which is, as a thick darkness round about us, is a glorious mystery of Divine love? That all that every where, of every Creature, of every Providence of the Creator himself, in which our Spirits are swallowed up, and lost is an abysis of love, a great, and shining deep of Divine love?

He who thinketh, he knoweth any thing, faith St. Paul, knoweth nothing, as the ought to know. How wife, how right, how pleasant is this, to know, that we have a perfect, a right knowledge of nothing, that all things may become wonders of love to us; that the less we see, the more we may feel of a Divine pleasure in the admirations, and raptures of Divine love transcending our highest faculties; that where we cannot comprehend things, we may give up

our felves to be comprehended by an incomprehensible love?

The Body of the Sun cannot be seen, but dazleth, and darkneth our sight, when we fix our Eyes upon it. The Stars are said to be vast Bodies of Light, and Glory. Yet we see nothing of them, but little twinklings, and sparks. The reason in one is the excess of Light; in the other the excess of Height. Believe it; all things round about us are Stars, and Suns of Divine love; love in Divine Forms of a transcendent magnitude, and lustre. But we see them generally in a dusky, and shadowy Appearance, like the Sky at a great distance; or at best as little sparks, and twinklings of love. Our sight faileth by reason of the greatness of the Glory, and its height above us.

I come now from the second to the third part of the Psalm.

3. Part. The works of love. All the works of God are works of love. The works of God, and of love are of three forts; works of Nature; works of Grace;

works of Glory.

1. Works of Nature. These are summed up in the Principal, and Universal parts, which comprehend all the rest, v. 5. 6, 7, 8, 9. The Heaven, the Earth, the Day, the Night, the Sun, the Moon, the Stars are mentioned. To every one of these distinctly is annexed that close, and Crown of love; for Hiss Mercy endureth for ever; or his love is Eternal.

The whole frame of things is a Creation of love. All the Creatures are formany Forms, and Shapes, which love putteth on to appear to us in, to converse, to sport itself with us. If it take to itself the Glory of a King in the discovery of itself by the light of the day: it taketh to itself a greater Glory, and affordeth a greater pleasure by surmounting all our Powers and being incomprehensible, when it hideth itself in the darkness of the Night.

Love is the Center of the Earth beneath, on which the whole Creation resteth and moveth. Love is the Circle of Heaven above which encompasses

all.

It is Divine love, which rideth upon the Circuit of an Heatens, of all the Heavenly Spirits, and Heavenly Bodic. Tuning all things by its bleffed, and fweet influences from thence. It is Divine love which foweth itfelf, as a Seed in every dust of the Earth, to spring up from thence into a Divine Form and Fruit. The Sun is a Figure of Eternal love shaining forth with its naked Beauties in their full Glory. In the Moon we see love shadowed, and coming forth with its Night-dress to rule, and enlighten every night, the blackest, the most tempestuous. The Stars are innumerable Eyes of Love looking forth upon us, watching over us, attracting our Spirits, and drawing them up to Heaven, to the Fountain of love. They are so many sparks of love slying forth from the Heart of God, and glowing continually round about us to warm, and melt our Hearts.

Can we now keep dark, blind, cold, unkind, unclean, dead hearts in our Bosoms in the midst of a Creation of love, where so many Eyes of love shine to sweetly upon us, so many sparks of love lie glowing round about us, so many Seeds of love are sown in our Earth, so many influences of love are con-

tinually falling from the Heavens on every side.

The heat of the Sun warmeth stone-walls, quickneth slime to a living Creature. You that have hearts of stone in your Bosoms, lay them open to the Beams of his love, they will be warmed with a Heavenly heat, they will live the

life of Angels, of God.

The work of Providence is to be annexed to the Creation among the works of Nature. The work of Providence is painted out to us in the Nation of the Jews, as in a Figure from the tenth werse to the twenty third, as the Soul formeth, animateth, and inhabiteth the Body; as the Soul is all in the whole Body, and a'l in every part of it: so is Eternal love the Spring, the Life, the Sweetness, the Beauty residing in the whole work of Providence, and resting entirely on each line, each motion of it. Every particular in each verse is set off with this love, as the ground, the glory, and the rellish of all: For his Mercy endureth for ever: or, his love is Eternal.

As a Silkworm spinnetin a soft, and shining piece of work out of its Bowels, in the midst of which itself liveth, and dyeth to live again with Wings, and multiply itself: so is the whole piece of Nature, and Providence a rich, and

delicate contexture of the tenderest Love. Eternal Love spinners it out of its own Bowels, liveth with us, and dyeth for us in the midst of it. Then it rifeth again with Wings of Spirituality, and Glory. In this Divine Form it

cometh again to generate a Divine Seed to Itself.

A Painter, who is drawing a Beautiful Person, keepeth his Eye ever upon the Life. Whether he lay dark or bright Colours, whether he make Shade, or Light, crooked lines, straight or circular: still he is acted by that Idea of Beauty, which he taketh into his Spirit by his Eye from the Life itself; still he is forming that lovely Face in every stroke, and colour. Thus Divine Love in the whole Age of the World, in the life of a particular Saint, in the general Assairs of the Church sometimes maketh a Land of Agypt, sometimes a Passage out of it; here a red Sea, there a way thorow it; now a Wilderness, then a Land of Canaan. But in all these it ever hath its Eye upon that Divine Glory, which Eternal Love bringeth forth to itself, within itself, as its own Essential Form and Image. This Glory, this Life-Image of Love, is that, which it is forming in every Agypt, Sea, Wilderness, and Canaan.

The Heathen represented the Nature of this thing by Venus, the Mother of Love; the Seeds, and Life springing by a Cupid, Love the Child of this Mother, Gen. 1. 2. It is said that the Spirit of God moved upon the Waters. The Paraphrase upon that Scripture maketh it to be an allusion to a Dove, which is the Bird of love sitting upon her Eggs, and hatching her young ones. The Holy Spirit is often in Scriptures represented by a Dove. Eternal Love is of a Truth, that Almighty Spirit, which at first sate upon the whole Creation to form it, and moveth upon it thorow all times to cherish, and govern it. Love is the Mother of all above. All things are the Oss-spring of Love, a Race of Seminal, and Springing Loves. Mercy, Love runneth along with the whole, with each particular of the whole thorow the length of Eternity itself. This is still the Burthen of the Song: For his Mercy endureth for ever.

2. The Works of Grace. These are the second fort of Divine Works; and these also are the Works of Love.

These are divided into three Ranks.

1. The constant abode of the Soul in the Heart of God. Who remembred as in our low estate. v. 23. Thou, O broken Heart! Art sinking by ignorance, by unbelief, by thy fall from God, thou art sinking still deeper into the Darkness, and Filth of this World, and thy Lusts. Still thou sinkest into the Power, and Horrours of the Devil. Now thou sayest; the Lord hath forgotten me, he hath cast me off for ever. Yet he remembreth thee in thy low estate. Still thou art in his Thoughts, thou art in his Heart, as a Pillar in the Temple of the Divine Nature, which is Love, never to go forth. Thy Person is ever before him with a Sweet and deep Impression upon his Spirit never to be rased out. What hath done this? It is Eternal Love. This is the Light of the Divine Mind, which continually presenteth thee to it in the dress of its own Beauties.

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This is the sweet force of the Divine Will, which holdeth thee fast in itself, which beareth thee in its Arms thorow all conditions, and will not let thee go for ever. This is the Reason, why He remembreth thee in thy low estate: For his Mercy endureth for ever.

2. The bringing us back into the Bosom of God. This is the second Rank in the Works of Grace. And bath redeemed us from our Enemies: For his Mercy

endureth for ever. v. 24.

It is Eternal Love in the Bosom of the Father, which hath sent fesus Christ forth from thence for us, and to us; that he may be our Sacrifice, our Ransom, and our Redeemer.

It is Eternal Love in the Person of Christ, which cometh down from Hea-

ven to make itself a Sacrifice for us to the Justice, and Wrath of God.

It is Eternal Love in the Person of our Fesus, which descendeth upon the Earth, as a Field of Blood to undertake the Fight with the Powers of Darkness, that he may reskue us, and redeem us from all our Enemies on Earth, and in Hell.

It is Eternal Love in the Person of Jesus Christ, that giveth itself a Price for us, that one Pearl, in which Heaven, and Earth, with all the treasures of

the Creature, and Creator lie to purchase us to itself.

It is Eternal Love in the Person of our Heavenly Bridegroom, that giveth it-felf to us, to cloath us, to form us, to act us, to be a Crown of Divine Glory upon us; to be a Fountain of all Spiritual Loveliness, Life, Grace, Purity, and Joys in the midst of us. Thus it redeemeth us from our Captivity, and Shame. Thus it maketh us a Bride sit for itself coming forth ready trim'd out of the Heaven of its own Embraces.

3. The nourishing of us in the Bosom of God. This Work of Grace cometh in the third Rank: Who giveth food to all Flesh: For His Mercy endureth for ever. Mark, how these answer one another: Mercy; Food: All Flesh; For

ever.

Eternal Love is both the Feeder, and the Food. If God give Food; If everlasting Mercy, Eternal Love in the Divine Nature, and Form give Food: This is Food indeed, not the Flood of a Shadow, or a lie. My Flesh is Meat indeed, my Blood is Drink indeed; saith our Lord Jesus. The Lord speaketh not this of his Humane Nature. For of this he saith in another place: The Flesh profiteth not: but the Spirit quickneth. It is Eternal Love, which is the Flesh of Christ, the strength, and substance of the Divine Nature. It is Eternal Love, which is the Blood of Christ, the Line and Sweetness of the Divine Nature. This is that Meat indeed, and Drink is deed, which Love give the for Food to all Flesh in its Losom to nourish it to Formil Life.

I have passed therow the second Sort of Divine in ks, the Works of Grace.

3. Works of Glory. O give thanks unto the Goa of Heaven: For his Mercy endureth for ever. v. 26. and last. The Psalm begun with Goodness, as its

ground

ground of Love, v. 1. It closeth its Musick with Heaven, as the Crown of Love. The natural Heavens, the Heavens of the first Creation are not intended here, These were mentioned in the body of the Song, and pass away. These are the last and highest Heavens; the Heavens of Glory: the high and holy places of Eternity. These Heavens are all made of Love. All the precious, and incorruptible Substance; all the unexpressible, and pure Sweetnesses: All the Divine and unfading Beauties of these Heavens are Eternal Love. All the Praises given to God, as he appeareth in these Heavens with all his Saints, and Angels; all his Joys, and Glories round about him, are attributed to Eternal Love, the Root, the Flower, the Fruit, the only reason, and rellish of all. O give thanks to the God of Heaven: For his Mercy endureth for ever: For his Love is Eternal. The midst of Solomons Chariot is paved, or flameth with Love, Cant. 3. The Center of Heaven is a Love-fire. All the Spirits, and Spiritual Glories of it are Immortal slames of Divine Love.

2. Argum. Love is the end of all Things with God. This is the second Argument to prove Love to be the proper Name of God, and full expression of the Divine Nature. Love appeareth to be the last end of all things three wass.

1. All the Works of God end in Love. 2. All the Attributes, and Emellencies

of God serve his Love. 3. God resteth in his Love.

1. All the Works of God end in Love. Psal. 145. v. 9. His tender Mercies are over all his Works. The word Mercies cometh from the Belly; the inward parts; the Womb. It signifieth the very heart of Love, where it first liveth, and never dieth. where it lyeth warmest, and hath the strongest pulse. It signifieth Love in its Center, and Fountain, where its operations are tenderest, liveliest, and highest. It signifieth that the dearest of all Loves, the love of a Mother to the Child of her Womb. This Love is over all the Works of God. Over in Hebrew hath also the sense of Above. It is the end alone, which is over all, and above all. In these two respects Love appeareth to be the end of all the Works of God.

1. Love is over all the Works of God. As a Bird spreadeth itself over its Nest to hatch, and cherish its young ones: So the end spreadeth itself over all the means, and ways to it. The end sashioneth, and sormeth them. The end directeth and moveth them. The end putteth a Beauty upon them, and a pleasantness into them. The end terminateth, and perfecteth them in itself. Thus Divine Love, as the Heavenly Dove, maketh the whole compass of things its Nest, and sitteth upon it. Love giveth Beirg, Form, Motion, Light, Life, Loveliness, Perfection to all the Works of God. Love is the consummation, and Crown of all. Thus love is the last end.

2. Love is above all the Works of God. Nothing can be above all befides the end of all. The end of all boundeth all things and confineth them. Every thing, which hath an end is finite. The end itself is infinite, because it hath nothing above it to give bounds to it, nothing beyond it to terminate at d

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confine it. Divine Love is the end of all good, the measure of all good, an infinite good. For the love of God is above all the Works of God. O the transcendent Sweetness, Suitableness, Goodness of Divine Love! When you have extracted all that is sweet, all that is agreeable, all that is good out of every Creature, every Divine Work; the Love of God is sweeter, and better than all this. Yea, there is in this Love a sweetness, which so much excelleth; which is so quite of another kind; that by all this you can take no measure of it, you can make no conjecture of it. For all this is finite, and that is infinite. Now it is a firm and sure Rule: there is no proportion between a finite, and an infinite Being. You must tast this Love itself to know how precious it is. All the delights here, when they are highest, truest, and purest are dreams only of this Love. Awake, O Soul, and dress thy self to be a Bride to this Love. Stir up all those infinite desires, which are sown in thee to meet, embrace, and take in the infinite excellency, the infinite Sweetness of this Love.

2. All the Attributes, and Excellencies of God serve his Love; This proweth Love to be the end of all. We read thus, Ephel. 1. 5, 6. Who hath predestinated us to the adoption of Sons by Fesus Christ in himself according to the good pleasure of his will to the praise of the Glory of his Grace. Grace is Love with these three Graces adorning it, Freedom, Sweetness, Fulness. See if this Love be not God himself, to which the Praise and Glory is given. Can this be any other, than God in his last, and naked Appearance, the end of all, to which the Praise, and Glory of all is ascribed? Behold, with what Pomp Divine Love is brought in. A long order of Divine Glories go before it. Love followeth them, as King, and God. 1: The Counsels of God in Eternity comprehended in the head of them all predestination; Who hath predestinated us. 2. The Adoption, the Sonship, all the Sons of God. 3. Fefus Christ himfelf, the brightness of the Glory of God, by whom all the worlds Visible, Invisible; of Nature, Grace, and Glory are made; in whom all the Fulness of the God-Head dwelleth Bodily. 4. The Will of God, which is the unlearchable Treasure of all Sweetness, Goodness, Power, and Joy; the Seed, and Fruit of all Delires thorow Earth, and Heaven. Yea the good pleasure of his Will, which the Will of God, like the Sun shining in its strength, or a full Sea. All these in their Order serve to the Praise of the Glory of Divine Love. Who bath predestinated us to the Adoption of Sonship by Fesus Christ in Himself according to the good pleasure of his Will, to the Praise of the Glory of his Grace. All the most Spiritual, and highest Images of God in his Sons; all the most beautiful, purest, and sweetest Idea's of Eternity within himself; Jesus Christ the Supream Image, the Universal Idea, which comprehendeth them all, and furmounteth them all, give up all their Glories to Love, as Stars do their light to the Sun. Love is the first, and the last, the most high Father, and end of all, This is that last opening of the God-Head, in which 211 all other lights of Nature, Grace and Glory terminate, as in their proper, and beatifical end.

Let us apply this two ways. Let it be a Caution, a quickning to us.

1. A Caution. Take heed of provoking the Love of God to Jealousy. The greatest Sea rageth with the highest, and most dreadful Waves in a Tempest, when the Wind's upon it. The Jealousy of this Love is the rage of a God in the greatness of his Power, Glory, and Majesty, at the height of his God-Head. For this Love is God in the full and final Glory of his Divine Nature, after which we are to expect no other, no further Discovery.

There are two things, of which the love of God is most Jealous, its Glory,

and its Bride.

1. Love is most jealous of its Glory. The Glory of Divine Love consistest in its Purity, its Spirituality, its Heavenliness. It is a pure Spirit, the first and purest of all Spirits. It is itself the highest Heaven, the Heaven of Heavens. If you impute to this Love any thing impure, slessly, or earthly; if you make this Love, a pretence to the sless, and to silth, you stain its Glory, you put it to open shame, you blow up its jealousy to a slame, which will burn to the nethermost Hell.

2. The Love of God is most jealcus of its Bride. Thy Soul, O Man, is the Daughter, the Sister, the Bride to this Love. Take heed of dishonouring the Marriage-bed of Divine Love in thy Soul, and defiling its Spouse. If thou pollute thy self with any slessly lust, with any worldly love, with any Idol without thee, or within thee; this most high, and holy Love will be an everlasting slame, and a devouring fire burning nponthee, until it have burnt up, and consumed every Idol of thine Eyes, or Heart, every Lust, every other Love.

2. A quickning. Direct the Eye of your Spirits thorow all things, thorow all the Attributes, and Excellencies of God to his Love. Terminate your defires by all Divine Actings, and Discoveries beyond them all upon the Love of

God. For this is the end of all; this is God.

Divine Love is the great, and rich Diamond of the Divine Nature. All other operations, and excellencies of the Divine Nature are the Sparklings, the Lustre, the Water of this Diamond. Let all the Sparklings, and Streams of sweet light from this precious Stone draw your Eyes, and Hearts to the Diamond itself, to the naked Bosom of Love. There is the abundance of Glory. There you shall milk forth the Divine Life, Delights, and Glory in abundance.

As the Wood was of old laid upon the Altar, and the Sacrifice upon the Wood in order to the descent of fire from Heaven, which turning the Wood, and the Sacrifice into one flame with itself, returned thither from whence it came: so let your life, and religion be a continual Sacrifice to Eternal Love. Let the Lord Jesus be thine Altar, which is Love rising up out of the Earth.

Lay all Duties, Graces, Truths, Spiritual Discoveries, as Wood upon this Altar. Bring thy Soul, thy Heart, thy whole Person for the Sacrifice. Now wait, look upward, pray for Love, as the pure flame of the God-Head to come down, to change all, to unite all unto itself in one Love, and so ascend again with all unto its own place above the Heavens.

I have shewed in general, how the Divine Attributes all serve Love, as their end. I will explain it yet more by three instances of the three chief excellen-

cies in the Divine Nature. Wisdom, Power, Righteousness.

I. Infance; The Wildom of God ferveth his Love. According to the riches of his grace, in which he hath abounded towards us in all Wildom, and Prudence. As a plentiful Spring by the abundance of its Waters maketh a bed, and channel to itself, in which it runs along : so is the Divine Wisdom a manifold, and deep channel, which the full Spring of free Grace, of Eternal Love maketh to itself by the force of its endless streams, as they flow thorow all things, and play with themselves in various courses, and forms, until they meet again in the Sea of Love, the Bosom of God. Divine Wisdom is the richness of Divine Love spreading itself into an infinite variety; sporting itseif with itself in all diversity of Forms, and Shapes; thorow innumerable Changes, innumerable Windings, and Turnings bringing forth itself into a most ravidhing Harmony of all Divine Beauties, and Joys. Divine Wisdom is Love forming itself into rich deligns, most beautiful contrivances, full of unexpected, and furprizing turns, full of depths past the search of every created Eye: that in the close it may display its blessed Treasures more fully; that it may raife, and enlarge every Spirit to take in its Joys. Thus the riche: of Grace have abounded towards us in all Wildom and Prudence.

The Wissom of God is the Divine art of Love. The Divine Pruder ce, and Providence is the Net of Love to catch Hearts, and Souls in, spread tho-

row the Sea of the Creation.

O bleffed Fisher of Souls, Divine Love! O bleffed Net of love, the Divine Wisdom, and Providence! Thrice-bleffed Souls, that are caught in this Net, by this Fisher! These are taken only to be removed out of the Salt, and troubled Sea of this World, into the sweet, clear, and calm Sea of Love.

But wretched are those Spirits, who like Carps in a Pond sink themselves down deep into the mud of slesh, and sleshly lusts, that they may escape this

Divine net of Love,

The Wissom of God is the Musick of Love, by which it charmeth Spitits, to attract them to itself, to compose them unto a Heavenly Harmony of Peace, and Purity. Those are indeed Adders, the Seed of the Serpent, who love not the sound of this Musick, who stop their Ears, that they may not hear this Charmet the Divine Love, though he charm with so much skill.

2. Instance. The Power of God serveth his Love, Rom. 1. 16. I am not assumed of the Gospel of Christ: for it is the Power of God unto every one that believeth

believeth. The Gospel is the Minstry of Grace, or Love. The Divine Power then acting in the Gospel is the Minister, and Servant of Love.

This will appear more by laying together three Scriptures in the Canticles, which opening one another will fend forth a sweet light of Divine Grace shi-

ning in them.

1. Scrip. Cant. 5. 10. It is said of the Lord Jesus; He is the Chief among ten thousand. The Hebrew word for Chief is Standard-bearer. I humbly conceive, that we are not to understand here the Person, that beareth the Standard, or Banner, who ever is inferiour to many Persons in the Army; but the Prince, whose the Standard, or Banner is, which is carried, unto which all the Army is gathered together, and under which it moveth. The sense seemeth to be the same with that; Joshu. 1. Jesus Christ appeared in the form of a man with a drawn Sword in his hand. Being asked by Joshua, who he was he

answered: The Captain of the Lord's Hosts.

2. Scrip. Can. 6. 10. The Spoule of Christ, which is the Church in general, and every believing Soul in particular is described to be; Terrible, as an Army with Banners. This relatest to the Army, and Banners mentioned before; Cant. 5. 10. Psal. 34. 7. we read, that the Angel of the Lord pitcheth his Camp round about those that fear the Lord. It is in the Original Tongue; the Angel fehovah. The Lord felus is God with God the Father above all Angels, and Men. He is God setting up his Pavilion in the midst of the holy Angels. He is God setting up his Pavilion with Men in the midst of their Spirits. This is the Captain of the Lords Hosts, the Prince of Glory, who as a great Prince at the head of an Army placeth things dearest to him, his Treasure, his Princess in the midst of the Army, as in a place of Strength and Honour.

3. Scrip. Cant. 2. 4. The King brought me into his Banquetting House, and his Banner over me was Love. You will say now; what hath Love, or a Banquetting House to do with a Banner of War? You shall now see, how these Scriptures come home to my end, and declare the Power of God to be the

Servant, and the Soldier of his Love.

The proper intent of a Banner is to bear the Cause of the War wrought upon it, either by Image, or Inscription, or both It is frequent, when the War is ended, for the Conquerors in the rooms, in which they feast for joy of the Victory, to have hanging over their Heads the Banners, under which they are fought. These are Tropheys, marks of the Victory, and Ornaments of the Trumph. Silken slags at solemn Shows, at publick Feasts, at Funerals are Imitations, and Images of this.

If a King make a War for his Bride, or Love, he may very well have Love in a rich Figure, and in Golden Letters displayed upon his Banners. Neither can any thing be more pertinent, when he returneth home, and feasteth publickly with his Queen, than to have these Banners with Love inscribed apon

them

them in golden Letters, and figured upon them in glorious Images waving over their Heads to encrease their Joys by this Declaration; Love was that, for which the King fought; Love was the force, by which he conquered; Love is the end of the Victory, the Joy, and Crown of the Feast.

I know you prevent me in your thoughts, you, who love the Lord Fesus. by applying this to your Prince, your Beloved, and his Love, his Bride, your

own Souls.

I shall bring down all to my purpose, and to your practice in the exercise of those Principal, and Triumphant Graces, Faith, Love, Heavenly Joy by three

Conclusions, or Spiritual Maxims.

1. Conclu. All the Armies of God, all the Powers of the God-Head, the innumerable Companies of holy Angels, and bleffed Spirits, all the Hofts of Heaven, and Earth with their Captain the Lord Jesus at the head of them move, and fight in their courses under the Banner of Love. Thy Person in a glorious Image of all Divine Beauties is figured upon the Banner, as this Eternal Princes Love. Love to thee is wrought upon the Banner in Characters of Glory. This is the Cause of all motions in Heaven, and Earth. To this Banner all Powers every where refort, unto this they are united, under this they

march, and fight.

2. Conclu. The Lord Felus, as Captain of the Lord's Hosts, with all his Heavenly Armies, his ten thousands of Angels, his Chariots of fire, and Horfes of fire continually encompafleth thee, marcheth, encampeth round about thee, as his chiefest Treasure, his Love, with Banners of Love spred, and displaid over thee; on every side of thee round about. Every step thou takest to thy way to Heaven is in the midst of these Warriours. All Divine Powers minually circle thee in. The Invisible, and Invincible Hosts of God under the conduct of thy Beloved Fesus are thy perpetual Guard, and Convoy. In the midst of these thou walkest, sittest, and lyest down; thou wakest, and thepelt, Plal. 91. 11. The Angels have a charge of thee from their Prince. and thy Bridegroom, that they keep thee in all thy ways, that they bear thee at their hands, least at any time thou strike thy foot against a stone; that thou never stumble. The Angels of God are thy Chariots of War: thy Chariots of State, thy Chariots of Love, thy Chariots for Travel, in which thou journiest thorow this Wilderness to thy Kingdom, the Kingdom of Love and Glory. All this they are in one. They make thy way thy Palace in the midst of thy Kingdom for Strength, for Glory, for Delights, for Rest in thy Love. They bear thee up above in the light of Life, in the Life of Divine Love. This is the way high, and lifted up above all the Powers of Darknels, and Death, in which they carry thee along, that thou mayst never strike thy foot against any stone of offence, against any hard and hurtful Form of Darkness, Enmity, or Death. Thy Jesus, the Bosom of thy Beloved is this way. 3 Corela. These Banners of Love, which are spred over thee in thy

marches here, the same hang streaming over thy head to Eternity, and over the Head of thy King, as thou sittest at the Feast with him in Heaven. The Fights about thee here, are the Trophies, and Triumphs at the Feast here. The same Love is figured on all, which maketh all precious Stones, and Jewels in thy Marriage-Crown, and Crown of Glory, to shine there, and adorn it for ever.

Use. The Use, which we make of this is to see the difference between the two states of a Saint, and a Sinner; a Believer, and him, who believeth not.

1. See the blessedness of a Believer. Heb. 1. 2. Jesus Christ is said to be the Brightness of the Glory of God, that is of Love; the express Image of the Substance, or Person of God, that is, of Love. For God is Love. v. 6. 7, When God bringeth his Son again, that is, after his Resurrection, in his Spiritual, and Heavenly Appearance, into the world; he saith: Let all the Angels of God worship him. He hath made all his Ministers Spirits, and his Angels a stame

of Fire. This concerneth thee O Believer, and is spoken of thee.

O the bleffedness of that Soul, which indeed receiveth Jesus Christ, and his Love by Faith, if only thou didst know thine own happiness! God hath brought his Son in his second Appearance, in his Spirit, into thine Heart. He is in thee the brightness of the Glory of Love, that is, of the Divine Nature shining in the midst of thee. This is that Eternal Sun, from which all bleffed Spirits continually drink in the Light, Influences, Joys of Life, and Immortality. He is in thee the express Image of Love, which is the Substance, and Person of God. This setteth itself thorow him, as a Seal upon thine Heart. Now the Power of God is a Servant to his Love in thee. Now God faith; Let all the Angels of God worship, bow down to, serve my Love in this Soul. God himself maketh his Angels Flames of Love enfolding thee, penetrating thy Body, and Spirit, thining within thee, round about thee continually in the darkest night. He maketh his Angels Ministring Spirits to thee. Spirits of Glory Minister Love to thee after an Invisible manner in all visible Things. Every moment of time, every Circumstance, or Accident in time, are the Wings of Angels, a Chariot of Angels, carrying thee above the snares of Death below into Heaven. This is thy Portion, who believest in the Lord Jesus and his Love.

2. See the misery of Unbelievers. How wretched art thou, who believest not, who sayest to the Love of God, and the Tydings of it from Heaven:

Depart from me, I have no pleasure in you.

Those Powers of Darkness, that are ever ready to raise up Leviathan from his Stormy deep below, curse thee. All evil Spirits are Flames of Wrath burning within thee, burning from without upon thee alwaies, in the midst of thy Jollides, at thy Feasts, on thy Beds of pleasure. Evil Spirits are ever Ministring Wrath to thee after an Invisible manner thorowall Visible Things. Devils are thy Chariots. These wrap thee up in a thick Cloud, in the black-

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ness of Darkness, and hurry thee to Hell. O be not unbelievers, but believe, that you may inherit the Land of Love, and dwell in it for ever. Love inviteth, wooeth you to believe, that is, to receive itself into your Hearts. Love will bring its own entertainment, and make the Feast for itself; if you for

your parts will but take it in, as a guest.

3. Instance. The Righteousness of God serveth his Love. Rom. 5. l. Grace reigneth by Righteousness unto Eternal Life thorow Jesus Christ our Lord. Grace is Love in its Fountain, Love upon the Throne. Love is brought in here by the Apostle under the name of Grace, as a King. Eternal Life, Heaven is the Kingdom of Love. Jesus Christ is the chief Minister of State to this great King. God is Love sitting upon the Throne. The Lord Jesus is the same, supream Love descending from the Throne to be the Universal Servant, and General Officer throughout all this Kingdom of Love. Righteousness is the Scepter of the King. Thy Scepter is a Scepter of Righteousness, Psal. 45. Love reigneth by Righteousness unto Eternal Life thorow Jesus Christ our Lord.

There are three Ways, in which the Righteousness of God serveth his

Love.

1. Righteousness is the Royal-Garment, and the Wedding-Garment for Love itself, and its Bride on the Coronation, and the Wedding day, which are both one, the day of the Spirit, the day of Grace, the day of Eternity. The Bridegroom himself is said to be fairer than the Sons of Men, in my Text; Psal. 45. 2. He is cloathed with the Righteousness of God, which is the Comeliness, the Beauty of Holiness, or the Holy, the Pure, the unstained, unmixt Beauty of the Divine Nature. Two things make Beauty; Features; Colours. The Features in the Face of the God-Head are the variety of all Excellencies in a Harmony. The Colours are the Glory shining in all these. This is the Righteousness of God. Fesse Christ hath both these. He is the express Image of the Person of God. There are the Divine Features. He is the brightness of the Glory of God. There are the Divine Colours, and Lustre. Both these make up the Garment of Righteousness, which is the Divine Loveliness of Love himself. In this he appeareth fairer, than the Sons of Men on his Marriage-Day in the day of the Gospel. For Behold! He cometh forth in the Righteousness of God.

This also is the Garment, with which Love cloatheth, and adorneth his Spouse, the Believing Soul to make her fairer, than all the Daughters of Men, than all the Daughters of Hierusalem, than all Angelical Beauties. The Queen is said to be brought to the King, all Glorious within, in Garments of beaten Gold, in Garments of Needle-work: Fsal. 45. The Glory quite thorow, the beaten Gold, the Needle-work is all comprehended in the Rightcousness of God. He was made Sin for us, that we might be made the Rightcousness of God in him. 2 Cor 5. 21. This is the Garment, with which Divine Love adorneth his Queen to make her fit for his Throne, and his Embraces. This Gar-

ment of Divine Righteousness hath a mysterious vertue in it. It is at once a Bath of Divine Blood, which taketh off all the blackest, deepest stains of deformity from the most loathed Souls. It is a Tincture of Divine Beauty, which giveth in a moment Youth, Immortality, a leveliness quite thorow its whole Essence, a Substantial, Essential loveliness, a soveliness resembling, and answering that of love himself, of God. This is the beaten Gold, all Glory within.

A learned Interpreter teacheth us, that the Needle-work in the Garment signifieth properly Oes wrought in Gold, like so many Suns, all over the Garment. How rich, how Beautiful is that Garment of Righteousness, with which the Lord Jesus decketh the Soul of every Saint, in which it sully pleaseth the Eye of God, and dazleth the Eyes of Angels! It is set all over with Golden Oes of an Eternal Glory, with Invisible, and Eternal Suns, the unvailed Face, the entire Person of the Lord Jesus set in every part, and shining from every point of it. This is the first Service of the Divine Righteousness to the Divine Love, to make itself, and its Bride, the Beloved Soul Infinitely, Unchangeably Lovely, and Pleasant one to another. This is the Righteousness

of our Justification.

2. Eternal love soweth the Righteousness of God, as a Divine, a Spiritual Seed in our Hearts. This Seed changeth the ground into its own Nature. It draweth the vertue and strength of it to itself. It groweth up in it, together with it to a Tree, which is an entire Paradise in itself. The body of this Tree is the Lord Jesus in the Power, Glory, Fulness of his Spirit. The Branches are all the Spirits of God, of Angels, and Saints spread thorow all times, and things. All moral Excellencies, all the Beauties, and Persections of the Divine Image in the first, and universal frame of Nature are the leaves of this Tree, which here never sade. All Divine Righteousness, all Evangelical Persections, and Spiritual Graces are the Fruit, which is fitted for every Season, and ever ripe in its Season. On this Fruit love itself, which is God, the Son of love Jesus Christ, all the Angels of love, the Soul herself feed, are refreshed, and raised to a Divine Joy. This is the Righteousness of our Santification.

3. The Righteousness of God is the Scepter in the Hand of Love, by which it ruleth all things. As Moses commanded all the Elements, the Air, the Water, the Earth by stretching forth the Rod in his hand: so the Love of God swayeth all things every where by the Scepter of his Righteousness. The Harmomony and Motions of the Divine Righteousness from the hand of Divine Love are felt, and obeyed by all things to the utmost end of the Creation. Righteousness is the Musick of Divine Love, by which all things are char-

med.

Use. See the distinction between the liberty of Spiritual Love, and the licen-

tiousness of Fleshly Lusts.

Gospel, which is the Ministery of Love from Heaven; the perfect Law of X x 2

Liberty; and in another place, the Royal Law. Love is free, but it is perfect. Love is a Liberty: but it is a Law to itself in its Liberty. Love is a King: but it reigneth in Righteousness. It is itself, both King and Law to itself. Love, saith St. Paul, is the fulfilling of the whole Law. Fesus Christ said to John the Baptist; It behoveth me to fulfil all Righteousness. This is the Language of Heavenly Love in every Holy Heart: It behoveth me to fulfil all Righteousness. Love is an obligation of Righteousness to itself. Righteousness is the decency, the comliness of Love. Love is the Divine Unity, and Righteousness the Heavenly Harmony, in which this Unity of Love diffuseth itself thorowall things. True liberty is only found in Harmony. All Bondage ariseth from Discord, which hath its Root in Contrariety, and Emmity. Righteousness is the Harmony, and Beauty of Love.

It is the liberty of the Sun to shine; of a Tree to flourish with Leaves, Flowers, and Fruits. Righteousness is the liberty, the Sun-shine, the Beauty,

and fruitfulness of Divine Love.

As the Sun by its light: so the love of God by its Spiritual Beauty, which is Holiness, attracteth Spirits to it; maketh them in love with it; maketh them lovely by Assimilation, making them like itself; filleth them with all delights: maketh them fruitful with all Beautiful, and Divine Births of Grace,

and Glory.

Love and Righteousness are, as the Father and the Son in the Blessed Trinity. Love bringeth forth Righteousness, as its proper brightness, its lovely light, its essential Image, the express Image of its Substance, and all its Sweetnesses, or vertues. As the Father is at liberty only in the Son, his own Image; as the Son is no where at liberty, but in the Bosom of the Father, his own Principle, and Original: so is love no where truly free, but where it springeth up, and flourisheth in the Fruits of Righteousness. Righteousness is then only Free, Kindly, Evangelical, and Divine, when it springeth from the Womb of love, lyeth in the Bosom of love, hangeth at the Breasts of that love, which is God; of God, as he is in his own Eternal Form of love.

He that bath the Son, hath the Father also. He that bath the Father, bath the Son: faith St. John. Let us not be deceived. He that worketh Righteousness, hath the love of God in him; and he that hath the love of God, hath also the Righteousness of God. Love is the fulfilling of the Law, of every Law; Natural, Moral, Evangelical; of the Letter, and of the Spirit Love doth nothing uncomely; offendeth no Principle, Humane, or Divine; of Sense, Reason, or Grace. Thus Divine Love is free, but Divinely fair and pure.

2. So is not Lust. The Lust of the Flesh is licentious, without Law, Light, Harmony, Order. All Disorder, Deformity, Shame, Bondage, Anguish, and Death are there, where Lust is. Can there be any Freedom, Beauty, or Peace in the midst of Confusion, and Contrarieties?

Every Lust maketh thy Spirit a narrow, and deep Pit of Darkness, and

Horrour.

Horrour. Thou lyest funk to the bottom of it in the midst of loathsom Toads, and poysonous Serpents twining about all thy parts, crawling upon

thy naked Bosom, and naked Heart.

3. Cast out every stelly Lust. A Lust is the spawn of the Devil. If thou suffer it to lie in thy Soul, innumerable Devils will spring up out of it, and make thee a Hell in thy self, a Habitation of Devils. The Devil was a Beautiful, and Blessed Angel, until Lust came. Lust made him a Devil. Lust is the Nature, and Essence of the Devil. It maketh thee the Child of the Devil.

4. Take in, cherish the Love of God in thine Heart. Pray for, wait for, receive gladly the Blessed Sower, the Lord Jesus, when he cometh forth to sow the Seed of Love in thy Soul. Cherish it, when it is sown. Give it depth of Earth; let it take root deep enough in thee. Suffer no cares of this world to choak it. Love is the Seed of God in thee: The Image of God with all the Graces, and Joys of it; the Divine Nature with all its Purities, Powers, and Persection; God himself will grow up out of it to dwell and walk in thee; to fill thee with the presence of his Glory; to make thy Spirit, and Person another Heaven to him. The God-Head of God; the Guilding, Sweetning, and warming of Heaven; the life of Eternity is Love.

I have now shewen, how all the Attributes of God serve his Love, in general, and in three particular Instances of the Wisdom, Power, Righteousness of God.

This is the Second Proof, that Love is the end of all.

3. God resteth in his Love; This is the third Proof, that Love is the end of all. Zephan. 3. 17. He will rejoyce over thee with singing; he will rest in his Love. Like the Joy of Harvest, when the Countryman bringeth in the last shocks of ripe Corn out of the Field with Songs and Garlands; because this is the end of all his labours for the whole year: so God rejoyceth, when his Love is come to the ripe Corn in the Ear, when it is cut off from its Earthly stalk, when in the full declaration of it, in the riches of its Glory, in the Simplicity, and Spirituality of its Divine Nature, it is brought home into his Bosom again, for this is the end of all the Circuit of his labours thorow the whole Creation. This is his Noah; his rest.

No man resteth, till he come to his last end. The Love of God is his last end. For he resteth in his love. All motion tendeth to, and endeth in rest. All the Motions, Works, and Ways of God tend to, and end in Love. For

this is his rest.

God in all other Appearances, and Forms of things is in transitu, passing thorow them, as a way-fairing man, till he cometh to the full expression of his Love. This is his Mount Sion, his resting place for ever. Upon this Mount of Love God casteth off every disguise, layeth aside every vail. Here God is seen naked, in the simplicity, and brightness of his own Beautiful Person. Love is the Chrystal Glass of the Divine Essence in its own light, and purity. Here all the Saints see God, themselves, all things in their Eternal Forms of Divine

loveliness with a beatifical vision. Here time is no more. The mystery of God, which is the mystery of Love is made perfect, is finished and ended.

A wife man, so far as lieth in his Power, maketh all his desires, and designs, all his works, all things within his Sphear to meet in his end; that his rest in his end may be sweet and full. God is infinitely Wise, and Almighty. All his Counsels, and Contrivances; all his Works, and Ways in Heaven above, on the Earth below; all his Attributes, and Perfections; all things, that ever were, meet in his Love; as in their end. So he resteth in his Love. His Soul, and all that is within him is well-pleased in his Love. His Joy is full. He lieth down upon the Bed of love with the perfection of all contentment; with the sweetest and highest Complacency of all those infinite Powers in him. Love is an end every way proportioned to him. For it is himself. God is Love.

Use. 1. How happy a thing were it, if Men were like to God in this, to have their rest in love? This would be a Heaven upon Earth. What a Divine Calm should we be continually in? Divine Love would be a Bed of rest to us, while the Storms only made Musick to the Heavenly Dances of things round about us. O the blessed, and unknown force of this Wine of Heaven, Eternal Love,

where it is drunk deeply, down into any Soul by large draughts!

Beware of the Corruption of Love. The Corruption of the best things produceth the worst of all things. Lust is the Corruption of Love. Beware of the Contrarieties to Love. All Passions are Contrarieties to Love. There can be no Peace, no Rest, no Comfort of Love, while our Lusts, and Passions prevail. Seek God, seek the Rest, and Joy of the Lord in his Love. Bebold be giveth bis Beloved to sleep. It is Divine Love alone, which singeth us into a Divine sleep of sweetest rest, and delight in its own Arms, in the midst of every Tempest of Sickness, Sorrows, or Death.

I have finished the second Argument for the confirmation, and explication of the description of Love taken from St. John; that God is Love; in as much as

Love is the end of all.

3. Argum. The Unity of God is the highest, and purest love. This is the third Argument to shew, that God is Love that the first and Supream Love is the most high God over all Blessed for ever. The highest, purest, and most Spiritual Union of all things in the highest, purest, and most Spiritual Forms, in one Eternal Spirit; this is the Love; this is God.

I will unfold to you this sweet, and glorious Unity, which is the Divine Nature, and which is Divine Love by three Principles of our common Orthodox

Divinity rightly founded upon the Scriptures.

1. Prin.God beholdeth All things in himself. He goeth not forth out of himself to converse with any Thing. He receiveth not any Impression from things without himself. Rom. 11. v. 35.36. Who hath been his Counsellour? or, who hath given to the Lord first that he should repay him? God is Simple, ever Perfect, uncompounded. He seeth all things in the Glass of his own Essence He is Himself All to himself, his own Center, and Circumserence.

2. Prin.

2. Frinc. Every thing which God seeth in himself, he seeth as himself. All Forms of things, as they appear in God, appear cloathed with the Form of God. James. 1. 5. every good, and perfect Gift cometh from above, from the Father of Lights, with whom there is no variableness, nor shadow of Turning. All appearances of things in the Father of Lights, the Sun of Eternity, are Lights; good, and Perfect Lights, not Beams, but so many entire Suns; Springs, and Seas of Light, the Light of Life, and Love in the Bosom of that Sun, the Father of them All. For there is no Variableness in God, although there be Variety. God is the Same in every season, and Appearance without any Shadow of Turning.

3. Princ. God, as he seeth all things in himself, in one Divine Form with himself, comprehendeth them unchangeably in the closest, and sweetest Embraces, converseth with them Eternally in the highest degree of all mutual Suitableness, Sweetness, Satisfaction and Delight. Pythagoras said; Friendship, the best Kind of Love on Earth was One Soul in several Bodies, as in so many Images, and Resections of itself. Such is God, such is Love, One Incomprehensible Spirit multiplying itself into Innumerable Representations, and Resections of itself; that it may contemplate itself, possess itself, delight it Self Infinitely for the Divine Form compleat in every One, endlessly for the Variety ever

New.

This is the facred, Unsearchable Unity of the Divine Majesty. Thus this

Unity is the most Sacred, and Supreme Love.

Quest. Now you may perhaps say within your selves, some one of you: This Love, of which you speak, is the Love of God within himself, the Love of God to himself. What is all this Love to me?

Answ. M; answers to this Question. shall be so many Applications of this

Truth

Use. I. All this Love is nothing to thee, who separatest thy self from the Divine Unity by sin: Your Sins separate between me, and you; saith the Lord by the mouth of his holy Prophet. You have accounted your selves unworthy of Spiritual Loves, in that you have divided your selves from the Unity, the Heavenly Body, and Spirit of the Lord Jesus. You stand in the strength of your own Spirits, and walk after your own Imaginations; Principles, and Images, which you have found out and chosen to your selves to stand in the Power, and walk in the Light of them. Matth. 23 37. Jesus Christ mourneth over Jerusalem in these words: O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, who stonest the Prophets, and killest those that are sent unto thee; how often would I have gathered thee, as a Hen gathereth her chickens under her Wings? But ye would not. Therefore now shall thy howe be left unto thee desolate. Is ay unto you; We shall see me no more, until ye shall say; Blessed is he, that cometh in the name of the Lord,

Wretched Soul, who art still in thy Sins, hear thy Saviour after this manner mourning over thee with tears of blood falling from those Wounds which Love in him, Sin, and Unbelief in thee have made; with Words of Pity, and tender Compassions falling from his Lips: O wretched, wretched Soul, which by fin woundest that Unity of Divine Love, which first sent thee forth from its Bleffed Womb; which by Unbelief continually killest in thy Self that Unity of the Eternal Spirit, which springeth up in thee, which sendeth forth sweet glances, maketh strong Impressions of itself upon thee, to draw thee into its Bleffed Bosom. O sinful, O Unbelieving soul, how often within thee, without thee, in thoughts of thine Heart, in touches upon thy affections, in the ministery of my Word, in the works of my Providence have I spread over thee the Shadowing wings of the Divine Unity, the wings of Divine Love of the Heavenly dove, mySpirit? How often would I have gathered thee under these wings; to have lien safe from every Bird of Prey, every Evil, and Unclean Spirit; to have lien warm under that Divine Heat, which would have cherished the Divine Life in thee with all the Graces and Joys of it. But thou wouldest not. Therefore is thy Spirit, and Person left to thee desolate, without Spiritual Life, Spiritual Comfort, Spiritual Company; which all as Plants of Immortality grow, and flourish together in the Unity of the Eternal Spirit, as in their Root. But, poor, forlorn Soul, when thou shalt see thy Saviour come again, in his Spirit, into thy Spirit; then shalt thou fall down at his feet, fly into his Arms, and say; Blessed is my Jesus coming in the Heavenly Evidence of the Divine Unity, which is the Supream Love, that subdueth all things to itself. Now I believe. This Unity, this Love is the Ground and Root of Faith.

U/e. 2. All this Love is nothing to thee, who livest in the enmity of the Serpent. Thou hast no lot, nor portion in that Divine Unity, which is the Fountain of Love, who livest in Wrath, Malice, and a bitter Zeal. The Spouse of Christ, the Soul, on which he hath set his Love, is a Dove, hath Hony and Milk under her Tongue. Divine Love, Heavenly Peace, and Joy are a Fountain of Milk, and Hony in her Heart. Gentle Language, Words of Meckness, Healing, Peace-making works are streams of Milk, and Hony under her Tongue flowing from the Fountain of Divine Love in her heart.

We read in the Book of Fob; that the Wicked Man shall never fee the Land of Brooks, of Fountains, and of Rivers of Waters: but the Serpent shall bite him; These expressions seem to allude to the Land of Canaan, and the stery Serpents in the Wilderness; which things themselves were Types of the Paradise of Love in the Divine Unity, and the Enmity of the old Serpent in

the Wilderness of Sin.

As thou likest not to retain Love in thine Heart, language, and life; but art a fiery, biting Serpent by deadly hate, bitter Speeches, works of wrath and malice formed in Hell: so thou shalt never see the pleasant Land flowing with Brooks, with Fountains, and Rivers of Love. The crooked Serpent shall wrap thee up in his cursed folds, to draw thee into his hideous Den, there bite, and devour thee.

Use 3. Believe. So shall all this Love be thine, in thee, and to thee. I shall make good this to thee by 3 Arguments, which are so many Motives, to per-

swade thee to believe, to stand fast in the Faith, to grow in Faith.

1. Argum. Believe, and by believing thou shalt be transplanted into the Divine Unity. He, that is joyned unto the Lord, is One Sp rit. 1. Corin. 6. 17. Faith, which joyneth us to Christ, by his Approach to us, by our Reception of him, and Acherence to him, ingrafteth us into the Unity of the Eternal Spirit.

The Unity of God is a Golden Chain, which failned to the Throne of the Divine Essence above all Heavens, letteth itself down to the lowest parts of the Earth by several rich, and curious Links, that It may draw us up to itself. The first and Highest Link of this Golden chain is the Union of the ever-blessed Persons in the most Holy Trinity in One, Glorious, and Incomprehensible Essence.

The second Link in this Mystical Chain is the Union of the Divine, and Humane Nature in One Divine, and Heavenly Person by the Incarnation of

our Lord Fesus.

The Third is the Mysterious Union of Two Persons, a Saint, and his Saviour in One Spirit by Regeneration thorow Faith. While thou believest, the Divine Unity by these degrees, like the Steps of Gold to Solomon's Throne of Gold, descendeth into thee, that thou mayst ascend to that by the same Steps. By believing thou art One with God in the Fountain of the Divine Nature. The Father himself, the Fountain of Ifrael, is now thy Fountain and thy Father, Believe, and thou shalt be One with God in his Son, His Image, His Glory. God giveth His Son for thee, that thou may it believe. God giveth his Son to thee in Believing. Believe, and thou shalt be One with God in his Spirit. Believing rereceived the Spirit of Promise; saith St Paul Ephes. 1. The Spirit is the Great Promise. The Spirit is All the Promises in a Knot, living, and flourishing upon the Root of cternity, like the Sun with his Beams. The Spirit is the Unity Unvailed. Fefus Christ in his Flesh is the San of the Divine Nature, under a Cloud. Fefus in his Spirit is the same Sun shining out clear, and shedding abroad all his Glorious Beams, which are all the Great, and Precious Promises in their Accomplishment.

If thou believe, whoever, how vile, how deep in sin, how black soever thou art with Guilt, thou art now One with God in his Righteousness. Christ is made Sin for thee, that thou mayst be made the Righteousness of God in him; according to St Paul. If thou believest, thou art One with God in his Rest.

be, that believeth, entreth into Rest, as God also rested: Hebr. 4.

Finally believe, and thou shalt be One, as the Father, and Christ are One. Tesus Christ prayeth not onely for his Apostles; but for all, that shall believe on him thorow their word. He maketh this Petition expressly for them to his Father: That they may be One, as we are One. John 17. 22. If two by to-

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gether,

gether, they shall be warm; saith Solomon in Ecclesiastes. What warmth of Divine Life, Love, Joy, and Pleasure is there, where these Three, the Father, Christ and a Believer ly together wrapt up in One? See how Faith placeth the Soul in the warm Bosom, upon the Golden Throne of the Divine Unity together with Jesus Christ. This Divine Unity in Christ is become now thy Center, and thy Circle, O Believing Soul; thy Center, out of which and in which thou does at once both rise, and rest; thy Circle, unto which thou enlargest thy self, with which thou art encompassed.

Perhaps some souls are so far touched with the Sweet sense of this Blessed Unity, that they say within themselves; We see indeed a glorious Rest and Joy, in being implanted into the Unity of the EternalSpirit by Believing: But what shall we do that we may believe, and be set in this Root of Eternity?

Ans. This Root of Eternity, this Glorious Unity eternally comprehendeth and holdeth thee. Look then up to this Unity, fix thine Eye unmoveably upon it, as thy first Principle and Habitation. So wait, until by a Virtue coming down from thence, thou apprehend by faith this Heavenly Unity of

the Spirit, in which thou art comprehended.

Arg. 2. Believe, and thou shalt partake of the Divine Love, by being planted into this Divine Unity. The Unity, in which the Sons of God dwell together, as Brethren, is compared by the Pfalmist to the holy Oyntment which was poured forth upon the Head of the High Priest, and ran down to the skirts of his Garment. Thus by Faith the Unity of God in Christ poureth forth it self as a rich Oyntment of Divine Love, which spreadeth itself in its precious Substance and Sweetness over thy whole Person to the lowest border of thy Garment. Thus art thou anointed to be a King and Priest to God the Father together with the Lord Fesus. When this Unity openeth itself upon thee to the Eye of thy Faith, and taketh thee into itself; then shalt thou see thy self, and be ravished to see thy self in the midst of all the Loves of God and embraced most closely by them all.

1. In this Unity the Eye of Faith discovereth to thee Electing Love, Now thou rellisheth the Sweetness, now thou receivest upon thy Spirit the Seal of Electing Love, which was before the World was, and then had thee with it in its Bosom. Now thou seest by the Light of the Glory of this Unity shining upon the Eye of thy Faith the Father in the Height of Eternity looking upon thee in One Loveliness, loving thee with One Love together with him-

self in the Beautiful, and Blessed Person of his Son.

2. Faith sheweth the Justifying Love in this Unity. What peace, what Joy is there in this Sight, when a poor Believer taken out of the Dungeon where he lay in chains of guilt, and filth, a Prisoner to the Wrath of God, seeth himself set in the Court of the great King before his Throne, acceptable, and amiable in the Beloved One? Thou now appearest washed in the same precious Blood of God. Thou shinest in the same Beauty, and Righteousness of God

God together with Jesus Christ. Yea, he is thy Lovelines, who is Height and Sealed Sum of all Loveliness; of all Loves. For thou art made acceptable in the Beloved One; Eph. 1. v. Thou art not only Righteous, but Righteousness itself; the Righteousness of God. Thy Person is a Solid Glory, a Transparent Glory, a Pure, unmixt Glory of Divine Righteousness. For thou art the Righteousness of God in him. Faith maketh thee One Spirit with him,

who is the Brightness of the Glory of God.

3. Believing thou meetest in this Unity with the Sanstifying Love of God. That Seed of God, which is One, soweth itself in thy Soul, and springeth up into the Fruits of Holiness, and Immortality. Now say to thy Soul upon a good account: Return unto thy Rest, O my Soul. The Lord hath dealt bountifully with thee. The Goods of Heaven, and Eternity are sure to thee. For this Seed of All Good, of Grace, and Glory, which is now sown in thee, will grow up by day, or by night, whether thou sleep, or wake; though thou know not, how it grow.

4. The Believing Soul seeth, and smelleth the Heavenly Flower of Comforting Love living, and flourishing in this Root of Eternity, the Divine Unity. The Spirit himself, whose Unity is the Band of all Peace, and Joys, is now with thee, and in thee, a Comforter, the Fountain of all Living Comforts.

5. Believe, and Faith will fet in thine Fye this Glorious Unity, as the Crown of Glorifying Love. Fefus Christ saith expectly among his last Words, fohn. 17. 22. That Glory, which thou hast given to me, I have given to them: that they may be One, as we are One. This is the concluding, and crowning Glory; This is the Glorifying Love, Love in Glory; the Unity made Perfect. The Father hath given Glory to Christ by giving him the Being of his heavenly Person, which is the Glory, and himself in that Being a Glory, in that Glory. Fesus giveth the same Glory to us, himself, and his Father, to make us One Glory with themselves; that the Unity may be the Glory, and each in the sameSpirit may be a Unity of Glories. O! believe. Can any thing be defired sweeter, surer, greater by any Soul, than to be one Love, one Glory with fesus Christ, and his Father? Faith planteth thee into this Love, into this Unity.

3. Argum. Faith by planting thee into the Unity of God bringeth thee into the Light of God. The Eye of Faith seeth the Truth of Things, as it is in Jesus, and Jesus, as He is in the Unity of the Spirit. Ephel. 4. 21. If ye have been taught in Him, as the Truth is in Christ. Ephel. 4. 3, 4, 5. Keep the Unity of the Spirit in the Band of Peace; One Body; One Spirit, One Lord. The Light of Faith, is the Light of the Divine Unity; as the Light of Sense is the Brightness, and Glory of the Corporeal Unity, which is One Sun. This Light discovereth the Truth of things in the Secret of the most sacred Unity, in the Lord Jesus, as He is One in the Unity of the Spirit. How different is the Appearance of things to be and the Faith? What different Lights since in the Diversity of slesh, and in the Unity of the Spirit? In the latter of these

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are seen all beautiful, and pleasant things; all things in Beauty, Pleasantness, in Heavenly, Immortal Forms. And this Sight alone is the Truth. Believe, so shalt thou fee thy felf in Christ in One Glory. Thou shalt know, that this which thou now feeft is the Truth, thy True Person, and Form. Now thou shalt cry out with Joy, and Wonder. Behold 7 am fair; I am altegether fair. It is easte for me now to believe that I am my Reloved's, and that His defire is toward me; while I fee my 'elf in this Glas's of Christ's Glorified Person, in this Circle of Glory, the Unity of the Spirit. Believe; So shalt thou see all the Saints in One Glory with Chrift, and shalt know, that this is the Truth of every Saint. Then shalt thou stretch forth thine arms to them, and Gay; How is my heart enlarged toovards you! Te are, as I am, all look like Princes, the Sons of the great King. My joy is fulfiled in You all. Believe: For, when thou believest, thou shalt see all the Works of God in a Vilion of Truth and Glory. Thou shalt see them in Christ, as Christ is One in the Unity of the Spirit. All shall appear to thee like the Foynts, or white Circles of the Thighs of the Spoule Cant. 7. 1. Fewels, the Work of a curious Arisficer; Master-pieces of Divine Love; they shall be all to thee, as the hands, and fingers of thy Beloved; Rings of Gold with a precious stone set in them; Circles of Divine Light, and Life; figures of the Supreme Unity, with that Glorious Unity itself set in them to enrich them.

Believe. O what a Paradise in the third Heavens is a Believer caught up into, when first the Eye of Faith is opened in him? Yea, as often, as it openeth itself in him; He beholdeth all Forms of Things, as they are in Truth, this Truth, as it is in Christ, this Christ, as he is in the Unity of the Spirit. With what pleasure like that of a Resurrection from the Dead, when all things, that ever we conversed with, rise together with us into the same Glory, doth a man now look round about him, and say. O all ye Appearances of Things, that ever were, or are to be! Are these your Forms, your true Forms? Is this sight of

you, which I have now in the Divine Unity, the only Truth?

Then the Believing Soul stretcheth forth her hands to them all, and cryeth out with wonder, and delight: my Father, my Mother, my Husband, my Wife, my Brethren, my Sisters, my Children, all the delights of my Eyes; all the Sweetness, and Joy of all Relations are ye all.

Use 4. You who are planted by Faith into the Divine Unity, shew the

Fruits of this bleffed Root in Purity and Love.

God is his Simplicity. The Simplicity of God is his Purity. The Purity of the most excellent things is their freedom from mixture. The more they are themselves, the more they shine, the more pure, and precious they are.

Live, and walk in the Unity of the Spirit, Galat. 5. 25. Behold thy self, and all things; converse with all, as they appear, as thou meetest them in thy walks in this circle of the Divine Unity. Sleep not the sleep of Sense, or Flesh, lest thou be hurried in Dreams into the Land of Darkness, where the Light is Darkness, where there is no Order, no Unity.

Awake

Awake into the Light of this Blessed Unity. So shalt thou be ever with

God. So shalt be ever like God.

2. Be unmoveable in Love. God is Love, because he converseth with all things in the Light of his own Spirit alone, which is the Light of Loveliness, and Love. Be thou a Child of God, a Child of this Light, and so a Child of Love. Be a Priest of Divine Love. Be ever within in thine own Spirit, as a Temple of Holy Loves, filled with the Glory of that God, which is Love. Know nothing any more in any Appearance besides that, which sheweth itself to thee in this Temple by the Light of this Glory.

Object. Here an Objection cometh in our way, which may arise in every understanding against all this discourse, which we have had concerning the Divine Unity, and Divine Love. Doth not God see Sin, and hate Sinners?

Ought not we to do fo?

And. I answer affirmatively; the Divine Nature both in God, and in the Children of God discovereth the deformity of Sin by a most clear Light; and hateth it with a most perfect hatred.

I shall confirm, and explain this Answer by four particular Answers.

1. Ans. Sin is a privation of Holiness, which is the Beauty of Spirits, as Darkness is a privation of Light; and every Evil of some Good. Privations are known only by their contrary habits. God, and all Holy Spirits see the Evil and Ugliness of Sin in the Light, and Glass of their own Heavenly purity.

2. Ans. Hatred is an intellectual contrariety. The Unity and Love of the Divine Nature, in the King of Saints, and all his Holy Ones is effentially and formally in itself an irreconcilable opposition, an active contrariety to Enmity, and Sin, as Light, Day, and Immortality are to Darkness, Night, and Death.

3. Ans. God seeth Sin in order to his Wrath. God seeth his Wrath in order to his Glory; his Glory as the full object of his Love, order is the Chain, and Band of Unity. Thus God beholdeth all at once, as they lie comprehended in the Unity of Eternal Light, and Love by their several Subordinations.

God beholdeth Sin, as it is swallowed up into a slame of wrath; the slame of wrath, as it is heightned to a Light of Glory; the Light of Glory, as it shineth, and liveth in the Eye of his Love, the Fountain of all Lights, Life, and Joys.

Love is the Eternal, and rich Root of all. Glory is the Tree, that springeth up out of this Root, the perfect, and full Image of Love, in which it liveth,

diffuseth, and delighteth itself within itself.

This Tree of Glory spreadeth itself into many flourishing Branches, among which are Holines, Justice, Wrath against Sin. Wrath by the force of the contrariety raiseth up Sin, as a mark to shoot its burning Arrows, and cast his fiery Darts at. Love thorow these Attributes letteth in Sin by the Law, that it may display itself more fully in its War with its Enemy, in its Conquest, and Triumph over it; that it may break forth, and rise up thorow it more

power-

powerfully, purely, and sweetly; like a flame going up to Heaven from a great pile of Wood perfectly subdued to it.

The Unity of God is now the Glass of Love, in which alone God seeth all Things; and the Diamond, which he seeth let, and shining in every Ring of

Operative, or Permissive Providences.

Sin appeareth to him in the Glass of his Wrath and Justice. These sheweth themselves to him by their reflections, and Images in the Glass of his Glory. His Glory shineth forth from the Arms, and Bosom of his Love, which is the inmost Center, and outmost Circle of the Divine Unity. Here all things lie, here all things present themselves to God, as Mysteries of Divinity,

and Love in the Unity of the Divine Nature.

God beholdeth with a fulness of Joy his Love the reflection of himself, his own Fountain, the Fountain of his blessed Unity, in which he lyeth Eternally bathing himself in pure floods of Incomprehensible Pleasures; this Love, this Unity, this Fountain he beholdeth in all his Glory. His Glory is the Object of his Eye in the Severity of his Justice, and Wrath. He contemplateth his Justice, and Wrath alone in Sin. Thus God seeth every where the Mystery of his Divine Unity, as the great and bright deep of Eternity. He seeth every where the Seal, the express Image of his Divine Unity, where all the riches of his Glory, and Sweetnesses of his Love unfold themselves, and sport together.

Thus, O Saint, learn to look upon every Sin. See it in this Glass of Truth, the mystery of the Divine Unity. See this secret and invisible Jewel, the mystery of the Divine Unity sealed upon it, sealed up in it. Thus shalt thou see Sin so, as to preserve thy Purity, and thy Love both in one. Thou shalt see Sin so, as to be at once a slame of Wrath to it, and a Light of Glory, a slame of Love in that slame of Wrath, comprehending both, Wrath and Sin in the Wrath. So shalt thou see Sin, hate, and dwell for ever with God, who

is the Beauty of Holiness, and Love.

4. Ans. God looketh upon a Sinner, as upon a Prison and a Grave, where the Truth, the Divine Seed, the Light and Life of the Divine Image lyeth detained, captivated, slain by a Lie; the Prince of Life, and Light by the Powers of Darkness. His Wrath and Hatred against the Sinner is a zeal of Love. He cometh forth with Thunders, Lightnings, Tempests and Earthquakes in his Wrath to break down the Prison-walls, to break open the Grave, that the Prince of Glory may come forth into the Light of Life, and the liberty of the Glory of a Son of God.

God, as a Sun, breaketh forth with power, and in his Strength, to diffolve by the force of his Beams the Inchantment, and Light; that the Sons of

Light, and the Truth may be set free.

Thus God hateth Sinners; thus do thou hate them with a perfect Hatred. Let thy fire be no bitter zeal, but a zeal of Love. Let thy woundings be Divine Anointings.

I have

I have hitherto passed thorow only one half of my discourse upon the description of Spiritual Love by the supream Unity in the Divine Nature.

I shall take my ground for the other half; Galat. 3. 20. This shall be my Center for a time, from which my Motions shall arise, and whither they shall return to end there.

The words are these: Now a Mediatour is not of one; but God is one. This Scripture hath a sweet, and clear depth of Love in it, but unfathomable.

This depth is the Unity of God.

St. Paul statethhere the most essential difference between the Law, the Ministery of Wrath; and the Gospel the Ministery of Love. One is established in the hands of a Mediatour; in the other God is one. The Love union in the Gospel is too near, too sure, too sweet to need, or admit a Mediator.

The Fountain of all Evangelical Grace, and Love is the Unity of God. The Unity of the Spirit is the Band of Ieace between the Uncreated, and all

Created Spirits, Ephes. 4. 6.

But we shall more clearly see the Riches Treasured up in this Scripture, if we look upon it by the light of another Scripture in the same Chapter; v. 16. Now the Promise was made to Abraham, and his Seed, he saith not to Seeds, as to many, but as to one. And to thy Seed, which is Christ.

The Holy Apostle in this Chapter maketh it his work to prove, that Righteousness is not by the works of the Law; but by Faith in Jesus Christ accor-

ding to the Gospel.

God descending into Christ, and taking up Christ into himself; fesusChrist in this sulness, and Glory of the God-Head entring into the Soul, and taking the Soul into himself, by the free Revelation, and immediate Union of Faith: This is the Righteousness of God, and of his Saints in the Gospel.

One Argument, by which St. Paul maintaineth Righteousness to be of Grace, and not by Works is laid down, v 15. the Covenant of Grace was long before the Law. He confirmeth that here v. 16. The Promises were made

to Abraham, and to his Seed, &c.

'The Holy Ghost in this verse establisheth the Heavenly Building of the

Gospel upon three beautiful, and firm Pillars.

a. Pillar; The Gospel is a meer, simple, pure Promise. That, which was called in the verse before, the Testament, or Covenant, is here expressed by Promises. The Law is compounded of Precepts, and Promises dependant upon those Precepts, as condition of the Covenant to be performed mutually on both sides; of prohibitions and threatnings annexed. But, as the Sun is a Body streaming forth freely by a knot of Beams. So is the Gospel a knot of Promises, which are all Love in so many clear, unmixt Beams shooting themselves freely forth from the sulness, and force of Love alone in its Head-spring, the heart of God.

Obj. But you will say; Are there not Precepts set down; Conditions imposed;

posed; Duties required; high, and hard things to be performed in an Evan-

gelical State?

Ans. It is most true. The Gospel hath its Precepts, Conditions, Duties; and these all high, hard, raised to a pitch of Spirituality, and Heavenliness beyond the reach and sight of any natural Spirit. But these all depend upon the Promise, and not the Promise on them. All Evangelical Graces, and Duties are Children of the Promise. The Promise is, as the Hierusalem above, free, the mother of all living Principles, and Performances.

We read; 2 Pet. 1. 4. That we have given to us, great and precious pro-

mises, by which we are made partakers of the Divine Nature.

You, who believe not, hear, and believe. You who believe but faintly, and weakly; hear, that your Faith may be encreased. You, who are strong in Faith; hear, and believe yet more. Hear, how all the difficulties in believing, in the whole life of Faith from the Beginning to the end; the Promises are Pipes of pure Gold laid into your Hearts from the Heart of Christ in Glory. By these from that flourishing Olive Tree, the Divine Nature, as the best Oil,

floweth in upon you freely, and perpetually.

When a Gardiner would set choice Plants, Flowers in a barren, sandy Soil, he sirst bringeth in fresh, and fert leSoil to lay upon it. Then he planteth in this good ground, which he hath made, his Flowers, and Trees, which now flourish, and make that barren Earth a rich, and pleasant Garden. So God findeth thy Spirit, O Man, barren, and sandy, a Rock. No Spiritual Plant, no Truth, or Grace of the Gospel can take root, or live here. But be not thou discouraged by all this, by the hardness of thine Heart, the barrenness, and enmity of thy Spirit to the Heavenly Seed, which it killeth, as often, as it is sown in it. Look to the Promises, God by these will bring in the Divine Nature. With this, as a good, and Heavenly ground he will overlay, and enrich thy Spirit. Now God will plant every pleasant Truth, every Evangelical Grace in thy Spirit. Now they shall all prosper, they shall unfold their several Beauties, send forth their sweet smell, and bring forth much fruit in thee. For this new Earth of the Divine Nature shall send forth its Fatness and Sweetness into them, and make them to grow.

When a Prince goeth his progress, his Gests are set down before he leaveth his Court; which way, and how far he shall Travel every day; where he shall lodge at night. His Servants with Furniture, and Provisions from his Court

wait upon him all along.

A Promise is a Declaration, and Obligation of Divine Love, which it ma-

keth of itself, which it layeth upon itself, free, and immutable.

Whoever thou art, that hearest this, believe in the Promise: Believe freely, in a free Promise. This Faith will make thee the Prince, of which I speak. Thou art now a Prince come forth from Heaven to take thy Progress thorow this world, and so return home to Heaven again. All thy Gests by day, and

Refts

Rests by night are set down Eternally in Heaven in the Book of Love there, which is the Heart of God, and from thence in a Promise, which is Eternal Love, or the Heart of God transcribed, to be read by thee. The day of a Saint is the Light shining from the Face of God. The night is the drawing in, and darkning of this Light. All thy motions by day with every Circumstance, O Believer, O Heavenly Prince, are described exactly in the draught of Divine Love, the Promise. Thou goest, as it is written of thee there.

The Holy Angels, thine own Servants from thy Court in Heaven attend thee in all thy way with Heavenly Provisions, and Minister unto thee, as is appointed there. Thy resting-place every Night is ordered in the Promise. The Bleffed Angels go before thee. They take up thy lodging for thee. They make it ready with Heavenly Furniture. They make thy Bed for thee. They are a Guard round about thee for the fear of the night. All things are done, as was fet down before in the Bosom of Eternal Love opened in the Promise. Thus the Gospel is All a Promise. The Promises are Love shining forth by its own Brightnesses, and Beams. Love is that name of God, which is an Ointment poured forth. Love is the Divine Nature freely flowing, and diffuling itself, like Live-Honey. As a Bottom of Silk is unwound, and wrought our into divers beautiful Figures in a Garment of Needle-work: such is thy Life, thy whole Story, O Saint, Divine Love spun forth from the glorious Heart of God, as Silk from the curious Worm, is wound up into a Bottom in the Promise. This rich Bottoni worketh out itself into all thy motions, and rests, into all thy Changes, and Chances thorow thy whole course, as into so many exact, and shining Figures of Eternal Glories. Thus Love maketh itself the entire History of thy Life; of that History, and Life it maketh for thee a Garment to wear in Heaven, becoming the Bride of the great King.

You may see something by my description of this first Pillar, on which the Gospel standeth, how God is one in the Covenant of Grace, and that high, Heavenly Unity the sweet Spring of all the Grace, and love of the Covenant. You will see this breaking forth more, like the day dawning by degrees upon you, as I shall set before you the other two Pillars of Evangelical Truth.

2. Pillar. The Promise of the Gospel is to the Seed, and to that Seed, as to One. To Abraham, and to his Seed were the Promises made. He saith not, to

Seeds, as to many; but to his Seed, as to One. v. 16.

The Seal of the Promise upon the Seed is the Unity. God will not give his Glory to another. The Love, and Grace of God in the Gospel is his chief Glory. Therefore is Evangelical Love to the Evangelical Seed; and that for the Unity sake. The Seed every where in the Father, in all the Offspring is one with itself. Love, and Unity are ever inseparable. The Strength and Sweetness of the Relation between the Father, and the Child is the Unity. Love is at its height in a Father, because there is the Head of the Unity. The Unity here is the Spring of Love. From hence its streams run along into

Zz

all relations with the sweeter, and stronger force, as they are nearer to this

Spring. God is Love. God is one.

3. Pillar. That one Seed, to which the Promises are made, is Christ. To Abraham, and to his Seed: as to One; and that one, Christ. Isaac was the Seed of Abraham. Isaac stood only, as a Figure of the Lord Jesus. Isaac significant Laughter. The Lord Jesus is the true Seed of Mirth and Joy. When he cometh to us by his Spirit, which is his proper, his eternal Presence, and Appearance; he bringerh back our Captivity from the Powers of Sin, Sorrow, and Death; he filteth our Mouths with laughter; he maketh us, as those that Dream; he placeth us in the midst of such glorious Persons, and Things, he cloatheth our Persons with so much Giory; and all this by socasy, so sweet, so studden, so universal, so unexpected a change; that it seemeth for the greatness of the Glory more like a Dream, than Truth.

But if Isac here typisie the Son of God; then doth Abraham stand in the place of God the Father. The name signifieth The high Father of a Mulis-

tude; or, The Father of a high Multitude.

God the Father maketh the Promises to himself, and to his Son Christ. Jefus Christ is the Seed, to which the Promises are made, and the Promised Seed, the Pearl in the Casket of every Promise. Thus God is one in the Gospel; the Gracious Maker of the Promise; the Rich Matter of the Promise; the Glorious Heir of the Promise. This Unity is the Love of the Gospel, in which the Seed is one in the Father, in Christ, in all the Saints; and this one Seed is the Lover, the Love, and the Beloved.

God loveth himself in his Son; his Son in his Saints. God, Christ, and the Saints lie all wrapt up in one Seed. This is the Unity; and this Unity the Love of the Gospel. One Seed shining out, and springing up thorow all in-

to the Fellowship of all Beauties, and delights with itself, within itself.

We have set up some Lights in this verse to shew the Glories of Divine Love the more advantageously, as they are presented to us. v. 20. in those words; God is One.

Now let us draw nearer to the verse itself, the Center of our discourse.

St Paul raiseth an Objection, and answereth it. v. 19.

Object. This is the Objection: If the Gospel were before the Law of Eternal Force, the only dispensation of Love, Life, and Righteousness: why then was the Law added.

An! St. Paul answereth this Objection, by Defining, and Confining the Use,

and Times of the Law.

1. St Paul defineth the end, & Uje of the Law. The Law was added because of Transgression. There was a fourfold use of the Law, until Christ came; to discover, to restrain, to beighten Sin, to bring Condemnation, and Death upon Sinners.

2. The Times of the Law are confined to the coming of Christ: Until the

Seed (hould come.

Then

Then the Holy Apostle giveth us two Arguments to make it plain, that the Law can be no more of force, or have any place, when fejus Christ appeareth. These two Arguments are taken from two Essential differences between

the Law, and the Gofpel.

1. Argum. The Law was ordained by Angels. God appeared not under the Law in his own Person, nor in that sweet, and supream brightness, which sloweth immediately from his Face. He cloathed himself with the created Light of the Angelical Nature, and Glory, as with a Garment. In the Persons of Angels, and their Beauties, as under a vail, he was seen, and conversed with Man. But when the Seed cometh, which is fesus Christ; this is God in Darsen Cod in his own Essential Form, and Investor

Person, God in his own Essential Form, and Image.

Now the Scene, the Appearance is changed from the diversities of Angels, and their Glories to the Divine Unity. Now the Angels, thorow which, as multitudes of little Stars in the night, the Light of the God-Head scattered faint glimmerings of itself, vanished out of light. They resigned their weak Beams, Beauties, and Beings to one Sun, that one Seed their Fountain, the Unity of God in Christ. Herethey are New born, they are made perfect, they shine again in one Glory. The Son of Man conneth now in the Glory of his Father, in his own Glory, in the Glory of all his Angels. When Christ is seen in his Heavenly shape, which alone is the Light of the Gospel, Angels appear no more singly, all Glories are seen united in their Center, the Person of God in Christ. Now hear, O Israel; come forth; and O ye Daughters of Sion; the Lord your God, your Jesus is one. This is the first Argument, and the sirst effential difference between the Law, and the Gospel.

2. Argum. The Law was ordained by Angels; in the hand of a Mediator. Now a Mediator is not of One; but God is One. v. 19. 20. Thus we are come home to the verse itselt, where you shall see all this discourse come home to our mark, at which we aim; the Fountain of all Evangelical Graces, and

Loves in the Unity of God.

We shall best understand these words by a distinction of Mediators.

There is a Mediator of Distance, and of Unity. This latter the Mediator of Unity is one with both the Parties, between which he mediateth, comprehendeth them both, maketh both one in himself. Such a Mediator fesus Christ is in the Gospel. Such a Mediator the Law hath not; this place intendeth not. This hath some shadow of itself in the Median Participationis, which Phi-

losophy treateth of.

The Mediator of Distance is one, who standeth between two to keep them apart, because they cannot approach one to the other. This is here meant. The People of Israel said to Moses; Let God speak to thee, and we will hear thee. But let not God speak to us any more, least we die. God approved of their words: They have said well. Thus the Law was ordained in the hand of Moses, as a Mediator. This we may express by the Medium Abnegations; a Mediator of Distance.

Z 2 2 When

When the Seed cometh, this Mediation, this Administration, the Distance, and so the Law ceaseth. Now God is One. Christ is the Seed, Christ is come Christ hath two Natures in him, but he is One Person in both Natures, and that One Person, the One only God. God is the Person, the Subsistency, the Root, out of which the whole Tree with all its Arms, and Branches of both Natures, Humane, and Divine springeth; in which it subsistent; from which all operations, and fruits proceed; to which all denominations belong, which is the name to be named in all, and to which every name belongeth. This is Christ. The one Seed, the one Spirit in all the Saints, in all the Graces, and Comforts of the Gospel is this Christ, that one Person, which is the only true God. Thus God is one in all.

The Lord Fesus in his Heavenly Spirit, and Body is the Glorious Circle of the Divine Unity, in which God, Christ, and all the Elect, Saints, or Angels lie so close, so entolded, and wrapt up mutually one in another; that no Mediator can come between them; that they need no Mediator; save as this Unity itself,

the one Seed is the Mediator.

There are two Promises made to Abraham concerning his Seed; one, that they shall be, as the Stars of Heaven for number; the other, that they shall

be, as the Dust of the Earth for Multitude.

The Seed is Christ. The Lord Jesus is one Seed in all the uncreated Glories, which are fixed, as innumerable Stars in the Heaven of the Divine Nature. The Lord Jesus is the same Seed in the Dust here below, sown in the form of

Flesh, and Dust.

When the Lord *Jesus* cometh in the Power of the Gospel into any Heart, this one Seed at once shineth down from all those Glories of the God-Head above, and springeth up out of the Dust here below. It awakeneth itself from above and below. It meeteth with, receiveth itself, and twisteth into one with itself, the Glory from on high, and the Dust from beneath. It continually ascendeth, and descendeth into its own Bosom, and feasteth itself eternally upon itself with all Divine Substance, and Sweetness.

I have endeavoured to draw aside the Curtain from this Scripture, to shew you the Joy, and Glory of the Lord in the Gospel, the Unity of God, and

the Fountain of Love with him in that Unity.

Let me add one Scripture to this to bring in more Spiritual Light into a Room fo rich in, so full of Heavenly Beauties. It is that Rom. 4. 16. It is of Grace, that it may be sure to the Seed. You, whose hearts the Love of God in Christ hath touched from Heaven, that you pant after the Water-brooks, and Fountain of this Love opened in the Bosom of the Lord Jesus; why come you not to your Saviour, that you may drink abundantly of the Divine Love? Are you discouraged, and driven away by the sense of your own unworthiness, and weakness, by unbelief? Hear, and believe, and come with boldness to the Fountain of Love. Love is made sure, and tyed fast from the Throne of

of Love in Heaven to the Hearts of Believers on Earth by a three-fold Cord-

1. Cord. The first Cord is the Promise. By the immutable tie of a Promise in which it is impossible for God to lie, hath he assured, and secured his Love to thee. The two chief Attributes of God, on which all the rest wait, in which they are comprehended are Goodness, and Truth. Both these must fade, and pass away, before one tittle of the Promise can fail of its accomplishment. For Goodness maketh the Promise: but Goodness, and Truth both are obliged

to the keeping of it.

2. Cord. The second Cord is Grace. The Promise is of Grace, that it may be fure. You, who are apt to despair of Love, and B'essedness let down from Heaven into your Souls by the Golden Line of a Promise, because your hearts are unfit Mansions to entertain such Heavenly Guests, hear, and consider this: As the Beams of the Sun descend upon the Earth, infuse a precious vertue into it, quicken, and call up the vertue, and Seeds of the Sun there, make it green. flourishing, and fruitful; yet lean not, depend not at all upon the Earth; but have their root in the Bosom of the Sun above, from which they shoot themselves down into the lap of the Earth: so the Promises of the Gospel, as Brams of Eternal Love, are fixed in the Sun of the Divine Nature, as their Heavenly root. From that they are bred, by that they are nourished, and maintained. This Sun poureth them down upon thee to enlighten, enlivenand transform thy earthly, carnal heart into a Spiritual, and Heavenly Garden. But these Beams, that come to warm, and beautify thee, lean not at all upon any thing in thee. They depend fingly, and entirely upon their proper Sun, which is Love, the heart of God.

3. Cord. The third Cord is the Seed. That the Promise may be sure to the Seed. Lawyers say, that no gift by any deed is good without a consideration: They say also, that there is no consideration, which bindeth more, than that of Fatherly affection; when a deed runneth in those words: I out of my

Fatherly affection give to my Son, &c.

This is the confideration in the New Testament the Love of a Father. All the Promises of Grace, and Glory, of Heaven, and Earth, Time, and Eter-

nity are made to the Seed.

The ground of a Fathers Love is the Unity. A Father loveth himself in his Seed. His Seed is one with himself. The Seed lay first in the Father. It cometh forth from the Father. It is one Nature with the Father, and beareth the Image of the Father before him. The same Seed in the Father is the Father, and the Son in the Son. All Relations, the Loves, and Sweetnesses of all Relations are Unions, that is, Participations, and branches of Unity. Paternity, the Relations, and Love of a Father is Unity, the Root, and Head of all Unions, Relations, and Loves.

The Philosopher teacheth us, that the reason of a Fathers Love to his Children is Self-love, and the Love of Immortality. He seeth himself ever-

fresh,

fresh, and flourishing, propagated to Immortality in his Off-spring. All numbers are faid to be the first Unity multiplied. Each number springeth from Unity, is made up of Unities, confilteth in an Unity. Thus God is one in his Seed. The Seed is the Unity of God multiplying itself into many Self-Images in the same Divine Nature, in the same Essential, and Eternal Image, the Lord Jour. Is not the Promise now sure, when it is to the Seed, in which the Unity of God, the Love spring of Eternity, is the Band of Love?

I have not yet founded the Sea of Sweetness opening itself to us in this

Scripture: Now a Mediator is between Two: but God is One.

God is said to have created all things by Fesus Christ; Ephes. 1. 9. To have made all things by him, and in him, Colof. 1. 16. God then is One in Nature. and in Grace, in the new Creature, and in the first Creation. There is one Seed of both, the Lord Fesus. All things were made by him, and without him was nothing made, that was made, John 1.2. As no Wheat springeth without a grain of Wheat cast into the ground, as no Rose groweth without the Seed of a Role: sono Flower of Divinity, no Divine Work, no Divine Image cometh forth any where, in this World, or that which is to come without the Divine Word, the Seed of God, which was in the Beginning with God, and was God.

Acts 17. 24. St. Paul maketh this his great Argument to convince the Athenians, and to persuade them to Faith in Fesus Christ, the Unity of the Divine Seed. They feel after him, faith he, if fo be they may find him; although be be not far from every one of us. In him we live, and move, and have our Being; as in our proper Seed and Element. For as one of your own Poets bath faid: We also are his Off-spring. The Apostle in the Authority, and with the Seal of the Holy Ghoft confirmeth the Testimony of Nature to this Truth; the Unity of the Divine Seed in Nature. God is One not in Regeneration only, but in the Creation also. We also are his Off-spring.

Thou, who art hitherto Earthly, and Natural, an outcast of Nature, cast down to the nethermost parts of the Earth in Lusts, Unbelief, Blindness of Mind, Hardness of Heart, Profaneness, Enmity, seek thou also after God, feel after him. Thou also mayest see him, and feel, and find him in every motion, in every act, and part of thy Life, in every point of thy whole Being. Every Motion, Act, and Part of thy Life, every Point in thy whole Being is that Field, in which is hid the Treasure of the Divine Being, Beauty, and Blessedness. Thou livest, and movest, and bast thy Being in him. He liveth, and moveth and hath his Being in thee. He is thy Seed in thee. For thou also art his Off-spring.

Believe the Love of God, open all the parts of thy Being, and Powers of thy Soul to take in this Love. Thou hast in thee the Band of the Loveunion, the DivineLove-spring, the Unity of the Divine Seed. For thou also

art his Off-spring.

Bleffed is he, who believes, and feeks for this Pearl more than Silve and diggeth

diggeth for it more, than for hidden Treasures. Blessed is he, who findeth it, and goeth, and selleth all that he hath to purchase it. Thou hast this Pearl in

thine own Field, the Divine Seed in thine own Soul, and Being.

Let this be the only Seed in thy Soul. Then hast thou sold all for it. Then will it spring up into a living Palace of one Immortal Pearl in thee, which God himself, and all Glorious Spirits will inhabit together with thee, silting it with the sweet Lights of their Divine Beauty, with the Eternal Flames of their Divine Loves, and Joys.

Obj. But you may say; if this be so, why are not all saved? If all be of one Seed, which is Christ, why doth not one Life of Grace, and Glory spring

up in all from that one Seed?

Ans. My Answer to this Objection shall be a threefold use; a Reproof to Sin-

ners; a Root of Comfort; a Reason for Holines.

Use. 1. A Reproof to Sinners. The Sin of the Devil was the first, and Fountain Sin: In that therefore the evil Nature of Sin in the whole Kind, and in every individual Act is most manisest. St. Jude painteth it out in its black, and bloody colours after a most lively manner, Jude 6. The Angels not keeping their first Principle (apriv) and forsaking their proper Habitation outstreever. O Man! Thy God is thy first Principle. Thou didst stand in him, as in thy Root. Thou wert filled with Sap from him. To ou didst partake of the Fatness, and Sweetness of the Divine Nature. Thou wert a flourishing and fruitful Tree. All the Birds of Heaven; the Holy Spirit, the Blessed Angels delighted to sit, and Sing in thy Branches. All visible things rested under thy Shadow. How art thou fallen to the ground? How dost thou lie withered, and dead upon the face of the Earth? No good thing cometh near thee. Sin hath done this. Thou hast not kept thy first Principle.

O Man! The Divine Image was thy proper Habitation. This Image in thy Person was a Sun of Beauty shining in every part of it; and a Shield of Power defending it on every side. In this Image all Blessed things were united to make a Paradise for thee, which thou didst carry about in thine own Person, as thy proper Form, thine inseparable Habitation, like to God, who carryeth his own Heaven into every place with him. Alas! Thou art now naked in the Eye of God, and all the Creatures. Thou art exposed to shame, to every storm of Rage, Malice, and Wrath from all. Sin hath done this. By Sin thou

hast forsaken thine own, thy proper Habitation.

Beware, O Men! Of the Evil of Sin. You cast out anew the Divine Seed out of your Garden by every new act of Sin. You cut off anew the Divine Form, Flower, and Fruit from every Plant in your Garden by every new Act of Sin. As oft as you Sin; so oft you make a fresh wound upon the Divine Unity, you make it to bleed afresh, and dye in your Persons.

But besides this there is yet a greater Evil in Sin. The Seed of God is one, the Divine Unity, the Love-spring of Eternity. The Seed of the Serpent

the Devil is Enmity, the Hellish Spring of Hate and Death. Every Sin is this Seed of the Serpent in thee, Enmity to the Heavenly Seed, the Unity of God.

In the Law the Jews were forbidden to seethe a Kid in his Mothers Milk for the Cruelty, and Unnaturalness. O the cruelty of every Sinner in every act of Sin! O the unnaturalness! Thou makest a Fire of the Kid, that thou mayst burn its Mother in it. Thou changest the natural Image, the natural Life in thee into a fire of Wrath, and Lust, to burn up, and consume in

it the Heavenly Seed, out of which it springeth.

Solomon in his Proverbs telleth us, that he, who curfeth his Father, and defpifeth his Mother; the Ravens of the Valleys, and the young Eagles shall pick out his Eyes. This hath its highest truth here: go on in Sin. But know, that now in each Act of Lust, of Wrath, of Profaneness, of Unbelief, thou offerest despight to, thou cursest, thou killest the Seed of God in thy self, the Divine Unity, the purest, and perfectest Love, thy Father, which hath begotten thee, and thy Mother, which bare thee, which brought thee forth. What will thine End be? The Ravens of the Vallies, and the young Eagles; Unclean, and devouring Spirits from Hell below, Spirits of blood, of death, of horrour, and slaughter shall eat thy Flesh, consume all the Light of Life, and Beauty in thee, shall swallow up thy Spirit into the Bottomless Pits of Darkness, Dread, and Death within themselves.

Use. 2. The Root of Comforts in Believing; the Root of Faith, that we may believe, and have Comfort is the Divine Unity. The Unity of God is thy Seed in thee. The Seed is one, and that one Christ. The Unity of God is the highest, and purest Love. The Unity of God, Divine Love is the Seed of all Things, thy Seed. Believe this Love, believe in this Unity, that is in Christ, who is this one Seed of Love. Let these Arguments persuade thee to believe.

3. Argu. The Unity of God is the Fountain of Love. The Unity is the Simplicity, the Purity of the Divine Nature. God in the nakedness and simplicity of his Divine Essence is Love. Lean, stay thy self upon this Rock of

Eternity, the Divine Unity, Simplicity, Purity of Love.

2. Argu. The Unity of God is Love; How strong is this Love? All the Attributes, Powers, Excellencies, Vertues of the God-Head are united, and centred in Love. How great is the force of Divine Love? What is its Vertue, its Excellency, its Sweetness? O Almighty, O Supream, O Soveraign Love! All Things Good, Great, and Divine are joyned, and raised to the highest point of Unity in Love. God assembled all the Powers, and properties of the Creation, all the Angels, the Persons in the Trinity to form a shadow of the Divine Nature in the first Man; saying; Let us make Man. O Man! All the Beauties, Blessedness, and Treasures of the Divine Nature are gathered together into one Sun of Divine Love to make thee new, no more a Shadow, but a Sun in this Sun, a Light in this Light of Eternal Love. Open thine Eye, and thine Heart to this Love by believing it.

3. Argu.

3. Argu. Power consistent in Unity. The Supreme Unity, which is Love, is then Almighty, the Supreme, and Soveraign Power. Is any thing impossible to Almighty Love? Is any thing too hard for it? What change is there, from Darkness to Light, from pollution to Purity, from profaneness to Piety, from the hardness of a Stone to the softness, and sweetness of a Dove, from a Devil to a Blessed Angel, from a Hell to a Heaven, which Almighty Love cannot make in thine Heart, in a moment, with one cast of its Eye upon thee?

4. Argu. A simple Unity is Infinite: It is ever, every where the same. Nothing boundeth it, because it is itself alone, and there is no other thing besides itself together with it, to give an allay to it, or confine it. This is the Infiniteness of the Divine Unity. This Unity thus Infinite is Divine Love.

Come, whoever thou art; Believe, and cast thy self, thy Hopes, thy Fears; thy Griefs, thy Joys; thy Sins, thy Graces into this Abys, this Sea of Love, which hath no Bottom, nor Shore. This will receive them all. This will swallow them all up into its sweet, and shining Depths. This will cover them all with its own rich, and glorious Floods, as Waters cover the Sea.

Come, Believe, and cast thy self, all thy Relations, the delights of thine Eyes, the dear, and pleasant things of thine Heart, thy whole Spirit, Soul, and Body into this Infiniteness of Divine Love. Thou shalt find them after many days, to day, immediately, eternally sporting themselves in this great and

wide Sea of Love.

Love in the Person of the Lord Fesus descended to the nethermost parts of the Earth, and ascended above all Heavens, that it might fill all. Behold now a Deluge of Divine Love in the Resurrection of thy Fesus. Love, as a manifold Fountain of a great Deep from below breaketh up, and breaketh open itself. Love poureth down itself thorow all the Windows of Heaven opened upon thee. Thus the Floods of Love increase, rise higher, and higher till they cover the tops of the highest Mountains of Guilt, or Despair, of Desire, or hope in thy Spirit: Only do not thou stop these Fountains of Love from below, thut not these Windows of Heaven above to thy self by thy unbelief. Love in the Person of the Holy Ghost by the mouth of the Psalmist cryeth unto thee; Open thy Mouth wide, and I will fill it. Open all thine outward, and inward fenses; open all the Powers, and Faculties of thy whole Man to take in this Love. Open them yet wider, wider still. Take in still more of this Love. When thou art full of Love to thine utmost Capacity; still that Love, which remaineth is infinitely more, infinitely fweeter, than all that, which thou haft taken in.

5. Argu That one Seed, the Divine Unity is thy Seed in thee, that is, Love itself, the first, the highest Love. Thou also art his Offspring. No Man ever hated his own Flesh. Can a Mother forget her Child? faith the Holy Ghost. Divine Love is the Seed. out of which thou springest. Divine Love is thy Father,

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which hath begotten thee; thy Mother, which hath brought thee forth. Can Love itself hate its own Birth, and Branch? Can Love itself forget its own Child, the Child of Love?

The Prodigal returned first to himself; then he thinketh of his Father, and of Heaven; then his Father, meeteth him, kisseth him, bringeth him home, entertaineth him with the best Garment, with Fealts, with Musick, with an

Universal Joy.

O Prodigal! Thou hast wasted thy Beauty, thy Strength, thy Parts, thy Comforts, thy flourishing hopes among Harlots, in lewd Company, and Conversation. Thou seedest among Swine upon Hesks, and thou starvest in the midst of the Swine, for want of Husks. O Prodigal! The Divine Unity, the Seed of God, Eternal Love is still thy true self, which lyeth below all these disguises of Darkness, and Deformity; as fesus Christ lay sleeping at the bottom of the Ship, which was ready to sink by the violence of the Storm. Thou art the Seed of God. For theu also art his Off-spring. Thou art the Seed of Love. For God is Love.

O Prodigal! Open the Eye of thy Spirit. Believe, and see Divine Love awakening, and appearing in thee, as thy true self to thy self. Feel it drawing thee by a sweet and irresistible force to itself, that is, to thy self, from whence thou hast so long wandered in a strange Form by the Sorcery of Sin, and the Devil. Believe, and see Divine Love, in the true Forms of thy Father, and of Heaven opening their Bosom again to thee, sending forth a vertue of Heavenly Love from themselves, with which they touch thy Heart, sosten it, melt it into kindly repentings, a lovely shame, and tears of Love; kindling sweet desires, lively hopes, and ardent longings in thee after thy Father, and

Heaven thine own Country.

Believe, and see Divine Love, thy Father coming into the midst of the Swine to thee, carrying thee in a rich Chariot made of his own Bosom, and Embraces, heaping kisses upon thee, as he carryeth thee. So Love bringeth thee home to its own House, the Heavenly Palace of Love. There Divine Love cloatheth thee with the best Garment, its own Native, and Divine Lovelines: Love feasteth thee with its own Joys, as they have sprung up thorow a Death for thee into a Resurrection for thee also. Love sweetneth, heightneth all thy entertainment with its own Musick resounding with a Divine Harmony from all Heavenly Hearts, all Glorified Spirits round about thee, yea, from all things in Heaven, and Eath typed by the Eternal Spirit of Love itself, and plaid upon in a most exact, and charming Confort.

Return then to thy true self, thy Father, and to Heaven: Heavenly Love is all these. It is also thy way to these; thy Light, and thy Life in the way. Believe: Say not now; O that I could believe, and repent! Heavenly Love will form itself into inward Divine Meltings, Repentings, Acts of Faith, and of all Grace in thee. Look to this Love, and live Eternally in the Bosom of

Love. .

Love. The Unity of God, which is Love is thy Root, which will rife up unto a Divine sap, and form itself into all Divine Fruit in thee if thou wait for it.

For thou art the Off-spring of God.

U/e. 3. The Unity of God is the Root, and Reason of Holiness. The Unity of God is the Fountain of Love, of all Grace, and Comfort in the Gospel. The Promises are all made to this one Seed, which is Christ in the Unity of the Spirit, in the Unity of the Divine Nature. Thou halt then no further any part, or portion in the promises of the Gospel, or the Comforts of Love, than thou abidest in the Unity of Christ, and of the Spirit. It is the Seed of Love, which is a Holy, and Divine Seed; it is the Life, and Fruit of this Seed, on which, as on the Fleece of Gideon, all the Dew of Divine Bleffings falleth. Every other Seed with its Life, and Fruit is, as the Mountains of Gilboah, on which no Rain, or Dew of any Divine Grace, or Promise descendeth. Abide then in this Love, which is the Holy Seed in thee; bring forth the Fruits of this Love in thy whole Life. So shalt thou be Blessed in thy Seed, and in thy Deed. I have now finished the third Argument for the confirmation, and explication of the third Description of Divine Love, which was this The Love of God is the God of Love. For the Unity of God is the most high, and holy Love. I pass now to the fourth, and last Argument.

4. Argu. The Mystery of the Trinity is a Mystery of Divine Love. This is

the fourth Argument to prove, that God is Love.

The Divine Philosopher defineth Love to be a Birth in a Beautiful Subject. As the New Hierusalem is said to come down out of Heaven, a Bride ready trimmed: so out of the Bosom of Divine Love opening itself, as a Heaven cometh forth the Divine Loveliness, the Garden of Heaven, the Heavenly Paradisc. This is the Heavenly Bride. In this Garden Love planteth, and maketh to grow all Beautiful, and Divine Images, all Heavenly Pleasures, and Joys.

Divine Love, and the Holy Trinity agree in this, that they are a Birth, and a Marriage both in one. This Mystery is figured in Paradise in the first Man. Adam bringeth Eve forth from himself. Then Adam bringeth forth all Living in and by Eve. Adam first bringeth forth Eve, the Beautiful Image of himself, and of that Paradise, which he then comprehended, and carryed about with him in his own Person. Then he brought forth all Beautiful Images of Humane Life, and Humane Nature in this Beautiful Subject by the Love-union of a Paradiscal Marriage.

In like manner the Supream Love first bringeth forth the Supream Lovelines, the Image of itself. Then it marryeth itself to this Beautiful Image, and bringeth forthin the Bosom of it all Lives, Loves, Lovelinesses, Delights, and Glories.

Thus Divine Love is a Trinity. There are three in Divine Love. 1. The Love-spring, or the Divine Fountain of Love. 2. The Love-Birth, or the Divine Birth, and Image of Love, the Supream Loveliness. 3. The Love-union, the Divine Union between these two, the Sacred Fountain, and the Beau-

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tiful Image. These are the three Properties in Divine Love, which are all one Love; as there are three Persons in the Divine Nature, which three are one God. In Love, and in God these three are the same Divine Love, the same Divine Nature standing in distinct and opposite Relations to itself, within itself, infinitely above all things without itself. These Relations are in both the same.

1. The God-Head in the Father is Divine Love in the Fountain, the Love-

spring of Eternity.

2. The God-Head in the Son is Divine Love in the Birth, or Image, the Love-Borth of Eternity.

3. The God-Head in the Holy Ghost is Divine Love in its Marriage-Union between the Love-Spring, and the Love-Birth, the Love-Union in Eternity.

See, how God being Love is compleat in Eternity by being within himself a Birth, and a Marriage, which Two include all Beauties, Sweetnesses, and Blessed Eestes, all the Beautiful, Sweet, and Blessed Fruits of Love.

Learn here, how Honourable Marriage is, and to keep the Bed of Love undefiled. God hath Scaled upon it the Image of the most Holy, and Blessed Trinity, the Trinity of Divine Love, the Trinity in the Divine Nature.

Marriage in Paradise was the fairest, and fullest Figure of the highest and sweetest Mystery in Heaven, the Ever-Blessed Trinity. The Jews, and Gentiles before the coming of the Lord Jesus were for the most part strangers to the Doctrine of the Trinity. They were therefore loose, and dissolute in the rites of Marriage. They made nothing of Fornication, and very little of Adultery. The Lord in the Revelation of the Gospel at once unvaileth the glorious face of the God-Head in the most Blessed Trinity; and discovereth

the sweet, and beautiful Figure of it in the Holy State of Marriage.

Our Saviour by the Appearance of the Divine Nature in its numbeles Glories shining thorow every Created Form in his own Mysterious Person, as thorow their proper Figures, and Images hath restored all things. He hath restored Marriage not only to its primitive institution in Paradise, but to its Eternal Pattern, and Original in Heaven, the high, and holy Trinity. Preserve carefully this Marriage-Glory pure from Lusts, untroubled by passions: So shall you see with the Joy of Paradise the sacred Impression of that supream Mystery of all Divine Loves, Lovelinesses, and Delights the Trinity in the Divine Nature set, as the Seal of Eternity upon it. So shall you draw down the Trinity itself with all its secret, and sacred Treasures of Blessedness to inhabit with you in it. Blessed are they, who hold the Band of Marriage undefiled, unbroken in the sweet, and beautiful Type, in the Glorious Truth of the Heavenly Unity in the most Blessed Trinity.

We have said something in general to shew, how the Mystery of the Trinity is a Mystery of Divine Love. Let us launch a little further into this Sea of unexpressible Sweetnesses, and Beauties by contemplating this God-Head of pure loves in the several Persons of the Trinity.

1. The

1. The God-Head in the first Person; the Father is Divine Love in its Fountain. The Father in the Trinity is the Love-spring in Eternity: A Divine plenitude, or fulness, an unfathomable deep of Divine, and Unexpressible Sweetness ever rising up, ever flowing, overflowing all things; this is the Sacred Person of the Father in the Trinity, this is the Sacred Spring of Divine Love in Eternity; and this is that Fountain so dear to you, O ye Saints! out of which you all are made to drink that Sacred Fountain of Free-Grace.

I shall endeavour to open this beloved Fountain, the streams of which are the Life, Love, and Joy of all things in Heaven above, and on the Earth be-

low by three precious inlets into it.

1. Inlet. The Person of the Father is Divine Love in its Glory. St. Paul speaking of the Father terminateth all the mysteries of the Gospel in the Glory of bis Grace, as the Beginning, and the end of them all, the sweet, and

thining Sea, from which they come, into which they all run again.

Grace is the name of Love in its Freedom, Sweetness, and Fulness. Every thing is in its Glory, in its Fountain. For there it is faireft, freshest, sweetest, and fullest. Love is in its Fountain in the Person of the Father. For there Love is in its Glory. There is a Three-fold Crown; the Marriage-Crown; the Crown of a King; the Crown of a Conqueror. There is accordingly a Three-fold Glory. 1. There is the Glory of Beauty. This is that of the Sun which sendeth forth his Beams thorow all things, and outshineth all things among the Earthly, and Heavenly Bodies. 2. There is the Glory of Soveraignty, which ruleth over all. 3. There is the Glory of Victory, which subdueth all things to itself, and maketh every thing an Ornament to its Triumph.

This Three-fold Crown doth Love wear, this Three-fold Glory is it cloathed with in the Person of the Father. It is the Eternal Sun, which enlightneth, enliveneth, sweetneth, cheareth all things by its Beams sent forth thorow all from the heights of the Heavens above to the depths of the Sea, and the center of the Earth below. It also infinitely surmounteth all things in Beauty, and Sweetness; as it shineth Eternally. It is the great King, that swayeth, and ruleth all every where by its Golden Scepter. It is the Glorious Conqueror, which pierceth deep into the hearts of all, which subdueth all to itself by its slaming Sword of Paradise turning every way. By this Sword it cutteth off, and consumeth all Flesh, and Earth, to keep that out of Paradise, and from the Tree of Life. By this Sword it refineth, and converteth all into a pure, and Heavenly Flame, into Spirit. So it bringeth them into Paradise, to the Tree of Life in the midst of it. Every thing every where doth Victorious Love make the Subject of its Conquests, and the Ornament of its Triumphs.

This is Divine Love in its Glory, in its Fountain. This is the Divine Na-

ture in the Person of the Father. This is the Glory of Free-Grace.

2. Inlet into the Fountain of Divine Love. All the Riches of Love are leated

leated in the Person of the Father. The Apostle applyeth the Riches of Grace to the Father, Epbel. 1. 7. According to the Riches of his Grace. Three things meet in Riches, Preciousness, Plenty, Power. Every thing is purelt, and so most precious; every thing is most united, and so most plentiful, and so most powerful; every thing thus is richeft in itsFountain. The first Person is the Fountain of Divine Love. For in him are the riches of Grace. Love is Richest in the Father. The heart of the Father is the Treasury of Love. No where is Love so pure, so unallayed, so precious as in the heart of the Father. Traffick, O Man, for the Treasure of this Love with all thy faculties, with all that thou hast, and art. This Merchandise is beyond that of Gold, and Rubies: Traffick to this Coast of Spices, to this Land of rich, and precious Cordials, the Land of the purest Love, the heart of the Father. No where is Love so plentiful, in such abundance, as in the heart of the Father: The heart of the Father is infinitely larger than the Sea: yet doth Love cover it, as waters do the Sea, where it is deepest, when it is fullest. Cast thy world of Sins, O guilty Soul, with all thy Mountains of guilt into this Sea of Love. Love shall cover them, that they shall never appear more. If thou seek for them, thou shalt not find them. Come, drink thy fill of Loves, O dry, and thirsty Soul, from this rich, and full Spring in the heart of the Father. Come, thou most insatiate Soul, cast thy felf into this full Sea of Loves in the Bosom of the Father, bath thy self, roul thy felf in the midst of its rich Billows, which rise as high as Heaven. No where is Love so powerful, so irresistible, so full of vertue, as in the heart of the Father. Wash thy heart in this Fountain, and it shall be healed of the Leprofy of every Lust. Lay thy heart down in this Spring in the Bosom of the Father, and all its hardnesses shall be dissolved. Drink in these waters of Love fresh from the heart of the Father, and it shall be a powerful Cordial in thine heart. It shall restore thy Life, thy Strength, the complexion of thy Soul, thy Beauty, thy Spirits, thy Joys as at first, as in Paradise, as in Heaven, as in thine Eternal Original.

3. Inlet. The Father in the Trinity is the Fountain of all Relations, and so the Fountain of Love. Father is the sweetest of all Names, the Name of the highest, tenderest, purest, and most perfect sweetness. A Father is the first Relation, and the Fountain of all Relations. Adam was first a Father, then a Husband. So the Humane Nature from him streamed forth into Husband, and Wives, Sons, and Daughters, Brethren, and Sisters, into all Degrees of

Kindred, Allyances, and Friendships.

Ephef. 3. 15. St. Paul saith, that from the Father the whole Family in Heaven, and Earth is named. Some render that word Family, the Fatherhood, or Paternity, Nateric. All Fathers in that Relation, all the Fatherhoods, and Paternities of every Father in Heaven, and Earth lyeth first in that first Father, the first Person in the Trinity, as in their Fountain.

What comfort is this to every tender, careful grieved Father of every fick, finful,

finful, or lost Child. The true Father to thy Child, which acteth the part of the Father behind the vail of the shadowy Father in thee, is the Father in the Trinity. He is the strength, sweetness, and truth of the Relation every where. The Paternity, the Fatherhood every where is named from him.

But if we take the word according to our Translation, it affordeth us the fame sweet sense more fully. The whole Family in Heaven, and Earth is named from him, from the Father of our Lord Fefus. A Family is a chain of Relations, which are as so many Links in the chain fastned one to another, Father, Mother, Husband, Wife, Brother, Sifter, Children, Friends. All these are named from the Eternal Father. All these sweet, dear names of Union, of Love, agree first, most properly, most truly to him, who is the Supream Unity, the Original, and Fountain of all Unions, of all Love. All these are named from him. He is the true Parent in the Parents, the true Child, Husband, Wife, Brother, Sifter, Friend in thy Child, thy Husband, thy Wife, thy Brother, thy Sister, thy Friends. He is descended into a'l these, shadoweth himfelf under them, subsisteth, as the truth, and substance in them. It is this defcent of his in them, this Presence, and Appearance of his, which giveth these names to them. Love is either the Relation itself, or the Blood, which runneth along in the vein of every Relation. Every Relation is a Union. Every Union is Love in its proper kind, and degree. The Original, the Fountain of all Unions, of all Loves, of all Relations is the Supream Unity, which is the Father, the first Person in the Trinity. All Relations in Heaven, and Earth, all Unions are broken pieces of the great Diamond of Divine Love. The Father is this great Diamond of Divine Love, Entire, Eternal, the first, and highest Unity, in which all Unions lie together undivided, compleat, making up one Sweetness, which hath the names, and rellishes of all sweetnesses, which giveth name, and rellish to every sweetness, which is above all names, and rellishes, unexpressible, incomprehensible. This is the Love-spring in the Trinity of Divine Love. This is the Father in the Trinity of the Divine Nature.

Use. I. Give all Glory to Free-Grace. Ascribe all Riches to it. Set your Love upon it. This is the Fountain of Divine Love in the Bosom of the Father. This is the Fountain of Israel. This is the Fountain of the God Head. This is your own, your only Fountain, O Saints! All your streams of Life, Grace, Comfort, Glory arise out of this Love-spring in Eternity, which is the heart of the Father. This is the Fountain, this is the Father of Jesus Christ,

your Fountain, and Father in him.

He that hath drunk the Waters of Life, and Love from this Well, will never thirst more after any other Waters, or drink of any other Spring. We read in Numbers of a Well in the Wilderness, which the Princes digged with their Staves, and Jung to it; Spring O Well. O wandring Souls, behold your Well, which is before you in every Wilderness. The Prince of Life, your Jesus hath dig'd, and opened it for you from the depths of the God-Head

with the Staff, the Scepter of his Spirit. Look to no other Fountain. But fing continually to this; Spring O Well; Spring O thou heart of the Father; Spring in mine heart; Spring with streams of Divine Truth; Spring with streams of Divine Joy; Send forth thy streams over all my Soul, and Body; Make all my powers, and parts to sing like the Garden of Eden! O thou Fountain of Gardens, My Prince hath dig'd, and opened thee in my heart, O thou heart of the Father, with the Staff of his Spirit. Open mine Eyes, O Blessed Spirit, that by thee I may see this Fountain, which by thee is opened in me!

It was at the Fountain, that Jacob, and his beloved Rachel first met. The Daughters of Laban came thither to water their Flocks. But the Well had a great stone upon it, which they could not move. Faceb rolled away the Stone. and watered their Flocks for them : From thence they brought Facob to their Fathers House, knew him for their neer Kinsman, and were marryed to him. It is at this Fountain of Free-Grace, that the Lord Fesus, and the elect Soul first meet. Sin, Death, and Wrath make the Stone, which cover this Spring. The Lord Fesus rolleth away this Stone, that thou, and all thy Fathers Flocks with thee, all the Principles, and Powers of Life in thee may drink of this Well. Here the Lord Fesus looketh upon thee, and loveth thee. Here he maketh himself known to thee, to be thy Brother, and taketh thee to be his Bride: From this Well he goeth home with thee unto thy Fathers House, into thine heart, into thy natural Spirit, and thine Earthly Image, in these to marry thee to himself, to make theefruitful to Eternal Glory, to enclose this door of thy natural Spirit with Boards of Cedar, a Divine Beauty, Sweetness, and Incorruptibility, to build upon the wall of thine Earthly Image, a Palace of Silver, into which he will invite his Father, the Holy Angels, all glorified Spirits to feast, and inhabit with himself, and thee.

There was often contention for Wells between the Servants of Abimeleck, and the Servants of Isaac. These digged them, and the others stopped them up. Contend, O Believers, for this your Well of Free-Grace: Suffer no Agyptians, or Philistines, to stop it up by casting in the Earth, or Stones, and Rubbish of Free-Will, of any Wisdom, Work, or Worth in the Creature. As Earth cast into a Spring desileth it: so by every thing of the Creature mingled with the Waters of this Fountain, they lose their clearness, their sweetness,

their vertue.

Keep this Spring of the Fathers heart, of Free-Grace pure. So shalt thou see a clear, shining deep of Divine Sweetnesses without any Bottom, the Glorious Deep of Eternity itself. In the clearness of this Spring shalt thou see thine own Face. From the freshness of this Spring thou shalt drink in perpetually new Floods of all living Sweetnesses. With the pure Waters of this Spring thou shalt preserve thine heart ever new, ever soft, ever flourishing with all Joys, ever fruitful in all Graces. O Saints! Keep this Love-Spring, the Fountain of Free-Grace open, keep it pure in your Spirits.

Use. 2.

Use. 2. Learn this Divine skill, O Christians, which comprehendeth all the rich mysteries of the Gospel in it. Rise up new every moment with all things round about you out of this Fountain of Love in Eternity, the Bosom of the Father. Return again every moment with all your troop into this Fountain of Love, the Bosom of the Father. Lay your selves down for ever here. Here alone is Jesus Christ in his naked Beauties, nakedly embraced.

Seek, see, and enjoy all your pleasant Relations, all pleasant Unions in this Unity of Divine Love, the heart of the Father, as in their proper Fountain. Here is the Truth, here is the Life of them all, in their Original. Here they are unchangeable. Here they are, as Sun-beams, before they come forth, des-

cend, divide, grow shadowy, and fading.

As we keep Flowers fresh by setting their stalks in Water: So say of all your Relations in their shadows on Earth, of all your sweet things with their Sweetnesses; Who is their Father? Answer thy self; The Fountain of Love. Then keep them with their stalks in this Fountain. So shall they be ever fresh, ever sweet to thee.

2. Person. The Love-Birth. God is Love. The three Persons in the Trinity are Love in a three-fold Ferm, and Property, or in a three-fold Distinct, and opposite Relation to itself, within itself, for the enjoyment of itself in the secret of Eternity, abstracted from all Creatures, infinitely before them, and above them. I have spoken of the first Person in this Trinity of Divine Love, the Father, the Fountain of Love in Eternity. I come now to speak of the second Person.

The God-Head in the second Person is Divine Love in its Eternal Birth, and Image, The Fountain of Divine Love, which is the Father, bringeth forth from itself, within itself an Eternal Birth, the compleat Image of itself, the Supreme Lovelines, and Beauty. This is our Fesus in the Bosom of the Father.

I shall endeavour to draw the Curtain from before this Blessed, and Glorious Birth of Divine Love, the Beloved, the only one of all Holy, and Heavenly Spirits. I shall endeavour to set this most desired, and most pleasant Person our Lord fesus before the Eyes of your mind by sive Characters, or Marks. The second Person in the Trinity is. 1. The Birth, or Image of Divine Love. 2. The First. 3. The Fairest. 4. The Freshest. 5. The Fullest

Birth, and Image of Divine Love.

1. Character. The Lord fefus is the Birth, or Image of Divine Love. The Heathen in their Divinity tell us of two Twin-Loves in Heaven, which exactly answer one the other. Thus Love, which is the Divine Nature, substiffeth in two Forms, two Persons, the Father, and the Son, which are two Loves, and the same, equally compleat, equally loving, equally lovely, equally beloved. Adam in Paradite brought forth Eve to be ever before him, a meet help for him. So the Father, and Fountain of Love bringeth forth in its own Bosom this Son of Love, this Divine Image of Love, to be ever before it, a meet help

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to it, that Love in this entire Image of itself may perfectly behold, possess,

enjoy, and multiply itself to Eternity.

Mat. 3. 17. The Father speaketh to Fesus Christ from Heaven: This is my Beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased. Fesus Christ is the Supreme object of Divine Love, the Supreme Loveliness, and so the Birth, or Image of Divine Love, the Son of Loves. In Divine things every faculty, or power brinketh forth its proper object, which is its perfection from itself, within itfelf, that it may be independent, and undivided in all its Joys, in all its Glories. The Divine understanding is the Sun, and Spring of Divine Truth, which is the light of its Life, its Object, and its Beauty. The Divine Will is the center of all Divine goodness, which is its proper Object, and Crown. There it Eternally rifeth up. There it Eternally resteth. So Divine Love in the Person of the Father is the Parent, and the Bridgeroom of the Divine Lovelines in the Person of the Son, This is my Beloved Son, saith the Father from Hea. ven, in whom I am well pleased. All the Joys of the Father are full; all his pleasures compleat here. All Seeds of Love in the heart of the Father are here sprung up into the fair Flowers of all Beauty, into the ripe Fruit of all delights within his own Bosom in the Person of Christ. This is the only Birth, Image, and Object of the Father, the Love-Spring; its Birth, and its Bride within itself. The Father, the Love-Spring bringeth forth this Love-Birth. and lovely Image, the Son of Love; that Love may be both, a Bridegroom. and a Bride to itself.

The Persian Prince called Alcibiades his Garden of Pleasure. The Father in the Trinity is the Fountain of Love: The Son is the Garden of Love rifing up within this Fountain. Here the Father of Love soweth all the precious Seeds of Divine Love. Here so soon, as they are sown, they spring up into ripe Fruits, of which the Father eateth, and with which he delighted himself in his Garden. This is the Circle of Eternity; Love Eternally sowing the rich Seeds, Eternally seasting upon the ripe Fruits of Divine Love in his

Garden of Love.

Use. 1. Christians, seek your selves, your Love-Birth in this Eternal Love-Birth of the Son. Seek the Original, and true Image of your selves in this Eternal Image of Divine Love. See your selves, seeds of Love sown in this Garden of Love from Eternity; ripe Fruits of Love flourishing in it Eternally. This is the dearest Jewel of a Saint; that Jewel, which the Saints wear in their Bosom, next their heart, with the sight of which they renew their vigour, and their beauty, recreate all their spiritual senses; I mean the rich Jewel of Electing Love, the Love of Election. In this Jewel a Believer seeth with the Eye of his Faith God the Father, the Fountain of Love in Eternity, God the Son an Eternal Birth of Divine Love from this Fountain, an Eternal Image, an Eternal Garden of Divine Love in this Fountain; himself born in this birth of Love, himself a lovely Image in this Image of Love, himself a

Tree of Love in this Garden of Love. Bleffed is he, who hath this Testimony in his heart, and from Heaven, that he was born here; that here he rose up first out of the heart of the Father; that here he first appeared to the Eye of the Father; that here the Father set his Love upon him, and took pleasure in him. He hath saved us, saith St. Paul of the Father, Not according to works which we have done, but according to his own purpose, and Grace given to us in session to be fore the World was, 2 Tim. 1. 9. Grace given to us in Christ before the World was. See your Love-birth in the Eternal Love-birth of the Lord Jesus, O Believers. His purpose, and Grace given to us in fesus Christ before the World was. See the Fountain of Divine Love in the heart of the Father his purpose, and all the Births, all the Images, all the Gardens of Divine Love rising up from the sweet, and blessed depths of that Fountain, all comprehended in that only Birth, that only Image, that only Garden of Divine Love, the Lord Fesus.

Use. 2. Seek this Love-Birth in your selves. When it pleased the Father to reveal his Sen in me; saith St. Paul speaking of the new Birth in himself. When the Father openeth himself, as a Fountain of Divine Love in your Spirits; when the Lord Jesus ariseth up, and appeareth to you, as the Birth, and Image of Divine Love within this Fountain; when your selves appear in him one Love-Birth in this Fountain of Love together with him; then may you rejoice, and say; now I live; now I am new-born from the Love-spring on high, in the highest Glory. You that have the mystery of this Divine Birth revealed in you, who see the Garden of Love flourishing in the midst of the Fountain of Love within you; retire into this Fountain, into the Garden in the Fountain, the Lord Jesus in the Bosom of the Father. Walk there, solace your selves there, hide your selves among the Trees of Divine Loveliness, and Love from the strife of Spirits. Here you shall be fed with the Fruit from

these Trees, until the storm of Wrath be over past.

2. Character. The Son of God is the first Birth of Divine Love. It is said of him, Mic. 5. 3. His goings forth are from everlasting. The goings forth of the Lord Fesus the first Birth, and Image of Divine Love from the Bosom of the Father, the Fountain of Love are Eternal, without Beginning. The goings forth of the Light, which is the first, the beautiful Birth, and Image of the Sun, were from the beginning of the Creation. So foon, as the Sun had a being, it had Beams. There was no moment, in which the Sun was without its circle of Beams, no more, than the Beams were without the Sun. In like manner the Lord Fesus, who is the Light, the Brightness, the Beautiful Image of Divine Love had his Birth from Eternity together with the Being of the Father. This Fountain in Eternity was no more without this Image the circle of all its Beauties shining in the midst of it, than this living, and lovely Image of all Glories was without its Fountain, from the unsearchable depth of whose Divine sweetnesses it riseth up continually. The Father is no more B b b 2 withwithout the Son, than the Son without the Father. Both are from Eternity, both equally Eternal in this facred Mystery, and Trinity of the Divine Na-

ture, of Divine Love.

Prov. 8. This Son of Love is brought in speaking of himself, and his Father: Before the Mountains were formed, ere yet the foundations of the Earth were laid, I was before him, as one brought up with him, his delight day by day. Before all the Creatures in Eternity, the Lord Jesus alone was with the Father, and none other besides him. He was bred up together with him, the Lamb, the lovely, the beloved Birth, and Object of all his Loves, the delight of his Eyes, that fed at his Table, and lay in his Bosom. If you ask now; what the Father did, before he made the World; the answer is full, and sweet; the Father in the infiniteness of Eternity brought forth Jesus Christ, delighted himself in Jesus Christ, the only Birth of all his Love, and Desires, the entire Image of all his Loves, and Joys.

Use. If you would be Holy, Heavenly, and Happy, if you would be perfect in all Graces, Joys, and Glories, as your Heavenly Father is perfect: be like him in this. He is taken up with his Son Jesus alone before, above all Creatures in Eternity. Let this Jesus as he is the Birth, and Image of all Divine Loves in the Father the Fountain of Love be your only one, the only Birth, and beautiful Image of your Spirits, continually before you, bred up with you into every Age, Form, and State, your only delight day by day. This is the first Birth of Love, the Birth of Love in Eternity. All those Births of Love, and lovely Images, which are in the Creature Shadowy, Finite, Fading are here Substantial, a Spiritual, and Heavenly Substance, Infinite, Endless,

Ever-flourishing.

3. Character. The Lord Fesus, as he is the second Person in the Trinity is the fairest Birth of Divine Love. We read, I Cor. 13.5. Love behaveth not it left unseemly. doth nothing uncomely. The word uncomely, signifieth a want of Proportion Harmony, Order, Figure, which make all Beauty, and Musick every where. Love can conceive, can form nothing within itself, can bring forth nothing from itself, but its proper Object, its proper effect, which is suitable to it. This is Loveliness, and Beauty. As the Trees of Paradise had their Seed in them: so every Birth of Love is in every part full of the Seeds of Love, by which it begetteth Love again; full of the Beams of Love, which kindle the sweet heat, and fire of Love. This is loveliness, which soweth the Seeds of Love. and sendeth forth the Beams of Love into Spirits round about it. As the Sun, the Supreme Eye of the visible World is to the Light: so is Love, the Eye, and heart of Eternity to loveliness. Loveliness is the proper Emanation, and Image of Love, by which it planteth itself in all Eyes, and Hearts, attracting all things into the Golden Circle, and Center, into the Glorious Palace of that Bleffed, and Eternal Unity in itself, which is itself.

Love then bringeth forth Loveliness, and Beauty; the Divine Love, a Di-

vine Lovelines, and Beauty; the Supreme Love, the Supreme Lovelines, and Beauty. So the Lord Fefus is Beauty itself, a Divine Beauty, the Supream Beauty, the fairest Birth of Love, being the first, the only Birth of the Father, the Fountain of Divine Love, Love at the highest, Love in its first Sweetness.

John 1. 14. We, faith the Holy Apostle speaking of fesus Christ, saw his Glory, the Glory, as of the Only-begotten Son of God. The Son of God is the only Birth of Love from the Father the Fountain of Love, in two respects; Comparatively; Comprehensively. First, The Lord Jesus is the only Birth, and Image of Divine Love Comparatively for his excelling lovelines. We saw his Glory, as the Glory of the Only-begotten of the Father. So great a Glory shineth in his Person, as darkneth all other Beauties, all other Births, and Images of Love, maketh them quite to disappear, and seem none at all. Secondly, Our Beloved Jesus is the only Birth, and Image of Divine Love Comprehensively. All his Saints are in thine hand. All Holy Births, and Images of the Father, the Spring of Love in Eternity; all Divine Lovelinesses the works of this curious Workman; all the Jewels of Beauty framed by the skill of the first, and Image, all adorn the Person of Jesus Christ, are there in their highest lustre, and take their Beauty from him. Thus is the Son of God the fairest Birth, and

and Image of Divine Love.

Ule. I. O Sinners! This is that Jefus, who wooth you, the fairest of all things, Beauty itself, the Divine, the Supreme Beauty. Object no more against him, and your union with him. Obj. 1. Say not, you are unworthy of him, it cannot be, that he should love Creatures so unlovely as you are. Ans. He, who would be your Bridegroom, will be your Beauty. What Bosom of the Highest, and Divinest Love are you not fit for, when he, who is the Highest, and Divinest Beauty is your Loveliness? What stains can appear in you, when the fairest Image from the Fountain of Love comprehending in itself innumerable Glories, all Divine, all Supreme, descendeth upon you, and wrappeth you up entirely in itself? Obj, 2. Say not, you are unfit, you cannot believe his Love, you cannot love him again, you shall never be pure, and lovely like him, to please him, to honour him. Ans. He, who effereth himself to be your Beauty, and Loveliness, will be your Lover, your Bridegroom. This Glorious Spirit the Life of all Divine Loveliness will be the Husband of your Spirits. All your Fruit shall be from him. He, who is the fairest Birth, and Image from the Fountain of Love, will be the Birth of all Spiritual, and Heavenly Beauties in you, of all Graces, Comforts, and Glories. He will be the lovely Image springing up, the root of Love, the heart of the Father into your whole Spirit, Soul, and Body. Object then no more. Make plain his way. Lay open your hearts to this Fesus, who cometh to be a Divine Beauty to thy Person, a Divine Bridegroom to thy Spirit, the Divine Birth of Faith, of Love, of all Graces, Glories, Joys, and Immortality in thee. He will be better to thee than all thy RighteRighteouties; sweeter to thee than all thy Lusts; Lovelier than all the Idols

of thine Eyes, and Heart; Fruitfuller than all thine hopes.

Use. 2. O Saints! Behold another of your rich Jewels. See here that Jewel. which when you wear, filleth Heaven, and Earth with the brightness, and sweetness of its light round about you; dazleth, blindeth, and confoundeth the Devils, that they cannot come near you to hurt you; attracteth, and draweth down the Angels from Heaven to gaze upon you, to admire you, to attend round about you, to encompass you, whithersoever you go; yea, allureth, ravisheth the heart of the Father himself, to come, and inhabit in you, saying in his Songs of Love: This is my Beloved Birth, my Beloved Bride, in whom my Soul is well pleafed. What is this Jewel of the Saints? It is the Righteousness of thy Justification. What is the Righteoulnels of a Saints Justification? It is this Jesus the fairest Birth of Divine Love, the fairest Image of all Loveliness in the Eternal Fountain of Love. the Bosom of the Father uniting himself to thee, and making himself thy Loveliness, making thee one fair Image of Divine Love, one Divine, and Supreme Beauty with himself. By vertue of this union thorow Faith; whereever he is seen, thy Person is seen together with that fairest Image of Divine Love in the Fountain of Love. Wherever thou art seen rightly, there together with thee, and in thy Person is seen this fairest Image of Divine Love in the open Fountain of Love, the Fathers Bosom. Thou art the Righteousness of God in Fesus Christ; Thou art the Birth, and Image of Divine Love in the fairest Birth, and Image of Divine Love in the midst of the Fountain of Love.

This is thy Beauty, thy Beloved, thy Jesus, Q Believer. Trust thy self to the perfection, and covering Glory of his Loveliness. Lie down in the Bosom of his Beauties. Seek all Births, and Images of Love, which ever have been, are, or can be dear to thy Soul in his Face the immortal Seat, and Eternal

Spring-season of thy self, and them.

4. Character. The Lord Jesus is the freshest Birth, and Image of Divine Love, that is, of the Divine Nature. The Father, the Love-Spring in Eternity speaketh to the Son, his Love-Birth thus: To day have I begotten thee, Psal.

2. The principal, and terminating sense of these words is the Eternal Generation of the Son in the Trinity. Eternity is one continued day, ever present, never past, never to come, above all Succession. So is the Generation of this Love-Birth ever perfect, ever present, never past. This is true from one end of Eternity to the other, if we may so speak of that, which hath neither Beginning, nor End, to day hath the Father begotten the Son. Eternity is Indivisible. All Asts, all Joys, all Things of Eternity are together at once, in one.

There are three Rules, which our Divines lay down concerning this Act of

the Generation of the Son by the Father in the Trinity.

1. Rule, This Birth of Divine Love is perfect from Eternity, perfectly sprung

sprung up, perfectly brought forth from the Fountain of Love, the Bosom of the Father. The reason of this is the Unity of the Divine Essence. The Divine Nature, the Essence of Love, the God-head is one, equally Eternal in the Father, and the Son.

2. Rule. The Lord fesus the lovely Image of Divine Love is ever in the Birth, ever newly rising up out of the Fountain of Love to Eternity. For the Act of Divine Generation, of the Divine Birth in the Mystery, and Trinity of Divine Love is Eternal, one continued Act from Eternity to Eternity.

3. Rule. This Birth, and Image of Divine Love, the Son ever lyeth in its Fountain, the Bosom of the Father. This ariseth from the Unity of the Essence, and the Union of the Persons in this glorious secret of Eternal Love. These Love-Persons in the same Love-Substance are ever distinct, never divided.

Hose. 6. 3. The coming forth of Christ, as the anointed, and anointing of Divine Love, is said to be, as the Merning. The Love-Birth of our fesus is in this sense, as the Morning. It is ever new, ever fresh, ever pleasant, as the lovely Summer-Morning in its sirst Sweetnesses, and Light, in its Virgin-Purities, and Pleasures. It was a Divine Sentence of a Holy, and learned Bishop in the primitive times: All that God doth from Eternity to Eternity, is the bringing forth of fesus Christ. The Lord fesus is at once a lovely morning for new, and fresh Sweetnesses; ever a glorious noon for the height of his Beauties, and the brightness of his light. He is a lovely Rose ever in the Bud, ever full-blown.

Use. I. Chuse Christ: Refuse the Creature. Take into your Bosom this Love-Birth of the Father. Cast out of your Bosom your own Love-Births in the Creature. All these are Flowers, which wither, and dye away, either upon their stalk, or in your hand. Every thing of the Creature declineth so soon, as it cometh to its height. The Lord fesus is ever the same, ever sull, ever fresh, a fruitful Autumn, and a floury spring both in one continually. This is your Inheritance Incorruptible, Undefiled, that passet not away, 1 Pet. 1.

Use. 2. Ever believe, as freshly, as freely, as at the first moment of your Conversion, as in the first Act of Believing. the Lord Jesus the ground and object of your Fairh is ever fresh, ever new. All thy Sins against the Spiritual Marriage-Bed of thine Heavenly Bridegroom in thine heart can make no impression upon him. He is New-born to thee from the unsearchable depths of Divine sweetness in the heart of the Father every moment. He springeth up a new Love-Birth in the Fountain of Love every moment with all his lovelinesses fresh, fair, and full, like a Rose new-blown; as if now alone they had first appeared.

5. Character. Jesus Christ in the sacred Trinity is the fullest Birth, and Image of Divine Love from the Father, the Fountain of Love. Our Saviour is called. The Power of God, I Corin. I. Whatever the Father hath brought forth from the Eternal spring of Love, of the God-Head; whatever he doth, whatever he

small, or can bring forth to Eternity, all is comprehended in this Love-Birth, in this Glorious, and full Image of Love, of God, Fesus Christ.

The Father, the Fountain of Love, the Supream Unity bringeth forth itfelf into all variety in this full Image of himself, his Son, that he may rest in

his Son, that his Joy may be full in him.

As the Father is the first Unity: so the Son is the first distinction, or variety. The first is the highest distinction, and variety, the fullest distinction, and variety; the Fountain of all distinctions and varieties. As the Father is the Unity of Love, the Love-spring; so the Son is the variety of Love, the entire Image of all Loves, and Lovelinesses. All things in Heaven, in Earth, and under the Earth lie together here in this Image, in the perfect Harmony of the Supreme Love, and Beauty, according to their proper distinctions, as

Branches of the first, the fairest, and the fullest variety.

Uie. 1. With all thy stock of Life, and abilities, Traffick for this great, and rich Pearl the Lord Fefus. His price is beyond that of Rubies. All thy defires cannot equal him. All Prices are comprehended in his Price. All precious things are in this Pearl. O that we understood with Spiritual Hearts, that we faw with Spiritual Eyes, that we rellished with a Spiritual tast this Love-Birth, this Image of Love, this variety of Love, the first, the full distinction, and variety, the Fountain of all distinctions, and varieties in the Person of Christ, we should then rejoice to see each dear, or displeasing object, each state, and circumstance of Life in its proper, and distinct Form, a distinct Form, a distinct Spirit of Divine Love, and Beauty, immortal shining in this Eternal Spirit; in this Heavenly Image; Love, and Loveliness itself; the first, the fullest variety, all variety in one entire, and All-glorious Form, the Fountain of variety, which is our Fesus. Ignatius being to die, said: Let Sword, Fire, wild Beasts, the Cross, breakings of all my bones, tortures thorow all my body; To I may find Christ, so I may gain Christ. If thou hast Fesus Christ, he is thy Garland; and all these are sweet-smelling, Immortal Flowers in thy Garland; he is thy Crown, all these are precious Stones, and Jewels in thy Crown. A Sword in Christ is a living Form, and penetrating power of Divine Love, dividing between Flesh, and Spirit, the Bone, and the Marrow in thee; piercing to the Bottom of thine heart, to open the Fountain of Eternal Life, and Joys in thee. The fire springing up in this Love-Birth is a flame of Love working thee into one Heavenly flame with itself, and to this end embracing thee, winding itself into all the secrets of thy Body, and Soul The Teeth of wild Beafts appearing in this Image of Divine Love are the Eternal Spirit, the Spirit of Love feafting upon thee, and then feafting thee upon itself. The Cross in this Garden of Love is a Tree of Eternal Love, thou art the fair, and fweet Fruit upon this Tree. The breakings of Bones looked upon in this mysterious Glass of all varieties, the Eternal Word, the Eternal Image of Love are no Wounds, but Divine Anointings. The tortures of the whole Body Body are the costly persume of Love poured forth upon the head of the Sa-

crificer, and running down all along to the hein of his Garments.

Use. 2. Hast thou fesus Christ? Care for nothing more In him are all things given thee richly to enjoy. If he be come to thee, look for no other thing. There is nothing can come after him. He is the full Birth, and Image of Divine Love. The vanity, and emptiness of the Creature is expressed by Solomon after this manner: What is that, which bath been? It is that, which is; and what is that, which is to come? It is that, which bath been, It is named already It is man.

So do thou express the variety, and fulness of Jesus Christ. So quench all other Loves in thee. What is that, which hath been? It is that, which is. What is that, which shall be? It is that, which hath been. It is all named in Jesus Christ. If thou hast Jesus Christ, thou art rich to God, thou hast all his Treasure. Now sing thy Soul to a Divine sleep, and rest in the Bosom of Divine Love with these words: go to rest, O my Soul. Thou hast all good things laid up for thee in the Person of thy Jesus to Eternity. The Bosom of the Father, the Fountain of Love is opened in thee. The Lord Jesus, the sull Birth, the full Image, the full variety of Love springeth forth from this Fountain for thee.

Poets say, that every Spring hath at the bottom of it a palace of Pearl, in which the Divinity, the God of this Spring dwelleth. God the Father is the Fountain of Love. The Lord Jefus riseth up in the rich depths of this Fountain, as the Palace of Eternity, composed of all variety in most precious Forms, and Figures; furnished with, inhabited by all variety in all Beautiful, and Heavenly Images; in the dress of all Divine entertainments; in the form of all Glorious, and Eternal Spirits flowing continually with all manner of Sweetnesses. O Saint! O Believer! Thou hast this Fountain, this Palace continually open in thee. Open thou the Eye of thy Faith. Look upon the Treasures of it; if thou canst number them, if thou canst comprehend them. Separate thy telf through desire kindled in thee by the strength of thy Faith, and thy Love. Descend into this Fountain. Dwell for ever in this Palace, and intermeddle with, enjoy all substance.

I have spoken of the two first Persons in the Trinity, I come now to the third.

3. Person. The Hely Spirit, the third Person in the Trinity is the Love-union between the Love-Spring, and the Love-Birth; the Father, and the Son. The Holy Ghost h the his name from Breathing. Eternal Love distinguishing itself into two Persons, the Father, and the Son, from both these by a conspiration of Love doth breath forth itself into one third person, the Holy Spirit, in which they both stand two distinct Persons in one third Person, which is the Love-union, the golden Marriage knot of them both. The Holy Spirit is frequently expressed in Scriptures by an Ointment. Several rich Spices breath forth themselves into one costly ointment. The Spices all meet in one precious Form, in which they still retain their own distinct forms; the sweetnesses, and vertues of

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the several Spices breath forth themselves into one pleasant persume, in which all the several sweetnesses remain distinct, mutual penetrating, and insuling each the other in that one sweetness distinct from them all. So the Father, and the Son by the torce, and mystery of Divine Love, breath forth themselves into one distinct Person, the Holy Ghost, in which they also remain distinct, distinctly, and mutually, penetrating, possessing, enjoying the Persons of each other, with their Properties, Powers, Sweetnesses, and Beauties in that one. This one is distinct from both, because it comprehendeth both distinctly in one. This is the Love-union between the Fountain, and the Birth,

or Image of Divine Love.

It is a saying, which Thomas Aquinas citeth from St. Austin: Whatever there is of Sweetness, of Pleasantness, of Complacency, of Delight, of Joy, of Love, of Loveliness, of Agreeableness, of Suitableness, of Harmony any where; it is the Holy Ghost. The reason is this: All Colours with their several Beauties are the mixtures of shade, and light. Children are the Parents united. So every thing of Love, or Beauty; every Divine Work, and Operation thorow Heaven, and Earth is the Love-union between the Father, the Fountain of Love, and this lovely Image, which is both the Birth, and the Bride of Love, of the Father. All Pleasantness, all Divine Acts of Creation, and Providence with their several Lights, Lives, Loves, and Vertues are this Love-union in its lovely extent, and vast variety. The Psalmist saith of God: Thou hast stretched out the Heavens by thy Breath, by thy Spirit. The Heavens are the Beauty, the Pleasantness, and Joy of the Divine Appearance, and the Divine Operation, which is the Love-Image, and the Love-Birth every where.

U/e. 1. Pray, O Christians, for the Heavenly Eye-salve of the Holy Ghost to anoint the Eyes of your minds. What Bleffed fights shall you then see every where? What Heavenly Visions of Divine Love, and Beauty upon the Spiritual Bed of Eternal Love shall you meet with in every object? In every work of God, in every act of Providence you will see the high, and glorious Trinity; the adored, and amiable mystery of Eternal Love; the three Beautiful, and Bleffed Persons of this Trinity, of this mystery; the Father, the Fountain of Love, the Son the Fathers Lovely Birth, Bride, in their Loveunion, on their Heavenly Marriage-Bed figuring themselves, and shining with the naked, substantial Glory thorow the Figure. You will say to the sweetness of every Flower, to the Beauty of every prospect in your walks: this is the Love-union between the Father, and the Son; this is the fruit of the Marriage-Bed, on which the Father of Loves, and his Lovely Image his Son, and his Bride lie eternally embracing each other. This is the perfume, this is the lustre of the holy Spirit. You will say of every Sickness, Sorrow, and Death. Here also is the Love-mion. These also are Love-Births, Love-Images from the Marriage-Bed of Love in Eternity. These also are Doves with Wings of Silver, and Feathers of Gold from that Mother-Dove, the Holy Spirit, the LoveLove-Marriage between the Father, and the Son in the most holy Triving Use. 2. Give Glory to the Persons of this blessed Trinity, to this mystery of Divine Love continually. Dost thou perceive any good principle in Grace, or nature putting forth itself in thee. Give thanks, and say: This is the Father, the Fountain of Divine Love opening himself, and springing in me. Dost thou seel any sweet Appearance of Truth, or Goodnets, Light or Love in thy Spirit? Rejoyce, and say, this is the Son, the Love-Birth, the Love-Image, the Lord Jesus rising up from his Fountain, the Bosom of the Father in me. If there be any Vertue, any Power, any Pleasantness, any Joy, any Life of Love: lift up thine heart, and hands on high, say: This is the Love-union, the Love-knot in the most high, and Holy Trinity; this is the Holy Spirit, the Marriage Bed of the Eternal Bridegroom, and Bride, the Father of all Loves, the Image of all Lovelinesses. This is thy high, and Heavenly Marriage-Bed, which is now Green, flourishing, and fruitful in me.

Use. 3. Let this be the mark, at which thou aimest, O Believer, to be taken up into this Love union, into this Eternal Marriage-Bed; to be one with

the Father, and the Son, as they are one in the Unity of the Spirit.

I have now finished the last Argument for the confirmation of that proposition, God is Love. The Argument was this; The mystery of the Trinity is a mystery of Divine Love. Let me conclude this Argument with one general Use.

Use. Hold fast the Doctrine of the Holy Trinity. Study it with humble, pure, Spiritual understandings, with the Scriptures in your Eye, as your mark to guide you in your way, with the Holy Ghost in your heart, as your Light of

Life, to discern your mark, your way, and your end.

It is a deep, and Divine contemplation, that of a Learned, Acute, and Heavenly Person: God hath two Boxes, in which he hath laid up his Jewels; the Incarnation, and the Trinity. God hath opened one Box, the Incarnation. There we have seen rich, and sparkling Jewels in the union between the Divine and Humane Nature here below, God manifested in Fiesh. But O! What Jewels shall we see, what Loves, what Glories, what Unions, when God shall open his other Box of the Trinity, when we shall see God justified in the

Spirit?

The Trinity is the Supream, the Soveraign mystery of the Gospel; the foundation of fair Colours, upon which all evangelical mysteries are built; the Fountain in Eternity, from which they flow. Then shall we understand all mysteries, when God shall take the vail from before this, which is the entire, and clear-shining Face of the God-Head. Here is the Supream Unity the Fountain of all Love, Life, and Light. Here is the variety of Love, and of Life, in its fairest Light, in its first, and fullest Image. Here is the Love-union, the rich Treasury, the curious Spring, the golden Band of all Unions, Motions, Pleasures, and Joys. Blessed is he, who with Eyes washed in this Fountain

Ccc2 looketh

looketh into it, seeth himself, and all Divine Mysteries there Unvailed. St. Austin withed to have seen Christ in the Flesh. O how much more Divine, and B'essed a Spectacle is it to see Christ in the Spirit, that is, in the Glory of the Trinity, the Three Persons in One with all their Eternal Beauty, fully, and freely displayed. Pray for, Wait for, Look up continually into the Heights, and Lights of the Spirit for this sight.

I have now brought to an End my last Description of Divire Love, which is the Divine Nature. God is Love. I will sear up this Sweet, and Soveraign

Truth of the Gospel with One Use.

Use. If you will be Children of God, be Children of Love. God is Love. Love is the Divine Nature in God, and in all His Holy Ones. 1. Beware of Lust, the Corruption of Love. 2. Beware of Passion the Contrariety to Love.

I. Beware of Lust the Corruption of Love. The Corruption of the best Thing is the Worst. All Lust is Love degenerated, Love Corrupted. Love is the Best of all things. Love in its purity, at its Height, is the Godhead in God. Lust is the Formality, and Essence of the Devil, as he is a Devil. St. Jude teacheth us; that slessly Lusts are the similitude of that First sin of the

Faln Spirits, which made them of Angels Devils.

Ixion in the Poets loved a Goddes, in the place of whom he embraced a Cloud formed into the Shape of a Divine Beauty. Thus he became the Father of the Centaures, half Men, half Beasts. Then he was cast into hell where he is fastened to a Wheel turning continually round, on which he istormented day, and night. This Porable is meant of thee, O Lustful Spirit: Thou wert made for Divine Love, for the Love of the Divine Beauty. Thou hast changed this Love into various Lusts. Thou desilest thy self with Shadows, Clouds of Darkness formed into the Empty Snapes of Beauty. Instead of the Divine, and Humane Nature in the Blessed Harmony of an Immortal Union, all thy Births, all thy Production are Horrid hateful monsters; Man, Beast, and Devil all in One Spirit, in One Ferson. Thy end is the Endless Circle of thy Lusts, and of the Divine wrath, as the Wheel of Eternity, a Wheel of Fire, holding thee sast tied to it, and torturing thee without any Rest, or Period.

2 Beware of Passion the Contrariety to Love. Sampson tied Foxes together by their Tails with Firebrands between them. So he sent them forth to burn up the standing Corn of the Philistines in the Fields. O men! when ye fall from the Wisdom of God into the Subtlety of the Serpent, you become Foxes, not Men. Your Luss, your Carnal Interests are your Tayls, by which you are tied together in all your Unions, and Commerce; your Passions are Fire-brands sastned to your Tayls. Thus the Devil sendeth you forth to deface, and consume the Beauties, the Peace, the Comforts each of other, of the whole Creation round about you. Behold the true Figure of Passionate Persons, whose Wrath, Envy, Hatred, Malice are Fire-brands Kindled from Hell,

and fastned to their Lusts, as to their tails, in which they carry them burning

about thorow all things.

In the Holy of Holies was placed a Mercy-Seat all of Beaten Gold, the Throne of Grace, the Throne of Love. Out of this Throne of one piece with it, rose up two Cherubims of Beaten Gold. They stretched forth their Wings they set their faces one to the other. They together looked down to the Mercy-Seat. This is the Heavenly Figure of your Christ, and you, O ye Children of Love, in your Love-Union, and Spiritual Communion. God in Christ, Christ in the Glory of the Father is the Golden Mercy-Seat, the Throne of Love. The Saints are the Cherubims, the Children of Love rising, up from the Throne of Love, of one piece of Gold, of one Love-Spirit with it. With their Faces, their Divine part they look one to another, and maintain a mutual society. They spread their Hearts, their Spiritual understandings, their Spiritual affections to each other, and so meet, so embrace. With united Spirits they look down to the Throne of Love in the midst of them, out of which they grow up together, from which they continually draw fresh Beams, fresh Love, Life, and Joy.

O Saints, O Holy Souls be rooted in Love, grow up our of this Throne of Love, Shine forth with Faces of Love, spread forth wings of Love. Be in all things one piece, one pure Gold of Divine Love with the Throne of

Love, the Divine Nature. For God is Love.

I am now come to the period of my discourse upon the first part of my Doctrine; The Love of God.

The second part is the Effusion, or pouring forth of Divine Love.

I shall express this to you by fix Properties. The Love of God is poured forth in Jesus Christ. 1. Freely. 2. Purely. 3. Plentifully. 4. Powerfully.

5. Essentially. 6. Eternally.

1. Property The Love of God is peured forth in Jesus Christ freely. 2 Sam. 7. 21. David is brought in, as a Type of Jesus Christ. He sitteth in the Temple before the Lord, when he was settled in his Kingdom, and at the height of his Kingly Glory. Thus Jesus Christ sitteth upon his Throne in the highest Heavens before his Father. He discourseth to his Father of the wonders of his Fathers Love, and his own Glory. What is my Fathers House, that thou hast brought me hitherto? v. 18. I was a Man, a poor Creature, a Worm of the Earth, Earthy, as the Dust of the Earth, as low, as the neathermost parts of the Earth was empty, and void, when darkness covered the face of it: This was my Fathers House. Yet thou hast brought me hitherto, thou hast brought me to thy right Hand, far above all Principalities, and Powers, all Heavens to thy Throne. Thou hast given me a new Name above every Name, a Name, that eminently comprehenderh all Names in it; a Name, that infinitely transcendeth all Names. Thus Love is poured forth in Christ.

Fesus

Tesus Christ goeth on in the Person of David. And this was yet a small thing in thy sight; O Lord God; thou hast spoken of thy Servants House for a great while to come, v. 19. This, O my Father, which thou hast wrought so wonderfully; these mighty Works, these Miracles of Divine Love, and Glory in my Person seem a small thing to thee. Thou hast spoken of my House, my Church, my Members, my Seed to reign with me in the same Kingdom of Glory to Eternity.

Then Fesus Christ raiseth this Love to the highest point of Admiration, to a state of transcendency above the capacity, and comprehension of all Humane Hearts, of all Created understandings. Is this the manner of Man, O Lord God! Is there any thing among Men, in the compass of the Creation, to which this Love can be likened, or with which it can be compared? Is there any where any Image, Figure, or Resemblance of such a design, such a work

of Love, and Glory?

Thus Love is poured forth in the Person of the Lord Jesus. See now, how freely it is poured forth. According to thine own heart hast thou done all this, v. 21. Indeed he bringeth in first; For thy Words sake; for thy Promise; for thy Sons sake, thine Eternal Word, thine Essential Image, the Ground of thy Promise; the Subject of thy Love, and Design; the Pattern, and Model of thy Work. But this word springeth from that Root, to which all is ultimately referred; the Heart of God; According to thine own Heart hast thou done all this.

The Heart of God is the Fountain of living Loves, which springeth up freely of its own accord to Eternal Joys, and Glories in the Person of Christ.

The Love of God in Christ receiveth its Beginning, Force, Form, Fashion, and Finishing from the Heart of the Father. All the Works of God are said in the Epistle to the Hebrews, to have been Finished from the Beginning of the World. All the Loves of God, all the Works of Divine Love manifested, and wrought in the Blessed Person of our Lord Jesus were finished from Eternity in the heart of his Father.

All Tides are from the Æstuation of the Sea. The Sea boyling up from its Bottom, as it riseth, and dilateth itself, poureth forth floods of Waters into all Rivers which run along in the Bosom of the Earth. The Heart of God is the great Sea of Love. This from its own Divine Heat, Height, and Fulness filleth

all Spirits with its Heavenly Floods in the Bosom of Fesus Christ.

The Will in the Soul is said by a learned Man to be Amplitudo Intellectus,

the understanding in its full extent.

The Love of God poured forth upon the Person of Christ, and upon all the Saints, u pon all things in him, is Amplitudo Cordis Divini, the largeness of Gods Heart, the Heart of God in its sull extent, and latitude. So David addeth in the same place, that God doth all this to show his Greatness, the Greatness of his Heart; for he saith; This is to make thy Servant know; v. 21.

To

To display thy self, to draw a perfect draught of thy self in the Person of Christ. In what? The next verse expresses it. Wherefore thou art Great. v. 22.

James 1. 5. God is said to give to all men liberally, and to upbraid none. Love is implyed in the gift; Freedom in the liberality, and gentleness without reproach. The Person of Christ is signified in the universality; All Men. Christ is one among the rest of Men, Christ is the Fulness of Mankind. He took not upon him the Person, but the nature of man, unrestrained to any particular Person. His Humane Nature was not a Branch, or an Apple, but the Apple-Tree.

There are two expressions, which Sr. James makethuse of here to set forth

the Freedom of Divine Love in the effusions of it.

1. He giveth Liberally. The Word in Greek is Simply, without any Referve; without any Division of the Heart. Simplicity is Unity; The Intentness of the Mind upon One Thing. The heart of God, All the Thoughts of his heart, All the Powers of the Godhead, All the Divine Attributes are united, and intended upon This One Thing alone; Love poured forth on the Person

of the Lord Fesus.

Simplicity is without Alteration, or Composition. The heart of God is single in this, Natural, unchangeable. This is the One Thing, the Onely Thing of God's heart. This is the Simplicity of the Divine Operations from Evernity to Eternity; The Effusion of Love in the Person of Christ There may be many Shadows, many Vails; many Windings: But this is the Simplicity, the naked Face of the Divine Design, of the Divine Work from the Beginning to

the End; as it lieth in the heart of God.

2. Upbraiding none To upbraid, is to object some Evil, as an Argument of withholding some Act of Love, or exercising some Act of Wrath. Febr. 1. 2. 9. Jesus Christ is called the Lamb, which taketh away (algest, tollit, taketh up, beareth) the Sins of the World. When the Father was to pour forth his Love upon Christ he did not reproach him saying; Thou hast the Sins of all the World upon thee. Thou half upon thee Millions of Whoredomes, Adulteries, Incests, Treasons, Witchcrafts, Murthers, Idolatries, Rebellious Blaspemies, Horrid Profanenesses, Apostalies, Spiritual wickednesses in Heavenly, Angelical, DivineForms, the properSins of Devils. Thou hast many Davids, Amnons, Ablaloms, Manassebs, Mary Magdalens, many Peters, many Judas's in thee; and comest thou to me for Love? How can I give thee my Love? Instead of this. when he is Baptized into that publick Ministry, in which he professedly beareth the Sins of all the World before Men and Angels, in which he beareth the Person of the greatest Sinners, that ever were in the open Eye of Heaven; Heaven openeth upon him, the God-Head descendeth upon him visibly in a living Form of Love, in the Form of a Dove; a voice cometh to him from the Father: This is my Beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased.

St. Paul saith; Love thinketh no Evil. Solomon saith; Love covereth All Sin. When the Father should express Love to Christ in the Person of a Sin-

ner; he doth not object thy Unloveline's, thy Filth, thy want of Love, thy enmity; neither to deny Love, nor to make the manner of expressing love less sweet, less lovely. No. As the Sea, when it sloweth covereth all the Sand on the Shore round about, with Multitudes of deep Waters, so God, when he poureth forth his love in Jesus Christ drowneth Eternally the innumerable multitudes of thy Sins with mighty, and unfathomable Seas of Love, which never return to leave them naked, or bare to any Eye any more for ever.

God poureth forth his Love in Jesus Christ freely; that is. 1. Naturally.

2. Nakedly. 3. Indifferently.

1. God poureth forth his Love in Christ Naturally, Mat. 3. 17. This is my Beloved Son; in whom I am well pleased. Every Faculty, or Power is carried forth naturally to its proper object. Fesus Christ is the proper object of the Fathers Love.

The most persect work of Nature in every thing is to bring forth its like. Then nothing so Naturally, so Powerfully attracteth love, so delighteth, as this similitude doth. The most persect, and perpetual Act of the Divine Nature in the Father is to bring forth the most persect Image of himself in the Persen of Christ; then to pour forth himself in all Divine Loves, and Pleasures into his Bosom.

Pleasure accompanieth all natural operations. Pleasure naturally draweth every Spirit. Fesse Christ draweth the Heart of the Father, all his love entirely to himself; because the Father is pleased in him. He is the Rest, and Joy of his Father.

Three Things follow upon This I aturalness of the Father's Love in Christ;

I. Sweetnes; 2. Force; 3. Duration.

1. Sweetness. That is ever Sweetest, which is most Natural. Live Honey is most esteemed; because it droppeth Naturally of its own accord from the Honey-Comb. Thou, who hungrest after the Love of God, lye down in the arms of thy fesus. There Love will drop and fall from the Heart of the Father into the Mouth of thy Spirit, as Freely, as Naturally, as Sweetly, as the

Live Honey from the Hony-Comb.

2. Force. That, which is Natural, hath the Greatest Force in it. Every Natural Agent worketh to the utmost of its Power. Thou, who wantest Love, be found in fesus Christ. As the Sun every moment poureth forth All his Beams from every part of him because he shineth Naturally: so will the Father pour forth himself in Mil ions of Loves from every Point of his Heart, of his Godhead; he will pour forth himself in All his Loves; he will pour forth himself All in Loves upon Thee in fesus Christ. For the Father, as Naturally sloveth in fesus Christ; as the Sun shineth.

3. Duration. Nothing violent, unnatural continueth. Psel 30. 5. His anger endureth but a moment. In his favour there is Life. Clouds, and Storms last not long. They are a violence upon the Air, and Præternatural to it. Calms,

Serenities and Clear Sunshines, are its Natural State. Clouds, and Storms of wrath are a Force upon the Divine Nature, Strange to it, a Disguise upon it. The Blessed Calms, Serenities, and Sun-shines of Loves of Love are its proper State. Comfort thy self then, O afflicted Soul! The rain will be over; the storm will be pass't away. The sweet, and clear, the Golden, the Glorious smiles of Love will return after the Storm, and Rain. These will rest the Last in the Face of God, and upon thy Spirit. Wrath is but for a moment; at longest the moment of this Life, this Shadow, this short Dream of Lifes. The

Truth of Life, the Perpetuity of Life, Eternity is for Love.

2 God poureth forth his Love in Christ Nakedly. John. 3. 34 God giveth him his Spirit without Measure. The Spirit is Love in a Living Person, in its Eternal Substance, in its Native Seat, in its Unlimited Freedom; as Light in the Sun. God saith to the Lord Jesus; I will not stand to measure out my Love to thee. Take it All. I will not give thee a Jewel out of my Cabinet; but my Cabinet of Jewels. I will not give thee an Apple of Love off from the Tree; but the Tree of Love, with all tipe, and pleasant Fruits of Love, hanging upon it. I will not give thee some Spice from the Island; but the Island of Spices, the Land of Loves, where they grow, and increase eternally. I will give thee the Infinite, Eternal Spirit of Love himself, where all the Treasures of Love are without number, measure, or End.

The Face of Divine Love in Jojus Christ hath no Vail upon it, though never so thin; no Cloud upon it though never so fine: No. Its Love shineth forth in Jesus Christ with a nated face; in its Scrength, with all its Beauties,

all its Sweetnesses.

Thou, who art weary, who art heavy laden with any Debt, any Burthen of Guilt, Sin, or Sorrow; come lay thy head upon this Pillow, the Naked heart of God in the Naked Bosom of Jesus Christ. Here thou wilt sleep, and thy sleep will be sweet to thee; thou wilt forget thy Debts, and Cares; thou wilt feel no weight, no burthen upon thee any more.

3. The Love of God poureth forth itself in Christ Indifferently, that is, 1.

Without Distinction; 2. Without Condition.

1. The Love of God poureth forth itself in Christ without Distinction. John. 3. 16. God so loved the World, that he gave his onely-begotten Son; that whose ever believeth in him, should not perish; but should have everlasting Life. Let all Sinners, let all the Sou's of all Mankind hear this. All Persons, all States, and D. grees; the Persons of all Sinners, All States, and Degrees of Sin are Alike to the Love of God in Fesus Christ. It findeth no Distinctions. It maketh All Distinctions by its own Election, Descent, and Operation. It taketh away all Distinctions by putting the greatest Comeliness upon the most uncomely parts; by pouring torth itself in the greatest Loveliness upon the unloveliest parts; by teing Infinite in the Essusion of itself upon Every Part of Christs Body. The First Matter is said by learned men to be a Deep of Emptiness, and Darkness.

Darkness, a meer Possibility, a Pure Passiveness to all Forms of Things. Such Matter, such a Subject is every Soul to the Divine Love in Christ. Every Soul is in itself a great Deep covered with the Blackness of a Darkness. But it is to This Love a meer Possibility, a Pure Passiveness. It cannot actuate itself to a Complyance, or a Resistance. Love cometh to it, as its Form, insuseth itself into it, penetrateth thorow the whole Substance of it, silleth it in every Part. Love reigneth Powerfully over it, reigneth gloriously in it; maketh it a Kingdom of Love; maketh it a Lovely Queen to itself standing at its own right hand, reigning, and ruling together with itself in this New Kingdom of Love.

Rom. 5. 20. Where Sin abounded, there Grace hath abounded much more Seas, and rivers have their High-Water Marks. Thus far their Waters come, when they are higheft, but no further. The Sea of Divine Love in the Bosom of Christ hath no High-Water Mark, no Bound; Thus far Love shall flow, thus high its pure and sweet Waves shall rise, to wash, to make white, to make new, to overslow, Sinners of such Circumstances; But beyond this no Love shall pass, to Sins of such aggravations, of so deep, and soul a Dye; to Sins against so much Light, so much Love; to Sins so often repeated after so many new Repentances, new Resolutions; to Sins so black, so bloody, No; The Love of God is without Distinction; to all Sins, and over all Sinners in Jesus Christ. If It maketh any Difference; It sloweth first, It riseth highest there where Sin hath most abounded; that there It may be most Gloristied. The Love of God in Jesus Christ maketh the greatest Sinners its Patterns to all the World of Men, and Angels; Its Master-pieces to Eternity.

I Tim. 1. 15. God had mercy on me the Chiefest of Sinners; that I might be an Ensample to all that shall believe in ages to come; saith St. Paul. The holy Apostle doth not speak vainly, when he calleth himself The Chief of Sinners. he speaketh the truth in the Holy Ghost, and lyeth not. He setteth himself, as a Light on a high Watch-Tower, to all thorow all ages, that shall sail upon Seas of Lust, in a dark Night of Ignorance, and Unbelief, exposed to Storms of Wrath. He inviteth them to make thither, there they shall be safe, they shall find rest, they shall find a Haven of Divine Love in the Bosom of Jesus Christ desended by the Rocks of Eternity, the Divine Attributes

from every wind.

No Veffel will fear want of water there, where it feeth the greatest Ship of the greatest burthen, deepest loaden which draweth the greatest depth of waters, to sail safely. St. Paul being dead yet speaketh to the greatest Sinners in every age after this manner. Behold a Sea of Love, a Channel of Love the Love of God poured forth in the Bosom of Fesus Christ. My self the greatest Sinner deepest loaden with Sin, and Guilt, who draw the greatest depth of Love, have here found Love enough, unfathomable Love, on which I have bin carried safely, triumphantly unto that Flourishing Land of Glory, where now I feast continually with all Blessed Spirits in the midst of all Incorruptible

ble Beauties, and Joyes. Let no finner ever after me doubt to trust himself to this Channel, to put himself upon this Sea of Love in the Bosom of the Lord Jesus. Thus the Love of God poureth forth itself without Distinction in the Glorified Person of our Blessed Saviour.

2. The Father poureth forth his Love in Christ Indifferently, that is, With-

out Condition.

1. The Love of the Father dependeth upon no Conditions between himself, and his Son; the Father doth not say to Christ; I will pour forth my Love in thee for Sinners; but upon this Condition, that thou make thy Soul an offering for Sin; that thou satisfie my Justice and my Wrath; that thou take upon thee to make them capable of my Love, suitable to me in Holines, and Spirituality. All, that the Lord Jesus hath done, or suffered is no Condition, but Consequent of the Father's Love. Love is the Sea: These are the many Springs, by which it variously boileth up, the many Streams, and Windings, in which it playeth with itself, as it runneth along in this Earthly Image, until it return into the Sea, itself again, from whence it came.

The Lord Jesus testifieth; The Words, which I speak, are not mine, but the

Father's. He doth the Works.

It is the First, the Supreme Love itself, which shut up itself in Flesh, which was made Flesh; It is That Love, which weepeth bleedeth, dyeth; which hangeth upon the Cross, lieth in the Grave. It is that Love, which riseth again, maketh itself a Spirit, ascendeth up on high, taketh to itself Its First, and great Glory. It is that Love, which, as a Spirit, cometh to thee Invisibly, by day, and by Night; which is now with thee Invisibly, wooing thee in all Forms, in Its Blood, in Its Beauties, by all means working itself into thine heart. It is The Love of the Father, That Love, which is the Onely Father, which doth all the Works, which speaketh all the Words in the Person of the

Lord Fefus.

It is the same Gold which is stampt in several pieces, with several Images, to make Crowns Angels, Twenty shilling Pieces. Coin, and Currant Money for Traffick. The Incarnation, Active Obedience, Sufferings, Resurrection, Intercession of the Lord Jesus; his Presence, his Powers, his Operations in the Spirit are All The same Gold, The same Divine Love in several Forms bearing several Figures, for Trassick, and Commerce between God, and the Creature. When thou presentest to God the Blood, the Glory, the Intercession, the Spiritual Operations, the Graces of the Lord Jesus; thou settest before him, his Love, himself in various Manners, in various Mysteries. The Onely Coin, the Onely Currant Money, the Onely Means of Commerce in the Kingdom of Heaven, is Love, the First Supreme, Erernal Love, the Gold of Eternity, the most high, and most Glorious Unity in all varieties, stampt with all Figures.

2. The Father in giving his Love maketh no Condition with Sinners. He doth not fay; I give thee my Love for that Sinner upon Condition that he be hum-

bled, that he accept of my Love, that he believe in thee. The Gospel is a Covenant of Grace. The Covenant is All Love. The Covenant is Compleat in the Person of Christ, who is The Divine Love, Eternal Love in a Divine, Infinite, Eternal Person. I have given him, saith the Lord by the Prophet Esarah, for a Covenant to the Nations.

All Preparations, Qualifications, Acceptations are not Conditions of This. Love, but Infallible Consequents; not Causes, without which the Covenant

hath no Force; but Irrelistible, Immutable Effects of it.

By Grace ye are faved: Ephel. 2. The whole Work of our Salvation from the Begining to the End, from the first Design in Eternity to the last Act in

Eternity is Pure Love.

Divine Love shineth in upon a Dark Spirit, Enlightneth, Awakneth, Convinceth it by Its own Heavenly Brightness. Divine Love burneth up, flameth in a Defiled, Dead heart, raifeth a Divine Life, and Sense in it, melteth it.confuncth its Drofs, maketh it new.

The Love of the Father in the Bosom of the Lord Jesus is the Golden Mine, out of which a Saint is first taken: the Flaming Mint, where he is Melted,

refined, made pure Gold, and stamp't with the Divine Image.

Rev. 1. 5. 6. He, faith St John of our Lord Jefus, bath loved us, and washed us in his own blood, and made us Kings, and Priests to God his Father. The Love of the Father in the heart of Christ is our onely Fountain. All the Blood, which streameth from the Wounds of Christ to wash us, runneth down from this Fountain. This Love is the Costly Ointment running down upon all our

Persons, anointing us for Priests, and Kings.

Poor Soul, which lyest in thy Sins, which lyest a Slave in Chains, at the bottom of a Dark, Deep, and Miry Dungeon, The Love of the Father in the Person of the Lord Jesus cometh to thee; It taketh thee into itself, as a Bath of most pretious Blood, in which It cleanseth thee from all thy fifth, cherisheth all thy parts bringeth thee to thy self, to a Divine Beauty, to a Divine Warmth, Enfe, and Life. This Love fetteth itself, as a Priestly, and Kingly Crown upon thy Head. It infuseth itself, as a Priestly, and Kingly Spirit, into thee. It changeth itself in thine Iron Chains into Bracelets of Go'd upon thee; in thy Dungeon into a Temple, and Palace: It filleth thee, this Temple, this Palace, round about thee with Its own clear, and Proper Appearance in the Glory of God. Thus it dwelleth with thee Eternally. Thus the Love of the Father in the heart of Christ, softneth, enliveneth, washeth thee with Its own Blood, maketh thee by itself, a Priest, and King to itself Eternally.

I have done with the First Froperty in the Estusion of Divine Love; Freedom. Use. 1. The Gospel is compared to a Marriage-Feast for a King's Son. God the Father is The King: His Son is the Bridegroom: Eternal Love attended with all The Lovelinesses, and Joys of That Love are The Feast. Thou, O Man, O Sinner, Thy Soul is invited to this Feast of Love, not onely to be a The

Guest, but The Beautiful, Blessed Bride.

The Ministers, the Angels, The Spirit of Love himself are sent forth, as Embassadours, to bring thee to This Marriage.

I. Obj. Say not, I am Unworthy, Unlovely, in my Sins, and shame.

Answ. This Love is free. It seeketh not, but bringeth Loveliness along with it. This Love is itself The Wedding-Garment, and the Marriage-Crown. This Feast, as thou eatest, giveth thee strength, Beauty, and a Right to it. This Feast of Love maketh Its Guest. This Marriage of Love maketh a Bride.

Obj. 2. How can I leave my precious, and pleasant Things for This

Love?

Anjw. Canst thou not part with a single, dying Flower in thy hand for a Root of Flowers to set in thine heart, in thy Garden? The Love of God is The

Root of all Precious and Pleasant Things in Eternity.

Canst thou not part with a Shadow for the Substance, a Picture for the Life, a Counterfeit for the Truth, a glass Diamond, or Pearl, for a right Diamond, the true Pearl? All thy Pleasant Things here are Shadows, Pictures, counterfeits; This Love is All Pleasantnesses, all Preciousnesses in their Substance, Life, Truth.

Obj. 3. I am weak. I shall dishonour This Love ; I shall be disloyal to It. I

shall return to my Lusts.

Anl. This Love requireth no Qualifications, but worketh all. Give up thy self to be the Creature of This Love. This Love will make Thee a Heavenly Bride to itself out of Nothing, out of Contrariery, Enmity, This Love will be both a new, a Divine Creation of Thee; and a Continual Preservation. This Preservation shall be a Continued Creation of Love. Resign thy self to This Love, which is the onely Fountain of Life, and of all Loveliness.

Use 2. Love again. Who planteth a Vine, and drinketh not of the Wine? The Father planteth Jesus Christ, his Love, his Vine in thy Soul. Let him drink of the Wine of thy Loves. Love thy God with the same Freedom, Simplicity, and Sweetness, with the Same Naturalness, Nakedness, and Force, with which

he loveth Thee.

Use 3. Love one another, as God loveth you. Pour forth all your Love into the Bosom of Christ. There let it run into the Bosom of every Saint, of every Creature. There love one another without Distinction, without Condition, Freely receive one another into, embrace one another in the Riches of the Grace, and Glory of Jesus Christ, as the Father receiveth, and embraceth you.

Use4. Abide in the Love of the Father.

1. Abide in the Father's Love by Faith in the Lord Jesus. The Gloristed Person of Christ is the Land of Life, the Land of Love; the Love of the Father is the Sweetness, and Fatness of this Land. Faith is the root of thy Soul in this Pleasant Land. By Faith thy Soul is vitally fixed in this Divine Soil, in the midst of all the Sweetnesses, and Pretious Sap of Divine Love. By Faith thou drawest the rich heart of this Glorious Earth the Love

of The Father to thy felf. Thou feedest upon It, nourishest thy felf by It, and

growest up to an Entire Tree of Love.

2. Abide in this Love by holiness. Holiness is the lovely Fruit, which springeth up out of the Love of the Father, and is Its Food. Holiness, is the Purity of the Spirit, by which the flame of heavenly Love liveth, and spreaded itself there. Holiness is the Spiritual Chastity of the Soul to her heavenly Bridegroom.

3. Abide in the Father's Love by keeping his Commandments. The Commands of the Father are Beams of Love, which he shooteth into our Bosoms. Obedience to them is the Reception of these Beams, and the Reflection of them

back again into the Bosom of God.

Obedience is the Activity of Divine Love enlarging itself freely in our

Souls. If it be contracted, or shut up, it goeth out.

4. Abide in the Father's Love by the Peace of your Spirits. Peace of Spirit is a Heavenly Calms, and Serenity, which freely receiveth, and preserveth entire the Beams, and Sunshine of Divine Love. Passions are Clouds and Storms, which cut off, and darken the Beams of Love. The Spirit of Love resteth not

upon an Angry, or Melancholy Man.

5. Abide in the Father's Love by Spiritual Joy. Joy is Love flaming. One faith; that Laughter is the Dance of the Spirits, their freest Motion in Harmony; and that the Light of the Heavens, is the Laughter of Angels. Spiritual Joy is the Laughter of Divine Love, of the Eternal Spirit, which is Love, in our Spirits. True Joy is Eternal Love, the Eternal Spirit in Its Freest Motions, in Its fullest Harmony, and Complacency in our Spirits.

6. Abide in the Love of the Father by Heavenliness. The Presence of God in his Wrath is hell. The Presence of God in his Love is Heaven. Love is the Sunshine of the Godhead sweetning, and guilding all things round about It after a Divine Manner; as this Sun doth these Skies. So far, as thou abidest in a Heavenly Image of Things, where every Object is covered with an Immortal

Pleafantness, and Glory; thou abidest in the Love of God.

7. Abide in the Father's Love by Spirituality. Love is an Union. The highest Love is the highest Unity, the Unity of the highest Spirit. In the Unity of this Spirit all things are Spirit of this Spirit. All Varieties in this Unity of the Spirit are Spirits, Divine, Eternal Spirits of this Supreme Spirit, in this Supreme Spirit; Supreme, Eternal Loves from the womb, in the Bosom of this Supreme Love. Abide in This Palace of Love, The Unity of the Spirit. Let this be thine Eternal habitation. Be continually here in the Sweet, and Bleffed Society of Beautiful, Pure, Eternal Spirits; Living, Immortal Loves. Behold, Converse with all things within Thee, without Thee in these Forms. So shalt thou abide in the Love of the Father, as It is poured forth in the Glorified Person of the Lord Fefus. So Th's Love shall guide Thee, as thou walkest, into Fields of Light, and Divine Pleafures, into the Gardens of the Divine Nature. This Love shall talk with Thee, when Thou wakelt, as Moses, and Elias talked with Fesus Christ.

Christ, in the Transfiguration, of the Departure out of every other Image of things, into this Paradise of Love flowing with all the Joyes of Life, and Love in the heavenly Form of Christ. So This Love shall keep thee, when thou sleepest, as a Rich Canopy of Divine Substance over thy head; as a Guard of Immortal Sweetnesses round about Thee, as a heavenly Consort of Divine Spirit, Divine Loves, by their Musical Harmony continuing, and crowning thy sleep. I have done with the First Property of Divine Love, as It is poured forth in Christ, Freedom. I come to the Second, which is Purity.

2. Property in the Effusion of Divine Love, Purity. The Love of God is poured forth in Jesus Christ Purely. The Lord Jesus is said to be, the Brightness of the Glory of God; Hebr. 1. v. 2. Brightness is the Purest Light of Glory. The Prime Glory in God is his Grace, his Love. He doth all for the Praise of the Glory of his Grace; Ephes. 1. Jesus Christ in heaven, in thine heart, O Believer, is the purest Stream, the richest Flood of Divine Love; the Love of the Divine

Nature in the Brightness of Its Glory.

We are taught; that this Light of the Sun, which we enjoy here below, is only a Shadow of that Light, which shineth in the Body of the Sun itself. The Sun in its highest Lustre is the Shadow of an Angel. The Highest, and Brightest Angel in his Purest Glories is no more, than a Shadow of our Glorified Jesus. He alone is the Brightness of Divine Glory without any Shade; the Purity of Divine Love without any Allay.

Love is Loveliness in Motion. As fine Gold melted into a Pure, and shining Stream: so is the Person of our Lord Jesus in Glory; the Godhead in the Purity Perfection of all Its Lovelinesses melting itself into a most Pure & Precious Stream of Love, in which it runneth along, winding, turning, meeting, & sporting with itself from Bosom to Bosom, in the Father, the Son, and all the Saints.

O Broken-hearted Sinner, who fittest in the Shadow of Death, who wanderest in a Wilderness, where there is no water, ready to dye for thirst; open thine Eyes, see this Pure Light of Divine Love, which shineth round about Thee, in the midst of Thee; see this Pure Stream of Divine Love, which runneth along before Thee, in that Wilderness thine heart; the Blessed Person of thy Saviour, which is this Pure Light, this Pure Stream of Divine Love which filleth All. Take in the Waters of this Stream; drink freely of it. Cast thy self into this Stream; let it cover Thee; let it roul Thee along with it; sport thy self in it.

There are Two Arguments of the Pure Effusion of Divine Love in Christ;

1 The heighth of Its Sweetness. 2 The Greatness of Its Virtue.

I The Love of God in Christ sheweth Its Purity by The heighth of Its Sweetness. The Purest things are Sweetest. The Love of God in Christ is the Rose
upon its Stalk, New-blown, in its Virgin-Freshness, and Sweetness. To be Carnally-minded is Death; to be Spiritually-minded is Life; saith St. Paul; Rom. 8.
Impurity

Impurity, Carnality is the Death of Love; dulleth, embaseth, embittererh it by Corrupting it. Purity, Spirituality is the Life of Love, heighteneth, and immortaliseth all its Sweetnesses, all its Pleasures.

The Sweetness of the Love of God in Christ is made up of Three Parts; I. The Nearnels of the Union; 2 The Firmnels of the Union, 3 The Efficacy of the Union.

1 The Nearness of the Union is the First Part of the Sweetness in the Love of God poured forth in the Glorified Person of our Saviour. Love is an Union. Where Love is Sweetest; the Love-Union is Nearest. The Love of God in Christ bindeth up God, Christ, all the Saints immediately in the most naked, most warm Embraces of each other. It maketh them All up into One Beautiful

Body; It melteth them All into One Beffed-Spirit of Divine Love.

The Bridgeroom in the last of the Canticles expressed his Love to his Bride after this manner: If the be a Door, we will inclife her with Cedar. Cedar Wood is Eminent for three Things: It is sweet, Beautiful, Incorruptible. Bleffed art Thou, O Believer, the meanest of all Believers; who art a Door onely in this heavenly Temple, Christ risen from the Dead; a Door, by which the Glories of the Godhead go in, and out between the Visible, and Invisible World. Thy Fesus by the Immediate Embraces of Divine Love incloseth, comprehendeth thy Person entirely with the Sweetness, Beauty, Immortality of his own Glorified Person.

The Soul in the Bosom of Christ lieth, as a Pleasant Island in a Sea of Love. The Sea bringeth to an Island Pleasure by its prospect, and by fayling upon it; Safety by inclosing it; Riches by Traffick unto all parts. Thus thou, O Saint, art seated in the midst of a vast Ocean of heavenly Love. This Ocean of Love is thy Prospect on every side. Which way sever thou lookest, thou feeft Waves of Love rolling, and tumbling one upon the neck of another; fometimes rifing up, as high, as heaven, fometimes again falling, as low as He'l. All Storms are The Workings of this Lovely Sea of Love, and Delightful Entertainments to Thee, thou lanchest forth and failest round about thy Island, which is thy self, upon this Sea of Love. These are thy Fleasures.

How fafe art thou? How great, and impregnable is thy Strength? Nothing can come to thee but by a Sea of Love, Divine, Almighty, Eternal Love. Thou art inaccessible, but this way, by the Sea of Love. No vessels can pass upon this Sea, nothing can pass thorow it, but Divine Forms of Love; heavenly Angels, and Ministers of Love. Whatever other Form of things attempteth. This Bleffed Ocean of the Father's Love poureet forth in Fejus Christ, is swal-

lowed up by it, and never scen more.

Thou halt Traffick, and Commerce by this Sea of Love with all things holy, heavenly, Beautiful, and B'essed every where; with all Lands of Life, and Joy. Thou fendest forth thy Spirit, thoughts and Affections into all Parts. Thou bringest home all the Precious, and Pleasant things of Heaven, and Earth; of Time, and Eternity: of God, and the Creature. Thou hast a Love-Union,

and by this Love-Union, a Communion of Love with all the Treasures of the Godhead in the Sun, and in the Moon; in the Heavens above, and the Deep, which lieth below.

This is the Purity, the Sweetness of the Father's Love in Christ; the near-

ness of the Love-Union.

2. The Sweetness of the Love of God in Christ sheweth itself in the Firmness of the Union. What the Spouse of Christ saith of her self in the Canticles. that is the Language of this Love to the Soul in Fesus Christ; I took hold of him, I will not let him go. The Love of the Father hath taken hold of Thee, & will never let Thee go. St. Paul; Rom. 8. v. 35. maketh a Challenge; What shall separate us from the Love of Christ? Affliction? Danger? Sword? the Love-Union between God, and the Soul in Fesus Christ is so close, so fast; that the Point of the sharpest Sword cannot pierce between them; the subtilest Flame cannot divide between them. If it wound, or burn one, it must wound, and burn the other also: There is no Vein of Blood in the Body of Man, which hath not running along beneath it an Artery, a Vein of Spirits to preserve the Warmth, Motion, and Life of the Blood. There is no Vein of Divine Providence in the whole Life of a Saint; there is no Vein of Life or Death in the whole Person of a Saint, which hath not a Vein of Divine Love running along inseparably with it, to sweeten it, to give a Spiritual, a heavenly Tincture, of Life, Joy, and Glory to it.

To me to live is Christ, to dye is Gain; saith St. Paul; Philip 1. v. 21. There is nothing so Dividing, as Death. The Life of a Man is the Union between Soul, and Body. Death dissolve th this Union. The Life of a Saint is the Love, Union between his God, and Spirit in Christ, who is the Glorious head, and the Golden knot of this Union. Death maketh this Love-Union faster, and sweeter; more close, more clear, more compleat. Death is a Gain here.

The Death of a Saint is like the Tabernacle in the Wilderness. Without was a course Tent of Badgers Skin, exposed to the Injuries of all Weathers. This was seen by the Common Eye. But this was not the Tabernacle. This was onely the Tent, the Covering upon the Tabernacle. The Tabernacle within, as it appeared to the Priest's Eye, which entred into it, was Silk, Silver, Gold, and Precious Stone; Fine Linnen, Scarlet, Crimson, Sky-Colour; Cherubims richly wrought. Be not deceived. That is not the Death of a Saint, That is not a Saint in Death, which appeareth outwardly to the Eye of Sense, so affrightful, so mournful, so dark, so deformed, so Dividing from all the Joyes of Life: No. This is the Covering onely upon Death, to hide the sacred Mystery from common Eyes.

That, which is within, which presenteth itself all along to the Eye of a Saint, that entreth into this Death is indeed a Tabernacle of Immortal, of Divine Love with all rich, and pleasant Appearances wonderfully heightened; The Love-Union between God, and the Soul in Christ opening itself, taking

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[394]

the Soulentirely into itself, as into the true Heavens, where all things, which are seen are the highest Forms of Beauty in the highest Lights of Divine Glory; all things, that are heard, tasted or felt, the highest Joyes of the Divine

Life with the most heightned Sweetnesses of Divine Love.

3. The Sweetness of Divine Love is manifested in its Efficacy, in its Sweetning Operations, as it is poured forth in the Lord Fesus. St. Paul saith; Philip: 3. l. We have our Conversation in Heaven, from whence we look for the Lord Fesus, who shall change these Vile Bodies (these Bodies of our humiliation, and make them like his own Glorious Body, according to that Power, by which he is able to subdue all things to himself. As the Flowers put forth, unfold all their Beauties, fend forth their several Sweetnesses to the Sun: so do all the Excellencies, Joyes, and Glories of the Godhead display themselves to the Divine Love. God in the Presence of his Love is the highest, the Truest Heaven. This is the Heaven, which containeth, and hideth Fefus Christ. Fefus Christ cometh forth from this Heaven, as a Bridegroom from his Chamber he cometh forth in this Heaven, with this Heaven round about him; he maketh this Heaven, every where, as he cometh forth; as the Sun maketh a Glorious Sky. He boweth this Heaven, and cometh down upon It into the broken heart. To this broken heart he changeth the vilest, the Bitterest Image of things, the Body of its humiliation, the Body of this Darkness, and Death, in which it dwelleth here into the Likeness of his own most Glorious Body, the Body of the highest Heaven in its Brightness; the Pure, and clear Body of Divine Love. This Love of the Father is that Power, by which our Fesus subdueth all things to himself; that is, to the Brightness, and Sweetness of the Glory of this Love; to the Express, to the Naked Image of this Love in its own Divine Substance, in its own most Lovely Person. This is the transfiguring Efficacy of the Love of the God-Head poured forth in the Glorious Person of Christ, and making for him a Body of Divine Loves above all Heavens.

Rom. 8.28,29. St. Paul triumpheth after this manner: I am perswaded, that neither Death, nor Life; neither Angels, Principalities, Powers, nor things present nor things to come; nor heighth, nor Depth; nor any other Creature shall be able to separate us from the Love of God, which is in Jesus Christ our Lord. The Love of God in Jesus Christ lineth, covereth all things transubstantiateth all things into the same Divine Love. St. Paul mentioneth the nearest things to us, the most intimate, the most Potent, the most Penetrating, the most Universal, the most comprehending, the most Transforming; Death, Life, Angels, things Present, to come, Depth, Heighth. What cometh nearer, what toucheth every Point of our whole Substance, and Being, than Death, Life, Angels? What more intimate to our hearts, and Spirits? If none of these can come between the Love of God in Jesus Christ, and our Persons: then all these by the Touch of this Love must be Tinctured, and changed into new Forms, into Essences of

Leve.

[395]

As Sugar is dissolved in a Glass of Wine; so Death Life, Angels, things Present, things to come, heighths, Depths, every other Creature in this Golden Cup of Divine Love, the Glorified Person of Christ, is dissolved into Love, becometh a Rich Love-Cordial to a fainting Spirit, making it to dance, and sing for Joy, when it was intended a deadly Poyson to it. The holy Apostle had said upon this Ground a little before: In all these things, Sword, Famine, Persecution, wee are more, than Conquerours. It is plain, how we are Conquerours. Captivity is carried Captive. Those Forms, and Powers of Darkness, of Death, which thought to captivate us, are themselves Captives to Eternal Life, and Love in the Lord fesus. As Saul among the Prophets: so the Bitterest, the Blackest things, which assault the Spirit of a Saint, encompassed with this Love of the Father poured forth in Christ, uncloath themselves, and put on Amiable Shapes of Love, sing songs of Love, breath forth from every part of them the most Delightful Sweetness of Divine Love.

Thus this Love maketh us Conquerours. But what meaneth this; to be more, than Conquerours? Is there a Joy, or Glory above this of 2 Conquerour?

Grace coming into Glory; Love Reigning after Suffering?

Is there any thing sweeter, any thing greater, than this Victory of

Love?

Yes. St. Paul saith; when he was caught up into the Third heavens, into the Paradise there, he heard Words, which it is impossible to utter. This is The Paradise in the Third Heavens, the Love of God in the Gloristed Person of Christ. This Love transformeth every thing, every Creature to this heavenly Paradise. Those blessed Souls, which by believing enter into this Paradise, hear Words of Love, Words of Joy, Words of Pleasure, of Glory from this Love, which it is impossible to utter, which are too sweet, too high, too ravishing to be express.

A holy Soul in This Paradise of Love seeleth a Joy far beyond that of Marriage, of Conquest, of Reigning, of Children, of any thing named in this

World, or in that, which is to come.

Thus the Sweetness of Divine Love expresses it is sweet Efficacy. Thus the Purity of Divine Love in Christ is manifest in its Sweetness.

2. The Love of God in Christ is most Pure, because it hath the greatest Virtue. Our Divines express hell after this manner. All Diseases, Pains, Griefs here are Evils by a Tincture onely of Divine Wrath, a little Drop of Divine Wrath mingling itself with them. Hell is Pure Wrath. Hell is the Abstract of Wrath; the Evil of all Diseases, Pains, and Griefs abstracted from them, and heightned to the utmost. So Jesus Christ bare all our Instrumities, and took our Griefs; though he was never sick.

On the Contrary, all the Good, all the Joyes in the Creature are a Weak Tincture of Divine Love. The Shadow of St. Peter as he passed along, healed the fick. All the Sweetness and Pleasure in things here, is the Shadow onely

Eee 2

of Divine Love falling upon them. All the Joy in any heart here, is the Sha-

dow onely of Divine Love cast over it.

The Love of God is poured forth Purely in the Person of Christ. There Love is a Substance, no Accident. There Love is Infinite, being allayed, or limited by no mixture. Our Saviour in Glory is Divine Love in the Abstract.

It is a Weak Glance of Divine Love, like the Sunshine here below cast upon the Water, or a Looking-Glass, which makes the Beauty, the Sweetness

of all Colours, Figures, Motions in the Creature.

It is a remote Touch of Divine Love, like the Ends of the Sun-beams, reflected in a Burning-Glass, which maketh the Pleasantness, and Pleasant Properties of all Plants; the Lustre, Gracefulness, Virtue of all Precious

Stones, and Pearls; the Joy of all Relations.

The Beauty, the Sweetness of all Colours, Features, Motions; the Pleafantness, the Pieasant Properties of all Plants; the Lustre, Gracefulness, Virtue, Life of all Precious Stones, Pearls, heavenly Bodies, heavenly Spirits; the Joyes of all Relations are contained Eminently, with an Infinite Enlargement, an Infinite heightning in this Divine Face, This Tree, Pearl, this Union, the Unity, the Purity of Eternal Love in our Glorified Fesus.

O Sinner; come, cast thy self freely into the Bosom of thy Saviour. Here thou sallest immediately into a Sea of Pure Love. Open thy Mouth wide, enlarge all thy Faculties to drink in the Sweetness of Pure Love pouring itself by Floods and Seas into thee. Feel the Transcendent virtue of Pure Love transforming thee, thy heart, thy Person into a rich, clear, and heavenly Pearl

in this Sea,

O Saints! swim continually in this Sea of Pure Love, the Bosom of your Gloristed Saviour. Feel the Transcendent Virtue of Pure Love dissolving you also into a Sea of pure Love, a Sea of Glass, and Fire; a Sea of Pure Chrystal, Divine Beauty without any Spot of Flesh, or Earth, Darkness, or Death; a Sea of Pure Chrystal shining, and burning with a Pure Flame of heavenly Joyes without any Smoak of Lusts, or Passions.

Obj. how is the Love of God Pure in Christ? Is there not in the Lord Fesus a mixture of Love, and Wrath? He saith of himself in one place; All Fudgment is given to the Son of Man. He adjudgeth to Hell, and to Torments.

as well as to Heaven, and to Joys.

Matt. 25. Fesus Christ is represented, as a King, upon the Throne, in Glory, in the Judgment of the last day, v 31. He maketh Separation between the Sheep, and Goats; v. 32. He setteth the Sheep at his Right hand, in the Place of Power, Honour, and Love. He setteth the Goats at his Lest hand, on his Wrath-side, v. 33. He passeth the Sentence of Love upon One, inviting them, as Blessed Ones, to the Kingdom of Love prepared for them of the Father in Eternity; v. 34. He passeth a Sentence of Wrath upon the other, sending

fending, them away with a Curse into the Hell sire with the Devils v. 40. How is the Love of God poured forth Purely without mixture in Christ?

I shall give 3 Answers to this Objection; 1. A Concession; 2. A Distinction;
3. An Application.

1. Answ. A Concession. It is true Contrary things are spoken of Fesus Christ

in this point.

We read; I judge no man; Moses, in whom you trust, he judgeth you; The Son of Man came not to destroy Men's Lives. but to save them.

The Work, for which Christ came, is a Work of Love, of Light, of Life; not a Work of Wrath, and Death. Fesus Christ came to destroy the Works of the Devil. The Devil Is a Lyar, and a Murtherer from the Beginning. He is the Serpent, the Seed of Enmity. The Deceit of Sin, Death, Wrath are the Devil's Work. Fesus cometh full of Grace, and Truth; like the Sun full of sweet Light, and influences of Life to destroy the Deceits, to scatter into Nothing the Clouds, and black Shades of Sin, of Death, of Wrath; to make all a clear, and Lovely Sky over our heads, a Green, and Flowry Earth under our Feet. O the Delightfulness of Christ's Person, and of his Appearance!

We read again; I came not to send Peace, but a Sword, I came to Kindle a Fire. The Lord Jesus shall come in a Flame of Fire to render vengeance to all those, who know not God, and who have not believed our Gespel, 2 Thessal. v. 8.

O the Dreadfulness of the Lord Jesus, and of his Appearance.

2. Answ. A Distinction. 2 Corin. 3. 13. You have Moses brought in with a Vail upon his Face You have the Effect of this Vail. There is a Blindness upon the Minds, upon the Notions, (rosuzla) of the Jews. The Children of Israel cannot see to the End of that, which is to be done. away. They cannot see thorow; beyond the Shadowy Glory of the Vail to be taken off, to the Naked Glory of the Heavenly Face, which liveth, and is the same for ever. v. 13. 14.

There is the Interpetation of the Vail. The Vail upon the Face of Moses

is a Vail upon the Hearts of the Israelites, v. 15.

The Vail is removed by the Turning of the heart to the Person of Christ, v. 16. The Person of Christ, and the Removal of the Vail are Both described, v. 17. Now the Lord is that Spirit, and where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is Liberty. The Lord Jesus in Glory is a Spirit, the Eternal Spirit. The Person of Christ was ever a Spirit, the Spirit, the same Yesterday, to Day, and for ever; even in that Day, when he was made Flesh in his humane Nature, this Spirit carrieth Liberty along with It; as the Sun doth the Light of the Day.

This Liberty of the Spirit answereth to that Removal of the Vail in the verse before. The Vail shall be taken away. It is a significant Word, recupe law, shall be taken away quite, all round about, on every side; from off the Whole Image of things, from off the Whole Person of Christ, from off the Whole Heart; the Compleat Person of the Lord Jesus in his Supream Glory, as the

Supreme

Supreme Spirit shall shine entirely in the whole Image of things, in the whole

heart, in every Part, in every Point of Both.

The Close of all is the Blessed Estect of the Removal of the Vail, of the Free, and full Appearance of this Spirit, the Lord Fesus; A Liberty of Sight; A Liberty of Growth; a Liberty of Union, and Divine Communion. A Saint looketh forth with Open Face with an Open Eye in the Naked Glory of the Spiritual Man, having cast the Vail entirely off. He seeth the Glory of the Lord in the Naked Beauties of the Spirit himself compleatly unvailed. He feeth this Glory in the Unity of the same Spirit, as in a Looking-Glass; where Face answereth Face, where one is seen, as the Dear Image, and Reslection of the other. A Saint in the same moment seeth, and is changed into the Image which he feeth, as by one Spirit at once working Both. The Lord, " the same Spirit in its Unity is the Root, the Eye, the Life, the Light, the Looking-Glass, the Glorious Face in the Looking-Glass to a Saint. Where this Spirit is, there is Liberty in that Heart. The Vail is taken off from it, when the Spirit existeth, and appeareth in it. There the Lord Fesus, and a Saint see each other; grow up together, in one Glory. We all, with open face, as in a Glass, beholding the Glory of the Lord, are changed into the same Image, from Glory to Glory; even as by the Spirit of the Lord, or, by the Lord, the Spirit. By this time, I believe, you see the Distinction, which I aim at. Fesus Christ with the Vail upon his Face is Muses. Muses unvailed is Fesus Christ. Jesus Christ to the Vailed heart is Moses still. Moses to the Naked heart is the same Fesus from the Beginning. The Appearance of Jesus Christ according to the Letter, after the Flesh, is Christ with a Vail upon his Face, casting a Vail upon the heart. The Appearance of Fesus Christ, as the Spirit, the Lord of Glory, is Christ with his Vail cast off, taking the Vail off from the Heart; that Both may meet, see, embrace each other Nakedly, Immediately, at Liberty; in the Open Light of their Eternal Loves, and Beauties.

3. Answ. Applications.

I. Application Fear the Wrath of the Lamb. There is a Day, in which the Kings of the Earth, Great Men, Captains of Thousands shall cry to the Rocks, and to the Mountains to fall upon them, and hide them from the Wrath of the Lamb. When the Great Day of his Wrath cometh, who is able

to stand? Rev. 6. v. 16,17, 18.

Revel. 5. 6. 8. You read of a Lamb, who had bin slain, standing in the midst of the Throne of God, of the Four Living Creatures, of the 24 Elders, having seven Eyes, and seven Horns, which were the seven Spirits of God sent forth into all the Earth. Behold the Lord Jesus risen from the Dead. He standeth in the midst of the Throne of God, of the Four Living Creatures, of the four, and Twenty Elders. He is the Center of All Glories; He silleth All; He uniteth All, and Compleateth All in his own Person; the Uncreated Glories of the God-Head; the Four-fold Fountain Glories of the Uncreated, and Created

Created Natures in Union; The Manifold, and Multiplyed Glories of Those Fountains in the Person of every Saint from the Beginning to the End of things, having his Crown upon his Head; the Universal Kingdom of all Glories in himself; with which Kingdom he standeth out of the Person, and in the Person of the Lord Fesus, which Mysteriously, and Divinely involveth, and unfoldeth all in itself. For this reason they cast down their Crowns at his Feet.

This Fesus uniteth all States in himself, from the highest, the Sweetest Light of Life, to the Darkest, most Dismal Deep of Death. For he standeth in the midst of these Glories; as having bin stain, shewing all the Bloody, Bale-

ful Forms of Death in the Triumph of Eternal Life.

This Lamb hath seven Eyes, and seven Horns, which are the seven Spirits of God sent forth into all the Earth. Seven is a Perfect Number, the Power of all Numbers, which multiply themselves endless by the Marriage of the Two First Numbers, Three, and Four, the Numbers of the Trinity upon the Throne, and the Four Living Creatures, most immediately to the Throne, and from thence spreading themselves thorow all things; being in the midst of the Throne, and round about the Throne on every side, Revel. 4. 6.

The seven Spirits of God sent forth into all the Earth, are the Holy Ghost, that one, Manifold, Infinite Spirit, which divideth Itself into Innumerable, slaming Tongues, Eyes, Horns; into all Forms of things according to its own Good Pleasure; ever Containing all within itself; ever filling all with itself.

See now the Lamb with seven Eyes, and seven Horns, seven Spirits sent forth into all the Earth. The Lamb is Fesus risen from the Dead; The Lord, the Spirit, who hath Innumerable, Living Lights of Glory in himself; Innumerable Living Springs of Light, and Glory; with which as with so many ever-waking Eyes he shineth, and seeth thorow all things; who hath innumerable Powers, Almighty Powers, Fountains of Power, as so many Horns, with which he ruleth, and reigneth in the midst of all things.

A Poet in a bright Night taken in a Wood by Robbers, which would kill him, faid to them: As many stars, as shine in the Sky; so many Eyes now look

upon you, and will be witnesses of this Murther.

O Sinner, who art hatching, who art practifing any lust in the most secret corner of thine heart, or Closet; be awake, be aware. See the Lord Jesus with ten thousand, with a Numberless Number of Eyes; Shining, Flaming Eyes of Pure Glory looking forth full upon thee, from every point of the Walls, the Roof, the Floor, all things round about thee; from every point of thine own Heart, and all, that is within Thee. See the Lord Jesus with as many Horns of Divine Power from every Point of things running upon thee, to break Thee off from thy Lusts, or to break Thee in pieces.

O Saint, who mournest sitting in Darkness, Lying in Prison, encompassed with black thoughts, with Enemies Invisible, or Visible; be awake, be aware: See thy Jesus, thy King, thy Beloved with ten thoughd, a Numberless Number

of Eyes; sweetly-shining, sweetly-Flaming, Eyes of Pure Love, from every Point of the blackest Darkness, of the darkest Prison, of thy Darkest thoughts

themselves looking forth upon Thee.

See him with as many Golden Horns of Divine Power from every part, from every side running upon thine Enemies, to ruine themto cast th emdo wn to the Ground, down to the bottom of the Pit, until they rife no more, whether they be things Vilible, or Invilible.

See him with the same Innumerable Golden Horns from every part of things, from the thickest Darkness, round about thee running to Thee to raise Thee up, to let Thee on high upon the Rock of Eternity in the midst of the

Throne of God.

Revel. 1. 14, The Eyes of the Lord Felus are compared to a Flame of Fire. A Spirit is all one Entire Eye, and full of Eyes. The Lord Fesus is the Supreme Spirit spreading himself thorow all things from the height of Heaven a-

bove to the Depth of Death, and Hell beneath.

The Firmament is not set so thick with Stars; as the Whole Earth, the whole Creation, all things are fet with the Eyes of the Lord Felus. These Eyes are so many Suns of Love to the Flowers, the Wheat, the Gold, the Diamonds, to increase their Beauty, draw forth their Sweetness, ripen their Fruit, make them sparkle, and shine more pleasantly. But to Stubble, and Thorns; to Vanity, or Enmity, they are a flame of Fire, burning upon it, until it be confumed. O Fear the Wrath of the Lamb.

2. Application. Fear to look with a Vailed Heart upon the Vailed Face of the Lord Fesus. If thou seest the Shadow, the Letter of the Gospel; if thou feelt the Vail, the Flesh of Christ; if thou seest not to the End of these, as things to be done away, if thou feeft not thorow these, beyond these, the Lord, the Spirit, which is the Heavenly Body, and Substance to the Shadow; the Naked Face, the Naked, Unchangeable, Eternal Person of Christ, hid under the Vail: it is not Fesus Christ, but Moses, in whom thou trustest. Thou art not in the Arms of a Lovely, pleasant Bridegroom; but at the feet of a se-

vere Judge.

This is the Law from Mount Sinai, which engendreth bondage, which trembleth, and shaketh for tear, where Thunders roar, and Lightnings fly abroad from the midst of a thick Darkness. This is not the Lord Fesus full of Grace, that Perfect Love, which casteth out fear; the Perfection of Beauty, on Mount Sion; which standeth firm for ever; which may be touched, kissed, and embraced. Take heed to thy felf, O Temporary Believer; Thou Jew, thou Christian outwardly, in the Letter onely. This is not the Sun of Righteousness, on which thou lookest; but the Cloud, which covereth the Sun. If the Eye of thy Spirit stay here, and pierce no further: out of this Cloud will come down upon thy head, a tempest, a Whirlwind, and Flames of Fire. The Vail is upon your Hearts, while the Gospel is read, even to this day. 3 Appli3 Application. Blessed art thou, who lookest with a Naked Heart upon the Naked Person of Christ. He who is fixed in the Letter, the Outward Form, the Fiesh of the Eternal Word, is One of the People of the fews, who stood below at the Foot of the Mountain, having in their Eye the Outside onely of things. These saw nothing, but the Blackness of Darkness, and the Flashes of

Lightning; these heard nothing, but the dreadful claps of Thunder.

He, who ascendeth, and entreth into the Truth the Spirit, is with Moses, within, upon the Top of the Mount. He talketh with God face to sace, as a man talketh with his Friend. He seeth the Divine Light, and Calm of Eternity in the naked Person of the Lord Jesus. He receiveth the Language of Divine Love, the Musick of Eternity, with kisses of Love, immediately, from the Lips of the Lord Jesus. He seeleth the Fountain of Life, & all Joys slowing from the Heart of the Lord Jesus, running nakedly thorow his whole Body, and Spirit; being a better Feast, than that of all meats, and Drinks; filling him with Spirit, and Pleasantness; cloathing him with a fresh Lustre, Beauty in a more excellent way.

The Lord Jesus saith of himself in the Gospel; I have a Baptism to be haptised with, and how am I streightned, till it be over. The Loves, the Lovelinesses, the Divine Life, the Delights, the Glories, the Lord Jesus, all the Treasures of the Eternal Word are streightned in the slesh of Christ, as the Beauties, and Sweetnesses of a Flower; the Fruits of a Tree are shut up, and imprisoned in the Seed. When the Lord Jesus by Death is baptised into a Divine Form and Glory, when he cometh forth, as A Spirit, as the Eternal Spirit having married the Humane Nature into One Heavenly Form, and Spirit, with itself: Now all the Treasures of Righteousness, Life, Immortality, Love, Joy; all the Treasures of the God Head display themselves over the whole Person of Christ, entirely, nakedly, richly, to the Height of all their Beauties, and Sweetnesses, as Flowers sull-blown in Spring; as Fruit-trees laden with ripe fruit in Autumn.

Who now can express the Joys, when a Naked Heart meeteth with its Naked Jesus? when both have cast off their Vails; One from his Face; The other from his Heart. It is the same Blessed hand of the Eternal Spirit, which taketh off the Vails, from Both, dropping Myrrhe, a heavenly Sweetness, Purity, and Immortality, as It taketh them off.

The Reflection of the Face of God upon the Face of Mofes on the Mount

cast a Divine Lustre, and Beauty, which remained upon it.

He came down into the midst of the People, bringing a Heaven in his Face along with him. But they could not bear the Brightness of this Naked Beauty. He therefore casteth a Vail upon his Face. So they remain in Darkness, their Minds are blinded; until Wrath cometh upon them to the uttermost.

This is an Example unto us; upon whom the Ends of all Fore-going Times, and Actions are come. Behold the Lord Jesus is gone up to the top of the Mount. He is ascended. He is Glorified with the Father, with that Glory,

Fff

which he had with the Father before the World was. As a Spirit he cometh down again to us in the Shining Form of this Spiritual, Uncreated, Eternal

Glory.

Wo to you, who cannot bear the Brightness of this Appearance, who cannot look stedfastly upon the Naked Face, the Naked Form of the Lord Fesus. this Spirit. To you he casteth a Vail over his Face; and as he casteth a Vail over his own Face; he casteth a Vail over your Hearts. To you now he cometh, as a Thief in the Night, bringing Durkness, and Doubt; Trouble, and Terrours; Confusion, Desolation, and Despair; spoiling you of all your Coun-

rerfeit Jewels, false hopes, false Joys, false Graces, false Christ.

But you, who love, and wait for this Appearance of your Lord, and Saviour, like Lightning shining from Heaven into your Hearts; you who with the fingle Eye of a Chaft Spoule look to the Beloved Person of your Fesus in the simplicity of his Spiritual, and Divine Form; Blessed are you of the Lord Fesus. To you he cometh, as a Sun of Righteousness with healing in his Wings; Overspreading you with his warm, and Naked Beauties; Covering your Deformities; Curing your Maladies; Infusing new Cordials of Immortal Life, and Joy into your Hearts; Hatching you to Spirituality; raising you upon Silver Wings, and Golden Feathers to Heavenly Flights with himfelf.

To you he cometh Enlightning, enlivening, Transforming, Glorifying,

Gathering you up into One Spirit, One Glory with himfelf.

Where this Spirit, the Lord Fesus is, there is Liberty of beholding, of enjoying the Lord Fesus nakedly, immediately, entirely, eternally; without any chain, clog, cloud, interpolal, or interruption. There is Liberty of growing up into a Spirit out of All the Vails of Flesh: into One Spirit with him. O

the Joys of a Naked Heart, when it meeteth with its Naked Saviour.

But, as it was with the Painter, who called to remove the Vail, that he might see the Picture; when their was a Vail onely painted there. The Vail was all the Picture : so is it with the hypocrite, with the Temporary Believer. His Jesus, his Heaven is a Vail onely; a Vail, like that of the Tabernacle, finely wrought with Pictures of Angels, of Heaven, of Jesus; but Keeping him for ever from the Face, the Bosom of Jesus the society of Angels, the Joys of Heaven, in the Outermost Darkness. His hope is a Spiders Web. The Poison of Death, and Hell are bred there.

I hear a Voice frequently in my Spirit faying to me; Cry. What shall I

cry? 1. Cry; There was an Ark in which Noah, and his Family were fafefrom the Flood, which drowned the World. 'The onely Ark in which Noah, the Believer, the Child of Rest shall be safe from the Flames, which are now ready to devour the World, is the Naked Person of Christ in the Invisibility.

and Spirituality of his Divine, Eternal Form. 2. Cry, The Sound, and noise of the Hammers framing the Ark for Noab,

preached

preached the Righteousness of God, the Ruin of the World, very near. The Sound, and noise of the Lord Jesus, the Spirit of Life, the Spirit of Love, in his Naked Person, in his Naked Loves, and Lovelinesses growing up, forming himself in the Spirits of his Saints preaches now a Deluge of Destruction, Death, and Hell at the Door, ready to enter in; The Rest, and Righteousness of God in his Bosom alone, the Rest of God in his Loves; the Righteousness of God in his Loveliness.

3. Cry; As it was in the Days of Noah; so it will be now. The whole World will go on to eat, and Drink, to marry, and give in Marriage; to mock at this Preparation of an Ark; at these Discourses of, these Endeavours for the Spiritual Person of Christ in the Heavenly Image: for the Revelation of him in our Spirits; for the Retirement of our Persons into him. The whole World will go on in Sensuality, and Carnality, mocking at the Lord, this Spirit, the Ark; till the day that God open the Windows of Heaven from above, and break up the great Deep of Hell from below to cover them with, and swallow them up in Unquenchable Flames.

They say; that Seth foreseeing Two Destructions of the World prepared Two Pillars, upon which he engraved all Mysteries of Humane, and Divine Knowledge; One of Marble. to endure the Flood; the other of Brick, to

continue in the Flames.

St Peter speaking of the Flood and the Ark addeth; The Like Figure, whereunto now saveth us, Baptism; not the washing away of the filth of the Flesh, but the Answer of a Good Conscience by the Resurrection of Jesus Christ from the Dead.

The Lord Jesus counselleth the last Church, Laodicea, to buy of him Gold tried in the Fire. Gold tried in the Fire no more loseth any thing, or receiveth

any harm in the Fire; but shineth more gloriously.

The Lord Fesus risen from the Dead, and become a Spirit, the Fountain of Life, is the Gold tried in the Fire of Death, and the Divine Wrath. An Ark of

Wood faved Noah from the Waters.

Behold an Ark of pure Gold, a Spirit of Immortality, and Glory, which shineth with greatest Glory in the midst of the Everlasting Burnings. This is our fesus, who saveth us from the Fire, which is already Kindled, and burneth upon the World, which will immediately raise itself to a Mighty, Irresistible Flame. Blessed are you, who enter into this Ark of Gold, and that your selves up into It. Here you shall lie upon beds of Love, as in the Marriage-Chamber, in the Bosom of your Bridegroom, encompassed with Songs of Joy; while the Fire dreadfully devoureth all without, round about you. Then shall Worldly Christians, Hypocrites, Temporary Believers, all who have lived in the Lusts of the Flessh, or the Letter onely of the Gospel take hold of, climb up upon the outside of the Ark, the outward Flesshy Form, and Appearances

of the Eternal Word, the Lord Jesus. Then shall they too late cry to be taken into the Spirit, which alone is Truth, which alone hath Immortality. But they shall be rejected. They shall lose their hold, drop off into the slames, and perish there. I will conclude all with that Scripture; Jehn, 14. v. 30. 31. When Jesus Christ perceived, that the hour, and Power of Darkness were now come upon him, he saith; The Prince of this World cometh; Arise, let us go hence. Thus saith the same Jesus now in the Hearts of his Beloved Ones, to his Spouse: The Prince of Darkness; The hour, and Power of Darkness, of dread, of Destruction, of the Devouring Fire cometh; Arise, let us go hence; out of the visible things of the Flesh, into the Invisibility of the Spirit; The Ark of Purc Gold, Paved with Loves.

3 Property; Plenty. This is the Third Property in the Effusion of Divine Love upon the Glorified Person of Christ. It is poured forth plentifully.

I will divide this Head by Streams flowing from it.

1. The Fulne's of all Love is poured forth in Jesus Christ.

2. The Person of Christ is all Full of Love.

1. The Fulness of all Love is poured forth in Jesus Christ. We read; Colos. 7.19. It pleased the Father, that all Fulness should dwell in him; that is, in Jesus Christ. All Fulness and so the Fulness of All Love had its Seat, its Bed in the Bosom of our Saviour. But the Pleasure, the Will of the Father, which is the Highest Pleasure, Pleasure in one, Substantial, most Persect, Eternal Act, is the Well Spring which sendeth forth this Plenitude of Divine Love into Christ.

The Words lye so in Greek, that they may be properly rendred according to the rules of Grammar after this manner: All Fulness was well pleased to dwell in him. God is the Fulness, which filleth all in all. He alone is in any Place, in any Spirit, in any Creature Repletive, so as to fill it. God is Love. God then

is the Fulness of all Love.

Nothing attracteth, and draweth so powerfully, as Pleasure doth. God, who is that Love, which is all Fulness, the Fulness of all; God, who is the Fulness of all Love poureth forth himself to the Full, to the last drop, if we may so speak of that Love, which hath neither First, nor last; Beginning, nor End; in the Lord Jesus. For in Christ he poureth forth himself with Pleasure, which is the highest of all Pleasures. The Essusion of Love is itself a Pleasure. Then the Beautiful and Blessed Person of the Lord Jesus is the most pleasant Channel, the most pleasant Seat, and Palace of Divine Love.

This Fulnets of Divine Love in Christ shooteth forth itself into Three

Branches;

I. Love in all States. 2. Love of all Kinds. 2. Love in all Degrees.

1. There is in felus Christ flowing forth from the Father a Fulness of Love in all States. There are Three States of Divine Love in our Blessed Saviour. There is 1. Preventing Love; 2. Assisting Love; 3. Finishing Love. Divine Love

Love in Fesus Christ hath these Three States, and a glorious, transcendent, tri-

umphant Fulness in every State.

I. There is in the Lord Jesus poured forth from the Father A Fulness of all Preventing Love. 2. Tim. 1. 9. St. Paul teacheth us that God hath saved us, not according to works, which we have done, but according to his own Purpose, and Grace given us in Christ, before the World was. Before thou hadst any thoughts of Love to Jesus Christ, before thou hadst any Being in This World, before the World was; there was a Love from the Father in Jesus Christ to Thee; to Thee, whoever thou art, that listest up the Eye of thy Spirit, the Eye of Faith, to see thy true Self, thine own Person in this Dwelling-Place, this Palace of Divine Love, where thou hast bin hid where thou hast had thine abode thorow all generations, from Eternity: Christ in the Glory of the Father, the heart of the Father in Christ.

This Preventing Love well understood, removeth Two Objections out of

the way of many hearts to the Bosom of their Jesus.

Object. 1. Broken-hearted Sinners, distressed Souls frequently plead thus against themselves: We cannot think, that Jesus Christ hath any Love for us:

because we cannot believe his Love.

Answ. Hear, O broken-hearted Sinners, O Distressed Souls, Hear, and believe. Fesus Christ hath in himself from his Father the Fulness of all Preventing Love. He beginneth to you in Love. He beginneth with you. He giveth you

Faith to believe his Love. To you it is given to believe.

The Son of Man cometh, and giveth you an understanding to know the True God by his Proper Name of Love; I. John. 5. 20. The Preventing Love of God in the Bosom of Christ cometh to Thee, poureth forth itself in thy Bosom, giveth Thee a new Eye to see the Divine Beauty; a new Ear to bear the heavenly Melody; a new heart to take in, rellish, and understand the Spiritual Sweetnesses, Fulnesses, Joys of this First Love, Love in its Fountain, in the Fountain of Eternity.

This New Wine of the Everlasting Kingdom giveth itself to Thee with a New Bottle, a New Spirit, which will take in, and hold this precious Liquour. Not one drop, of it shall ever fall besides this Bottle, or be spilt out of it.

Object. 2. But still thou poor, troubled, trembling Soul thinkest the glad Tydings of the Gospel, of Pure, Preventing Love too good to be true. Thus thou arguest against thy self, If I were but moderately evil, or morally good; if I could in any degree comply or close with Fesus Christ, when he offereth his Love, and himself to me: then might I have some hope, that I had some place in his heart. But, if the Lord Jesus himself should shine forth with the Sweetest Vision of Preventing Love in the midst of my Fleshlinesses, Fill innesses, hardnesses, Enmities; and should say to me, as the Angel to Mary; hail thou, that are greatly Beloved: Hail thou, that are freely Beloved: I should not onely wonder at this Salutation; but believe it all to be a vain Dream of my deluded Fancy.

Answ.

Answ. Let me tell Thee a Story. A beautiful Agyptian Youth, when his Friends desired to take his Picture, desired them to take him up seven daies after his death, and then to take his Picture. Thou, the most desired, the most desormed Sinner, wert once beautiful, once in the freshness, and slower of thy Youth, in Paradise. It is true; thou art now dead, dead of the most loathsom disease, dead by the most killing, and corrupting Death, dead in sin; Yet now, after that thou hast bin many years dead, Jesus Christ in his Gloristed Person cometh like a Bridegroom from heaven, not onely to take thy Picture but to take thy Person into the Arms of his Preventing Loves, to breath bis Preventing Loves into Thee, as a New Life, the Spring of a New Beauty, excelling that, which was lost by Thee in Paradise, incorruptible, that never fadeth, nor passeth away.

Ladies and Queens have sometimes hatched Eggs in their Bosoms. Thy dead, deformed Person will thy Saviour hatch in the warm and naked Bosom of his Preventing Loves unto a Divine Life, that shall answer Love with Love, and flourish in the Loveliness of every Grace, every Glory, through thy

New-born Soul, and body, according to their proper seasons.

Having known the Love of the Lord my Spirit laboureth, yet not my Spirit, but the Love of the Lord Jesus in my Spirit laboureth by all means to bring forth itself in the fresh, and full Sense of its First, its Free, its Preventing Sweetnesses, in your hearts; as a Spring of Living Waters in a dry, and barren Wilderness. But, as a tender Mother taketh a beloved Child, weak, and peevish; laieth it in her lap; poureth a Cordial down into its stomack: so will your Jesus do with you, O Grieved Spirits, who are weak, without strength; froward, will not take in his Love. He will take you, lay you upon his knees, and pour this precious Cordial of his Preventing Loves into your Mouths. Then will it go right, and sweet down to the bottom of your heart; There it will become a Well springing up with pure, sweet, and plentiful Streams of every Spiritual Truth, Grace, Comfort, or Joy unto Eternal Life. This is The First State of Love in the Lord Fesus; Preventing Love.

2. There is in the Lord Jesus poured forth from the Father a Fulness of all Assisting Love. 2. Cor. 14 v. 7. 8. 9. St. Paul had a thorn in his Flesh, reflengers of Satan sent to buffet him. He prayed thrice, that he might be delivered from them. He had this answer from the Lord: My Grace is sufficient for Thee. Many tender-hearted Saints, who feel their Lusts, as Thorns in their Flesh; who feel their Pathons, as the Messengers of Satan, the Angels of the Pragon buffeting them; cry out frequently in the Agonies of Fear, and Grief; O this Lust! O this Thorn in my Flesh! Sure at last it will wound me so apply to the heart, that it will let out the Life-blood of all faith, hope, grace, and comfort. O this Passion! O this Messenger of Satan! It will one day carry that a care to those Chains of Darkness, and that Bottomless Pit, out of which I seem to my self sometimes to have escaped. But, O Believer! tossed with

with the Tempests, be comforted. Fear none of these things. Look up continually to the Blessed Person of your dear Saviour listed up into Glory in the midst of your Spirits. See the Father pouring forth himself into the Fulness, the Glorious Fulness of all Assisting Loves in his Bosom. Pray continually; and hear this Blessed voice from the Mouth of your Saviour continually sounding

in your ears; My Affifting Loves are sufficient for Thee.

Obj. But some Soul, that wanteth Comfort, will say, When the Lord Jesus hath once by his Preventing Love planted a New Principle, and Habits of Grace in me, he now expecteth; that I should improve this Principle, and act these Graces. If I do this, and make use of that, which I have: I may comfortably look for his Assisting Love, and that more Grace should be still given me. But what New Loves can I promise my self to accompany me, and carry me on in my way; while I so ill requite the Lord Jesus for his First Loves, that I suffer his Gifts to lye unimproved, his Graces to lye unactive in me, hid in the Earth by my Sloth, or Sensuality?

Answ. I shall proceed in my answer to this Objection by Three Steps.

1 Step. This Objection wrappeth up together in it something True, something

Falle.

1. This is Falle; That the Affilting Love of the Lord Felus dependeth upon our Emprovement of Grace already received from him. This is not True; No; by no means. Affilting Love is as free, as full, as absolute, as much all, as much alone in Carrying on the Work of Grace in us: as Preventing Love is in Beginning it. God hath poured forth in Christ the Fulness of all

Affifting Love.

I am the Truth, the way, and the Life; saith our Saviour. Fesas Christ is the Truth, and the Life of all Grace in the way, as much, as in the Beginning, or End. Without me ye can do Nothing. Every Act of Grace, every thing in every Act of Grace, which distinguisheth it from a meer Non-Entity, from an Absolute Nothing; Every Degree of Spiritual Being in the whole Life of Grace with all the Exercises of it through the whole way from the Beginning to the

End; is all alike, Immediately from Fesus Christ.

That, which is True in the Objection is this; the Emprovement of Spiritual Principles, the Exercise of our Graces are attended with Clearer Illuminations. Sweeter Enlargements, more Divine heighthnings of all heavenly Truths, Graces, and Consolations in us. On the other siide, when Faith is not acted, when holiness is neglected: Darkness, Decay, Distress, and Death dwell upon us. But these things are all entirely Consequences, and Effects; not Causes, or Attractives of Assisting Love The Assisting Love of our Lord Jesus is as the Sun, which by its Presence bringeth Light, Warmth, Fruitfulness, Life, Beauty, Pleasure along with it. When it withdraweth itself, leaveth the Cold, hardness, Storms, Desolation of Winter behind it.

The Bridegroom chargeth the Virgins of Fernsalem, by the Roes, and Hinds

of the Field, that they stir not up, nor awake his Love, until She please, Cant. 2.7. The Angels of heaven, which are the Invisible Ministers, by whom all things move in the whole Order of Second Causes; are here understood according to the sense of some learned Divines, By the Virgins of Ferusalem. The Roes, and hinds of the Field are the Pleasant Loves, and Lovelinesses of the Eternal Spirit in the heavenly Perlon of Christ. The Law of the Eternal Beauties, and Loves of the Divine Nature lieth upon all things, upon all the Ministers, and Armies of God; that the Spouse of Christ be never laid to sleep, or awakened; but according to its own good pleasure, as it is One Spirit with the Lord Jesus by a knot of Everlasting Love, as a Queen at the Right hand or her King, set down in Heavenly Places with him, in him, upon the same Throne. When the Divine Principle, which is the Bride, and the Spiritual Man in a Saint retireth itself, and goeth to its rest: in this Night the Wild Beafts, Bruitish Lusts, Raging Passions come forth to prey upon the Natural Man covering it with filth, & wounds. But, when the Day spring ariseth from on high when the season cometh for this Man, this Heavenly Seed. & Bride to awake, to stir up her self, and come forth again; in this New Morning the Beafts return to their Den; Lusts, and Passions sink down into their own Principle, the Bottomless Pit, out of which they arose. But the Musick, to which the Spiritual Spouse moveth in these Retirements, and Returns, is the Love of the Spiritual Bridegroom, like the Silver Trumpets of the Sanctuary in the Wilderness to the Children of Israel, sounding a Retreat, and a Rest, or a March, and a Progress.

Obj. But you will say; If there be nothing to be done by us, to what purpose are all Duties, Prayers, Attendances on the Word? If nothing can be done by us in the Acting, and Improvement of Spiritual Principles, to what end are all Admonitions, Exhortations, Instructions, Promises, in the Holy Scriptures?

Ans. These are all Affisting Love descending from the Bosom of the Bridegroom above, into the Lap of his Bride below in various forms, like the Sun-Thine, & Showers from Heaven falling upon the Bosom of the Earth. They are the same Affifting Love ascending again by various degrees, in various Shapes, or Growths, like the Flowers, & the Corn shooting up out of the Ground, Hos. 2.22. It is promised; that God will hear the Heavens, the Heavens shall hear the Earth, the Earth shall hear the Corn and Wine; and the Corn and Wine shall hear Fezreel. Fezreel is the Seed of God. All the Ordinances, all Forms, all Motions not of Grace alone but of Nature also, are the Commerce, and Traffick of the Divine Nature with itself, as it is the head of Fine Gold above all; and the Hidden Pearl, the Precious Seed at the bottom of all. In every Step of things, in every Form, in every Language of Heaven, and Earth, of Grace, and Nazure, in every Ordinance, God feeth the face, heareth the Voice, answereth the Cry of Fezreel, his own Seed, his own Son; Fezreel feeth the Face, heareth the Voice, answereth the Call of God, of its Father. Fezreel is the Dove whole whose Face is Lovely, whose Voice is Sweet to the Heavenly Bridegroom, although it be from the Holes of the Rock, and the Hollow places of the Stairs; from the lowest, the darkest Dispensations, from the nethermost parts of the Earth; from the meanest Ordinances; from an Inward, an Outward Prison, or Grave. The Heaven, the Earth, the Corn, the Wine, Duties performed, Ordinances enjoyed, Graces Acted, the Word published; All are the Green Flourishing, Fruitful Bed of Preventing, or Assisting Loves, on which the Lord Jesus, and his Spouse embrace each other.

In Ordinances the heavenly Bridegroom pipeth, or mourneth to Fezreel, the Divine Seed, his Sister-Spouse. In Duties, or Graces Fezreel danceth, or mourneth to him again. Thorow all these Assisting Love sweetly shineth, or soundeth from above; sweetly again reflecteth and Ecchoeth back from the

Spirit of a Saint below. This is the Answer in its First Step.

2 Step. The Reason given by the Philosopher, why the Heavens, which we see over our heads move so regularly, so harmoniously, so constantly, from the begining of the world hitherto, is this; They have Affifting Forms, Intelligences, Angels, which move them, which turn them round. Many Souls sweetly touched with the Allurements of Divine Love in Christ, fear to come to him, to cast themselves into His Bosom by Believing. They difrust their own strength, and constancy for their continuance in a holy temper. They doubt they shall fall back with greater guilt and shame to themfelves; with greater reproach to the name of the Lord Fesus. Many weak Christians are day and night tormented with like fears, and doubts; that they shall fall away at last by the force of some Corruption, or the Difficulties in the waies of Holiness. Dear Souls! be not discouraged from believing, or in believing; be not kept off from the Bosom of Christ, be not disquieted in His Bosom by any fears or doubts. You have a Good Angel for an Assisting Form, you have an Assisting Form brighter and more glorious, than the highest and brightest Angel; more powerful, than all the Angels in Heaven. You have the Assisting Love of the Lord Felus present with you, in your Spirits, by day, and by night. This doth move, this will move, and turn about your Hearts, your lives regularly, harmoniously, constantly, in all the Circles of Divine Graces, Truths, Joys, Glories, according to the Laws, and Patterns in the Supreme Mind, in the Heart of God, thorow all times Eternally.

Preventing Love is the Golden Chain, which draweth thee to the Embraces of Christ. O run when thou feelest thy self so drawn. Assisting Love is the Golden Chain, that tyeth thee fast, and close, immediately, inseparably, for ever in these embraces. Rest with Considence, and sull Assurance in these embraces; seed with desire and delight among the Lislies here; by down to sleep in

these embraces. Thy sleep will be sweet to thee.

3 Step. Learned men and Divines teach us; that the Preservation of the world is continuata Creatio, a continued Creation. In every moment of Time

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from the Beginning of the world to the end, the Divine Act of Preserving, and Governing the world according to the Present form proper to it for that Scason is entirely the same with the Act of Creation. In every moment from the Beginning of the world to the end, the whole world with all things in it rise up into the form designed for that moment in the Eternal Law of the Divine Wisdom, out of the nothingness of the Creature out of the Omnipotency of the Creator, as freely, as freshly, as fully, as Absolutely, as in the first Moment of Its Being.

So is it, and much more clearly, sweetly gloriously so in this Creation of God, the Creation of Grace. Assisting Love is no other than Preventing Love Continued: A continuation of Preventing Love. They say; A line is One Individual Point in motion. This is most true; All Assisting Love; the whole Life of Grace, and Glory in a Saint is One, Individual, Unchangeable Point of Preventing Love Eternal Love in Motion, spreading it elf, within Itself

to an Infinite Circle.

In every moment of a Saint's spiritual Being from his first Conversion to Eternity the Act of Assisting Love in Preserving, in Governing thee is the

fame with that first Act of Preventing Love in Regenerating thee.

In every moment of thy Spiritual Being from thy first Conversion to thy Glorification in Eternity, thy Spiritual Man the Divine Nature in thee riseth up into the form of that Moment answering Its Pattern in the Heavenly Image, the Glorified Person of Christ, out of thine own Nothingness; out of the glorious fulness of the God-head in Christ, as freely, as treally, as sweetly, as absolutely, as entirely; as in the first moment of the New-Birth in thee.

I will conclude this Second State of Divine Love in Christ, Assisting Love with that of the Greek Epigram thus translated: fer Fatum; sin ferre recuses; non minus to feret Fatum. Bear thy Destiny. If thou refuse to bear it; thy Destiny will nevertheless bear thee, and carry thee along. Cast thy selfs, O believer into the Bosom of the Assisting Love of thy God in Christ, to be born up, and carried along in it. But if thou resuse, and murmure; nevertheless this Assisting Love will take thee into Its Bosom, and bear thee and carry thee along with It in Its own Way laid out and listed up in Heaven in the Spirit into Eternal Joys.

If we believe not; yet is He faithful, and cannot deny Himself. God is Love He cannot deny Himself in the unchangeablness of His Divine Essence which is Love. He is True and faithful to the unity and simplicity of his own naked Being which is Love in the midst of all our changes, unbeliefs, unfaith-

nesses.

3. There is poured forth from the Heart of the Father in the Bosom of our Glorified Saviour The fulness of all simishing Love. I know no Scripture, which displayeth the finishing Love of God in Christ with more sweetness, riches and fulness; than that; Ephel. 2. v 4, 5, 6, 7, 8. You have here Love under several names in five verses repeated six times; Mercy; Love; Grace; Grace;

Kindness

Kindness; Grace. You have it brought in with Magnifying Titles; Rich in Mercy; Great Love; Exceeding Riches of Grace. The Salvation of a Saint is here presented to us, as a rich Piece of fine Enamelling. First the Ground on which the Enamelling lieth, is Gold. Then you have the rich Enamel upon the Gold. Lastly some beautiful Picture is formed in the Enamel. Such a piece of Divine Work is a Saint. 1. The Ground of the Work is Pure Gold. Pure Love, Preventing Love, God doth all from Rich Mercy, for the Great Love wherewith he hath loved us, v. 2. 2. The rich Enamelling upon this rich Ground of Love is Love too. All the Work is a curious, close, and fine Enamelling of Divine Love upon a glorious Ground of Love. You have this brought in and doubled, v. 3, 8. By Grace ye are faved. 3. The Beautiful Picture formed in this Enamel of Love upon a Ground of Love is, the Heavenly Face of Divine Love, naked, entire in all its Lovelinesses and Glories. to ravish all Spirits into a delightful Admiration: That to the Ages to come might be shown the Exceeding Riches of his Grace, v. 7. This is the End of God in Christ. He draweth upon the whole Person of a Saint, the Heavenly Form, the Divine Figure of Love, as Love is God; of Himself, as God is Love. He draweth this Divine Figure of Love in all its Riches, in those Riches of Sweetness, Loveliness, Glory, which exceed, which transcend all Degrees, all Capacities, all Understandings in the Creature. He doth it to this end, that the Father, the Lord Jesus, all Angels, and Spirits, all Creatures, in Ages to come, that is, in Eternity may see with Extasses of Joy and Wonder, the Entire Form of Divine Love in its most naked, most lively, richest Beauties, figured upon, and shining in the whole Person of a Saint from one end of his Story unto the Other. Do you not discern the Finishing Love of God in Christ making All perfect in Eternity?

The Ground of the Work of God in a Saint is Love. It is all inlaid in every point of it with Love. It is All Overlaid with Love. When St. Paul had gone through the Particulars, and several times declared All to be Grace, Pure Love: after all that he wrappeth up all over again in Grace, in Pure Love. By Grace ye are saved; v. 8. A Saint is like a Gold-Watch in a Gold-Case; A Work of Love in a Covering of Love, as rich, as the Work. If you go never so low all thorow a Saint to the Nethermost parts of the Earth to his lowest Foundations; All is Love. If you search into the Heighths of Eternity above him, round about him; All is Love, Comprehending, Crowning Love.

You will see the Fulness of the Finishing Love of God in Christ yet, more

clearly: if you consider Three Things set before you in this Scripture.

1. It is Love, which is the Supream Sun of Eternity, which generatethus to a Divine Birth, which infuseth a Divine Principle of Life into us, and awakeneth it in us. For his greatest Love, wherewith he hath loved us, he hath quickened us, v. 4. 5. This is Preventing Love.

It is Love, which maintaineth, carrieth on, floweth forth into the Stream

of Divine Life in us from the Beginning to the End. By Grace ye are laved: He hath raised you. v. 5. 6. The Way of a Saint is a Continued Resurrection Every Moment is a New Refurrection, every Refurrection supposeth a Death.

The whole Way o a Saint from the First Incarnation of Christ in him is a Contexture of Deaths and Resurrections, Divine Lights of Life and Shades. This whole Way of a Saint; the Deaths, as well, as the Resurrections the Shades, as well, as the Lights, are Divine Grace, Pure Love Dutteth on the form of Death, and shineth thorow it. Death putteth on the Form

of Love, and thineth in it. This is Affifting Love.

It is Love, which setteth us down in Heavenly places. Love maketh itself a Heaven of glory and blifs; a Kingdom of Joy, a Throne of pure Gold; a Crown of Immortality. This is Finishing Love. They are the same Riches of Mercy, the same Greatnesses of Love, which shine forth in our hearts at our Regeneration, at every Refurrection; and in Heaven at our Glorification. God rich in Mercy, for his great Love hath quickened us, raised us, set us down in Heavenly Places. All is the Same Love, the Seed, the Tree, the Bioffin, the Frun.

2 All the Steps in the whole Way of a Saint from the Beginning to the End are so many Love-Unions. He bath quickened us together wuh Christ; v. 5. He bath raijed us together with him ; He bath fet us down together ; v. 6

Every new Step in Grace, or Glory is a New Love-Union.

Every Act of Divine Life is composed of a Blessed, and Beautiful Trinity of Divine Loves. 1. There is the Lord Jesus, That Spirit, which is the Supream Love, the Effential Image, the Eternal Son of That God which is Love; the Bridegroom, and Beloved of a Holy Soul. 2. There is the Spirit of a Saint, the Sifter, the Spoule, the Love of this Love, this Bridegroom; Spirit of the same Spirit; Love of the same Love; sprung from the same Root, formed into the same Image, and Tree, bearing the same Fruits of Divine Love. 3. There is the Holy Spirit, the Marriage-Dove, the Marriage-knot, the Love-Union between these Two Divine Loves. Thus every Act, every Moment of a Saint's Life is a Divine Trinity of Heavenly, Eternal Loves coming forth in 2 New Drefs suitable to each New Moment."

3. All the Parts of a Gracious, or Glorious Life are acted; all the Forms. and Moments of the State of a Saint; His Beginning, Progress, End are acted. and comprehended in the Pure Element of Heavenly Love; in the Divine World of Spiritual Love; in that Great, and Glorious Deep, into which all' the Fountains of Love in the whole God-Head, in the Heart of the Father are broken up, and pour forth themselves, in the Glorisied Person of the Lord Isfus He bath quickened us together in Christ; v. 5. He hath raised, us together, made us to sit together in Heavenly Places in him; v. 6. Thus you see the Absoluteness, the Compleatness of Finishing Love, as well, as of Treventing, and Affifing Love. You see the Finishing Love of the Father poured forth with all Fulnels in our Bleffed Saviour: You see Divine Love in the Bosom of your Beloved, Alone Beginning Alone Continuing the Work of Grace, Alone in the Purity, Power, Simplicity of Free Grace Finishing, Perfecting All in

Glory.

I will make this clear to you by One Scripture more; 2 Tim. 1. 9. be hath faved us not according to works, which we have done, but according to his own Purpose, and Grace given to as in Christ, before the World was; Who hath abolished Death, and brought Life, and Immortality to Light by his Appearance in the Gospel. Behold this Heavenly Sight! Believe, rejoyce, and wonder. A Saint is a Spiritual Building of all Heavenly Graces, and Glories. It is entirely composed thorowout of Free Grace, of Pure Love. The Foundation of it is laid in the Fair Colours of Divine Love, all the Rooms, the several Stories, the Furniture, the Riches, the Entertainment is of Pure Love. The Roof is laid with the Precious stones of Pure Love. The whole Work of a Saint's Salvation, the Materials, the Form the Proportions the Measures of the Whole, and of every Part are Free Grace, Pure Love He hath saved us according to his Purpose, and Grace given us in Christ before the World was.

That Word Purpose fignisheth properly the Fore-laying of a thing.

This Divine Building of Love, this Heavenly Frame of Life, and Immortality, which is the True Form of a Saint, was set up in the Glorious Person of our Jesus from Eternity. All, that is done in time is the unvailing, and Discovery of this Heavenly, and Eternal Building by Degrees, according to the Measure of the Appearance of the Lord Jesus in us, in whose Person, and Spirit this Frame standeth, as a Living, Precious Corner-stone, out of which it is grown up; as a most pleasant Situation, which encompasseth it on every part.

This Palace, this Temple of Divine Love, of Light, of Life, of Immortality is Eternal in the Heavens, in Christ. Time, Flesh, Sin, the whole Work of this Creation are a Vail of Darkness, and Death cast upon It. As Jesus Christ shineth forth upon the Soul in the Gospel, he casteth off this Vail, he abolisheth this Death, he discovereth, and bringeth forth into the Clearness, and Sweetness of Its own Divine Light this Divine Frame of Life, and Immortality, which is the True Saint, the New Jerusalem, the Bride, the Lamb's wife

coming down out of Heaven with her Beloved ready trim'd.

How manifest, how full is the Finishing Love of God in Christ? The whole Being of a Saint is a Building, where all the Materials, the Work, the Finishing is Pure Love. Pure Love finished all its Works in this Building, before it began the World, from Eternity; and set it up in the Person of Christ. Pure Love cleanseth it from the Dust of Time, the Filth of Flesh, and bringeth it forth into the clear Lights of Grace, of Glory, which are the Brightness of its own Spiritual Beauties, in the Evangelical Appearances, and Out-Shinings of Fesus Christ.

Use 1. Receive the Love of God in Christ. 2. Resign your selves to the Love of God in Christ.

1. Receive

r. Receive the Love of God in Christ. It is a sweet, and easy work. For this Love giveth reception to itself in the Soul. When the Sugar taketh in the Wine; In truth the Wine into which the Sugar is cast, or which is poured upon it, worketh itself into the Sugar, then melteth, and dissolve it into One Body with itself; until you can no more distinguish between the Sugar, and the Wine. So the Soul lieth in the midst of Divine Love. Love in its own way, by its own force worketh and melteth itself into the Soul, until it have nielted and wrought the Soul into One Spirit, One Love with itself.

Divine Love is received into thy Soul, as thy Soul is received into thy Body; by Bringing it forth New out of its own Bosom; by Comprehending it in itself; by Forming it unto a Divine Image of Itself; by Inhabiting, Filling, Acting it; by Delighting in it, as its Daughter, Sister, Spouse, as its self multiplyed. Receive this Love, which thus receiveth you, giveth reception

to itself in you.

2. Refign your selves to Divine Love. This Love worketh all your works, all its own works in you, and for you; all Works of Love and of Loveliness. Philosophy teacheth us, that all Colours are Light mingled with Shade in various degrees, and manners; until it break up thorow the Shades, and drink up the Shades into One Pure Brightness. The Gospel teacheth us; that all Graces are Divine Love shining variously, and gradually forth, thorow the Darknesses of our Spirits; until by a sweet and Heavenly Force, as the Fire of the Divine Life kindled from the Throne of God, it burn out, and burn up all those Darknesses, Distances, Desilements, Enmitties, into One Eternal Flame of Pure Love, of Perfect Joy.

St James teacheth us; c. 1. 4. If Patience have its perfect work, it shall make us perfect, wanting nothing. This is the same thing, as if he had said; Let Divine Love, Preventing, Assisting Finishing Love have their Perfect work. These will make you Perfect, wanting nothing. This is the Grace of Patience; the Love of God in Christ by its own force infinuating itself into our Souls; by its own Charms alluring our Souls, tempering them to a harmonious Repose in it, a sweet, entire Resignation to it; until it have wrought

out, and finished its own Glories upon it.

Patience hath its Perfect Work; when Love hath its Perfect work. Love hath its Perfect Work in us; when we oppose nothing of the Devilto it;

when we mingle nothing of our own with it.

O that I were indeed a Minister of the Gospel! Then I should minister the Spirit to you, which is Love; The Fountain, and the Sea of Love. Then while I speak of Love, you would feel the Holy Ghost in his own proper Form, in the Form, and Fulness of Divine Love coming down upon you, entering into you, forming himself in you unto a Free Reception of himself, a Full Resignation to himself, until he had Finished his own most Lovely Form of Heaverly Love in you.

Use 3.

Use 3. Be aware, that you must receive the Love of God in Christ thorow Death. St Paul admonishes us, that as many, as are baptised into Christ, are baptised into the Similitude of his Death. Rom. 6.3. If we will be baptised into the Love, we must be baptised into the Death of the Lord Jesus. When Moses son was circumcised, Zipporah his wife said to him; A bloody bushand bast thou been to me. Some interpret the Words, as they run in the Hebrew; Thou hast been to me a Husband in Blood. So they are the Solemn words of that Sacrament pointing out the Truth figured in that Type. The Lord Jesus is a Husband to Thee in his own Blood. Thou must also be a Spouse to him in thine own Blood,

St Paul saith; Te are dead to your fift Husband by the Dead Body of Christ, that ye may be married to another, to him, who is rijenfrom the Dead. Rom. 7. 4. You must come thorow the Death of Christ into his Marriage-Bed. You cannot lye down in the Embraces of his Love in Glory; except ye be first married to his Crucified Body, and united to that in the Embraces of Death. Flesh, and Blood saith St Paul cannot enter into the Kingdom of God; into the

Kingdom of Spiritual Love.

If a Fleshly, a Natural Spirit striveth to enter into the Love of God in the Glorified Person of our Lord fesus: it falleth short of the Truth, the Life; it attaineth to a Similitude only. The Love and Glory of the Father, of Christ, of Heaven to the most raised Spirit of this Creation is an Enchantment, Delusion, a Dream. This Grace of God in the Figure, this Divine Love in a Dream is for the most part turned into Wantonness, & Lust. So men become in the heighth of the Purest Notions, of the Sweetest Images no more than Filthy Dreamers.

The Death of Christ in the New Birth, in Purity, and Power of the holy Ghost is the Angel with a Flaming Sword turning every way, which keepeth the Entrance into the True Paradise, the Way to the Tree of Divine Love, as well, as of Divine Life. The Eternal Spirit is the Flaming Sword. Death here in its outward form is an Angel ministring to this Spirit. He, that dieth by this Sword, and Flame in the hand of this Angel, cutteth off, burneth up all Fleshly Forms, and Lives; is in the same moment new-born into a Divine, Immortal Spirit. In this Spirit he entereth into the Paradise of Love in the Third Heavens, above the Heaven of Sense, or all things Visible, above the Heaven of Reason, Angels, all things Invisible, Intellectual, of the First Creation; in the Gloristed Person of Christ. Here nothing entereth, which hurteth, or defileth.

But be not discouraged, when ye hear of a Baptism in Death, before the Heavens open and the Dove, Divine Love descend to rest upon you, to give you rest in itself. It is Love itself, which is the Baptiser, which leadeth you, and goeth down with you into Death. It is a River of Love, which is the Fordan, the Death, into which you go down, and are baptised.

We are baptised, St. Paul saith in the forementioned place, into the Similitude

of Christ's Death. The Death of Christ was Death in Truth; a Substantial, Real Death. The Death of Christ in a Saint is Eternal Love, Eternal Life in the Likness, and Form of Death; a Similitude onely of Death in a Substance

of Immortal Love, and Glory, in the Person of our Fesus ascended.

Use. 4. Take heed of mingling the Lusts of the Flesh with Spiritual Loves. Jealousy is the Rage of God, as well, as of Man. It burneth to the Foundations of the Earth. A Fly bred out of Dung so infested the Eagle, that it forced him to lay his Eggs for safety in the Lap of Jupiter, the Heathen-God. The Fly mounteth up alost, carrieth up some Dung with it, letteth it fall into Jupiter's lap. He arising, and shaking the Dung out of his Lap, shaketh out the Eagle's Eggs with it, which fall broken to pieces upon the ground.

This is a Fable. The Moral is good. Thou art a Saint. Thou layest the Births of the Divine Spirit in Thee, thy Graces, Hopes, Joyes with thy self in the Bosom of Divine Love. O take heed, that thy Flesh, that Dung-Fly, mingle nothing of its Filth with these Births of the Spirit in the Pure Bosom of Heavenly Love. If it do; assure thy self, that Love will cast all the Filth, all Flesh out of its Chast, and Spiritual Embraces, As that falleth to the Ground, thou also wilt fall with it, and have many a broken bone, many a broken heart.

We read in the Revelation of the Dragon, and his Angels in Heaven together with Michael, and his Angels. But they fought there, till the Dragon, and his Angels were cast out. Thou, O Believer, art a Heaven in which God dwelleth as Love, where all the Angels, as Angels of Love; where all Forms of things are, as Heavenly Angels of Pure Love round about him ministring to him. Shall there be now seen in this Heaven, in thy Person, O Believer, filthy Lusts, surious Passions; the Dragon, and his Angels together with the Lord felus, Divine Love, and its holy Angels. How hateful, how horrid a Wonder! What a Prodigy is this?

If it be so, let there be no rest in the Heaven of thy Spirit; let there be a continual Fight, until the Dragon with his Angels, the Fleshly Spirit with its Lusts, and Passions be cast out. When the Unclean Dog, and the fiery Dragon are no more; Thy Lamb will feed, and sye down to rest; thy Turtle will make its Nest, and enjoy its Mate, its Beloved in quiet. Nothing shall disturb.

or make them afraid in all the Paradise of Divine Love.

Use. 5. Comfort your selves, O Believers. You travel thorough the Valley of Baca: Baca signifieth a Mulberry Tree, and Weeping. You travel thorow a Valley of Tears, a Mournful Valley; where all the Trees, that grow, are

Mulberry Trees, Emblems of Grief, and Wo.

You are frequently overspread with the black Shades of Fear, Unbelief, Doubt, Distrust, Despair. You often fall into the hands of violent Robbers, Evil Spirits in the forms of various Temptations, Corruptions, Passions. These spoil you, leave you naked, wounded, desolate. You dig up pits in Duties,

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Ordinances. But many times no Rain, no Descent of the Spirit from Heaven

filleth these Pits.

Yet be not discouraged, all you, who believe the Love of God in Jesus Christ. Strengthen the seeble Knees. You shall go on from Strength to Strength, from Light to Light; so you shall come every one of you at last to a Clear Sight, to a Compleat Fruition of the God of Gods on Mount Sion, of God in his Supreme Glory, in the Nakedness, Purity, Simplicity, Unity of the Eternal Spirit. Lift up the seeble hands. These weak Graces of yours mixt, interrupted with so much Corruption; These weak Persons; Bodies, and Spirits wearied, wounded, stained with so many Sufferings, Sins, and Sorrows shall be crowned with persect Glory.

For why? Pure Love, Almighty Love, That Love, which is itself God over all Blessed for ever; This Love comes forth casting off all vails, pouring forth itself from all its Eternal Springs, in all its Infinite Fulnesses in the Gloristical Person of Christ; This Love hath begun, and shall it not make an End?

As Certainly, as it hath laid the Foundation, and you have cried to it; Grace, Grace; Pure Love; Preventing Love; as Certainly, as it hath gone on to build you up thus far; and still you have cried to it; Grace, Grace; Pure Love; Assisting Love: so certainly will it lay the Top-stone. Your Eyes shall see it. You shall in like manner cry to it, with a Shout of Angels, and Blessed Spirits all round about you; Grace, Grace; Pure Love; Finishing Love.

There are Three Sorts of Comforts, which the Finishing Love of God in Christ

ministreth to us; 1. Against the Difficulties of Life;

2. Against the Darkness of Death; 3. Against the Dreadfulness of the Great

and Last Day.

1. Comfort; against the Difficulties of Life. St. Paul had prayed thrice against the Thorn in his Flesh, and the Buffetings of Satan. He receiveth this Answer; My Grace is sufficient for thee; My Strength is perfected in Weakness; I resource therefore gladly in my Instrmities. For, when I am weak, the Power of Christ resteth upon me. My Grace. You have there the Father, the Fountain of Love, the Fountain of Free Grace. You have at the end of the verse, the Lord Fesus Gloristed, into whom this Fountain floweth continually, covering his Person all over without, filling it all within with the G'ories, Immortalities and Joys of Divine Love. This Fesus resteth upon St Paul in the Power, in the Perfection of All his Loves; He maketh Perfect, he finisheth his Loves, the Pure, and heavenly Work of his Loves upon him; when he is weakest.

The Holy Ghost discovereth a Mystery here. A Mystery is a Divine Secret: A Divine Glory with a Divine Vail cast over it; a Divine Light surrounded with a Divine Darkness; The Head of Christ all Pure, Fine Gold covered with Locks, and Curles black, as a Raven. The Mystery, which the Holy Ghost here unvaileth to us is, One of the richest, and sweetest among all the Mysteries of the Gospel. It is the Mystery of Love, of Finishing Love. Blessed

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are those Eyes, that see the Glory; Blessed are those Hearts, that understand, and relish the Sweetness of This Mystery. It is This: When Divine Love would put forth itself in Greatest Power, and Glory; when it would finish, make Perfect the general, or any Particular Work of Love in us: it chooseth that Scason, when we are weakest, lowest, have least of Loveliness, Lite, Love, or Suitableness to Love; when we are in the greatest unlikely hood for it; when we seem to be at the greatest Distance from it.

Cant. 6. v. 12. The Spoule is brought in speaking thus: Ere I was aware, my Soul made me, as the Chariots of Amminadib. I have not Learning enough to understand, why Amminadib is set here, as One Proper name, whenas in the Hebrew there are Two distinct Words, which have their common signification, and are rendered in the Margint of the Bible; My Willing People. Moreover that word As is put in by the Translatours; and where we read

Made me, the Original properly is exprelled by Set me.

The words then run thus in the Hebrew Text; Ere I was aware, (or, I knew not, I knew not how, I knew nothing of it) my Soul fet me the Chariots of my Willing People; or by the Addition of One Preposition understood; My Soul fet me in the Chariots of my willing people. It will be worth our time, and pains; if we stay a little upon the opening of this verse. We shall find a Spiritual, a heavenly Treasure in it; and bring the Application home to our hearts more Clearly, more Comfortably.

There are Four Questions, which may be made here: 1. Qu. Who this People are which the heavenly Bride calleth; My Pople. 2 Qu What the Willing People are. 3 Qu. What the Chariots are. 4. How the Soul of the

Bride setteth her In these Chariots or maketh her As these Chariots.

1. Qu. Il bo the beavenly Bride's own I espleare.

Anim. These whom the Spiritual Bride calleth Her own P-opie are Heavenly Spirits in Glery. It was said of facob, when he died, He was gathered to his People. While a holy Soul is in this World, she is, as an unknown Princess under a Diiguise, in a strange land, the language whereof she understandeth not. In Death this Princess-Bride returneth home to her own People, to her own Kindred, her own Relations, and Acquaintances. There all understand the languages, Faces, and hearts of Each other. There they mutually drink in the Spirits of Each Other, and in the Spirits of Each other all Pure, Immortal Loves, Beauties, Joys.

There is another Scripture, which commenteth upon this, and confirmeth our Explication of it. It is Excless. 12.7. The Dust returned to the Excless is was: The Spirit to God, who gave it. That which is translated God, is in the Plural Number Gods, often applyed to the Angels. The Jours by it fignificant God cum ladaments sus: as he cloatheth himself with the Forms of Angels, and appeareth in them. The Soul of a Saint cometh forth from the Land of Angels, and Glorious Spirits, in the midst of which God reigneth, into this World,

World, as into an Exile or Banishment. When it dieth, then it goeth home to its own Countrey, and People; to its own City, and Fellow-Citizens; The

Inhabitants of the heavenly ferusalem, the Mother of us all.

I shall add one Text more, which will make all the rest Clear; Hebr. I I. 14.15,16. The Saints there are faid to feek a Countrey. The Word is reflectly; Their Native Countrey. Then to prevent a mistake you are told; that this Native Country was not that, from which they came on Earth. It is diffinguished from that, and plainly called; A beavenly Country; Their Native Land, which is a heavenly Countrey. Behold those whom the Spouse of Christ calleth My People; The Inhabitants of the City of the Living God; her heavenly Countrey, her Native Land above the Heavens, as the word beareth. These are described in the Epistle to the Hebrews, The Assembly of the First-born. all Forms of things, all the Saints, in Spiritual Beings, and Beauties, in the Likeness of Christ, as he is the first-born of every Creature, before they defcend from their Thrones of Pure Glory, from their Virgin-Lustre, and Sweetness in the Bosom of Christ, into Flesh, upon the Earth; The Imumerable Company of Angels the Glorious Attendants of the Saints in their higher, and First-born Glory; The Spirits of just men made Perfect; either in the Body, or out of the Body, come to this heavenly Land; Living, walking, and converfing there among the Inhabitants of this Land, in the Spirit : These are Thy People, Thine own People, O Believer, O thou Bleffed Bride of thy Glorified Fefus. You have the Answer to the First Question.

2 Qu. What are the Willing People?

Answ. Again I am ignorant, why the same word is rendred in the Margin of this Scripture; Willing; when as immediately after, Cant. 7. 1. The same word Nachb is translated Prince; O Prince's Daughter; or O Princely Daughter. If I mistake not, the Church is spoken of in that Chapter, as being now in Glory, upon the Throne. You have this word Nadib used to the same sense, of the same Subject; Psal. 1 10.3. Thy People shall be Willing in the day of thy Power, in the Beauties of holiness, from the womb of the morning; thou hast the dew of thy Birth. The words lie thus in Hebrew: Thy willing People in the Day of thy Power, or, thy Armies, in the Beauties, or Excellencies or Majesties of holiness, or in thy holy, Pure Beauties, from the Womb of the Morning, to thee the Dew of thy Youth.

You have here the Lord fesus in Glory, in his Kingdom; in the Day of his Power with his Armies of Angels round about him; in the Beauties of heliness, in his Freshest Beauties, in the heighth of Excellency, and Majesty in the Glory of his God Head filling, shining thorow, overspreading his humane Nature. You have him here in the Brightness Sweetness, and Newness of his Eternal Southip, as he cometh forth Immediately from the Womb of the Morning, the Bosom of the Father, who is the Morning, the Day-Spring of the God-Head. Thus is fesus Christ with the Dew of his Youth upon him as Fair, as Fresh, as unfading as a New-blown Rose in the Morning, while the

Hhh 2

Pearly

Pearly Dew lieth yet upon it. Jesus Christ is now, as a Bridegroom upon his Coronation Day, or as a King upon his Marriage-Day. Now his People are a Princely People, all Fellow Kings together with him. Now the holy Soul is That Princes, and Daughter which is his Queen all in Beaten Gold at his right hand.

The Willing People are Princes, heavenly Spirits in Glory. This is the

Answer to the Secund Question.

3.Qu. What are the Chariots of the Princely People?

Answ. I. The Chariots are the holy Angels. Psal. 68. 17: The Chariots of the Lord are Thousands; Ten Thousands of Angels. God is in the midst of them, as on Sinai, in the holy Place You may observe in your Bibles that word Place not to be printed with the same letter, as holy, to signifie, that it is not in the Hebrew but added by the Translatours.

The Holy may be here any of these, or rather all of these in their Subordinations; the Sanctuary, or Temple, the Holy Place, the Figure; the Lord fesus, the Substance, & Life to this Figure, the holy One the Saints, the holy Ones, the members of Christ, Carist Mystical, the Spiritual Temples; Heaven, the Everlasting

Glory of the God-Head, in which Christ resideth.

Sinai was a Type to all these. These in their several degrees are Sinai heightned to Sion, to the Perfection of the Divine Presence in the Beauty of Holiness, and Love. You may see too, that As before Sinai is added. The He-

brew lieth thus; Sinai in the holy.

The Thousands, and Ten thousands of holy Angels make all One Chariot in which God rideth. Each Angel is also a Distinct Chariot The Chariots of the Lord are according to the number of the Angels. But Each Angel comprehendeth in himself the whole Millions, of Angels. They are distinguished in their Essential Forms; but undivided. As the same Colours, and Lines varied make all Beauties: So all Angelical Forms in distinct Relations make up the Essence, and Glory of Every Particular Angel. God with the Thousands of his Chariots rested on Mount Sinai. Sinai, or Sion rather is in the Lord Fesus; in the Assemblies of the Saints; in the Person, and Spirit of every Saint; in Heaven; in the Spirit thorow all the Heavens, and the Earth, in the Lord Fesus, and every Saint.

The Chariot of Solomon is the Chariot of his Queen also. The Bridegroom, and the Bride ride together in the same Chariot; Jesus Christ and his Spoule;

Fefus Christ, and his Brethren, his Fellow Kings.

Behold then the Chariots of the Princely People of the Immortal Kings, of Saints in Glory, in the Glory of Christ, and of the Spirit, whether in the Body, or out of the Body. They are the Chariots of God; The Thousands, and Ten Thousands of the holy Angels.

These are in a double sense the Chariots of these Divine Princes; 1. These Princes ride in them; 2. God rideth, upon them in these Princes, as on Sinai, as on Sion, as in Heaven.

Answ.

Answ. 2. The Chariot is the Divine Presence in the Light, and Evidence of its own Appearance, with all its Train of Glories, and Angels, as in Heaven with the Universal Form of things comprehended in it, enlivened, and enlightned by it; as in the Glorious Person of Christ, at the last day. This Divine Presence descending and ascending; resting upon, and shining forth in the Prophets and Holy men of old in their Visions; is described Mystically; Ezek.c. 1. and called by the Jews, The Chariot.

There are Wheels, Living, High, Dreadful, Glorious, Shining, as a Pretious Stone, full of Eyes, that is, of Angels, of heavenly Spirits. I humbly offer it to be confidered; whether these Wheels be not the Elements, these Globes of the Visible Earth, and Heavens, made New, made Spiritual, filled with Angelical Lives, cloathed with Angelical Forms, and Glories in the Kingdom of

the Spirit, and Mystical Person of Christ.

Then the Horses, which draw these Wheels are the Living Creatures, full of Eyes. If the Wheels may be understood to be the visible Part; these Living Creatures may present the Invisible Part of the Creation in its Renovation, by a Spiritual Glory flowing forth from the Fountain of The God-Head in the Glorified Person of the Lord Fesus.

These Wheels, and Horses together may perhaps not improbably be thought

to be the New Earth.

Above the Wheels, and the Living Creatures is the Chariot itself, a Firmament. If I may pursue my former Apprehension with Submission to the Spirit of Truth in every Spirit; I shall call this the New Heaven; The heavenly Image, the God-Head unvailing itself, appearing in a New Glory. 'This is the Firmament, the Heaven, born up, and carried along by the Innumerable Company of Angels; while Jesus Christ sitteth in it, as in his Chariot.

Above this Firmament is the Similitude of a Man; as Fire, from his Loins upward, and as Fire from his Loins downward. This is our Blessed Saviour in the Union of his Divine, and Humane Nature. The Glory of the Divinity, of the Eternal Spirit cloatheth both with the same Similitude of Fire, which shineth with the Sweetest Light burneth with the greatest force of Love, transformeth all things with an Almighty Power into One Pure, Immortal, Divine Flame with itself.

The Lord Fesus himself speaketh of his own Coming, and Appearance in his Kingdom after this manner; The Son of Manshall come in his own Glory,

in the Glory of his Father, and in the Glory of all His holy Angels.

Our Saviour seemeth to have had the same Vision in the Eye of his Spirit which Ezekiel had. The Jews distinguish the Angels into Angels of the Throne, nearer to the Divine Majesty; Angels of Service, at a greater Distance.

The Glory of the holy Angels make the New Earth; the Horses, and the Wheels in the Chariot of the great King. The Wheels, the Visible Part of the Creation, the Wheels are made of Angelical Glory: But they are the Angels

Angels of Service in a New, Spiritual Glory. The Invisible Things of the Creation, the Living Creatures in the Chariot are the Angels of the Thren: in the Glory of the Kingdom; of the Coronation, and Marriage-Day.

The Firmament, the New Heaven is the Glory of the Father; The Chariot itself which containeth him, in which he descendeth, bowing down the Heavens, as he descendeth. The Lord Jesus himself in his own Glory is Distinct from all these Glories, comprehendeth them; and rideth forth in them.

This is that Image, in which he shall appear at the last Day, as a New Creator and a New Creation, making all things New; as the most Entire, most Naked Image of the Invisible God, in all his most Pure, and most Invisible Glories; as the First-born of the whole Creation in general, and of every Creature in Particular; as the Whole Creation in its Virgin-State, in its Ideal Glory, while yet it sprung up out of the Bosom of God, and stood onely in the Bosom of God, and was a Sifter-Spouse to the uncreated Beauty.

This is that Testimony of Jesus, which is the Spirit of Prophely; That Divine Presence, that Word of God, which came to all the Holy Men of old, in the Light of which, as in the Glass of Eternity, the First, and Supreme Truth, they saw Visions, dreamed dreams, and spake of him. This is the

Chariot of the Princes; of the Saints in the Glory of the Spirit.

4 Qu. How doth the Soul of the Spouse make her, as this Chariot of her Prince-

ly People, or let ber in it?

Answ. The Soul of the heavenly Bride is her Lord, her Life, her Love, her heart, her True Self, her Beloved, her fesus. He descendeth in his Chariot, and taketh her up into it. He appearing in his heavenly Image composed of the Glory of his Father, his own Glory, the Glory of all his holy Angels, which is his Chariot, as he appeareth in her, translateth and transsigureth her into the same heavenly Image. She also is now become a Chariot made up all of the same Glories, with the same Jesus, the same Queen, the same Company of Princes riding together in it. The Soul of the Bride is also Foith, the Seed of God, the Divine Nature, the Spirit in a Saint.

This Divine Life in a Saint by a Descent of the Lord Fesus upon it, in a moment, ere a Saint is aware, he knoweth not how, both taketh him up to

fet him in this Chariot, and Transformeth him into it.

I have onely prepared you by all this for the Application of the Scripture opened by us to our present purpose; that we may take in with a greater Sense, with a Deeper Impression the Comfort, and Joys of Finishing Love making Perfect its most Beautiful Works, and Displaying its most pleasant Strengths in our Weaknesses.

Ere I was aware, my Soul made me, as the Charles of my Frince's People; or

Set me in them.

Hearken to me, my Brethren. Is there not among you a Poor Believer, a Mournful Saint, which hath long prayed, long fighed for a Clear Sight of

Felus

Fesis Chris, a Sense, and Seal of his Love, Sweet, and Constant Communion with him? To this Soul I now speak. Perhaps after all this thou art embracing the Dunghil of Distrust, and Despair. Perhaps thou art sitting upon the Dunghil of some Fleshly Lust, or Earthly Care; of Covetousness, or Lasciviousness; Vanity, or vexation. Now, in a moment, which thou thinkest not of, ere thou art aware, Jesus Christ in the Divine Brightness of some heavenly Truth slashing, like Lightning, in upon thy Spirit, may descend, may discover himself in his Heavenly Image, with his naked Glories, naked Loves to thee. Now, ere thou art aware, he may make this heavenly Image, at once a Laver of Precious Blood, in which he washeth Thee white, as the Light itself, from every Spot; a Chariot of heavenly Princes, in which he cometh down to Thee upon thy Dunghil, taketh Thee off from thy Dunghil to ride with him in the Fellowship of all Immortal Spirits, while all the holy Angels bear Thee up, and carry Thee on upon the Firmament of the Father's Glory at the side of thy Beloved, whither the Mind of the Spirit is for Thee to go.

Ere thou art aware, the Lord Jesus can change thy Dunghil, can change Thee, into a Divine Chariot of Eternal Spirits, in which he will ride forth with Thee; thou shalt ride forth together with him having his Lovelines's in thine Eye, his Love in thine heart, thorow all Forms of things, Light, and Darknes's, Life, and Death, as thorow various Fields, differing Regions of Spiritual Beauties, and Delights in the Vast Continent, the Vast World of the

Divine Nature.

Thus comfort thy self against the Discouragements of Life with the Fulncis of Divine Love, Finishing Love in the Glorified Person of Christ; which maketh Persect its Strength and Sweetness in Weakness, and Enmity; which giveth Thee the Desire of thy Soul, thy Jesus, most clearly, most dearly into thy Bosom, when thou lyest locked up fastest in the Bosom of the Strange Woman; of This Strumpet, and this Witch, the Hellish Darkness cloathed with Figures

of Fleshly Sostneiles, Sweetnesses, Lights, and Treasures.

Gen. 28. 11, 12. Faceb had pursued the Spiritual Blessing, the heaverly Birth-right, and had obtained the Prontife, the Purchase. After all this he fly-cth alone, as a Banished Person, from his Father's house. He is benighted in an open field. He lieth upon the naked ground. He hath under his head for a Pillow, a Cold, Hard Stone. Now Finishing Love maketh Persess its Strength in this Weakness, giving him now the Evidence, the Pledge, the First-truits of that Spiritual Blessing, that heavenly Birth-right, which he had a Promise of, and a Title to.

Now Heaven is opened to the Eye of his Spirit in a Dream. A Ladder reacheth from Heaven to Earth. One End of it resteth on the Bosom of God above. The other End standeth upon the Ground at his head below. Angels descend, and ascend upon the Ladder. He awaketh, and sith; This is none other, then the Gate of Heaven, the house of God; and I was not aware

of it. The Stone on which he lay, is now anointed, and becometh a Pillar, and Altar, a Figure of Jesus Christ in all his Divine Loves, and Lovelinesses.

Jacob is in every holy One. Hear this you broken hearts. You complain We have tasted something of the Sweetness of Preventing Love, if this be Preventing Love to cast in upon our Spirits gracious hints, and hopes of Spiritual Blessings, and heavenly things, when we sate in the Shadow of Death, and did not so much, as know, or Believe, that there was a Spirit, a Heaven.

We have also tasted something of the Sweetness of Assisting Love, if this be affishing Love to help us, to carry us on for a wearisome length of time with sighs, and groans, unutterable, to cry for the Revelation, the Possession, the Fruition of these Spiritual Blessings, and heavenly things, in the Foretast of

them.

But, O! where is Finishing Love? Now instead of this, behold, we are benighted with Darkness of Spirit surrounding us, far from our Father's house, from the Bosom of our fesus, in the wide, solitary, naked field of this Fleshly Image. We lie upon the Cold Ground of our own Natural, Earthly, Comfortless Spirits. Under our head is the hard Stone of unbelief, Distrust, Care, and Fear. Where is now Finishing Love?

Finishing Love is now nearer to you, than you are aware. This is the Season for Finishing Love this is the Time, in which the Work of Finishing Love is most Beautiful. What it now doth, will be for Ever, for an Eternal Joy,

and Glory; a Work of Eternity.

It will be now Pure Love, Perfect Love; It will now work with All Free-

dom, with all Fulness in your Weaknesses.

Ere you are aware, Finishing Love will open itself, as the Heaven of Heavens round about you. You shall see the Lord Jesus, as a Mystical Ladder of Divine Loves reaching from Heaven, to Earth, filling with the Fulness of Divine Loves poured forth in his Glorified Person all the Space between Heaven, and Earth; while One End of this Ladder toucheth the Heart of God in the Glories of Heaven, and Eternity; the other End toucheth thine Heart, as thou liest covered with darkness below on the Desolate Earth. Divine Loves in all Angelical forms stand upon every Round of this Ladder, every Degree and State o: Things between heaven, and Earth, in great Troops. These at once descend, and ascend; bring down the Heart of the Father into thy Bosom, and carry up thy Heart into the Bosom of the Father.

Now thou saiest; This Open Field was the House of God, of Divine Love. This Darkness was the Gate of Heaven; the Gate of Finishing Love; and I was not aware. By this Gate Divine Love cometh forth from Its Spiritual Palace unto me. By this Gate Divine Love bringeth me into its Palace. It is enough I have received the Spirit of Promise; I am Sealed by it with the Eternal Image of Divine Loves, and Glories, with the Heart of my Jesus, my God, set upon my Heart. O my Jesus, it is true, it is True. This was the Sea-

fon of thy Finishing Love, and I was not aware. Thy Finishing Love maketh Perfect its Strength, Light, Sweetness, in Weakness, Darkness, Enmity.

Thus comfort your selves against the Difficulties of Life in the Freedom, the Fulness of the Finishing Love of God treasured up in the Glorified Person

of Christ for you.

2 Comfort; Against the Darkness of Death. Gladly therefore will I rejoyce in mine Instrmities. For, when I am weak, the Power of Christ resteth upon me; saithSt Paul; 2 Corin. 1 2. 10. in the place cited before. It is the Power of Finishing Love in Christ which is here intended. For that was the Subject of the former part of the verse: My Grace is sufficient for Thee. Behold Free Grace, Pure Love! For my Strength is made perfect in Weakness. The Strength of Grace, of Love is made Perfect in Weakness. Behold Finishing Love! This maketh the Instrmities not of old Age onely, but of our dying hour Pleasant to us; that, when we are weakest, the Power of Divine Love resteth upon us in its Finishing Sweetnesses, and Glories.

When the Lord Fesus hung upon the Cross, he cried out; My God, my God! why hast thou for saken me? A Darkness covereth the face of the whole Earth round about Him. The next words, which we hear from him, just as he giveth up the Ghost, are these: It is Finished; A Declaration of Victory; A Triumph. The Mystery of my Sufferings, of Divine Wrath are sinished in my Person. The Glory of the God Head, of Heaven, of Eternity; All Beauty, all Joyes; The Mystery of Divine Love are sinished, and compleated in my Person. Both these Mysteries are now sinished, Both Compleated in One Glory,

in this One Moment of my Death.

This is the Pattern of a Saint, and of Finishing Love in the Pangs of Death. You have a Saint sick on his Death-bed; a sense of Sin, of Wrath; Doubt, Despair spreading their black Wings over his Spirit; pains, faintings, deadly pangs seizing upon his Body. In a Moment, in the midst of these Weaknesses the Lord fesus in a Chariot of Angels, and Invisible Glories, with the full Power of all Finishing Loves resteth upon him from without; raiseth himself and shineth from within. Now in this Moment is the Whole Scene changed. The black, and baleful Image of Things is changed into a Heaven. The fainting, dying Person into a Gloristed Spirit triumphing in his Chariot of Angels, and ascending with the Lord fesus into the Heighths of Eternity.

He crieth one moment; The Joys of Life, the Light of the Sun, the Delights of mine Eyes, My Dearest Relations, and sweetest Friends, Life itself for sake me. My hope, my Faith, my Spiritual Comsorts; my God, my God.

why do ye, why doest thou for sake me?

The Next moment with a Shout of Angels, with the Sound of the Silver Trumpets in Heaven, he crieth out; It is finished. The Sufferings of Christ are finished in me. Divine Love hath finished upon me all its Mysteries, and made the Joys of Eternity full in me.

Iii

A modest Person was sick, and in want: A Friend sensible of his want, and modesty conveyed a Bag of money under his head, and pillow, while he slept. He waketh, findeth it, smileth, and saith: This is the Stealth of my Friend.

Our Jesus frequently castern a deep Darkness, the Shadow of Death over us then, when he purposeth under the covert of this Darkness to convey some sinished Piece of Glory, some Compleat Work of Finishing Love, Heaven itself into our Bosom; our Persons into a Heaven of Immortalities, and Glories unsought, unexpected, unperceived by us, until we are possessed of them, until we are in the midst of Them. These are the Stealths of our Beloved. These are the Stealths of Finishing Love.

The Power of Christ with all the Fulness of Finishing Loves resting upon a

Saint in his Death is excellently described, 2 Corin. 5. v. 1, 2, 3, 4.

Observe there Four things; 1. A Glorious Building. 2. The Groans of Bur-

thened Saints. 3. The Workmanship of God, 4. The Earnest of the Spirit.

1. A Glorious Building. This is Abuilding of God; on Ois; out of God. The Materials, as well as the Builder, and the Form, are all of a Divine Nature. It is a Pallace hewn out of the Rock, and standing in the Rock of Eternity. Gold, precious Stones, Pearls, the Body of the Sun, Angelical Substances are, as Dung to the Materials, of which this Building consistent.

It is Eternal; above Time; and so without Beginning, or End; above Suc-

cession and change.

It is in the Heavens, in the Highest Heavens, the Heavens of Eternity, the

Heavens of Heavens, in the Eternal and Supream Spirit.

It is fituate in the most Divine Heighths, in the midst of the most Divine Lights, Loves, Purities, Powers, and Pleasures; in the midst of the most Divine Lives, and Immortalities.

2. The Groans of burthened Saints. We groan being burthened. The Burthen is the Earthy Tabernacle; This Life; The Weight of vanity, and Corruption. These burthened Spirits groan for the Dissolution of this Tabernacle. But how? Not, that we would be uncloathed, but cloathed upon with our house from Heaven; not to be found naked, but to have Mortality swallowed up of Life.

St. Paul expresses the meaning of the Unutterable Groans, with which the Spirit of Supplications maketh Intercession in the Saints. They would not be uncloathed of the Spiritual Image, which they put on at the New Birth. They would not be uncloathed of the Natural Image, which they put on at their First Birth. They would never, no, not for a moment be found naked of anything of that Life Light, or Sweetness, Heavenly, or Earthly, which belong to either of these. No; they groan to have these cloathed upon with that their Building from above; to have not onely their Immortal, and Inward, but their Outward, and Mortal Part itself swallowed up into Life; Life itself, in its Purity, in its Persection, in its Spring, which is Eternity.

3. The Workmanship of God in a Saint is wonderful, and indeed Divine

in this. Now he that hath made us for this, or, he that hath wrought is unto this, is God. St Paul assureth every Saint, that his Groans are heard, and answered; from the Workmanship, and the Workman. We read in the Canticles; that the Thighs of the Princess, and Bride are, as Jewels, the Work of the hands of a Curious, and Faithful Workman. So the Word in Hebrew significant.

The Spiritual, and Natural Life; the Whole Frame, and Compositive of a Saint, Inward and Outward; all are Mysterious Jewels, wrought by the Divine hands of God himself, as a most Curious, and Faithful Workman, as a most Skilful, and FirmPiece of Work. They are by an Unexpressible Wisdom, and Love framed unto this; that the Substance of these Jewels should never fail, the Vertue never decay, the Lustre never fade; no, not in Death itself; but then most of all grow bigger, and brighter; more Pure, more, Perfect more Powerful by being drunk up into Eternity; as the Waters of a fine

Spring, are drawn, and drunk up by the Sun.

4. The Earnest of the Spirit. Who hath also given us the Earnest of the Spirit. The Eternal Spirit in the Immortal Soul, and Mortal Body of a Saint; The Eternal Spirit, in which a Saint possessed, and Mortal Body of a Saint; The Eternal Spirit, in which a Saint possessed, and Earnest; both a foretast, of Reason, of Sense; This Spirit is to a Saint an Earnest; both a foretast, and a seal of this truth; that both the Soul, and the Body of a Saint in Death, are like the Spice in the Golden Censor, or upon the Golden Altar in the Temple, which is the Gloristed Bosom of Christ. Both lose nothing of themselves, but change into a more Spiritual, and Divine Form, in which they ascend, and carry up all their Preciousness, all their Pleasantness with them, like the Pillar of Smoak from the Altar persumed with all the Spices of the Apothecary, in which those Spices themselves with all their Sweetness, and Vertue go up refining, and enlarging themelves, till they rest and spread themselves, in the Bosom of Heaven.

How Curious, and Sure a Workman is Fesus Christ, is the Love of the Father in the Death of a Saint? O the Freedom, O the Fulness; O the Skill, O

the Faithfulness of Finishing Love in the Death of a Saint!

O Believers! Preventing Love hath brought you out of Agypt, out of the Servitude to your Lusts, and the God, the Spirit of this World. Assisting Love hath carried you along thorough this Weary Wilderness, your Conformity, and Fellowship with the Lord Fesus in his Sufferings. Be of good Courage. Your Cloaths shall not wax old. Nothing of you shall fall in this Wilderness. You shall certainly come into the Good Land, the Land of Promise, the Land of Rest, the Land slowing with Milk, and Honey; with Life, and Peace; Immortality, and Immortal Pleasures.

Finishing Love in the Glorious, and Immortal Person of your Beloved like the Ark before the Israelites, shall lead you thorow this Fordan, thorow Death, on the Dry, Firm, and Pleasant Land of Life itself. Not so much, as any single Drops of any Dark Waters shall sprinkle themselves upon any Parts of your

I i i 2 Garment.

Garment. The clear Streams of this Beloved River shall stand on heaps, on each side of you; as Christal, or Diamond Rocks; as Lights, Prospects, and

Guards of Angels, while you pass.

When You are weakest under the Pangs of Death, the Finishing Love of Christ in Power, your Gloristed Jesus in the Power of his Finishing Love shall rest upon you, shall spring up in you; at once to comprehe d you, and

enlarge you; to Cloath you upon, and to transform you within.

Nothing of the Graces, and Joys of your Inward Man; Nothing of the Beauties, and Delights of your Outward Man shall be divorced from you, or darkened in you. Like a Heaven of Stars, they may pass under many Clouds; But under all Clouds, they shall go on shining still, and increasing their Lustre. When they seem to be extinguished in Death, they shall be only drunk up into that Pure Light of Life, which is Invisible to all Mortal Eyes by its Fineness, and Fulness of Glory. They shall disappear onely by the Degree of heightning.

He, who hath wrought us unto this, is God. The Sweet Colours of a fair Summer-Morning in the Sky are so made, that they sade not, but go on changing to fair and fresher Colours still, until they all vanish into Pure Light. For These Colours are all the Light of the Approaching Sun figuring itself in divers degrees into Different Forms of Beauty; till at last It Break up into the Full Glo y of unmixt Light by the immediate Presence of the Sun appearing

with the unclouded Brightness of his heavenly Body.

In like manner all the Excellencies, Entertainments, and Joys of a Saint, in his Immortal, and Mortal Part; The Immortal, and Mortal Parts themselves of a Saint thorowout are so framed by the Father of Lights, and Loves; that they can never sade, nor pass away; but in the moment of Death itself, are cloathed upon from above with a Brighter, a Diviner Form, and are swal-

lowed up into the Abysses, the Incomprehensiblenesses of Eternity.

For God is Love. A Saint is a Birth of Love; A Seed of Divine Love springing up in his Outward, and Inward Man, Forming itself into a Body and Spirit, into all the Powers, Pleasures Objects, Relations of Both Divine Love is the Substance, and the Sap; The Matter, and the Form in all. A Saint in his Essence, and Operations, all Entirely is a Plant of Divine Love. Death is the Ripening of the whole Plant all over into the Perfect Fruit of Pure Love, of Finishing Love. In this Form It can be seen, selt, tasted no more but by the Pure Eyes, Embraces, and Mouth of Divine Love. God hath all given us the Earnest of his Spirit for this. Tell me now you, who have received the Spirit; What do you see, what do you feel, when you are blessed from on high with any fresh Anointing, any fresh Essusion of the Spirit upon you? When the Activity of Grace, when the Operations of the Divine Life are heightned in you by any peculiar Appearances, and Outshinings of the Lord Jesus in you; what do you Find? Do you not find all things made New? Do you not find

find the Invisible Image of things within, the Image of all Visible things without; Your self your Life, Your Soul, your Body, Your Graces, your Comforts; Husband, Wife, Children, all Objects of Life, the whole World itself renewing its Light, its Sweetnes, its Lustre; All heightened, Spiritualised Immortalized, transfigured into Divine Forms Invisible to all other Eyes, and this without any Darkening, without any Eclipse, or Cloudy moment interposing.

This is the Earnest of the Spirit given unto Thee for a Figure, a Foretast,

and a Seal of Thy change in Death.

Thou shalt not be uncloathed of any Garment of Life, or Light; Spiritual, or Natural, which thou hast ever put on. Thou shalt never be found naked of any Forms of Light, Life, or Love, which have ever accompanyed, and encompassed Thee.

Thy Faith shall be swallowed up into Vision; Clear, Full Immediate Vision, Eye to Eye; Thy Hope into Entire Possession, and Compleat Fruition;

thy Soul itself into a Simple Divinity and Eternity.

Thy Body; thy Dear Relations; the Delights of thine Eyes; the Precious, and Pleasant things of thy Senses shall All be cloathed upon from above with those Immortal Substances, of which here they are the Shadows; with their ownOriginalForms, of which here they bear the Figure; with their Flourishing Patterns upon the Mount of Glory, in that First, and Pure Spirit, the Fountain of Life, the shining Fountain of Good; in the Glorished Person of the Lord Jesus; in Eternity.

The Movable Tabernacle with its Tent, both are Diffolv'd, and fall into the Eternal Building of Glory in the Heavens; where they become, as Myfterious Figures of Divinity, in that Temple; or Rich Furniture, & Delightful Apartments of that Palace; where every Part beareth the Figure; posses

feth the Life, and Beauty of the Whole.

This is the Freedom, the Sweetness, the Fulness of the Finishing Love of God in Christ. Death itself is made at once A Consummation of the Marriage Love between the Heavenly Bridegroom, & his Bride; A Bed of Loves; the Divine Embraces of Eternal Love; and the Divine Fruitfulness of these Embraces.

Jesus in his Invisible, and Eternal Form descendeth, overshadoweth embraceth his Bride; transfigureth her into a Form of Eternal Beauties perfectly answering his own; maketh her to spring with, to bring forth in the moment of those embraces, in the moment of her own Transfiguration all Forms of Things above, and below in Immortal, Divine Images, and Essences of Pure, Perfect Love.

The Dark, and Dreadful Appearances which surround Death, are onely A Cloud, which hide these Delightful, these sacred Mysteries and changes from all Natural Eyes; while the Saint himself in the Spirit seeth its own Beauties, feeleth its own Joys in these Transfiguring, and Impregnating Em-

braces:

braces: So Christ himself, was taken by a Cloud out of the sight of the Apostles

while he ascended.

Death beginneth to the whole Saint in all parts that Coming down of the Lord Fesus in a Flame of Glory; that Rapture of a Saint caught up into the Bosom of the Lord Fesus, with the Sound of the Heavenly Trumpet: The Universal Shout of Divine Lives, Loves, Glories, thorow all things. The Resurrection sinishest them. O the Absoluteness of Finishing Love! All work of Glory is made perfect in a Saint: Jesus in all these Powers and Treasures of the God-Head resteth upon a Saint then, when he is weakest, when he seemeth nearest, likest to Darkness, Dust and Dung, in the Agonies of Death.

3. Comfort; Against the last Day. There are peculiar Terrours accompany the Day of Judgment. It is indeed the most Dreadful of all Dreadful things. The Last Day is twofold; 1. Universal, the Day of the Last upon the whole Earth. 2. Particular; the day of the Lord upon a City or Nation.

Both these are spoken of mixtly. The same dreadful things are attributed to both; properly, or figuratively. We know not how near the Universal Day of the Great Judgment of the Lord upon the whole Earth may be. The Lord Tesus may be now at the Door, and ready to enter. He shall come as a Thief in the Night, in Clouds, unperceived, unexpected. All things shall be in the moment of his Appearance, as from the Beginning: Some at the Mill, some in the Field, some in the Market, some at Church to be married, others in the Marriage bed, others Eating and Drinking. All the figns which are to fore-run that Great Day of the Lord's Last Appearance from Heaven, may be come to pass in the midst of us in another manner and form, differing from that, which we figure to our felves, and we not aware of it: As Elijah the great fore-runner of our Lord Jelus in his first Appearance was come and gone in the Person of John the Baptist, not understood either by the Jews in general, or by the Disciples. Watch and pray; have your Loyns ever girt, your Lamps burning; go forth from the things of Sense into the Spirit, to meet the Lord, who cometh in that Air of Heaven, and Eternity. So shall you be caught up to meet him, as he cometh, and enter with him into the Bride-chamber.

I shall give you my Reasons, which make me to believe, that the Particular Day of the Lord upon this Landand City approacheth, and cometh like a Tra-

veller,like an Armed Man upon us.

1. Jerusalem and the Jews seem to be set up for a Type to every City and Land, which beareth the Name of God. St. Paul at large in the 11th to the Romans describeth the Succession of the Gentiles by Christianity into the place of the Jews, the Progress and Way of God with the External Professor of the Gospel, as with Israel. He represente this by Natural Branches cut off from an Olive Tree, by wild Branches ingrafted in their place, standing upon the same Terms, in the same danger of being cut off.

2. Are not we, as Hierusalom, ripe for the Harvest? Have we not had the Ministry of the Law, of the Gospel, of the Letter, of the Spirit, in great power, and glory? Have not all varieties of chastisements, and judgments inferiour to, preparatory for the great, and last Judgment, already passed upon us? Have not our Sins among all forts, of all kinds, grown up to maturity to be ready for the Sickle?

3. We have feen figns in Heaven above, and on the Earth beneath, and in the Waters; which Fefus Christ foretelleth, as Joel before, and St. Peter afterwards from him, to precede immediately the great and dreadful day of the

Lord upon Hierusalem. Hierusalem is in London.

But, O what comforts flow from the finishing love of God in Jesus Christ to make this day of the Lord not only supportable; but lovely to us, and

longed for by us.

Lift up your heads, for your redemption is at hand; your Redeemer cometh. This is the day of finishing love. Jesus Christ cometh in this day to thee, O Believer, to consummate the Marriage, and so all thy joys, thy graces, thy g'ories in thy compleat Marriage to himself. The day of the Lord is said to be; The Revelation of the Lord from Heaven. As the natural day chaseth away the shadows of the night; but is the brightness of the Suns beautiful, and glorious Body, making all things new in the pleasantness of his light to those Eyes, that watch for the morning: so is this day of the Lord a day of Clouds, and Darkness to the Children of the night. But it is to thee, who lovest, and waitest for the appearance of our Lord Jesus, the breathing forth of all finishing loves, the breaking forth of all finished Beauties from the beloved Person of thy Jesus, appearing nakedly in all the glories of the God-Head from Heaven, in thy Person, in all things round about thee; as the Sun of Eternity at once shining in every point of things, making a new day of immortality, and glory every where.

The Lord Jesus cometh indeed in flames of Fire. But these flames are the Almighty powers, and Supream glories of the eternal spirit, of eternal love in its purity, in its simplicity. These are of a truth flames of fire to the enmity, to the enemies, to all flesh: but they are to thee, who livest in the spirit, flames of finishing love, of sinished beauties presenting themselves to thee in all forms of things; seasting themselves upon thee; feasting themselves with thee;

making themselves a feast to thee.

I will conclude with that History of Elijah, I Kings 19. 11. There passed before him a Whirlewind rending the Rocks, removing the Mountains; a Fire, and Earthquake. After these came a still voice. The learned Jews say; That all this was acted before the Prophet in a divine vision; that the Whirlwind, the Mountains, the Rocks torn in pieces; the Fire, the Earthquake were Angels presenting themselves in those Forms, as so many Divine Scenes that the still voice were all the Angels in a Quire, making a heavenly melody;

Thy Royal Bridegroom cometh in every day of Judgment to make more than this, true to thee, O thou Dove, thou Bride of the Lamb. He cometh in the weakness of all flesh round about thee, to rest upon thee, upon all things round about thee in the power of his sinishing loves. This is the great day of love, and of the spirit, in which he will make perfect the strength of his love, and spirit, while thou art trembling, while all things are falling with a great noise round about thee, as dreadful ruines in a devouring slame.

Now lift up thy head into that living, and glorious light of the eternal spirit; now lift up thine Eyes, and thine heart unto that living, and glorious light of divine love, which breaketh forth from the face of thy Jesus within thee,

without thee, on every fide of thee.

This is the day of the anointing of thine Eyes with the heavenly. Eye-falve; of changing thee, and the whole world to thee into fine Gold, Gold

tryed in the fire.

All things now appear to thee, as indeed they are, a divine vision in a light of Glory. The whirlewinds, Earthquakes, Fires, Deaths, Ruines are all Angelical Scenes in the Spirit. In them all thou seest the Dances, thou hearest the still voice, the calm, charming, soft Musick of all the Angels, all the Spirits, all the loves of God; as on his, and thy Marriage-day.

Thus finishing love maketh perfect the light, the life, the strength of the spirit, and of love in thee in thy personal weakness, in the universal weakness,

decay, and ruines of all flesh, of the whole Creation round about thee.

A skitful Painter is most discerned in laying his shadows. By these he maketh his work softer, sweeter, more full of life, and more taking. Thus comfort thy self in all thy weaknesses, darknesses, and deaths. Say thou; now is my felus exercising his divine wisdom, and skill in laying, and placing his shadows. Now upon these sad grounds will he curiously lay his rich and pleasant colours. Now will he form and finish the glorious sace of his divine beauties, of his divine loves upon me.

Finishing love then appears, then displayeth itself with greatest freedom, sulness, and sweetness: when it maketh perfect its strength, its beauties, its joys, its eternal light in our weakness, deformity, despair, darkness, death.

These are the rellishes to the Musick; the shadows to the beauty of finishing love. These are the times for finishing love; when it is most beautiful.

There now made an end of my discourse upon the first rich branch of this divine fulness of love in Christ; the fulness of love in all States. I come now

to the second branch; the fulness of love in all kinds.

2. There is poured forth from the Father in the glorified Person of the Lord Jesus a fulness of love of all kinds. St. Paul saith; that God the Father bath abounded in Grace towards us in all wijdom, and prudence in Christ Ephel, 1.6,7. There are three parts of wijdom, where it is compleat. 1. There is in wijdom a variety of things. 2. A contrivance of this variety into one piece. 3. A concurrence

currence, and meeting in one of all the several varieties in each part, and point of the whole piece by the force of the Harmony. The Father aboundeth in his Grace, his love to us in all wisdom, in Christ. here is sulness upon fulness. He aboundeth. He aboundeth in all wisdom. Nay you have a threefold fulness; an abundance; an abundance in wisdom, which itself expresses a sulness, a riches of variety. but then there is superadded all wisdom; all variety.

The Father is a plenitude of love of all kinds, in all varieties pouring forth himself incessantly, endlessly, eternally in Christ. God is in Christ, in his electing love, in his creating love, in his preserving love, in his redeeming, regenerating, justifying, adopting, sanctifying, comforting, glorifying love. God aboundeth with a fulness, with a filling, an overflowing sulness in all these, in each of these several kinds of love in Fesus Christ. Enlightning, enlivening, softning, sweetning, healing, cleanling, defending, delighting, heightning, crowning loves, all are here, and all are full here to infiniteness.

Come all ye Souls, who want a sense of sin, or mourn under a sense of sin for want of a sense of love; come hither to Jesus Christ, and have love, love of every kind, love suitable to your longings, or wants; and have it in abundance. The gloristed Person of Christ is a spiritual Garden. Indeed it is a Garden invisible, sealed up from the outward senses. But by how much the more invisible it is; it is so much the more real, glorious, and divine. This Garden is ever present before thee. It flourisheth in the midst of thee. It is

continually open to every humble, believing Spirit.

In this Garden all kinds of divine love grow, as so many flowers, which are ever sull-blown, ever in their sull beauty, and sweetness, ever fresh, never fading, never failing. As fast as one is gathered, another springeth up in its room. These Immortal flowers of divine love grow here for thee. They have thy name written upon them. They bend and bow themselves towards thee. They invite thy hand to gather them. They are ripe in every season, and gathered with the least touch of thy spirit. Thou, who hast a Spirit black, and burning with the deepest guilt, take the flower of justifying love, stick it in thy bosom. This will take out all the heat of pain, and take away all the deformity, and stain from thy spirit.

Thou who labourest under the disease of any corruption. See here the slower of sanctifying love. Carry this in thine hand, in thine heart. It is a powerful, a pleasent remedy against every lust, or passion. Doth the Instability of thy spirit, the uncertainty of thy spiritual condition afflict thee? The slower of electing love hath a soveraign vertue in it to establish, and fix thine heart in a triumphant peace and joy above all changes or fears. Art thou melancholy is thine heart cust down within thee for some apparent reason, or thou knowest not, why? look upon this pleasant slower of comforting love smell to it, wear it in thy bosom. It shineth with a heavenly lustre, which re-

Kkk

createth

createth the Eyes, and infuseth strange joy into the heart. It breatheth forth a sweetness from it, which will make you think your self in Paradise, or killing those blessed Cheeks of your heavenly lover, your self in the Beds of Spices. It hath a spirit in it, which is the extract of all Cordials, which hath all comforting vertues in it, which is the soveraign Comforter of hearts, and spirits, the only causer of delight, and pleasure on Earth, or in Heaven.

If any one be dejected with a sense of shame, let him make him-self a Nose-gay of these three Flowers, regenerating, adopting, glorifying love. Every one of these casteth a wonderful light from it, which will make thee to teethy self in the unity of the eternal Spirit, in the form of the Son of God. Thou wilt see the whole sace of things, as a glorious Heaven round about thee, all full of bright, and shining Angels encompassing thee, guarding thee, attending upon thee, as the heir of God; selus in glory walking with thee hand in hand, as his Brother, God himself beholding thee with an unmoved, and full Eye of esteem, wonder, and complacency, as his onely one, the Object of all his love, the Ground of all his joy.

The State of a Saints Soul and Body in Death.

The peculiar confolations, and joys of Death to a Saint, pour forth them felves, into ten diffinct channels, or streams.

1. Death is no diffolution to the Soul, or Body of a Saint, but a restitution and return of both to liberty, peace, and perfection.

2. Both descend no more, but ascend in Death.

3. Death hath in it no melancholy overcast, or unpleasant darkning to the Soul or Body; but a sweet, unexpected, surprising, and ravishing increase of a pure, divine, and triumphant light, circling in, and shining through all.

4. Death casts no deformity upon either part of a Saint, but cloaths both

with an heavenliness, amiableness, and beauty.

5. Death is no streightning, or imprisonment to Body, or Soul, but a bles-

sed enlarging of both to a divine state, and freedom.

6. The Death of a Saint hath nothing bitter in it; but is a spring of pure sweetnesses, and pleasures dividing itself into every part, and making all the garden of God.

7. There is nothing of the Devil in the Death of a Saint; but Christ ri-

fen, and glorified is all, fills all, and shines thorow all.

8. Death hath nothing of wrath in it; but is all divine love unvailing it-felf.

9. There is nothing of Death in the Death of a Saint; but life, and immortality unclouded, and shining forth clearly.

10. Death is no other thing to a Saint than a heightning of his spirituali-

ty, making him all thorough-out spiritual, purely spiritual, without any mixture unchangeably spiritual without any interruptions, inconstancies, or darkintervals.

1. Death is no diffolution to the Soul, or Body of a Saint, but a reftitution and return of both to liberty, peace, and perfection. 2 Corinth. 5. 1. St. Paul expressent this ground of considence, and joy in Death: For we know, that if our carthly house of this Tabernacle be dissolved, we have a building of God, an house not made with hands eternal in the Heavens. It is the observation of learned Divines, that the Greek word here rathly deduct, which we render to be dissolved, signifieth to take up our Inn, from that circumstance of unloosing the Horses, and taking them out of the Waggon, or Chariot to bring them into the Inn, and Stable, that there they may be at their liberty to rest, and feed, and lie down. From this word upon this ground, an Inn, or House of reception, a refreshing for Travellers, hath its name in Greek, retrantima.

At our Birth, which is the morning of this life, and our entrance upon our Tourny through this weary world, our Souls and Bodies are joyned to this fleshly Image by the natural spirit, the spirit of this world, as Horses put into a Waggon, to which they are fastned by their Harnes, and Traces. The Body is as the fore-horse, but the Soul as the filler, which draws most, and bears the chief weight, All the day long of this life we draw this Waggon heavy laden with all forts of temptations, and troubles thorow deep ways of mire, and fand. This only is our comfort, that the divine will, which is love itself in its perfection, as a hand put forth from Heaven thorow a Cloud, at our Birth put us into this Waggon, and governs us all the day. In the evening of our life, at the end of our Journey Death is the same divine will, as a naked hand of pure love shining forth from an open heaven of clear light, and glory, taking our Souls, and both Bodies out of the Waggon, and Traces of this fleshly Image, and Spirit, and leading them immediately into their Inn, into a place of freedom, rest, and refreshing into the unity of the eternal spirit into the Bosom of our Lord Jesus.

Obj. But before I proceed any farther, I will indeavour to make my whole way more clear by answering an objection, which perhaps already ariseth in most of your thoughts. You may be ready to say; Is this your meaning, as you seem clearly to express it, that the Bodies also of the Saints suffer no dissolution in Death, but return immediately to a state of purity, and perfection? This seemeth to contradict the common sense of all, the faith of the Saints, and the plain letter of the Scriptures. Do we not with our Eyes see every day the dead Bodies of the best Persons thrown into the Grave, turning to Corruption, and Putrefaction, either before, or in the Grave, dissolved to Worms, and Dust, their bones scattered, and cast up and down Church-yards? The blessed Body of our Lord Jesus was taken off from the Cross, a bloody, liveless, mangled Corps, a sad, and ruthful spectacle. So he was laid in the Grave, the same Body, which after three days rose again, and was taken up into Glo-

Kkk 2

ry. The Scripture plainly testisheth, that in Death, as the Spirit returns to God who gave it, so the dust returns to the Earth as it was, God passeth this sentence of death upon Adam for his transgression: Dust thou art, and to dust thou shalt return. Do not we by faith, grounded upon the clear letter of the Scripture expect the Resurrection of our Bodies, at the sound of the last

Trumpet?

Anj. lanswer to these objections first in general. Isuly affent to all these testimonies of sense, of the letter of the Scriptures, & of the common faith of all the Saints concerning the Resurrection of the Body. Yet is it true that I mean this, I believe this, in this meaning and belief my Soul, and Body rejoice, and triumph together; that not the Soul alone, but also the Body of a Saint in the very first moment of Death, meeteth with no dissolution, but a restitution, and most delightful return to liberty, peace, and perfection: This is that sweet, and comfortable sense of Death, which the holy Spirit seemeth to have scaled upon my Soul, from all principles of reason, of Faith, and from the letter of the Scriptures. In this sense I wish, that all were, as I am, to behold with the same spiritual Eye in the same light of the Spirit, the beauty, and loveliness of Death in the Body of a Saint, the beauty, loveliness, and pleasant life of the Body of a Saint in Death.

I come now to give a more particular answer fitted to the several objections

by four distinctions.

The four distinctions are these. 1. Of a two fold body in a Saint, 2. Of a two fold Dust. 2. Of a two-fold Sense. 4. Of a two-fold Resurrection.

r Dift. There is a twofold Body, which the Scripture in its language attributes to a Saint: There is a Body, from which a Saint is to be delivered. You read of this, Rom. 7. l. Wretched Man that I am, who shall deliver me from the Body of this Death. There is a body in a Saint, which is to be delivered. St. Paul speaks of this in the name of all the Saints. Rom. 8. We also, who have the first-fruits of the Spirit, wait for the adoption, the redemption of the Body. There is a Body, which is the feat of Death, a Body of Death, as in the forementioned place; who shall deliver me from the Body of this Death? In all the members of this Body fin reigneth, as a King, establishing his Law. For so, in the same place, a little before, it is written: With my Members I serve the Law of Sin. This is the Body of Flesh, in which there dwelleth no good, as St. Paul speaks in the same Chapter. There is again in a Saint a holy, living, immortal Body, the feat of a holy, heavenly, and immortal Life, in as much as it is the Temple of the Holy Ghost. For so St. Paul testifieth, as to an unquestionable, and known truth, granted of all the Saints in the primitive times, I Cor.n. 6. 19 What? know you not, that your Body is the Temple of the Holy Ghoft ? Again, a Saint carryeth about with him thorow his life a Body, which is a partition-wall between him, and his Beloved, which divides between Christ and him, which he must break forth

forth from, and cast off, before he can be taken into the Bosom of Jesus Christ, and be with him, I Corin. 5, 6. 8. St. Paul complains that while he is prefent in the Body, he is absent from the Lord, and breaths forth passionate longings to be absent from the Body, that he may be present with the Lord. But a Saint hath a Body, which is fo far from dividing him, and Jefus Christ, that these two divine lovers are entirely united, and both one in it. It is Christs own Rody, as well as a Saints. All the Members of it are the Members of Christ, as they are of a Saint, I Corin 6. 15. Know ye not, that your Bodies are the Members of Christ? Shall I then take the Members of Christ, and make them the Members of a Harlot? God forbid. Yea he carryeth this union so high, that he maketh the Lord Jesus, and a Saint in this Body of his, of which alone he speaketh, to be one Spirit, and makes that the principal ground, upon which he builds his arguments against Fornication, v. 16. 17, 18. What? know ye not, that be, which is joyned to a Harlet, is one body, for two, faith he, shall be one flesh, but he that is joyned unto the Lord is one Spirit. Flee Fornication, he that committeth Fornication, finneth against his own Body. How manifestly here are a fleshly Body, and a spiritual Body diffinguished one from another? A Body, in which Fornication makes the Man one flesh with the Harlot? a Body, in which a Saint is one Spirit with Jesus Christ?

These two are one Body, which standeth in two mixed Principles, and Images. The Body of a Saint, while this life lasteth, standeth partly in a carnal, or stessible, and Image. This is the Body of Death, in which no good dwels, which is subject to the Law of Sin. While a Saint is present in this Body, he is absent from Christ. This is that, from which a Saint groanesh to be delivered. The Body of a Saint standeth in part, and imperfectly, while we live here, in a Spiritual Principle, and Image. Thus the Body of a Saint is the Temple of the Holy Ghost, the Body, and Member of Christ, one Spirit with Christ, by which one Spirit it is Baptized into his Spiritual, and heavenly body. This is that body of a Saint, which groaneth to be redeemed, and delivered from the Body of Death, as from its Captivity, Prison,

and Grave.

The Death of a Saint finisheth this Captivity, breaketh open the Prison, and the Grave, and setteth free the Body of a Saint into the liberty of its Adoption or Sonship; that is, into its Spiritual, and divine form of a Son of God.

As fire is said to separate things of different kind, and to gather into one things of the same nature: so is the Death of a Saint the slame of God, the fire of Divine Love, Jesus Christ coming in the invisible slame of this Heavenly fire to separate the fleshly Principle, and Image from the spiritual Principle, and Image, both in the Soul, and Body of a Believer. The sleshly Principle, and Image, which is in the Body of a Saint, as a foreign, and strange thing, as rust upon Gold, is entirely cast off to the Spirit, and Image of this world,

world, and of the Devil, to which it belongeth. The Body of the Saints in its Spiritual Principle, and Image, which are truly, and properly its own, in which it is truly, and properly itself, is intirely for ever gathered up into the unity of the Eternal Spirit, the heavenly Body, and Bosom of our Lord Jefus.

In the Epistle to the Hebrews, ch. 9. 23. The Blood of Lambs, and Goats were said to cleanse the figures of heavenly things in the Tabernacle, but the Blood of Christ the heavenly things themselves. The Soul, and Body of a Believer are the heavenly things themselves. For these are that true Temple of the Holy Ghost, of which the first Tabernacle, and Temple were sigures. As the death of a Saint is a conformity to Christ, and a sellowship to Christ on his death: so doth the Blood of Christ, that is, the divine virtue, and the life of the God-Head in the death of Christ, cleanse these heavenly things, the Soul and Body of a Saint at his death from all their dust, rubbish, and filth, from all mixture with the slessly Principle, and Image.

Thus now the Body of a Saint, as well as his Soul, is made compleatly a pure, and heavenly Temple of the Holy Ghost. It subsists alone in an immediate, entire, and mutual union with this blessed Spirit. It lyeth wholly in it, as in the Fountain of life, immortality, love, peace, and joy. It is filled with it, as the Temple with the smoak of the sweet incense, and with the Glory of

God.

How unhappy are you? How bitter is death, how full of deformity, how dreadful, how dark, how dismal to you, who leave this life before the Fountain of Eternal Life hath opened itself in you? Death to you is a devouring fire from below, which burns upon your Spirit, and slesh, consuming the order, the beauty, the sweetness of both, and changing them into a ruinous heap

of utter darkness, desolation and confusion.

But bleffed are you, thrice bleffed are you, whose Souls, and Bodies are both married by one Spirit unto Jesus Christ, before Death comes to separate them one from another; whose Souls, and Bodies are become Temples of the Holy Ghost, and are inhabited by the Holy Ghost, before Death comes to demolish the sleshly frame, and building. Death to you is a lovely form, in which your Jesus himself comes into your whole Person, both Soul, and Body, as into his Garden or Vine-yard, to drive out the wild Beasts, all the powers of darkness, to pluck up by the roots, and to cast out the Weeds, every thing of this worlds, of a slessly Spirit, and Image, that the Divine Shades, the Spiritual Plants, the fruitful Vine of his own Life, and Love, and of his own meavenly Image may alone shourish here, and himself alone may delight hunter in the midit of these, as in a Garden shut up. Jesus Christ comes by Death to your Bodies, and Spirits, as to a Beloved sountain, to cast out of it every thing of hith, of earth, and slesh, which polluteth it, that he may see his own face every all over it, that he alone

may drink of it, that he may lye in the midst of these waters for ever bathing in them, that you in both may be a sountain sealed up to himself. Death is to you, who believe, a rich Marriage-bed of Gold and Purple, into which your naked Souls and Bodies quite stripped in the twinkling of an eye, of all their raggs, are taken to lye in the naked bosom and imbraces of your beloved Bridegroom the Lord Jesus.

Thus much for the twofold Body.

2 Dist. The 2. Distinction next to this of the twofold Body in a Saint, is that of the twofold dust in Death. In the last chapter of Ecclesiastes, v. 7. we read That in Death the dust shall return to the earth as it was, and the Spirit to God who gave it. Gen. ch. 3.17. God passeth this Sentence of Death upon Adam after the Fall: Thou shalt return to the Ground. For out of it thou wert taken,

Dust thou art, and to Dust thou shalt return.

There was a Dust before the Fall, out of which the Body of Man was made, Gen. 2.7. God formed man of the dust of the ground. First observe here by the way, that the ground from which the dust was taken, of which the Body of Man was formed, was the ground of Paradise. For so we read immediately atter at the 9th v. That out of the ground God had made to grow every Plane that was pleasant to the eye, and good for food, with the Tree of Life in the midst of them.

The Jewish Doctors teach us, that the dust, of which the Body of Man was made, was a fine and precious powder, in which all the excellencies of the whole Creation were exactly tempered, and mingled together in one Body. The Scripture seemeth to give us a foundation for this belief. When Moses faith, That God made out of the ground to grow every Plant pleafant to the Eye good for food, and the Tree of Life in the midst of them; he seemeth to fignifie that this was a divine ground, in which God from the beginning had fown the divine feeds of all the beauties, pleafantneffes, fweetneffes, and of all the beautiful and pleasant Lives of Paradise itself, and of the whole Creation, as it was in a Paradifical state. The dust then of this ground, which composeth the Body of Man, was the manifold beauty, sweetness, virtue and life of Paradife, of the whole Paradifical state of things gathered together, contracting themselves into one, and shading themselves, like the beauties, sweetnesses, and virtues of a flower in its precious seed. But that which is chiefly to be considered here, is the state of all things before the Fall. Sin was not yet entred, which brought in Death. The Unity of the Creature among themselves, between God and the Creatures, was yet entire. The divine life and Image flourished thorow the whole Creation. All the Creatures stood upon their divine root, and were filled with a divine Sap, like flowers upon their stalks, and trees at the height of the Spring.

St. Folm gives us a sweet, and beautiful Image of the whole Creation in its first state before it lost its life, sweetness, and unity by Sin, Job. 1.3.4.

All things were made by him, that is, Jesus Christ, and without him nothing was made that was made. In him was life, and that life was the light of Men. There are two things observable in this Scripture. 1. That which we read, without him was nothing made, & xeeis au 70, fignifieth properly nothing was made apart, or separate from him. The Holy Spirit seemeth here to point out the primitive union of the whole Creation, and all the distinct parts of it with the Lord Jesus, the living Root, the glorious Head of all, and in all. 2. Where we read; Without him nothing was made, that was made, this latter clause, that was made, addeth nothing to the sense, and looketh like a vain repetition. Some therefore place it at the beginning of the following verse, and read it thus; that, which was made, in him was life. This describeth to us the effect of that union. Jesus Christ pur a life, a divine life into every Creature by his union with it. St. Faul seemeth to relate to this Scripture, and to confirm this living, beautiful, and Divine State of all the Creatures, as they came forth from God, Colof. 1. 16. All things were made in him, all things were made therow him, unto him, and into him. v. 18. All things food together in him.

Well then the Dust, the Ground, the Earth, the Darkness in the pure state of the Creation were made in Christ, were life in him, were made in union with Christ. They were made thorow Christ, as their mould, and channel. They were made by Christ, as their Original pattern, as the immediate power putting forth itself in them. They stood together with the rest of the Creatures in the Divine Unity in Christ. Thus had this Dust, of which we speak, a Divine life in it, a Divine Beauty upon it, a Divine Seed in it; this life was the life of Christ, and so comprehended according to its kind, all the lives and vertues of all the Creatures, and of Paradise. Its beauty was the beauty of Christ, in which after the like manner all created beauties centred, and met in one. Christ himself was the Seed in this Dust, and so not only the excellencies, and virtues of the whole Creation, but all the uncreated Treasures of Life, and Glory lay together shaded, and vailed within this Dust. But their vail, and their shade was a living, beautiful, and pleasant Picture of themselves, all silled with the sweet Odour of those hidden Ointments.

I have one thing more to say to describe this Dust. Man, who was the last days work, the comprehension, and perfection of the whole Creation, was made in a shadowy Image of God. For to the word Image in the first of Genefits significate, and the Scriptures in their whole course testify. In the beginning all things came torth from God in an universal Darkness before the Light of the first day.

This Darkness is remarkable in several eminent circumstances. 1. It was cast touth immediately from the Divine Nature, and from the giorious Person of Christ to be a vail round about upon the Eternal Glory it clf, and to be a ground of the whole Creation. 2. It stood in an immediate union with

100

the Divine Nature, and the glorious Person of Christ, springing forth immediately from it, and depending immediately upon it. 3. The unsearchable riches of the God-Head, and of Christ, with all the various Excellencies of the creatures as they were in their eternal patterns and principles, lay hid together within this shade. 4. Out of this ground did God make to spring all the creatures in their primitive paradiscal purity and pleasantness, being wrapt up here, as in their first matter, and having their proper seeds sown here.

Thus was this Darkness a shade indeed, but pure, indued with a Divine Life, cloathed with a Divine beauty and lustre, bearing a Divine sigure, breathing forth a Divine sweetness, spread forth every moment fresh with a new lustre, and sweetness from the Divine Nature, vailing within itself all the Joys and Glories of God, Christ, Heaven and Paradise, and as it hides all these in its Bo-

fom, lying itself in the Bosom of Christ."

Such is the Ground, such is the Dust of the Ground, and the Earth, out of which the Body of Man was first taken, and into which the Body of a dying Saint returns. Such is the Darkness of Death, that overshadows a Saints body, like the Nights in Paradise. But there is this advantage now, that this pure, primitive Dust and Darkness are heightened, have a new, and greater beauty, and sweetness by the Resurrection of Christ from the Dead. This is the

first Dust, the Dust before the Fall.

2. The second Dust is that after the Fall understood in that sentence; Dust thou art, and to Dust thou shalt return. This is the Dust of that Death which sin brings forth, a curied Dust, the Dust of the curied Earth, which bringeth forth Bryars and Thorns. That former beautiful and blessed Dust lies captivated in this, as in a Prison, or Grave of contrariety and enmity. This Dust is composed of three things; 1. A Separation, Dissolution, and Desolation, from the force and power of Enmity. 2. A Blackness of Darkness from a cloud and storm of wrath. 3. The seeds of shame, pain, anguish, horrour and torment hidden in it.

This Dust is that which the Body of a Saint casts off in Death, upon this worldly Image and Spirit, together with the Spirit and Image of this world. This is that which suffereth dissolution, which representeth deformity, an I striketh the horrour in Death. All which are now of the Image of this world, and to the Image of this World, in the Spirit of this World, within the Kingdom of the Devil, having no more relation to a Saint in Death, than the filthy raggs of a Prince in a Dangeon, to the Prince at Liberty, and in his Pallace.

Death rubbing off the Rust of this cursed Dust from the Body of a Saint, leaves it all a shining, rich, incorruptible Dust of pure Gold. His Body is now entirely with Christ, a precious, pleasant, and living Dust in the Garden-Beds, the Beds of Spices or persumed Flowers in Paradise. This is the

second Distinction of the two Dusts.

3 Dift. The third distinction is of a twofold sense, Rom. 8. 6. St. Paul teacheth us, That to be carnally minded is Death, but to be spiritually minded is Life, and Peace. The Greek runs thus: the mind of the slesh, and the mind of the spirit. The word mind is ociona, which signifieth a practical understanding, and comprehendeth a twofold act; one of the understanding to discern, and judge; another of the will to tast, and rellish. So the mind is here a sense, and a savour both in one. Thus you have here a twofold sense, Spiritual, and Carnal or Fleshly.

1. The Spiritual sense is set forth three ways. 1. By the Principle. 2. By

two effects of this Principle. 3. By two companions of these effects.

1. The Principle of a Spiritual sense is the Spirit; this holy, and bleffed Spirit is the only, and proper Principle of a Saint, and Saintship, of a Son of God, and a Sonship to God. Art thou indeed a Saint? then thou art in the Spirit of Glory, and of God, as in thy Root, and Element, as a Tree of Life In the Root of Eternal Life, and Love, as Fishes in the water of Life, as Birds in the pure air of Divine Love, as Angels in Heaven, Rom. 8. 9. You are not, (faith St. Paul to the Saints) in the Fleth, but in the Spirit. Art thou indeed a Son of God? Then is this Spirit of Grace, and Immortality in thee, as thy natural Principle, as the power of Nature according to the new, and Divine Nature which acteth thee. Rom. 8. 16. As many as are led by the Spirit of God, are the Sons of God. The word led is a piral acted. As the Soul acts the Body, as the principle of reason the Soul of Man, as the nature of the Sun acts the Sun in its shinings, in its motions; thou also art acted by the Divine Spirit, to which the Sun, the Soul of Man, the principle of reafon are empty, and weak shadows, so far as thou in truth art a Child of Light, and a Son of God the Father of Lights.

Let me here by the way touch a three-fold string in your Souls. 1. A

mournful string. 2. A string of defire. 3. The string of praise.

this Spirit of Grace, this Comforter is grieved, that this Spirit of Light, and Life is quenched by unbelief, fenfuality, unkindness, and neglect? how should we mourn that this Holy Spirit, this Spirit of Truth is slighted, and spoken evil of, as a Spirit of licenticusness, or as a fancy, and delusion, and all this among Saints, at least in profession, when as this Spirit is the only principle of Saintship? St. Jude in his Epistle, speaketh of this as the Sin of Devils, for which they are cast down to Hell, and bound in Chains of Darkness, that they did for sake their first state, and their own habitation. It is in Greek not their first state, but their first principle, and to grieve, and cast shape upon this sirst, and most blessed Spirit, which is your only principle, a principle of Divine Life, Light, and Purity; your own habitation, a habitation of Divine Rest, and Glory?

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2. O all you, who defire to be Saints, or to grow in the new, and Divine Nature of a Saint; let your hearts burn by day, and by night with continual longings for the Spirit. This alone is that of which a Saint is bred, by which he is nourished. This alone is the Heavenly Root, the Sap, the sweet Dew. Showers, and Influences, the warm, and cherithing Sun-shine to every Spiritual Plant, Cry therefore, and wait for this Spirit; wait upon it; minister to it; feek it; fuck it in by all means, thorow all its own manifestations, and ordinances, of Nature, or of Grace. When this world was first made a beautiful frame out of a dark Deep, the Spirit moved upon the face of the waters. When Jefus was conceived in the womb of the Virgin, the Holy Gliost overshadowed her. and rested upon her. In both places the expressions seem to allude to a Bird, or a Dove spreading itself over its Nest to hatch its young Ones. When the Lord Jesus Was Baptized, the Holy Ghost descended, and rested upon him in the form of a Dove. Dost thou indeed desire to have thy dark, defiled, dead heart made a new Creature, to have Jesus Christ to be born, or to grow within thee, and to be Baptized yet more, into Jesus Christ the Sea of all Heavenly Beauties, Loves, and Joys? Othen pray to the bleffed Spirit to make thy Soul his Nest, to move upon the face of thy Spirit, to overshadow thee, to descend, and rest upon thee in his Dovelike form.

3.0 all ye Saints, sing the praises of the holy Spirit; let the high praises of the holy Spirit be ever in your mouths. Say to the Spirit; this is the womb of Divine Life and Power, which hath born us, and brought us forth to be Children, and Heirs to God; these are the Breasts of Divine Life, and sweetness, which give us suck; this is itself, the Heavenly Milk of the Eternal word, by which we live, and grow. Do you fee any glympse of Evangelical Light, and Truth, do you feel any workings of Grace, any sweet springings of Love and Joy? Give Glory to the Spirit, it is this blefled Spirit, which now thines in you, enlivens you, and acts you. The Children of Ifrael in the Wilderness, in a great want of water, met with a Well, then they sang to it in these words, Spring O Well, the Princes have digged it with their Staves. When ever thou meetest with any fresh stream, any sweet drop of the water of Life rifing up within thee in this parched Land, and weary Wilderness, sing to thy Well, fing to the bleffed Spirit, and fay in thy Song: my Well springeth, my Jesus hath digged it in my heart with the Golden Scepter of his Grace, and Love. Thus let every gracious thought, gracious moving of thy mind, will, or affections put into thy mouth a new Song of joyful praises to the Spirit, as the dear, and inseparable principle of Life, of Heaven, of Eternity within thee. thine own principle. Thus much of the Principle.

2. The two effects of this Principle are a Spiritual sense, & savour both comprehended in that expression: to be heavenly minded. How often doth my Spirit labour in the Bosom, and power of the Eternal Spirit for these two things, 1. That all Men were brought forth into this Spiritual Principle. 2.

L112

That all, who have the Spiritual Principle within them, were continually acted by it! How sweet would life be to them, for the sight of their Eyes, and reliss of their Spirit? They that live in the Spirit, see all things by a Spiritual Light, It is indeed a pleasant thing to behold this Light. Every glympse of it insust he a heavenly joy into the Heart, and scattereth all Clouds of grief, or melancholy. These see all things in a Spiritual Image, that is in a Divine, and Immortal Glory. They tast the sweetness of a Heavenly, and Divine Love in every thing. Every thing presenteth itself to them in an Heavenly Appearance, and every appearance of things entreth into their Souls with a

heavenly talte, and rellish, far sweeter than Hony to the Palate.

All our converse with things of every kind of Nature, or Grace; of Sense, or reason proceedeth from a union with those things in one Principle, and is a communion with them in that Principle. Such as the Principle is, such are the Appearances, and rellishes of things to us, such is our converse with them. All Appearances of things to Men, or to Angels in every natural Principle, to our senses, or to our understandings are no more than shadows, or dreams. The Spirit alone is Truth. When melancholy forms, and Images of things in this world afflict our Spirits; when the pleasant things here list them up to vain joys, and glories; if the holy Spirit awaken himself, and arise in us: all these sly away, all other appearances of things break up into an appearance of Eternal Beauty, and Bleisedness springing forth from this Spirit like the shadows of the night, when the Sun is seen, and a dream, when

We are taught by natural Philosopy, that the Images of things are seen thorow a Christalline humour in the Eye, as a sine Glass. If this Christal be dyed with any colour: all things, which we see, appear to us in that colour. In like manner there is a native moisture upon our Palates, and Tongues, by which we tast things. If this moisture have any tast of its own, every thing tasteth of it. Blessed art thou, who livest the life of a Saint. Thou livest the life of Heaven upon Earth. The Spirit is the Christal in the Eye of thy Soul, thorow which thou seest all things. This Christal hath a heavenly colour of Glory ever upon it. Thou then seest all things in this ravishing colour, in a Heavenly Glory. The Spirit is the Divine moisture, and water of life upon the pailate of thy Soul, by which thou tastest all things. This water of the Spirit hath ever the heavenly rellish, the unexpressible sweetness of the Divine Nature, of the Divine Love, of the pleasures of the God-Head. Thus thou savourest all things. This Love, and Sweetness thou rellishest in every thing.

3. The two companions of these two effects of a Spiritual Principle are

Late, and Peace. To be spiritually minded is Life, and Peace.

t. Life 'The Spirit, and Life are inseparable one from another. The words that I speak, they are Spirit, and they are life, saith Jesus Christ, Job. 6. The Spirit is the Fountain of Life. For he is called the Spirit of Life, Rom. 8.

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The Quickening Spirit. 1 Cor. 15. The Power of an Endless Life. Heb. Let us ever pray, that we may ever live in the Spirit: For now we live, if we stand fast in our spiritual Principle. The Life which we now live, is sufficient. It hath nothing of any Mixture, of any Desilement, or of any shadow of Death. Secondly, It is perfect. It hath all the Sweetnesses, Virtues, Joys, and Beauties of Life in it. Thirdly, It is perpetual, It never ceaseth, It never endeth, but springeth to Eternity. Fourthly, It is a powerful Life. It maintains itself against all the Powers of Darkness, and Death. It maintains itself in the midst of them, as a sweet Light of Glory, shining in a dark place, and triumphing over the darkness. In a word, this Life is the purest, sweetest, and most lasting Life: For it slows immediately, and springs up continually from the Fountain of Life itself. Nay, which is far sweeter, and more glorious, it is Life, as it lies in the Fountain of Life. It is Life not only from the Spirit, but in the Spirit. So St. Paul speaks in this Chapter: They that are in the Spirit; and to the Galatians; if ye live in the Spirit.

2. The other Companion of a Spiritual Sense is Peace, Peace in the Language of the Scripture, signifieth a perfection of Happiness. It is distinguished into, 1. Peace above with God. 2. Peace within, in your own Consciences and Spirits. 3. Peace with all Creatures round about you. O how true is it, that they keep the Feast continually, a Royal and Divine Feast in white Garments, who live in a spiritual sense of things! Every day to them is a Holy Day, a Festival Day. All things are sessional round about them. All things are in a Covenant of Peace with them, in a Covenant of Grace, and Divine Peace. All appearances of things in every State shine upon them from the gloristed Person of Christ, as heavenly Beauties similing upon them. All Providences, Changings, and Motions of things, are a Heavenly Musick, springing up to them, and sounding round about them, in the Unity of the Spirit Alismpressions made upon their Souls from every passage of Providence, or Change, is a most delicious sweetness upon their Spirits, an unexpressible Taste of Heaven and Eternity.

But the manner of St. Paul's Expression is very observable, and hath a great force in it: To be spiritually minded is Life and Peace. The sense and savour of the Spirit is itself Life and Peace universally, absolutely, in the abstract, in persection, without any Confinement or Allay. The spiritual sense of a Saint, is the pure, and compleat Essence of Life and Peace in its highest Activity. How true is it, that a good man is satisfied from himself? How Holy, how High, how Happy, how Heavenly a thing is it to be a Saint, to be spiritual, to live as a Saint, to live spiritually? Thou now comprehendest all things in an uncorruptible Beauty, Love, and Joy in thy self, as in Heaven: For all things are to thee thine own spiritual Principle, thine own spiritual Sence, springing up and diffusing itself into all blessed Forms of Glory, Delight, and Immortality within thee. Jesus Christ tells his Spouse

in the Canticles, That she is a Fountain of Living Waters slowing from Lebanon; That she is a Fountain of Gardens; That all her Plants are Plants of Paradise. O blessed Spirit, who livest in the Eternal Spirit, as thy Principle, by which thou art inwardly acted! This Principle of thine is the Fountain, the ground of Paradise within thee. All forms of things are Paradiscal Plants, at once pleasant to the Eye, good for Food, desirable, to fill thee with all the most glorious Treasures of the Divine Wisdom. Thy Spiritual Principle is the Divine Ground, out of which all these Plants of Paradise grow up within thee, as thine own Plants. Thy spiritual Sense and Savour, is a perpetual Feeding and Feasting upon the Fruits of Paradise, which these Plants continually bring forth.

2. The Fleshiy or Carnal Sense is also illustrated by three Circumstances.

I. The Principle. 2. The Effect of that Principle. 3. The Companion of that Effect.

I. The Principle of a Carnal Sense is the Flesh. It is expressly called the Mind or Sense of the Flesh. The Flesh, the Natural Man, the Earthly Man, the Spirit of man, the natural Soul in the Language of the Gospel, and most of them in this present Chapter significe the same Principle of a carnal Sense, of Sin, and of Death. Happy is he that is not here deceived. Every Earthly, Heavenly, Humane, Angelical Spirit, or Principle, however enlightened, tanctified, heightened by the work of the Spirit, below that Spirit which is immediately born of the eternal Spirit, which is one Spirit with it, and liveth in it, is Flesh, and this Principle of a fleshly Mind, or Sense, or of Death.

2. The Effect of this Flethly Principle is Twofold: 1. A Carnal, or Flethly Sense. 2. A Flethly, or Carnal, Savour How unpleasant is thy Lite, who livest in this Principle for the sight of thine Eyes? The Light of this World, which alone thou sees, is Darkness, and the shadow of Death: For the Prince of this World is the Prince of Darkness. Thou measurest Heaven-

ly and Spiritual things by Earthly and Carnal.

When Jesus Christ in the Gospel was reproved by Peter, for the mention of his Susferings and Death, the Lord replies to Peter, Get thee behind me, Satan; For theu savourest not the things of God, but the things of man. There are Three things remarkable in these words. 1. There is a Humane, and there is a Divine Sense of the same things, and these two are contrary one to another. 2. Those things that are the things of man, and dreadful to man in an humane Sense, as Death, are Divine, have a Divine Beauty, and sweetness in them, to a Divine Sense and Savour. 3. The Humane sense, the Humane Image, and rellish of things, springs from the Devil, as he is Satan, that is, the Hater, the Enemy to all things Divine, to Love, to Light, to Truth to Immortality, and Blessense.

3. The Companion of a Carnal Sense, and Savour, is Death: To be Carnally minded is Death. 'Tis Death in all the black Properties and Powers of Death. 1. That Divine Image of things, which alone is the Truth, is Spirit,

and Life, both the Paradifes, the Heavenly, and the Earthly, as it is new born, and united unto the Heavenly, lie captivated in a Carnal Mind, or Sense, as in a Prison or Grave. 2. A Carnal Sense is that outermost Darkness, which is without the new, and Heavenly ferusalem. 3. In a Carnal Sense are disorder, confusion, and desolation, the dissolutions of all the bands of Peace, Beauty, and Life. For these all consist in that order alone, which hath for its band the Unity of the Spirit. 4. A Carnal Sense hath ever the sting of Death in it. Fears, Cares, Grief, Pains, Anguishes, Torments never cease here. They are the Worm which never dyes, the Fire, which never goes out, in this region of the shadow of Death, a Carnal Mind, or Fleshly Sense.

Wo to you, O ye Inhabitants of the Earth, ye, who dwell in a fleshly fense of things. The Devil is ever in the midst of you with great rage; here he is known by his name Satan, the Enemy, the Hater. But ye, O ye Inhabitants of Heaven who live in a Spiritual Principle, why are you ever found abroad? Why are not all your walks within in the Spirit, the heaven'y Paradife, which God hath planted, and fet you in to dressit, and to keep ir, and to eat of the fruits of it without any exception within your own Spirits? Behold ! not a fingle Cherubim, but the whole Army of glorious Angels, with the Presence, and Power of the Eternal Spirit, as a flaming Sword turning every way, keeps the entrance into this Paradife, not to keep you out, but to defend you in it by suffering no evil thing, none of the Powers of Darkness, of Death, of Wrath, to enter here. While you are without in a Carnal Mind, and Worldly Spirit, you are among the holes of the Foxes, the Dens of the Lyons, and the Mountains of Leopards. All things, with which you converse, ascend from below, from the Earth, from the natural Soul, and from the Devil, as St. Fames teacheth us. All these three the Earth, the Natural Soul, and the Devil are Links in the same chain of Darkness immediately fastned one to gnother. The light, and breath of your life in the Spirit of this world is the smoak from the Bottomless Pit. Your Beauties, your Joys, your pleasant things are those Locusts sent forth from thence, mentioned in the Revelation, with Faces, and Hair like Women, with Crowns upon their Heads, false Shows of Sweetness, Softness, Greatness, and Glory, but stings, invenomed stings, the stings of Death are in their tails. O! Retire into your own enclofed Gardens, there within your own enclosed Grounds, your own Souls, lit under

der your own Fig-Tree, your own Vine, which are your own Spiritual Principic, out of which the universal Image of things both Heavenly, and Earthly springeth up into the perfection of all pure Beauties, and Joys with immortality. Delight your felves under their shadows, where you are safe from ail Evil, and at rest for ever. I again testify unto you, as I have often, and alwaies testified in all my Sermons, and Discourses, that there is no Salvation to the flesh, or in the flesh. O then ye, who are yet found wasking after the tieth, give no rest to your selves here. Cry night and day without ceasing to the Holy Spirit to take you up upon his Wings, and to translate you suddenly, in a moment, out of this Wilderness of siery Serpents into the promised, and good Land flowing with Rivers of Milk, and Hony, the Milk of the Eternal Word, and the Hony of the Divine Wisdom, which both are Jesus Chrift, the Fulness, Sweetness, and Glory of the God-Head. O that these words, as now you read, or hear them, in this very moment, thorow the power of the bleffed Spirit might be as the hands of Angels laid upon Lot, to halten you out of this Sodom of the flesh, while you linger here, into a place of lafety, the City of the living God in the secret of the Spirit, before the Lord rain down fire from the Lord upon all Flesh.

The profit, the pleasure, the seasonableness of this discourse hath carryed me tarther, & stayed me longer upon it than my method seemed to require. Let us now return to apply this distinction of a twofold sense, Carnal, and Spiritual to one present purpose, which is to set forth the Beautiful, and Blessed State of a Saints Soul and Body in Death. We have heard that a Spiritual sense is Life, and Peace absolutely, universally, eternally, without mixture, confinement or change; that all things here are in the purity, and perfection of Divine Life, Beauty, and Joy. We have also heard, that the Carnal Sense is Death, as it reigns entirely here, so it it is confined hither, shut up in this Pit, and without

this fleshly Principle hath no where any place.

I shall bring this Distinction home to my purpose of making Death all over,

in every part lovely, and pleasant to a Saint, by two Propositions.

1. Propost. This is the first. A Saint by dying is taken entirely in his whole Person, Soul, and Body out of the Carnal, or Fleshly Principle, out of the Fleshly Sense, and so cut of Death.

2. Propos. A Saint by dying is in his whole Person, Soul, and Body gathered up entirely into a Spiritual Principle, and so into the Immortality of a

Divine Life, Peace, and Delight.

1. Propos A Saint by dying is taken entirely in his whole Person, Soul, and Body out of the Carnal, or Fleshly Sense, and so out of Death. I shall

open, and confirm this Propolition to you by two Scriptures.

1. The first Scripture is the 1 Epistle of St. Peter, 4. 1. Wherefore seeing Christ hath suffered in the Flesh, let us also arm our selves with the same mind. For he that hath suffered in the Flesh, hath ceased from Sin. The Holy Ghost clearly

clearly relates to the death of the Lord Jesus, and of a Saint. He speaks of the time perfectly past; he that hath suffered in the Flesh, that is, he that by dying hath compleated, and finished his sufferings in the sless, he hath ceased from sin. He that dyeth in union with Christ in the vertue of his death, and in a conformity to it, in the first moment of death ceaseth from all the Evils of Sin, the Guilt, the Power, the Pollution, the Punishment, and so from Death itself.

See the inseparable connexion between the Flesh, Sufferings, Sin, and Death. All these continue together, and cease together. O you, that hear or read, understand these things, and lay them to heart! This Flesh, which is so dear to us, which we are so loath, and unwilling to part with, which we tender as our nearest, and dearest self, is our only division from our self, a bed of Snakes. and Enmity. It is the root, the feat, the food, the fewel, the fruit of Sin. and fuffering, and death. This Fleshly Principle, and Sense, this worldly Light. and Image, which we account Life, and the Sweetness of Life, in which we think all the dear Treasures and Joys of Life are comprehended, is no other. than a deep, dark, and miery Dungeon, where we lie in the midst of the hisfings, stings, and poyfons of innumerable Toads, and Serpents. This Sin. which so easily besetteth us, and winds itself into our bosoms, is that weight. which preffeth us, a d finketh us down, that chain of Darkness, which tveth us down, and fastneth us here below in the horrible Pit, and Dungeon of this Fleshly Principle, and Sense, this Fleshly, this worldly Spirit, and Image. This Death which seemeth so dreadful to us, which we so tremble at, and fly from. is that dearest Friend come down from Heaven, from the bosom of God. that beautiful hand put forth from the secret of Eternal Life, Love, and Glory, which taketh off this weight, which knocketh off this chain of Darkness, and restoreth to us our filver Wings, and golden Feathers, by which in a moment we fly forth from this Cage of unclean Spirits, this Dungeon of the Fleshly Principle, and Sense never to return into them any more.

O Believers, fear not, fly not from Sufferings! Be willing to facrifice and offer up this Flesh, as a whole Burnt-Offering in the Flame of Sufferings unto Death. Kiss Death as a lovely Bride, as those persumed Flowers, those Beds of Spices, the Cheeks of the Heavenly Bride-groom, mentioned in the Canticles: For the Flesh, the sleshly Principle, and Sense, the Spirit and Image of this Flesh, of this World, together with the Sufferings, Sin, and Death, end all at once in the Death of a Saint, in the very first moment of

his Death.

A Holy Divine, when he was dying, lay upon his Death-Eed, finging this often over; Now I shall sin no more. We read Isaiah 59.2. That our Iniquities separate between us and our God, our Sins bide his face from us. Death is indeed a separation, but it is not the separation of the Soul from the Body. The separation of the Soul or the Body from God, this is Death indeed, this alone

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is Death. This world, this worldly Spirit, and Image is the Curtain, or Vail, the Partition wall between us and the Face, or Bosom of our Heavenly Bridegroom our Lord Jesus. So saith St. aul: Our Gospel is hid to those, whose Eyes the God of this world hath blinded, that they should not behold the Light of the Knowledge of the Glory of God in the Face, or Person of Christ. The Fleshly Principle, or Sense is the unpassable gulf between us, and the unsearchable Treasures of the Divine Nature, of the Blessed Persons in the Divine Nature, the Father, the Eternal Word, the Holy Spirit. Sin digs up, and keeps open this Gulf, sin builds up this Partition wall. Sin draws this Curtain between us, and the Divine Beauties, the Divine Bleffedness. O dying Saints, break forth into lingings ! O all ye Saints rejoice, and triumph at every thought, at every approach of Death! Abraham saw the day of Christ, and rejoyced to see it, faith our Lord Jesus in the Gospel. The word rejoyce in Greek. is inalliard, when the Virgin Mary, with Christ in her Womb, came to the Mother of John the Baptist, the Babe within her forung for joy. Thus O Believers let your hearts spring for joy within you at the approach, and presence of Death. So Death coming to, you as a beautiful, and a heavenly Virgin with Jesus Christ in its Womb, not after the Flesh. but in the Glory of the Spirit, to be delivered of him immediately into your Bosons, as a Bridegroom that at once in the same moment appears to you in Glory, makes you worthy of himself, by being like himself, and one Glory with himself, makes all things Life, Immortality, & Glory round about you. Behold the day of your Death both afar off, & near at hand as the day of Christ, as a day, which the Lord Jesus makes, riling himself, as the true Sun upon you, & so turning this Sun into Darkness, before the brightness of his own appearance. enlightning all within you, and, without you with another Light infinitely greater, infinitely sweeter. At the light of this day, as Abraham did, so let your hearts foring with a pleasant lightness, and dance Galliards in your Bofom. Now fing of Death, and fay in your fongs every one of you, as you lie upon your Death-beds: I shall sin no more, I shall be in Flesh no more, no more for ever in this Fleshly Principle, and sense, which hath so long bewitched me, and held me by their forceries in the House of Whoredoms, and of Death. I shall be in this world so loathsome, and so hateful to me, I shall see this world, and this Image of things, which hath been so long so tempting, and tormenting to me, no more for ever. Farewel for ever all distances, all divisions between me, and my Jelus, my God. Henceforth shall I with open face in my Soul, and my Body behold the open, and unvailed Face of God. Henceforth shall I with my naked Soul, and Body lie for ever in the naked Bcsom of my Glerified Saviour, my King, and Husband, giving him of my Loves, drinking in abundantly his Loves, and bringing forth continually by him all the Spiritual, and Heavenly fruits of Life, and Immortality.

The morning is called Roly fingred, because the morning Beams, as Roly.

fingers

fingers seem to open the Curtains of the night, and let in day upon us. Death is to a Saint of a truth this Rosy singered morning, which by sweet beams breaking forth from on high, draws aside the Curtains of this night of Flesh, and lets in upon us the Eternal day, which at once in a moment overspreads our Souls, and Bodies, and fills all things to us with its blessed Light, making us, and all things new in the newness of its own Heavenly, and Immortal Beauties.

The second Scripture is, 2 Corin. 5.6, 8. Therefore we are alwaies consident, knowing, that whilf we are at home in the Bod, we are absent from the Lord. We are consident I say being willing rather to be absent from the Body, and present with the Lord. Of what Body speaketh the Apostle here? What Body is this, which thus divideth between the Spiritual Bride, and her Heavenly Bridegroom, that a Saint cannot be present with both at once? If he be at home in this Body, he must be absent from Christ, and a banished Person from his Bosom. If he will be present with Christ, and enjoy him, he must cast off this Body, and be absent from it.

Is this the true, and proper Body of a Saint? How can that be? The true Body of a Saint is as much himself, as his Soul is himself. He can be no more absent from his own Body, than he can be absent from his Soul, or from

himself.

We read in the fame Chapter, & Corin. 6. Towards the latter end, that the Body of a Saint is the Member of Christ, and the Temple of the Holy Ghost. When St. Paul speaketh of a Body, from which we must be absent, that we may be present with the Lord Jesus; sure he cannot mean this Body, which is a Member of Christ, which is united to Christ, and implanted into him. Can I be absent from Christ by being present with that Body, which is a Member of him, a Member in him? Can I be absent from this Body, which is a Member of Christ, while I am present with Christ? O Believers, be not weary of living in the Body, only know your true felves, and your own Bodies! while you live in these, you live in Heaven, and are ever with the Lord Jesus. For your Bodies are his Members, and so the fulness of him, who filleth all in all. O Believer fear not to die, you part not with any thing, that is truly your felves, truly your own. You part not with your Bodies, nor with any thing, in which they have any true propriety, or which hath any dear Relation to them. For your Bodies are the Members of Christ, Baptized into one Body with him by that one, and the same Spirit, which gathereth up all things together unto him, and into one in him.

Thy Body, O Believer, is the Ten le of the Moly Ghost. When the Spirit of God, and of Glore the upon this Temple, he never removeth off from it any more. When the steers into this Temple of his, he never goeth forth, nor leaves it end to be his his true. I mple upon the true Mount Sion, the Soul, and the state of his his true is hoth chosen for a resting place.

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for ever. O Saints have patience, and peace in life. For by being at home in your Bodies, you are in the Temple of the Holy Ghost, which he fills with his Glory, where every thing utters Glory. O Saints have pleasure in Death. For Death cannot divide your Bodies from you, nor the Holy Ghost from your Bodies, which are his Temple. Can you ever be absent from Christ, while you are present in your own proper Bodies, which are the Temples of the Spirit of Christ? Can you by being present with the Lord Jesus be absent from these Bodies of yours, which are the Temple of the Holy Spirit, which is the highest band of Unity; the dwelling place of that Spirit, which is one with the Lord Jesus? No certainly, this can never be. Thy Body O Saint is ever, in life, and in death, filled, and overshadowed by the Holy Ghost. When it seems to fail into the Dust, and Darkness of Death according to the Carnal sense; then doth thy Heavenly Dove give to it according to the

Spiritual sense its own silver Wings, and golden Feathers.

What then is this Body of which St. Paul speaks to the Corinthians, which gives him a triumphant confidence in the face of Death, while it is his greatest desire to be absent from this Body, that he may be present with Christ? Is it not that Body of Death against which he cryeth out, Rom. 8. 1. O wretched Man that I am, who shall deliver me from this Body of Death? This he calls also a little before in the same Chapter that flesh of his, that self, in which there dwels no good. This is the Fleshly Principle, and Sense, the Spirit, and Image of this world, which is sprung up out of the Fall, which lies as a disguise, and a cloud upon the true Person, the Soul and Body of a Saint. What is not this the Body, which is the partition-wall between these two Spiritual Lovers, Christ, and a Saint, while he lives here, which being cast off. in Death, they find themselves in the pure, beautiful, and naked Arms of each other. What is Death now to a Saint? Is it not the power of the Divine life, and love in a Saint breaking forth, and as it breaks forth, tearing off, and burning up this disguise of Flesh? Is it not the power of a Divine Light, and Glory breaking forth, and as it breaks forth, feattering, and blotting out the cloud of this Body of Death for ever? How beautifully does the Body of a Believer shine forth now in Death, as a naked Member of our glorified Jesus cleanfed from all its dust, and defilement, when it is taken up entirely out of the fleshly Principle, and Sense? How beautiful, and glorious a Temple on every fide of it doth the Body of a Believer now appear in Death, when it. cometh entirely out of its Cloud by being entirely taken out of the Spirit, and Image of this world? The true Body of a Saint lieth while this life lasteth, as in a Dungeon, or Grave. It stands here like the glorious Tabernacle composed of the most precious materials, Silks, Silver, Gold, the choicest Woods; wrought with all the richest colours, and the most curious Figures in Needle-work, and Carvings of a Divine Workmanship, which stood in a vast, and howling Wilderness, covered with a Tent of Badgers Skins. O!how.

pure,

pure, how precious, how beautiful, how divine a thing is the Body of a Saint in Death, when it casts off this Body of Death, the corrupt, the carnal Image, and Principle entirely, and is seen now no more for ever in any appearance, besides that alone of a naked Member in the most lovely, & shining Body of the Lord Jesus? With what sweetness, and beauty doth it break forth now as a most amiable, and admirable Tabernacle of the Eternal Spirit, when by death it casts off the Tent of Badgers Skins, with all the darkning, and deforming impressions of Dust, and heat, and at once passeth out of the Wilderness of this worldly Spirit, and form of things unto the good Land of rest, and promise, by passing in a dry, and slowry path thorow the River Jordan, that sweet, and blessed bound of Death, between the dreadful desart, and heavenly Canaan.

Give me leave here to drop upon your hearts four brief exhortations.

1. O that all Men would love the King of Saints, the Lord Jesus It is he alone, who subdues the King of Terror, that is, Death, and is more, than a conqueror over him, making him the King of delights. He changeth the Region, and Kingdom of Death, which is the Principality of the Devil, into the Kingdom of God, which is Righteousness, Peace, and Joy in the Holy Ghost.

2. Set a value upon the union with the Lord Jesus by faith. Ask, feck, dig for this by day, and by night, in Prayer, in the Word, in the Society of the Saints, in every ordinance, in every creature, that you may believe in the Lord Jesus, and that you may be united to him by believing. Let nothing discourage you in this pursuit, and expectation. The Lord lesus hath given himself for you, even unto Death, that you may be his in the sweetest, and most intimate union. He giveth himself to you in his life of Glory, that he may be yours by an immediate, and entire union. He giveth his Spirit to you, to be the Maker, and the band of this union, to work faith in you, and make you Believers. He is now with you, now in you in the fulness of his merits, righteousness, glory, love, and Spirit. Now this moment open the Eyes of your minds, and behold him in the midft of you, open your hearts, and take him in, cast your selves into his open arms, and heart, cleave to him by believing. So even this moment shall your Souls, and Bodies both, which are naturally the Members of this Harlot, the Flesh, and the World; which are naturally Dens of Thieves, and Devils, become the Members of the Lord Iefus, and the Temples of the Holy, Ghost. The Lord Jesus shall be in your Body itself, as in a Member of himself, a Fountain of living waters even in Death, and in the Grave, making it there a Paradile, a Garden for God, and for all bleffed Spirits. The Holy Ghost shall be, not only in your Souls, but in your Bodies also as in his Holy Temple, even in the darkness of Death itfelf, filling it with his Glory, and moving over it with his Doves Wings, the Wings of Eternal Love.

3. Make it your chief work, and end to grow in the knowledge of the

Lord

Lord Jesus. What care, and pains do we take to grow in riches? yet riches profit not in the day of Wrath. To know him is eternal life. With what diligence do we pursue the wisdom of this world? Yet saith Solomon, as dyeth the Fool, so dyeth the wise Man. If thou gain, and grow in the knowledge of the Lord Jesus, this is a wisdom, which will make thy Soul, and Body both shine with a Light of Glory, and Immortality, even in Death itfelf. Solomon faith, that when understanding enters into our Souls, wisdom will be sweeter, than hony to our tast. O what new tast, and rellishes of new, and unexpressible sweetnesses doth the Soul still meet with, which is still growing in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus? What a sweet tast, and rellish of Death beyond all the delights of Life doth the knowledge of Jesus Christ give unto us, representing it as a Feast of pleasant things to our Bodies also. as well as to our Souls? When thou understandest the fellowship, and vertue of Christs Death in thy Death, thou shalt see Death in thy Soul, and in thy Body, as the Carkass of a dead Lyon torn in pieces by that true Samson, the Lord Jesus, whither the Father himself, and Christ, and the Holy Spirit, with all the bleffed Angels refort, as Bees to their Hive; laying there their Hony,

and their Hony-comb for thee to eat.

4. O you, that are Christs, love Death, Death is now become but a shadow of Death. True life with all the joys of life, vails itself beneath that shadow, If you knew the love of the Father, the Glory of the Lord Jesus, the joys of the Holy Ghost in Death; if you knew what the Death of a Saint were how precious, you would ask it continually of God, that he would hasten it in the time thereof. You would cry out continually, as Sifera's Mother did, why doth his Chariot stay? Death is not now a shadow of Death, but a living, delightful, and divine shadow cast from the glorious face of our Lord Jesus, under which our Souls, and Bodies lie together, as in a sweet, and divine sleep in his Bosom, in which sleep all the joys, and glories of Heaven, and Eternity are present with us, as a divine Dream, out of which we wake at the Resurrection, finding all to be true, eternally true, and the fweet shadow, and dream themselves swallowed up into a bright, clear, and full enjoyment. Thus, according to St. Pauls Language, doth the very Body of a Saint, when he dies, fleep in the Lord. Thus is death to the Soul, and Body of a Saint, as the Curtains of Purple round about Solomons Bed, where the Saint lies now in the embraces of the true Solomon himself, the King of Righteousness, and King of Peace, or round about the Chariot of Solomon, which had within it a Throne of Gold, and was paved with Love. As the Sun by its influence forms a precious Mine of Gold in the bowels of the Earth, which afterward being taken out, and i purited from its drofs, becomes pure and incorruptible, and is made a Crown in the Head of a great King: to the Lord Jefus by his Spirit flan was new, wheaten'y Soul and Body in a Saint, which are both his precious and mans, me I emples of Gold. But while this life lasts, they

are in this Body of Sin, and Death, as Gold in the Oar. In the moment of Death the Lord Jesus takes them both our, separates them entirely from the dross of all earthlines, and carnality, makes them pure, and shining Diadems in the hand of God.

2. Propos. The whole Person of a Saint in Soul and Body at the moment of Death, is gathered up entirely into a Spiritual Principle, and so into a Spiritual Sense, and so into a Divine Life, and Peace. This followeth of necessity upon the former Proposition, which I have already proved by the Scripture. For, if a Saint in Death be gathered up entirely out of a Carnal Principle; he is gathered up entirely into a Spiritual Principle. There is now

no middle between these two.

We read in Scripture of the divided state of a Saint between freedom, and bondage, liberty, and captivity; the War between the Spirit, and the Flesh, while he lives on Earth. Accordingly we meet with exhortations to abide in Christ, to walk in the Spirit, if we live in the Spirit. But, when a Saint dies, we read of him, and that with a peculiar relation to his Body, that he sleeps in the Lord, that he sleeps in Christ. O sweet, and full expression! O beautiful and blessed State! Now is a Saint with his Body, as well as his Soul alone in Christ, entirely in Christ, for ever in Christ, in Christ risen from the Dead, a quickning Spirit, in the Glory of the Father, with the sulness of the God-Head, and all sulness dwelling in him. Now is the Body also of a Saint at rest in a sweet rest, in a living rest. For such is the rest of sleep. It is in an immortal, and glorious rest, in a rest of Divine Love, and Joys, which, though it bears the similitude of Death to Carnal Sense, yet in truth is above all the degrees, and delights of life here. For such is the sleep in Christ.

But I will open this Proposition to you more clearly, and fully by that two-fold relation, which the Scriptures attribute to the Body of a Believer. 1. Of a Member of Christ. 2. The Temple of the Holy Ghost. Both these are affirmed by the Holy Apostle, and the Blessed Spirit, with an assured considence, as truths known to all, and undeniable by any, 1 Corin. 6. 15. Know ye not, that your Bodies are the Members of Christ? 19. Know ye not, that your

Bodies are the Temples of the Holy Ghost?

1. The Body of a Saint is the Member of Christ. This relation of Membership implyeth three things. 1. Union. 2. Communion. 3. Proportion, or Suitableness.

1. There is an union between the Body of a Believer, and Jesus Christ, an Union of Membership. But to what Christ is the Body of a Believer united ? To Christ risen from the Dead, to Christ in Glory. So you shall read, Rom. 7. 4. You are dead by the dead Bedy of Christ, that you might be Married to another, to him who is risen from the Dead. Marriage, and Membership are two distinct expressions of the same union between Christ and a Saint, which for its dearness, nearness, entireness, and inseparableness is unexpressible, in as much

much as it comprehends the sweetness, and vertue of all unions among the Creatures, either Men, or Angels, and transcendeth them all. But you have these two unions of Membership, and Marriage between the Body of a Saint ingly and expressy, and the Lord Jesus, joyned together by St. Paul, who ounds that of Membership, upon that of Marriage, I Corin. 6. 15. Know renot, that your Bodies are the Members of Christ Then he makes good that, thus, v. 16. 17. It is faid those two shall be one Flesh; But he that is joyned to the Lord is one Spirit. The days of Christs life on Earth are called the days of his Flesh. He hath the name of a Spirit given to him, as he is risen from the Dead, as he is in the Heavenly Image, and in Glory. So St. Paul calls him in one place the Lord that Spirit, in another place, the quickning Spirit. St. Peter saith of him; he was put to death in the Flesh, and quickned in the Spirit. Thus the Body of a Saint is married to Christ, is a Member of Christ. By this union it becomes a Spiritual Body, a Spirit, one Spirit with Christ.

There is a threefold band of this union of Membership, the same Spirit,

the same Life, the same Image.

1. The first band of Union in this Membership between the Body of a Believer, and Jesus Christ, is the same Spirit, St. Paul Saith, I Corin. 12. 13. We all by one Spirit are Baptized into one Body. The Unity of the ever-bleffed Spirit is the fure, and sweet band which tyeth one to another, the glorious Head, and all the bleffed Members in the Body of Christ. But what sweetness lies in the universality of that expression; we all are Baptized by one Spirit into one Body? As the Soul of Man is all in the whole Body, and all in every part of it; so is that ever-bleffed Spirit, which is in the whole Heavenly Body, of which the Holy Angels, Glorified Saints, Christ, and the Father are Pellow members, one and the same, whole, and entire in every part of this Body of thine, O Believer, which in its lowest, and most broken State is a Member of Christ. This union is so much more close, sull, and sweet between the Members, by how much more Spiritual the Body is; by how much the more high, and divine the Unity is in this Body; by how much the more high, and divine the unity of that bleffed Spirit is, in which the Father of Lights, the Heavenly Bride-groom, Glorified Saints, all the Elect Angels dwell tog ther in one,

2. The faire Life flowing from this one Spirit is the second band of this Union. We read from St. Paul, Rom. 8. 11. If the Spirit of him, which raised Christ from the Dead, dwell in you, he that raised up Christ from the Dead, shall also quicken year mortal Bodies by his Spirit dwelling in you. This expression shall quicken, signifieth not only an effect at a distance, at he last day, but a present effect immediately flowing from the indwelling of he Spirit in us. For the union between the Spirit, and our Bodies, by which a cwellett. In them also, as well, as in our Souls, is a vital union, an union,

from which Membership springs. This expression then, shall quicken your mortal Bodies, is like that of St. Paul in the same Epistle; Sin shall not have dominion over you, if you be not under the Law, but under Grace. Shall, there expressed an effect immediately, and inseparably flowing from its cause, a freedom from the dominion of Sin by being under Grace, not under the Law. The Spirit of Christ findeth our Bodies Natural, and Mortal; but by its enterance into them, and inhabitation in them, maketh them, immediately Spiritual, and Immortal by their union with Christ, and by the pouring forth of his Life, and Immortality into them.

3. The band of union in this Membership is the same Image. All the Members of every Body make up one Image, in which each several Member bears a part. As we have born the Image of the Earthly Man, so shall we also bear the Image of the Heavenly. So far, O Saint, as thy Body is a Member of the Heavenly Body of Christ, it bears the same Heavenly Image.

This is the first thing in Membership, the union.

2. There is in Membership a Communion. We read the 1 Corin. 12. 24, 25, 26. God hath tempered the Body together, having given the more abundant honour to that part, which lacked, that there should be no Schissm in the Body, but that the Members should have the same care one for another, and whether one Member suffer, all the Members suffer with it, or one Member be honoured, all the Members rejoice with it. There is a threefold Communion in the Body of Christ. A Communion of Cares, a Communion of

Sufferings, a Communion of Joy and Glory.

1. There is a Communion of Cares. All the Members have the same care one for another. As it is in the Natural Body, the Head, the Heart, the Eye, the Hand, all are set on work for every other part, for the little Toes, as for themselves, to defend, or cherish it upon every occasion: so is it in the Body of Christ. O Saint! with what quietness, and security mayest thou lye down to rest, and sleep in the midst of all wants, enemies, and dangers? Thy Body itself is a Fellow-Member in the Body of Christ with all the glorious Angels, and Blessed Spirits, with Christ the head of all, and the Father the Head of Christ. All these have the same care of thy Body for every part of it in every State, as for themselves. For it is themselves, a Member, and part of themselves. They all are present with it, they encompass it, they minister unto it all things seasonable for its desence, and comfort.

2. There is a Communion of sufferings. Whether one Member suffer, all the Members suffer with it. O Christians! what a sweetning is this to the bitterest affliction? How doth this take away the solitude, the sadness, the sting from Poverty, a Prison, a Sickness, the Grave? You are in the heart of all Angels, and Saints of Christ, and of the Father to suffer, to live, and to die together with you. All the Heavenly company, that are by one Spirit gathered together into that one glorious Body of Christ, lye down with you in

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the Dust, in a Dungeon, on a sick Bed, in the Grave. How is the Spoule of Christ now in its most solitary, and afflicted State indeed, as two Heavenly

Companies, according to the expression in the Canticles?

2. The Fellow-members in the Body of Christ have a Communion of Joy, and Glory. Whether one Member be honoured, all the Members rejoice with it. A Believer is ever glorious, ever bleffed. St. Peter faith, that when we fuffer for the name of Christ, the Spirit of Glory, and of God resteth upon us. Every fuffering of a Saint, so far as he is a Saint, is for Christ. Why art thou ever melancholy, why is thy Heart heavy within thee, O Believer? Open thine Eyes to see them, open thine Heart to take them in. Behold the Joys, and Glories of all the bleffed in Heavenare thine, are present with thee, and ever rest upon thee. I will conclude this Communion with that most remarkable expression: God hath tempered the Body together. The word is hath mingled the Body together. How full an expretiion is this? How dot this mixture sweeten all our sufferings, and make all our Joys sar more pleafant? Thou, O Believer, with all thy shame, and sufferings art tempered, and mingled together with all the Saints, and Angels above, with Christ. and the Father, with all their Joys, and Glories. All the same Heavenly Company, with all the same Joys, and Glories, are tempered, and mingled together with thee, with thy shames, and sufferings here below. Thus are all one piece, and that one piece whole, and entire in every one. Thus is the greater, the greatest comeliness put upon the most indigent. Thus is there no Schism in the Body. As in many Spirits tempered into one Spirit, many Liquors tempered into one Liquor, many Spices beaten into the smallest Powder, mingled into one costly Ointment, every portion of this Spirit, this Liquor, this Oi ment hath all the Spirits, all the Liquors, all the Ointments of the whole it: so is the Body of Christ in general, and every Member in particular.

3. The proportion, or suitableness. There is no Schism in the Body of Christ. If this be pure, precious, living, immortal, heavenly, and glorious; then is thy Body alfo, OBeliever, so far as it is a Member of this Body, pure, precious, living, immortal, heavenly, & glorious. How living, how immortal, how beautiful, how glorious, how divine a thing is that Body of a Saint, which is a Member of Christ in Glory? What Life, what Joys are those of this Body, which is in so dear, so inseparable, so intimate an Union, and Communion of the same Life, Joys, Beauties, and Spirit with all the glorious Angels, blessed Spirits, Christ himself, the Head of all, & the Father in Christ? This is the State of the Body of a Saint, as it is a Member of Christ. But while a Saint lives in this world, his Body is partly the Member of this Heavenly Husband, the Lord Jesus, and partly the Member of a Harlot, this World, and the Flesh; in as much as a Saint here below hath his life, and conversation divided between the pure Spirit of Christ, and the Whorish Spirit of this world. O sweet, O beautiful, O precious, and bleffed Death ! By Death is the joy ful, and glorious separation.

separation made in the Body of a Saint, between the precious, and the vile, between the heavenly Bridegroom, the Lord Jesus, and the Hellish Adulterer, this World. Now it ceaseth for ever to be in any degree any more the Member of the Harlot, to be in a Carnal, or worldly Spirit. Now it's for ever singly, entirely gathered up into the Spirit, Body, and Bosom of Jesus Christ. O! how pure, how shining, in what Angelical, in what Spiritual, in what Divine a form, and sulness of unexpressible rest, beauty, and delight is the Body of a Saint in the very moment of Death, when, like sine Gold purged from its dross, or a Heavenly Sun, that hath cast up its cloud, it now comes forth out of the Whorish Spirit of the Flesh, and this World, a single, and pure Member in the pure, and divine Body of our Lord Jesus? These are the three things contained in the Member ship of the Body of a Believer in Christ; Union, Communion, and proportion.

From this I shall raise a threefold short exhortation.

r. Set a value upon the new Birth, upon the Regeneration. Content not your felves with being once born. By your first Birth you have Souls, and Bodies Members of this world. By the Spirit of this world they are Baptized into the Body, and Society of Darkness, Corruption, Death, Wrath, the whole Company of wicked Spirits, and Devils. Give your selves no rest till you are born again. By the new Birth, which is from above, you have new Souls, and new Bodies, which are Members one of another, Fellow members of Christ. Your Souls, and your Bodies both are by that one, Eternal Spirit Baptized into one Spiritual, Immortal, and glorious Body with the Spirits of all just men made evangelically perfect by the Blood, and Spirit of Christ; with all the Holy Angels, with Christ, and the Father. Press into the Fellowship of this mystery. Here you shall see it indeed to be true, that Grace is Glory begun in your Souls, and Bodies both; that when you believe, a Spirit of Glory rests upon your whole Person by your Union with Christ.

2. Posses this Vessel of your Bodies in holiness. For so you shall posses it in honour. Posses it, converse with it in a Spiritual Principle. So you shall enjoy it, and your selves in it, as a Member of Christ. You shall see, seel, enjoy within your selves in this Body, the Spirit, the Life, the Immortality, the Joy, the Glory of the whole Body of Christ, the society of all things Heavenly, Blessed and Eternal, to wake, and to sleep, to walk, and lie down, to live, and to dye with you. This is the true Church-fellowship, a Fellowship in our Souls, and in our Bodies by a Spiritual Principle, and Life with the Church, and Assembly of the first-born, with all things in their first born

State, in one Spiritual, and Heavenly Body in Christ.

3. How amiable, and lovely doth this make death to the Saints? This is the chief end I aim at in my discourse, and the point to which I bring it. With what a beautiful, and smiling Face doth Death now look forth even in the Body of a Saint, in which he hath been wont generally to appear so grim to

the holiest Persons? Thy Body, O Believer, so far as thou standest in a Spiritual Principle, is a Fellow-member with thy Soul in the Body of Christ: It is a Jewel, the work of a faithful, and curious workman the most holy Spirit; as Solomon in the Canticles speaketh of the Spouse of Christ. But here the mixture of the slessly, and carnal Principle is as Dust, and Dirt, which covereth, and sullyeth this costly Jewel. With what a sweet, pure lustre of Immortality, and of Heavenly Glory doth it sparkle, and shine forth, ravishing thine own, and all spiritual Eyes, and Hearts in the moment of Death, when the blessed hand of Death clean wipes off the dust, and stain of the carnal Principle, and brings it forth entirely into its Spiritual Principle, that now it stands singly, as a Spiritual Member in the Spiritual Body of Christ?

The Lord Jesus saith; if thine Eye be single, thine whole Body shall be light, as when a Candle enlightens a Room. In this life O Saints, we have a double Eye, and have a double fight. The mixture of the Spiritual, and Carnal Principle is the double, and divided Eye. O welcome Death, receive it with open embraces. Now is your Eye single. Now is the carnal Principle cast out for ever. Now you look forth with the open and single Eye of the single Principle of the Eternal Spirit. Now is your whole Body, nay, now is the whole body of things filled to you with a Heavenly light of Immortality, & Glory. This single Eye pours forth from the Unity of the Spirit, as from the Fountain of blessed Light thorow your whole Souls, and Bodies, thorow all things round about them a Light of Glory, as when a Candle enlightness a Room.

A way of cleanfing Pearls, when t hey have any spot, or cloud upon them is to thrust them down the throat of a Pigeon into its Crop, where the heat of the Pigeon takes off the stain, and makes them perfectly white. This is the mystery of a Saints Death. The Heavenly Dove, the Holy Spirit in the same moment takes a Saint entirely in Soul, and Body out of this Lite, out of the Carnal Principle into himself, into his Bosom of Love, by the Divine heat of that Love takes off every spot, or cloud of the sless by consuming it both in the Soul, and in the Body, and makes them both purely white, and shining Pearls in the Heavenly Body of that one great, and only Pearl the Lord Jesus.

2. The second relation, into which the Body of a Believer is taken at the new birth, is that of a Temple to the Holy Ghost. There are 4 things proper to a Temple. 1. The Figure. 2. The Glory. 3. The Communion. 4. The Defence.

1. Every thing in the Tabernacle, and so in the Temple to the least things, and lowest actions were divine Types of Spiritual Truths, and Heavenly Excellencies in the Person of the Lord Jesus. So it is said, that all things were made, and ordered according to the pattern in the Mount, which pattern in the Mount was Christ in Glory. O Saints! This Tabernacle, and Temple were Types sirst of Christ, then of you, whose Souls, and Bodies both are the true, and living Temples of God. The Body of a Saint is a

more excellent Temple, in as much as Solomons Temple was a shadow only of this. It is a Living, Divine, and Immortal Temple. It is therefore in the whole a far more excellent, more rich, more glorious, and delightful Image of the God-Head in its entire form. It is in every part, and point of it a most lively, a most beautiful, a most pleasant figure of some particular Mystery,

and Glory in the God-Head.

All the parts of your Bodies themselves, the lowest, and least, even to a hair of your Heads, every thing that befals you in every part of your Body in the meanest, and slightest circumstance, is formed exactly by the Divine Wildom, and Power, according to the Divine Will, to answer the Pattern in the Mount, to be the holy sigure of an eternal Glory in Christ. We read Pfal. 29. 9. Every thing in his Temple speaks Glory. Every thing in thy Body, O Believer, so far as thou art a Believer, speaks Glory. For this is his Temple. O live alwaies in the Spirit, that thou maist alwaies be in thy Body, as in the Temple, that there thou maist see, understand, and enjoy the Glory in every thing!

2. The Temple of God is filled with the Glory of God. There is a Prophefy in Malachy, concerning the times of the Gospel, that he shall come into his Temple. You, O Saints are the Temple, which is here Prophesied of. Jesus Christ, as God in the Glory of the Father, in the Third Person, the Holy Ghost, comes into you, into your Bodies also, and fills them with his Glory. The same word in Hebrew signifieth a Temple, and a Pallace. The name of a Temple in Greek, signifieth an Habitation, or dwelling place. It is a note of a learned Divine, that the Temple had Tables, and a Throne, and a State in it, which was the Golden Mercy Seat called in the Gospel, the Throne of Grace, to signifie that the Temple of God was his Pallace, as he is the great King. The Eternal Spirit is present in the Body of a Believer, as in his Pallace. He keeps his Court there. There is his Throne, with all the blessed

Angels, and all the Heavenly Company, waiting round about it.

It is called his resting-place. Arise, saith David to God, thou, and the Ark of thy strength into thy resting-place. God shineth forth in his Temple, silleth it with his Glory within, resting upon it, and overshadowing it with his Glory without. In the 50 Pfal. at the beginning the Psalmist speaking of the Temple saith; God shineth from Sion, the perfection of Beauty. What a perfection of Beauty then, what a Divine Pallace, how sull of Glory within, how encompassed with a clear, & shining Glory round about is that Body of a Saint, which is the living, eternal Temple of the Holy Ghost? In what Majesty doth this Eternal Spirit appear here upon its Throne of Love? In the midst of what Divine Pleasures, and Delights doth it rest for ever here. What a Court does it keep here with all its Train of Angels, and heavenly Attendants, waiting round about its Throne, as in another Heaven? OBelievers, honor your Bodies. For these, so far as you stand in a Spiritual Principle, are as another Heaven, the Heaven of Heavens, the Pallace of the great King, which he fills with his Glory, where he heeps his Court, & sits upon his Throne.

3. The Saints have communion with God in his Temple. In the Temple was the Golden Mercy-Seat. There, faith God, will I commune with thee. This was overforead with Cherubims of Glory, as St. Paul calls them. These Cherubims covered this Golden Mercy-Seat with their Wings, and so made the State, or Glory about the Throne. This is therefore called the secret of the most high, and the shadow of the Almighty, where a Saint is said to dwell, and to lodge. Hear, O ye Saints, what glorious things are spoken of your Bodies; be Spiritual, and behold in these Temples the Golden Mercy-Seat, which is the glorified Person of Christ, and the Cherubims of Glory covering it with their Wings, and God here upon this Golden Mercy-Seat, the glorified Bosom of Christ from between the Wings of the Cherubims, ready alwaies to commune with you, yea taking you up upon this Golden Mercy-Seat, within the Wings of the Cherubims, to commune freely with him at all

seasons in this secret of eternal safety, rest, love, joy, and glory.

This Temple is the Body of a Saint while he liveth below; but now it is in too great a degree covered with a cloud of Flesh, filled with the smoak of the Spirit of this world, that a Saint too rarely enters into this Temple of the holy Ghost in his own Body, and more rarely seeth with any degree of clearness the Glory, or heareth the voice of the bleffed Spirit there. What joy is it to think, in what a purely facred, and Divine Temple, in what a clear, and shining Pallace of the eternal King, in what open, and unstained, unvailed visions of Divine Glory, in what a secret, in what a presence of glorious Angels, and Eternal Spirits, in the midst of what sweet, overshadowings, dear encompassings, naked outshinings of the Eternal Spirit, in what most bleffed, most ravishing Communion of Eternal Light, Life, and Love with this Spirit. in what fight, and embraces, with what kiffes of incomprehensible Beauties, in the found of what words, what falutations, what wooings, what expressions of the highest Loves, and Joys from the Eternal Spirit a Saint finds himself even in his own proper Body in the very moment of his Death, when departing out of this Life at once he departs for ever out of the Fleshly Image, and the Spirit of this World?

4. The Divine Presence, and Glory was the desence of the Temple, Esa.
4. 5. There is a Prophesy concerning the times of the Gospel expressed by figures taken from the state of things under the Law: And the Lord will create upon every dwelling place of Mount Sion, and upon her Assemblies a Cloud, and smoak by day, and the shining of a slaming fire by night. For upon all the Glory shall be a desence, or a covering. When the first Temple was to be destroyed, the Prophet Ezekiel saw the Glory removing off from it; afterwards, when the second Temple was near its end, a voice was heard in it siying; Let us be gone from hence, which was understood to be the voice of God, and of his holy Angels with all those invisible companies, and Ministers, which made up the Glory of the Divine Presence, as Nobles, Officers, and Guards make up the Court of a King.

Oc Saints

O Saints! why do you fear for your Bodies hidden Conspiracies, or open force, diseases, the sury of the Elements, the malice of Men, or Devils? These Bodies of yours are the Temples of the Holy Ghost. Here are the Holy Assemblies of all the Heavenly Company in the unity of the Spirit, whose Temples your Bodies are. Of these it is Prophesied, to these it is promised, that God will create upon them a cloud, and a smoak by day, the shining of a staming fire by night. Upon these the Glory is a defence, or a covering. God himself with all his holy Ones, his Angels, his Watchmen, his ministring Spirits is this Cloud, this Glory, which is the desence, and covering upon your whole Persons your Bodies, as well as your Souls: both have together with Christ a hidden Life, a secure Life, in this secret of God within this covering of this Divine Cloud, Flame, and Glory. From off these Temples of your Bodies this Glory never removes. From within these Temples of your Bodies this heavenly Company never departs; for as much as the union in the Spirit of Grace under the Gospel is Eternal.

Thus the Bodies also of Believers in this Life are the Temples of the Holy Ghost. All things in them here are divine Figures of a divine Glory. They are filled and covered with the Glory itself. They are the seats of the freest Communion with this Glory, being the Temples of the God of Gods, and so the Pallaces of the King of Kings. All this is true of them here, as they stand in a Spiritual Principle, and in union with Christ by the new birth.

But this Life is a mixt State. We stand partly in a Spiritual, partly in a Fleshly Principle. These Temples of our Bodies are covered with a corrupt Flesh, that we can hardly discern their Spiritual Beauties. They are too frequently in too great a part filled with a smoak of Hell, the smoak of the Spirit of this world, that a Believer can rarely enter into this Temple of his

Body to behold, and converse with the Glory there.

This is the precious, the bleffed work of Death in a Believer. It breaketh the union, it maketh a separation not between Christ, and a Believer, not between the Soul, and Body of a Believer, as they are joyned together in Christ by the band, and unity of the Eternal Spirit, and make one Spiritual Man, or Person in Christ; but between the precious, and the vile, between the Carnal and Spiritual Principle of a Saint both in Soul and Body.

Now in the moment of Death the Soul, and Body of a Saint come forth immediately, clear, and shining Temples of the Spirit; the smoak, and c'ouds of the Fleshly Principles, and of this worldly Image being for ever driven a-

way from within them, and from without.

Thus you understand St. Pauls sweet, and blessed sense of Death, when he speaketh of the Body, and saith, I Corin. 5. 1. 2. That, we shall not be found naked, but be cleathed upon from above with a building of God Eternal in the Heavens, which shall swallow up mortality in life. Our Spiritual Body, which we have in this life by our new Birth, as we stand in our Spiritual Principle is this Divine Building sprung from a Divine Root, of a Divine Nature, or Substance

stance, of a Divine Form, and Workmanship. This is ever in Heaven, being inseparably united to Christ, and being ever in the Spirit. This is Eternal, when we die, this casts off the Cloud of corrupt, and cursed Flesh. This springs forth out of its Spiritual Principle, as out of Heaven, and the Bosom of God. This rests upon us, takes us in, cloaths us entirely, universally with itself. Thus we are never found naked not for any one the least moment. All that life, all those objects, entertainments, and joys, which we possessed before in the Cloud, in the Captivity of a mortal Image, yea the very Image of mortality itself, besides innumerable new and unconceivable Glories, are all the very same things present with us in this Heavenly Building; this Heavenly Body; but after a new, and more excellent manner. We have our pleafant things a hundred-fold more pleasant. We have our unpleasant things with an unmixed, pure, and perfect pleasantness, as they stand within in the Divine Myltery, and Love. Thus defirable, and delightful is death to a Saint, which now indeed is no more Death, but the flood, the Fountain of pure Light, Eternal Life, the Divine Love breaking forth in his Soul, and Body, and swallowing up every thing of Mortality into itself.

Give me leave here to take occasion to stir you up to the love, and pursuit

of Spirituality in Religion, by a short exhortation.

1. Understand your loss. How many precious, and glorious truths of the Gospel? What Heavenly, and Divine growths in Grace? How many sweet, unexpressible consolations, and joys in life, and in death are we unacquainted with, are we uncapable of for want of the Spirit, and Spirituality? I have many things to speak unto you, saith our Lord Jesus to his Disciples before his D. ath; but ye cannot bear them now. Why? Hitherto they knew Christ after the Flesh only. The Spirit was not come, which was to lead them into all truths, and to be their eminent comforter. I could not speak unto you, as to Spiritual, but as to Carnal, saith St. Paul to the Corinthians, who yet were

pussed up with a conceit of their knowledge.

2. Confider the danger from the want of Spirituality. St. Paul saith in one place, that what the Law speaketh, it speaketh to those that are under the Law. The Law in Scripture is called the Letter, which is the Figure, and Image only: The Gospel the Spirit, which is the Life, and Truth. This then is the dreadful curse, which the Law pronounceth upon those, who live, and worship God in the oldness of the Letter; not in the newness of the Spirit: that their Eyes, their Ears, their Hearts shall be closed, made sat, and hardned, that seeing they shall not see, hearing they shall not understand, that they shall be taught line upon line, precept upon precept, here a little, and there a little, that they may sall backward, and perish, and never rise more; because, when Christ was presented to them in the Spirit of Life, and Glory to be their rest, and refreshing for ever, they would not obey the heavenly Call. O dreadful danger! O deadly curse! Hear this O Protosfors; O Belie-

wers, who are Carnal, and not Spiritual! Tremble and fear to be eternally imprisoned in the dark Image, and killing Letter, being for ever excluded from the marvellous light of God, from the Eternal Life, and from the most glorious truth itself of all Heavenly, and Divine Thirgs, to wander perpetually in a barren Wilderness of Graves, and of stery Serpents, never to enter into the rest of God, nor the refreshing of the Eternal Spirit. O Silly Men, and silly Women, that are ever learning, ever hearing Sermons, ever praying, ever reading the Scriptures, ever sounding forth the name of Christ, and God; yet at the end of one, ten, or twenty years, still laden with the same diversity of Lusts, and Passions, still moving forward, and backward upon the same Carnal, and literal sense of things, never coming to the knowledge of the Truth, as the Truth is in Jesus, as the Spirit is Truth!

3. See the advantages of Spirituality, as they are laid together, 2 Cerin.

3. At the latter end.

1. Liberty, Where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is Liberty; a pure freedom from the servitude of hellish Lusts, and passions; a pleasant freedom from sears, cares, confinements; from the Law, Death, and Wrath; a Divine Freedom from the vale of the Flesh, the Law, the Letter of things, from every Earthly, Created, Darkning, Dividing Principle, Life, and Image; the liberty of a free access into the purity, power, rest, joys, glories, immortality, infi-

miteness of the Spirit, and of the Divine Nature.

2. A clear discovery, evidence, and seal of the new Birth in you. We with open Face behold the Glory of the Lord. The open face there (as appears clearly by the context of the words) is the Spiritual, and Heavenly Man within us unvailed, appearing evidently with the Seal of his own Spiritual Beauties, and Glories upon it, in the openness, and freedom of a Spiritual, and Divine Light. Where are doubts, where are fears now concerning our conditions they are fled away, and vanish, as the shadows of the night

before the Sun rifing, and thining forth with open face.

3. A clear vision of the Lord Jesus in Glory within thy self. We all with open face, as in a glass, beholding the Glory of the Lord, saith St. Paul. It is in Greek beholding, as in a Looking-glass, where the Face, that is seen, is the Face of him who sees, respected upon itself. O blessed State of a Spiritual Saint! The Spiritual Man in him is a Divine, and living Looking-glass, in which, while he beholds the face of the Lord Jesus in Glory, he sees his own Face, and the glorious form of his own Heavenly Person restented upon itself. The Person which sees, the Heavenly Person which is seen, and the Glass, are all one Spirit. All these dwell together, see, possess, and enjoy one another in the same Life, and Image.

4. Spirituality brings a lively, and lovely growth in all Grace. We are changed, faith St. Faul, into the likeness of the same Image from Glory to Glory. These words import three excellencies in the growth of a Spiri-

tual Person. 1. It is continual, which is implied in that expression from Glory to Glory. One degree of growth immediately follows another. The Kingdom of Heaven, which is the State of Spirituality, and in the Holy Ghost, is compared to Corn, which grows by day, and by night, in Winter, and in Summer. It is growing every moment, till it be ripe for the Harvest. 2. Spirituality groweth by great increases. Here the name of Glory is put upon the growths of Grace in a Spiritual State from Glory to Glory. In another place St. Paul expresses it by the increases of God, that is, swift, great, glorious, divine increases, as by the immediate springings of the Godhead, and bearing the like. nels of God in Glory. 2. Spirituality makes the Glorified Person of Christ the Pattern, the Measure, the Mark, and End of its growth. So saith St. Paul, Rebolding the Glory of the Lord, we are changed into the likeness of the same Image. A Spiritual Person hath the Lord Jesus cloathed with a Spiritual Glory ever in his eye; is continually taking him into his Heart, continually bringing him forth into his whole Person and Life, with an increasing clearness and fulness. As the Object is to the Faculty, and to the Soul; so is Jesus Christ to a Spiritual Person, his Pattern, his Object, his Food, his Feast, which spreads itlest quite thorow his Person and Life, which all throughout turns into Life, Strength, Beauty, Cheerfulness, and Joy to him.

5. A spiritual person in a sweet and sealing manner sees the Spirit himself presenting the Lord Jesus to him within himself in a spiritual Glory; seels the Spirit himself springing up immediately within him in all sights of Christ, in all his changes, and growths into Christ. He sees, and feels this Spirit to be Jesus Christ himself. He sees and feels this Spirit, and this Jesus to be in himself, and one Spirit with himself. So the verse forementioned runs; We all with open face, beholding, as in a Looking-glass, the Glory of the Lord, are changed into the likeness of the same Image, from Glory to Glory, as by the Spirit of the

Lord; or, according to the Greek, by the Lord that Spirit.

These are the sweet and blessed Advantages of a Spiritual State. I will add

some few and short Directions to this State.

1. Look to the New Birth in You. See that you be born again, that you be born from above, that you be born of the Spirit; that this which is born in you, be Spirit. Jesus Christ saith, That which is born of the Spirit, is Spirit. This only is the New Birth. Newness is only in the Eternal Spring, the Spirit.

2. Take care of your Union with Christ, that it be a Spiritual Union; that you be united to Christ, as he is risen from the Dead, and in Glory, as he is a Spirit, the King and Bridegroom of Spirits; that you be united to Christ in the Spiritual Man; that your Union be a Spiritual Marriage; that you be one Spirit in the Unity of the Eternal Spirit, which is Love.

3. Pray for the Spirit, for a Spiritual Understanding, for the Knowledge of things in the Spirit, as they are Spirit and Life, and so alone Truth. Suck in the Spirit by day, and by night, from the lips of Christ, from the kisses of his mouth.

4. Die to every thing of the Flesh, that you may live in the Spirit. Bear about in your Bodies the dying of the Lord Jesus, that the Lite also of the Lord Jesus, according to the Spirit, may be manifested in your mortal Bodies. As the young Phænix is said to spring new and fresh out of the Ashes of the Old One; so doth the Spirit in the newness of an Heavenly and Immortal

Glory spring out of the Grave of Christ.

5. Live purely, live in Love. These two, Purity and Love, are the principal fruits of the Spirit, by which the Spirit himself is drawn down, and held in our Hearts, being sed, and delighted with them. Every kind and degree of impurity and enmity quencheth the Spirit, and maketh him to withdraw himself into Heaven again. The Scripture saith, The Flesh lusteth against the Spirit, to bring forth its own Beauties, Delights and Fruits all over the Spirit of Man in the place of the Eternal Spirit. The Scripture saith also, That the Flesh envyeth against the Spirit: The Flesh hath an envy, and an envious malice to see the Spirit with its Eternal Glories, Joys and Fruits to flourish in the Soul.

6. Lastly; Take heed of thinking that you know enough. He that thinks he knows any thing, knows nothing as he ought to know it, faith St. Paul. He that thinks he knows any thing, knows things only after the Letter, which is a knowledge of shadows only, and a shadow of knowledge. This is that knowledge, which puffeth up, which swels a man with a windy conceit of knowledge. But that knowledge which is from the Spirit, as its Fountain, and in the Spirit, as its air, and element, and of the Spirit, as its only object, this makes a man at the highest degree of his knowledge on Earth to be sensible. that all his knowledge is, but as the light of the night, a light shining in a dark place, not the day-star, and the Sun itself risen upon him. This man thinks himself at best, as a door-keeper only, or (as the Hebrew word signifieth) one standing at the threshold of the House of God, who looketh in at a distance, and hath only a weak glimmering prospect of the Glories there, but is not yet entered into the Light of those Glories to behold them, as they are, to know them, as he ought to know them, and is to know them. He therefore, as a new born Babe from the Womb of the Spirit, keeps his Eye ever fixed with wonder, and pleasure upon the light of the Spirit, and ever thirsts to drink in more, and more the sweet milk of this Light.

The Subject of our discourse hath been the passage of a Saint by Death, not only in his Soul, but in his Body also, into a State of purity, pleasure, perfection, and immortality. One of the objections against this was taken from common sense, to which Death presents the Bodies of the holiest Persons liveless, ghastly, dissolving to dust. We have answered this objection by a distinction between a twofold sense, Carnal, and Spiritual. But this objection was ensorced from the Body of Christ, which was a rueful, and bloody spectacle in Death, which lay three days in the silence, darkness, and restraint of the Grave. It is necessage to say something, particularly to the State of

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Christs Body in Death, by the application of this distinction to that also. I shall ground this discourse upon that Scripture, Luke 12.50. They are the words of Christ: I have a Baptism to be Baptized with, and how am I streightned till it be over. This Baptism is generally, and as I humbly conceive, rightly, interpreted to be the sufferings of Christ at his Death. The Fapissm of Christ, and the accomplishment of that Baptism were both at the time of his Death. The sense of this Baptism before it came, was an unexpress bic streightning, or affliction, and oppression to the Soul of Christ. He cries out, how am I streightned?

The words thus opened, afford this observation: The Lord Jesus had his greatest trouble, and his greatest Triumph at the time of his Death. Then was this bloody Baptism; and then was the blessed accomplishment of this Baptism. I shall open this in seven Propositions, whereof 5 set forth the trou-

ble, the other two the Triumph of Christ at his Death.

1. Propol. It was the most glorious, and eternal Person of God himself

in two Natures, Divine, and Humane, which was our Jesus.

2 Propos. God in his own Person, as the Divine Nature lived in our Nature here on Earth, stood at once in a twofold Principle, one Natural, and Tempo-

rary; the other Supernatural, and Eternal.

3. Propoi. As this Eternal Person our Jesus with his God-Head in the Humane Nature, stood in a Natural, and Temporary Principle, he stood under the curse, receiving, and seeling all the stings, and bitterness of the curse to

the utmost extremity.

4. Propos. This our Jesus, as he at the same time with his Divine Nature in his Humanity, stood in a Supernatural, and Eternal Principle, he in his Humanity comprehended his Humanity itself, in its natural Principle, together with the natural Principle itself, the Curse, all the stings, and bitterness of the Curse, in a light of Divine Glory, in a life of Divine Love, as so many varieties of pure Love, Joy, and Glory with Immortality.

5. Propos. The Curse with the stings, and sense of it upon the Natural, and Temporary Principle, as also the conflict between the Natural, and Temporary, the Supernatural, and Eternal Principle in the Lord Jesus through his whole Person, as it lived in a Humane Soul, and Body, were highest at his

Death.

These are the five Propositions, which set forth the trouble of Christ at

his Death. In the other two followeth his Triumph.

6. Propos. This Eternal Person our Jesus with his God-Head in his whole Humanity both Soul, and Body, in the moment of Death by dying, went entirely forth from the Natural, or Temporary Principle, and so from under the Curse.

7. Propos. This same Jesus in his whole Person with his whole Soul, and Body, in the moment of Death by dying went forth entirely into the simpli-

city, and fingleness of his Supernatural, the Eternal Principle, and so into a State of pure Eternity, unmixt loy, and Glory.

I shall briefly open these Propositions in their order.

1. Propos. It was the most glorious, and eternal Person of God himself in two Natures, Divine, and Humane, which was our Jesus, Fohn 1, 14, The Word was made Flesh. The second Person in the Trinity, from which the other two Perfons, the Father and the Spirit are inseparable; the eternal, and effential Son of God, which hath the fulness of the God-Head in himself, in its most express Image, and greatest Glory, he in his own Person, in this Eternal Person, and Sonship, was made Flesh, This Eternal Person, this Effential Son of God was that Flesh. This Flesh was that Person, that Son, which had the Father, and the Spirit inseparably with himself, and was essentially one with them.

O Christians, study this union of the two Natures Divine, and Humane in one only Divine, Unchangeable, and Eternal Person, which is the most glorious. and Ever-bleffed God. This is the deep and rich ground of the Christian Religion, out of which, as the true ground of the Heavenly Paradife, the God-Head itself makes to spring all the precious mysteries of the Gospel, all Evangelical Truths, Graces, and Joys in their most Spiritual Beauty, Sweetnels, and Life. Understand this: Pray for the understanding of this, for a fight, fense, and feeling of it within your own Spirits, that it is God, God himself in his own only Divine, unchangeable, undivided Person, in your own Form. in your own Nature, in your own Persons, and Spirits, which is your Jesus, your Saviour, Redeemer, Husband, and King, your Ransom, Atonement, and Righteousness, your Beauty, your Life, your Joy, your Root, Branch, Flower, and Fruit. This union between the Divine, and Humane Nature in one Person in our Lord Jesus, is the Original, and Reason of the union between you, and this Jesus, which is God in Person, to which Person, thorow this union, you also are immediately, eternally united in one Spirit, in one mystical Person, which is Christ, as St. Paul speaketh, as there is one Body, and many Members, so is Christ.

A Spiritual knowledge of this union of two Natures in one Person, and that God himself is this Person, will sweeten all sufferings of life to you, and perfume the Grave. Open the Eyes of your Spirits, and behold with joy, and wonder the going of your God, and King in the Sanctuary of this Earthly Body. It was the ever-glorious, and immutable Person of God in the most high, and holy Trinity, which made itself Flesh in the Womb of the Virgin, which was that Flesh, which in that Flesh eat, drank, slept, talked, and walked upon the Face of this Earth, which passed under all the clouds, thorow all the storms of life here, which hung upon the Cross, dyed, and lay. down in the Grave. O with what a Divine, and delightful Glory hath this Divine presence, and Person filled, and cloathed this Flesh, this Earth, all the

natural actions, and passions of this Flesh, on this Earth, Clouds, Storms, the Cross, Death, and the Grave to the Spiritual Eyes of Believers? What living Plants of Paradite; how beautiful, how laden with most pleasant, and Immortal Fruits are all these springing up out of this Root, this Divine, and Eternal Person? What Jewels are they of incomprehensible virtue; sweetness,

and lustre hanging upon this Person?

See your selves O ail ye Saints, even the lowest, and the least, conformed to this Image. It is the immortal Seed, and Son of God in you, it is your Jefus, the most glorious Person of God himself in this Seed in you, which is made partaker of Flesh, and Blood, which walks on Earth, and acts all the parts of the natural Life here, which passeth thorow all the Clouds, and Storms of life, which suffers, dies, and lies in the Grave. The Spoule faith of Christ, he is a bundle of Myrrh; he shall lye all night between my Breasts. Thus the Humane Nature of Christ saith to the Divine Nature. Thus the Earthly Nature faith to the Heavenly Nature, to the Divine Seed, to the Lord Jesus, to the Divine Nature in the Lord Jesus: thou art my bundle of Myrrh, thou liest all the night of this life, and death between my naked Breasts. What corruption can I see in the Grave itself? What Divine Sweetness breaths forth itself in all States? What Divine Treasures of Life, and Immortality fill, and overflow all; while we thus lye most intimately united, entirely wrapt up in each other, in the most sweet, and glorious Unity of one Divine, and Eternal Spirit, one Mystical, Divine, and Eternal Person?

2. Propos. God in his own Person, as the Divine Nature lived in our Nature here on Earth, stood at once in a twofold Principle; the one Natural.

and Temporary; the other Spiritual, and Eternal.

The Lord Jesus was truly, and really a man in every point like unto us, sinonly excepted, as the Scripture speaketh in the Epistle to the Hebrews. Thus he did bear in himself the Earthly, and Natural Image, he stood in an earthly, and natural Principle. He came forth from the Father into the World. So

was he made a Servant, and made under the Law.

But the Lord Jesus was in Person the Eternal Son of God. In this Person alone did the Humane Nature of Christ, with its Natural Principle, and Fleshly Form in this world subsist. The second Person in the Trinity was the Glorious, and Invisible Root, which, through the Divine Nature sent forth, sustained, lived, and appeared in the spotless Flesh of the Lord Jesus. Thus the Manhood of Christ in its Earthly State stood in a natural Principle, according to its proper essence, and created Form; but in a Supernatural, and Eternal Principle according to its Personal subsistence in the Eternal Word.

How patient should we be of Life; nay with what delight, and wonder should we pass the time of our Pilgrimage here, if with a Spiritual Eye we beheld the Lord Jesus in Flesh, and saw our life in slesh a conformity to his? What a Divine Spectacle, what a mystery of Divinity, how full of Sweet-

ness, Beauty, and Glory doth the Life of Christ in Flesh appear; when it is rightly seen? The Natural Spirit of this world with its natural Image in its stull compass stood in the midst of the Lights, Immortalities, Glories of that Divine Person which is the Brightness of Glory, the Sea of all Sweetnesses, and Loves, Eternity itself, God himself. This was the Eternal Principle, which brought it forth from itself, which bears it up in its own Bosom, which acts it, fills it, comprehends it, as itself, one Person with itself, itself Personally in a Divine, and Mysterious Figure, in the midst of all its Divine, and Substantial Glories.

3. Propos. As this Eternal Person our Jesus with his God-Head in the Humane Nature, stood in a Natural, and Temporary Principle, he stood under the Curse, receiving, and feeling all the stings, and bitterness of the Curse to the utmost extremity. The Scripture saith he was made a Curse for us. Although together with the Natural Principle, he took not the Corruption, yet he took the Curse. You that read, or hear this, prepare your selves to receive a Relation of Divine Love, which will at once break your hearts, and make them whole again: That God, who is Bleffedness itself, the purelt Light of Life, Joy, and Glory in Person, cloaths himself with Flesh, even with the Fleshly Spirit, and Principle, that he may make himself a Curse for your fakes, in your stead. Thus he receives immediately into his own Person, into his ownBreast, and Heart, all the stings of the Curse, of Separation, of Loss, of Shame, of Pain, of Guilt, of Grief, of Horrour, Amazement, Death. All these stings he receives into himself, as they are dipt all over in the most unmixt, and fiercest Poison of the Divine Wrath. All these stings he felt at once, envenomed with Wrath in the tenderest, and most sensible manner, with the quickest, and sharpest sense. Never was, never can there be such a sting, such a fense of any sting in the Spirit of Man, or Devil, or any Creature. Do we hear all this, and that all this was from love to us, and are we not by a fympathy of love wounded with a fense of those stings, which thus stuck in our Saviours Heart? Do we not feel our hearts wounded with a sense of those Sins of ours, which fixed those stings there? But doth not this sense also fall like drops of precious Balsom upon our Hearts to heal those wounds immediately, or to turn them into Fountains of Love, and Joy, when we hear, that it was Love, and infinite Love in the Heart of God himself, which took these flings out of our low, and wretched Persons, to fix them in that most High, and Glorious Person, which is Eternal Love, and Life itself? He was made Sin for us, that is, a Sacrifice for Sin in a flame of Wrath in our stead, that we might be made the Righteousness of God in him, to ascend in the Bosom of his glorified Person in a pure flame of Love, Delight, and Glory above all Heavens.

4. Propos. This our Jesus, as he at the same time with his Divine Nature in his Humanity, stood in a supernatural, and eternal Principle, he in his Humanity comprehended his Humanity itself in its natural Principle, toge-

ther with the natural Principle itself, the Curse, all the stings, and bitterness of the Curle in a Light of Divine Glory, in a Lite of Divine Love, as fo many varieties of pure Love, Joy, and Glory with immortality. Our Jesus, at the same time in his natural Principle, and in his Flesh was encompassed with a blackness of darkness, and was filled with the bitterness of the Curse; at the same time in his supernatural Principle, the Eternal Spirit, even in the natural Principle in the Flesh, in the midst of the darknesses, & bitternesses he faw them all, he converfed with them, he tafted them, feafted upon them. enjoyed them, and himfelf in them, as the Light, and Sweetness of Heavenly Love, as Roles, and Lillies, the Hony, and the Hony-comb in the Paradise of Go has the delicacies of Eternity, and a banquet of Wine in the Kingdom of God. For he received, he saw, he rellished them in the will of his Father, and the will of his Father in them. Thus he speaketh of them, when he cometh first into the World, I come to do thy Will, O God. All things, which he met with in the World, and in Flesh were to him the pure, and entire Will of God alone prefencing itself in formany various Forms, where the Substance, and the Forms both were the sime Will, like a Feast in several Dishes, where the Meat, and the Dishes too are alike delicate food. So Christ himself expressed it, John 4. It is my Meat, and Drink (a Divine Meat, and a Divine Drink) to do the Will of my Father. All the fufferings, and paffions of Christ, were an active accomplishment; an active entertainment of the Will of the Father, of that Will, of that supream Will, which is the pure Fourtain, Measure, Effence, perfection of all Good, Lovelines, Love, Sweetness, and Joy.

The sufferings of our Lord Jesus appeared to him in a Spiritual Light, as Heavenly Beauties cloathing his Person, making it so much the more lovely in the Eye of his Father the truest Judge of loveliness, and Beauty. My Father leves me, saith Jesus Christ, because I lay down my Life for my Sheep. How sweet, and cear a sense hath the Lord Jesus of the Curse, and of Death, when he had this sense of them, that they made him lovely to his Father, attracted his Fathers Heart to him, and made him more in love with him.

The blackest Cloud, that resteth upon Christ, discovered itself to his Spiritual Eye to be intruth a Glory surrounding him. All the griefs of his Heart appeared to be Jewe's of G'ory, and Immortality hanging in his Bosom. For, saith Christ, when he was now to suffer; now is the Son of Man Glorified; and again, he suith, the Father is Glorified in the Son. O ! how different is the truth of things in the Spirit from the outward appearance in the Fish? When Jesis Christ was spit upon, Scourged, Crucissed, as this World gives, soms, and names of things, then in the sense, and language of Heaven of Eternity, of the Eternal, and Spiticual Principle in himself, he was glorified; all these were as so many fresh Lights of Glory, in which his Person shines forth to itself, and to the Father, in which the Fathers Person shines forth in his Person, as in a new Heaven with new, and increasin Peauties. O you,

O you, that are Followers of Christ, what a mystery of Spiritual Joy, and Heavenly Glory is there in the life of a Saint, if this be to be a Saint, to walk on Earth, as Christ walked, that is, in a Spiritual Principle, in the midst of the Natural Principle, and Fleshly Image of things governing, comprehending, seeing, handling, rellishing all in the Divine Light, Beauty, and Sweetness of the Eternal Spirit? When the blackest Cloud of melancholy rests upon thy Spirit, when the sharpest Sword of Grief pierceth thy Heart, retire into thy Spiritual Principle, there thou shalt be, as on Mount Tabor, the Mount of Transsiguration, where the Face of thy God shall be as a pleasant Sun of Joy, and Glory shining forth in its strength within thee, and the whole Image of things in thee, and round about thee, as a Garment of Light all weaved, and wrought with the freshest, and purest Beams of this Sun in all living,

and immortal Figures of the highest Joys, and Glories.

5. Propos. The Curse with the stings, and sense of it upon the Natural. and Temporary Principle, as also the conflict between the Natural, and Temporary; the Supernatural, and Eternal Principle in the Lord Jesus thorow his whole Perfon, as it lived in a Humane Soul, and Body, were highest at his Death. The Lord Jesus saith, the Prince of this World cometh: This is your hour, and the power, or principality of Darkness. The Devil came now to make his two last, and most furious affaults upon the Lord Jesus in the Garden, and upon the Crois. He therefore comes with all the powers of Darkness, and Legions of Devils, with all the blackest, and most dreadful Furniture, and force of Wrath from Hell below, from Earth, and Heaven above, as the Prince of this World, and the Prince of Darkness. The Burel was so fore against the Lor Jesus, that he himself, who was the Wistom, and Power of God was amuzed. He, who was the eternal delights of his Father day by day cries out, My Soul is very for owful even unto Death; The word in Greek is mediators which lignifieth an excess of forrow, and a furrounding forrow. All things round about the Lord Jesus were hung with a blackness of Darkness, and amazing borrours, that he himself, who bears up the weight of all things, could hardly sustain the weight of his own fears, and forrows, or fustain himself in Life under them. He falls beneath them to the ground. His whole Person is so prest, and opprest with them, that through the agony of his Spirits, the boiling blood is strained forth through all the parts of his Body. He cries to his Father thrice: Angels are fent from Heaven to strengthen him, and comfort him.

But after this, the conflict upon the Cross was yet sharper. Now the Prince of Darkness grows desperate, knowing that this is his last effort, and that now at once he fights for his Kingdom, Liberty, and Life, that his whole Kingdom of Darkness, and his Person too depend upon this one Fight. The Earney ke, the rending of the Rocks, the total Eclipse of the Sun, and the Universal Darkness upon the sace of the whole Earth were Types of what Christ the

Ppp

Prince

Prince of Glory, and the Devil the Prince of Darkness suffered in this last Conflict; the like to which never was before, nor shall ever be. The whole frame of things shook, and trembled under the Feet of the Lord Jesus, and round about him. The Rocks, all the supports of his Soul, all the Foundations, and Pillars of his strength, and life were rent in pieces, and dissolved. The face of the Creature, the face of Heaven, the face of his Father were all covered with a thick, a threatning, and an amazing Darkness, as in a dreadful Tempest above the course, and force of nature. The Lord of Life, in whom all things subsist, is now linking, and ready to give up all for lost. How deeply was his Heart pierced, how cruelly wounded, how were every glympse of Light, every drop of Comfort intercepted and with-held, when he cried out; My God, my God, why hast thou for saken me? What potent inchantment from Hell was this, what power of Darkness, what infusion of Wrath, what separation ten thousand times more bitter than Death, which fo wrought, that he, who is God himself, seems divided from himself, and totally deferted by all the power, and sweet lights of the God-Head?

Thus you see in this 5th Proposition the trouble of Christ at its height: In the two following Propositions, you shall see, that notwithstanding this dreadful storm in the evening, and latest hour of his life, this beautiful Sun in his dying moment, as in the close itself of the day; casts up its cloud, comes

forth Triumphantly, and no night follows.

Before we pass to the other Propositions, let us make a few short observa-

tions upon these.

1. See how dreadful, and hateful an evil Sin is by the effects of it in the Person of God himself, our Lord Jesus. Let not that be a light thing to us, which lay with so great weight upon him, neither let us be secure in our Lusts, Vanities, Covetousness, Sloath, playing with these, which were so many Serpents in the Bosom of Christ, and shot deadly stings into his Heart. Can we stand under those things, which had almost sunk the Son of God into despair, and Eternal Darkness? It is true God brings good out of the evil of Sin, order out of its disorder, and reconciles all into a beautiful Harmony of Divine Love, and Joy. But how? by how dear a price? by how precious an atonement? by how costly, how cruel, how bloody a Sacrifice? by how violent a conssict between all the powers of light, and darkness at once? by how dreadful a dissolution of the whole frame of things, with the blackest Tempest of Divine Wrath from above? by what horrours of Death in its ugliest shape, with its most venemous stings; and all this in the Person of God himself, our Jesus?

2. Be good Soldiers of the Lord Jesus. Endure hardships. Endure the fight of Sufferings. Think not strange to have the Clouds blackest, and the Storm greatest with Thunders, and Lightnings round about you in your latest hour, in old age, and death. Thus you bear the Cross of Christ. Thus

you fight under the Banner of Love. A Husband in Bloods art thou to me. faith the Wife of Moses to him, concerning the Circumcision. Jesus Christ hath been a Husband in Blood to thee, O suffering Saint. Now art thou also indeed a Sister, and a Spouse to him in Blood. This Life is the Season of suffering. Christ suffered here. Can you not suffer with Christ one hour, the short Season of this fleeting Life? Think how glorious in the Eyes of all the Holy Angels, and of the Bleffed Saints of Christ, and the Father you shall come into Heaven? How dear to the Bosom, and Embraces of them all, when you come most covered with Dust, and Blood, when you come immediately out of the greatest sufferings; when you come so much the lovelier, by how much the liker you are to Christ; when Christ, and the Father have been so much the more glorified in you; when they in their Glories have so much the more clearly, eminently shined forth in your Persons, and rested upon them, by how much the more extream your sufferings have been? When the Father hath thus accomplished his will in you, what a Feast of Eternal Pleasures, what a Crown of Eternal Glories will he make this will of his to you, how will he accomplish your will in himself to the utmost height of all delights, & blessedness?

3. See here a threefold comfort against sufferings, and Death.

I. He, who hath conquered them is your Captain the Lord Jesus. We read Heb. 2. That the Captain of our Salvation, being to bring many Sons to Glory, was made perfect through Sufferings. There are four things in that word Perfect. 1. There was a perfection of futferings in all kinds, and degrees. Nothing of any evil of sufferings in the evil of it was absent, or could be added. 2. Jesus Christ perfectly endured these sufferings in the sense of them, in the continuance under them, in pressures, and oppressions by them. 3. He was a perfect Conqueror over them. 4. To be made perfect, fignifieth an initiation in Sufferings, as in Sacred, and Divine Mysteries. So Christ was at once in his Sufferings the Priest, the Altar, the Fire, the Sacrifice, the Temple, the God. This Jesus, thus a perfect, and a Divine Conqueror over all Sufferings, who holdeth all evil of Sin, and Sorrow, as Captives, in Chains of Eternal Goodness, pure Love, Light, and Joy, He leads you upon Sufferings; he goes before you into them; he turns them all into Holy, and Heavenly Mysteries of Divine Life, and Love, and makes you in the midst of them, as Priests, like Aaron in his Priestly Robes, and Ornaments, and Anointings in the Temple of the Eternal Spirit.

2. You, O Saints, have nothing to do in your greatest Susterings, that you may be Conquerors over them, but to abide in the Lord Jesus. He himself in his dying discourses, thus comforts his Disciples in the Gospel of St. John; In the World you shall have trouble, but in me you shall have peace, be of good chear, I have overcome the World. Stand still, be stedsast, and unmoved in the Lord Jesus; so shall you never have any other sight of your Enemies, or Troubles, but such as the Children of Israel had on this side of the Red Sea,

Ppp2

when they came forth with their Timbrels, and Dances. You shall see them drown'd in the Sea of your Saviours Blood, in a Sea of Glory in his Victory, never to appear more in any melancholy shape. When thine Enemies encompass thee on every side, like mighty Floods, with greatest force and sury, lie down upon thy glorised Saviours Bosom, as the Bed of Love, have his high praises in thy mouth, sing aloud of his Love, his Loveliness, his Victory in his Death, his Resurrection, and return in the Spirit. So shalt thou see all the powers of Darkness, Death, and Hell under thy Feet, bound in Gol.

den Chains of Love, Immortality, and Glory.

3. Look forth now with a Spiritual Eye, and fee, that Sufferings, and Death are a name only, and empty shadows without any substance. The things themselves are for ever destroyed by the Death of Christ, and buryed in his Grave, never to rise more. A good Woman, a Martyr, being reproved for going with joy to the Fire, when Christ was sad at the approach of Death, answered; My Saviour was sad, that I might be joyful. Sufferings, and Death are now to Saints, like Snakes, out of whom the Lord Jesus hath taken the Sting, that we may take them into our Bosoms, and make them our soft, and shining Play-fellows. They are become now in the Blood, and Spirit of Christ like Vipers in Wine, which have lost their Poyson, and are high Cordials; like Bees they have shot their stings into the Lord Jesus, and lost them there. They have Hony now without any sting for thee to suck forth, and feed upon.

6. Propos. This Eternal Person, our Jesus with his God-Head in his whole Humanity both Soul, and Body in the moment of Death by dying, went entirely forth from the Natural, or Temporary Principle, and so from under the

Curse. I shall open this by four Scriptures.

1. Scrip. Heb. 10. 19,20. The Lord Jesus is said to have consecrated a new, and living way for us to enter into the holiest through the Vail, that is, his Flesh, Math. 27. 50, 51. You shall see, that as Jesus Christ yielded up the Ghost, immediately the Vail of the Temple was rent in twain from the top to the bottom. The Temple was a Figure of the Person of Christ, as the Vail was of this Flesh. How particularly, and emphatically is it expressed, that the Vail was rent from the top to the bottom, to its utmost extent in the Person of Christ? The Flesh was as a Vail lying upon the Divine Beauties upon the Eternal Per'on, and the Heavenly Image in the Soul, & Body of Christ. The Flesh of Christ was a dividing Vail, separating between the Lord Jesus, & the naked Beauties, the nakedBosom of his Father keeping his Soul, and Body, his bleffed Person, and Divine Nature, as they sublisted in his Soul, and Body out of the holiest, out of the pure, and open Glories of the God Head. As the Lord Jesus dies, in that same moment this Vail is rent from the top to the bottom, from the the highest part of his Soul, and Spirit to the lowest part, and appearance in the Body. Now the Holiest, the Heavenly Image, the pure, and naked Glo-

ries of the Eternal Person, of the God-Head were opened, and discovered thorow his whole Soul, and Body. His Soul, and Body both entered into the Holiest, into this Heavenly Image, into these pure Glories in the unity of the

E-ernal Spirit.

2. Scrip. Fobn 19. 30. When the Lord Jesus was now breathing his last, he formed his last breath into these words, it is finished. As he spake those words, he bowed his Head, and gave up the Ghost. What was that, which was finished with the life of Christ? Northe work of our redemption. Many great, and principal parts of that remained still behind, the Resurrection of the Lord Jesus, his Ascension, his Intercession, his return in the Spirit at the pouring forth of that his last Appearance, his Judgment, and Kingdom. What then was that which was finished with the finishing of the life of Christ? The days of his abode in the Flesh without the Vail; his Humiliation. his Sufferings, the State of Nature, the Curse, the Wrath of the Father were now finished; the Spirit, and Image of this world, the hour, and power of Darkness, the bloody Fight with the Prince of Darkness, the Prince of

this World were now at an end, as the life of Christ ended.

O you, who are followers of Christ, and predestinated to be conformed to him in your Lives, and in your Deaths, meet Death with Joy, with the shout of those, who cry out for victory. Now is your Warfare accomplished now is your Captivity in the Fleshly Spirit, and Image at an end. You shall dwell now no more in Meshek, at a distance from the Divine Glory, nor sojourn in the Tents of Kedar, in the Land of Darkness. The Vail of the Flesh is now rent from the top to the bottom thorow your whole Soul, and Body. In both, as you seem to fleshly senses to enter into the shade of Death, you in that moment enter into the Kingdom of Light, the Glorious Pallace of your Father, the Divine Beauties, and Joys of the Heavenly Image. You have now fought the good Fight, and finished it. Henceforth from this moment it is, that the Crown of Righteousness, the Crown of Life, and Immortality hath been laid up for you to be set upon your Heads, and worn by you, which God shall now give you from his own presence, from his own hand, in this day of Glory, which now breaketh, and rifeth upon you.

3. Scrip. Colof. 2. 15. The Apostle speaking of Christ saith thus; and having spoiled Principalities, and Powers, he made a show of them openly, and triumphed over them in it, that is, his Cross, which was mentioned in the

latter end of the foregoing verse.

There are three parts in this Scripture, which is a glorious description of the Victory of our Lord Jesus. 1. The Subject of his Victory. 2. The Victo-

ry itself. 3. The Seat of his Victory.

I. The Subject of Christs Victory are Principalities, and Powers. The first word apxai, signifieth Principles. The second word & solar, signifieth Dominions, Principalities, and a power of ruling. By these names the Angels are expressed, as they are the Invisible Springs, out of which all visible things continually slow; as they are the Supream Glories, Virtues, Powers, among things created, to which this present world is subjected, by which it is enlivened, enlightned, formed, acted, and ruled. Thus the Victory of Christ extendeth itself over the whole Creation, the whole frame of Nature in its Heavenly, Angelical, and unseen part; in that which is Earthly, and visible; in the Fountain-Glories, and flowing Streams; in the Princes on high, and their Principalities beneath.

2. The Victory itself is exprest in three steps. 1. The Spoil. 2. The

Show. 3. The Triumph.

1. The Spoil. He spoiled Principalities, and Powers. The word signifieth to uncloath. The Lord Jesus, as a conquering Prince, uncloathed the Invisible Princes of this World of all Power, Principality, and Appearance, by which means the whole Creation, and the frame of Nature, which stood by these Powers, in these Appearances, according to their first, and natural State, were dissolved, sell into the depths of Darkness, and confusion, disappearing for ever.

2. The Show. Our Victorious Saviour brought forth all the Principles, Powers, and Appearances of Nature, into the open light of the Eternal Spirit. There he led them as Captives through the Streets of the Heavenly Jerufalem, showing them, as the subjects, and marks of his Victory to all the Innumerable, and Glorious Inhabitants of that Blessed City of the great King.

3. The Triumph. He Triumphed over them. All natural Powers, Glories, Lives, and Images lay beneath the Feet of the Lord Jesus, as his Footstool, while he sat down upon a Throne of Glory, cloathed all over with Garments of Glory, and wearing a Crown of Glory upon his Head. These

are the three Parts of Christs Victory.

3. The Seat of Christs Victory was his Cross. He Triumphed on it. Hear this all ye, that are one Seed, one Spirit with the Lord Jesus, that are made conformable to his Death in your Lives, and Deaths. Hear this; let it be written upon your Hearts in Characters of Glory with a living Beam from that bright Sun, the Face of our Lord Jesus, as he shines in the Eternal Glory of his most Blessed Victory, and Triumph. It was upon his Cross, it was upon his Cross, that the Lord Jesus spoiled, made a Show of, Triumphed over the Principalities, and Powers of this World.

Our Bleffed Saviour, in dying, by dying, in that very moment, by that very act, diffolves, and defaceth at once the whole frame of Nature, and of the first Creation. He taketh away from it all Power of being, subsisting, acting, or appearing. He blotteth out every natural Image, and form of Light, or Darkness; Life or Death, Beauty, or Deformity; Shame, or Glory; Grief, or Joy for ever. You have this excellently painted out in a clear Prophesy, Psalm. 73. 20. As a Dream, when one awaketh; O Lord, when

thou awakest, thoushalt despise their Image. The word Image signifies a Shadow. The Eternal Word, the Heavenly Image, our Lord Jesus was in this Creation, as under the Vail of Darkness, and Night; as in a sleep. He bringeth forth, and beareth up all the Powers, and Forms of Nature, as a Deam in this sleep, and as shadowy Images in this Dream. By dying he awakes out of this sleep, he sets an end to this Dream. The whole frame of Nature with all Forms, and Images of things within the vast compass of it either Visible, or Invisible, break up, fly away, and vanish, as a Dream, as the shadowy Images in a Dream, when a Man awaketh.

But neither are they quite lost. They only change their Principle, and Appearance. In the same dying moment doth the Lord Jesus, who is that Eternal, and Essential Image, in whom they all subsist, appear, and pass thorow their several changes, carry them with himself into the Divine Light, and Life of the Eternal Spirit. There are they seen again, as the Fruits of his Conquest, spoiled of all their own Life, Light, and Form, having put on a new Life, Light, and Form according to the Will of the Conqueror, to show forth his Power and Glory, to make them pleasant, and Eternal Spectacles of his Di-

vine Triumph to all the Inhabitants of Heaven, and Eternity.

Now, before he is taken down from the Cross, even upon the Cross itself, the Lord Jesus, as he gives up his Spirit with his last breath, Triumphs in his Soul, and Body too, whose proper Seat the Cross was: In both, cloathed with Triumphal Robes of an immortal Beauty, and Blessedness, he rides forth in the Glorious Chariot of the Heavenly Image, and of the Eternal Spirit. All the Powers, and Forms of Nature, of Life, and Death, the Cross itself, and the Crucifiers, as Captives follow his Chariot, bound in the Golden Chains of Divine Light, and Love, making up the delight, and Glory of his Tri-

umph.

This also doth the Pfalmist clearly Prophety of, Pfal. 68. 18. Thou hast ascended up on high, thou hast led Captivity Captive. The descent of our Lord Jesus was finished with his Life. He begins his ascent upon his Cross the first moment of his Death. This World, with all its Powers, and Principalities, the life of this World, the Cross itself, and Death, which had so long captivated the Lord Jesus with all the Powers, Beauties, Joys, and Glories of his Heavenly Image, binding them in Chains of Darkness within the Dungeon of this Earthly Image, whose light is darkness, are now themselves in the Person of our Lord Jesus, in his Soul, and Body, together with his Captivity itself, carryed up, as he ascends, and made Captives to that Heavenly Image, which they held Captive. Here, in this Pallace of the Spirit, and of Eternity, where Darkness itself shines, as the Light, they are seen, as the Captives of the Lord Jesus, bound in Chains of Glory, spectacles to all the Holy Angels, and Blessed Spirits, in which the Beauties of Christs Victory, and Triumph, as so many ravishing Wonders of an Incomprehensible, of a Mysteriumph, as so many ravishing Wonders of an Incomprehensible, of a Mysteriumph, as so

ous Power, Wisdom, Love, Glory, Divinity, subduing all things entirely to

themselves, eternally shine.

This honour have all the Saints in their Deaths, by the vertue of their Saviours Death, by vertue of their fellowship with him, and his fellowship with them mutually in their several Deaths, all in each Death dying together. Where now is the Melancholy of Death, and of the Grave? It is swallowed up into the Divine Pomp, and Pleasure of a most Glorious Victory, and Triumph. O Saint! What searest thou in Death? Or thou, who searest not to be dead why searest thou to die? If thou rejoicest in the Glory of thy departed Soul, why mournest thou over thy Body, as left behind in a naked, and loathsome Prison? The act of dying to both is the gaining of a Glorious Victory over the Life, and Death; the Powers, and Principalities of this whole World. The passage itself out of this Life is a Glorious Triumph to thy Soul, and Body both, which, with all the Triumphal Ornaments of the Light of Life, and Immortality, ride forth in the Chariot of the Heavenly Image, and the Eternal Spirit over the Spirit, and all the forms of this Crea-

tion, which lie conquered under your Feet.

In the very moment of your dying, all the Powers, and Appearances of Nature, which rule in the Kingdoms of Sense, and Reason, are lost for ever; so that their place, where once they reigned in your Persons, knows them no more. You fit down upon the Throne of Christ, and the Father together with them. All the Births, Images, and changes of time are swallowed up into the bright, the beautiful, the most delightful depths of Eternity, the unfathomable depths of purest Light, Love, and Joy immediately; as Triumphant Conquerors, and Kings, you are encompassed with the ravishing applauses, and shouts of innumerable Angels, of Immortal, and Glorious Spirits, springing up, and shining forth in all the places of this World, where its Light, or Darkness, Life, or Death seemed before to stand. You see all these with a Heavenly Musick, and Songs of Triumph, setting Garlands, and Crowns of Victory on your Heads immediately, as you pass out of the Light of this Life, you see your selves received, your Souls, and your Bodies both, with the most delicious kisses into the Eternal Embraces of the Father, and of Christ, in that Unity of the Spirit, which is the unfathomable center of all Lights, Loves, and Joys, of all beautiful, and blifsful Spirits created, and uncreated. All now for ever are filling full your Joys in themselves, and sulfilling their Joys in you.

4. Scrip. Heb. 2. 14. That he by dying might destroy him, who had the power of Death, that is, the Devil, and set them free, who all their life time were subject to bondage by the sear of Death. The word Power, in this place signifiest properly a Prince with a Principality, or Dominion. This whole world is the Principality of the Devil. For the Devil is called in Scripture the Prince of this world. All Flesh, every thing of Nature, and of

this Creation is comprehended under that name, as it is diftinguished from, and opposed to the Spirit, and the new Creation in the Spirit, the Kingdom of God in the Holy Ghost, and is the Principality of the Devil. All Darkness every shadow, every evil of Sin, or Suffering; of Corruption, and the Curse; of Shame, Deformity, Pain, Grief, and Wrath, as all these are expressed in the Scripture, and in common Language, with every other kind, or degree of Evil, by Darkness, are the Principality of the Devil. For the Devil is called the Prince of Darkness. Death is the Devils Principality, who in this Scripture is called the Power, or Prince of Death. All this then hath Jesus Christ by dying destroyed in his own Person, this World; the Principles, and Forms of Nature; the Life, and Images of Flesh; every Darkness inward, or outward, of mind, or sense; Death itself. For all these lie within the Principality of the Devil, and are his Region, his Kingdom; without the bounds of this Dominion all things are Light, Lite, Love, Joy, Immortality, Spirit, and Truth.

As it is Jesus, who dies again in the Death of every Saint; as the Death of every Saint is the Death of Christ acted over again in the similitude, by the vertue of his Death: fo doth every Saint, as he is one Spirit with Christ, after the like manner, by dying destroy the Principality, the Kingdom of the Devil in his Person also. For this is said to be the end of Christ in his Death. that he might free all the Saints from the fear of Death. O Believers! Let vour Saviour gain his end upon you, an end of most tender Love. Be no more in bondage to the fear of Death. Let the Lord Jesus see the sced of his Death springing up in your Deaths, a Glorious, and Divine Seed of Life, and Immortality springing up in the place of Death, and swallowing it up into Victory. Lay aside now for ever those melancholy, and delusive Imaginations of Death, as a separation of those tenderest Bosom-Friends, Soul, and Body: a separation from your dearest Relations, and entertainments, the delights of your Eyes; an extinguishing of the sweet Light of Life; a dismal solitude. a perpetual Darkness; the Confinement of the Body to the nakedness, coldness, streightness, and horrour of the Grave; Dust, Stones, and Bones covering it, and ratling over it; Worms feeding upon it; the Soul naked, and alone taking its flight through a vast distance of empty air, and space to another place. These are the Forms, and Appearances of Death to the Dead only. Those, who follow Jesus Christ in that living, and shining way, in which he went thorow Death, meet with none of these appalling, and affrightful Apparitions. Let the Dead bury their Dead, faith Jesus Christ to his Disciples. but follow thou me.

Understand this, O Believers, that all Shadows, all Forms of Darkness, and of Death are from below, Earthly, Sensual, Devilish, from the Earth, from the Natural Soul, and from the Devil, as St. James speaks. All this Image, and lense of things is that Kingdom of the Devil, which together with the

299

King himself, which the Lord Jesus by dying, in himself, in thee, hath everlastingly destroyed in his own Person, in his own Death, and in thine by the vertue of his own. As an Inchantment, so is this whole Frame, and Form of things diffolved, so doth it vanish at the going forth of thy last breath. If thou feek now for the region of Shadows, and the Land of Darkness thou findest it no more for ever, as he that would seek for the Night, the Nightly Shades, and Forms of things when the Sun is once rifen. Let thy Soul, and Body both then rejoice together, and rest in this assurance, that in their departure out of this Life, in the passage of Death they shall meet with nothing of loss, nothing uncouth, nothing unpleasant, nothing of Darkness, of Division, of Death, of the Devil; but the most beautiful, and blessed Face, the most dear, and delightful Embraces of the Lord Jesus, as a Glorious Lover, as a Heavenly Bridegroom immediately presenting himself, immediately receiving them. In the same moment do all things here disappear, and all things appear again, as they are reconciled into a most ravishing Harmony of Divine Beauty, and Love: As they are gathered up into their Head, into their first Glory, their Eternal Unity in the Glorified Person of Christ.

7. Propos. This same Jesus in his whole Person, with his whole Soul, and Body, in the moment of Death, by dying went forth entirely into the simplicity, and singleness of his Supernatural, and Eternal Principle, and so

into a State of pure Eternity, unmixt Joy, and Glory.

I shall endeavour to explain, and confirm this Proposition by the fuller ope-

ning of a Scripture, which I have often touched.

Psalm. 16. 9, 10. 11. Thus we read: Therefore my heart is glad, my Glory rejoiceth, my Flesh also shall rest in hope. For thou wilt not leave my Soul in Hell; neither wilt thousuffer thy Holy One to see corruption. Thou wit show me the path of Life; in thy presence is the fulness of foy, at thy Right Hand are Pleasures for evermore. This is a Prophesy of Christ in his Death. David, as a Prophet, speaketh concerning Christ, and in the Person of Christ. So St. Peter interpreteth, and applieth this Scripture. Als 2. 25.

This then is the Triumph of Christ in Death, over Death, which Triumph consistent of four Parts. 1. The Subject. 2. The Triumph. 3. The

Ground. 4. The manner of the Triumph.

1. The Subject of Christs Triumph. This is threefold. 1. The Soul.

2. The Glory. 3. The Flesh of the Lord Jesus.

1. The Soul. This seemeth to be that unseen, and principal part of the Natural Man, which in our common language is opposed to the Body, as the

Visible and inferiour part.

2. The Glory hath a twofold acception. Davids Harp, and his Tongue, were his Glory upon two accounts; both, as he was a sweet Singer, a most skilful Musitian; and also as he was the sweet Singer of Israel, as his Harp, and Tongue recorded the Praises of God, and made all things

round about him to resound the perfections and loves of the Lord Jesus. Thus the Tongue of Christ was his Glory, as he is the sweet Preacher in Jesus Jalem, the Heavenly Interpreter, one of a thousand, who sheweth to Man his Righteousness, and his rest. But again this Glory in David was the Spiritual Man, the birth of the Spirit, the Seed of God; the Life of Christ, Christ in David. This Grory in Christ was the Spiritual Man, the Heavenly Image, the Divine Nature, the God-Head. For so Heb. The Jesus Christ is said to be the brightness of the Glory of God, as he is the express Image of the David on, and Substance.

3. The Flesh of Christ is his Body, as it is distinguished from the Soul, and is covered with a Vail of Flesh, under which Vail it contains within itself those other two, the Soul, and the Glory. This is the threefold Subject of the Triumph; the Natural Body, the Natural Soul, the Eternal Spirit, as

ir inhabiteth in these.

2. The Triumphitself is express in those sour words; Gladness, Joy, Rest, and Hope. Gladness is the same with Joy. The State of Blessedness in Heaven, and Eternity is expressed by Joy. The Lord Jesus saith to the Good, and Faithful Servant; Enter thou into thy Masters foy. St. Peter calls the Blessedness which we have here in believing, and loving the Lord Jesus, which is Heaven upon Earth; a Joy Glorious, and unspeakable. As our Lord Jesus dyed, the Humane Soul of Christ before imprisoned in a Fleshly Body, went forth to be comprehended, and swallowed up in that Joy, which it could not take in, nor comprehend, because it was boundless, and infinite. His Divine Nature, which in this Humane Soul, together with it, had been vailed by an Earthly Body now breaks forth and shines out into the freedom, and full liberty of its own unconfined delights, and unvailed Glories. My Soul, saith Christ, is glad, and my Glory rejoiceth.

The Triumph of Christ in his Body, and his Flesh is set forth by Rest, and Hope. which two words import Life, Sense, a Sweetness, and sulness of

Life, and Sense with Immortality.

The Sabbath in the beginning of the Creation, as it figureth the perfection of a Sanctified, and bleffed State in Christ, and in Heaven, is expressed by

Rest, the name Sabbath signifieth Rest.

The Land of Canaan, as it was a Land of Rivers, and Springs, and floods of Water; as it was a Land flowing with Milk, and Hony, and so a Type of that good Land, that flourishing Land of the Spirit, and of Eternity, where the Fountains, and full floods are of all Divine Goodness, and Truth, is expressed by Rest. Foshua, who gave the Land of Canaan to the Fews, is said to give them Rest.

That perfect Cessation from all trouble, that perfect Consummation of our Happiness in the quieting of all our desires by the full accomplishment of them, that terminating of all our motions to good in their most wished for

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end,

bringeth us to in an immediate, entire, eternal Union with God; all this the Holy Ghost expresses by Rest. Come to me, and I will give you Rest, saith the Lord Josus. He that believeth, entereth into Rest, saith the Epistle to the Helrens. Thus the Body, and Flesh of Christ rest in Death. These are words, as he dies, in his Song of Death. Mr. Desth wish work rest in bope.

The Hebrew word for 1 tope, lignificant two things, Confidence, and Hope.

The Hebrew word for Hope, lignificant two things, Confidence, and Hope. Confidence implies a double certainty. 1. A certainty in the object, which is the good in prospect, or in possession; hoped for, or already enjoyed. 2. The certainty of the Subject, which is a sweet, a deep, a clear Sense, and Seal upon the Soul of the certainty of the object, of the certainty of that Good, which it hath in fruition, or expectation. This twofold Certainty maketh that considence, or assurance which compleateth, or crowneth the Souls Rest.

In this confidence doth the Flesh of the Lord Jesus rest in Death. It hath no more for ever any Conslicts, or Allarms. It is overspread with a sweet, and clear Heaven. It breaths in a gentle, and delicious air, where there is no storm, no rain, nor cloud. It is in a State of immutable joys, where there is no Death, no Shadow of Death, no trouble, no tear, no shadow of fear, or any

fuch thing. All things fing an eternal requiem, and rest to it.

As the Flesh of the Lord Jesus resteth in Confidence; so it resteth also in Hope. Hope is good in prospect, or in progress, At our first conversion the Eternal day breaketh upon us. While we live on Earth in a State of Grace we have sweet, and clear streaks of the Light of Life appearing thorow our Spirits, which still grow clearer, and brighter unto a perfect day. But all this while there are dark, and black shades of the Night, Sins, and Sufferings every where mingled with the pure Light of this bleffed Day. At Death it is perfect Day. The shadows of the Night are perfectly drunk up into the rifing Light, that now they appear no more in dark Forms, but are feen only, as by a lovely temperature with the Light, they make beautiful, and pleafant colours of Saffron, and of Roses. In the Resurrection the body of the Sun, the Eternal Sun, the Lord Jesus, in the Glory of his God-Head ariseth upon Soul, and Body both, and is nakedly feen, nakedly enjoyed, without the Vail of any dark, and nightly shade, or any Floury, Spicy, or morning shade. From the Resurrection to the utmost point of the ascention, this Divine Sun is rifing higher, and higher in Glory upon us, till he comes to that Noon-sted of Eternity, and of the God Head, where there is no more any ascent, or descent, where the Unity is entire, where God is one, and that one God is all in all. In the Confidence, and full affurance of this Hope doth the Flesh of our dying Saviour, and of every dying Saint rest.

Object. But you may say, we have formerly seemed to affirm according to the Language of the Scripture, that the days of Christ on Earth before his Death, were alone the days of his Flesh; that the Flesh of Christ was a Vail

upon his Body, which was rent in Death; that it was not the substance of his Body, nor its true, proper, and natural Form; but a darkning, and dividing Form, in which the Body of Christ appeared, and with which it was cloathed in the State of fallou Nature, in the State of his Humiliation, in his Earthly State. This State ended, this Form was put off in Death. How then had the Flesh of Christ a part in his Triumph? How did the Flesh of Christ rest in

Hope? Ans. In a Garden of Flowers by night, the Flowers are seen in dusky, and dark Forms, while the shades of the night lie upon them, as Vails upon their Beauties. When the bright day rifeth upon this Garden, the Flowers appear in their naked, and shining Beauties, in their proper and lovely Figures; their dark appearances, together with their darkning vails the shades of the night, are drunk up, and transformed into the brightness of the Rosy morning. The Body of the Lord Jesus, and of all his holy Ones, are the immortal Flowers. Flowers of the Heavenly Paradife. Their Fleshly Form is the shadow of the night upon them, their dim, and dusky appearance thorow this Shadow. Death. is the lovely, and rofy Morning of the Eternal Day rifing upon them. The Spirit of Glory, and of God is the brightness of this Day. The Flesh is now changed into Spirit, the dusky appearance thorow the Vail of Flesh into a Spiritual, and Heavenly brightness. In this brightness these bodies, of which we spake, shine forth in their naked, native shapes, and Beauties, from all parts they shed a Divine Lustre, they breath a pure sweetness of Divine Joys. like the Flowers of the Spring in a fair morning. Thus the Flesh of Christ resteth in Death.

3. The ground of this Triumph is the inseparable union between the God-Head, and the whole Humanity of Christ living, or dying. These are the words of the Lord Jesus by his Spirit in the mouth of David: Thouswill not leave my Soul in Hell. Expositors agree, that the word Hell signifieth not a place of torments according to the common acception, but the State of Soul, and Body in Death. The Greek word, by which it is rendered in the New Testament is a high which by its notation signifies the State of things Invisible, or the Invisible State of things.

It is also well known that the Soul in the language of the Old Testament

is not used to express only one part of a Man, but the whole Person.

It is a Maxim in Divinity laid down by all learned, and holy Men, that when the Natural Union between the Soul, and Body of our Lord Jesus ceafed in Death, the Supernatural, and Hypostatical, or Personal Union between the Divine, or Humane Nature in both parts of it remained inviolable, and entire. Thus it is frequently said, that although the Soul of Christ was separated from his Body in the Grave, yet the God-Head was never separated from either. O sweet and sure truth! A Spring of Holy, Heavenly, and Immortal Joys in Life, and in Death. This Truth rightly understood is a bles-

in Death, and Heaven in the Grave. This Divine Truth is the rich ground of our dear Saviours Glorious Triumph over Death in Death.

There was a twofold band of Union between the Soul, and Body of

Christ while he lived in Flesh, one Natural, the other Supernatura!

1. The Natural Union was that composition of Soul, and Body, by which he became a Natural Man, and had the true Forms, Substance, and Essence of a Man, sprung from the first Adam. This band of union was broken in Dearlh, by which means the Natural Man now was no more for ever according to its Natural State, and Principle, but vanished like a shadow, breaking up

into the Light of a Spiritual Glory.

2. The Supernatural Union is that of the second Person in the Trinity, which is the Eternal God; who at the Incarnation of Christ made himself Flesh, that is, a compleat Man, himself substiting, as the single, and undivided Person in this Man, in both parts of this Man, in Soul, and in Body, giving in like manner a personal substitence to them in himself, that the Divinity, and the Humanity in its Soul, and in its Body both were all one simple individual, indivisible Person. This is that, which Divines call the Hypostatical, or Personal Union in Christ, which remained firm, and altogether unimpaired in Death itself.

See now the beautiful, and delightful consequences of this Union. The Soul, and Body of Christ continued immediately, intimately, sweetly, triumphantly united upon the Cross, in the Grave, were both one Immortal, Glorious Person, by the Heavenly, and Personal Union in, and with the Eternal Word. Soul, and Body were separated in respect to their Natural Union, and Composition. All the Relations, and Delights of both; all the precious Treafures, all the clear Images, and Lights of Life with the sweet life itself vanished, and fled away, so far as they were founded upon the Natural Union, the band being broken, which tyed them all together in one, at the diffolution of this Union. But all these still dwelt together undivided, still possessed, and enjoyed one another after the most intimate manner without allay, or interruption in the Unexpressible, and Glorious Unity of the Eternal Word the Second Person in the Trinity. This Unity was a Divine Bund, an undivided Center, a living Spring, an unfathomable depth of Loves, and Glories where they lay perpetually enfolded in the warm embraces cuch of other, covered with all the sweetest Lights, and Beauties even upon the bitter Cross, and in the cold Grave never to be divorced from each other. Separation itself was here only a various, and delightful form of embracing in the Unity of this Eternal Person.

4. In the fourth, and last place follows the manner of the Triumph.

This hath three parts.

^{1.} The Triumph over Corruption, express in these words; The u shalt not suffer thy holy One to see Corruption.

2. The

2. The Triumph of Life, Thou wilt shew me the path of Life, A Triumph in the Pleasures of Life, In thy Presence is fulness of Foy, at

thy Right Hand Pleasures for evermore.

1. The first part in the manner of the Triumph is the Triumph over Corruption. Thou wilt not suffer thy Holy One to see Corruption. The Triumphant Person here is the holy one of God, the holy Son of God, the pure Seed, Birth, and Image of God, Jesus Christ in his Divine, and Humane Nature, as he is in both the Holy One of God, the Holy Birth, and Son of God, Jesus Christ in himself; Jesus Christ in David, David in Jesus Christ, Jesus Christ in the Holy Soul, and Holy Body of every Member of Christ, as they are the Spiritual Births, and Spiritual Temples of the Holy Spirit. This is the Person, which Triumphs in Death.

That which he Triumphs over is Corruption. There is a complication of four Evils in Corruption. 1. Division, or Dissolution, which is the chief, and the Root of the other Evils. 2. Darkness increasing. 3. Deformity over-spreading 4. Decay, which is a tendency to a destruction of Being, or to a contrariety in Being, to all the good of Being. Over all these Evils of Cor-

ruption Jesus Christ Triumpheth, as he dyeth.

I. Jesus Christ Triumpheth over Division, or Dissolution in Death. The Eternal Unity of his Divine Person was at once, as a Root, and a Band to both his Natures, to both parts of his Humane Nature, to all the Powers, and parts of his Soul, and Body, to the several Elements in his Body, to all Persections of Glory, Grace, and Nature in all Powers, and Parts of the Humane Soul, and Body. All were, as an Immortal Nosegay, or a Mysterious Knot of Divine Flowers ever inseparably united in this Band, ever unsadingly slourishing in this Root of the Hypostatical Union, or the Divine Unity of the Eternal Person, which was indissoluble in Death itself. Yea those Separations, which are Natural, and necessary in Death, were themselves Flowers of the Heavenly, and Earthly Paradise bound up with this Heavenly Band in this ever-fair, ever-fragrant Nosegay.

2. JesusChrist dying, Triumpheth over the gloomy horrours of the increasing darkness, which ariseth from the hateful Womb of Darkness in the dreaded vaults of Death. The Divine Nature, which is inseparable from the Humane Nature, the Personal Unity, which is really, and substantially one with the Divine Nature, which gives a subsistence in itself to the Humane Nature, and makes it in its Personal subsistence one with the Divine; this is a brightness of Glory shining in the Grave, this is a Golden Candlestick, in which all the seven Lamps of God burn continually by day, and by night before the Throne of God, and make the vaults of Death themselves a Temple of Gold, and Christal filled with the sweet Beams of the Heavenly, Eternal Sun. All things, even Death, and the darkness of Death are as precious Stones set together in the rich Jewel of this Person, or Hypostatical Union,

where no one Stone contracts the least degree of dimness, but all in the midnight of Death itself ever sparkle with the sweetest, and clearest water of Eternal Life.

3. The deformity of Death, as it springs up out of the Corruption in Death, is the subject of our dying, and dead Saviours Triumph. The Heavenly Image of the God-Head, which is the supream Beauty the Arche-type, and first Pattern of all Beauties upon the Mount of Eternity, is the Person of Christ, in which the Divine, and Humane Nature with all its changes of Life, and Death stand, and subsife together. Can any thing be deformed in Beauty itself? Can any thing be Unlovely, where the highest, and purest Loveliness shines thorow all, and over all? What must the Harmony, what must the amiableness, and agreeableness be; how exact, and ravishing, as in Heaven itself there, where the Supream Unity, the most Sacred Unity of one of the most bleffed Persons in the All-glorious Trinity, diffuseth itself thorow all the variety of things, Divine, and Humane, of Soul, and of Body, binding up all by itself immediately into the most perfect, and Divine Order, and gathering up all into one most perfect, and Divine Person in itself? How High, and Glorious is the Triumph of Divine Beauty over the deformity of Death, when thus the Eternal Beauty itself dies, dressing itself up in the Forms of Death, and giving to Death its own most lovely Face, which enflames the highest Angels, and God himself with Eternal, and Infinite Loves? In the place of Deformity, what potent, what attractive charms of Loveliness hath this Death to ravish Souls into the bosom of it, which are thus to die by a Fellowship with the Lord Jesus, as he dies?

4, The last Evil in the Corruption of Death is the decay, which is a Tendencyto a Nothingness, a Privation, the destruction of the being of things, or to a contrariety to all good in Being. This is that dark Cave, that bottomless Pit, out of which, like the smoak of Hell, like gastly, black, and slaming apparitions from Hell, the deepest, and darkest Melancholy, the most dismal Horrours, and the most horrid Imaginations from the sense, and fear of Death issue forth, and cover the face of the Soul, as pitchy, and stormy Clouds cover the Face of Heaven. How does the dying Soul dread to be cast forth into the uttermost Darkness to be disposses for itself together with all things? To be endless, formless shade? to be no more? or to be in the midst of all the wounds, and torments that Being is capable of? to be consuming so, as ever to wish it as the only medicine of ones evil, and ever to fear it, as the greatest of all

Evils, as the most incomprehensible Evil, to be no more?

How sweet, and delightful was the Triumph of our Lord Jesus over this Monster, which stands with so grim, and frightful a look in the Gate of Death? O Corruption! O Decay! O Destructions! where is your Victory? Jesus Christ comes into the empty, and obscure shades of Death with the fulness

of the Godhead with all the Lights of the Divine Nature, of Angelical, and created Glories, of Heaven, and Eternity, with their full splendours shining together all at once in the Unity of his Divine Person. This Person, which is the Fulness, that filleth all in all, which is the Brightness that shineth eternally in the Divine Essence, now filleth the whole space or Death, now enlighteness it thorough-out, now becometh the stage, and Scene of Death, supporting it on his delicious Bosom, bounding it with his bright, and blissful Beams. Where is the emptiness, where is the shade, where is the bottomless Pit of Dread, & decay in Death? They are all swallowed up into shining, sull, & substantial Glorys in this Triumph of our Saviour over Death. These are the Evils of Cor-

ruption in Death, over which Christ triumphs.

See now the height of this Triumph. Thou wilt not fuller thy Hely One to fee Corruption. Jesus Christ passeth so triumphantly through the Regions of Death, that Corruption loseth not onely its force, but its appearance at his presence. Jesus Christ seeks for the place of Corruption, and finds it no more. Thou, O God, wilt not suffer thy Holy One to see Corruption. The Godhead itself, the Divine Person of Christ, the Divine Nature inseparable from that Person goes before the Lord Jesus, as a Guide, when he passeth through this waste Wilderness. It cometh behind him, as a Rearward of Glory, It encompafieth him on every fide with its highest Brightnesses, and Blessednesses. It suffereth him to see nothing but Itself on every side of him. The living, & shining Glorys of his God-head are Light, and Eyes to his dead Body in the Grave. With these and with these alone his Divine Person now looketh forth thorough his Body in the Grave, thorough the Grave, to the utmost bounds of the Regions of Death. In this Light, to these Eyes all things near at hand, and afar off throughout, are a shining Prospect of Living Beauties to Eternity. This Divine Light, and these Divine Eyes, are a Divine Flame, which in a moment, in the twinkling of an Eye break up all Shades of obscurity, fill all space with their own Brightnesses, transform all Shapes even Corruption, and Death into the same Divine Forms with themselves to the utmost bound of things. Thus God suffereth not his Holy One to see Corruption.

2. The second part is the manner of the Triumph: the Triumph of Life is expressed in those words; Thou shalt show me the Path of Life. There are here two remarkable Triumphs over Death, 1. Life in Death; 2. The

fight, and Triumphant sense of this Life.

1. Life in Death is declared by the Path of Life, which is made for the Lord Jesus thorough Death. Noah with his dear Relations, and all kinds of Creatures kept dry, and safe in the Ark, while the fountains of the great Deep were broken up from below, and the windows of heaven were opened from above to cover all things with a Flood of Waters; the Children of Ijrael in the Land of Goshen, where there was Light, and Rivers of Water, while darkness as upon the whole Land of Egypt, and the Rivers in it were turned into Rrr Blood;

Blood; the Children or Ifrael patting in a dry path thorough the Red Sea, which overwhelmed the Ey, tian King with his whole Army; the Three Children with the limilitude of the fon of God walking in the midit of the fiery furnace, which burnt their bands only, and devoured their enemies, which cast them in; all these were Figures of Jesus Christ passing in a Path of life thorow Death. The Lord Jesus himself in his Heavenly, & divine form, as he is the Essential Image of his Father is his own Way, and Life thorough Death. This is the Fountain of Life, and Eternity itself. This hath all Lives bound up in one,like those innumerable Beams, which pour forth themseives through all things in Heaven, and on Earth, united in the fun. Here Life rifeth up in it greatoft Fulnets, in its freshelf-purelt, and sweetest Streams, where all the strengths. Beauties, and Joys of Life are at their greatest heighth. Thus the Godhead in its Essential Image stands in every part, and point of the Humane Nature of Christ dying, or dead. Thus it stands in every step, and point of its Way through Death. Thus it makes it all, as a Fountain and Food of Life. As the Milky way in Heaven, where innumerable Stars mingle their Beams into one Path of Light: Such is the Way of Christ in Death, which is all a mixture, or contexture of the innumerable Beauties, and sweetnesses of Life rising up fresh from the innumerable springs of Life in the Bosom of this Heavenly Image, which is Eternity, and the Divine Effence it felf in its own substantial Form.

2. The Triumphant fight, and sense of Life acompanys the Lord Jesus in this Path of Life thorow Death; as is signified by those words, Thou shalt shew me, or make me to know the Path of Life. As a Princely Bridegroom leading his Royal Bride in his hand thorough delightful walks, when the spring is in its prime, makes her to observe all the delights in the Walks, saying to her; fee, how pleasantly all things look; how sweetly Heaven and Earth imile one upon another; how lovely the leaves, and blotloms are upon the Trees, the grafs, and the Flowers upon the ground; how pleafantly the birds fing in every bush; how pure, and sweet the air is; how beautiful the year is now: Thus God the Father lead's Jelus Christ; thus the Divine Nature in the brightness of its Glory leads the Hamane Nature thorough the Pa h of Life in Death, as a heavenly Bridegroom its dearest Bride. He looks forth upon him with a flaming eye of Love, he faith to him; behold a new and large profest of Divine Lights, and all the Beauties of Life in Death; with what spicy fweetness, and immortal perfumes the Spirit of Life, and Love, as the Air of Paradile, and Heaven itself breaths upon all things here! how do Heaven, and Earth, the uncreated and the created Image of things reflect the fame Beauties and sweetnesses one upon another, like the Living Face, and the Face in a Chrystal Mirrour? How do all glories in their lovelyest Forms, & richeste Varieties, looking down from above, sprouting forth, and bossoming from beneath, meet and kiss each other? How do Angels, how do Immortal and thining Spirits spring, and sing every where? How doth the Shade of Death itle itself, mingling itself with all these, surrounding this Divine Light, & at the same time surrounded by it, give a solemn sweetning, and heightning to all, like the Base string to the Musick of a Lute, making Death it selt another Heaven distinct from the Heaven after Death, and contending with it for delightfulness? Thus God the Father maketh Christ to see the Path of Light in Death.

3. The third part in the manner of the Triumph, the Pleasure; In thy presence are all pleasantucties, and at thy right hand Pleasures for evermore. Three pleasan things are here presented in one: 1. The Seat of Pleasantuction

fure: 2. The Perfection; 3. The Perpetuity of Pleasures.

r. The Seat of Pleasure is the Presence, and right hand of God. The Presence in Hebrew is the Face of God. The Son of God, The Eternal Word, the Essential Form of God, and the Brightness of his Glory, is the Face of God. Behold then art fair, my Beloved, yea then art l'lealant, our Bed is green; faith the spouse in the Canticles to Jesus Christ. He is that Eternal Form, and naked face of the Godhead where all the Pleasantnesses of the purel Beauties, Loves, and Joys, first spring, flourith and feat themfelves. His Cheeks therefore in the same Book are said to be the Gardenbeds of the most fragrant Spices, and perfumed Flowers, where the highest Beauties, and the highest sweetnesses are born, and married one to another, and bring forth an endless race of Loves, and Delights. This Face of God, in which all Loveliness, and Loves thus shine, and slame together is also set with so many eyes, which continually behold, and rejoyce in their own Beauties and Pleasantneties. This Face, this Form of God is the Person, which subsists in theHumanNature of Christ beth Soul & Body, which in itself gives a sublistence to the whole Humanity of Christ living, and dying. Thus is it in the Grave and in the dead Body of Christ, the seat of all Pleasantneiles, the Throne of divine Beauty, & of Love in Death. It is also as a thousand never sleeping, never flumbring eyes, in this bleffed Body, with which it uninterruptedly contemplates in it felf this Evernal face, and Form of God, this feat of Pleafantneffes, which is its own Person, its own self in its personal Unity, and subsistence,

The right hand of God is the Godhead in the strength, at the heighth of Love, Power, Majesty, and Glory, as it is above all heavens. Here are Pleasures in their proper scat, in their greatest torce, and sulness, as they transcend the joys themselves of all created Heavens. At this right hand of God is Jesus in the Grave. By this right hand of God, which hath all pleasures ever attending it, was he pleasantly led thorough the Shadow of Death: In the Bed of Death this right hand of the most High embraced him, that he might sweetly rest there in the midst of all the Pleasures of this Right Hand of his.

2. The Perfection of Pleasures is exprest by these two names of Pleasurents, and Pleasures. Pleasantnesses are the Objects of delight, or Pleasures in the object. Pleasures are the Delights themselves in the fruition, and enjoyment of those objects, or Pleasures in their Subject. The Subject, and the Object Rrr 2 uniting,

uniting, and mingding, and transforming themselves variously by their various mixtures in their union into one mutual life, and Form of Beauty, and Love, make Pleasure, and delight. You have here all Pleasantnesses in the

Face of God, and to all Pleatures at the Right Hand of God.

The Lord Jefus dying, and in death beholds the Face of God. In this Face he aronce beholds all pleafant forms and Forms of Picafantness, the pleafantnels of all Forms among Men, & Angels in their first & highest Patterns, to which the molt Glorious spectacles, and spirits of Men, or Angels, are obscure Shadows and faint imitations. In this face he beholdeth pleafant Forms, incompre-Lenfible for variety, and Glory, which never cast any the least shadow of themselves, nor were capable of being in the least degree imitated in the highelt of created excellencies. Death itself is a divine Marriage-bed, in which lestes Christ receives all these pleasant Forms into his Bosom, as Lights of Glory shining thick thorow the Cristal Temple of his pure, and sacred Body in this Night of his Divine Death. He be reth in his dead Body the impreltion; and Figures of them all with the Heavenly substances themselves in these Impressions, and Figures like a feal of Gold fixed on Virgin-wax; his dying, and dead Body is transformed into one Life, and Form with those Original Forms of Pleasantnelles, being embraced by them, as by a Divine flame, which makes it one pure flame of Pleasantness, and Pleasure with itself.

3. The Perpetuity of the Pleasure; At thy right hand are Pleasures for evermore. Two things are here signified. 1. The continuation of Pleasures in the Person of Christ without any interruption: 2. The endlesses of those Pleasures. Jetus Christ shith to his Father in one Place, thou leadest me by thy right hand. The Lord Jesus was ever led by the right hand of the Father out of Heaven into the Virgins Womb, out of the Womb into the gloomy Light of this World, thorow this World, thorow Death, and the Grave into Heaven again. Thus was this blessed Person ever at the right hand of his Father, that is, at the right hand and Fountain of Power, Majesty, Love, Life, and Pleasures, in the Womb, on the earth, on the Cross, in the Grave. So was the Path of this righteous one a shining Light of divise Pleasures uninterrupted thorow all these thick shades of the blackest darkness.

There is one thing more in the duration of Christs Pleasures signified in the last Verse of this Psalm above all this. The Lord saith to his Father, all Pleasantnesses are in thy Face. Behold here in one undivided point the full circle of Eternity, and that an Eternity of Pleasures; The Face of God with all Pleasantnesses in it. Eternity implyes three things; 1 the Fulness of all Bring, 2 the utmost heighth of being; 3 the undividedness. In this Time salls below Eternity, that it is a contracted, successive Shadow.

The Face of God, which is his Essential Image, and substantial Form, the God-Head itself in the second Person in the Trinity, which is our Lord Jesus, is this Eternity. This is that Person, which was Man, was Flesh, hung on

the Cross, and lay dead in the Grave. No more could the Lord Tefus be foparated from the Face of his Father in any part of his Soul, or Body in any season, either of Life, or of Death, than a person can be separated from itself, or the Lord Jesus be divided from the Second Person in the Trinity. Thorow every state, thorow the most cloudy days, and the most tempestuous Nights the Face of God, the Son of Eternity went along with the Lord Jefus thining upon every Cloud, and Storm, thining thorough all, gilding all with the Joys, and Glories of Heaven itself. In this Face, as in the undivided Circle of Eternity always, at once, in every moment, and cast of his eye he saw. possest, and enjoyed all pleasantnesses. In this Face of his Father, which is the Light of Eternity, he saw his own Face as he passed thorow all changes; Even then when he cried out, that he was forfaken by his Father, he beheld this forfaking of him, himself thus forfaken in this Glass the face of his Father in the midst of all Pleasantnesses, one of the Pleasantnesses, one with all the Pleafantneffes there. The Argels that take care of Children here below in the midft of this their work on Earth, ever behold the Face of the Father in Heaven. How much more is it true of that Person who is the Face of the Father, who is one Effence and Substance with the Father, who unites the Humane Nature, to the Divine Nature in the Unity of this Person? Shall not he much more see the face of his Father in Heaven, while he is on Earth. or in the Grave, serving the little Children of his Father, his younger Brethren, as their good Angel? This Face in which all Pleasantnesses are at their fulness. at their heighth, was that Joy fet before Jefus Christ upon the Cross, for which he encured the Cross, and despised the shame.

I shall now conclude this discourse of our dying, and dead Saviour, of his facred Body living, and immortal in Death with those four this gs which were too wonderful for Solomon; the way of a Ship upon the Sea; of an Eagle in the Air; of a Serpent upon a stone, or a rock; of a man with a maid. or, as it is in Hebrew, in a maid. The most learned Jews teach us to understand this, as the Mystery of the Messiah. The most learned of the Christian Divines give us such a Gloss as this upon it, while they make this place from the authority of the Jews themselves to prove against them, that the Methah was to be born of a Virgin. 1. The Man in the Maid is the Heavenly Man in Womb of the Virgio. 2. The Ship upon the Sea is the Humane Nature in its Union with the Divine Nature, Sailing along in its course of time. and life here below upon the Sea of Eternity. 3. The ferpent upon the Store or the Rock, is the deep, and Glorious wonder of Death in the Person of Christ, who is the Rock of Eternal Life, and God himself, who lives for ever. 4. The Eagle in the Air is the Humane Nature rifen, and ascending in the Spirit to the right hand of the father above all Heaven to the utmost heighths of all Joys, and Glories of the Divine Nature, and

Eternity.

Before I leave this Subject, I will point out one Use and Application of it. When a Voice came with Thunder to the Lord Jesus, declaring Love and Glory from on high upon him; Jesus Christ suit to his Disciples, This Voice came not for my sake, but for yours. In like manner that e glorious things are spoken of Christ in his life, and in his death, not for himself only, but for all his Saints. Christ, and all the Saints, are one seed. To that our feed, to all the Saints in Christ, to Christ in himself, and it all his Saint, are all the Promises made.

All those pleasant things which we have spoken of Josu Chaist, and of his holy Body, in Death, are true of him, as his Humane Nature is jugared to the Divine Nature in one Divine and Eternal Person, which is the most High God. The same things are true in us also, who believe in him, by that Mystical Union, which joyneth us to the Lord Jesus in one mystical Person and in the Unity of that Spirit, which is also the most high God, one with the Father, and the Son.

While we live, as Saints by the Faith of the Lord Jesus, we live not, but Christ liveth in us, we live, and we are Spiritual only, as we are Spirits, the Birth of the Eternal Spirit, and one Spirit with the Lord Jesus in his Resurrection from the Dead: All things in Heaven and on Earth, of Soul, and

of Body, of Life, and of Death are Spirit, and Life to us.

It is true, that while we live on Earth, a fleshly Spirit, a fleshly Image in which Satan hath his Throne, have a part in us, not as our true selves, but as our disguises, our diseases, our encmy, as evil Dreams in our sleep. These often prevail over the Spiritual Man in us, and captivate us to many sinful Lusts, scars, and Griefs. But still the Spiritual man in itself, which is our true self, puts them under its feet, and makes them Captives to the Light, Love, and Immortality of the Spirit. The Spirit in us is like the Sun, which, when we think it under a Cloud, or eclipted by the Moon, is so only to our Earthly Light, but in truth, and to itself it is upon its own Throne of Light triumphantly above the Clouds, and the Moon, comprehending them in the brightness of its own Glory.

But besides this, in the moment of Death this stelling Spirit, and Image is for ever cast out of all power, and rule in a Saint, and is entirely subdued to that pure, and Heavenly Spirit, which is the true Saint, which now without any interposing valler interrupting interval perpetually sees the glorious Face of J sin Christin it self, which is one Spirit with him, and the Glorious

Face of the Father in Jefus Christ.

Yea one advantage of unexpressible Joy, and Glory hath the death of a Sairt above the death of Christ. The Death of Christ had all the times of Death in it, beyond what any creature ever felt, or can feel, the guilt of San, the curse of the Law; the Wrath of the Father; all the Powers of Hell in their full forc, and rage. All these shings are taken out of the death of a

Saint. Christ is risen, all the Powers of evil subdued, captivated, and changed into mysteries of eternal Light, and Love in the Gloristed Person of Christ, by the Virtue of his Resurrection. A Believer living, and dying stands in the Resurrection of Christ, is risen with him, in him. A Believer is married to Christ as he is risen from the Dead. His Life, his Death thoroughout all things of them both, are Divine Fruits of this marriage-bed, brought forth

in the Bosom of God, to God.

Break forth then, O ye Saints, into finging, both living, and dying, tune your last breath to this song of the Lamb, and say like him; I have set my glorified Jesus, my Heavenly Bridegreem and the Father in him before me. My glorified Fefus, my Heavenly Bridegroom, and the Father in him is at my right hand; therefore shall I not be greatly moved. Therefore doth my Soul rejoyce in Death, my Body also sweetly rests in the Grave, as in a Marriagebed, in the midst of all Divine delights, as Flowers of Paradise strewed upon it. It rests in the Bosom of my glorified Jesus my hope. This sweet, and fure hope is he, that will never leave my Soul in the state of Death; nor suffer his Holy One, his spouse, this Soul, or this Body, which he hath espeused, as chaft Virgins to himself, to see Corruption. No, no; my Bride-grocm, with all his Lights of Glory, and the Father of lights in him, will accompany this Darling-Soul, and Darling-Body, his pair of Doves, which are to him as his two eyes, through Death, and the Grave. There will he, filling all things. round about me with his shiring Beauties, make me to see the Path of Life. & Immortality, all composed of innumerable Angels of Glory, or the innumerable Glories of the Godhead, as the Milky way in Heaven is faid to be composed with innumerable Starsthick set. Thorow all the shades of Death shall I behold all I leasantnesses in his Face shining forth upon me with a fresh Glory, as a new Sun turning those Shades into a flowry, and perfumed Arbour in the Heavenly Paradife, I shall be continually at his right hand, where pleasures are for evermore without mixture, interruption, or end. Thus is his right hand, which is the heighth and Fountain of Life, and Pleafures, the beginning of my Life, my strength, and guide in my way, my end in Death.

We have fin shed the answers to the objection against the Immortality and Glory of the Body of a Saint together with the Soul in Death, which was taken from the Body itself, and strengthened by the particular consideration of the Body of Christ in Death, and in the Grave. We have sinished the distinction between the two Bodies, the Body of Death in a Saint, and the proper Body of a Saint, which is an inseparable Member in the Spiritual, and Heavenly Body of Christ, and the Temple of the Holy Ghost, as the Soul is.

We come now to the last objection, taken from the resurrection of the Body at the last day, which seems to be without any sense, if our Bodies become Glorious and Immortal at our Death.

This

This Objection is unswered by the distinction of three eminent steps, or degrees in the refurrection from the Dead. I shall take my ground, upon which I shall build this answer, and distinction from St. John Chap. 11. 2. 25. thele are the words of our Lord Jelus in that place; I am the Refurrectun, and the Life. He, that lives, and believes in me, hall never die. that believes in me, though he were dead, ret shall be live. The Lord Jefus is here comforting Martha mourning over her dead Brother: He propounds to her the comfort, and Joy of his Refurrection. Thy Brother, faith he, shall rie again. That, which would have been a prefent, and powerful Jov looked upon with a Spiritual eye in a Light of Glory, becomes to Martha a faint, and far distant Joy, while she looks upon the Resurrection a great way off, at the end of the World. So she answereth the Lord Jesus: Yea, Lord I know, that my Brother shall rise again at the last Day. The Lord Jesus scattereth this Cloud of Flesh by shining out upon Martha in the Brightness and Glory or his Heavenly, and Divine Person, as that Invisible and Eternal Sun, which is at once the Fountain, and Treatury of all Lights, Lives, and Forms of things in a state of Perfection, and unchangeableness. The Lord, as he shineth out upon her annointeth the eyes of her mind with his Spirit, and the Light of his appearance, to fee him, as he is in the fulness of Glory, as the fulness of the Glo-To of God, and of all things dwelleth in him, as he is the same, and all things in him are the same yesterday, to day, and for ever. I, saith he, am the Refurrettien and the Life. The latter of these is the cause, and demonstration of the former. It will not feem strange to him, who feeth the Lord Jesus to be the Life of all things, & all things in their most exact distinction to be living perfeetly, and Eternally in him, in the vast, and unbounded Circle of the Unity of his Person, and Spirit, as in a secret Paradise, a Field of Light, and bliss above the Heavens, and yet invilibly present every where; that he should at his Pleasine bring forth things, which have disappeared here by Death, into new appearances, as Refurrections from the Deac, and prefent them again to our eye in the same Forms, in which they before conversed with them, not as Phantafins, or as empty Apparitions, but real, and Substantial. Thus to Marcha inlightned by this Spiritual Vilion of Christ, it was easie to understand, that Jesus Christ could give her Brother Lazarus again out of his Grave, living, into her Armseven at that present time.

Hiving thus cleared my ground for my enfuing discourse by the opening of the words, I proceed to my distinction of a threefold eminent degree in the

Refurre tion from the Dead.

1. The first eminent step, or degree in the Resurrection from the cead is Regeneration, which signifies a new birth, a second birth, to be born again of God, after the Death of that Life which we receive from him by our first Generation, as Sons of God by the Creation.

2. The Second eminent step, or degree in the Resurrection from the Dead is the Natural Death.

3. The last eminent step, and degree is the Resurrection of the Dead at the last day.

I.I shall begin with the first of these, that the difference between these three Resurrections may more clearly appear. I shall lay it down in the form of a

Doctrine.

Doct. Regeneration is a Refurrection from the Dead. St Paul clearly so expresseth it Eph. 5. v.14. wherefore, he saith, Awake thou, that sleepest, and arise from the Dead, and Christ shall give thee Light. Behold three things here. 1. A Sleep. 2. The Awakening from this Sleep. 3. The cause of Awaken-

ing.

1. Here is a fleep; Thou that fleepest. Every man in his Natural state is a divine Spirit, an Immortal Soul, an Image of God, a Son of God in a deep Sleep. The Natural Sleep is defined to be a perfect ligation, or binding up of all the senses outward, or inward. But this is an unnatural Sleep, into which we are cast by the Enchantments, and Power of the Devil. It is the Sleep of Sin. O man, all thy fenses and faculties, outward and inward, which were true, pure, and divine, in the Similitude of God, whilst they were awake, and at liberty, were continually feafted with divine Objects, they possessed, and enjoyed a Paradise in themselves. But how are they now fallen afleep, how are they bound up? Thou now no more feeft, hearest, tastest, feelest, understandest, enjoyest any sweet beam of truth, any thing of the Harmonious Mulick, of the delicate Relish, of the foft Embraces, of the immutable, all-satisfying Reality, and Substance of pure Love, pure Light, pure Beauty, pure Joy, pure Goodness, Every thing pleasant, every thing Real, every thing Divine is to thee, as if it were not at all: Yet is not thy fleep quiet. All this, which thou seemest to thy felf, to hear, to see, to understand, to converse with by any of thy senses, or faculties, is a Dream in thy sleep, a delusive, a defiling, a melancholy Dream, where falle, and filthy showes of Pleasures are mingled with tumultuous disquiets, confusions, torments fears, and Horrours.

This Sleep is the Sleep of Death, not a Natural, and momentany Death, which is a meer cellation of Life with a rest from all its troubles, but a living Death, the second Death, a Hellish Death, the Death of damned Spirits. Thus are Sleep and Death joyned here; Awake thou that sleepest, and stand up from the Dead. This Sleep is a true Death, and this Death is truely a Sleep, a liv-

ing Death, or an unquiet Sleep full of evil Dreams.

2. The second thing is the Awakening. The Awakening out of this Sleep is also a Resurrection from the Dead. Awake then that sleepest, and stand up from the Dead. This is the Regeneration, or new Birth, by which the soul is raised up from the Sleep, and Death of Sin into the Light of Life, and Immortality.

3. The third thing is the cause of this Awakening; And Christ shall give Sil

thee Light. And, here fignifies, as much as, For, by a common Hebraistre, Thus you are to read it, Awake thou that sleepest, and stand up from the Dead, for Christ shall give thee Light. This will be plain, if you look to that Scripture, from which this is taken Ifaia. 60. 1. v. Arife, fine; for thy Light is come, and the Glory of the Lord is rifen upon thee. St. Paul applies this to the Lord Jesus, and a Sinner in the work of Conversion, or Regeneration, Poor Sinner, thou fleepest in a dark and miry Dungeon, of Sensuality, Lust, Passion, Ignorance, Unbelief, Despair, like Peter sleeping in Prison, bound with two Souldiers on each fide him: fo thou fleepest in the dark Prison of the flesh, and this World, in the midst of Devils, with whom thou art chained, and bound. Thou lieft dead in this dead Image of things, as in a Grave of Corruption, and Rottenness. Behold the Lord Jesus full of the Beauties of Holiness, full of the unsearchable Riches of Divine Love thineth upon thee with a Light of Glory. He, who is the Light and Glory of God, of Heaven, of Eternity, as he shineth upon thee, giveth thee Light, infuseth this Light of Glory into thee, by giving himself to thee, by infusing himself into thee, by springing up himself within thee, as he shineth from without upon thee. Thus he awakens thee. Thus awakened, stand up from the Dead. For Christ giveth thee Light.

The work of Regeneration, which is a true Resurrection from Death to Life, will be more clearly understood by considering it in these four Circumstances; 1. The Life, which is raised again; 2. The Death, out of which this Life is raised; 3. The Resurrection itself; 4. The way of this Resurre-

clion.

1. The life which is raifed again is twofold; 1. One Life is that of Paradife at the beginning of Time. We had an earthly head in Paradile, in whom we all stood, and subsisted together in the Garden of Eden, or of Divine Pleafures. There we were clothed with a Divine Image, and enjoyed a Divine Life. We were made in the similitude of God, and lived a life like to that of God himself. St. Paul speaks of this Life, Rom. 7. 9. v. For I was alive without the Law once. I know that this Scripture, is generally applied to the convincing, and the condemning Power of the Law. So St. Paul is understood here to speak of that Life of Pleasure, and satisfaction to his own deceived mind, and fenses, which he enjoyed in fin before he felt the work of the Law upon his Heart convincing him of the Evil of Sin. But whoever well considers this Scripture will very plainly see, that it cannot bear this fense. For 1. The scope of this place is to shew that which is expressed at the 5th. Verse, That the Motions of Sin are by the Law which work in our Members to bring forth fruit unto Death. 2. The objection which is made at the 7th. verse, what shall we say then, is the Law sin? can have no ground in any other sense than this, that Sin itself takes life from the Law. 3. St. Paul expresly proceeds in his reasoning by these steps verse 8th. 9th. Sin taking occasion by the Commandment, wrought in me all manner of concupiscence. He proves that by this Argument; for without the Law In was dead. The force of the connection makes it clear, that the death of fin here meant, is not the death in Sin with stupidity and security, but a Life free from the power and pollution of Sin. This is explained and illustrated by another Argument; For I was alive without the Law once. While all things stood in the simplicity and unity of the Divine Image undivided, the Light, and the Darkness no where appearing as two, but as one in one Divine Spirit, in one Divine Harmony. There was nothing from which fin could take life. Now St. Paul lived, now as he, so we lived, and all Mankind, according to our several properties, and distinct Persons in Paradile, together with Adam & in Adam, who was the Earthly Head, and collective Body of us all, like Christ in Heaven. 2. The other Life, which is raised again in the Regeneration, is the Life of Heaven in Eternity. Before, and above our Earthly Head, we had a Head in Heaven, in Eternity, the Lord Jesus, in whose Image and Similitude Adam was Created to be a Figure of him. In this heavenly and eternal Head had we a Heavenly and Eternal Life. Our Heavenly Life in Eternity is as the Light. Our Earthly Life in Paradise as the Shadow to this Light. O thou. who art now as a Dunghil covered with, and composed of the most loathsom pollutions and defilements of Sin, who art withered in all thy Beauties, Hopes and Comforts; who art sunk deepest into despair; who art now no more a Man, but a Worm, the worst of Worms, the seed of the Serpent; See from whence thou art fallen, what once thou wert; what Lives, what Joys, what Glories lie buried in thee? Thou wert once a beautiful Prince, like the Morning Star: Thou wert once the Perfection of Beauty, and Pleasantness in the Figure, in Paradife, in Adam: Thou wert once the Perfection of Beauty in the Life itself, in Heaven, in Eternity, in the Lord Jesus. Whither are these Beauties now fied? How do these Beautiful Lives now lie as in the Grave covered with the Darkness of Death? The Pfalmist saith to the Lord. That the Saints pity the Dust of Sion, and take Pleasure in the Stones thereof. O all you, who hear, and read this; In your selves, in each other see, pity, take Pleasure in the Ruins of the Divine Life, of the Divine Image, of Paradife, of Heaven with all their Beauties, Joys, and Glories. See the Lord Jefus from Heaven looking upon them with an eye of pity, and delight. Let this be a Beam of hope to you shining from his face into the midst of the Darkness of your Guilt, Defilements, and despair that by him these beautiful, and bleffed Lives may rife again.

2. The Death out of which this Life is raised, is that of Sin, and of the Curse for Sin. Eph. 2. 1. v. St. Paul saith, we were dead in Sin. Hear, and read this, O man, with sighs, and tears, with trembling, and terrour. Thy Life it self is now a Death, and a cursed Death such a Death, as makes the difference between an Angel in Glory, and a Devil in Hell. The corruption of

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the best things is worst. The sall of the highest and greatest things makes the greatest, and most dreadful Ruine. The Divine Life is dead; the Divine Image is fallen in thee. Thou art dead in Sin. Sin lived, and I died, saith St. Paulin the forementioned place. A Life of Darkness, shame, Disorder, deformity, enmity, the Life and Image of Hell, and Devils are sprung up in thee, and are become a Grave of hate and horrour which hath swallowed up the Life, the Image of Love, Beauty, and Joy, of Heaven, of Angels, of God into a cursed Victory in thee. All the stings and terrours of the sirst death in the separation of the Soul, and Body, are all the secret burnings of this Hellish fire of the Death in Sin now quite consuming the broken Relicks of the Divine Light, and sweetness in the Flesh, and enlarging itself into the second Death, as into an eternal Flame of Wrath, and torment.

Look up, oh man! see this whole World of these Heavens, and this Earth, as a Charnel-house, or a dark Vault for the Dead. See thy self in this Body, as a melancholy Cossin in the midst of this Vault, where thine own Divine Life and Image, with ten thousand blessed Lives, the Life of Christ, of Paradise, of Heaven, lie dead and buried. See this place in which now thou art, the smoaky porch, and gloomy entrance into Hell, like a cloudy Evening to that dismal Night. See thy self walking here as a wretched Ghost and Shade in the midst of the Dead, in the midst of cursed Apparitions from below, and thy self together with all these, ready every moment to vanish into everlasting Darkness, and Flames. This is the Death, out of which the Divine Life is raised in the first Resurrection or the Regeneration.

3. The Resurrection of this Life, out of this Death, is to be declared in its first step, which is the Regeneration, or New-birth. The Divine Nature, which lies hid at the bottom, and in the center of the Soul, lives there to itself with its Heavenly, and Earthly Image, as in the Secret of its own twofold Paradise, whereof one was never yet revealed in any Creature until Christ; the other with drew itself hither from the sight of the Soul at the Fall. This Divine Nature, as to the Soul itself, whose Root it is, of whose Being it is the only Life, and Truth, lies slain by the Life of Sin, and buried in its own Ruines beneath the Darkness, and Consuston of the Corrupt, the Fleshly, and the Hellish Image.

This Divine Nature in the moment of Regeneration, or Conversion is new-born in the Soul, or, which is the same, the Soul is new-born into the Divine Nature, and comes forth with a new, and Divine Being, into a new,

and Divine World.

This change is called a Birth, because the Divine Nature, as the Seed of God sown in the Soul, diffuseth itself thorough the Soul, changeth the Soul into one Nature, and Life with itself, so bringeth forth itself in the soul, and the Soul together with itself, in its own Divine Life, and Likeurs.

The Eternal Spirit is the Father of this Birth, which sendeth forth this holy

Seed.

Seed. This Spirit is also the Mother. For in the naked Bosom of the Eternal Spirit, at once the Seed of God is sown in the soul, and the Soul is sown, as a new Seed sent forth immediately from God, wrapt up in the Seed of God. The Spirit also itself is this Seed. For so the Lord Jesus saith, John 3. That

which is born of the Spirit is Spirit.

This New birth is said to be from above; because it is immediately from God; the Birth of God, as he is in the Simplicity of his Godhead uncloathed of every Vail, infinitely transcending all created powers, and perfections. This Birth is expressed by being born again, as a accord Birth. For man was first born unto a Divine Light, and Image in Paradile, where he also dyed to this Life, and Image, unto which he is now born a second time, That was a Shadow onely: This the Shadow, and the Sunstance both in Union.

This Birth is also called a Resurrection, and is truely so upon this account. That same Divine Person, in his own proper, and individual Existency, which died in Paradise, which ever since hath lien slain, and buried in the corrupt, sinful Person sprung up in its place, as in a Grave, now rifeth again. As it riseth, it casteth off this cursed, and Hellish person as a Body rising to Glory casteth off the form of a dead Carcass, of Rottenness, and dust, recovering,

its own proper place, and right.

But there is a threefold difference, between this Divine Nature in its first Life in Paradise, and its first Resurrection in its Regeneration, or New-birth.

I. In Paradise the Divine Nature sprung up, and appeared in a Earthy Image and in an Earthy Person, only as in a lovely shadow of itself. The Heavenly Person, the Heavenly Image, although it were the Root, the Truth, the Life, the Fulness of this Shadow, yet it may concealed beneath it, as a Vail, or as the Fruit lies hid in the Blossom. By Sin the Blossom falls to make way for this Fruit. In the new birth, out of the Ruins of the Earthy Person, and the Earthy Image, as the rending of the Vail, the Divine Nature springs up, and shines forth in its own Heavenly Person, and Image. Thus that which was sown by the Fall a Heavenly and Divine Shadow riseth again by the new birth a Heavenly, and Divine Substance, which is the Shadow in its Life, and Truth.

The Holy Scriptures declare this Glorious Mystery; 1 Epist. John 5.c. where we read, That there are three which bear record in Heaven, the Father, the Word, and the Spirit, A little after we read, That he, who believeth hath the record in himself. If a Believer hath the Record within himself, he hath also within himself those who bear the Record, For a Record, or Testimony hath all its authority, and force from the Persons of the Witnesses, as it is given by them, and cometh forth out of their mouths. Behold then here in the moment of believing, God himself in the three Persons in their Heavenly Image, which is the Heaven of Heavens, bringing forth the Divine Nature, as their own proper Birth, and Child in an Heavenly Person, and in

their own Heavenly Image, in which they themselves dwell together with

him, giving their Testimony to him, in which he believes.

2. That which was the Beauty, and the beautiful Inhabitant of Paradife, was the Divine Nature in the Earthly Image, and in an Earthly Person, which stood singly in a shadowy Joy, and Glory. The Heavenly Person, and the Heavenly Image, which were the Life itself were hidden, and Vailed beneath this Shadow; like the Glory of a Flower in its send beneath the Earth, when the Plant begins first to appear; or like the ripe fruit hid in the Blossom.

In the New birth that Divine Person, and Form, which died in the Shadow. rifeth again in the bleffed life, and most beautiful Truth of the Eternai Sub-Hance. As the Accorn, which was first an Oak, being sown in the Ground, and dying, springs up again into a fair, and flourishing tree. But there is this difference the Accorn is not the same Oak which at first it was, but only another of the same kind. But here the Shadow in its new birth rifeth again in that Individual Person, and proper Essence of Glory, out of which it first descended. As Jesus Christ saith, I came forth from God into the world; again, I leave the world, and go to the Father. So Saith this new-born Child of God.I was before the World, with my Elder Brother in the bosom of the Father, I was with the Father in the bosom of my Elder Brother, one Spirit, one Heavenly Image, one Brightness of Glory together with him. I came forth from this Glory into a Shadowy similitude of it, into an Earthly Paradife. From thence I fell by fin into that Death which is my Life in this present evil World. Again through the Death of Christ by the Resurrection of the new Birth I leave both this living Death in the World, & that Shadowy Life of Paradife. & return to my first Glory with Jesus Christ in the bosom of the Father.

Moreover that Earthly Image, and shadowy Paradise are not lost. These also rise again in their Regeneration. They arise again the same Individuals, but in a far different Form, and in a far differing manner of subsisting. The Earthly man of the first Paradise is born anew, subsisting in the Person of the Heavenly Man, as the Humanity of Christ subsisted in his Divine, and Eternal Person. The Earthy Man springs up in the bosom of the Heavenly Man. It is no more now, as at the first, a vail on the Sun-like Face and Spiritual Beauties of the Heavenly Pattern, and Original. But it is to it, as the freshest Beams, and the most Flowry Light of the Sunshine is to the Sun. It Flows immediately from the naaked Form, and sulness of the Heavenly Glory, it, is transparent to it, silled and covered with it. The Earthly Paradise now flourisheth in the midst of the Heavenly Paradise, which shineth all through it,

bringing it forth, as one Person, and one Spirit with itself.

This is the new Heaven, and the new Earth, the Heavenly Man, and the Heavenly Paradise newly, and nakedly discovered, so as it never before was in this Creation; The earthly man also, and the earthly Paradise, brought forth into a new state, and Glory by their Union, and fellowship with the

Heavenly

Heavenly Man, and the Heavenly Paradise, as a Bride adorned by the presence of her Bridegroom coming forth like the Sun. Thus Jesus Christ makes all things new in the new Creature; and brings forth the new Creature together with himself in himself, as St. Paul speaks 2 Corin. c. 5. v. If any man be in Christ he is a new Creature, or a new Creation. For behold, saith Christ, I make all things new.

This new birth, and Resurrection of the Heaven'y, and earthly Glories united in one Person in a Saint is excellently represented in that forementioned place of St. John. I Epist. c. 5. v. Having said, There are three that bear record in Heaven, the Father, the Word, and the Spirit; he adds, There are three that bear record on Earth; and saith he, these three agree in one. The first three were one Heavenly Spirit, and Image. The last three agree in one Earthly Image with themselves, and in one Heavenly Spirit with the Heavenly Image and the Heavenly three. A Believer, as is before noted, is said to have the Record, or Testimony of these Witnesses in himself. He hath then also the Witnesses in himself; for these Witnesses testifying of themselves to the Soul are in their own unvailed persons, and Divine presence, the Testimony, the Truth of the Testimony, the Authority, the Witnesses all in one.

The fecond Trinity of Witnesses is 1. the Water. 2. The Blood. 3. The

Spirit.

Water from its filth, like a piece of Gold fallen into the dirt. The first Creation is exprest by Water. It was a pure, and clear Sea of finest Christal. The Face of Gold thining forth upon this Sea of Chrystal at once filled it with the sweet Light of his Beams, and figured his Beauties upon it, which Light and Figure, were the Light of Paradise and the Life of the first man in it. Sin by a mixture of Earth with this pure Water polluteth it, troubleth it, changeth the Light into Darkness, and the Beautiful Figure of the Divine Glory into Consulton. The clear, and sweet calm is now changed into a black and foul Tempest. The new birth separating the dark, & defiling Earth from the clear, & pure Flood, gives a Resurrection to the Divine Light, the Divine Form, the Earthly man in its purities, and the first Paradise in its Beauties.

2. The Blood is the fecond Witness joyned together with the Water. This is the Earthly Image heightened with a more excellent washing than that of Water, which is this of the precious Blood of God himself. This Blood taketh away by the vertue of Christs Death the darkness of the vail, which interpose the between the naked Glories of the Heavenly Image, and the Earthly Image, keeping it in the state of a shadow only. Now this most precious Blood as a rich Flood of Divine Light, and Life breaks in freely, and fully upon the Earthly Image in its new birth, that it is no more the shadow to that Heavenly substance, but the face in the Glass answering to the living face of the supream, and Eternal Beauty. Thus the Earthly Man and

the Earthly Paradise returneth, and riseth again in the Regeneration not by Water only, but by Blood, not as the shadowy Similitude of a concealed Beauty, but the thining brightness of a present, and unclouded Giory. This is the second Witness on Earth. The Spirit is the last of the three Witnesses in the Earthly Image. This giveth his Testimony joyntly in both Images. the Heavenly and the Earthly. This Spirit is the same in both; the Mother, which bringeth both forth from its own Eternal Womb; the Life, which dwells in both; the Glory, which fits, and cloaths them both; the Love which Eternally sports in both, which fills both with purest, & perpetual Pleasures in themselves, & in each other. This Spirit is that band of perfection, which by its Heavenly, & entire Unity maks the heavenly & the earthly Image both one Spirit, one Life, one Glory, one Divine Person, one new man in Christ Tefus, in whose bosom they lie, mutually infolding each other in most beautiful. and most delightful Embraces. Thus now is the Earthly man, and the Earthly Paradife rifen again in the Regeneration, not fingle, but as a glorious Bride to the Heavenly Image, & the Heavenly Paradife, having her Bridegroom in her arms, and being clasped fast in his. This is the second difference between the Soul in its Earthly Paradise, and in the first Resurrection, when it is new born to a life of Grace in the place of that Life of pure nature.

3. You have seen two differences between the Life in the state of pure nature in Paradise, and the Resurrection of this Life unto a state of Grace in the Regeneration, or new birth. In these two differences this Life, as it is risen again excelleth itself, as it was in its pure, and primitive state for the kind, and nature of it, after a wonderful manner, by an accession of the most

Heavenly, and highest Glory together with Immortality.

But this third difference will shew us this Life in the Resurrection as it is a Life of Grace for its present state and degrees on Earth far inferiour unto it-

self as it was putely natural in the first Paradise.

1. The Life of Grace in the Regeneration, or Resurrection is impersect in degree, while it is on Earth, it is in its Intancy, in its Childhood, under age, under Guardians, under the Tutorship of Angels, as St. Paul speaks. It is a Life of Faith, not of clear, and compleat Fruition. It is a dying Life, a Life bearing the Image of Christ's Death, and not yet brought forth entirely into the Resurrection from the Dead. It is a Life subject to many weaknesses by reason of its Insant-state, and Childhood. It is a Life in Growth, and so not arrived to its persect Stature.

2. The Life of Grace in this first Resurrection is imperfect for its state. The Spiritual or Heavenly Man in a Believer is joyned in the same Person with the Old Man, which is cursed, and corrupt with the Child of the Curse, and Corruption. The Heavenly Image, and the Earthly Image new-born, Heaven itself, and the first Paradise risen again, are truly in a Saint on Earth, do compose the true Nature, Essence, and Person of a Saint. But there are

joyned

joyned together with these in the same outward Person the Earthly Image, as it is corrupt, and the Hellish Image, the Earthly or fleshly Image, as it is fallen, and the Hellish Image, in which inseparably do reside the universal Corruption, and Curse, all the powers of Darkness, Death and Hell. Thus are all the Purities, Sweetnesses, Glories of Paradise or Heaven in a Saint m'xed, and Vailed, that they can never appear intire or in their own proper Form, but imperfectly, darkly, and Enigmatically, as St Paul speaks, or, as those men, that were seen walking in the forms of Trees, by him, whose eyes Jesus Christ had touched the first time only. Thus the Spiritual Man in a Saint, though it have Heaven, and Paradise united in itself, vet in this first step of its resurrection, it hath within the same outward person a continual interchangeable War, and Fight with the Earth, and with Hell, the Flesh, and the Devil, Sometimes it is made a Captive cast into Chains of darkness laid low with all its Glories in a deep, and miery dungeon, where no spark of DivineLight appears; when it is a Conquerour it is in the field still where its sweetness, and Glory are vailed, and stained, as with the dust of the Earth, as with the smoke of the Fight and of Hell, as with the Blood of its Wounds. In the midst of these it is ever alarmed to new Fights. This is the state of a Saint in the first step of the Resurrection, which is the new Birth or the Life of Grace on Earth.

Objection. Some that are truly Saints, may now say to us, Alas how are we excluded from the new birth, if they, who are new born, have Heaven, and Paradise in an Heavenly Form brought forth within them, and they themselves, are after an Heavenly manner brought forth into these, as by a Resurrection from the dead? How far are we from discerning any thing so sweet, so great, so Glorious in our selves?

Ans. I shall give five answers to this Objection to comfort the lowest of the Saints, who least of all seem to themselves to be such.

1. The Lord Jesus lay in the Womb, was laid an Infant in the Manger, slept as a man, had all the Light of Heaven, Visible, or invisible withdrawn from him, being deserted by the God-head itself in respect to any sensible presence, assistance, or enjoyment of it, died on the Cross, was shut up a dead Corps in the Grave. Yet in the Womb, in the Manger, in his sleep, in his Desertion, on the Cross, in the Grave, had he Heaven, and Paradise with their divinest sweetnesses, and fulnesses in himself, he himself was after the sweetest, fullest, and Divinest manner in Paradise, and Heaven. For he himself in his own Person is the Light, the Life, and Truth of both. All this was unchangeably true of him even in his Flesh, and in his natural man, when to

him in his Flesh, and in his natural man nothing of this appeared, or seemed to be at all. Thus may it be with thee, O doubting, and mourning Christian, who weepest for that life of the Spirit, which hath Heaven, and Paradise in it by having Jesus Christ risen from the dead in it. Thou resusses to be comforted, because these are not, or rather appear not in thee. But consider this, and be comforted. Cast thy eye upon thy Pattern the Lord Jesus, and then say; Christ with Heaven and Paradise may be in me. I may be in Heaven, and in Paradise by being in Christ, though this appear not to me. Christ may be in me, I may be in Christ in the Womb, or in the Manger, in a deep sleep, or a desertion upon the Cross, or in the Grave. But in Truth by all these, Heaven and Paradise with all their Divine store, and furniture, rise up in me so much the more Gloriously, by how much the more Christ is formed in me, and I am conformed to Christ.

2. Anf. Jesus Christ in the Gospel compareth the Kingdom of Heaven, or of God, to a feed of wheat fown in the field, which cometh up first in the Blade, then in the Stalk, then in the Ear, and lastly in the Ripe Corn in the Ear. Why dost thou ligh, O Believer, and fay, that thou hast nothing of Christ, of Heaven, of Paradife risen from the dead, and new-born in thee, because they shine not forth in thee, and they take not thee in to fee them, to be feen by them, to converse with them in their Spiritual, proper, eternal Forms, and Glories? It may be true, that they may not yet be sprung up in thee like the ripe corn in the ear in the Ripeness, and maturity of their own Spirituality, and of the Heavenly Image. Yet may they flourish in the Ear, that is, in a high and sweet Figure of Spirituality according to the purest letter of the Gospel, which may have the Spirit itself for a hidden life in it, and ready to reveal itfelf, as the perfect Fruit. But suppose thou hast not attained to this, yet sing for Joy; the Spring and the Summer Season are come; Harvest is not far off; if the Kingdom of God, which is Christ, Heaven, Paradise all in one, and all in a Heavenly Glory be come up in thee into a Green and Living stalk. Perhaps thou art yet subject to the Ministry of the Law. Rejoyce in this, if it Spring from the Seed of Promise, if it flourish by the Virtue, and Life of this Seed forming itself into this stalk, although it lie vailed there. This living Stalk, this living Ministry of the Law, hath not only an outward Glory, and Lustreupon it, but the inward Glory of the Spiritual Kingdom within it, which sends forth this outward Life, and Lustre, which will itself also in its proper season sprout forth from it.

Dost thou fall short of this also, dost thou see nothing in thy self of Letter or Spirit, of Law or Gespel, in any clearness of Life, or Power, by which thou canst make any comfortable Judgment of thy self; Are not these mournings of thine, that sence, those impressions, those desires, affections, endea-

vours, the causes and companions of these mournings, which come up so thicke in the ground of thy Spirit by day, and by night; are not these that Kingdom of God, that Jesus with Heaven, and Paradise in the midst of thee, before thine eyes, as in the Blade, or the Herb, which can hardly be discerned, or distinguished from common grass, by common eyes? In the mean time thou like Mary complainest, that Christ is taken away from thee, when he standeth before thee risen from the dead, and talketh with thee though vailed under the form of a Gardener.

But let it be that no green thing appears in the field of thy Soul; it is naked, cold, and hard, like the Earth in Winter. Yet mourn not as one without hope. This naked ground may be a flourishing field of Corn in the Summer time. This naked and hard heart of thine may in its proper Season soften, and flourish into an Heavenly Paradise by the springing up of Christ in it. For even now in this disconsolate & desolate state, may God the Father, and the Holy Angels from on high have their eye with Love, and delight upon it from one end of the year to the other, as seeing Heaven and Paradise with all their own Joys and Excellencies treasured up there in their seed, which is Christ, sown in thee.

3. Ans. The Heavenly Image in thee, who art born again, while thou livelt on Earth, is subject to various Clouds, and Storms. It is always in a conjunction with the fleshly Image and the Spirit of the Devil. These never suffer it to shine forth clearly, and purely. These often so cloud it, and captivate it, that it can fend forth no one sweet beam or spark to enlighten thee to any fensible discovery of it, or warm thee with any sensible comfort in it. The Law of God, which is the Law of the Spirit of Life, in which Spirit the Heaven, and Paradise of a Saint are seated, is within in the inward man, in the mind. But the Law of Sin, which is the Spirit of this World, where Death, Hell and the Devil, have their place, and their Throne, is still manifest and Powerful in thy Members, in thy outward man. What wonder then, if thine inward Man, like the Face of Heaven, and of an Heavenly Paradise with the Lord Jesus in his Spiritual Glory shining in them, as the Sun in its purity and strength, be discerned by thee very weakly, and uncertainly, when they are to be seen thorough so thick, so polluted, so troubled an Air of the natural Spirit in thy Members? Nay what wonder is it, if from the Morning of thy Life to the Evening of it, such blackness of darkness cover the whole Face, of these beautiful, and Heavenly things in thee, that they appear not at all to thee, although they constantly shine in the same Glory, and move in the same order in themselves, to themselves within thee; when as fuch Powers of Darkness have their seat in thine outward Man, thorough which they are to appear.

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- 4. Ans. Thou perhaps, O afflicted Soul, with the eye of Sense, and of Reason, by the Light of thine own Spirit, lookest to see the Kingdom of God with its Joys, and Glories, and Glorious Inhabitants in thee. But these are Spiritual things, and to be discerned Spiritually. They are Spiritual Senses. which alone can take in the Divine sweetnesses, and Beauties of this Spiritual Paradife, and Heaven. It is the Light of the Spirit alone, in which they Thine forth and appear. It is the Breath of the Spirit alone, which makes their Spices to flow forth, and give their smells. Thou O dejected Soul! mayest have thy Spiritual senses yet weak : Like a new-born Child thou mayest behold, and gaze upon the Light of the Heavenly Sun, and yet not understand, what that is, which thou seeft, or that thou seeft any thing at all. Again, the Spirit is free, he breaths, and gives his Light, where he pleaseth, when he pleafeth, and in what degree he pleafeth. The Garden of God may be in thee, thou mayest be in the midst of this Garden, and yet not aware of it, because it is either a dark Season, where nothing appears, or a twilight of the Spirit only, where the Flowers, and Plants of this Garden appear, like little Clouds, or dark spots undistinguished.
- 5 Ans. There are three ways, by which the new Birth or the Resurrection from the dead evidenceth itself to the Soul. 1. The Seal of the Spirit. 2. The Witness of the Spirit. 3. A Spiritual Instinct.
- .T. The Seal of the Spirit is the clearest, and compleatest evidence. Of this you read Epb. 1. v 13. You are fealed with that Holy Spirit of Promise. The Spirit himself, in his own person was the Promise, and is the Scal. St. John 14. v. 20. Jesus Christ in that Chapter promiseth the Spirit, which he would fend down, when he was ascended, to be in them. He calleth this Spirit the Spirit of Truth, and the Comforter. Together with the promise of the Spirit he promifeth them, that he would come again to them, and that they should see him, and have Joy, and that none should take this Joy from them; because they should never more lose the fight of him. He promifeth likewise that at that day of the Spirit his Father, and himself would come together, and fup with them, and lodge with them. The rich, and glorious ground of all this sweet mystery of the Divine Love, and Fellowship between the Father, and Christ, and the Spirit, and the Saints in the Spirit, at the coming of the Spirit is this: I. The bleffed Person of the Holy Spirit in the Trinity is the beautiful band of that sweet, and sacred Union, in which the two other Persons the Father, and the Son most nakedly, most entirely at the utmost heighth of their Beauties, and Loves, possess and enjoy each other. The same Person of the Spirit in the mystical, and Marriage Union between Christ, and the Soul, is that sweet, and sacred Unity, by the Virtue

of which the Father, Christ, and a Saint in the Purity, and Perfection of all Heavenly sweetnesses, and excellencies behold, love, and take Pleafure in each other, as one Spirit. By this you may see how the Spirit is

the Promise, and the Seal and what this Seal of the Spirit means.

The Lord Jesus fully expresseth it in the verse mentioned: At that day ye shall know that I am in my Father, and you in me, and I in you This day is the day of the Spirit, the day of the Spirits coming into the Soul, and appearing there. In the Revelation of this third Perfin the Holy Spirit, when he shines forth in the Spirit of a Saint; the Father, Christ, and a Saint are all seen together in one Glory, the Glory of the Father; in the Fellowship, and Unity of this Spirit, which is the Spiritof Glory. This Union, and this Vision takes the Saint up into itself, fixeth itself in a Saint, displayeth itself there by the immediate Brightness, and Glory of that Heavenly Person, the Spirit himself which is the Spirit of Truth. This is the Seal of the Spirit; this is the Banner of Love. Thus he fets himfelf as a Seal upon the Heart of his spouse, thus he spreads himself, as a Banner of Love over her head in his Banqueting house. How clearly in this Day, in this Vision, and Unity of the Spirit doth the Beloved Spouse of Christ see Heaven and Paradise, ten thousand Heavens and Paradises, new-born, and risen within herself; herself new-born and risen into the midst of them, and enjoying themall?

Dost thou mourn, O dejected Soul, that thou hast not received this Seal of the Spirit? Alas! how sew have? How hath this Seal been withdrawn, since the Nations of the World received the mark of Anti-Christ? Mourn thou together with all the Saints, for the absence of the Heavenly Bridegroom in this Vision of his Glory, and Seal of his Love. But mourn not as without Hope. Press forward to this Day of the Spirit, and to the Brightness of the rising of the Lord Jess together with the Father upon thy Soul in the Person of the Spirit, which is the Union of all Loves, Joys, and Glories, as all Lights are United in the Sun. This Day hath already dawned, some few have seen the dawnings of it, and rejoyced to see it, when it hath shone forth upon the tops of their Spirits, as the Sun in the pleasant morning of a Summers-day gilds the Tops of the Mountains.

2. The Second Evidence is the Witness of the Spirit. Of this Paul speaketh Rom. 8. v. 16. The Spirit itself beareth Witness in our Spirit, that we are the Children of God. This Witness of the Spirit may be more interrupted, and be accompanied in the Soul with less Glory, and a less triumphant Joy; yet is it clear, and sweet, and sure; although the

clear -

clearness, and the sweetness have their different degrees. The Witness of the Spirit is as the Voice of God in the Soul received, and ecchoed to by the Soul. The Seal of the Spirit is the Glorious Face of God unvailed in the Soul, and by the kiss of its mouth Uniting it to the Soul, so that it stamps its own Heavenly Image upon the Soul, and Ravishing the Soul into one Life, and Form of Glory with itself becomes its own Reslection there, equally embracing, and embraced, enjoying, and en-

joyed in the Unity of the Spirit.

Thou, who seest not the Seal of the Spirit upon thy heart, open thy Spiritual Ear, hearken unto the voice of the Spirit, hearken to the voice of thine own Spirit. These two by a sweet Consent, and Harmony may testifie together the Love of God in thee. Their voice may be low, and not to be heard in the Tumult, and noise of thy Fears, and Doubts. In the calmness, quietness, and rest of a meek, and resigned Spirit, hearken diligently, and thou mayest hear this low voice. Though this voice be low, yet is it clear and sweet. The Love, and Peace, and Joy of the Spirit, the Spirit of Love, Peace, and Joy himself are in this low voice.

3. The third Evidence is the Instinct of the Spirit, which seems to be mentioned by St. Paul, as a less degree of Evidence going before that of the Witness of the Spirit. Rom. 8. 15. Ye have received the Spirit of Adoption whereby ye Cry Abba Father. The little Lamb newly yeaned, and come forth from the Dam in a great flock amongst many Lambs, and Ews knoweth its own Dam, discerneth its call from all others, runneth to it, keepeth by its side, when it is in any fear, seeketh and sucketh its Milk, and the nourishment of its Life from it. This is the Instinct of Nature, which faileth not the Births of Nature. Thus every Child of God hath much more a Spiritual, and Divine Instinct, which is inseparable from the Divine Nature in it. The Spirit of God in it, when the Light of the Divine Nature is most obscured, is a Spirit of Son-ship, or Childhood in the Soul by fecret Impressions leading it, inclining, and carrying it to God, as its Father, giving it a secret sense, and discerning of the Voice of God, and of its Relation to God, as by the instinct of the Divine Nature. Consider this, ye doubting, fearful, and distressed Saints; consider this, and be comforted. Thou hast no clear fight of the Face of God. Thou hast no clear Testimony of the Love of God in thy Spirit. Thou halt no distinct understanding of thy Union with God, or of the Nature of God, or of the things of God. Thou hast no Evidences, by which thou canst satisfy thy own Reason, thorow any discourse of Reason. But thou art inwardly carryed in thy defires, and inclinations to God, to please him, to be with him. Thy Soul secretly hangs upon God, and

cleaveth to him. Thou inwardly longest, and thirstest to suck in from his Breasts the milk of Spiritual Life, Comfort, and Light. In the day of thy fears, and distress thine Eye looketh to God, thine Heart cryeth, and hasteth to him. The call, the voice of God in his Providences, his Word, and the inward motions of his Spirit touch thine Heart, and turn thy Bowels within thee. How often in the greatest doubts, and distresses of thy Spirit dost thou sigh forth to God the name of Father? Behold this is the instinct of the Divine Nature in thee. This is the Spirit of Adoption, by which thou art acted, and by which thou cryeft Abba Father. Although thou understandest it no more, than the Lamb understandeth how, or why it is carryed to its Dam, and drawn by its bleatings? Go thy way then, and be no more troubled, give thy felf up to the instinct, and leadings of this holy Spirit within thee. Thou shalt certainly see the time, when the obscure smoak of the Spiritual In-Stinct in thee will break up into a clear Light, and flame of a Joy unfpeakable, and Glorious, both in the Testimony of the Spirit heard within thee, and the Seal of the Spirit seen upon thee, either in this Life, or in Eternity.

We read in the 2 of Chron. That Solomons Throne had a Foot-stool of Gold, and six steps up to the Throne. On each side of these steps were two Lyons, that supported every step. Thou, who hast the Throne of the Divine Nature in the midst of the Spiritual Paradise, and Heaven set up within thee in its obscurest, and lowest state, rest in peace, and joy the Foot-stool itself, and upon the lowest step of this Throne. For the Foot-stool itself, the lowest state is of Gold, of an incorruptible, and Divine Nature, which will certainly in its proper time lift thee up to the sull height, and Glory of the Throne itself. The lowest step here, even at the highest, hath for its support, and guard, two Lyons. The Lord Jesus, the true Lyon of the Tribe of Judah in all the Varieties, and Riches of his Spiritual Glories, multiplies his Presence, and Appearance round about thee, to sustain, defend, and cherish thee in these first beginnings of Grace in thee, in the midst of thy darkness, and weakness after the same manner, in the same Heavenly Person of his, in the same ful-

ness of Love Power, and Glory, as he is with the highest Saints.

When we began to speak of this first step of the Resurrection, or new Birth, we propounded four Heads to treat upon. 1. The Life, which is risen. 2. The Death, out of which it riseth. 3. The Resurrection itself. 4. The way of this Resurrection. We have sinished our discourse upon three of these. We are now to speak briefly of the last.

^{4.} The way of the Resurrection in the new birth is Jesus Christ. He

faith of himself in the Gospel of St. John, I am the Way. Jesus Christ is the way of this Resurrection in six Steps. 1. He is the Price.
2. The Head. 3. The Root. 4. The Pattern. 5. The Companion. 6. The Life of this Resurrection.

- 1. The Blood of Christ is the Price of this Resurrection. Jesus Christ by his Blood hath doubly redeemed us from Death. 1. By Purchase giving his Life a Ransom for us to the Divine Justice. 2. By Conquest having by the essuance of his Blood, and loss of his Life gained a perfect Victory over all the Powers of Darkness.
- 2. The Lord Jesus above in Heaven is the Head of the Resurrection from the Dead. In the latter part of the first of Eph. we have Jesus Christ gloriously presented unto us in his Resurrection, from the nethermost part of the Earth, and in his Ascent above all Heavens. Then the Apostle concludes that discourse and Chapter with this Blessed Consolation, that God had given him in this Glory of the Refurrection from the Dead to be the Head over all things to his Church. Thou who mountest over thy fins, as the worst of Deaths, who doubtest, who despairest of Life, raise thy self to a lively Hope. Look up, and see thy self already risen in his Resurrection, already set down in Heavenly Places together with Christ, as a Glorious Spirit in that first Spirit, the Head, and Fountain of them all, from which they are as Inseparable as the Beams in their upper ends are from the Sun. Thus St. Paul speaks in the former part of the 2d Chap, of the Eph, upon that Divine Ground, which he had laid in the end of the first Chapter, That Christ in his Resurrestion from the Dead, is the Head over all to his Church.
- 3. The Lord Jesus, as he is risen from the Dead by his Spiritual Presence in our Hearts, is the root of the Resurrection, or new Birth in us. 1 Corin. 15. Jesus Christ, as he is the second Adam, is said to be a quickning Spirit; and the living corner Stone precious, and tryed in his Death, and precious in his Resurrection, out of which we grow up to be a Temple to God, that is, both a Spiritual Heaven, and a Spiritual Paradise. Eph. 3. He is said to dwell in our Hearts by Faith. The Lord Jesus is that Spirit, which is the Root of all Spirits, natural, or supernatural; the Root of all Life, Natural, and Spiritual; Earthly or Heavenly; Humane, Angelical, or Divine. Dost thou feel the weight of Death heavy upon thee? hast thou no sense of any spark of true Life in thee to sweeten either Death, or Life to thee? Look up to thy Root at the bottom of thy Spirit, thy Jesus. Abide in this Root, wait for this Root. Here are all

2010 . 11

the Treasures of Spiritual Life laid up. At the set time, in the proper season this Root shall spring, and bud, and blossom, and bring forth it's heavenly Fruits replenished with the Light, and sweetness of the Divine Life and spreading themselves thorow thy whole Soul. Thus shall that Life of God, which thou hast lost, which in thy death retired itself hither into its Root, rise again in thee, and thou be new-born into this Life. Thus shall Jesus Christ, as an Heavenly Root in thy Heart, bring forth himself unto the Life of Faith, which is his own Heavenly Image in thee within the Vail, the Cloud of Flesh. Thus doth he make thine heart from this Root of Eternity to be an Heavenly Habitation, and dwelling place for himself raised up new, and Eternal out of the Ruines of Death.

4. Our bleffed Saviour is the Pattern of the Refurrection to us. In the 8th of the Rom. we are said to be predestinated to be conformed to his Image. Eph. 1. God is spoken of as working Faith, and so bringing forth the Spiritual Life in us according to that exceeding greatness of his Power, by which he raised Christ from the Dead. We read in the Gospel. that a mighty Angel came down from Heaven, and rolled away the Stone from the mouth of the Grave, while the Watchmen about the Grave were cast into a deep sleep, to make way for the rising of Christ. How frequently doth the Soul, which feels the horrour of the Spiritual Death, think its Resurrection to a Divine Life, to the Heavenly Graces, and sweet Peaces of that Life, impossible? Alass! the Flesh is as a Grave, in which it is shut up. Its Lusts, and Temptations are, as a mighty Stone rolled upon the mouth of this Grave. Tempters visible and invisible are, as Watchmen round about the Grave, to keep thee there. But be not difcouraged at any of these things, O thou disconsolate Soul! Look to thy Pattern, the Lord Jesus; as it was with him; so shall it be with thee. A fupernatural Power, a mighty Angel from Heaven shall bind up thy Tempters, thy Spiritual Enemies in chains of Darkness, as in a deep sleep; shall remove the great Stone, the most powerful Lusts, and Temptations from the mouth of thy Grave. God himself in his Power, in the greatness of his Power, as it excelleth, and transcendeth all Powers, all things, all thoughts of men, or Angels; God himself in his Almightiness, in the infiniteness of his Power, and God-head, God himself in the immediate naked, most potent, most high, most Glorious Appearances, and Operations of his God-head shall come down upon thee, shall arise, and shine in thee, and as he rifeth, raise thee together with himself into the Light of Life. Whil'st thou lyest in Sin, thy true Person, or Life lie together dead in thee, as to thee, But beneath thy Soul, at the bottom of it they lie hid in God, who is the ground of every natural being, and the Trea-Uuu furv fury of all Spiritual Beings. At the season of the new birth God disco-covers himself in thy Soul, as a glorious ground, out of which thy Life, and thy Jesus spring up together by degrees, like Twin-lillies, Roses from the same stalk or root, which is Christ. Thus shalt thou rise from the Dead with a shout of Heavenly Joys.

5. Christ is the Companion in the Resurrection. St. Paul tells the Galatians, he travels in birth again with them, till Christ be formed in them, We read I Corin. 6. He, that is joyned to the Lord is one Spirit. A faint and Christ are one Spirit by a Spiritual Marriage, which makes two Spirits perfectly one, yet so, that they remain perfectly, and distinctly two in one. When thou risest from the dead in Regeneration, thy Jesus riseth together with thee out of that Grave in thy Heart, into which thou hast cast him by thy Sin at the Fall, when thou in thy true Life, and Paradise in thee fell into the same Grave together with him. Jesus Christ, and the Soul spring up together in the first Creation as Twins. For St. Fobn faith in his first Chapter of his Gospel, that without him, that is, in a fingle state disjoyned from Christ, was nothing made, that was made; Christ and the Soul, like two Twin-lillies, flourished together in Paradise. Together they died by the Fall. Many times fince thy birth into this world have Jesus Christ, and with him that Beautiful, and Blessed Life, which thou enjoyed'st in Paradife, been rising again into thy Heart into a more excelling Paradife, that in the Spirit, and in Heaven, which is Eternal. But alas! thou hast still thrown them back again into the same Grave in thy flesh by the new wounds, which thy renewed Lusts, and Unbelief have given them. Notwithstanding all this, when the set time is come, nothing can withstand the rising in thee. Jesus Christ, and thy Soul are together born anew in thee from the womb of Eternal Love, where they lay hid, and wrapt up together in the Grave itself. They now come up together in one Spirit into one Spiritual Life, and Heavenly Image, in which Paradife also comes up new and fresh together with them. By the same immediate, and glorious operation of the God-head they break irrefiltibly forth thorow the darkneffes of the night, and scatters them, and breaks them up, as it thines thorow them. How bleffed is this Union and Fellowthip! Christ and the Soul ever undivided, grow up now together in the mutual fight, in the mutual embraces of each other thorow every state and degree of the Regeneration, or Resurrection, Light, or Darkness; Solaces or Sufferings; Life, or Death. In all by the Heavenly Union they are mutually a Crown of rejoycing one to another. 6. Christ.

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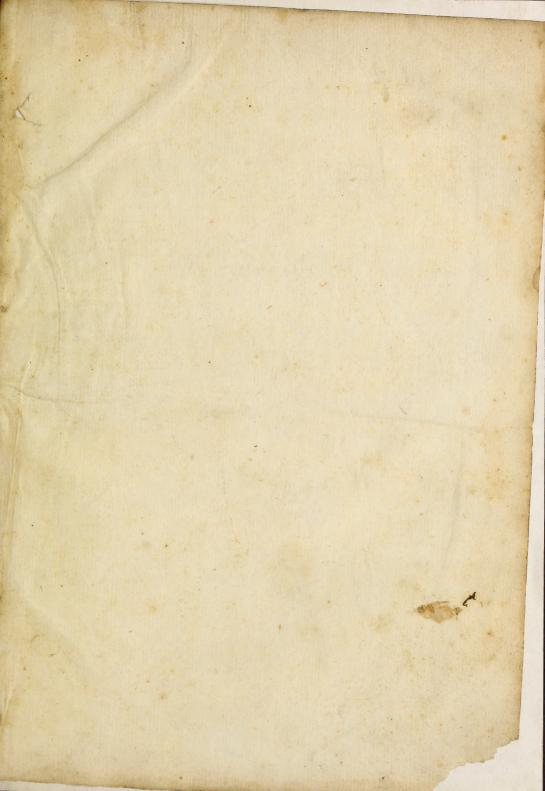
6. Christ is the Life of this Resurrection. So himself testisieth in the r1 of St. John; I am the Resurrection, and the Life. How sure, how sweet is thy Life, O Believer, who art risen from the Death of Sin, and born again to thine Heavenly Father? Thy Life is sure. It is Christ himself, the Power, God, eternal Life itself, who is thy Life, the Life of thy Graces here, the Living Hope of Glory in Heaven, the Life of God in thee which never dies in the midst of Death. Thy Life is sweet, O Believer! How unexpressible is this pleasure to feel Jesus Christ himself, the only delight of the Father in Eternity, the only Delight of all the Holy Angels, and Glorified Saints in Heaven springing up in thy Heart, slowing thorow thy whole Soul, and Person, working in all, acting all, as Life in thee?

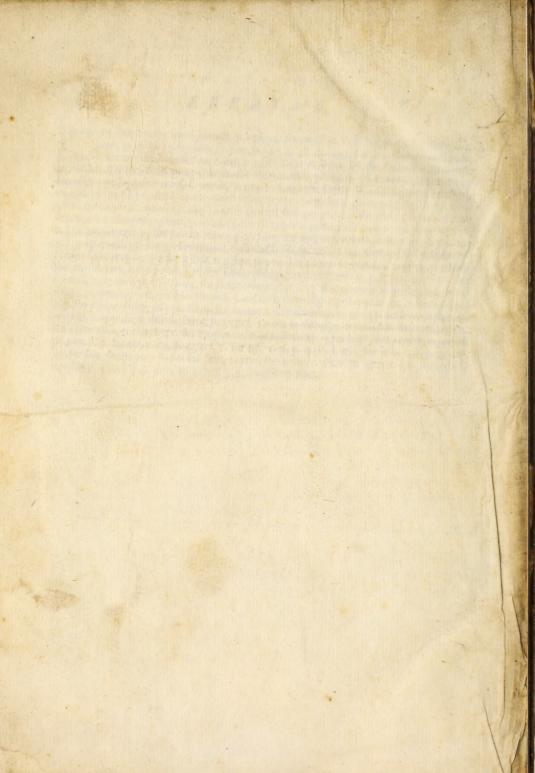
Thus I have finished this fourth Head, the way of the Resurrection in its first step, the Regeneration, or New-birth, and the discourse itself upon this subject.

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ERRATA'S.

Page 15. line 22. for word, r. world, p. 19.1.25. for and thou, r. O thou, p. 55.1. 1. for spirit, r. letter, p. 66. 1.15. for three, r. four, p. 115. 1. 38. dele by, p. 126.1.2. dele the first have. p. 139.1.2. for ni, r. in, 1.14. for an, r. any, p. 151.1.1. for no, r. not, 1.7. for divinefs, r. divinenefs, p. 1 58.122. for thee, r. the, p. 175. 1. ult. for their, r. there, p. 189. 1. 16. for because, r. and adly because, p. 194.1-14. for word, r. words, p. 205.1. 1. dele the first 1, p. 206.1.32. for beautiful, r. beauty, p. 208.1.39. dele? at the word below, p. 210. 1.17. for of spirit, r. of the spirit, p. 211. 1.20.for creature, r. creatures, p. 228.1.35. for forms, r. form, p. 236.1.24. for each in, r. each creature in, p.249 1.20 for form, r. forms, p.252.1.23 for though be it, r. though it be, p.279.1.9 for Ufe 3d; r. U/e 4th, p. 294.1.25. for pants, r. plants, p. 297.1.5. for the glory, r. with glory, p. 299.1. 27. for 4, r. 1. p. 300.l. 32. for fo God is light, r. fo God is life, p. 301. l. 31. for the Divine Sea, r. the Divine Saint, p.311. 1. 3. for 3 fteps, r. 4 fteps, p. 314. 1. 11. for is vizor, r. is a vizor, p. 315. 1.28. for thinenature, r. thy nature, 1.39. for fields, r. field, p.319.1.39, for is it, r. it is, p.321.1.16. for thy will, r. thy God, p. 325. l. 22. for four, r. two, p. 329. l. 17. for nature of this thing, r. nature of things, p. 332.1.33. for, which the will, r. which is the will, p. 335.1.35. for are, r. have, p. 341-1. 4. for flesh, r. fleshly, p. 342.1.19. for beware, r. 2dly beware, p. 349, 1. 41. for it conquest, r. its conquest, p. 350.1.39. dele the Light, p. 352.1. 14. for to the end, r. to the end are removed, p. 380, 1.25. for thus, r. thou, l. 41. for o passionate, r. of passionate, p. 392. l. 36. for poureth, r. poured, p. 423. l. 9. for are, r. ere, p. 433. l. 7. for tof, r. of, p. 448. l. 27. for it it, r. it, p. 450. l. 17. for fo, r. fee, p. 451. 1. 21. for same, r. next, for I Cor. r. 2 Cor. p. 472. 1. 32. for refleth, E. refled, p. 480 1. 7. r. form. p. 512.1. 3. r. Look to thy Root.





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